SENTINEL & REPUBLICAN

MIFFLINTOWN.

Wednesday, April 28, 1875.

B. F. SCHWEIER,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

Call of the State Committee.

The Republicans of the State of Pennsylvania are hereby requested to assemble by their delegates in State Convention at noon on Wednesday, the 26th day of May, 1875, in the Fulton Opera House, at the city of Lancaster, for the purpose of nominating candidates for Governor and State Treasurer. Each Representative and Senatorial District will be entitled to the same representation as it has under the present apportionment for Senators and Representatives in the Legislature.

RUSSELL ERRETT, Chairman.

A. Wilson Norris, Secretary.

Compulsory Education.

In the articles that "A Poor Man," so called by himself, wrote for the *Democrat and Register* in advocacy of Compulsory Education there is not a word that leads the reader to believe that the writer comprehends what is involved in Compulsory Education, further than that it is to furnish a certain amount of intellectual training and clothing for the scholars. With him it is education and clothing; beyond that he does not see. He might as well have added entire support by the State; board and lodging for the pupils. Indeed he might have followed his idea or system to a conclusion, and advocated as such, that the State shall come in and take the place of the family and establish a system for the rearing, clothing and educating of the children. For if the State has the right to compel the attendance at schools and clothe the scholars, it has the right to maintain, rear, clothe, and educate them. It has the right to do whatever other thing it pleases with the parent and child.

By the system that Compulsory Education inculcates the citizen is reduced to a cipher. He is nothing; the State is everything. This is no new doctrine; it is old. It may seem new by clothing it in the garb of Compulsory Education, but the reader and student of past governmental events among men sees in it nothing more or less than the State usurping the rights of the individual. It has been done numberless times in the past. It will be done here if it be allowed to insinuate itself. Give it a place to germinate, and in time it will leaven the whole body. It doubtless will require generations to develope itself, but that it will do so there is nothing more certain.

There is not a single case in all the past, to our knowledge, in which people, who of their own free will changed, even in the least, from the Liberal to the Arbitrary, ever recovered themselves. The arbitrary power of the State over the individual has been what the world has been fighting against for ages, and it has only been within a few years that the people of this country have got rid of it. Shall we now introduce it in a new form, only to again, after the lapse of years, reach the same despotic result? We are yet suffering, and will suffer for many years to come, financially, by having to pay the indebtedness that the Rebellion of the South imposed on the country. That was a war of the State against the right of the individual. It is true that it was not Compulsory Education; it was Compulsory Labor. The principle, however, is all the same. Perhaps this reference to the practical working of too much interference by the State over individual affairs, as illustrated, may induce "A Poor Man" to assume that if the people of the South had been educated the State could never have violated the rights of her citizens, as was done. But it was done by educated men. The head and front of the Southern Rebellion was the educated and cultivated men and women of the South. He, however, disposed of this point last week, by leaving America and going to Europe, where the first illustration that he produces is among a people having a strong government. A happy place to go for an illustration, indeed! He presents the saying of a Frenchman, that if the French people had been as well educated as the people of Germany, King William could not have taken Paris. He has not risen to the position from which he sees that it is only a Frenchman's excuse for getting whipped. It may do as a French excuse, but there is no more argument in it than to say that if the intellectual training of the two armies had been equal, the war would have only been a series of drawn battles, with no result for either side except that of the slaughter of people; or that when Napoleon the First marched all over Germany with his French army, they were the better educated, and because of that they were victorious. The moral purpose and patriotism that animate the rank and file of an army has as much and more to do with its fighting quality than mere intellectual training. The fact is, the Frenchman is unfortunate in his excuse, and "A Poor Man" is unfortunate in using the Frenchman, and the two together make a poor side for Compulsory Education.

After doing Jules Simon—the Frenchman—he introduces Saxony and Belgium. We have nothing to say against Saxony and Belgium or Prussia for maintaining a system of Compulsory Education. It is in accord with the spirit of their governments; but Saxony, Belgium and Prussia are not the United States of America. They have dynasty rule—Kings—and if "A Poor Man" meant to say that the people of the United States should adopt their system of government, he is advising them to do just what we said in our first editorial paragraph would be brought about by Compulsory Education.

One year ago Wilbur F. Story, editor of the Chicago *Times*, assailed the character of Miss Early, of Rockford, Ill. Last Wednesday an Illinois jury awarded Miss Early $25,000 damage against Mr. Story. It is probable that Story hereafter will be more particular and write more carefully the truth and less story. It cost Story a nice round sum to tell that story, and most likely it will prove the last story of the kind that he will ever tell. The amount of damage seems to be heavy, but when thoughtfully looked at, is it greater damage than to steal a woman's character by slander? By what right do men write away the character of women? If a man defames a woman, it is right to punish him—punish him through the courts. Put heavy damages on the defamers, and there will be less slander. The $25,000 that Story must pay will rid his community of woman defamers for years to come.

The jury that sat on the case must have been an honest and chivalrous one. It was under the spell of the spirit that moved Shakespeare to write—

"Who steals my purse steals trash,
'Tis somethings, 'twas mine, 'tis his,
And has been slave to thousands,
But he that filches from me
My good name, robs me of that
Which not enriches him,
And makes me poor indeed."

The Statistical Division of the Agricultural Department at Washington sums up an investigation of the wheat crop in the ground in this way: "The crop as a whole is much below the status of that of last year in April. The northern belt was generally protected by a covering of snow, leaving the roots intact, though the tops might be brown and lifeless in places. Between the 36th and 40th parallels of latitude the protection was less uniform, and continuous freezing and thawing in March were destructive in the more exposed situations, and injurious generally in a greater or less degree. The injury is greatest in those portions of Illinois, and Missouri and Kansas, in which the drought prevented early planting and adequate root development before the coming of winter. In the area south of the thirty-sixth parallel wheat is uninjured by the frost, and vigorous, even luxuriant, in some districts. The advantage of drilling over broadcasting is in all sections unanimously asserted. In California the early sown is an assured success; that put in late is less vigorous, and fears are entertained that the prevailing north winds and the absence of the late rains may greatly reduce the yield of that less advanced portion of the crop. There is an apparent increase of about 7 per cent. in the area of winter wheat, amounting in round numbers to a million and a half acres, though that portion winter-killed and to be replanted in other crops may be equal in the west to the enlargement of planted area. This increase is small in the middle States; considerable in Illinois and Missouri and proportionately largest in the Gulf States and in Kansas, reaching 30 per cent. in the southwest."

The Democrats in Louisiana have violated the contract for the settlement of the troubles in that State, as entered into by all parties concerned down there and the Congressional Committee.

News Items.

Living grasshoppers are found, in considerable numbers, in wheatfields in Bedford county.

A Chester man nearly choked to death in attempting to swallow a big oyster. The bivalve stuck in his throat and could not be pulled up, and he grew black in the face before it was pushed down.

"Does the Lord love a man who spends at a church festival the money he owes his washerwoman?" is the question over which a Warrenton, Pa., Library Association quarrels.

Mayor Hunter, of Brooklyn, refused to marry a youth of fifteen to a widow of forty, recently.

By direction of the Secretary of the United States Treasurer, all checks and drafts on National Banks are to be subjected to the inspection of examiners.

Frost last week did great damage to fruit and cotton in South Carolina.

Frost destroyed the peach crop in Ohio.

Colored people in Richmond, Va., celebrated the anniversary of the evacuation of that city on the 20th inst.

Frost last week did great damage to tobacco and fruit in Kentucky.

Oscar Burton was killed at Somerville, Tenn., on the 19th inst., by a man named Doyle. Burton had a terrible fight with three brothers named Rives last autumn, during which two of the Riveses were killed and the other dangerously wounded, Burton being shot nine times, though not fatally wounded.

The Lock Haven *Republican* says: A young man named Joseph Yeader, aged about twenty-two years, died on the night of the 19th inst., under the most distressing circumstances. The deceased, in company with several other young men had been drinking very freely during the evening, and when the hour for retiring came they were unable to help themselves. They were put to bed, and during the night the young man Yeader, from some cause, strangled to death. In the morning when his companions awoke a sight met their gaze such as they shall never forget! Death had entered their very room and taken one. How powerful a warning! Will its warning voice be heeded? The deceased was taken to his home, in the lower part of the city, the next morning.

A draft of a constitution for the proposed confederation of all the Presbyterian churches has been completed, and will be considered at the meeting next July in London.

Boston's City Councils have voted $30,000 to celebrate the Centennial of Bunker Hill on June 17.

Hod-carriers in Brooklyn are on a strike, and that has thrown the bricklayers out of employment.

The adventists of Millerites of Chicago assembled before midnight on Monday, the 19th inst., with their white robes on, all ready for departure. After waiting until near daylight they quietly dispersed, having come to the conclusion that the time to go up had not yet come.

Westmoreland county, in this State, will have a grand Centennial celebration on May 15, in honor of the Declaration of Independence by the citizens of that county.

A gang of thieves have been arrested at Logansport, Ind., who have for months been engaged in robbing the cars of the Pittsburg, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railroad at that point. Among them were railroad employes, a farmer, and one merchant, who had been selling the stolen goods from his store. A large quantity of the stolen articles were recovered.

A Mrs. Van Buren, aged about sixty years, a resident of Kingston, New York, died from the effects of taking two ounces of laudanum on the night of the 21st inst. She was a spiritualist, and on the day preceeding the suicide told her friends that the spirits said she should kill herself. She was out of mind.

An ex treasurer of South Carolina is charged with the embezzlement of $28,000 of the Sinking Fund of that State. He is in jail and wants bail.

The following relative to wheat and fruit has been published within the past few days extensively, showing the condition of the fruit and wheat crops from sixty-one towns in Ohio and thirty-one in Indiana. In Ohio the peach crop will be a complete failure; the apples are but slightly injured. In regard to other fruit one town reports a good crop, twelve report a half crop, forty-eight report no crop at all. As to wheat, twenty-four towns report the crop uninjured; twenty-two report a half crop; twelve no crop. In Indiana thirteen towns report the crop uninjured, eight a half crop, and nine no crop. As to fruit, three report a good crop, seven a half crop, and twenty-one no crop. Advices from ten towns in western Pennsylvania indicate about half a crop each in fruit and wheat.—A special from Detroit, Mich., states that reports from all parts of Michigan indicate that the drought and cold weather have greatly injured the wheat crop, killed off the peaches very generally, and seriously damaged small fruits. Apples promise a good yield. Plentiful rains may improve the wheat crop very materially.

The Norwalk *Gazette* tells the following good story about Grant: There is one family that will never forget our President, despite these tendencies of political parties or partisans. The story we give was furnished us by one who knows its truth, and as it has never got into print, we narrate it, as evincing the fact that General Grant has got a heart, at all events. The wife of a defaulting officer called upon President Grant last December to implore the release of her husband from the Albany penitentiary. She told the President that, crushing as the sorrow was to herself, she would try to bear it, but that every morning, without an exception, since her husband's incarceration, her four little children had come to her bedside with the tearful inquiry: "Will dear papa come home to-day?" "This plea of my children will, I know, ere long drive me into insanity. And now," said she, "my little ones have varied that agonizing questioning, with a pathos that is maddening, to 'Won't pa come home Christmas?'" "Madam, I will consult the Attorney-General and do whatever I can for your husband with his approval" "I know that will all be useless," said the grief-stricken wife. "His decision will only be adverse, and I may as well go home and tell my children at once that their papa can't come home, and give up in despair." "Wait a moment," said the President, and sitting down he hastily penned a note to Attorney General Williams, and nervously handing it to her, said: "Go and tell your children that their papa shall come home Christmas!"—Almost fainting, the woman was carried from the Executive Office with the open note in her hand. On examining it, it was found to be a peremptory order for the immediate release of the husband and father. But this was not all. All over the page were great blots of the President's fast falling tears as he wrote. On the night before Christmas there was one house in Washington joyous as it had been desolate, and and other eyes dropped tears as the recital was made of President Grant's tenderness and mercy in restoring their long absent papa to the children of Paymaster Hodges.

Two editors in Paris fought a duel on the 20th inst. Both were wounded, and that satisfied them. The weapons used were swords.

The New York *Tribune* of the 20th inst. tells in the following how a young man was robbed in that city: One of the boldest robberies which has been noted in the city for a long time was perpetrated yesterday in one of the cars of the Avenue C line, near Fourteenth street. The person robbed was Wm. P. Golden, a young man employed by the Architectural Iron Works Company at No. 624 East Fourteenth st. Just before 2 o'clock Golden was sent to the Eleventh Ward Bank for money to pay off the workmen of the Company. The amount drawn, $3,500, was in bank notes of small denominations and made a package of considerable size. It was wrapped in a piece of brown paper and tied with twine.—Golden put the package under his arm and took an Avenue C car, which was well filled with passengers, getting a seat near the front door. Two well-dressed strangers got on the car soon after Golden, and stood leaning upon the straps. When the car reached Fourteenth street one of the strangers standing near the front door suddenly threw it wide open. At this the other man snatched the package from under Golden's arm and leaped from the platform. The driver had his hands occupied in managing the horses and the brake, and though the alarm was given promptly, both the men escaped and ran down Fourteenth street. Golden and others raised a hue and cry and gave chase. A wagon was waiting a short distance from the corner; the two men jumped in and were driven away swiftly and were lost sight of speedily. As further pursuit was then fruitless, Golden hastened to the Company's office and informed the manager of the robbery. The two came to the Police Central Office soon afterward. Superintendent Walling immediately sent out two detectives to work up the case. The Superintendent said that he believed that the robbery was the result of a deeply-laid plan. The robbers stationed the team where it might be handy whichever way Golden might return from the bank. Two of them must have followed him to the bank and have seen him draw the money.—Golden took little notice of the two men until his bundle of money was snatched from him, and then the whole was done so quickly that he hardly observed how they looked or what clothing they wore. The promptness with which the wagon took up the robbers and the rapidity with which it was driven off utterly cut off all chance of pursuit on foot, and no other vehicle happened to be near.

A despatch from Millersville, dated on the 22nd inst., says: An unknown man, apparently a German, was found in a dying condition last evening on the line of the West Jersey Railroad, about a mile north of this place. He expired soon after being discovered. On examination of the place where the man was discovered, a club with blood marks was found, and it is believed that this is the instrument with which the murder was committed. The body was taken in charge by the Mayor. It is supposed that his name was Joseph Obert, aged about 50 years, from Buchou, Wirtemburg. The murderer is about 22 years of age, five feet seven inches high, and gives the name of Francis Schwartz. He had in his possession a valise containing articles supposed to have been stolen from his victim. Swartz has confessed his crime.

A fire in Corry, Pa., on the 21st, caused damage to the extent of $50,000.

Hon. Thomas Scott and Ben Perley Poore are in Mexico. So despatches state.

President Grant's Attorney General, Williams, has resigned.

A cotton mill at Zanesville, Ohio, was damaged by fire, on the evening of the 21st, to the extent of $25,000.

A fire in Sing Sing prison, N. Y., damaged the property to the amount of $15,000.

The Odd Fellows of Eastern Pennsylvania are about to establish a home for their members who have become disabled by reason of age or infirmity.

Elner Moore, arrested in Wilmington, Del., some time since, for setting fire to a stable, has turned State's evidence, and has implicated two other men who he says fired several buildings. Both the accused have been held to answer.

Amity township, Berks county, has a constable who has filled the office for 42 years. He is 80 years old.

Mrs. Governor Guston, Mrs. Charles Francis Adams and a large number of other ladies, have signed an appeal to the ladies of Boston to aid the Philadelphia Centennial by holding fairs, festivals, etc.

The number of Jews in New York is put down at $80,000.

Union printers struck in the office of the *Daily Chronicle*, on the 22nd inst., in Washington, D. C., but the paper was issued by other hands.

Severe weather has damaged the Union Pacific Railroad. A despatch from Salt Lake City on the 22nd inst., says: A report from Green River this morning says that the track east and west is in a bad condition; that the railroad company have about 400 men at work repairing the track east of that point, and about twenty teams for making a transfer of seven miles. He thinks they will get the track repaired in about twenty days. Still another washout is reported this evening near Church Buttes, and an engine and two cars are in a ditch. This washout trouble extends from Ogden, Utah, to Rock Springs, Wyoming, a distance of 200 miles.

On the 23d inst., Fred. Kiernan was sentenced in Hudson county, N. J., to eighty-four years imprisonment for stealing the funds of the Hoboken Savings Bank and forgery. He was indicted on eleven charges.

Tioga county, this State, has silver ore. The quantity is not stated by despatch.

Delaware State takes dogs for school purposes. The tax on a male is one dollar and on a female two dollars.

They use Tennessee cedar lumber in Pittsburg for Nicolson pavement.

The whipping post has not gone entirely out of use in Virginia.

A Catholic priest in Troy, N. Y., goes around among grog-shops and barrooms on Sunday afternoons to learn the habits of his members.

A New Yorker has started a cheese factory at Round Rock, Texas.

A Dr. Brown, formerly of Niles, Mich., has been appointed surgeon general to the Khedive of Egypt. He gets $7,000 annually in gold, servants and a house.

A jeweler in Jackson, Mich., has lately afforded a warning to evil-doers by receiving a sentence of imprisonment with hard labor for two years and six months for sending postal cards containing indecent matter through the mails. The judge who tried him would have pronounced a much heavier sentence had not the criminal pleaded guilty.

In a murder trial at Bangor, Maine, the other day, the skull of the victim was brought into court, when the accused caused a profound sensation by taking it into his hands and moralizing thus: "This skull had a tongue once! I wish it had one now; for, if it could speak, it would tell a different story from what some of these witnesses told. It would say I never so much as injured a hair of his head by any word or any deed I done him."

John E. George, a citizen of Lebanon, this State, committed suicide by shooting himself, last Friday.

A citizen of Richmond, Va., committed suicide last Thursday night, by taking morphine.

On Friday the treasurer of the People's Line of Steamers from New York to Albany, committed suicide by shooting himself.

On the 22nd inst., a meeting of the Executive Board of the Miners' and Laborers' Association was held at Pottsville to discuss and vote upon whether to continue the strike or not. The result was a large majority vote in favor of continuing the strike.

A despatch from Hazleton, dated on the 22nd inst., says: News was received to day of a raid last night by a band of armed men, estimated to number about one hundred, who entered the house of Jasper Ely, a farmer residing a mile and a half north of Eckley. The mob destroyed the furniture and carried off a quantity of clothing belonging to the family. Shots were fired into the house, but the members of the family received no injury. Inquiries were made for Mr. Ely, but fortunately he was away from home over night.

Last week some young ruffians took Mrs. Lavant Hill, of Monroe, Ashtabula county, Ohio, and covered her with tar, and otherwise abused her. Nothing has thus far been done to punish the villians.

A few days since, an octogenarian of Dayton, Ohio, published a challenge for any of his age to try a foot race with him, and a lady of eighty-one has signalled her intention of accepting the challenge, provided the race comes off at some private place.

Major General Devens, the Commander-in-Chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, has issued a general order for the general observance of Saturday, May 29th, as Decoration Day by that society, inasmuch as the 30th falls on Sunday; but a supplemental clause makes provision for the observance of the 31st, instead of the 29th, in certain States which have by law provided for observing the day on the Monday following the 30th, when the latter falls on Sunday.

Ike Dorsey, a Warren county lumberman, bought a curry-comb, put it in his coat tail pocket, went to church, sat down on the insinuating side of it, hopped out into the aisle with a "war-whoop," was rebuked by the preacher, and thrown out of doors by the sexton, all in three minutes, church time.

The New Castle (Lawrence county) *Guardian* says: There is a married lady living within three miles of this city, who within the past fourteen years has had eleven children at five births.—Four births were twins, the fifth triplets, consisting of two boys and a girl; the triplets are only a few weeks of age.

The following additional particulars relative to the late outrages near Hazleton are given under date of the 23d from the latter place: The raid of Wednesday night was followed by another last night, resulting in the death of one man and the narrow escape of another. The raid of last night occurred at the house of James Morrison, some two or three miles beyond the scene of Wednesday night's disturbance. Jasper Ely, whose place was attacked the previous night, together with his brother-in-law, F. Lauderburn, were stopping at Morrison's over night. On the arrival of the mob Ely escaped by climbing a hill. Lauderburn, however, was badly beaten by the crowd, and received a flesh wound in the head from a musket ball. He fired two pistol shots during the melee and evidently killed one of the miners, as one of them was found by the crowd at the head of the stairs in a dying condition. This discovery diverted the attention of the mob, and while they were disposing of their comrade, who by this time was dead, Lauderburn made his escape. Lauderburn was one of those merchants, doing business in Hazleton, who refused to assist the Sheriff when the latter needed assistance. He had also been supplying the miners with muskets for a year or two past, and his experience of last night among his chosen friends has so disgusted him as to lead him to make a personal request of General Osborne that the troops shall not only not be withdrawn, but that the outposts may be extended and strengthened. In view of his previous opposition to the troops his sudden conversion causes much amusement and comment. A party who started to follow the mob, after they had finished their work at Morrison's, discovered the body of the dead miner, which had been carried off and secreted under a pile of leaves. He was recognized as one of the leaders in the attack on Ely's house on Wednesday night.

New Advertisements.

South Pennsylvania Railroad.

A SPECIAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the South Pennsylvania Railroad Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 534 Washington St., in the city of Reading, Pa., on MONDAY, MAY 10, 1875, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of accepting or rejecting the provisions of the act of Assembly approved May 15, 1874, entitled "An act relative to forfeiture of charters or grants of special or exclusive privileges to railroad, turnpike and plankroad companies," and of taking a vote of the said stockholders for or against consenting to accept the Constitution of the State, adopted December 16, 1873, and to thereafter hold the Charter of the Company, subject to all the provisions thereof.

By order of the Board,

F. J. GROTEVENT, *Secretary.*

April 28, 1875.

A Valuable Farm at PRIVATE SALE!

THE undersigned, Agents of Isaac File, offer at Private Sale an excellent Farm situate at Kurtz's Crossroads in Delaware township, Juniata county, Pa., bounded by lands of David B. Dimm, Jacob Kurtz, S. O. Evans, and others, containing

EIGHTY ACRES,

being all cleared and in a good state of cultivation, having all been lately well fenced; with

GOOD BUILDINGS,

and good running water. Terms will be easy. Further information can be had by calling on or addressing us at Oriental P.O., Juniata county, or Isaac File, residing on the premises.

S. G. DRESSLER,
ABEL SHAEFFER, *Agents.*

April 28-2m

SCHOMACKER PIANOS

Were again awarded the highest premium, **over all makers, at the late Franklin Institute Exhibition**, and are the only First-class Instruments that can be obtained at Manufacturer's cost prices,

$300

For an Elegant 7½ oct. Rosewood Piano.

The following are a few of the Principal Medals received:

First Prize Medal, (Franklin Institute,) 1874
" Silver " (Grand Piano,) 1858
" Prize " Crystal Palace World Fair, N. Y. 1853
" Gold " American Institute, N Y 1848
" Prize " Maryland Institute, Baltimore, 1848
" Silver " Franklin Institute, Phil. 1845

Pianos ordered by mail, are carefully selected, and remittance is not required, until the instrument has been received and approved. All our styles and classes are built of the same excellent material and workmanship. Every instrument is fully **guaranteed.**

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BUYERS & KENNEDY,

(Successors to D. P. Sulouff,)

DEALERS IN

GRAIN,

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CEMENT.

Calcined Plaster, Land Plaster,

SEEDS, SALT, &C.

We buy Grain to be delivered at either Mifflintown or Perrysville. We will also have coal at both places to suit the trade.

We are prepared to furnish Salt to dealers at reasonable rates.

BUYERS & KENNEDY.

April 21, 1875-tf

Bank Stock at Public Sale.

THE undersigned, Administrator of the estate of Michael Hoffman, deceased, late of Fayette township, Juniata county, Pa., will sell at public sale, at the COURT HOUSE, in the borough of Mifflintown, on TUESDAY, MAY 11, 1875, at 1 o'clock P. M., twenty shares of JUNIATA VALLEY BANK STOCK.

JOHN HECKMAN, Adm'r.

April 21, 1875.

RESOLUTION PASSED BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF S. & N. B. R. R. CO., APRIL 9, 1875:

All parties who subscribed in cross-ties for S. & N. B. R. R. will deliver them immediately along line of road, and those failing to do so before May 1st, 1875, shall pay cash for their subscriptions. The ties will be regularly inspected and receipts given for them by Thos. S. Moorehead.

W. A. MEEKER, *President.*

April 21, 1875.

The SENTINEL AND REPUBLICAN has no superior as an advertising medium in this county, and as a journal of varied news and reading it is not surpassed by any weekly paper in central Pennsylvania.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Cornelius Bartley, deceased, on Book Account, are requested to settle the same on or before the 1st day of May, 1875. After that date all unpaid accounts will be placed in the hands of a proper officer for collection.

JOSEPH ROTHROCK, *Adm'r.*

April 14, 1875.

Notice of Election.

NOTICE is hereby given to the stockholders of the Riverside Park and Agricultural Association of Juniata County that an election for officers to serve for the ensuing year, will be held on the second Thursday (being the 13th day) of May, 1875, between the hours of 2 o'clock P. M. and 4 o'clock P. M., at the office of Robert McMeen, on Bridge street, in the borough of Mifflintown, Pa.

JAMES McKNIGHT, *Prest.*

R. McMEEN, *Sec'y.* April 14.

Tuscarora Academy.

THE Summer Session, 39th school year, will begin May 4th, 1875. Three full courses of study: Normal, Business, Collegiate. A good opportunity afforded to become practical surveyors. Instruction given upon the Piano, Organ, in Painting and Drawing. Specially good accommodations in the neighborhood may be secured by a few young ladies. For terms, &c., address

D. DI STONE, Ph. D., Principal,
April 7, 1875. Academia, Pa.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Henry R. Graybill, deceased.

LETTERS of Administration on the estate of Henry R. Graybill, late of McAlisterville, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will please present them without delay to

REUBEN CAVENY,
April 7, 1875. *Administrator.*

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Adam Dressler, deceased.

LETTERS of Administration *cum testamento annexo* on the estate of Adam Dressler, deceased, late of Monroe township, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted thereto are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, to make them known without delay, to

THOMAS DRESSLER.
March 31, 1871.

Register's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following named persons have filed their Administrators, Executors, and Guardian accounts in the Register's Office of Juniata county, and the same will be presented for confirmation and allowance at the Court House in Mifflintown, on Tuesday, May 11, 1875:

1. The account of Samuel F. Sieber, Administrator of Emanuel Spicher, late of Walker township, deceased.
2. The account of J. W. Milliken, Administrator of Samuel Milliken, deceased, late of Tuscarora township.
3. The account of Amos Miller, Administrator of John Hahn, deceased, late of Susquehanna township.
4. Final account of W. H. Lukens, Administrator of Martha S. Lukens, deceased, late of Walker township.
5. Final account of Amanda Patton, Administratrix of Austin S. Patton, deceased, late of Walker township.
6. Third partial account of Joseph Rothrock, Executor of Robert C. Gallaher, deceased, late of Fermanagh township.

J. T. METLIN, *Register.*

REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Mifflintown, Apr. 12, 1875.

JUNIATA VALLEY BANK.

Pomeroy, Patterson, Jacobs & Co.

MIFFLINTOWN, JUNIATA COUNTY, PA.

CAPITAL, $50,000.

GEORGE JACOBS, President.
T. VAN IRVIN, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

Jerome N. Thompson, John Balsbach, John J. Patterson, H. H. Bechtel, George Jacobs, J. W. Frank, Amos G. Bonsall,

United States Securities, Bonds, &c. bought and sold.

Gold and Silver bought at highest rates

Deposits received, collections made, drafts on the principal cities, and a general banking business transacted.

Bonds and other valuable papers received on special deposit. [June3'74-tf

NEW DRUG STORE.

BANKS & HAMLIN,

(Belford Building,)

Main Street, Mifflintown, Pa.

DEALERS IN

DRUGS AND MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, DYE STUFF, PAINTS OILS, VARNISHES, GLASS, PUTTY, COAL OIL, LAMPS, BURNERS, CHIMNEYS, BRUSHES, HAIR BRUSHES, TOOTH BRUSHES, PERFUMERY, COMBS, SOAPS, HAIR OIL, TOBACCO, CIGARS, NOTIONS, STATIONERY

A LARGE VARIETY OF

PATENT MEDICINES,

Selected with great care, and warranted from high authority.

☞ Purest of WINES AND LIQUORS for medical purposes.

☞ PRESCRIPTIONS compounded with great care. [June 22-tf.

S. B. LOUDON,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

in room on second story of R. E. Parker's new building, on

Main Street, Mifflintown, Pa.

FASHIONABLE GOODS always on hand.

CUSTOM WORK DONE on the shortest notice.

GOODS SOLD by the yard or pattern.

PERSONS buying goods can have them cut in garments free of charge.

BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS also for sale.

ALL WORK WARRANTED.

PRICES LOW.

Oct 22, 1873-tf

GREAT REDUCTION

—IN THE—

PRICES OF TEETH!

Full Upper or Lower Setts as Low as $5

No teeth allowed to leave the office unless the patient is satisfied.

Teeth remodeled and repaired.

Teeth filled to last for life.

Teeth extracted without pain, by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, always on hand.

Owing to the hard times, I will insert full single sets teeth, of the very best kind, for $15.00. Temporary sets $5.00 extra.

Toothache stopped in five minutes without extracting the tooth, at the Dental Office of G. L. DERR, established in Mifflintown in 1860.

G. L. DERR,
Jan 24, 1872.] Practical Dentist.

A large assortment of Queensware, China ware, Glassware, Crockeryware, Cedarware, &c., for sale cheap by

J. & H. A. STAMBAUGH.

New Advertisements.

N. F. BURNHAM'S TURBINE WATER WHEEL

Was selected 4 years ago, and put to **work** in the **U. S. Patent Office, D. C.,** and has **proved** to be the **best.** 19 sizes made. **Prices lower** than any other first-class Wheel. Pamphlet free. Address N. F. BURNHAM, York, Pa.

$75 A WEEK to Agents to sell an article *saleable as flour.* Profits immense. Package free. Address BUCKEYE M'F'G Co., Marion, Ohio.

SAFE THING FOR AGENTS.—Article to be sold pays splendidly. Prime necessity in every family. Ladies make large commissions in selling. Agents report immense sales. Article light, elegantly put up; circulars given free to help sales. Write at once to Jas. M. Stewart, Franklin, Mass.

GILES' LINIMENT IODIDE OF AMMONIA

TRADE MARK.

Cures Neuralgia, Face Ache, Rheumatism, Gout, Frosted Feet, Chilblains, Sore Throat, Erysipelas, Bruises and Wounds of every nature in man or animal. The remarkable cures this remedy has effected classes it as one of the most important and valuable remedies for the cure and relief of pain.

"In croup, laryngitis and pneumonia I have used *Giles' Liniment Iodide of Ammonia*, with marked and decided benefit."—ROBERT S. NEWTON, M. D., 187 W. 47th street, New York.

HARRIS & EWING,
Wholesale Agents, 341 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Depot 457 Sixth Avenue, N. Y.

For sale by Banks & Hamlin, Druggists, Mifflintown, Pa.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Terms free. Address GEO. STINSON & Co., Portland, Me.

$77 A WEEK guaranteed to Male and Female Agents, in their locality. Costs NOTHING to try it. Particulars Free. P. O. VICKERY & Co., Augusta, Maine.

MOST EXTRAORDINARY

Terms of Advertising are offered for Newspapers in the State of

PENNSYLVANIA!

Send for list of papers and schedule of rates. Address

Geo. P. Rowell & Co., Advertizing Agents,

No. 41 Park Row, New York.

NOTICE:

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE

SPECIAL TAXES

MAY 1, 1875, to APRIL 30, 1876.

The Revised Statutes of the United States, Sections 3232, 3247, 3258, and 3259, require every person engaged in any business, avocation, or employment which renders him liable to a SPECIAL TAX, *to procure and place conspicuously in his establishment or place of business* a STAMP denoting the payment of said Special Tax for the Special Tax Year beginning May 1, 1875, before commencing or continuing business after April 30, 1875. The taxes embraced within the provisions of the law above quoted are the following, viz:

Rectifiers	$200 00
Dealers, retail liquor	25 00
Dealers, wholesale liquor	100 00
Dealers in malt liquors, wholesale	50 00
Dealers in malt liquors, retail	20 00
Dealers in leaf tobacco	25 00
Retail dealers in leaf tobacco	500 00
And on sales of over $1,000, fifty cents for every dollar in excess of $1,000	
Dealers in manufactured tobacco	5 00
Manufacturers of stills	50 00
And for each still manufactured	20 00
And for each worm manufactured	20 00
Manufacturers of tobacco	10 00
Manufacturers of cigars	10 00
Peddlers of tobacco, first class (more than two horses or other animals)	50 00
Peddlers of tobacco, second class (two horses or other animals)	25 00
Peddlers of tobacco, third class (one horse or other animal)	15 00
Peddlers of tobacco, fourth class (on foot or public conveyance)	10 00
Brewers of less than 500 barrels	50 00
Brewers of 500 barrels or more	100 00

Any person, so liable, who shall fail to comply with the foregoing requirements will be subject to severe penalties.

Persons or firms liable to pay any of the Special Taxes named above must apply to CHAS. J. BURNER, Collector of Internal Revenue at SUNBURY, and pay for and procure the Special-Tax Stamp or Stamps they need, prior to May 1, 1875, and without further notice.

J. W. DOUGLASS,
Commissioner of Internal Revenue

OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE,
Washington, D. C., Feb. 1, 1875.

NEW PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY.

Bridge Street, Mifflintown, Pa.

JOSEPH HESS would respectfully invite all who want GOOD PHOTOGRAPHS of themselves or their friends to give him a call, and be convinced that this is the place to get

GOOD PICTURES.

Having prepared himself with the BEST INSTRUMENTS in the market, and all the

LATEST IMPROVEMENTS

that constitute a

First-Class Photograph Gallery,

he invites all his friends and the public generally to favor him with their patronage, and they will be accommodated with anything in the line of Photography.

Pictures taken from Card to Life Size, and Painted, if desired, in Oil or Water Colors.

Small Pictures copied and enlarged.

Old Ambrotypes or Daguerreotypes also copied and enlarged, and painted if desired.

A good selection of FRAMES kept on hand at all times, and cheaper than ever.

Solid Walnut Frames,
Gilt Frames,
Imitation Walnut Frames,
Imitation Rosewood Frames,
Rustic Frames,
Cabinet Imperial Frames,
Picture Nails, Screw-eyes, Cord and Tassel, &c.

JOSEPH HESS.

Mifflintown, Jan. 7, 1874.

BLATCHLEY'S

Improved CUCUMBER WOOD PUMP the acknowledged STANDARD of the market, by popular choice, the best pump for the least money. Attention is invited to Blatchley's Improved Bucket, the Drop Check Valve, which can be withdrawn without disturbing the points, and the copper chamber which never cracks, scales or rusts and will last a life time. For sale by Dealers and the trade generally. In order to be sure that you get Blatchley's Pump, be careful and see that it has my trade-mark as above. If you do not know where to buy, descriptive circulars, together with the name and address of the agent nearest you, will be promptly furnished by addressing, with stamp,

CHAS. G. BLATCHLEY,
MANUFACTURER,
566 Commerce St., Philadelphia, Pa.