SENTINEL & REPUBLICAN

MIFFLINTOWN.

Wednesday, April 19, 1876.

B. F. SCHWEIER,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Reform in the Lower House of the Legislature.

One of the many iniquities of the Lower House of the Legislature at Harrisburg was the disgraceful passage of the Boom Bill. So manifest was the corruption in it, that before the Senate, to which it had been messaged, could act, was asked to return it to the House, so that the bill should be strangled there.

To learn how a Democratic officer of that body—all the officers of that branch of the Legislature are Democrats—was concerned in the iniquity read the testimony as published elsewhere in this issue. When the present House was elected it was given out that reform should be the watchword of the Democratic House, and that it would prove a God-send to the State. Alas! for the watchword and the God-send. The watchword was a snare, and the send was from the other region. But wait till all has been told, and then learn of the deep reform of the Lower House of the Legislature.

Mr. Blaine and his First Wife.

Another sweet morsel of a scandal on Mr. Blaine is out, and is in regard to Mr. Blaine's treatment of his wife. It is a dreadful tale that is told, of how the talented gentleman abused the first Mrs. Blaine, and how she died under his cruelty. It is hoped by those who gave publicity to it that social circles will be prejudiced and a corresponding influence reflected on the politics of the country. Mr. Blaine evidently is to have a rough road to travel, but in this particular domestic case his enemies have really done him good and proved to the country what great false witnesses they are. How the force of the story flies back on themselve and proves what graceless liars they are, when the truth is told that Mr. Blaine has never had but one wife, and she now lives.

A Mysterious Despatch.

People who read know that it is no easy thing now to keep posted on all of the queer and mysterious despatches and letters that are brought to light by investigation at Washington. Last week a despatch was found, among others that were handed to an examining committee, that for a long time could not be read. It was in cypher, and was sent to a Cabinet officer. After it was deciphered it read: "Camden, N. J. The baby is troubled with teething and weaning. At this time the doctor thinks it may be dangerous. He advises the employment of a wet nurse, if a sound and healty one can be obtained." It is a puzzler for the committee, and the Secretary has not yet been called on to explain. Perhaps the wife of the Secretary could tell something in regard to it. Let the wife be summoned. Carry the committee out on a chip.

An Expensive President—Expensive Times.

Aspirants to the Presidency may as well make up their minds that there will be no fifty thousand a year and perquisites for any of them. Both houses have passed a bill restoring the salary of the President to $25,000, so it is certain that the raise made for Mr. Grant's benefit will not be enjoyed by his successor. Furthermore, the appropriations for the White House establishment, which have amounted, under the present administration, to about ninety thousand more, are not likely to reach that sum again. Future Presidents, or at least the next one, will have to come down to something like the pay received by such common fellows as Jackson and Lincoln, and Mr. Grant will go down to posterity with the proud distinction of having been the most expensive President the country ever had. —*McClure's Times.*

Just so, Mr. *Times*, but why not tell it all? that the times through which President Grant passed in office was by many hundred per cent. the most expensive, extravagant times this country has ever known, and that it all had its first cause in Rebellion. If there had been no rebellion there would have been no inflation, no fifty thousand dollar salary. Tell it all; tell the truth and shame the ——

Where to Look for the Authors of It.

"If Mr. Clymer is not acting as junior counsel for his Democratic friend Belknap then he is crazy. A Washington telegram to the Pittsburg *Commercial* says, "Chairman Clymer, on his own responsibility, has been furnishing ex-Senator Carpenter, senior counsel for General Belknap, from day to day, a copy of the testimony taken before his committee. On Tuesday, the managers of the impeachment heard of it, and directed Clymer not to allow this any longer." Clymer's anxiety to aid his friend and partisan Belknap is natural, as well as notorious. But it would seem that a sane man would hesitate to go to the lengths to do this that Clymer has been going If any miscarriage comes of this Belknap impeachment the country may as well know now where to look for the authors of it."

Liberals and Independents.

The Liberals and Independents are to hold a meeting in New York, May 5th, next, to determine who or what party they will support for President Remember poor Greeley.

THE great New York merchant, A. T. Stewart, closed his earthly career on the 10th inst, aged 73 years. He leaves a wife to mourn his death. He has no children.

The Emperor of Brazil, Dom Pedro, arrived in New York on Saturday.

Hon. James G. Blaine.

"An Indianapolis paper published an article on the 11th inst., in which it states that Hon. James G. Blaine received $64,000 from the Union Pacific Railroad Company in 1871, for which it is alleged no adequate service was rendered. No particulars are given concerning the manner in which the money was paid or what the excuse, and the story has a strong air of improbability about it. This story has been circulating in political circles at Washington for some time, and Mr. Blaine not only emphatically denied it, but produced proofs in the shape of a letter from Morton, Bliss & Co., from whom the draft is said to have been obtained; and from Mr Rawlins, of the Union Pacific Company, who is said to have paid the draft. Both letters contradict the statement, and assert that no such transaction ever occurred."

Santa Anna.

Gen. Santa, once a ruling spirit in Mexico, is still living in the city which was the scene of his power and greatness, at the age of eighty years. He lives surrounded by all the evidences of poverty. His wife, the sharer of his early magnificence, lives with him, at the age of fifty. The General is very decrepit, but is in full command of his faculties. His wife, who a quarter of a century or more ago was the reigning beauty of the Mexican court, and assisted her husband to rule the fortunes of their sunny land, has survived her loveliness of form and feature, and in the plain woman of fifty you would never recognize the once beautiful and brilliant queen of Mexican society.—*Exchange.*

Woman Suffrage at Last.

Minnesota is trying the experiment of woman suffrage in a limited and cautious way, but by the adoption of a method which will perhaps go far to solve the problem by testing results. The law passed last winter extended to woman the right to hold the office of School Director, and the right to vote for candidates for that office. Wherever there were vacancies on school boards, therefore, the women took their prescribed but unaccustomed part in the local elections on Tuesday last. The Minneapolis papers bring us the election day reports, showing that, in the portion of the city east of the Mississippi river, usually Democratic, the Democrats nominated two of their most popular men and the Republicans two of their most effective women, and the ladies—Mrs. Charlotte Van Cleve and Mrs. Charlotte Winchell—were elected by 145 and 148 majority. There were no noisy appeals, and only one meeting was held which was addressed by women, but the canvass though quiet was earnest, and several hundred ladies availed themselves of the right to vote. The *Tribune* of that city says:

Separate boxes had been provided for the ladies, and to the credit of their big and brawny brothers be it said, they were everywhere treated with the highest courtesy and respect, and one would hardly suspect from a casual observation that anything unusual was transpiring in political or social life. Nearly all the ladies voting came in groups, from four to six in number, the men stepping aside until their ballots were placed in the special deposit provided for them, and then the party would leave for home, leaving their brothers somewhat astounded that woman suffrage could be so courteously and effectively demonstrated. Occasionally a lady appeared alone, but the rule was largely in favor of the grouping programme.

Come to think of it, however, it is not marvelously strange that American men do not maltreat their wives and sisters and mothers when assembling to exercise their legal rights at the ballot-box. Civility to women is not an exceptional trait in this country.

This tentative venture of Minnesota's may result in some larger concession. This exhibition of bonnets and ribbons at the polls to vote for school directors is full of peril, for the inference is tremendous. If they can safely be trusted to manage the schools—certainly the most important interest in the land—they may insist that they know enough to express an opinion on all other public questions.—*Graphic, April 10th.*

"THE President never sings in public, but the favorite air which he whistles in solitude is: 'I would not live here alway, I ask not to stay.'"

News Items.

Silver mines which bear traces of having been worked by a prehistoric race, have been discovered in Mason county, Texas.

Hon. S. P. Ryan, member of the Legislature from Columbia county, died at 12 o'clock on the 12th at his residence in Conyngham township.

Benjamin Mackerel, of Michigan, has run away with his mother in-law. He must be a scaly fish.

Five hundred vessels are engaged in the petroleum trade between New York city and Philadelphia.

An estimate of the value of the fences in the United States places the total at $3,3000,000,000, a sum equal to the whole National debt.

Mrs. J. Jackson of harrisburg gave birth to 3 girls, on Tuesday a week.

A Methodist Church investigation in Mich., has found Rev. F. W. May guilty of slander, unchristian conduct, improper proposals and advances to to ladies of his church. He was suspended and his dismissal recommended.

J. B. Carman a member of a banking firm in Canada N. Y., has embezzeled to the ammount of $25,000.

On Saturday evening Mrs. Morgan, sister of Gen. John Morgan, of Ten., and niece of P. T. Barnum, took laudanum while at a card party in New York, and died from its effects. Grief over the death of a daughter was the cause.

In Lebanon county, last month, 400,000 cigars were manufactured.

John Miller of Lebanon county fired at a robin the other day and hit a boy who had been playing in the bushes. A bullet entered the boys leg, rendering amputation necessary.

It is said that John Beaston of Horse Valley, Perry county, unloaded a cook stove, weighing 450 pounds, from a wagon and carried it into the house without assistance. Beaston weighs 160 pounds.

The people of Montana have vetoed the action of the Legislature in voting a subsidy of $3,500,000 to the Northern Pacific Railroad.

David Shadle, of Buffalo Run, Centre county was found dead in his stable on the morning of the 23d He was sixty years old.

The other night John Dobson went to sleep on a coke oven near Hollidaysburg, the flames broke out at the aperture in the top of the oven, and the man was so badly burned that he died a few days afterward, after the most excruciating suffering.

An attempt was made a few weeks ago to bury a man named Dougherty who was killed in a mine at Locust Gap, Northumberland county, in the Catholic cemetery. Father Koch, of Shamokin, refused to allow the burial on the ground that Dougherty was a Molly Maguire.

Four powder mills at the arsenal near Salt Lake City blew up on the 4th inst, blowing three men and one woman to atoms and spreading terror through the city People rushed into the streets in their fright, horses ran away, windows were blown in, chimneys were overturned, and many building were badly injured.

The bill providing for the issue of silver coin in place of fractional currency has passed both houses of Congress, and now only awaits the President's signature to become a law.

A terrific storm of wind, rain, and hail passed over Creston, Iowa, late on Monday night and five dwelling-houses and a large number of sheds and outhouses were blown down and demolished.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company have instituted civil proceedings against Richard B. Irwin to recover $750,000, which they allege he embezzled from them.

Oil City is agitated over a runaway marriage. The lady is 24, is an orphan, and has $50,000 in her own right.

It is believed that emigration from Ireland for 1876 will be the smallest since 1851. It was only 51,462 last year.

The peach crop of Southern Illinois, if no more heavy frosts occur, will be a decided success. Only a small portion of the buds have suffered thus far. The early red apples are all destroyed, but the other varieties are uninjured. On the level prairies the wheat prospect are poor, but on the rolling and timber lands the crops will be as good as usual.

Columbia boasts of the wealthiest colored man in the State. Half a million is said to be the extent of his savings.

The delegates to the Cincinnati Convention will number 754, and the majority required for the Presidential nomination is 358.

Michael Clark has been sentenced, in Baltimore, to two years and six months in the penitentiary for illegally voting under the name of William H. Evans.

The Greenback party of Ohio met in convention at Columbus last Thursday and elected delegates to the National Convention to meet in Indianapolis, Indiana, May 17th, next. About twenty-five persons were present.

A convention of delegates from the Congregational churches of this country have appointed a committee of five to hear all charges against Rev. Henry Ward Beecher.

A bill in the New York Legislature, that proposed to allow women who own $250 worth of property to vote for President and Vice President, was voted down last Thursday.

The safe burglary case, whereby a large amount of fraud at Washington is supposed to have been destroyed, is to be re investigated.

The trial for the impeachment of Belknap commenced on Monday.

A young lady, aged 20 years, was shot by her lover through the heart by a pistol shot, in New York, on Sunday. The youth is 20 years of age. Jealousy was the cause.

On Saturday a Washington grand jury indicted Babcock, Harrington, Whitley, Benton, Miles, Nettleship, and Somerville, for complicity in the safe burglary conspiracy.

The New History of Pennsylvania.

No want in our literature has been so widely felt and so universally acknowledged as that of a complete and compact History of the State of Pennsylvania, adapted to the popular perusal through its attractive narrative, and accepted as an authority through its full and accurate presentattion of all the facts in her career as a State. This singular lack has been made apparent more than ever before by the completion of the first Centennial of American Independence.

Every citizen has been made to feel that, by this great event, intelligence and patriotism both call for a through knowledge of the history, and especially the *early* history, of our great Commonwealth.

Dr. William H. Egle, of Harrisburg, a gentleman well known in literary circles as an accomplished scholar and writer of some celebrity has undertaken to meet this demand, and to fill this vacant place in our literature. He has devoted several years to this labor, and his publishers, Messrs. D. C. Goodrich & Co., also of Harrisburg, now offer to the people of Pennsylvania the only work that has ever been written that contains both a complete history of the State, and a history of each county separately—the whole brought down to the present year 1876. Each county history has been carefully revised by some prominent citizen of that county.

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE WORK.

To sum up briefly, the following characteristics will distinguish the "NEW HISTORY OF PENNSYLVANIA."

I. IT WILL BE COMPLETE. Beginning with the discovery of the Delaware river, and the early settlements of the Swedes and Dutch, it carries the reader through all the great and important events that took place during the provincial and colonial governments, with a cyclopedia of the legislation during the administration of each of the Governors; including also a separate history and description of each county in the State.

II. IT WILL BE AUTHORITY AS A BOOK OF REFERENCE. As far as possible every fact will be traced back to the original authorities and every date will be carefully verified. Side and foot notes, tables, and full indexes, will give every facility for reference and consultation.

III. IT WILL BE PROFUSELY AND ELEGANTLY ILLUSTRATED. No State in the Union presents a greater variety of beautiful scenery than can be found within the limits of the Keystone State. The most eminent artists of this country have been engaged to represent the scenes and places of note and interest, views of all the principal cities, portraits of all the Governors, numerous historical scenes, battles, etc., etc., which have been produced in the highest style of the engraver's art. Each subject has been assigned to the one who could render it the most picturesquely, accurately and effectively.—Altogether, the illustrations will form a complete panorama of the entire State, as each county will be represented by illustrations.

The work will be complete in one ROYAL OCTAVO volume (extra large size), containing between 1000 and 1100 pages, in long primer type, printed upon superfine calendered and *toned* paper, bound in the highest style of American workmanship, and will be embellished with about 300 engravings, a very large share of which will be elegant full page ones.

The publishers are desirous of obtaining first-class, reliable agents in every county, to whom a liberal commission or salary will be paid.

N. B.—Other works of a very inferior character, small size, and containing less than one-third the matter of this work, purporting to be *complete* (?) histories of Pennsylvania, will be circulated during the Centennial year. Be sure the work you purchase has over 1000 pages and 300 fine engravings, and contains A SEPARATE HISTORY OF EACH COUNTY.

THE "MYSTERIOUS ISLAND!"—We have just received Verne's last famous story, "The Mysterious Island—Dropped from the Clouds!" It is an intensely interesting book, by the celebrated author of "20,000 Leagues under the Seas!" "Tour of the World in 80 days!" &c., and gives the exciting adventures of five Union prisoners who, during our late great war, escaped from Richmond, Va., in a captured balloon. They were driven by a wild hurricane across the entire continent, and fell upon an uninhabited island in the Pacific ocean. Here they lived several years, unable to escape. Finally a vessel appeared, but proved to be a pirate ship, and instead of rescuing, endeavored to murder them. During the combat a mysterious agent destroyed their vessel! The castaways had frequent exciting adventures with wild animals, and also met with many very mysterious incidents that were apparently supernatural. Their ingenious contrivances to better their condition are highly interesting. In short, it is Verne's best book, and that is the highest possible commendation.

The ordinary price of "Dropped from the Clouds" is $2.00, but the copy before us, "The Lakeside Library" edition, handsomely illustrated, is sent prepaid for only 12 cents! It is also sold by all Newsdealers. If you want a genuine treat, get it. Address, DONNELLY, LOYD & Co., Publishers, Chicago, Illinois.

"A CENTURY AFTER;" *or, Pictures que Glimpses of Philadelphia and Pennsylvania.*—The fifteenth and concluding number of "A Century After" will be issued about April 30th, and will be mainly devoted to letter-press and pictorial descriptions of the progress of the Centennial to date of publication, including views of the various buildings, arrangement of the grounds, &c. Among the illustrations for Part XV will be found—The Main Building, Machinery Hall, Horticultural Hall, Interior of Horticultural Hall, Agricultural Hall, Art Gallery, U. S. Building and Lake, Ohio and Indiana Buildings, New England Buildings, British and New York Buildings, Women's Pavilion and New Jersey Buildings, Pennsylvania Building, Japanese Building, Swedish School-house, Belmont, with City and Centennial Buildings in the distance.

All of the above are from entirely original sketches made expressly for this work, and may be relied upon as accurate representations. ALLEN, LANE & SCOTT and J. W. LAUDERBACH, Publishers, 233 South Fifth Street, Philadelphia.

New Advertisements.

Notice to Collectors.

NOTICE is hereby given to the newly-appointed Tax Collectors for the county of Juniata, that the Tax Duplicates for the year 1876 are ready to be placed in their hands for collection, and that they are requested to come forward and lift the Duplicates on the 1st and 2nd days of the April term of Court.

JAMES DEEN, *Clerk.*

April 19, 1876.

Prothonotary's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that John H. Moyer, Assignee of Isaac Halteman, has filed the first and final account in the Prothonotary's Office in Mifflintown, and the same will be presented for confirmation and allowance at the Court House in Mifflintown at the April term of Court.

JACOB BEIDLER,
April 19, 1876. Prothonotary.

Dissolution Notice.

THE partnership heretofore existing between Daniel W. Harley and John Horning, in the Clothing Business, in the borough of Mifflintown, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

DANIEL W. HARLEY.
JOHN HORNING.

April 15, 1875.

The business will hereafter be conducted by D. W. Harley, at the same place, with whom all bills due to or by the firm should be settled without delay.

D. W. HARLEY.

April 19, 1876-3t

Prothonotary's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that Jeremiah Lyons, Assignee of Calvin B. Bartley, has filed the first and intended as the final account in the Prothonotary's Office in Mifflintown, and the same will be presented for confirmation and allowance at the Court House in Mifflintown at the April term of Court.

JACOB BEIDLER,
March 22, 1876. Prothonotary.

Notice of Assessment.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Policy holders of the Perry County Mutual Fire Insurance Company, that an assessment of Eight Per Cent. has been laid on the Premium Notes of said Company, and that the undersigned has been appointed Collector for Juniata county, to whom the above assessment, now due, must be paid without any further delay.

GEORGE W. SMITH.
Mar. 14, 1876-tf Mifflintown, Pa.

New Advertisements.

CENTS should write for Circulars for this book by BRIGHAM'S WIFE No. 19. **Ann Eliza Young**

The grand success of the year. 20th thousand in press. Full Expose of Mormonism and Polygamy. A Woman's Story told in full. Introductions by John B. Gough and Mrs. Livermore. Beau new, with nearly 200 illustrations. Do not merge with any book until you have seen our Illustrated Circulars, showing large sales. Sent free to all. DUSTIN, GILMAN & CO., Hartford, Ct., Chicago, Ill., Cincinnati, Ohio, Richmond, Va.

AGENTS WANTED! Medals and Diplomas for HOLMAN'S NEW PICTORIAL BIBLES. Awarded.

1,800 Illustrations. Address for new circulars, A. J. HOLMAN & CO., 930 Arch street, Philadelphia.

1,000 Outfits FREE. FOOTPRINTS of the AGES. Our Government and History. Goodspeed's Pub. House, NEW YORK and CHICAGO.

$12 A DAY at home. Agents wanted.—Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

$77 PER WEEK GUARANTEED to Agents, Male and Female, in their own locality. Terms and OUTFIT FREE. Address P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Maine.

$5 @ $20 per day at home. Terms free. Address GEO. STINSON & Co., Portland, Me.

DYSPEPSIA
CURED FREE.

Any person suffering from Dyspepsia or Indigestion will be cured by using *Dr. Willard's Compound Powders.* Send for a trial package, it costs nothing, and will cure you. Address DIEBLEE & CO., Chemists, 1355 Broadway, New York.

FREE GIFT of a Piano for distributing our circulars. Address U. S. PIANO Co., 810 Broadway, New York.

LAND FOR SALE.

60,000 ACRES OF FARMING AND TIMBER LANDS; near the great Kanawha River, in Putnam county, West Virginia, in quantities to suit purchasers. Soil good, water pure and abundant, timber excellent; churches, schools and mills convenient; title perfect. Price $3 to $8 per acre. Terms accommodating. Send for full description to J. L. McLEAN, Winfield, Putnam Co., W. Va.

Register's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following named persons have filed their Administrators', Executors' and Guardian accounts in the Register's Office of Juniata county, and the same will be presented for confirmation and allowance at the Court House in Mifflintown, on Tuesday, May 9th, 1876:

1. The first and final account of William Stewart, Executor of the last will and testament of Rebecca Stewart, late of Beale township, deceased.
2. The first and final account of Benjamin Stock, Administrator of Peter Bossler, late of Fayette township, deceased.
3. The account of Nancy Bender, Administratrix of Elizabeth Moist, late of Spruce Hill township, deceased.
4. The account of E. S. Doty, Administrator *a. d. b. non* of Joseph Most, late of Fermanagh township, deceased.
5. The account of E. S. Doty, Administrator *a. d. b. non* of Moses Most, late of Fermanagh township, deceased.
6. The account of John and Henry Hoffman, Administrators of Jonathan Buckington, late of Susquehanna township, dec'd.
7. The account of Alexander Wallace, Executor of the last will and testament of Noah E Kirk, late of Tuscarora township, deceased.
8. The fourth partial account of Joseph Rothrock, Executor of the last will and testament of Robert C. Gallagher, late of Fermanagh township, deceased.
9. The first and partial account of Robert McMeen, Executor of the last will and testament of Margaret McMeen, late of Walker township, deceased.
10. The account of John Coffman, Guardian of Mary E. Kennedy, minor child of Richard Kennedy, of Beale township.
11. The first and final account of Charles L Waream, Executor of Samuel Kerlin, deceased.
12. The second and final account of Alfred S Patterson and F S Brennisholtz, Administrators of Peter Brennisholtz, dec'd.
13. The account of William B McCahan, Administrator of Abraham Holman, late of Milford township, deceased.

J. T. METLIN, *Register.*

REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Mifflintown, April 12, 1876.

NOTICE.

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE

SPECIAL TAXES

MAY 1, 1876, TO APRIL 30, 1877.

The Revised Statutes of the United States, Sections 3232, 3237, 3238 and 3239, require every person engaged in any business, avocation, or employment which renders him liable to a SPECIAL TAX, TO PROCURE AND PLACE CONSPICUOUSLY IN HIS ESTABLISHMENT OR PLACE OF BUSINESS a STAMP denoting the payment of said SPECIAL TAX for the Special-Tax Year beginning May 1, 1876, before commencing or continuing business after April 30, 1876.

The Taxes embraced within the provisions of the Law above quoted are the following, viz:

Rectifiers	$200 00
Dealers, retail liquor	25 00
Dealers, wholesale liquor	100 00
Dealers in malt liquors, wholesale	50 00
Dealers in malt liquors, retail	20 00
Dealers in leaf tobacco	25 00
Retail dealers in leaf tobacco	500 00
And on sales of over $1,000, fifty cents for every dollar in excess of $1,000.	
Dealers in manufactured tobacco	5 90
Manufacturers of stills	50 00
And for each still manufactured.	20 00
And for each worm manufactured.	20 00
Manufacturers of tobacco	10 00
Manufacturers of cigars	10 00
Pedlers of tobacco, first class (more than two horses orther animals)	50 00
Pedlers of tobacco, second class two horses or other animals)	25 00
Pedlers of tobacco, third class (one horse or other animal)	15 00
Pedlers of tobacco, fourth class (on foot or public conveyance)	10 00
Brewers of less than 500 barrels	50 00
Brewers of 500 barrels or more	100 00

Any person, so liable, who shall fail to comply with the foregoing requirements will be subject to severe penalties.

Persons or firms liable to pay any of the Special Taxes named above must apply to CHARLES J. BRUNER, Collector of Internal Revenue, at Sunbury, Pa., and pay for and procure the Special-Tax Stamp or Stamps they need, prior to May 1, 1876, and WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE.

D. D. PRATT,
Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

Office of Internal Revenue,
Washington, D. C., Feb. 1, 1876.

GREAT REDUCTION
—IN THE—
PRICES OF TEETH!

Full Upper or Lower Setts as Low as $5

No teeth allowed to leave the office unless the patient is satisfied.
Teeth remodeled and repaired.
Teeth filled to last for life.
Teeth extracted without pain, by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, always on hand.
Owing to the hard times, I will insert full single sets teeth, of the very best kind, for $15.00. Temporary sets $5.00 extra.
Toothache stopped in five minutes without extracting the tooth, at the Dental Office of G. L. DERR, established in Mifflintown in 1860.

G. L. DERR,
Jan 24, 1872.] Practical Dentist.

Large stock of Ready-made Clothing for sale by HARLEY & CO.

Legal Advertisements.

PROCLAMATION.—WHEREAS, the Hon. BENJ. F. JUNKIN, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas for the 9th Judicial District, composed of the counties of Juniata, Perry and Cumberland, and the Honorables Jonathan Weiser and John Koons, Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of Juniata county, have issued their precept to me directed, bearing date the 12th day of FEB., 1876, for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, at MIFFLINTOWN, on the FOURTH MONDAY of APRIL, 1876, being the 24th day of the month.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace and Constables of the County of Juniata, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at one o'clock on the afternoon of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations and over remembrances, to do those things that to their offices respectively appertain, and those that are bound by recognizance to prosecute against the prisoners that are or then may be in the Jail of said county, be then and there to prosecution against them as shall be just.

By an Act of Assembly, passed the the day of May, A. D., 1854, it is made the duty of the Justices of the Peace, of the several counties of this Commonwealth, to return to the Clerk of this Court of Quarter Sessions of the respectives counties, all the recognizances entered into before them by any person or persons charged with the commission of any crime, except such cases as may be ended before a Justice of the Peace, under existing laws, at least ten days before the commencement of the session of the Court to which they are made returnable respectively, and in all cases where any recognizances are entered into less then ten days before the commencement of the session to which they are made returnable, the said Justices are to return the same in the same manner as if said act had not been passed.

Dated at Mifflintown, the 12th day of Feb., in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six.

WM. H. KNOUSE, *Sheriff.*

Sheriff's Office, Mifflintown,
March 13, 1876.

Trial List for April Term, Term, 1876.

1 George W Gorton vs. Joseph Himmelsbaugh. No 100, September term, 1873.
2 Louisa Fransoni vs Samuel S Wilson and George W McElwee. No 26, September term, 1874.
3 Jacob Pile vs Christian Im Schaffstall. No 39, December term, 1874.
4 Jacob Pile vs Christian Im Schaffstall. No 74, December term, 1874.
5 Charles Linthurst by his next friend George W Linthurst vs Stewart McCulloch and Jacob Lemon. No 44, February term, 1875.
6 Jeremiah Lyons vs C B Barfley, Garnishee of John M Bartley. No 70, February term, 1875.
7 J. Kohler Snyder vs Daniel Coffman. No. 75, February term, 1875.
8 John L Bears, Ephraim Bears and David Bears, partners trading in the name of John L Bears & Sons, vs Abraham Williams. No 99, April term, 1875.
9 John F McNeal vs Solomon Books and William Wagner. No 194, April term, 1875.
10 George W Gorton vs Hugh Palm. No 12, September term, 1875.
11 Selinsgrove and North Branch Railroad Company vs George F McFarland.—No 59, September term, 1875.
12 Edward A Margritz vs George F. McFarland. No 60 September term, 1875.
13 Edward A Margritz vs George F McFarland. No 61, September term, 1875.
14 Edward A Margritz vs George F McFarland. No 62, September term, 1875.
15 F Southard Parker vs Catharine Miller. No 111, September term, 1875.
16 George W Gorton vs John Dillen.—No 128, September term, 1875.
17 George W Gorton vs Joshua Beale and Joshua Beale and John Wallace, Executors of Hugh Hart, dec'd. No 129, September term, 1875.
18 Selinsgrove and North Branch Railroad Company vs F F Robm. No 271, September term, 1875.
19 Selinsgrove and North Branch Railroad Company vs D A Doughman. No 272 September term, 1875.

JACOB BEIDLER, *Prothonotary.*

PROTHONOTARY'S OFFICE,
Mifflintown, March 15, 1876-tc.

License Petitions.

NOTICE is hereby given to all interested that the following applications for License have been filed in the Prothonotary's Office, and will be presented to the Court on Wednesday, April 26, 1876:

John C Mose', for license to engage in the business of vending vinous, spirituous, malt or brewed liquors in quantities not less than one quart, in the borough of Mifflintown.

John E Hollobaugh, for license to keep a restaurant and eating house, and to sell domestic wines and brewed liquers, in the borough of Mifflintown.

James A Murray, for license to keep an inn and house of entertainment in the borough of Mifflintown.

Jacob Will, for license to keep an inn and house of entertainment, in the borough of Mifflintown.

John A Newcomer, for license to keep a public house of entertainment in the village of Waterford.

Cloyd M Parker, for license to keep a restaurant and eating house and to sell domestic wines, malt and brewed liquors, in the borough of Patterson.

John Hays, for license to keep an inn or public house of entertainment in the borough of Patterson.

John Foreman, for license to keep an inn or house of public entertainment in the borough of Patterson.

Samuel R Notestine, for license to keep an inn or house of public entertainment in the borough of Patterson.

Mary A Snyder, for license to keep an inn or house of public entertainment in the borough of Thompsontown.

E. C. Graybill, for license to keep an inn or house of public entertainment in the village of Richfield.

John McManigle, for license to keep an inn and public house of entertainment in the borough of Port Royal.

Samuel Rumberger, for license to keep an inn and public house of entertainment in Monroe township.

Frank Shields, for license to keep an inn and public house of entertainment in the borough of Mifflintown.

Cyrus Sieber, for license to keep an inn and public house of entertainment in McAlisterville.

Thomas Cox, for license to keep an inn and public house of entertainment in Greenwood township.

Jacob Weiser, for license to keep an inn and public house of entertainment in Susquehanna township.

JACOB BEIDLER, *Prothonotary.*

Prothonotary's Office, Mifflintown, March 29, 1876.

ATTENTION.

J. F. JACOBS,
DEALER IN

Farming Machinery and Agricultural Implements, such as

Corn Planters, Corn Workers,
GRAIN SEPARATORS,
CLOVER SEED SEPARATORS,
Horse Powers from One to Ten Horse Power,
Agricultural, Portable, and Stationary Steam Engines,
FODDER CUTTERS, FODDER CRUSHERS, CORN SHELLERS,

Cider Mills, Hay Forks, Hay Rakes, Grain Drills, and farming machinery and implements of every description. Address

J. F. JACOBS,
Port Royal, Juniata Co., Pa.
April 12, 1876.

JOHN McLAUGHLIN,

INSURANCE AGENT,

PORT ROYAL, JUNIATA CO., PA.

Only reliable Companies represented.
Dec. 8, 1875-1y

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.

A MATTER OF POPULAR INTEREST.

We condense from the *Lehigh Register* the substance of a conversation about Oak Hall, in Philadelphia, Wanamaker & Brown's "Largest Clothing House in America." A visitor and attendant are the speakers:

Visitor. "What corner is the Building on?"

Attendant. "South-East corner of *Sixth* and Market. Please note the SIXTH, for some strangers seeking Oak Hall, have been misled by designing persons."

V. "It is perfectly colossal! Do you know its dimensions?"

A. "12,000 square feet—66 on Market, and 180 odd on Sixth, six stories high, has over three acres of flooring, and covers space once occupied by twenty-one different business places."

V. "Do you use steam-power?"

A. "A giant young engine furnishes power for the freight and passenger elevators, and the boilers steam for heating, and the other operations of the house."

V. "What order do you take with goods?"

A. "They are first opened and arranged in the basement, on long low counters, and taken thence on the freight elevator to the inspector's room on the fourth floor."

V. "Is inspecting the first operation?"

A. "No, sir, measuring. The goods are first measured in the piece, then inspected. The cloth passes over rollers in the face of a strong light, and two men sit, one before and one behind the goods, watching with the eye of a hawk for the least pin-hole imperfection, and marking every flaw, so that the cutter may see and avoid it when he comes to cut the garments."

V. "You must employ an army of cutters?"

A. "Come to our fifth floor and see! We keep 70 hands all the time cutting up the cloth into garments,—besides two machines that do a dozen men's work each at a stroke."

V. "Do you manufacture all your own goods?"

A. "We do, and most carefully. Our examiners inspect every stitch and seam, and certify to every garment as extra-well made before we put our ticket on it, and become responsible for it."

V. "Your system must save you a great deal?"

A. "In every direction, sir. It is the system and economy we practice all the way through, that enables us to put our prices down to the people as we do."

V. "After inspecting the work, what becomes of it?"

A. "Before it goes into Stock it is *ticketed.* Every single garment has its number and other points noted on it, so that its entire history can be traced without fail, upon our books."

V. "You must have 30 or 40 salesmen?"

A. "Why sir, on busy days you may see 100 in the various rooms and suites of rooms, selling to the throngs of customers."

V. "Do you do an other business, by mail and express?"

A. "Very great. All over the country. Our perfect system and rules of self-measurement make it possible to please people 2,000 miles away just as perfectly as if they were here in person."

V. "I suppose you have at least half a dozen different departments?"

A. "My dear girl we have more than fifty, each charged with its own business, and each thoroughly organized, a necessary wheel within the great wheel."

V. "Will you name a dozen or so of them?"

A. "With pleasure. The Custom Department, for those who prefer custom made to ready-made. The Furnishing Department, with its immense stock of all underwear. The Shirt Factory, with its busy machines, making our own first-class shirts. The Trimming Department, itself as big as many a regular store. The Garment Stock Room. The Receiving Room. The Order Department, named before. The Special Uniforms Department. The Delivery Department, with its score of messengers. The—"

V. "Hold, hold! sir, enough!"

A. "I'm not half through! The Advertising Department, with its bill and sign distributors, editing and publishing business and people's journal, circulating nearly 10,000 copies monthly (tell all your friends to send for it). The Men's Department, with its many rooms. The Boys' Department. The Youths' Department. The Children's Department, with its special entrance for ladies. The Telegraph Department. The Chief Clerk's Department, with its book-keepers and assistants. Owners Manager's Department; Financier's Office, and other offices of the firm, all busy as bees thinking, planning, executing, buying, making, registering, receiving, sending out, selling and in a thousand ways joining their force to carry on a business with the people amounting to between $2,000,000 and $3,000,000 annually."

V. "S-t-u-p-e-n-d-o-u-s!"

A. "Indeed it is! I forgot to name the Cashier's Department, which handles as much of retail sales on some single days!"

V. "$20,000! Immense! That's what enables the house to buy cheap and sell cheap."

A. "Exactly! You have got it! The people throng here, knowing that we depend on low prices and immense sales."

V. "What are the 'ROOK RULES' I hear so much about?"

A. "Our system of business dealing—1. One price, no deviation; 2. Cash for everything; 3. A guarantee protecting the purchaser; 4. The money returned if the buyer can't otherwise be suited."

V. "Nothing could be fairer."

A. "Nothing. And the people see it."

V. "Well, I thank you, sir, for your polite attention."

A. "Not at all. It's a pleasure to serve you. Call again; and be sure of the place—Wanamaker & Brown's Oak Hall, S.E. corner Sixth and Market."

V. "Thank you! I shall be happy to do so. Good morning."

STOVES!

COOK AND PARLOR STOVES,
HEATERS OF ALL KINDS, AT
THE PEOPLE'S
HARDWARE STORE,

[In R. E. Parker's New Brick Building,]

MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE THE COURT YARD

MIFFLINTOWN, JUNIATA COUNTY, PA.

Housekeepers' Hardware, Builders' Hardware,

MECHANICS' TOOLS, LEATHER, PAINT, OILS, GLASS, &C., &C.,

all of first quality, constantly on hand. I invite the public to call and see me.

JOHN W. MUTHERSBAUGH.

Mifflintown, Aug. 26, 1874-tf

D. W. Harley & Co.'s

Is the place where you can buy

THE BEST AND THE CHEAPEST

MENS' YOUTHS' & BOYS' CLOTHING

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, AND FURNISHING GOODS.

WE are prepared to exhibit one of the most choice and select stocks ever offered in this market, and at *ASTONISHINGLY LOW PRICES!*

Also, measures taken for suits and parts of suits, which will be made to order at short notice, very reasonable.

Remember the place, in Hoffman's New Building, corner of Bridge and Water streets, MIFFLINTOWN, PA. [Sept. 15, 1875-tf

JUST OPENED!

A New Spring and Summer Stock of

CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES,

For Men, Boys, Women, Misses and Children. Notions, Men's Furnishing Goods, WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

CARPETS AND FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,

All at rates, to correspond to the shrinkage in values. Cheaper than the Cheapest of a month ago. SUITS