

B. F. SCHWEIER, Editor and Proprietor.

Republican State Nominations. FOR GOVERNOR, Gen JOHN F. HARTMAN, of Montgomery county.

FOR STATE TREASURER, Hon. HENRY RAFFLE, of Erie county.

Republican County Committee. CHAIRMAN—G. W. SMITH, Patterson P. O.

SECRETARY—Richard Doyle, Mount P. O. Members—H. A. Stambaugh, J. M. Martin, Fernbaugh, John Sieder, J. M. Hower, Walker, W. H. Kutz, W. H. Loken.

Members—H. G. Schellinger, Jacob Basom, Greenwood, W. Woodward, H. Minahan, Shugart, J. S. Updegraff, E. Long, Delaware, J. M. Smith, D. Finkbine, Thompson, J. G. Haldeman, S. Kelly, Patterson—H. R. Green, D. P. Stevens, Milford—Wm. McCahan, A. J. Hertzler, Beale—F. J. Leach, Richard Doyle, Port Royal—R. P. Beale, James A. Thompson.

Members—J. G. Hertzler, Isaac Berkey, Spruce Hill—Thos. Kausy, Stewart Whitson.

Members—A. M. Stewart, Thos. Morrow, Log—Wm. Morrow, Tyson Stump, Black Log—W. McIntyre, A. H. Ople, Noah Hertzler, Port Royal—Member of Republican State Central Committee for Juniata county.

Republican County Committee Meeting. The Republican County Committee met at Will's hotel in Mifflintown, on Saturday, the 19th inst., in pursuance of a call by the chairman.

The Chairman, Mr. Smith called the Committee to order and announced the absence of the Secretary, Mr. Richard Doyle. On motion Mr. H. A. Stambaugh was elected Secretary pro tem.

After a discussion of the time for holding the primary election, the following resolution was passed: Resolved, That the primary election of the Republican party of Juniata county be held at the several election districts, on SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1875, between the hours of 4 and 7 o'clock P. M. of said day, and that the Convention be held in the Court House, in Mifflintown, at 10 o'clock P. M. of the same day.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1875. G. W. SMITH, Chairman. H. A. STAMBAUGH, Secretary.

The following is the system under which the primary election will be held on September 25, 1875.

First. The candidates for the several offices shall have their names announced in one or more of the county papers at least four weeks previous to the primary meetings, stating the office, and subject to the action of the voters.

Second. The voters residing in Republican precincts in each election district, shall meet on Saturday, September 25, 1875, at the usual places of holding the spring election, at 2 o'clock P. M., and proceed to elect one person for Judge and ten persons for clerks, who shall form a board to receive votes and determine who are the proper voters to vote, and shall hold the polls open until 7 P. M. After the polls are opened the candidates announced as aforesaid shall be balloted for; the name of each person voting shall be written on a slip at the time of voting, no person being allowed to vote more than once for each office.

Third. After the polls are closed the board shall proceed to count the votes that each candidate received, and make out the returns accordingly, to be certified to by the Judge and attested by the clerks.

Fourth. The Judge (or one of the clerks appointed by the Judge) of the respective election districts shall meet at the Court House, in Mifflintown, on Monday following the primary meetings, at 10 o'clock P. M., and count the returns and a list of the voters and count the votes, and the person having the highest number of votes for any office shall be declared the regular nominee of the Republican party.

Fifth. If any two or more persons have an equal number of votes for the same office the judges shall proceed to ballot for the person having the highest number to be the nominee.

Sixth. The return judges shall be competent to reject, by a majority, the returns from any election district, where there is evidence of fraud, either in the returns, or otherwise, to the extent of the fraud committed.

Seventh. No person shall be permitted to vote proxies.

There is a clean majority of 30,000 Republican votes in this commonwealth. Let us all go to work.

AFTER the 1st of September the headquarters of the Republican State Central Committee will be at 430 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

The Democratic Board of County Commissioners of Schuylkill county have just been convicted of criminally misappropriating the public funds.

The Democracy have carried the election in California by considerable majority. The late alarming bank failure there reacted against the Republicans, though there was no good reason for such reaction.

The Seinegrove Tribune refuses to support the candidate of the Republican party for Sheriff, on the ground that he was not honestly nominated. The position of the Tribune is correct. A man who secures his nomination by dishonest means should be defeated, it waters not whether he be a Republican or Democrat. The country is gradually working itself up to that plain on which no man who has secured a nomination by fraud can stand before the people. The Tribune is doing what the press generally, without regard to party, should do, when it is certain of cases of fraud against fellow candidates.

Within the past week a man named Westervelt, has been on trial in Philadelphia as one of the abductors of Charley Ross. He put himself in communication with the police soon after the abduction of the child, and professed to lead them in the pursuit of Mosher and Douglas, who were killed in York State, as is well known to readers of newspapers. It was a false pursuit that he led the police. He kept them away from his associates instead of bringing them together. From the appearance of the case as published, his complicity in the matter is quite certain. No technicality of the law should be allowed to come in and secure his escape.

The Kansas grasshopper has entered central Illinois.

The Temperance organ, published and edited at Harrisburg by Col Geo F. McFarland, publishes the places throughout the Commonwealth at which Rev. R. Audley Brown, the political Temperance candidate, is to speak in advocacy of the cause for which he is the candidate for Governor. Almost every day of this present month has been set apart for a meeting in some part of the State, the Holy Sabbath not excepted. Last Sunday a Temperance Sunday meeting of the same character, at which Mr. Brown is announced to speak, is advertised for Sunday, the 19th inst., at Danville, Mouton county.

What would the country say if Gen. Hartman would make appointments to stump the State, Sunday included, in advocacy of the cause for which he is the candidate for Governor? What would the people of this county say if our county candidates would hold Sunday meetings and argue their cause and urge people to vote for them. They have just the same right to do so that Mr. Brown has. The moral depravity that would naturally spring from such a course of action is unpleasant to contemplate. Such a rule of action, if put in force through the course of one generation, would most probably destroy the observance of the Sabbath entirely.

There are a great many pleasant utterances in regard to the rapid progress that the Japanese and other people, who occupy that portion of the earth that was first peopled by Adam, and after the flood re-peopled by Noah, are making in the adoption of the manners and customs of the Yankees, and it is all quite flattering. The general opinion is that the people of the East have little that Western people will take to indulging in. The following paragraph, however, definitely settles the point that they have habits that Christian people will adopt: "The other day, at Cape May, a very novel entertainment during the afternoon and evening was a Japanese tea-party, given by Mrs. Dr. J. P. Newman, of Washington. A complete Japanese tea set was spread on the floor, and the numerous guests sat or squatted around in true Japanese style. Four ladies were attired in elaborate Japanese costumes, and tea of the superior quality that is only used by the Emperor and Mandarins was served in dainty Japanese cups. This tea was brought from Japan by Dr. and Mrs. Newman."

It was the pursuit of the luxury of the East—the Orient—that multiplied the extravagance of Rome, made her corrupt, and brought about her fall, as much as anything else that can be mentioned. Is it only a question of absorption? Are we to absorb the heathen, or are the heathen to absorb us? It is a question that may be debated, and never settled until the matter has run a few hundred years, when the ether overthrown or swallowed up by one or the other of the parties is made manifest to all.

On the question of the distribution of the Common School fund in Ohio, the Pittsburg Gazette last week published the following editorial: There have been declarations that there was nothing in the school issue in Ohio; but the Catholic Telegraph very positively declares: "We have agitated and shall continue to agitate for our share of the school fund as long as we are taxed to support schools which Catholic children cannot attend. We look in the future for the abolition of this terrible grievance, not from any party nor politician like Judge Taft, but from a majority of citizens, who, regardless of party, will be willing to do as justice." Exactly; and here is the very danger that threatens. By the Telegraph's own showing there is ample cause for the feeling excited in Ohio. If Catholics are relieved from tax to cause their children attend sectarian schools, others will insist upon a like privilege, denominational schools will multiply, and the result be the destruction of our common school system.—The above confession shows there is cause for real alarm, and the people of Ohio should administer a decided rebuke to those who have raised this issue. There is no denying the fact that the issue plainly exists.

An organ of the workmen called "The People," and published in Philadelphia, prints some astonishing news concerning the riots of the labor unions in Clearfield, and boldly asserts, that William A. Wallace and the Democratic Judge of Clearfield were in conspiracy with the coal operators to provoke the collision which resulted in sending two of the leaders of that outbreak, Joyce and Maloney, to prison, and holding John Siney to bail for trial. Charging the existence of the conspiracy it denounces, it closes the article with these words: "We have facts in our possession that prove this conspiracy beyond doubt; and we intend the public shall not be misled through tenderness about their publication." We shall look anxiously for the promised proofs, and, if they are supplied, shall make somewhat free with those who are said to implicate.—Harrisburg Telegraph.

There is a talk of an effort to be made next winter to secure the necessary legislation to construct a coal oil pipe line from Pittsburg to Chester on the Delaware river, a distance of about two hundred miles, air line. It has been estimated that one million of dollars will be sufficient to construct a line of pipes sufficient to conduct all the oil that finds an outlet through Pittsburg.

It is thought a wonderful thing that Oregon is going to send fir brads a hundred feet long and twelve feet wide to the Centennial Exhibition.

News Items.

A cucumber 49 inches long was grown in Pottsville.

Two months and twelve days were consumed in the erection of the new bridge at Danville, and an average of twenty men were employed. The bridge is 1,250 feet long and the roadway is eighteen feet wide, with a sidewalk on either side five feet wide.

Louis Gonier, who tried to commit a rape upon a child nine years old in Philadelphia, Centre county, in June last, was found guilty and sentenced to seven years in the Western Penitentiary.

Dr. Sidney D. Grant, a well-known physician of Baltimore, formerly of Harrisburg, Conn., was arrested on Saturday a week, and taken to Connecticut, on a requisition from the Governor of that State, charging him with perjury.

In Waco, Texas, a duel was fought on Sunday night a week in the dark, distance four feet, weapons six shooters, between Charles Carriek and J. M. Turner. Three shots were fired. Turner was killed. A trivial quarrel was the cause.

Goldsmith Maid trotted a mile heat at Larter Oak Park, Hartford, last Thursday, in 2:14, for \$2,000.

Seventy two gold watches, thirty-three silver ones and diamonds and jewelry valued at \$7000, were stolen from the safe of a pawnbroker in Pittsburg on Tuesday night, 31st ult.

The Island of St. Thomas was shaken by an earthquake on the 3d of August.

On the 1st of this month an attempt was made to pass a forged draft on the Merchants and Mechanics' Bank of Scranton for \$8700. The draft purporting to be from the First National Bank of Camden, N. J., to the Fourth National Bank of New York. The party was not captured.

The Treasurer of New Jersey has abandoned his office with upwards of \$50,000.

A dairyman and merchant of Buffalo has suspended—abilities, \$9,000.

The Bank of California paid over its counters before it suspended, gold and silver coin that amounted in weight to forty-two tons. Such is the report.

B. Butler's name appears on the tax list in Lowell, Mass., as a non-resident.

Moody and Sankey propose to meet in Washington early in October.

A peculiar disease is causing the deaths of many horses in Kansas.

A St. Louis physician has offered a reward of \$1000 for an authenticated case of death from eating ripe watermelon.

Ex-President Johnson, it seems, really was buried in a winding-sheet consisting of the flag of the Union.

Isaac Fancker, of Sandy Hill, predicts that the world will be destroyed July 4, 1876. This will spoil the Centennial. He bases his cheerful view on Isaiah ix: 17.—"For the child shall die a hundred years old." The "child" he considers to be Uncle Sam, and when he dies the rest of the world will give it up and step out also. Mr. Fancker is patriotic.

Outrages in the coal regions are again in order. The boss of the Raven Run Colliery, worked by Heaton & Co., was called from his residence before working hours on the morning of the 1st inst., by three men, who fired ten shots at him, killing him instantly. The murderers fled toward Ringtown, and were pursued by parties in the vicinity and fired at, but without effect.

A Harrisburg doctor has been convicted of attempted malpractice.

The price of a glass of whisky at Saratoga is twenty five cents.

Mr. Mumpass, a Tennessee farmer, was struck by lightning one day last week, while ploughing. A cloud completely encompassed him, and it was dark as midnight. Then a light above the brightness of the sun, the thunder pealed and he became unconscious. On returning to consciousness he found that his horse was gone, the plough shivered into atoms, and himself weak and powerless. His left shoulder was bruised and paralyzed, and left hip bleeding, and the sole of his left foot shorn of its flesh, and the foot itself a perfect wreck.

Last Friday six men were hanged in Arkansas, who had been sentenced for murder.

On the last day of August, Green M. Cantrell and Williamson Bailey, two Franklin county (Illinois) Ku-Klux, who were engaged in the fight at Mad-dox lane on the 16th of August, were examined before the United States Commissioner at Centralia, Illinois.—The Commissioner laid them in \$1,600 bail, which was furnished.

Six more of the outlaws were arrested on the 20th and taken to Centralia for trial. The testimony shows that the organization numbers 400 in Franklin and 600 in Williamson county.

An Allentown lawyer named George D. Schall, committed suicide by putting a revolver bullet through his head a few days ago.

There are to be fifteen new life boat stations along the shores of Lakes Michigan, Erie and Ontario—nine on the first, four on the second, and two on the third.

An inventor has discovered a process to render bank note paper water-proof.

Rich ladies in New York and Philadelphia can buy a good looking bonnet now for two hundred dollars.

There is a talk of booms coming into fashion soon.

A new shoe factory, 100x40, four stories high, is building at Abington, Mass.

A sad case of the shooting of a youth by his father is depicted from Indianapolis, as follows: Some days ago a man named Peterson, residing in this place, enticed away from her home the daughter of a farmer named Trusty, and brought her to this city. The father of the girl learning her whereabouts on Monday last, induced her to return home with him. Peterson followed them, making threats of violence against the old man, and last night he approached Trusty's house. Mr. Trusty, enraged at the persistency of the fellow in his attempts to accomplish the ruin of the girl, took down his shot gun, intending to shoot him on sight.

Trusty's son, aged 18 years, learning of his father's design, ran up to dissuade him, and Trusty mistaking him for Peterson, fired, killing him instantly.

It is seldom that a duel is fought in this State. One was fought at Taylorville, near Scranton, on the night of the 1st inst. It is true the meeting was not by special appointment, but after one of the parties notified the other to look out, that he intended to shoot—and did shoot—the other party deliberately drew a weapon—pistol—and returned the fire with such effect that the party who fired the first shot was mortally wounded. It was about a woman.

Men have been known to kill their wives by kicks and blows, but it is a rare thing for a woman to kill a man by a kick. Such a case is reported from Washington.

It is Michael Kuhn, who told his wife that she was unfaithful to him, that she was so intemperate with other men secretly, whereupon the insulted woman kicked her husband in the abdomen with such force that he doubled up, sickened and died. The trouble in this case is that Mrs. Kuhn kicked too hard.

Leo N. Levi, the only Jewish student at the University of Virginia, recently won the gold medal in an oratorical contest by eight students selected to represent the whole college.

Mr. Bianton Duncan gives the following interesting account of the depreciation of the Confederate currency: He says the total issue never reached \$355,000,000, and its depreciation was less than is popularly believed. He says the paper dollar was worth 85 cents in gold in November, 1861; 60 cents in May, 1862; 45 or 50 cents in November, 1862; 16 cents in July, 1863; 8 cents in November, 1863; 5 cents in May, 1864, from which period to the termination of the war it fluctuated, going up at once to 6 cents, and only falling entirely as a medium in the last two months prior to the capitulations when every one saw that defeat was inevitable.

On the 1st of this month, at Dayton, Ohio, William Dawson, ex-Colonel of an Indiana regiment, while attending a wedding party at Barlow's Hill, having refused admission to six roustabouts, was stabbed by one of them, named James Murphy, in the abdomen, from the effects of which he died in a few minutes. There is a probability that Judge Lynch will settle the case some of these days.

This case of bank robbery was reported from Louisville, Ky., on the 2d inst.: About daybreak Louis Rehm, the teller of the Planter's National Bank, was discovered near the bank on his way to the police station. He could hardly speak at first, but after a while informed the detectives that three men had taken him from bed during the night, proceeded to the bank, and forced him to deliver the keys, with which they opened the safe and abstracted money. Rehm alleged that he was chloroformed and stabbed in the side, where there is a slight wound.—The preceding story was related to Detective Bligh, who regarded it as very weak, and had Rehm locked up at a hotel. The directors of the bank met, and after consultation came to the conclusion that Rehm's story was a fraud and he the robber. Being told that all regarded him as the robber, he asked for an hour's sleep, and retired for that time, and on awakening confessed to the detectives that he had robbed the safe the preceding night before 12 o'clock, carrying its contents home and burying them under his house. An examination by the detectives revealed all the money tied in a small sheet under a gymnasium in the rear of Rehm's residence. He was arrested and is now in jail. He says that he doesn't know why he took the money, and now realizes the improbability of being taken from bed as stated. The bank will resume business to-morrow. The money stolen by Rehm, the teller, has all been recovered.

At Lansford, Pa., on the morning of the 3rd, John P. Jones, inside foreman of Summit Hill mine, No. 6, was shot while on his way down to the company's office, before he went into the mines, as he was coming down the path he was followed by two men, who came up to him and shot at him three times, when he was seen to reel. Men who heard the shots went to his rescue. One man went to him and asked him if he knew who it was. He said no. Evidently they were strangers. As soon as they had done their work they turned and went back the way they came. The boss was held in great esteem. He spoke but a few words, did not appear to suffer great pain, and in five minutes he was dead. The news of the murder was dispatched through the coal regions immediately, and on the same day, the 3rd, the following from Pottsville was sent over the wires relative to the murderous: The two men who killed John P. Jones at Lansford were arrested in the woods near Tanques. They have been fully identified. They give their names as Michael J. Doyle and Edward Kelley, and say they are from Mount Lofly, Schuylkill county.

The following shooting in mistake took place near Pottsville on the 3rd: Two young men named Young and Kirby, while driving near Lanigan's Patch, were assailed by two special policemen. Thinking they had fallen into the hands of some of the outlaws who now infest the mining region, one of them drew a revolver and fired, wounding one of the policemen. The other officer returned the fire, killing Young instantly. Kirby fled to the woods and escaped. Great excitement exists throughout the Schuylkill region in consequence of the prevalence of crime, and in several localities vigilance committees are being organized.

Grasshoppers are destroying the crops in parts of Colorado.

A volcano in Iceland has rendered one-third of that country too hot for habitation.

A Cespach from the late Cincinnati fair tells how skillful a Miss Luck is in getting up a meal. All the beaux are inquiring particularly for Miss Luck. Here is the dispatch: In thirty minutes Miss Luck cooked, and cooked well, potatoes, chicken, porter house steak, tomatoes and corn, and made coffee, tea, pie and biscuit, and set the table in the nicest style.

Prussia will send a fifty-five ton cannon to the Centennial Exhibition.

The preliminary examination of Theodore W. Brown, charged with being implicated in the robbery of \$17,000 from the Treasury was commenced at Washington last Friday.

It is said that the new style of pantalons to be worn this fall will be large enough to tie back. Also, that a modest man can't climb a ladder with a pair of 'em on.

The cotton mill at Harrisburg resumed operations last Monday.

It is said that the sun will rise eclipsed on the 26th of this month.

It is said that well executed counter set notes of the denomination of \$10 in the First National Bank of Philadelphia, are in circulation.

A writer in the Examiner and Chronicle claims that the first camp meetings in America were held in 1767 by two Baptist ministers, the Rev. Samuel Harris and the Rev. James Read, who preached in that part of Virginia lying between the Rappahannock and James rivers.

The War Department has issued a general order to the effect that hereafter no picnic parties will be allowed in any national cemetery nor on any adjoining ground within the control of the United States. Visitors will not be allowed in the national cemeteries before sunrise or after sunset. No refreshments will be taken in these cemeteries. In national cemeteries where driving is permitted the speed must be confined to a walk.

A rope 3200 feet long and weighing a ton and a half was recently shipped by a Bedford manufacturer to a Titusville oil firm.

Two women have been traveling through Iowa selling corsets at unusually low prices. Indeed their anxiety to give ladies a perfect fit, and the insignificant reward they asked for their services excited suspicion. Now not a lady in Iowa will admit that she has bought corsets in six months, while the two peddlers have resumed their male attire and occupy a dismal cell in jail.

At Jefferson, Ind., some days ago, a woman shot a man, named Lawther. An Indiana paper notes it as follows: Henry J. Lawther, who says he is born near Harrisville, Robey county, West Virginia, was shot and mortally wounded on the night of the 27th ult., by Nancy McKee, his paramour, on a flat boat lying at the city wharf. The charge of the gun entered the abdominal cavity and the lower end of his breast bone. James H. Moffit, a physician of Huntington, Pa., and Jas. B. Houston, a painter of Cincinnati, who were traveling with Lawther, are believed to be accessories to the shooting, and were arrested with Mrs. McKee and locked up. Mrs. McKee says she met Lawther at Gallipolis, where he promised to marry her, but never did, and she was bound to have him. Lawther is not expected to live.

Last Friday evening a young man named McCormick had an arm crushed while coupling cars at Altoona.

The vote for Governor in California as far as heard from stands for Phelps, Republican, 25,000; Irwin, Democrat, 43,000; Edwell, Independent, 18,000; The majority of other officers is largely in favor of the Democracy.

At Pottsville on Monday considerable excitement was manifested over the sentence of the Commissioners of Schuylkill county—Patrick Connor, Valentine Benner and Moses Hine—convicted of neglect and corruption in the discharge of their official duties, and for frauds and overcharges in the construction of the new county building erected last year—the county being charged for the building \$25,000, and by liberal estimates, made by competent and responsible builders and contractors, they should not have cost over \$18,000. The sentences for each was two years' imprisonment, one thousand dollars fine and the embezzled funds to be returned to the county. They were immediately taken from the court room to the prison. Benner's term of office having expired last January, Lewis C. Dougherty and Michael Seave were appointed by the court to serve in the place of the convicted men, Hine and Connor.

New Advertisements.

MORTON, BLISS & CO., BANKERS, 3 BROAD ST., N. Y. Issue Circular Notes and Letters of Credit for Travellers; also Commercial Credits in all parts of the world. Negotiate Loans.

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ASSIGNEE'S SALE! THE undersigned, Assignee of C. B. Bartley, will sell at public sale, at the LUMBER YARD of said C. B. Bartley, in the Borough of Mifflintown, at 1 o'clock P. M., on WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1875, The entire stock of Lumber, Sash, Doors, and Blinds on hand, consisting of 2,000 Feet of Hemlock Joists and Scantling, 2,000 Feet 11 inch Pine Boards, 10,000 Feet Pine Flooring, 3,000 Feet Hemlock Boards, 30,000 Feet of Lath, and a lot of Sash, Shutters and Blinds, also A LUMBER HOUSE AND CARPENTER SHOP.

Also, at the same time and place, will be offered for sale, A Two-Story Frame Building, brick case, situated on Bridge street, Mifflintown, built for a Store Room, and now occupied by Emil Scholt, having a front of 15 feet on Bridge street and 50 feet in depth. The above building is in the best business portion of the town, rents for \$200.00 per annum, and will no doubt afford a fine opportunity for profitable investment, as it must be sold.

TERMS.—Fifteen per cent. of purchase money to be paid down; thirty-five per cent. on the first day of January, 1876, and the balance April 1, 1876. JEREMIAH LYONS, Assignee of C. B. Bartley, Sept. 1, 1875.

VALUABLE FARM AT PRIVATE SALE! ON a private and declining health, the undersigned offers, at private sale, his farm situated in Walker township, Juniata county, three miles west of Thompsonstown, near mill race of Mearns, and one mile south of Vanwert, adjoining lands of J. N. Thompson, J. S. Lukens, David Aitman and others, containing ONE HUNDRED ACRES, Ninety acres of which are cleared and under good fences, and in a good state of cultivation, having all been well manured within the last five years; the balance is well set with good timber, such as locust, chestnut, oak and hickory. There are Two Good Dwelling Houses on the premises, a good FRAME BARN with Water Shed and Cows attached, and all other necessary outbuildings—all in good condition. There is a never-failing Spring of good water convenient to both houses, and never-failing Springs of water in every field except two. There are two good APPLE ORCHARDS, one in good bearing condition, the other just beginning to bear; also an abundance of other fruits, such as Peas, Peaches, Plums, Quinces and Cherries. This property is pleasantly located, convenient to churches, schools and mills, and will be sold on easy terms. Call on or address JOHN W. SARTAIN.

If the above property is not sold privately, it will be offered on that day at public sale. [sig] '75

Public Examinations. THE Public Examinations of Teachers will be held in the different districts of the county at the following times and places: Mifflintown and Fermanagh, at Mifflintown school house, August 30th; Patterson and Milford, at Patterson school house, August 31st; Beale, at Juniata school house, Sept. 1; Spruce Hill, at Spruce Hill school house, Sept. 2nd; Port Royal and Turbett, at Port Royal school house, Sept. 3rd; Foyette, at McAlister school house, Sept. 6th; Monroe, at Richmond school house, Sept. 8; Susquehanna, at Prosperity school house, Sept. 9th; Greenwood, at Will's school house, September 10th; Thompsonstown and Delaware, at Thompsonstown school house, September 13th; Tuscarora, at McCulloch's Mills school house, September 15th; Lark, at Lark school house, Sept. 16th. Special examinations will be held at Mifflintown September 18th and 25th, and October 2nd.

Applicants must be examined in the districts where they expect to teach, and in the several branches required by law. Classes will be organized at six o'clock. JOHN M. GARMAN, County Superintendent.

THE SENTINEL AND REPUBLICAN has the superior as an advertising medium in this county and is a journal of rank, and reading it is not surpassed by any weekly paper in central Pennsylvania.

Drugs & medicines at Banks & Duvall's.

New Advertisements.

Excutors Notice. Letters Testamentary on the estate of La Thomas McCully, deceased.

Administrator's Notice. Estate of Joseph S. Laird, deceased.

Auditor's Notice. THE undersigned, Auditor, appointed by the Orphans Court of Juniata county to make distribution of the balance in the hands of James B. Thompson, Administrator of John M. Thompson, late of the borough of Port Royal, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will meet all parties interested for the purpose of his appointment at his office in the borough of Mifflintown, on Monday, September 27, 1875, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. of said day, when and where all persons having claims against said estate will present them, or be forever barred.

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I SHALL take pleasure in showing this popular Machine to any who wish to buy a first-class article. It has won its way to the front ranks. Call and see it; let me know who you are and where you live. Address W. H. AIKENS, Agent, angles-3m Mifflintown, Pa.

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