SENTINEL & REPUBLICAN

MIFFLINTOWN.

Wednesday, April 14, 1875.

B. F. SCHWEIER,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

Call of the State Committee.

The Republicans of the State of Pennsylvania are hereby requested to assemble by their delegates in State Convention at noon on Wednesday, the 26th day of May, 1875, in the Fulton Opera House, at the city of Lancaster, for the purpose of nominating candidates for Governor and State Treasurer. Each Representative and Senatorial District will be entitled to the same representation as it has under the present apportionment for Senators and Representatives in the Legislature.

RUSSELL ERRETT, Chairman.

A. WILSON NORRIS, Secretary.

ON the 24th of last March this editorial item appeared in the SENTINEL AND REPUBLICAN:

Compulsory education people in Maine advocate the enactment of a school law that provides for the clothing of destitute children as well as for the educating of them. Why not declare for an Emperor, a dynasty at once?

In the *Democrat and Register* of the 7th of this month a writer who signs himself "A Poor Man," which if it were true that he is, but which is not true, belongs to the very kind of people that the proposed compulsory laws will in a few generations reduce to the condition of serfs, publishes a communication as if in answer to our short editorial. The answer, indeed, answers nothing. Instead of addressing himself to the question of Compulsory Education and stating how its compulsory and arbitrary features are to be shaped so as to harmonize or agree with the theory, ideas, principles and practice of American government—American liberty—he abandons the question entirely, after stating it just as we stated it, and opens a personal article against us. We felt humiliated when we realized by the perusal of his article that the championing of Compulsory Education in this county had fallen to the lot of an individual whose mental capacity is of that quality that he cannot consider the question on its merits, and cannot rise higher in considering it than personal attack on its opponents. We felt humiliated to realize that in his mind we stood higher than the question of Compulsory Education, and that instead of leveling blows at our position he directs them at us. He says we have no feeling, and need heart culture, for intimating in the above quoted editorial item from our columns, that when a State assumes to take people from their homes and clothe them without the existence of the greatest danger—such as in times of war, in which the existence of the State is in unmistakable danger—is on the highway, running at a rapid rate to despotism. He talks in a clap trap way about poor people, just if we were advocating something against their interest. Any and every infringement on the rights and freedom of the individual, except for the preservation of order, is a step in the direction of despotism. All who fight against the encroachment of despotism fight the battles of the poor, for despotism, dynasty or family rule have always in time out of date been the greatest enemies to the poor, and if a depotism and a strong government is to settle gradually over us through the slow but sure approaches of such laws as have been proposed in Maine it were better to end the strife at once, and set up a strong government. Strong governments are not in the interest of poor people. Compulsory Education is but the entering wedge to the splitting asunder of our system of government by adopting systems of compulsory laws instead of laws of restraint to compel people to respect the rights of their fellowmen. Compulsory laws all tend to strong government; all tend to the subversion of individual rights, individual freedom, and tend to despotism. Despotism is in the interest of the few, and that few are not the poor. It does not matter how it comes, whether by the military, through the "pomp and circumstances of war," or clothed in the garb of religion, with the church by its side, or robed in the grace and sophistry of intellectual acquirement, it is despotism still, and will always become despotic when it is joined to the power of the State. The people of this country should not allow Education and State to become united, no more than they allow Church and State or Business and State to become united.

A NUMBER of people living in the riotous coal region have been to see Governor Hartranft, and represented that the violence of the strike is not of the dangerous character attributed to it, and asked him to withdraw the troops. The substance of the Governor's answer is, that sheriffs of the respective counties are instructed to order a withdrawal of troops just so soon as the violence of strikers abate so that lives of citizens are safe, and that they are secure in the possession of their property. It is apparent that Governor Hartranft is a great respecter of "State Rights," He has been exceedingly particular in every instance to make the sheriffs the mediums through which the military is to operate in the respective counties. Yet while he is one of the closest applicants of the doctrine of State Rights that ever governed this Commonwealth, he is equally positive that the central power of the Commonwealth as vested in him, shall not be ignored in any county or township in the State.

SENATOR LOGAN having been charged in an affidavit, purporting to be signed by one John S. Wheatley, with having at the beginning of the civil war recruited a body of men in Williamson county, Ill., for the confederate army, taken them across the Ohio river into Kentucky and there deserted them, he replies in a card denying it entirely. He says that the only man named Wheatley he ever heard of in Illinois, was in a poor house in that State, and is said to have been induced to sign this affidavit for a consideration, but afterwards denied it. In support of his statement Senator Logan produces a letter to him from Colonel Thorndike Brooks, a Maryland man who resided in Williamson county, Ill., when the war broke out, and there raised the only body of men ever taken from that county to the confederate army, and which he himself commanded during the war. He is now a well-known merchant in Baltimore, and he says that this pretended affidavit "is a lie throughout;" that the man Wheatley was never in Illinois before the war, and that Logan had nothing to do with the confederate troops raised there.—This slander appears to have been dead and buried in Illinois when the New York *World* exhumed it and put it on parade again. It will be observed that it was an electioneering dodge deliberately forged, and a man in the poorhouse had to put his name to it This is a fair specimen of the deliberate lying resorted to against every conspicuous Union soldier now in public position in the civil service of the nation. The next editor who publishes the slander ought to be treated to a dose of legal justice for it.—*North American.*

"MR. JAMES LLOYD GREENE, the defeated candidate for Governor of Connecticut, has sent this address to the editors of the Republican press of his State: "GENTLEMEN: Permit me to offer my heartiest thanks for the generous and loyal support you gave to Republican principles during the campaign, and also for the courteous treatment accorded men. The next best thing to victory is the consciousness of having made a good fight in a just cause. I hope and pray that you will continue to fight under the banner of universal freedom, universal citizenship, and universal education, until life, property, and freedom of speech are as safe in every Southern State as they are to-day in Connecticut. Believing in the ultimate establishment of these principles upon a sure foundation as firmly as I believe in the existence of a God, and because I believe in the existence of a God whose attributes are justice and mercy."

THE day may be designated in history when the Pope of Rome could enthrone or dethrone Kings. The political state of nations of Europe has changed since then. The bonds of Church and State are loosening. The Pope is no longer the ruler of temporal affairs. The present occupants of thrones he once governed are now telling or dictating what His Holiness shall do. A despatch from Europe, on the 7th, on this point, says: It is stated on high authority that the object of the interview between the Emperor of Austria and Victor Emanuel at Venice, is to get Italy to join Austria, Russia and Germany in preventing the election of an infallibilist Pope.

LAST week Prof. F. W. Walker, of Brooklyn, who has during the past two years been afflicted with muscular contraction of the face, procured at a drug store a quantity of "extract of conium, or hemlock," the same drug that was given to take the life of Socrates. After obtaining it he went home, took the poison, called his wife and requested her to note on paper the experience of his feeling as he expressed them. She did so. He repeated the dose several times, and all the while kept her writing the beats of his pulse and feeling, until finally he died, unexpectedly to his wife and it is believed also to himself. The last noted pulsation was 60.

THE Connecticut Legislature has been reconstructed by the election to stand this way: The Senate will stand 15 Democrats to 6 Republicans. The House is 109 Republicans to 133 Democrats and 1 Independent. Last year the Senate stood 17 Democrats to 4 Republicans, and the House 99 Republicans and 142 Democrats.

RHODE ISLAND held an election last Wednesday for State officers. The Republican Secretary of State was elected by about 12,000 majority, the largest majority, with one exception, ever given in that State.

OF the Senatorial party that started with such a blowing of trumpets a few days ago for Mexico all backed out when New Orleans was reached, excepting Tom Scott, the railway king, and Ben Perley Poor, a newspaper man.

IT is believed by men who profess to have acquaintance with circles that know, that the Pope will within a few years come to the United States and set up the Holy See in this country.

GOVERNOR TILDEN, of York State, has thrown his people into a state of excitement by pardoning Ingersoll, one of Boss Tweed's lieutenants. The country awaits an explanation.

A FEW days ago Germany believed that Charley Ross had been found in that country. It was some other boy.

STATISTICIANS assert that colored people seldom commit suicide.

"THE Boston School Committee have made the following formal order: Instruction shall be given in sewing to the fourth, fifth and sixth classes of girls in the grammar schools; and the several district committees may extend such instruction into the other classes of girls in their respective grammar schools, if they deem it advisable so to do. The District Committee of each school in which such instruction is given shall nominate to the Board, for confirmation, some qualified person as teacher of sewing, who shall give to each of the classes in which sewing is required two lessons a week of one hour each on different days or sessions of the school; and shall give, also, such lessons to the other classes, not exceeding the above in length and frequency, as said committee may require."

THE percentage of deaths in the District of Columbia this spring is stated by a Washington paper, among the white people to be 23.16 per centum, and 65 per centum among the colored people.

News Items.

Six convicts escaped from the New Jersey State prison, at Trenton, early on the morning of the 5th inst.

The body of an unknown man was found near Newport, Perry county, on Sunday a week, who is supposed to have been murdered. He had on his person a ticket from New York to St. Louis, dated February 1, 1875, a statement of the account of James Glynn for work done at $2.75 per day, and $25 in money. Another theory is that he died from injuries received in jumping from a train while in motion.

The health officer at Key West, Fla., reported four cases of yellow fever on the 2nd inst.

Two more men have arrived at Yankton, Dakota, from the Black Hills country, and the specimens of gold they have brought and the stories they tell caused much excitement.

The Senatorial excursion party to Mexico has been abandoned in consequence of fears of yellow fever and the sickness of Mrs. Morton.

Levi L. Miller, employed in a saw mill at Middleport, Schuylkill county, was caught in the fly wheel on the 7th inst., and crushed to death.

A regiment of Philadelphia troops were ordered to Hazleton to look to the turbulent miners.

At Springfield, Mass., David Keaveny, a lad aged 15, was arrested on the 7th inst., for killing his father, Michael Keaveny, at Petersham, on Easter Sunday, by striking him with a flat iron.

A carpenter, aged 50 years, stabbed himself to the heart with a pen-knife, in Baltimore, on the 6th inst., because he was cut of work.

General Pope has an Indian war on hand, among the Cheyenne Indians.

Two children in Philadelphia were poisoned the other day by eating arsenic which they found in the cellar of the home of one of them and mistook for sugar, spreading it on bread and eating it.

Six hundred people were killed and some three thousand wounded during the recent storm in Georgia and South Carolina.

A case of feminine Siamese twins is reported at Staunton, Indiana.

The New England cotton manufacturers are getting plenty of new hands, in place of the strikers, with no concession of prices.

A pleasant snow storm graced New York State last Wednesday.

Lewis Kimble, in taking a gun out of a buggy, at a point about 13 miles from Baltimore, to hunt, last Wednesday, accidentally discharged the piece, the contents entering his body, from the effects of which he died.

At Brownsville, Tenn., on the night of the 7th inst., Robert Midley, County Clerk, was shot and killed in his office by two brothers named Henry and Eli Bond. Disagreement in regard to the Clerk's fees was the cause. The Bonds surrendered themselves.

By confession H. S. Carson, a clerk in the employ of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company, is a defaulter to the amount of $50,000. He says two others are implicated with him.

The situation in the coal region has become serious. Many of the mines are flooded with water, and the miners not only refuse to pump them out, but drive off the men who volunteer to do so. It is stated that it will take at least four months to pump the water from the Luzerne mines, and this must be done before any coal can be mined therein.

Six thieves were captured in an attempt to rob a train on the Indianapolis and St. Louis Railroad, on the 6th inst. The conductor locked them in the car and carried them to St. Louis, where he handed them over to the police. Some others were discovered but escaped.

It is said that proofs have been obtained to show that four or five clerks in the Post office Department at Washington have been engaged with persons outside in procuring through fraud a number of contracts for mail service in the southwestern States. The contracts will be annulled and the clerks dismissed.

The flour, grain, and commission house of Howard Hinchman & Son, in Philadelphia, failed on the 8th inst.—their liabilities being placed at one hundred thousand dollars.

A whirlwind about 100 feet wide struck the Platte river bridge at Schuyler, Neb., on the 8th inst., and lifted four spans with roof from their places and dropped them into the river, leaving nothing but the piers. Several houses on the south side were blown down. Damage estimated at $20,000.

On the 8th inst., a fearful tornado swept through the town of Edinburg, Illinois, about 4½ o'clock in the afternoon. The Christian Church, in which some thirty or forty young ladies and gentlemen were rehearsing, was destroyed. About fifteen of the party had been taken out at last accounts. Miss Porter was dead; Dick Green wood had both legs broken; J. B. Eaton was seriously injured; Miss Sanders had both legs and one arm broken; Mr. Kemmerer had a jaw and shoulder broken. Several others, whose names have not been ascertained, were also injured. Five dwellings were also blown down, and an elevator was badly damaged.

Little Rock, Arkansas, was visited by a storm on the 8th inst., about 3 o'clock in the afternoon. The tornado uprooted trees and unroofed houses. A Mrs. Jones was killed and her two daughters seriously injured. Seven houses were destroyed.

Mrs. Oswald Ottendorfer, of New York, has donated $100,000 for the establishment of a Home for Aged or Infirm Persons of the Evangelical Lutheran denomination. It is intended to start the institution in New York, but eventually remove it to some desirable locality in the suburbs, probably to Astoria, Long Island, where Mrs. Ottendorfer owns some fine plats of ground, where a handsome building, adapted to the purpose, will be erected.

Thomas Carlyle is one of the most cynical of men. When at home he shuts himself in a garret-room, where everything is "confusion worse confounded." He dislikes company, and his customary afternoon walks are taken alone, and he stalks forward with the bloomiest possible visage.

Annie Miller, aged 15, of New York State, owned a large inheritance. In spite of her mother's remonstrances she married an Irishman, named Burns, who could not read or write his own name.

On the 9th inst., in New York, Gen. W. J. Marcks, who commanded the Ninth Indiana Regiment during the late war, and who was recently held by U. S. Commissioner Shields for dealing in counterfeit money, was indicted for that offence by the Grand Jury.

A new action in the courts of New York has been brought against Boss Tweed; it is for the recovery of $3,000,000.

Of the one hundred and thirty collieries worked last year in the Schuylkill, Columbia and Northumberland districts, the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company only worked thirty-eight; all the others are worked by individuals, except probably eight or ten worked by other companies.

All is quiet in the coal region. The military are guarding the mines in the vicinity of Hazleton, and as there is much popular indignation at the presence of troops the Governor has promised to withdraw them if the Sheriff of Luzerne county so advises. The miners of the Lackawanna section have resolved not to strike, and it is believed that this will have a good effect on the disaffected region.

Wilmington, Delaware, subscribed $5,000 for the purchase of Centennial stock.

Live grasshoppers have already been gathered in the wheat fields of Bradford county.

Paul Boynton started across the English Channel at 4:30 A. M., on Saturday, in his life safety dress. The distance is twenty-seven miles. A steamer accompanied him. At 7 o'clock he was fourteen miles out, in good spirits and smoking.

A despatch from London on Sunday says: Paul Boynton did not make the entire distance to Bolonge by swimming. He was taken on board the press steamer shortly after dusk yesterday evening against his own wish within eight miles of the coast. The weather had become boisterous, night was closing in, and the pilot declined the responsibility of guiding him after dark. The sea was so rough that nearly all on board the steamer were sick. The success of the life saving invention is conclusively established.

The wife of Louis Bahret, of Poughkeepsie, committed suicide some time before daylight on the morning of the 8th inst., by jumping into the Hudson river, while temporarily insane.

The Delaware and Hudson canal opened for navigation on Monday.

Colonel John M. Powell, one of the wealthiest planters and slave owners in Mississippi before the war, committed suicide in Brooklyn on the 9th inst., by taking morphine. Colonel Powell's grandfather was a cousin of George Washington.

Charles Bendix, formerly vice president of the Teutonia National Bank at New Orleans, committed suicide on the 9th inst., by taking poison. Cause, poverty.

In a recent boar hunt in France one wild boar disabled twenty dogs, and was only conquered by a bullet.

Corn is so scarce in mountain counties of Kentucky that hogs are dying from starvation.

The President will attend the Centennial Celebration of the Battle of Lexington on the 19th inst., in Massachusetts.

General W. J. Mancks has been indicted by the Grand Jury of the United States Circuit Court in New York for dealing in counterfeit money.

The town clerk of South Chicago refuses to sign the certificates of the candidates declared elected at the recent election, on the ground that great frauds were committed, and asks the court to set the election aside for these reasons.

A Baltimore beggar has retired from business with a fortune of $26,000.

Seven years is the time counted for the construction of the tunnel between England and France.

The young woman in Liverpool, disguised for months as a cabman, was at last detected by her unvarying civility, proper language, and refusal to take or ask more than the legal fare.

The epizootic has again appeared in Pictou county, Nova Scotia, and a number of valuable horses have fallen victims to it

One million dollars in silver blocks were received last week at the United States Assay offices in New York from California. Each block is worth $250.

Broom corn was introduced into our country by Dr. Franklin. While examing a whisk (imported) he accidentally found a single seed, which he planted in his garden, and from which the corn was propagated.

In Switzerland there was a marriage by proxy. A woman there was married to a man in America, the proxy being a neighbor and a man already married. The authorities are discussing whether this much married man has not committed bigamy.

Under the new law in Wisconsin every woman of the age of 21 and upward, residing in the district within which the duties of the office are to be performed, is eligible to the following offices: Director, collector and clerk of school district; director and secretary of town boards, under the township system of school government; member of a board of education in cities, and county superintendent of schools.

A case came up before a Crawford county (Ga.) justice of the peace one day last week, which was decided in a novel way. It seems that two negroes claimed the same calf, and to decide who was the rightful owner it was to be turned into the pen with a cow, and if the cow recognized it the decision was to be final. The calf was put into the lot, and the cow fondled and caressed it, proving that it was her calf. The other negro threw up the sponge and abided by the decision. In this case the cow was jury.

The old Danforth House at Pithole, which cost forty-thousand dollars when it was built, has been offered for a barrel of "tangle foot," by its present proprietor, which reminds us that this once famous city contains fifteen families now, or fifteen thousand inhabitants less than when the Danforth House was in blast.

A regular and extensive band of robbers, who have committed numerous depredations for some time past, in the vicinity of Chico, Arkansas, was broken up on Thursday night by a party of citizens, who were waiting for the scamps. Two of the robbers were killed by being fired upon. A third was drowned while attempting to escape, and two were imprisoned. Numerous persons who were connected with the gang have fled from their homes.

McKenzie, a farmer, was murdered in his house near Greenville, Illinois, on the night of the 8th inst. His body was dragged to the stable and thrown under the feet of a pair of mules. His wife and son were arrested on suspicion of being the murderers.

On the 8th inst. George Reynolds, a Mormon, of Utah, who was recently convicted of polygamy, at Salt Lake City, was sentenced to one year's confinement in the Penitentiary, and to pay a fine of three hundred dollars.

The strike at Hazelton still continues. There are about 1200 troops in that region, to preserve order.

At Scranton on the 9th inst., a vote by ballot was taken in several mines of the Delaware and Lackawanna and Western railroad company, to decide the question of a strike, and resulted 1,512 for and 319 against work. The result has given the most unbounded satisfaction. Hyde Park, where the vote was taken, rules the Lackawanna region, and for the present there will be no strike in that vicinity.

In the vicinity of Hazelton on the morning of the 9th inst., a party of Jeddo miners fired into Company I, of the First Regiment, doing guard duty at that point. Fire was returned, and a member of the company was wounded, but not seriously. This skirmish is the first brush between the military and the strikers.

New Advertisements.

Register's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following named persons have filed their Administrators, Executors, and Guardian accounts in the Register's Office of Juniata county, and the same will be presented for confirmation and allowance at the Court House in Mifflintown, on Tuesday, May 11, 1875:

1. The account of Samuel F. Sieber, Administrator of Emanuel Spicher, late of Walker township, deceased.
2. The account of J. W. Milliken, Administrator of Samuel Milliken, deceased, late of Tuscarora township.
3. The account of Amos Miller, Administrator of John Haines, deceased, late of Susquehanna township.
4. Final account of W. H. Lukens, Administrator of Martha S. Lukens, deceased, late of Walker township.
5. Final account of Amanda Patton, Administratrix of Gustin S. Patton, deceased, late of Walker township.
6. Third partial account of Joseph Rothrock, Executor of Robert C. Gallaher, deceased, late of Fermanagh township.

J. T. METLIN, *Register.*

REGISTER'S OFFICE, Mifflintown, Apr. 12, 1875.

JOB PRINTING OF EVERY KIND done at this office.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Cornelius Bartley, deceased, on Book Account, are requested to settle the same on or before the 1st day of May, 1875. After that date all unpaid accounts will be placed in the hands of a proper officer for collection.

JOSEPH ROTHROCK, *Adm'r.*

April 14, 1875.

Notice of Election.

NOTICE is hereby given to the stockholders of the Riverside Park and Agricultural Association of Juniata County that an election for officers to serve for the ensuing year, will be held on the second Thursday (being the 13th day) of May, 1875, between the hours of 2 o'clock P. M. and 4 o'clock P. M., at the office of Robert McMeen, on Bridge street, in the borough of Mifflintown, Pa.

JAMES McKNIGHT, *Prest.*

R. McMEEN, *Sec'y.* April 14.

South Pennsylvania Railroad.

NOTICE is hereby given to the stockholders of the Company that the Annual Meeting of the stockholders will be held at the office of the Company, No. 534 Washington street, in the city of Reading, Berks Co., Pa., on Monday, April 19, 1875, at 11 o'clock A. M., at which time and place an election for a President and twelve Directors will be held.

F. J. GROTEVENT, *Sec'y.*

April 14, 1875-2t

Tuscarora Academy.

THE Summer Session, 39th school year, will begin May 4th, 1875 Three full courses of study: Normal, Business, Collegiate. A good opportunity afforded to become practical surveyors. Instruction given upon the Piano, Organ, in Painting and Drawing. Specially good accommodations in the neighborhood may be secured by a few young ladies. For terms, &c., address

D. D. STONE, Ph. D., Principal,

April 7, 1875. Academia, Pa.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Henry R. Graybill, deceased.

LETTERS of Administration on the estate of Henry R. Graybill, late of McAlisterville, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will please present them without delay to REUBEN CAVENY,

April 7, 1875. *Administrator.*

Assigned Estate of Isaac Pile.

THE undersigned hereby gives notice that Isaac Pile has made a general assignment to him for the benefit of his creditors. All persons indebted to the said Isaac Pile are requested to make payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to the office of Louis E. Atkinson, in Mifflintown.

LOUIS E. ATKINSON, *Assignee.*

April 7, 1875.

License Petitions.

NOTICE is hereby given to all interested that the following applications for License have been filed in the Prothonotary's Office, and will be presented to the Court at April Sessions, 1875:

Petition of Jacob M. Moyer, for a license as Innkeeper in the borough of Mifflintown.

Petition of Samuel R. Notestine, for a license to keep an Inn in the borough of Patterson.

Petition of Thomas Cox, for a license to keep an Inn or Tavern in Greenwood township.

Petition of John C. Moser, for license to sell spirituous, vinous, malt and brewed liquors in quantities not less than one quart, in the borough of Mifflintown.

Petition of John E. Hollobaugh, for a license to keep a Restaurant and Eating House in the borough of Mifflintown.

Petition of John Hays, for a license as Innkeeper in the borough of Patterson.

Petition of Caleb Parker, for the keeping of an Inn in the borough of Patterson.

Petition of Jacob Will, for a license as Innkeeper in the borough of Mifflintown.

Petition of Cyrus Sieber, for a license as Innkeeper in McAlisterville.

Petition of Charles Phillips, for a license as Innkeeper in Mexico.

Petition of R. E. Parker, for license as Innkeeper in the borough of Mifflintown

Petition of Mrs. Mary A. Snyder, for license as Innkeeper in the borough of Thompsontown.

Petition of Robert Shields, for license as Innkeeper in the borough of Port Royal.

Petition of Jacob Weiser, for license as Innkeeper in Susquehanna township.

Petition of John McManigle, for license as Innkeeper in the borough of Port Royal.

Petition of Cloyd M. Parker, for license to keep a Restaurant and Eating House in the borough of Patterson.

Petition of Samuel Rumbaugh, for a license as Innkeeper in Monroe township.

I. D. WALLIS, *Prothonotary.*

Prothonotary's Office, Mifflintown, March 31, 1875.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of a writ of *Vend. Ex.*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Juniata county and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in the borough of Mifflintown, at 2 o'clock P. M., on FRIDAY, APRIL 23, 1875, the following real estate, viz:

A tract of land situate in Susquehanna township, Juniata county, bounded on the north by lands of Jacob Dressler's heirs, on the east by lands of John Haines, dec'd, on the south by lands of Sarah Dressler, and on the west by lands of Jacob G. Dressler, containing **Forty-two Acres,** more or less, having thereon erected a Log Frame House, Bank Barn, and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Amos Miller.

ALSO,

A tract of land situate in Greenwood township, Juniata county, bounded and described as follows: on the west by lands of Shelley, on the east by lands of Henry Pontius, on the south by David Graybill and others, and on the west by Benner and others, containing **300 Acres,** more or less, having thereon erected a Log House, Log Barn, Spring House and other outbuildings. Siezed, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John M. Hibbs.

ALSO,

A tract of land situate in Fayette township, Juniata county, bounded on the north by lands of Washington McAlister, on the east by lands of John Alexander, on the south by lands of Amos Bentley and J. Smith, and on the west by Lewis Marney, containing **136 Acres,** more or less, having thereon erected a Frame Dwelling House, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Joseph Alexander.

WM. H. KNOUSE, *Sheriff.*

Sheriff's Office, Mifflintown, March 29, 1875.

JUNIATA VALLEY BANK.

Pomeroy, Patterson, Jacobs & Co.

MIFFLINTOWN, JUNIATA COUNTY, PA.

CAPITAL, $80,000.

GEORGE JACOBS, President.
T. VAN IRVIN, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

Jerome N. Thompson,	John Balsbach,
John J. Patterson,	H. H. Bechtel,
George Jacobs,	J. W. Frank.
Amos G. Bonsall,	

United States Securities, Bonds, &c. bought and sold.

Gold and Silver bought at highestt rates.

Deposits received, collections made, drafts on the principal cities, and a general banking business transacted.

Bonds and other valuable papers received on special deposit. [june8'74-tf

The *Sentinel and Republican* office is the place to get job work done. Try it. It will pay you if you need anything in that line.

New Advertisements.

LIST OF DEALERS AND VENDERS of Foreign and Domestic Merchandise in the County of Juniata, for the year 1875, as approved and classed by the Mercantile Appraiser:

MIFFLINTOWN.	Class.	License.
J. & H. A. Stambaugh, merchants	9	$25 00
Emil Seibott, fancy store	14	7 00
James H Sutton, saddler	14	7 00
John Schaffer, queensware	13	10 00
J Yeakley & Son, merchants	14	7 00
John Etka, confectioner	14	7 00
Banks & Hamlin, druggists	14	7 00
B F Kepner & Son, druggist	14	7 00
J W Muthersbaugh, hardware	12	12 50
R E Parker, shoedealer	14	7 00
J S Thomas, groceries	14	7 00
Solomon Books, confectioner	14	7 00
John W Kirk, groceries	14	7 00
Elysses Tilten, merchant	12	12 50
D W Harley & Co., clothiers	14	7 00
Franciscus' Hardware Co	12	12 50
W F Snyder, furniture	14	7 00
J Hollobaugh, billiards		30 00
Byers & Kennedy, grain & coal	11	15 00
Wm H Rollman, jeweler	14	7 00
PATTERSON.		
Jas North & Son, grain dealers	14	7 00
Ernest & Diem, market car and feed	14	7 00
J C Doyle, merchant	14	7 00
Isaac M Goshen, flour and feed	14	7 00
J B M Todd, clothing & groceries	14	7 00
Mrs. F Heineman, merchant	13	7 00
Nicholas Wilcox, confectioner	14	7 00
W H Wilcox, confectioner	14	7 00
C M Parker, confectioner	14	7 00
Brown & Wilson, merchandise	11	15 00
Joseph Pennell, merchandise	11	15 00
Samuel Strayer, clothier	14	7 00
P C Rundio, druggist	14	7 00
Stephens & Guss, hardware	14	7 00
David Holman, flour & grocer	14	7 00
C Laird, market car	14	7 00
PORT ROYAL.		
Noah Hertzler, coal, lumber & coal	14	7 00
Robert Logan, confectioner	14	7 00
J S M Gibson, merchandise	14	7 00
S E Ard, merchandise	14	7 00
A S Gleason, merchandise	13	10 00
George Herr, grocer	14	7 00
Samuel Buck, merchandise	13	10 00
C M Funk, confectioner	14	7 00
J P Sterrett, druggist	14	7 00
J P Shindel, notions	14	7 00
Mary M Wharton, stationary	14	7 00
J A Thompson, jeweler	14	7 00
L H Sieber, market car	14	7 00
P M Kepner, grain and coal	14	7 00
Lydia Isenberg, millinery	14	7 00
Byers & Kennedy, grain & coal	14	7 00
FAYETTE.		
L & J B Wilson, merchant	11	15 00
S & B Beaver, merchants	12	12 50
W W Sharon, confectioner	14	7 00
I T McAlister & Co, merchants	13	10 00
W H McAlister & Co., "	14	7 00
Brown & Son, "	13	10 00
MONROE.		
C A Lauver, merchant	14	7 00
Rhine & Graybill, merchants	12	12 50
E Shelienberger, merchant	14	7 00
Ruper & Snyder, merchants	13	10 00
GREENWOOD.		
J T Dimm & Bro, merchants	14	7 00
SUSQUEHANNA.		
Amos Miller, merchant	14	7 00
H K Freymoyer, merchants	14	7 00
Jacob Weiser, merchant	14	7 00
MILFORD.		
A J Hertzler, merchandise	14	7 00
F F Rohm, grain	14	7 00
DELAWARE.		
Winey & Custer, merchandise	13	10 00
THOMPSONTOWN.		
Keeley & Smith, merchandise	13	10 00
Eliza James, confectioner	14	7 00
Benner & Smith, grain	13	10 00
I G Halteman, merchandise	12	12 50
WALKER.		
W H Kurtz, merchandise	14	7 00
N D VanDyke, merchandise	14	7 00
J N Richenbaugh, merchant	14	7 00
Motzer & Thompson, "	14	7 00
C A Thompson, coal dealer	14	7 00
Samuel Herr, grain dealer	14	7 00
Jerome Hetrick, merchant	14	7 00
TUSCARORA.		
David S Ewing, merchandise	13	10 00
Dobbs, Brother & Co., "	13	10 00
A J Furguson, "	13	10 00
Morrison & Willhide, "	13	10 00
Wm Van Sweringen, "	14	7 00
Francis Snyder, "	14	7 00
Meminger & Manger, "	13	10 00
LACK.		
R H Patterson, merchandise	13	10 00
Campbell & Robison, "	13	10 00
BEALE.		
John Bardell, grocer	14	7 00
J Nevin Pomeroy, merchant	12	12 50
Alexander Woodward, "	13	10 00
Kate M Young, notions	14	7 00
J P Kelley, merchant	14	7 00
SPRUCE HILL.		
J L Barton, merchandise	13	10 00
Daniel Conn, "	13	10 00
TURBETT.		
J A Ries, confectioner	14	7 00
N A Hertzler, merchandise	13	10 00

The license mentioned in the above list will be due and payable to the County Treasurer on and after the 1st day of May, 1875.

An Appeal will be held at the Commissioners' office, in the borough of Mifflintown, on Wednesday, 28th day of April, 1875, when and where all persons feeling themselves aggrieved can attend if they think proper.

J. D. MILLIKEN, *Mercantile Appraiser.*

April 1, 1875.

BLATCHLEY'S Improved CUCUMBER WOOD PUMP is the acknowledged STANDARD of the market, by popular verdict, the best pump for the least money. Attention is invited to Blatchley's Improved Bracket, the Drop Check Valve, which can be withdrawn without disturbing the joints, and the copper chamber which never cracks, scales or rusts and will last a life time. For sale by Dealers and the trade generally. In order to be sure that you get Blatchley's Pump, be careful and see that it has my trade-mark as above. If you do not know where to buy, descriptive circulars, together with the name and address of the agent nearest you, will be promptly furnished by addressing, with stamp,

CHAS. G. BLATCHLEY, MANUFACTURER, 566 Commerce St., Philadelphia, Pa.

S. B. LOUDON,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

in room on second story of R. E. Parker's new building, on

Main Street, Mifflintown, Pa.

FASHIONABLE GOODS always on hand.

CUSTOM WORK DONE on the shortest notice.

GOODS SOLD by the yard or pattern.

PERSONS buying goods can have them cut in garments free of charge.

BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS also for sale.

ALL WORK WARRANTED.
PRICES LOW.

Oct 22, 1873-tf

CHAIR MANUFACTORY.

THE undersigned, at his shop, on Water street, Mifflintown, has now on hand and for sale cheap, a general assortment of

CHAIRS.

He also has a large lot of

COFFINS

on hand, and, having purchased a new Hearse, is now prepared to attend funerals at the shortest notice and on the most liberal terms. He has made a great reduction in the price of Coffins.

Repairing promptly attended to.

july22tf O. T. ROBISON.

New Advertisements.

GILES' LINIMENT
IODIDE OF AMMONIA

Cures Neuralgia, Face Ache, Rheumatism, Gout, Frosted Feet, Chilblains, Sore Throat, Erysipelas, Bruises and Wounds of every nature in man or animal. The remarkable cures this remedy has effected classes it as one of the most important and valuable remedies for the cure and relief of pain.

"A patient of mine suffered with Sciatica; could get no relief; as a last resort I tried *Giles' Liniment Iodide of Ammonia*, which cured him." LEWIS H. BONE, M. D., 106 W. 16th street, New York.

HARRIS & EWING, Wholesale Agents, 341 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Depot 451 Sixth Avenue, N. Y.

For sale by Banks & Hamlin, Druggists, Mifflintown, Pa.

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Send for illustrated pamphlet, full of facts and figures, and be convinced. Address W. A. HOWARD, Comm'r, Grand Rapids, Mich.

P. R. L. PEIRCE, Sec'y Land Dep't.

THE MARVEL OF THE WORLD—BETHESDA WATER. It has restored thousands from the brink of the grave; given health and strength to those doomed beyond the reach of all medical science, and turned the path of affliction to one of happiness in the blessings within its virtues. It cures the deadly Bright's disease and Diabetes; eradicates all diseases of the kidney's; restores the urinary organs to strength and power—in a word, it is a natural restorer of health, and has performed the most wonderful and miraculous cures of any known specific on the globe. Address, for circulars, &c., CAPT. EUGENE R. HENRY, Waukesha, Wis.

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To represent Fountain Hill Nurseries, Orrville, Ohio, in the sale of Fruit Trees and General Nursery Stock. Canvas to begin in April or May for October delivery. Only those need apply who can give security, as important sums of money must be handled during delivery. Applicants will be visited by our traveling agent, and arrangements completed. Address

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Creedmoor Rifles, with Elevations for 1500 yds., - - - - $90 and $125

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