SENTINEL & REPUBLICAN

MIFFLINTOWN.

Wednesday, June 7, 1876.

B. F. SCHWEIER,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Meeting of County Committee.

The members of the Standing Committee of the Republican party of Juniata county are requested to meet in Mifflintown, on

SATURDAY, JUNE 10th, 1876,

at 1 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of fixing the time of holding the Primary Election and meeting of Return Judges.

The following-named gentlemen compose the County Committee:

Fayette—Ruben Caveny, McAlisterville, James McAuley, Oakland Mills.
Monroe—A. G. Shellenberger, Richfield; O. P. Kotherman, Evendale.
Fermanaugh—Samuel Thomas, Mifflintown; John Stoner, Mifflintown.
Susquehanna—Harrison Minium, Pfoutz's Valley p. o., Perry county; S. G. Dressler, Oriental.
Greenwood—Andrew Zeiders; Henry Zeiders, Millerstown, Perry county.
Delaware—M. A. Toomey; John M. Stutts, Thompsontown.
Walker—D. P. Minichen, Port Royal; W. H. Moore, Van Wert.
Thompsontown—T. Zimmerman; John Underwood, Thompsontown.
Port Royal—J. R. Wharton; J. P. Sterrett, Port Royal.
Turbett—D. E. Robison; B. Byers, Port Royal.
Spruce Hill—T. P. Patton; Henry Swartz, Spruce Hill.
Black Log—J. E. McIlvire; Adolph Apple, Reed's Gap.
Beale—J. M. Brazee, Academia; Henry Shellenberger, Walnut.
Milford—Geo. Groninger, Port Royal; David Cunningham, Patterson.
Mifflintown—S. S. Wilson; C. B. Horning, Mifflintown.
Patterson—W. Given; Geo. Wilson, Patterson.
Tuscarora—Thomas Marrow, Waterford; James John, M'Coysville.
Lack—W. Stump, Peru Mills; W. Young, Waterloo.

J. P. STERRETT, *Chairman.*

Call of Republican State Central Committee.

HARRISBURG, June 3, 1876.

The members of the Republican State Central Committee are requested to meet at the Lochiel Hotel, Harrisburg, on Wednesday, June 21st, 1876, at 2 o'clock P. M. Important business will be transacted at this meeting, and a full attendance is desired.

HENRY M. HOYT, *Chairman.*
A. WILSON NORRIS, *Secretary.*

Mr. Blaine Stands up for Personal Rights.

In the long past there was a tribe of Greeks that were so communistic and free love in their tendency that they abolished all private laws, and held everything in common, from the women to the things on the table. To have anything privately was an offense against the State. Even the babies, when born, were subject to a public inspection, and if any had the misfortune to have a delicate or weakly appearance, it was strangled, put out of the way, as not a fit being to live.

While the Confederate branch of the Congress of the United States has not declared in favor of the abolition of private rights and in favor of free love and the execution of delicate children, it has kept organized committees on pay all winter, with no higher object in view, as their action proves, than the examination of the private business affairs of prominent individual members of the Republican party. Nothing has been sacred from the touch of these ex-rebels and rebel sympathizers and communists. They recognize no private rights of men whom they choose to investigate. One of the men against whom they have displayed more bitterness than any other is Mr. Blaine. His public affairs have not only been ransacked through and through, but they have within the past week made a demand for private papers and letters that have no bearing whatever on public affairs. No public inquiry had been made of Mr. Blaine that was neglected or set aside. Everything was thrown open to to the Committee for its fullest investigation. Finding nothing of any importance, the vandals demand private papers and correspondence running far back into his past life. Mr. Blaine said: "Gentlemen, I have no private papers and I have no correspondence that I am ashamed to have the world look on; but in this demand you violate a fundamental principle of individual privacy guaranteed to every man in the Republic. I cannot recognize your violation of that principle, but I will take the papers to Congress and read them from my place in that body, and the whole world may learn their contents."

As we close our columns, despatches say that Mr. Blaine has vindicated himself before Congress, completely. He has long since been one of the champions of the principle of the equality of all men before the law, and his last position has crowned him as the champion of sacred individual rights.

THE Columbus (Ohio) correspondent of the New York *Herald* declares:—"There is every indication of an open belt in the Democratic party of the West in case a hard money candidate is nominated at St Louis, the greenback men calling a new convention and setting up a third ticket, just as was done at Buffalo in 1848, by the free soil Democrats, who, being disappointed in the action of the National Convention at Baltimore, nominated ex-President Martin Van Buren for President and Charles Francis Adams for Vice President. This ticket carried half the Democracy of New York, and led to the overwhelming success of the Whig nominees."

"Now the Hancock wing of the Democracy are beginning to attempt to prove that their favorite had nothing to do with the hanging of Mrs. Surratt. Before they get through they will be compelled, in order to make him thoroughly acceptable to the Democracy at large, to show that he had nothing to do with the suppression of the rebellion in any way whatever."

Mr. J. Don Cameron was sworn in as Secretary of War on the 1st inst., and at once entered upon the duties of his office.

News Items.

Blaine or Hartranft for President.

On the 30th ult. a fire broke out in Quebec, Canada, that destroyed nearly seven hundred houses, thereby rendering about ten thousand people homeless.

There is a great outpouring from Berks county to the Centennial. The average attendance from there has been three hundred people. The county of Berks contains thousands of inhabitants whose forefathers lived within the limits of that county long before the Revolutionary war.

The Emperor of Austria speaks thirteen different languages, but the English language is not one of the number.

Some nights ago a Pittsburg lawyer pulled out a valuable gold watch to oblige a man who wanted to know the time of night. Before the lawyer could exactly understand what ailed him, he found himself on the broad of his back, while the thief and his watch were rapidly disappearing in the distance.

A milkman at St. Luke's, Chelsea, England, was recently sentenced to three months in the House of Correction for selling a quart of milk in which was found 26 per cent. of water.

Surgeon Decroix, of Paris, France, thinks horse flesh is the wholesomest meat for human beings.

When Lapland mothers go to church they take their babies with them as far as the outside of the building, where they are snugly wrapped in skins and covered with snow, while the family dog stands on watch until church is out. Instead of suffering from such treatment, the infantile Laps thrive under it.

An assessor from one of the middle townships of Montgomery county, returns two female taxables in his district, and gives their occupation as blacksmith.

A meteoric stone, about a foot in circumference, fell in the town of Northumberland on Friday night a week. When found it was quite hot.

In Spain the harvest has commenced. Rains have destroyed the locusts, and cereals have not promised such crops for a hundred years past.

A whale thirty feet long was left on the flats at Madison, Conn., the other day, by the tide, and was soon made into sixty barrels of oil.

A Dubuque man is going to bring an action against a young lady of that city "for maliciously kissing him in the presence of his wife." So the story goes.

Gov. Hartranft has selected Chester N. Farr, Jr., of Reading, as his private secretary to succeed Major Norris, recently appointed State Reporter.

George Bobb, aged 68 years, a member of the Methodist church and in very good circumstances, committed suicide on the 31st of May, in a coal-shed attached to his residence in Harrisburg. He was found hanging to a beam. Before committing the deed he barred the door to prevent any interruption. He had been suffering from nervous dyspepsia, and this is supposed to have caused derangement.

The Prince of Wales brought some 500 different kinds of animals and birds with him from India.

Produce is cheap in Philadelphia instead of high.

At the recent meeting of the Presbyterian General Assembly in Brooklyn, the union of the Church North and South was effected. The Assembly will meet next May in Chicago.

The King of Turkey has given up the rulership of his country to a nephew.

She lived in Lebanon, and had taken laudanum. When the stomach-pump had done its work she gasped: "I do this for love." "Love for your husband?" said the doctor. "No, for Billy Clark," was the confusing reply.

Seven stores in Chester were recently closed by the sheriff in one day.

A large and enthusiastic meeting was held in the Academy of Music at Reading, on the evening of the 1st inst., and strong resolutions were adopted sustaining the Centennial Commission in closing the gates of the Exposition on Sunday.

John Hilbert, of Shenandoah, Pa., was arrested at Pottsville, on the 1st inst., charged with having in April, 1875, started a freight car from a siding on a steep grade at about the time a passenger train was due, thereby endangering the lives of a number of people. His bail was fixed at $10,000.

It is getting to be believed throughout the country that if women are elected as school trustees there will be fewer scandals affecting schools.

The special lightning train on the Pennsylvania Railroad on the 1st inst. ran from New York to Pittsburg—444 miles—in ten hours, without stopping, a feat unparalleled in railroad history.

"Snowshoe Thompson," the man who, for the past twenty years, has carried the mails over the Sierras every winter at times when the roads were blockaded with snow, died on the evening of the 15th ult.

An intelligent foreigner, passing through the streets of Philadelphia the other day, took out his note-book at the end of a long walk and made a little memorandum to the effect that "eighty-nine percentum of the population of Philadelphia are members of the powerful family of Roomstolet."

All Paris is crazy this spring about horses. One correspondent of an English paper says he counted fifty-seven ladies on horseback in a single alley of the Champs Elysees one morning.

There are 70,000 children living on boats in England, who receive no education.

The other day a Black Hills stage-driver undertook to horsewhip his passengers into getting out and pushing up the hill, but the gold-seekers emptied their revolvers into him a few times, held a coroner's inquest, and found that he died of pneumonia.

A little girl, daughter of Mr. Wright of New Florence, Westmoreland county, accompanied by an elder brother, went to the barn last week, and while there the brother started the cutting-box running, and by some means the got her hand into the mill and it was pulled in between the rolled until piece by piece it was cut off up to the wrist.

Counterfeit silver quarters of 1876 are in circulation.

The Rev. Robert Wilson, speaking of the subterranean streams of South Carolina, says they are like springs, five to eight feet wide, and of unfathomable depth, countless numbers of huge bass, pike and perch. Tradition says that an Indian once dived into one hole of Eutaw Springs, which gave their name to a revolutionary battle, and emerged from another hole. The negroes now a days, superstitiously people these springs with water spirits, whom they call "Cymbees."

Richard Bradish, of Crawford county, while ploughing in one of his fields in Cussewago, turned up a number of American half-dollars and Spanish quarters.

A Berks county man had one of his ears bitten off by a horse the other day.

The Presbyterian General Assembly adopted a resolution recommending the use of the "term Sabbath instead of Sunday."

Illinois has 200 cheese factories, to which 2,000,000 milch cows make daily contributions.

Dartmouth College graduates a fifty-year-old student this year.

By western despatch of the 1st inst., particulars are thus given of the massacre by Indians of a large portion of Captain Stone's company of Cincinnatians, which was on the way to the Black Hills. Part of the expedition was passing through the Sand Hills, about fifty miles from the Red Cloud agency. The day was warm and the roads nearly impassable from sand. The men had deposited their their coats and weapons and were straggling wearily behind, when a party of Indians rushed down and cut them from the train. The massacre followed with but little resistance, the Indians numbering several hundred. The leaders of the party, Captain Stone and James Wood, were among the first to fall. The bearer of the report declares that not a single one of the party of forty-nine men escaped. Several of the bodies, scalped and mutilated, were taken to North Loup Fort. It is stated that nearly all the Indians have left the agencies.

Nine members of the family of Martin Laros, residing at Sandt's Eddy, a point on the Delaware river five miles above Easton, Pa., were poisoned on the evening of the 31st ult., by coffee which contained some mineral substance. Mrs. Laros is dead and several of the others are considered in a critical condition. The presence of poison in the coffee is not accounted for.

The English Channel Tunnel has been actually commenced, shafts in the chalk on the French side having already been sunk to a depth of one hundred and thirty feet.

The grand jury of the United States circuit court in Hartford, Conn., have returned true bills against Jeremiah O'Neil, Michael Kelley, Julia and Samuel Robinson, for manufacturing and passing five cent nickel coins. All pleaded guilty, and Samuel Robinson and Jeremiah O'Neil were sentenced to imprisonment in the Hartford county jail one year each, and Julia Robinson and Michael Kelley fifteen days each and to pay $1 fine. The parties belong in Hartford.

The following exterminator of rats and snakes comes from Kentucky, and is given to the public thus: John Clark has introduced a novel plan for exterminating rats, driving off snakes and purifying the malarious atmosphere about his premises. He captured a polecat which presented him two days afterwards with six kittens, all of them streaked and striped and ready for business in a few days. The wonderful sequel to the affair is that the rats and snakes have left his place; the chills have also departed, and the prospects for an unprecedented crop of wheat and corn are excellent.

A mass of 90,000,000 tons of pure, solid, compact rock salt, located on an island 185 feet high, which rises from a miserable sea marsh on the route from Brashear to New Iberia, up the river Teche, in Louisiana, is one of the wonders of the world. How this island, containing over 300 acres of land, ever came into existence in such a locality, is a matter of conjecture. Vegetation is prolific and the scenery is beautiful and varied. Here is an immense bed of pure rock salt, whose extent is as yet only estimated, and scientific men are puzzled. This island is owned by Joe Jefferson, the actor, who has his winter residence on it in an orange grove.

A story is printed in Paris that the Czar, while at the bedside of his dying younger sister, told her how much it pained him to see her die so prematurely. She replied: "You know they don't live longer than sixty years in the Romanoff family." This speech made a deep impression on the Czar. He is now fifty-eight years old.

The English New Testament Revision Committee have struck out as spurious the last seven verses of the last chapter of St. Mark. They have also struck out, as being a false interpolation, a verse in one of the Epistles which is frequently quoted as a proof of the doctrine of the Trinity.

Brigham Young's Reason for Leaving Salt Lake Valley.

That Brigham Young is preparing to leave Utah has been reported latterly. He gives as his reason, that Salt Lake Valley is destined to flood from Salt Lake. His prophecy is written thus in the San Francisco *Chronicle*:

It is well known that for the past twelve months the grand project for transferring the Mormon population to New Mexico has been under consideration by Brigham and his emissaries Governor Axtell, formerly of Utah, but now Governor of New Mexico, has for months been quietly working with this end in view, paving the way for a new Mormon empire. The world has been puzzled to know why the Latter-Day Saints, after working for more than a quarter of a century to build up Zion in Utah, should be willing to abandon all the magnificent improvements of the great Salt Lake valley and become once more pioneers of the wilderness. But the inciting cause is now as palpable as it is inevitable and irresistible. The great Prophet has discovered why the great Salt Lake has been rising at the rate of "twelve inches every twelve-month" for many years. There is, as is well known, no surface outlet to the waters of Salt Lake, although several streams of considerable volume are constantly discharging their waters into the lake. In the opinion of all scientific explorers of this inland saline sea there has existed a subterranean outlet, through which its surplus waters have flowed. But Brigham's eye has discovered that this outlet has been gradually choking up by precipitations of vast quantities of chloride of sodium, damming the waters of the Lake as well as the future hopes of Mormondom. It is only a question of time when this subterranean waste-gate shall be completely closed, and then a single spring flood in all the tributary streams will cause the lake to overflow its bounds and submerge the entire Salt Lake valley. This result being inevitable, Brigham is more than anxious to flee from this second deluge before the engulfment and ruin of the new city of Zion. He prefers to slide quietly away to New Mexico, leaving the hated Gentiles, who have so unceremoniously invaded his kingdom, to enjoy the great salt-water bath so soon to be provided for their accommodation. In the interests of humanity, however, and as a timely warning against an impending disaster, we feel constrained to divulge the true reason for the contemplated Mormon exodus from Utah.

Mrs. Dipper (to Jonesey, who is deeply in arrears for boards)—"Mr. Jones, won't you step into the parlor for a moment? I wish to speak with you." Jonesey—"Really, Mrs. Dipper, I should like to accommodate you, but what will the boarders say at seeing us alone! Oh, no, excuse me."

In Paris there is an attempt to revive the old Greek costume for ladies—a picturesque garment, without very much of a waist, bare armed, and looking like an oat bag falling loose from the breast to the instep.

New Advertisements.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of a Test. writ of Vend. Ex., issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin county and to me directed, will be exposed to sale by public outcry, at the Court House, in the borough of Mifflintown, Juniata county, on SATURDAY, JUNE 24th, 1876, at 2 o'clock P. M., the following described real estate to wit:

A widow's dower in a tract of land situate in Spruce Hill township, Juniata county, adjoining lands of Dr. Joseph Kelley on the east, Andrew Patterson and others on the south, Jonathon Swartz on the west, and John Esh on the north, containing 180 Acres, more or less, having thereon erected a frame dwelling house, log barn, wagon shed, and out-buildings. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Isabella Graham.

Also, at the same time and place, by virtue of a writ of Vend. Ex. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Juniata county, a tract of land situate in Lack township, Juniata county adjoining lands of McNeal Arnold on the north, John Arnold on the east, Joseph Rhine on the south, and Wesley Behel on the west, containing sixty acres, more or less, having thereon erected a log house and log barn. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of George Rhine.

Also, by virtue of a writ of Fa. Fa., all that certain piece or parcel of ground situate in the borough of Port Royal, formerly Perrysville, Juniata county, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a post on corner of lot No. 46 in the general plan of said borough of Port Royal, thence along said lot south 21 degrees, east 123 feet 9 inches to cow alley, thence along said alley north 69 degrees, east 24 feet to a post, thence north 21 degrees, west 123 feet 9 inches to Middle street, thence along the same 24 feet to the place of beginning, being part of lot No. 48 in the general plan of said borough of Port Royal, and having thereon erected a two-story Frame Dwelling House and out-buildings. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of James W. Dean.

WM. H. KNOUSE, *Sheriff.*
Sheriff's Office, Mifflintown, June 5, 1876.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE!

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Juniata county, the undersigned, Administrator of Jeremiah Kirk, deceased, will offer for sale on the premises in Delaware township in said county, at 2 o'clock P. M., on

SATURDAY, JUNE 24, 1876,

The following described real estate of said decedent, to wit: A tract of land in the township aforesaid, bounded by lands of S. Owen Evans, Samuel J. Kurtz, John B. Garber, John L. Anker, and others, containing

NINETY ACRES,

more or less, having thereon erected a

GOOD LOG HOUSE,

BANK BARN, and other outbuildings.—There is a fine assortment of fruit on the premises. The greater part of the land is cleared and under cultivation; the balance is woodland.

TERMS.—Ten per cent. of the purchase money to be paid when the property is struck down to the purchaser; one-third when the sale is confirmed by the Court; and the balance in two payments at five and eight months from date of confirmation of the sale.

JOHN L. ACKER,
Adm'r of Jeremiah Kirk, dec'd.
May 24, 1874.

New Advertisements.

Notice to Tax-Payers.

THE Commissioners of the county of Juniata hereby give notice that no more County Bonds will be issued and sold by them at present, as we consider that we have funds enough for all necessary purposes. We also give notice to collectors of *County and State Taxes* for the year 1876, that they allow the tax-payers of the county an abatement of 6 per cent. on all taxes paid by them previous to the first day of September, 1876, and such collectors will be required to settle their respective *Duplicates* in full within one year from date of same.

The Commissioners will be at their office in Mifflintown on the second Tuesday of every month, to transact any business connected with said office. By order of Commissioners.

JAMES DEEN, Clerk.
Commissioners' Office, Mifflintown, May 30, 1876.

DISSOLUTION.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing between Noah Hertzler, John G. Hertzler, and David Hertzler, Jr, trading as the firm of Noah Hertzler & Sons, is this day dissolved by mutual consent

NOAH HERTZLER.
JOHN G. HERTZLER.
DAVID HERTZLER, Jr.

The business and all accounts due said firm will be settled by the undersigned, who will continue business as heretofore

NOAH HERTZLER.
JOHN G. HERTZLER.

Port Royal, May 15, 1876.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Juniata County.

In re Assigned Estate of Isaac Haldeman.

The undersigned, Auditor, appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Juniata county to make distribution of the balance in the hands of John H. Moyer, Assignee of Isaac Haldeman, of Monroe township, said county, on his partial account confirmed May 8th, 1876, hereby gives notice that he will meet all persons interested for the purposes of his appointment at his office in the borough of Mifflintown, on Tuesday, the 20th day of June, 1876, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. of said day, when and where all persons having claims against the said Isaac Haldeman, must present them or be barred from participation in said fund.

JEREMIAH LYONS,
May 15, 1876.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE CENTENNIAL HISTORY OF THE U. S.

The great interest in our thrilling history makes this the fastest selling book ever published. It contains a full account of the Grand Centennial Exhibition.

CAUTION.—Old, incomplete and unreliable works are being circulated; see that the book you buy contains 442 *Fine Engravings* and 925 *pages*.

Send for circulars and extra terms to agents. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

$12 A DAY at home. Agents wanted.—Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT.

"Screw the finger as tight as you can, that rheumatism; one turn more, that's gout," is a familiar description of these two diseases. Though each may and does attack different parts of the system, the cause is believed to be a poisonous acid in the blood. Purify this by the use of

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT.

It will do its work speedily and thoroughly. It is the great friend of the sufferer from rheumatism and gout.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

LAND FOR SALE.

60,000 ACRES OF FARMING AND TIMBER LANDS; near the great Kanawha River, in Putnam county, West Virginia, in quantities to suit purchasers. Soil good, water pure and abundant, timber excellent; churches, schools and mills convenient; title perfect. Price $3 to $8 per acre. Terms accommodating. Send for full description to J. L. McLEAN, Winfield, Putnam Co., W. Va.

This Claim-house Established in 1865.

Pensions obtained for Officers, Soldiers, and Seamen of WAR of 1861-5, and for their heirs. The law includes deserters and those dishonorably discharged, if wounded, injured, or have contracted any disease, apply at once. Thousands entitled. Great numbers entitled to an increased *rate*, and should apply immediately. All Soldiers and Seamen of the WAR of 1812 who served for any period, however short, whether disabled or not,—and all widows of such not now on the Pension rolls, are requested to send me their address at once.

Bounty: Many who enlisted in 1861-2 3 are entitled. Send your discharges and have them examined. Business before the PATENT OFFICE solicited. Officers returns and accounts settled, and all just claims prosecuted.

As I make no charge unless successful, I request all to enclose two stamps for reply and return of papers.

GEORGE E. LEMON.
Lock Box 47, Washington, D. C.

I recommend Captain Lemon as an honorable and successful Practitioner.—S. A. Hurlbut, M. C., 4th Congressional District of Illinois, late Maj.-Gen'l U. S. Vols.

In writing mention name of this paper.

$77 PER WEEK GUARANTEED to Agents, Male and Female, in their own locality. Terms and OUTFIT FREE. Address P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Maine.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Terms free. Address GEO. STINSON & Co., Portland, Me.

"PSYCHOMANCY, or SOUL CHARMING." How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any persons they choose, instantly. This simple mental acquirement all may possess, free, by mail, for 25 cents; together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies A queer book. 100,000 sold. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Publishers, Philadelphia.

FOR SALE!

A VALUABLE TRACT OF LAND, containing SIXTY-THREE ACRES, more or less, situated in Walker township, Juniata county, Pa., two and a half miles north of Thompsontown and one mile east of Van-Wert, on which David A. Patterson now resides.

43 Acres are Cleared;

the balance is Woodland. Parties desiring to purchase will please go and see the land. About price consult John H. Patterson, Academia, Juniata Co., Pa.

J. W. PATTERSON,
West Dublin, Fulton, Co., Pa.
May 10, 1876–5t

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Wm. Woodward, deceased.

WHEREAS Letters of Administration on the estate of William Woodward, late of Tuscarora township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will please present them without delay to

NICHOLAS ICKES, *Adm'r.*
May 31, 1876.

Large stock of ready made clothing of the latest and choicest styles, for men and boys, hats, caps, boots and shoes, notions, furnishing goods in endless variety for sale at Samuel Strayer's, in Patterson.

New Advertisements.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

AT

J. B. M. TODD'S,

PATTERSON, PA.

I have just returned from Philadelphia with a full line of

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING.

Men's Suits, $3.50, $5.00 to $20.00. Boys' Suits, $2.50, $4 50 to $10.00.

A full line of the

MOST FASHIONABLE HATS.

at low prices. A complete assortment of Ladies' Best Shoes, at $1.25 and upwards. A full line of Children's Shoes. I have also a full line of Ladies' Hose, Handkerchiefs, &c. Also, a large stock of

GROCERIES.

Arbuckles' Coffee 30c. Mackeral, No. 1, $2.50 per ½ bbl.

I am now selling SEWING MACHINES at WHOLESALE PRICES. I will sell you any kind of a machine at

TWENTY PER CENT. LESS

than they are usually sold. Leave your orders, and you can have any kind you want.

J. B. M. TODD.
Patterson, May 17, 1876.

JUNIATA VALLEY BANK.

MIFFLINTOWN,
JUNIATA COUNTY, PENN'A.

GEORGE JACOBS, President.
T. VAN IRVIN, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

George Jacobs, H. H. Bechtel, John Balsbach, J. W. Frack, Amos G. Bonsall, Jerome N. Thompson, Joseph Rothrock.

August 4, 1875–tf

PUMPS!

PUMPS!

PUMPS!

Pumps, light or heavy, made to order. Cucumber Wood Pumps always on hand. These guaranteed never to freeze in Winter. Wood, Iron, Terra Cotta, or Lead Water Pipe put down on short notice.

☞ Repairing promptly attended to.

Please give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, as we are determined to sell at the very lowest prices.

Call on or address

WM. NOBLE, Port Royal,
or, FRANK NOBLE, Mifflintown.
mar22–8m

SILVER PLATED WARE.

Electro-Plated Table Ware,

AND

ORNAMENTAL ART WORK

IN GREAT VARIETY,

MANUFACTURED BY THE

MERIDEN BRITANNIA COMPANY,

550 Broadway, New York.

The best Plated SPOONS and FORKS are those Silver Plated heaviest on the parts where necessarily the most wear comes, and bearing the Trade Mark,

1847—Rogers Brothers—XII.

N. B.—This great improvement in Silver-Plated Spoons and Forks is applied alike to each grade of Plate, A 1, 8 and 12 oz., as ordered. The Process and Machinery for manufacturing these goods are Patented. The Extra or "Standard Plate" made by this Company is stamped A 1, simply, and is plated 20 per cent. heavier than the ordinary market standard.

☞ First Premiums awarded at all Fairs where exhibited, from World's Fair of 1862 to American Institute Fair, 1874, inclusive.
mar15–6m

GREAT REDUCTION

—IN THE—

PRICES OF TEETH!

Full Upper or Lower Setts as Low as $5

No teeth allowed to leave the office unless the patient is satisfied.
Teeth remodeled and repaired.
Teeth filled to last for life.
Teeth extracted without pain, by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, always on hand.

Owing to the hard times, I will insert full single sets teeth, of the very best kind, for $15.00. Temperary sets $5.00 extra.

Toothache stopped in five minutes without extracting the tooth, at the Dental Office of G. L. DERR, established in Mifflintown in 1860.

G. L. DERR,
Jan 24, 1872.] Practical Dentist.

BALLARD & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

AND DEALERS IN

Grain, Hides, Wool, Tobacco,

Hops, Eggs, Butter, Cheese, Dried Fruits, Feathers, Furs, Lard, Tallow, Seeds, Bacon, Beans, Poultry, Flour, Vegetables, &c., &c.,

Warehouse, No. 42 North Water Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

March 22, 1876–6m

BOOTS AND SHOES.

AT my residence at East Point, Mifflintown, I am prepared to promptly fill orders for

BOOTS AND SHOES,

LADIES',
MISSES' AND
CHILDREN'S WEAR,

at prices to correspond with the times. All kinds of

REPAIRING

also promptly attended to. Hoping to receive a share of the patronage of the people, I subscribe myself their obedient shoemaker.

A. B. FASICK.
Feb. 3, 1875–tf

WOOD B PUMPS G

Blatchley's Standard Cucumber and Cistern Co.'s Pumps, with copper lining, old and new styles, and all valuable improvements. Manufacturing facilities greatly increased; stock and assortment LARGE, prices SMALL. Visitors, Dealers and the Trade especially, are cordially invited, when in town to the big Exhibition, to call and see us at our Ware-rooms, with prices and terms.
C. G. BLATCHLEY, Manf'r, 506 Commerce St., Phila.

FIRST-CLASS PICTURES taken at Hess' Photograph Gallery, Bridge st., Mifflintown.

Subscribe for the Sentinel & Republican.

New Advertisements.

MARK THESE FACTS!

The Testimony of the Whole World.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Sores and Ulcers.

ALL description of sores are remediable by the proper and diligent use of this inestimable preparation. To attempt to cure bad legs by plastering the edges of the wound together is a folly; for should the skin unite, a boggy diseased condition remains underneath to break out with tenfold fury in a few days. The only rational and successful treatment, as indicated by nature, is to reduce the inflammation in and about the wound and to soothe the neighboring parts by rubbing in plenty of the Ointment as salt is forced into meat. This will cause the malignant humors to be drained off from the hard, swollen, and discolored parts round about the wound, sore, or ulcer, and when these humors are removed, the wounds themselves will soon heal; warm bread and water poultices applied over the affected parts, after the Ointment has been well rubbed in, will soothe and soften the same and greatly assist the cure. There is a description of ulcer, sore and swelling which need not be named here, attendant upon the follies of youth, and for which this Ointment is urgently recommended as a sovereign remedy. In curing such poisonous sores it never fails to restore the system to a healthy state if the Pills be taken according to the printed instructions.

Diphtheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat, and Scarlet and other Fevers.

Any of the above diseases may be cured by well rubbing the Ointment three times a day into the chest, throat and neck of the patient; it will soon penetrate and give immediate relief. Medicine taken by the mouth must operate upon the whole system ere its influence can be felt in any local part, whereas the Ointment will do its work at once. Whoever tries the unguent in the above manner for the diseases named, or any similar disorders affecting the chest and throat, will find themselves relieved as by a charm. All sufferers from these complaints should envelope the throat at bedtime in a large bread and water poultice, after the Ointment has been well rubbed in; it will greatly assist the cure of the throat and chest. To allay the fever and lessen the inflammation, eight or ten Pills should be taken night and morning. The ointment will produce perspiration, the grand essential in all cases of fevers, sore throats, or where there might be an oppression of the chest, either from asthma or other causes.

Piles, Fistulas, Strictures.

The above class of complaints will be removed by nightly fomenting the parts with warm water, and then by most effectually rubbing in the Ointment. Persons suffering from these direful complaints should not lose a moment in arresting their progress. It should be understood that it is not sufficient merely to smear the Ointment on the affected parts, but it must be well rubbed in for a considerable time two or three times a day, that it may be taken into the system, whence it will remove any hidden sore or wound as effectually as though palpable to the eye. There again bread and water poultices, after the rubbing in of the Ointment, will do great service. This is the only sure treatment for females, cases of cancer in the stomach, or where there may be a general bearing down.

Indiscretions of Youth; Sores and Ulcers.

Blotches, as also swellings, can, with certainty, be radically cured if the Ointment be used freely, and the Pills taken night and morning, as recommended in the printed instructions. When treated in any other way they only dry up in one place to break out in another; whereas this Ointment will remove the humor from the system, and leave the patient a vigorous and healthy being. It will require time with the use of the Pills to insure a lasting cure.

Dropsical Swellings, Paralysis, and Stiff Joints.

Although the above complaints differ widely in their origin and nature, yet they all require local treatment. Many of the worst cases, of such diseases, will yield in a comparatively short space of time when this Ointment is diligently rubbed into the parts affected, even after every other means have failed. In all serious maladies the Pills should be taken according to the directions accompanying each box.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:

Bad Legs,	Gout,
Bad Breasts,	Glandular Swellings,
Burns,	Lumbago,
Bunions,	Piles,
Bite of Moschetoes	Rheumatism,
Sand-Flies,	Scalds,
Coco-bay,	Sore Nipples,
Chiego-foot,	Sore Throats,
Chilblains,	Skin Diseases,
Chapped Hands,	Scurvy,
Corns (soft),	Sore Heads,
Cancers,	Tumors,
Contracted and Stiff Joints,	Ulcers,
	Wounds,
Elephantiasis,	Yaws.
Fistulas,	

CAUTION!—None are genuine unless the signature of J. Hayhook, as agent for the United States, surrounds each box of Pills and Ointment. A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

*** Sold at the Manfactory of Professor HOLLOWAY & Co., New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicine throughout the civilized world, in pots at 25 cents, 62 cens, and $1 each.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each pot. [April 26, '76–1yeow

Philadelphia & Reading Railroad.

Arrangement of Passenger Trains.

MAY 29th, 1876.

Trains leave Harrisburg as follows:

For New York at 5 20, 6 00, 8 10 a. m. 2 00 and *7 40 p.m.
For Philadelphia at 5 20, 6 00, 8 10, 9 45 a. m., 2 00 and 3 50 p. m.
For Reading at 5 20, 6 00, 8 10, 9 45 a. m., 2 00, 3 50 and 7 40 p. m.
For Pottsville at 5 20, 8 10 a. m., and 3 50 p. m. and via Schuylkill & Susquehanna Branch at 2 40 p. m.
For Allentown at 5 20, 6 00, 8 10 a. m., 2 00, 3 50 and 7 40 p. m
The 5 20, 8 10 a. m., 2 00 and *7 40 p. m. trains have through cars for New York.
The 6 00, 8 10 a. m. and 2 00 p. m. trains have through cars for Philadelphia.

SUNDAYS.

For New York at 5 20 a. m.
For Allentown and way stations at 5 20 a. m.
For Reading, Philadelphia and way stations at 1 45 p. m.

Trains for Harrisburg leave as follows:

Leave New York at 8 45 a. m., 1 00, 5 30 and *7 45 p. m.
Leave Philadelphia at 9 15 a. m., 3 40, 7 10 and 7 45 p. m.
Leave Reading at 4 40, 7 40, 11 20 a. m., 1 50, 6 15, 9 35 and 10 35 p. m.
Leave Pottsville at 6 00, 6 45, 9 00 a. m. and 4 35 p. m., and via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Branch at 8 05 a. m.
Leave Allentown at 2 30, 5 50, 8 55 a. m., 12 20, 4 30 and 9 00 p. m.
The 2 30 a. m. train from Allentown and the 4 40 a. m. train from Reading do not run on Mondays.

SUNDAYS.

Leave New York at 5 30 a. m.
Leave Philadelphia at 7 10 p. m.
Leave Reading at 4 40, 7 40 a. m. and 10 45 p. m.
Leave Allentown at 2 30 a. m. and 9 00 p. m.

*Via Morris and Essex Railroad.

JOHN E. WOOTTEN,
General Superintendent.

A fine assortment of cloths, cassimeres vestings, &c., always on hand and for sale by B. B. LOUDON.

New Advertisements.

LIFE, GROWTH, BEAUTY.

London Hair Color Restorer.

London Hair Color Restorer.

Not a Dye; makes harsh hair soft and silky; cleanses the scalp from all impurities, causing the hair to grow where it has fallen off or become thin.

Can be applied by the hand, as it does not stain the skin or soil the finest linen. As a Hair Dressing it is the most perfect the world has ever produced. The hair is renovated and strengthened, and natural color restored without the application of mineral substances.

Since the introduction of this truly valuable preparation into this country, it has been the wonder and admiration of all classes, and as it has proved to be the only article that will absolutely, without deception, restore gray hair to its original color, health, softness, lustre and beauty, and produce hair on bald heads of its original growth and color.

This beautiful and fragrantly perfumed article is complete within itself, no washing or preparation before or after its use, or accompaniment of any kind being required to obtain these desirable results.

HERE IS THE PROOF

OF ITS

SUPERIOR EXCELLENCE.

Read this Home Certificate, testified to by Edward B. Garrigues, one of the most competent Druggists and Chemists of Philadelphia, a man whose veracity none can doubt.

I am happy to add my testimony to the great value of the "*London Hair Color Restorer*," which restored my hair to its original color, and the hue appears to be permanent. I am satisfied that this preparation is nothing like a dye, but operates upon the secretions. It is also a beautiful hair dressing and promotes the growth. I purchased the first bottle from Edward B. Garrigues, druggist, Tenth and Coates streets, who can also testify my hair was quite gray when I commenced its use.

MRS. MILLER,
No. 730 North Ninth street, Phila.

Dr. Swayne & Co., Respected friends: I have the pleasure to inform you that a lady of my acquaintance, Mrs. Miller, is delighted with the success of your "*London Hair Color Restorer*." Her hair was falling rapidly, and was quite gray. The color has been restored, the falling off entirely stopped, and a new growth of hair is the result.

E. B. GARRIGUES,
Druggist, cor. Tenth & Co