

A THEOLOGIST who recently passed over the desert of Sahara, declares it to be the driest basin of a sea.

The Lower House of the Legislature has passed a resolution for the presentation of the banks that contributed money to bribe the Legislature to repeal the usury law.

The Mayor of Philadelphia issued a proclamation last Saturday to the effect that the liquor-selling places be closed on Sunday, and that they sell no liquor on that day. The police were enjoined to see that the order be enforced.

The Legislative investigation on the scheme of Dimmick and Kreiter to raise a fund from the banks of the Commonwealth to be used in the repeal of the present usury law, has resulted in implicating no other member of the Legislature than Dimmick. Dimmick has been one of the loudest-mouthed men in charges against the integrity of the State government. The charges of such a man is worth about as much as charges made by the prince of black-mailers, thieves and defrauders.

The State Senate bill to appropriate one million dollars to the Centennial celebration enterprise, from present appearances, will not pass the Lower House, it having become known that by paying that sum out of the State Treasury, there would not be enough money left or derived from the revenues of the Commonwealth to meet other necessary expenses of the State government. The appropriation would compel the State to loan money, or resort to an increased taxation.

The Mennonite Petition to Congress—Why It is Made.

Mennonites have petitioned Congress to extend to their sect certain land grant privileges. A member of that church named Cornelius Janzen stated in a letter to Col. Forney of the Press the reasons why Congress was petitioned. Here is the letter in full: Sir: It was truly grateful to us to see by The Press and other public papers the kind mention President Grant and the Secretary of the Interior made in their annual message to Congress of the petition lately presented to that body in behalf of our Mennonite brethren. That men in high official station have not felt it beneath them thus to express openly their sympathy toward our hard-pressed people is very encouraging to us, and it shall be our aim, by God's assistance, to justify their confidence.

Our petition has been attacked in other quarters and marked as unjustifiable, so that I wish to have the opportunity of stating in a few words the objects of our request.

We asked to have no new law made, or any existing one destroyed, but simply some provision made in our purchase of land to extend until the year 1881, the time granted by the Russian government for our emigration.

It is very easy to see that the permission of our request would enable our people to save a great deal of their property, as parents who are in distress on account of their sons being drafted into military service, may send them before to this country, and themselves sell out their property gradually, knowing they will have a place kept for them among their children and other fellow-brothers.

By information lately received it appears the Russian government has not yet given permission to the Mennonites to sell their lands to any but their own people, also making it very difficult to obtain passports, so that there are many hardships and difficulties to be met before they can leave Russia.

The granting of their petition would be a real act of charity toward a body of fellow Christians, deprived for conscience sake of their homes and property. How deep the need for assistance is felt even in this country, is shown by the fact that the Society of Mennonites in Canada, who are but a small number have raised about \$10,000 for the aid of their poor brethren, no matter whether they go to Canada or the United States, and those in the States who number ten times what they do in Canada will not keep back a proportionate assistance.

The Mennonites desire to settle together, because the history of their communities convinces them that unity makes strength. In this unity they practice discipline and order in church, school and private life, and through this they obtain all necessities of life, and often more. They not only keep their own poor, but never give the least trouble to any government, but as those who persecute them must testify, are always willing to impart to the poor of any confession of those earthly goods they obtain through the blessing of God by their earnest labor and work knowing well, that all belongs to one God and Saviour.

We, therefore, truly desire to have favorable terms of purchase for Government lands extended to us for such a term of years as may enable our settlers to dispose of their property in Russia without ruin to themselves, and assist them in providing new homes for their families in America.

The edict of the Russian government in regard to the Mennonite settlers, or colonists, as they are termed, is as follows:

Note 1. The exemption from military services is granted to settlers, reckoning from the day of publication of the present regulations for a further ten years. As regards furnishing recruits the laws now valid in reference to the colonists remain in force till the publication of a general law on military duty.

Note 2. In the course of ten years, reckoning from the day of publication of those regulations, the settlers may relinquish the condition of Russian subjects, and betake themselves out of Russia without being obliged to pay the crown a part of their acquired capital. After the expiration of the period of ten years the general laws of the Empire, in reference to the relinquishment of Russian nationality, come into force.

CORNELIUS JANZEN.

Legislative Apportionment.

The Senate apportionment bill is as follows:

- 1. The First, Second and Twenty-sixth wards, Philadelphia.
2. The Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth and Eleventh wards, Philadelphia.
3. The Seventh, Eighth and Ninth wards, Philadelphia.
4. The Tenth, Twelfth, Thirteenth and Fourteenth wards, Philadelphia.
5. The Fifteenth and Twenty-ninth wards, Philadelphia.
6. The Seventeenth, Eighteenth and Twentieth wards, Philadelphia.
7. The Twenty-first, Twenty-second, Twenty-third, Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth wards, Philadelphia.
8. The Nineteenth, Twenty-third and Twenty-fifth wards, Philadelphia.
9. Delaware county.
10. Bucks.
11. Montgomery.
12. Berks.
13. The city of Lancaster and twenty-one adjoining districts.
14. The rest of the county of Lancaster.
15. Dauphin.
16. Lehigh.
17. Lebanon.
18. Northampton.
19. Chester.
20. The cities of Scranton and Carbondale and nineteen districts adjoining.
21. The rest of Luzerne county.
22. Carbon, Monroe and Pike.
23. Bradford, Sullivan and Wyoming.
24. Lycoming, Montour and Columbia.
25. Tioga, Potter and McKean.
26. Susquehanna and Wayne.
27. Union, Snyder and Northumberland.
28. York.
29. Pottsville and twenty-five adjoining districts.
30. The rest of Schuylkill county.
31. Huntingdon, Mifflin and Juniata.
32. Cumberland and Adams.
33. Franklin and Perry.
34. Clinton, Clearfield and Centre.
35. Blair and Cambria.
36. Somerset, Bedford and Fulton.
37. Indiana and Jefferson.
38. Cameron, Elk, Clarion and Forest.
39. Westmoreland.
40. Fayette and Greene.
41. Beaver and Washington.
42. The city of Allegheny, Bellevue, Sewickly borough, Reserve, Killbuck and Ohio townships.
43. The First to the Fourteenth and the Twenty-third wards of Pittsburgh.
44. The Fifteenth to Twenty-second and the Thirty-seventh wards, the boroughs and townships between the rivers and north of rivers, except what are in the Forty-second district.
45. The Twenty-fourth to Thirty-sixth wards and the rest of South Side.
46. Armstrong and Butler.
47. Warren and Venango.
48. Mercer and Lawrence.
49. Erie.
50. Crawford.

The Lower House bill is as follows:

- Philadelphia, four: Erie, 2 districts: 1. City of Erie. 1. Rest of Co. 2. 1st and 20th wards. 2. Rest of Co. 3. 1st and 20th wards. 3. Rest of Co. 4. 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 34th, 35th, 36th, 37th, 38th, 39th, 40th, 41st, 42nd, 43rd, 44th, 45th, 46th, 47th, 48th, 49th, 50th, 51st, 52nd, 53rd, 54th, 55th, 56th, 57th, 58th, 59th, 60th, 61st, 62nd, 63rd, 64th, 65th, 66th, 67th, 68th, 69th, 70th, 71st, 72nd, 73rd, 74th, 75th, 76th, 77th, 78th, 79th, 80th, 81st, 82nd, 83rd, 84th, 85th, 86th, 87th, 88th, 89th, 90th, 91st, 92nd, 93rd, 94th, 95th, 96th, 97th, 98th, 99th, 100th.

The ways of women aspiring to matrimony are fast finding out. It is said that the young ladies of Jacksonville, Tenn., have a fashion of tying up their taper fingers when young gentlemen are expected to call, and when they very naturally ask the cause, they blushing reply, "I burned them boiling the steak this morning." The result, as chronicled by a local paper, is that several young gentlemen have burned their fingers by believing the story.

A petition has been sent to Congress asking that body to have experiments made with powder and cannon to determine whether lightning cannot be prevented.

Interesting Discovery in Virginia.

Buckingham county, says the Lynchburg Virginian, has a sensation. A wonderful cave has been discovered there, which a writer in the Farmville Mercury tells about. After describing several chambers, the account continues: "We had satisfied our curiosity, and were about to leave the cave, when behind a large rock, or rather a spur of the main rock which formed the bottom, my son discovered a larger passage than any we had before seen. This we entered, and after following some six or seven feet, emerged into an apartment of immense size. The light of our torches falling upon the stalactites revealed a scene of beauty which was fairly dazzling. The size of this apartment I cannot tell, as the roof and sides were lost in darkness. We penetrated to a considerable distance, keeping close to one of the sides, so that we might easily find our way back, and would have gone seventy feet for finding in a recess some fifteen feet from where we entered, lying directly under a shelving rock, the body of a man wrapped in some dingy, cloth-like substance. We did not know it was the body of a man at first, and were not positive it was until we had gotten it outside the cave.

"Mr. Boyd discovered the body, and when we moved it from under the rock my son found several large and beautiful pebbles where the body had lain, and a small round vessel, some four inches in diameter and about two inches in height, shaped very much like an ink stand with a handle. This and the stones or pebbles he put in his pocket. We took the body and at once went out of the cave. The cloths with which it was wrapped were very rotten, and when we had laid the body down after leaving the cave, they had nearly all been rubbed from it. What were left crumbled like burnt paper. We brushed the body clean and found it to be the dried-up remains of a man who had evidently been of more than ordinary size, for I found it to be by actual measurement five feet nine inches in length. It was dried and withered something like dried meat, only the skin is tightly drawn over it. It is hard to the touch, and wherever there is a wrinkle it is hard like parchment.

"It is impossible to form any idea of what color the man was, or what his features were like. The body now is a sort of smoky color, and the hair, though there is very little of it, is, in some places, black. On the second finger of each hand and on the thumb of the right were large square rings, round on the inside to fit the finger. These rings and the small vessel I have referred to were evidently composed of gold with a large quantity of some kind of alloy which gave them a very peculiar appearance.

"We took the body to my house, where it is now. When we arrived with it there, my son brought him of the pebbles he had found, and showed them to us. There are seven in all; five are richly colored, and unlike anything else I have ever seen. The other two I think are diamonds; they possess in a very high degree the powers of reflection and refraction, and are about the size of a cornfield pea."

A Distressing Case of Hydrophobia.

A despatch from New York, under date of the 5th inst., relates the following distressing case of hydrophobia: Mrs. Ada Noyes, a young actress, died at her residence, No. 166 Bleeker street, this morning, from hydrophobia. The unfortunate lady arrived in this city about a month ago from Charleston, S. C.; she had with her a little pet dog, which bit her on the nose on the 30th of January. But little notice of the occurrence was taken until Sunday last, when the dreaded symptoms presented themselves. The best medical aid was called in, but Mrs. Noyes grew rapidly worse, and died this morning in terrible agony.

Coroner Kessler held an inquest, at which Dr. Elliott testified that she came to him, on the 30th of January, with her face lacerated from the bite of a dog. He cautioned the wound with nitrate of silver. She made good recovery, and appeared on the stage within ten days. On Monday night, while playing at Rochester with Lucille Western, she was taken off the stage insensible, and then took the train for New York. Witness met her at the Forty-second street depot. She was then delirious and presented a ghastly appearance. She was under the impression that people in the train wanted to kill her. She could not walk, and breathed only with the greatest difficulty. The cold air on her face while riding in the coach caused her the greatest agony. At times she prayed to be killed. Finally she became exhausted, and died at 9:30 o'clock last night. Mrs. Noyes was known as Ada Clare previous to her marriage with Mr. Noyes, and was well known in her profession, having been quite popular here some twelve years ago, but for some years past she has not been much on the stage.

On the afternoon of the 4th inst., Mollie Hollowell, alias Mary Holt, who was charged of a detective en route from New York to Chicago, on a charge of stealing \$20,000 in bonds, escaped from custody at Hamilton, Ontario, in Canada, by leaving the train and throwing herself into the arms of a policeman and claiming protection. She was taken before a magistrate and discharged, as she could not be detained.

Ex-President Millard Fillmore lies in a precarious state from an attack of paralysis.

VALUABLE SHORT-HORN COWS.

The Phenological Journal says:—Our agricultural readers have all heard of the wonderful sale of choice cattle which took place last fall at the New York Mills, near Utica, N. Y. The cattle were sold at auction, and prices were realized which tax our credulity when we appreciate their vastness. One hundred and eleven animals were offered for competition among the buyers, many of whom were from England, and the aggregate of the sales exceeded \$380,000.

The breeds which brought the largest sums were those known as Duchesses and Oxforas, and the first sold, known as the 2d Duke of Oneida, a three-year old bull, brought \$12,000. The cow, known as the 1st Duchess of Oneida, was next offered, and, after an extraordinarily exciting contest, was knocked down to Lord Skelmersdale, of England, for \$30,600. Subsequently other cattle of the same strain followed at \$19,000 and \$35,000, and the interest culminated with the sale of the 8th Duchess of Geneva, the dam of the 1st Duchess of Oneida, which was bought by Mr. R. Favin Davis, of Gloucestershire, England, for the unprecedented sum of \$40,600.

The Duchess stock was imported from England in 1858, and kept in a state of perfect purity in Duchess County by the importer. We infer from this experiment of Mr. Campbell, of the New York Mills, that stock-raising in this country "pays," although we could scarcely expect a \$40,000 cow to furnish milk enough to pay her way, as the interest alone on such a sum is five times as much as the return to her owner of the best milk cow we know. The short-horn, or Durham, breed is deemed the best.

Kentucky Library Concert.

A CARD TO THE PUBLIC. The manager is desirous that every ticket-holder in the Fourth Concert, which comes off in Public Library Hall, on the 31st of March, shall be perfectly satisfied with the distribution of Gifts which is to take place at that time. The distribution of \$1,500,000 is an affair of such importance that although the interests of the absent ticket holders will be faithfully cared for by the management, yet they would be glad for all to see and know, each one for himself, that everything is done which the most scrupulously exacting could ask, to make the distribution absolutely fair and impartial. All the arrangements for the drawing on the part of the management are complete, and the ticket-holders are invited to send delegates to a meeting to be held in the Public Library Building, on the 20th of March, to select a committee to co-operate with the committee appointed by the trustees to count and examine the tags, and see that every ticket is fairly represented in the drawing. The time is short, and whatever is to be done must be done promptly. Your co-operation in this matter is earnestly invited. Yours,

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Agent and Manager, Pub. Lib. Ky. For tickets and information apply to Thos. H. Hays & Co., 609 Broadway, N. Y.

A GENTLEMAN who signs himself "Winnepesaukee" writes to a Boston newspaper that he knows by personal experiment that an able-bodied man 50 years old and in active business can live on less than 12 cents a day. In two weeks he consumed milk, 72 cents; dry crackers, 30 cents; eggs, 17 cents; coffee, 10 cents; butter, 5 cents; salt, 1 cent; grand total, \$1.40. Weight of Winnepesaukee at the beginning 154 pounds; weight at the end of the 14 days, 176 1/2—net gain, one pound and a half. Occupation, 10 hours a day in the office and 4 hours in the garden. Here is a man, now, truly independent. What to him are crops? What to him is the price of beef and butter? What to him are the trichinae? What to him are the densest ignorance, the wildest vagaries, the abundant blunders of cooks? Wise Winnepesaukee!

Captain Fraser, who lately brought away from the Earnsclough Cave, in the south of New Zealand, the entire neck of a moa with the skin of the gigantic bird still on it, has been lecturing on the subject of his discovery. The floor of the cave, he states, is covered with a fine dust, in which lie bones and many rolls resembling pieces of the bark of a tree, but which, on examination, proved to be fragments of the reddish-brown moa skin. While he was searching among these, his companion found under a ledge the distinct remains of a large nest of grass with the fragments of eggs and bones of young birds in it; from which it appears that the extinct bird not only took refuge in but bred in such places of concealment as this now famous cave.

A murder and suicide occurred in Pringle street, New York, on the 3rd inst., between two former partners in business, named Anthony Earl and Peter Tarchini. Earl did not attend to business, and he was bought out two months ago. The partners met two weeks ago and quarreled. Did not meet again until on the morning of the day above stated, when they met as they were going to work. They quarreled again, when Earl drew a revolver and shot Tarchini in the breast, after which he shot himself in the head, both men being instantly killed.

Joseph Levin was taken from Shamokin and committed to the Sunbury jail, on Wednesday a week for shooting and killing a man named James Mahan. Mahan kept a tavern, and put Levin out of his house for some cause or other. He went to Levin's home afterwards and fired four shots at him. Levin then returned the fire, and one of his shots took effect and killed Mahan instantly. Levin then gave himself up, and was committed to jail by Squire Caldwell to await a judicial trial.

Wm. A. Stone, a lawyer, of Canastota, N. Y., convicted of arson in the third degree, for setting fire to that village, has been sentenced to prison for life.

SHORT ITEMS.

No man who is not a housekeeper can be a juror in Kentucky. Iowa has twenty-three of its seventy-two county treasurers advertised as missing. Some thief stole \$30 from the contribution boxes of the Lutheran Church, in Bedford.

Six hundred dollars were added to the conscience fund on the 2nd inst. by "John Smith," of Chicago. Failure of rain in December last has reduced the sugar crop of the Barbados five thousand hogsheads.

The Assistant Treasurer of New York has been directed to sell \$1,000,000 gold during the current month. Miss Mary Martin, of Colchdale, Bedford county, has been elected school director—the first in that county.

The failure of Jay Cooke's late office in Wall street, New York, was sold on the 2nd inst., realizing about \$1200. It is said that a small quantity of assam-frae bark mixed with dried fruit, will keep it free for worms for years.

There were three candidates recently for the postmastership of St. Henry, Minnesota. The compensation is \$1 a year. Two through freight trains, laden with tea and silk from Europe, reached New York on Saturday a week, from San Francisco.

It is stated that twenty per cent. of California cattle have perished from the exceptionally severe cold of the present winter. Mrs. E. M. Elliott, formerly of Lewis town, has been elected postmaster of the Iowa legislature. Her assistant is also a lady.

In Kansas hotels, if you call for a plate of Indian cakes, the waiter puts his hand to the side of his mouth, and sings out: "Moo-does for you." The barn of Isaac Taylor, of Tod township, Huntingdon county, was set on fire by a spark from a saw mill engine, on the 15th inst., and burned.

Daniel S. Francis, a prominent citizen of Reading, was knocked down and robbed of his watch and money near that place, on the night of the 23th. Said a pompous husband, whose wife had stolen up behind and given him a kiss, "Madam, I consider such an act indecorous." "Excuse me," said the wife, "I didn't know it was you."

George Hull, who was arrested in Harrisburg some days ago, charged with cruelly beating his dog, had a hearing before the Mayor and was discharged on the payment of \$10 fine and costs. The Pennsylvania State Inmates of Patrons of Husbandry will hold a meeting at West Chester, on to-morrow, 12th inst., at which a large number of subordinate Granges will be represented.

Robbers and murderers are raiding industrially in the southern counties of California. On the 25th ult. a band of thieves robbed the Los Angeles stage, carrying off \$200 in cash and eight horses. In the criminal court of Memphis on the 5th inst., a mixed jury was ordered in the case of a colored man charged with the murder of a white man. This is the first instance of the kind in that city.

Rev. A. Fleming, of Johnston, Cambria county, has received a unanimous call to the First Presbyterian church, Grand Rapids, Mich., at a salary of \$1,200 for the first year and \$2,500 for the second. Some 750,000 toy caps, containing flammable powder, exploded in the window of a store on Broadway, New York, on the 2nd inst., and badly wounded a clerk in the store and a number of passers-by. Loss, \$5500.

In struggling to make a full-trained boy to understand what "conscience" is, a teacher finally asked: "What makes you feel uncomfortable after you have done wrong?" "The big leather strap," feebly replied the boy. David Falcon, of East Genesee, has the tail of a rattlesnake, on which there are thirty-one rattles. As the first rattles do not appear until the snake is three years old this would prove the snake to have been thirty-four years old.

Dennis Brady, a masked burglar, found guilty of being concerned in the robbery of the post-office at Catskill, N. Y., was sentenced, on the 28th ult., to twenty-eight years' imprisonment in the jail of Clinton county, in that State. As the train which left Philadelphia for Baltimore at four o'clock P. M., on Saturday a week was crossing the Susquehanna river near Harve-de-Grace, some unknown person fired a shot into the train, the ball passing in close proximity to two of the passengers.

Alexander Johnston, father of the late William F. Johnston, ex-Governor of Pennsylvania, is still living at Kingston, near Greensburg, Westmoreland county, in the 100th year of his age. At 98 he rode regularly on horseback, but has latterly grown quite feeble. Judge Pratt, of Brooklyn, has issued a warrant for the arrest of ex-President Bess, of St. Domingo, at the instance of Davis Hatch, of Connecticut, who charges Bess with having conspired against his liberty, life and wealth. The ex-President was held in \$25,000 bail.

In England they are not satisfied with putting alum in bread and iron in tea, but have also taken to adulterating turkeys. A dealer in Norwich found a method of stuffing their breasts with pork fat. One of his customers took over four pounds of that material from his turkey. A Chester man fell and injured himself so severely that he could not walk. A "good Samaritan" offered to take him home in his wagon. Instead of doing this he drove in an opposite direction, and when out of town threw a bag over the injured man's head and relieved him of his money.

An important discovery of art objects in gold, silver, bronze and iron, belonging to a period previous to the introduction of Christianity in Russia, has been made in Alexandria, in the province of Eriwan; and close upon Alexandria itself, a pagan temple of vast dimensions has come to light. A couple were recently married in Harrods county, Iowa, and after the ceremony the bride asked the husband his name. They had been acquainted only a few hours when he proposed and she accepted. The frankness on the part of the bride, showing a desire to know her husband's name, is auspicious of a happy future.

A flying machine is building at Auburn, N. Y. Steam is the motive power, and it is four sets of wings are moved. The machine is described as "something of the appearance of a turret tower to a monitor, carrying above it a mast of a vessel, with spars attached and swinging around it, with a balloon basket suspended underneath."

Normal School. THE County Normal School will re-open at Thompsonstown, Pa., April 5, 1874. There will be Spring and Fall Sessions. Special attention will be paid to the preparation of Teachers. Terms reasonable. For particulars call on or address T. D. & J. M. GARMAN, Patterson, Pa. JOB PRINTING OF EVERY KIND done at this office.

New Advertisements.

ALL PERSONS knowing themselves indebted on our Books are requested to make immediate payment. D. P. SULOUFF & CO. March 11-2w

NOTICE. THERE will be an Election held at the store of Samuel Buck, in the borough of Perryville, on MONDAY, MARCH 30, 1874, between the hours of 2 and 8 o'clock P. M., to elect Managers for the Perryville Bridge Company for the ensuing year. By order of the Board. SAMUEL BUCK, Treas. Perryville, March 9, 1874-3t

TUSCARORA ACADEMY, AND JUNIATA NORMAL INSTITUTE. (FOR BOTH SEXES.) THE Summer Session, (20 weeks,) will begin MAY 4th. There will be lectures on the theory and practice of teaching. Special arrangements for young ladies. Lessons given on the Piano, Organ and Violin. Teachers will find many advantages. Terms, low. Address D. B. STONE, Ph. D., Principal, Academiæ, Juniata Co., Pa. mar11-4f

FARM AT PRIVATE SALE. THE undersigned offers at private sale his Farm, situated in Black Log Valley, Lack township, Juniata county, containing 159 ACRES, about 65 acres of which are cleared, and the balance covered with choice timber; having thereon erected a TWO-STORY FRAME HOUSE, LARGE BANK BARN, and a Two-story Log House and Log Barn. Two Springs of never-failing water convenient to each house. A large thrifty YOUNG ORCHARD of choice grafted fruit on the premises. Terms easy. Title indisputable. I have been living on it over thirty years. If not sold very soon the farm will be for rent or let on the shares. For further particulars inquire on the premises. ROBERT MCINTYRE. March 11, 1874.

H. C. ORTH, DEALER IN PIANOS, ORGANS, SHEET MUSIC. Artists' and Wax Flower Materials and Fancy Articles. LIBERAL DISCOUNTS ON ORGANS TO CASH BUYERS. 310 MARKET STREET. HARRISBURG, PENN'A. Mar 11, 1874.

APPLICATION. NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the present Senate and House of Representatives of this Commonwealth, for a special act authorizing the Chief Burgess and Town Council of the borough of Patterson to lay and collect a tax on taxable property within said borough, to be expended in laying pipe, purchasing hose, &c., as a protection in case of fire. By order of the Town Council. W. S. NORTH, Chief Burgess. Patterson, Feb. 24, 1874-3t

SHERIFF'S SALE. BY virtue of a writ of Vend. Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Juniata county and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in the borough of Mifflintown, at 2 o'clock P. M., on SATURDAY, MARCH 28, 1874, the following real estate, viz: A Tract of Land situate in Millard township, Juniata county, bounded on the north by lands of W. W. Wilson and John P. Kelly, on the east by Robert Robinson, on the south by Oliver Harris and on the west by Christopher Brand, containing: Seventy-Eight Acres, more or less, having thereon erected TWO LOG HOUSES, ONE STABLE, and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John Fry deceased. WM. H. KNOUSE, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Mifflintown, Pa. March 3, 1874.

Dissolution of Co-Partnership. NOTICE is hereby given that the Co-Partnership heretofore existing between Solomon Benner and Christian Benner, trading under the firm name of Solomon Benner & Co., in the manufacture of buggies and carriages, was this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said firm, and those having claims against the same, will please call and settle their accounts with Christian Benner, who will still carry on the above business at the old stand in McAllesterville. SOLOMON BENNER CHRISTIAN BENNER. Jan. 24, 1874.

Administrators Notice. Estate of John Kerlin, deceased. WHEREAS Letters of Administration have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said firm will please call and settle their accounts before the first day of March, 1874, at which time all accounts remaining unsettled will be placed in the hands of a collector for collection. W. C. LAIRD, WM. BELL. February 2, 1874.

Administrators Notice. Estate of Maria C. Lukens, deceased. NOTICE is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the estate of Maria C. Lukens, late of Waterford township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will please present their duly authenticated for settlement. W. C. LAIRD, WM. BELL. February 2, 1874.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HEAD QUARTERS! IN Bridge Street.

THIRD ARRIVAL Of New Goods this Season! GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES! 10 PER CENT. CHEAPER THAN EVER! Water Proof Cloth at 88 cts. per yard. Velvetten at 50c, 90c, and \$1.00 per yard. Colored Blankets at \$1.38 and \$1.75 a piece. White Blankets at \$2.25 and Upwards. TABLE LINEN As Low as 30c per yard. IMITATION BUCK GLOVES AT SIXTY CENTS.

RESPECTFULLY YOURS, &c., EMIL SCHOTT.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE. We have opened out in the New Building on the Nevin lot, on Bridge street, the largest and best stock of BOOTS AND SHOES, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S GAITERS, ever brought to the county. We buy our stock from Manufacturers and in large lots. We pay cash and expect to sell for cash, which will enable us to offer GOODS At Prices far Below the Average.

WORK MADE TO ORDER. This branch of the business will be superintended by A. B. FASICK, one of the best practical mechanics in the county. All kinds of repairing done. ALL WORK WARRANTED. CORNELIUS BARTLEY. July 2, 1873-4f

D. P. SULOUFF & CO. FORWARD AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, DEALERS IN GRAIN, LUMBER, COAL, PLASTER, CEMENT, CALCINED PLASTER, RESUMPTION. JOHN DIEHL, hereby announces to his old customers and the public generally, that he has again resumed business at his old stand, on Water Street, Mifflintown, where he will manufacture in a satisfactory manner, Harness, Light and Heavy, to Suit All, Horse Collars, Riding Saddles, Wagon Saddles, Bridles of all Kinds, Plow Lines, in fact everything in His Line. REPAIRING neatly and expeditiously executed. Call and inquire before going elsewhere. JOHN DIEHL, of the Crystal Palace Building. Nov 12, 1873-6m

NEW TAILOR SHOP. The undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he has opened a TAILOR SHOP at his residence, on Bridge street, in the Parker Mansion, and is now prepared to do CUSTOM WORK at short notice and in the most durable and fashionable manner. He intends to put out none but good work and asks a share of the public patronage. WILLIAM WISE. Sentinels and Republican \$1.50 a year.

GRAIN, LUMBER, &c. THE undersigned, having completed his new Warehouse in Perryville, would respectfully invite the attention of the farmers of the county to the fact that he is at all times PAVING THE HIGHEST PRICES FOR ALL KINDS OF GRAIN, SEEDS, &c., &c. Having introduced new facilities for hoisting, weighing, &c., we are now prepared to unload with the least possible trouble. Bark, Railroad Ties, Locust Posts, and all Saleable Country Produce will be bought at all times, either for CASH OR IN EXCHANGE FOR MERCHANDISE. HAVE FOR SALE COAL, LUMBER, FISH, SALT, &c., &c., which will be sold to suit purchasers, either WHOLESALE OR RETAIL, and at the lowest rates ruling. At my Store in Turbett township may be found as complete an assortment of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, NOTIONS, Queensware, Hardware, &c., all of which will be sold as low as, if not a little lower than elsewhere. NOAH HERTZLER. Dec. 10, 1873-4f

JUNIATA VALLEY BANK. Pomeroy, Patterson, Jacobs & Co. MIFFLINTOWN, JUNIATA COUNTY, PA. CAPITAL, \$110,000. JOSEPH POMEROY, President. T. VAN IRVIN, Cashier. DIRECTORS: John Balsbach, Jerome N. Thompson, H. H. Bechtel, John J. Patterson, S. Frank Eagle, George Jacobs.

United States Securities, Bonds, &c., bought and sold. Stocks, Shares exchanged for Five-centies at market rates. United States coupons paid. Gold and Silver bought at highest rates. Deposits received, collections made, drafts on the principal cities, and a general banking business transacted. Bonds and other valuable papers received on special deposit. [June 73-4f]

S. B. LOUDON, MERCHANT TAILOR, 36 ROOMS IN REAR OF CRYSTAL PALACE BUILDING, on Water Street, Mifflintown, Pa., FASHIONABLE GOODS always on hand. CUSTOM WORK DONE on the shortest notice. GOODS SOLD by the yard or pattern. PERSONS buying goods can have them cut in garments free of charge. BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS also for sale. ALL WORK WARRANTED. PRICES LOW. Oct 22, 1873-4f

LUMBER! LUMBER! WHITE PINE SHAVED SHINGLES, LAP AND JOINT, SAWED SHINGLES, PLASTERING LATH, PICKETS AND DRY BOARDS, FOR SALE BY NER THOMPSON, Mifflin, Mifflin County, Pa. nov25-6m

Large stock of Dry Goods at J. & H. A. Staubach's, Crystal Palace. Sentinels and Republican \$1.50 a year.