

Republican County Committee Meeting.

PRIMARY ELECTION—THE SYSTEM UNDER WHICH WE VOTE.

In pursuance of a previous call the Republican County Committee met at Will's hotel, in Millintown, on Saturday, July 18, 1874.

On motion J. K. Robinson was elected chairman, and Maj. J. B. Thompson Secretary of the Committee pro tem.

On taking the chair Col. Robinson referred in a feeling manner to the death of our late Chairman, Mr. Michael Hoffman, when on motion G. W. Smith, of Delaware, was chosen Chairman of the Committee for the balance of the term.

On motion J. B. Thompson was elected Secretary of the Committee for the balance of the term.

On motion it was resolved that the Primary Elections be held on SATURDAY, AUGUST 29, 1874, and that the returns be made on the following MONDAY, (Aug. 31st) at 2 o'clock, p. m., in Graybill's Hall, Millintown, to count the votes for the different candidates.

On motion it was resolved that the Committee recommend a strict adherence to the rules of the party as to the announcement of candidates.

No other business appearing, the Committee adjourned.

G. W. SMITH, Chairman. J. B. THOMPSON, Secretary.

The following is the system under which the Primary Election will be conducted:

First. The candidates for the several offices shall have their names announced in one or more of the county papers at least four weeks previous to the primary meetings stating the office, and subject to the action of the said primary meeting.

Second. The voters residing in Republican precincts in each town, ward, or borough shall meet on Saturday, August 29, 1874, at the usual place of holding the spring election, at 2 o'clock, p. m., and proceed to elect one person for Judge and two persons for clerks, who shall form a board to receive votes and determine who are the proper persons to vote, and shall hold the polls open until 7 p. m.

After the polls are opened the candidates announced as above shall be balloted for; the names of each person voting shall be written on a list at the time of voting, no person being allowed to vote more than once for each office.

Third. After the polls are closed the board shall proceed to count the votes that each candidate received, and make out the returns accordingly, to be certified to by the Judge and attested by the clerks.

Fourth. The Judge (or one of the clerks appointed by the Judge) of the respective election districts, shall meet at Graybill's Hall, in Millintown, on Monday following the primary meetings, at 1 o'clock, p. m., having the returns and a list of the voters, and count the votes, and the person having the highest number of votes for any office shall be declared the regular nominee of the Republican party.

Fifth. If any two or more persons have an equal number of votes for the same office, the judges shall proceed to ballot for his choice, the person having the highest number to be the nominee.

Sixth. The returns judges shall be competent to reject, by a majority, the returns from any election district, where there is evidence of fraud, either in the returns, or otherwise, to the extent of the fraud committed.

Seventh. No person shall be permitted to vote proxies.

Incidents of the Pittsburg Flood.

Pittsburg papers say no list of the "injured" appears; the list reads dead or missing. It numbers 219.

If there are any miracles in these days, the rescue of Mr. Bann, an elderly man living at Wood's run, may be safely classed under that category. He is totally blind, and, of course, would be supposed to have but a small chance of coming alive out of such a terrible ordeal as that through which the dwellers at Wood's Run had to pass. He was in the upper part of the house when the danger came upon it, and all the rest of the family were below. So suddenly did the flood come that almost in a moment the house was swept from its foundation and floated away. Those in the lower part of the house made their escape in some manner, but had not a moment in which to attempt the rescue of the old man up stairs, and Mr. Bann floated away with the building. He groped his way to the window and sat down there, and as the building floated along he shouted out of the window, in hope that some friends might be within hearing, "Good bye; I'm going down the river and shall never return." The family of Mr. Thomas Bue were gathered in the upper room of his house, which stood directly in the track of the torrent. The house stood firm and they were safe. They heard the voice of Mr. Bann approaching in the darkness, and called to know who it was. He responded, and told where he was sitting. A few moments afterward the floating house struck the corner of Mr. Bue's house, and swung around so that the window at which were Mr. Bue and some of his family. They seized the blind man and immediately pulled him through the two windows. An instant later, the Bann house was crushed to atoms, and that instant, had it not been for this apparent miracle, would have been fatal to Mr. Bann.

At O'Hara street, a boy about 14 years of age, set on the broken timber nearly all forenoon, on day after the flood, watching the progress of the search, weeping with a heart almost broken. On being interrogated it was

found that he was the only one left of a family consisting of a father, mother and three children. The parents and one child had been found, but his little sister lay hid, he did not know where. He remained anxiously awaiting her examination until nearly 12 o'clock when he left the scene.

The house of Mr. Wilson Craft was saved from destruction in a wonderful manner. The boulders from the hill washed into it, and filled the rooms of the first story full. The stones anchored the house so completely that it was saved from being washed away.

A baby was found in a crib floating on the Ohio river at the head of Montgomery island, thirty two miles below the city, and was rescued by Mr. Allen, who lives near the island. The child is living, but has not been identified.

The sudden rise of waters in Butcher's Run is well illustrated by some incidents related by a German family who reside in a stone dwelling opposite Hoeveler's gin works. The husband told his wife to go to the cellar to obtain some kindlings for the cooking stove, as he desired to go to work early on Monday morning. The wife placed the wood in the stove, but by the time she completed her work the water reached the floor. She notified her husband of the fact, and suggested that they had better vacate the house, as the flood threatened to destroy it. The husband, who had retired, jumped out of bed into the water knee-deep, and with his wife proceeded to get the children out of an upper window on high ground in the rear. After they had accomplished this the husband returned to the bedroom to get some clothing out of the wardrobe, but in the meantime the water reached such a height as to upset it, and he found it impossible to get to the articles he wanted, being compelled to hastily vacate the apartment.

The Brangan family live on O'Hara street, and occupy the last house saved on the left side going down the street. The family consists of Mr. and Mrs. Brangan and four children. A neighbor, Patrick McManus, was alone in the house when the water tore up the back wall on the ground floor and dashed toward the front room on O'Hara street. Had the couple not speedily opened this door and broken out the glass the whole family would have been drowned like so many rats. Across the window was the iron bar used for securing the shutters. The water rose until it stood five feet in the room, with a current like a mill race setting through the apartment. Mr. and Mrs. Brangan instinctively seized a child each and clung to this bar with a grip of despair, while the cold, muddy torrent swept over them. For four hours these two hung to that providentially-placed bar, and were all saved. Mr. McManus, with their remaining child, rushed to the street and were swept in an alley and on the roof of a shed, where they were also saved.

Chicago's Last Fight.

"STAINED" — A MEDICAL ATTEMPT TO SEIZE ANOTHER GREAT CONVICTION — SAVING A RAILROAD WITH KEROSENE AND LAYING A TRAIN TO THREE KINGS OF POWDER.

The starting attempt at arson reported in our Chicago despatches of Tuesday appears to have been the most diabolical and cunningly-plotted ever brought to light in the city named.

The building was a two-story frame, owned and occupied by the incendiary, one Nicholas Staden. The design of the fiend, as the Times terms him, was elaborate in its details. It has always been known that he carried heavy insurance, and he has several times been suspected of incendiary intent. On one occasion he was burned out entirely, and succeeded without much difficulty in collecting his insurance. The other felonious attempts of which he was suspected proved abortive. But this time he intended to succeed in his heinous purpose, and he laid his means of success in the fire expectation that the fire and the explosion would obliterate the evidences of his crime. Had not his attempt been providentially thwarted, a terrific explosion of 50 pounds of powder would have resulted, the surrounding buildings must have been shattered, and great loss of life would probably have ensued. The fire started in the basement, in a pile of rags, kindling wood, resin, and other combustibles the whole thoroughly saturated with kerosene. A candle was standing so near the pile that when it burned down a few inches, it fired the heap. From the pile two different trains, composed of cotton cloth torn into strips and sewed together, and drenched with kerosene, extended to the first floor through an open trap-door. The train ran over the lid of a wash-bowl, which was filled with resin and oil. The train connected near the trap-door with a stove filled with kindling wood, well soaked with kerosene, from which it extended to the rear of the room on the north side of the building. To guard against the possibility of the fire below not reaching the upper stories before it was discovered, the stove was surrounded by another candle, which was expected to fire the kindling wood simultaneously with the commencement of the blaze below. At the rear of the building the train communicated through a window with a large quantity of kindling wood and several bundles of straw, all saturated with kerosene. The strips of cloth then led back, along the south side of the building, to another stove, standing near the end of the counter. This stove was also filled with combustibles, and was to be fired at the proper time

by another candle, fixed in a tin pan half full of benzine. From this point the train extended behind the counter about 8 feet, until it reached three kegs of powder, one containing 10 pounds and the others 20 pounds each. The train led up to the holes that were bored in the kegs, and powder was scattered profusely around, for a distance of several feet. Pieces of iron weighing several pounds each were lying on the kegs. The plot was a consummate one, and but for the merest accident would have perfectly accomplished the terrible purpose of its wicked concocter. The three candles, of course, were of the same length, and the design was that they should fire the combustibles around them at the same moment. There would then have been a fire in the basement, fire on both sides of the stove, and in less than three minutes after the flame was started the explosion was expected to occur, sending the hardware on the shelves in every direction, and completely demolishing the building, and destroying the evidences of Staden's guilt. Only for one little circumstance the hoary-headed old sinner would have probably accomplished his purpose. The candle in the basement was subjected to a draft from a window near it that was open a few inches. It therefore burned faster than the others, and fired the pile around it full half an hour before the other candles were burned sufficient low. The basement was soon all ablaze, the fire swept along the train and up the wall, firing the north side of the store-room, and in a few minutes the second story and the roof. The train leading from the trap door burned about eight feet, and then, owing to the imperfection in the lining died out.

The alarm was given by a passing policeman, and in a few minutes more the building was flooded with water, and Mr. Staden's first attempt at arson was a failure. — Press, July 30

"An irrepressible conflict has broken out in Tennessee. Ex-Governor Foote has taken the field against ex-President Andrew Johnson as candidate for the United States Senate. Mr. Foote made his first speech at Elizabethton the other day, when he charged that Mr. Johnson was intoxicated when he was inaugurated Vice President in 1865, and had "deliberately presented himself to the public view repeatedly since in the same disgusting condition." This is the substance of Mr. Foote's speech as reported, and an idea may be formed from this of its elevated tone. The Tennessee Democracy have been fondly hoping for a peaceable campaign. With two such men in the State as Foote and Johnson anything like harmony is not to be dreamed of."

Summary of News.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 29. A despatch says, a heavy wind has blown the grasshoppers out of Nebraska. Where is not stated.

While practicing with a revolver at Millsville, Allegheny county, N. Y., Miss Ella Johnson accidentally shot Miss Belle White.

The floor of a summer house of a hotel at Long Branch, in which President Grant had taken position to review a regiment of troops, gave way, precipitating the Presidential party to the ground. No one was hurt.

A change of venue has been granted in Senator Pomeroy's case for bribery in the contest for the United States Senatorship in Kansas. The case goes to Orange county.

The gas used by the shoe factory of Babt, Cox & Co., at Coatsville, in this State, was found escaping. A man at tempted to enter the cellar with a lighted lamp, when an explosion of gas followed. One end of the building was blown out, and C. Babt, his son Willie, F. H. Briel and H. A. Berry were severely burned. Willie Babb has since died.

Goldsmith Maad won the race at Cleveland, Ohio. Time, 2:19; 2:19; 2:29. The other animals on the track were American Girl and Judge Patterson.

Harry Prebble, Treasurer and Manager of the People's Insurance Company, Philadelphia, has absconded with the funds, amounting to \$200,000.—Other companies lose fifty thousand. It is believed the fugitive fled to Europe.

A suit has been instituted against Theodore Titton in a New York court for libel. A Mr. Gaxner brings the suit, as a member of the public community.

It is reported that Charlie Ross, the abducted child of Philadelphia, was at Allentown, Pa., on the 7th ult., in charge of a man and a woman, who drove to a barber shop in that town, and had the child's hair cut close, and then hid in the carriage in which they came. The carriage was a closed one. One of the Hanson brothers fled 25 feet while performing on the trapeze at Jersey City, and is supposed to be fatally injured.

Nicholas Staden, who was arrested at Chicago for alleged incendiarism, was bailed on that charge, and re-arrested on a charge of attempted murder. The despatch says the evidence of guilt is accumulating against him, and his case will be acted upon to day by the Grand Jury. Two other clearly defined attempts at incendiarism have been discovered, but the criminals have not been arrested. A special Grand Jury has been ordered to consider these cases.

"At Jersey, Luzerne county, Pa., as Superintendent Greene was about

starting to inspect the mines prior to the entrance of the miners, he was attacked by three unknown men, who fired nine shots at him, two of which took effect, wounding him dangerously, if not fatally. Two men named Pierce and McCracken, bearing the shots, went to his assistance, and the ruffians turned on them. Pierce shot and killed one, when the other two fled. One was wounded in retreating, and it was rumored later that he had been captured and lynched. The dead man had not been recognized."

The First National Bank, at Batavia, N. Y., was robbed of \$20,000, by two men, one of whom engaged the attention of the only person present while the other ran away with the funds.

The Republican State Central Committee of New York decided to hold the State Convention at Utica on September 23d.

THURSDAY, JULY 30. Two men called at the First National Bank at Batavia, Genesee county, and while one engaged the attention of the only person present connected with the bank, the other ran away with a box containing money and bonds amounting to ten thousand dollars. Both escaped.

A party of Gypsies were detained at Hamburg, Berks county, under the belief that they had in their possession Charlie Ross. The arrival of Mr. Ross, however, set the matter at rest. The child the Gypsies had is not his son.

The fur factories of W. A. & A. M. White, at Danbury, Conn., consisting of three buildings, two of one hundred feet and one of eighty feet in length and eight stories high, were burned.

A large portion of the stock was destroyed. Eighty persons are thrown out of employment. The fire is supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

FRIDAY, JULY 31. A vigilance committee of about one hundred men has been formed at Wellington and other points in Kansas for hanging horse thieves. Three men named Charles Brook, Bill Brook and Charley Smith were hanged near Wellington last night, and made confessions involving other parties.

While the Sharon Express was coming from Sharon to-day on the Cherry Valley Branch of the Susquehanna Railroad, York State, one of the cars was thrown from the track and turned over and over. There were about thirty passengers in the car, half of whom were more or less bruised, but none seriously injured. The accident was caused by a depressed rail.

Grasshoppers swarm over Nicollet county, and have destroyed one sixth of the oats and one twentieth of the wheat in the county. The adjoining county of Sibley is damaged much greater.

Philadelphia market on Monday morning. Wheat, new southern red, \$1.32. Corn 81c. Oats 73c. Timothy seed \$3.74. Sugar 71c. Molasses, Cuba, 43c.

"YOUTHFUL simplicity is beautiful, but it may become expiring. A Sunday School teacher, wishing his pupils to have a clear idea of faith, illustrated it thus: "Here is an apple — you see it, and therefore know it is there; but when I place it under this tea-cup you have faith that it is there, though you no longer see it." The lads seemed to understand perfectly, and the next time the teacher asked them, "What is faith?" they answered with one accord, "An apple under a tea-cup."

A sea monster was captured about 5 miles out from Atlantic City, on Saturday. It is in general appearance like the turtle species, with a head like a cow, with white spots on the head. It is six feet long and five feet wide, and weighs 700 pounds.

The North America says, "the depth of water in the Delaware river at Philadelphia is fifty-seven feet."

A recent writer says spiritualism — otherwise witchcraft — bids fair to become the national religion.

A Washington grand jury has found a true bill for forgery against H. A. Hall, late chief clerk of the District of Columbia.

A family of Iowa frogs has been found 100 feet under ground, and it is supposed that they have been nesting there for at least a century.

A Washington widow who is known to have \$10,000 is reported to have refused eight offers of marriage from discharged clerks in one day and two nights.

New Advertisements.

Final List for Sept. Term, 1874. 1. William C. Porter vs. The Sunbury and Lewistown Railroad Company. No. 18, Sept. term, 1874. 2. Michael Rager vs. Sunbury & Lewistown Railroad Company. No. 19, Sept. term, 1874. 3. Charles Romich vs. Sunbury & Lewistown Railroad Company. No. 20, Sept. term, 1874. I. D. WALLIS, Pro'ly. PROthonotary's Office, Millintown, July 25, 1874.

EVERY PERSON, Man, woman, boy, or girl, should send one for one of the Excelsior Stationery Packets, containing Note Paper, Envelopes, Pen Holder, Pencil, Paper, Blank Book, Ruler, Photogram, and 100 beautiful Ladies' Tooth Pins, Perfume Sachet, Chinese Paper, and a fine piece of Lace or Gents' Jewelry. For a Package, Price, Post paid, 50 cents, or for \$1. Agents wanted. Address, J. C. BARKER, 810 Harmony St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Charter Notice. NOTICE is hereby given that the following named persons, James McKnight, Thomas A. Elder, E. Southard Parker, Lucien Banks, J. Banks Wilson, Jacob Salomon, Louis E. Atkinson, R. McMenon, T. Van Irwin, G. G. McElroy, and others, have formed an association, styling it the "River-side Park and Agricultural Association of Juniata county," and have adopted a constitution, which is the encouragement of Agriculture and Horticulture and the maintenance of a private Park and of facilities for trotting and other amusements and athletic sports, and that the certificates of the said individuals to that effect will be presented to the Hon. R. P. Junkin, at September term of the several Courts of this Commonwealth, to be approved and for the granting of a Charter to that effect, and for the purpose aforesaid, according to the provisions of the act of Assembly approved the 24th day of April, A. D. 1874, entitled, "An act for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations."

JAMES MCKNIGHT, THOMAS A. ELDER, E. SOUTHARD PARKER, LUCIEN BANKS, J. BANKS WILSON, JACOB SALOMON, LOUIS E. ATKINSON, R. MCMEON, T. VAN IRWIN, G. G. MCELROY, AND OTHERS.

Aug. 5-4

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE!

By virtue of an order of Court in partition of the real estate of James McKnight, deceased, Elizabeth Stouffer, William A. Stouffer, Nancy Stouffer and Elizabeth A. Stouffer, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas for the County of Juniata county, Pa., do hereby sell at public sale, on the premises, in Pennsylvania township, Juniata county, at 2 o'clock, p. m., the following tract of land:

1. Containing ONE HUNDRED AND FORTY-FIVE ACRES, more or less, adjoining lands of E. Oles, William Adams and Amos Stouffer. This tract is highly located, with

2. A large portion of the purchase money to be paid on the construction of a dam on the 1st day of April, 1875, and the balance on the 1st day of April, 1876, with interest from the 1st day of April, 1875. Possession to be given on the 1st day of April, 1875. The purchase money to be secured by recognizance with approved security.

WM. H. KNOUSE, Sheriff.

List of Jurors.

GRAND JURORS—SEPT. TERM, 1874. Millintown—J. H. Huzzard, Fernagh—Samuel Bell, Joshua Fernberger, Henry Meist, Samuel McMenon, C. Watts, Fayette—George Strayer, Delaware—John King, Monroe—John Anney, Susquehanna—H. R. Boale, Wm. Chapp, Millard—Jacob Augier, Abraham Farter, H. H. Snyder, John Waldman.

SPRING TERM, 1874. Spruce Hill—H. W. Davis, J. F. G. Long, Tobias—Abram Brubaker, John Nicholas, Tuscarora—George Boale, John Wilson, Lack—D. B. Spanglow.

PATRICK JURORS—SEPT. TERM, 1874. Millintown—J. W. Deen, F. Espenshade, Jos. Lauder, Wiley McCallan, Fernagh—John H. Huzzard, Ab. Stoner, Walker—Wm. Clerk, David Fowler, W. H. Lukens, John Smith, N. D. Vandyke, Charles Ziegler.

FAYETTE JURORS—SEPT. TERM, 1874. Fayette—John Covey and James McMenon, D. B. McWilliams, Jos. Snider, Shaeon Dennis, Lucien Wilson, Delaware—W. B. Brookhart, Joseph Carter, John Anderson, Sr., Daniel Speicher, John Van Ormer, Susquehanna—Daniel Knoch, Abraham Patterson, J. H. Gorman, John McKinley, Millard—Abraham Hertzler, J. K. Robinson, John Woodward, York—Peter Kliner, John McLaughlin, Lawrence Whetler, Spruce Hill—Jesse Wyner, Thomas Patterson, Sr., D. S. Ewing, J. P. McWilliams, S. S. Pendergrass, Tuscarora—W. H. Fisher, John Kidd, Jas. London, James Milliken, Daniel McGuffin, John Reed, Lack—James Campbell, James H. Gray, Samuel Hoffman, G. W. Stewart.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE!

WILL be sold at public sale, on the premises, by the undersigned, Administrator of W. W. Davis, deceased, on SATURDAY, AUGUST 22, 1874, at one o'clock, p. m., the following real estate, to wit: A House and Lot of Ground situate on the south-east corner of School and North streets, in the borough of Millintown, fronting 60 feet on School street, and 120 feet along North street to an alley, having

A Large Two-Story Frame House three stories erected, with cellar underneath. The main house is 40x20 feet, with back building 15x12 feet. The house contains 10 rooms, and is a finished and comfortable building. The building is nearly new, and in good repair. There is a good cistern and all necessary outbuildings on the lot.

TERMS: One-third of the purchase money to be paid on construction of deed by the Court, one-third April 1, 1875, when deed will be delivered and possession given; one-third on the 1st day of April, 1876, with interest from April 1, 1875, to be secured by judgment bond.

JACOB WELLS, Adm' of W. W. Davis, dec'd.

Notice to Tax-payers.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons owing taxes on the lands and tenements, or before the 1st day of September, 1874, will be allowed an abatement of six per cent on the same. By order of the Commissioners. JAMES DEIN, Clerk. Commissioners' Office, Millintown, Pa., July 18, 1874.

Notice to Trespassers.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against hunting, gathering berries, or otherwise trespassing on the lands of the undersigned, in Fayette township. All persons so trespassing will be dealt with to the full extent of the law. SOPHIA OSWALD, July 15, 1874. Subscribes for the Sentinel & Republican.

New Advertisements.

PROCLAMATION.—W. HERAS, President of the Court of Common Pleas for the 9th Judicial District, composed of the counties of Juniata, Perry and Cumberland, and the Honorables Jonathan Weiser and John Koons, Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas for said county, bearing date the 24th day of April, 1874, for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, and special Quarter Sessions of the Peace, at MIFLINTOWN, on the FIRST MONDAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1874, being the 7th day of the month.

Notice is hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace and Constables of the County of Juniata, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at one o'clock on the afternoon of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations and other memoranda, to do those things that to their offices respectively appertain, and those that are bound by recognizance to prosecute against the prisoners that are or then may be in the Jail of said county, be then and there to prosecution against them as shall be just.

By an Act of Assembly, passed the 8th day of May, A. D. 1854, it is made the duty of the Justices of the Peace, of the several counties of this Commonwealth, to elect one of the Justices of the Peace of their respective counties, who shall be the Clerk of this Court of Quarter Sessions of the respective counties, all the recognizances entered into before them by any person for any crime, except such cases as may be ended before a Justice of the Peace, under existing laws, at least ten days before the commencement of the session, and those that are made returnable respectively, and in all cases where any recognizances are entered into less than ten days before the commencement of the session, to which they are made returnable, the said Justices are to return the same in the same manner as if said act had not been passed.

Dated at Millintown, the 24th day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four. WM. H. KNOUSE, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Millintown, Pa., August 3, 1874.

Order Fixing the Terms of Court.

THE following order is hereby made: And now, to wit, July 6, 1874, it is ordered that the times of holding the regular Terms of Court in the First and Second Judicial District, composed of the counties of Juniata and Perry, be fixed as follows:

IN THE COUNTY OF JUNIATA. September Term—On the First Monday of September, and continue one week. December Term—On the First Monday of December, and continue one week. February Term—On the First Monday of February, and continue one week. April Term—On the Fourth Monday of April, and continue one week.

IN THE COUNTY OF PERRY. August Term—On the First Monday of August, and continue one week. October Term—On the Monday preceding the First Monday of November, and continue one week. January Term—On the First Monday of January, and continue one week. May Term—On the First Monday of May, and continue one week.

The Prothonotary to make publication of the order in all the newspapers published in Juniata county, for thirty days, at least, duly certified. B. F. JUNKIN, P. J.

JUNIATA COUNTY, SS.

I, L. D. WALLIS, Prothonotary and Clerk of the Common Pleas Court, in and for the said county, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of the original order, so full and entire as the same appears of record, and on file in this office, (t. s.) In testimony whereof I have hereunto signed my name and affixed the seal of said Court, at Millintown, the 22nd day of July, A. D. 1874.

I. D. WALLIS, Pro'ly. July 22-1874.

PENNSYLVANIA COLLEGE, GETTYSBURG, PA.

THE First Term of its Collegiate year will begin September 3d, 1874.

The Faculty of this Institution is full. The course of instruction is liberal and thorough. The location is most pleasant and healthy, in the midst of an intelligent and moral community, and accessible by railroad trains three times a day.

For further information or Catalogues, address W. VALENTINE, President of College, Gettysburg, Pa., July 22, 1874.

Excutor's Notice.

WHEREAS Letters Testamentary on the estate of Peter Rumberger, deceased, of Greenwood township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will please present them properly authenticated for settlement. THOS. RUMBERGER, E. S. RUMBERGER, Excutors.

CHAIR MANUFACTORY.

THE undersigned, at his shop, on Water street, Millintown, has on hand, and for sale cheap, a general assortment of CHAIRS. He also has a large lot of COFFINS on hand, and having purchased a new Hearse, is now prepared to attend funerals at the shortest notice and on the most moderate terms. He has made a great reduction in the price of Coffins. (By repairing properly attended to.) July 29th O. P. ROBINSON.

BEEF, VEAL, MUTTON, &c.

JOHN H. RUNKEL, having leased the shop, Ac., of Peter Breinhilse, deceased, will furnish the citizens of Perry township, with fresh Beef, Veal, Mutton, &c. at the lowest prices. Fresh Beef, Veal, Mutton, &c. Receiving, as he does, all his livestock from the Western markets, he feels sure he can satisfy all who may patronize him. Perryville, July 27, 1874-2m.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to Hon. Benj. F. Junkin, President Judge at Chambers, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called "The Old Fellows' Hill Association of McGoysville, Juniata county," the character and object of which is to build a hall for the use of the Independent Order of Old Fellows at McGoysville, in said county, as provided by the act of Assembly approved April 29, 1874, entitled "An act for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations."

WILLIAM T. THOMAS, SAMUEL MCGAUGHEY, WILLIAM A. MILLIKEN, J. MILLER McDONALD, JOHN D. MILLIKEN, JOSEPH L. DEARING, May 27, 1874.

Notice to Trespassers.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against hunting, gathering berries, or otherwise trespassing on the lands of the undersigned, in Fayette township. All persons so trespassing will be dealt with to the full extent of the law. SOPHIA OSWALD, July 15, 1874. Subscribes for the Sentinel & Republican.

New Advertisements.

BEATTY & PLOTTS' GOLDEN TONGUE PARLOR ORGANS. The Beatty & Plotts celebrated Golden Tongue Parlor Organ, the best parlor organ now in use. See Claim, Pa. Dec. 6, 1873. Messrs. Beatty & Plotts, Dec. 6, 1873, received the organ as sent by your firm to me, and I have had it examined, and I give you my satisfaction.

MARSHALL CITY, Pa., Oct. 16, 1873. The Beatty & Plotts celebrated Golden Tongue Parlor Organ is by far the best parlor organ in use. I have carefully examined it, and find its tone, workmanship and finish to be of the best. I ever saw, and I can with pleasure recommend it to any one in any one of a first-class parlor organ. Prof. G. H. Bristow.

Messrs. Beatty & Plotts, Gentles—Having had one of your beautiful Golden Tongue Parlor Organs for six months past, I thought before recommending it to give it a fair trial, and an opportunity to testify that it surpasses all that has been sold or advertised in this country. It is a beautiful and celebrated organ, and I can say that it is one of the sweetest and best toned instruments in the market. I have had the same out of all other organs here, and I am perfectly satisfied with it, and if I could not get another of the same kind, money could not induce me to purchase any other. I will publish this if you see fit, as my organ can be tried by any one wishing to do so, in proof of what I say.

Late editor of the Tampana Courier, now at Bethlehem, Pa. Messrs. Beatty & Plotts, of Washington, N. J., are gentlemen of enterprise and whose presence would be a credit to any community.—Hackettstown (N. J.) Herald, 1874.

Washington