THE CITIZEN

H. WILSON, E. A. PENNIMAN, } Editors and Publishers.

THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 16, 1908.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

NATIONAL.

FOR PRESIDENT.
WM. HOWARD TAFT, of Ohio.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
JAMES S. SHERMAN, of New York.

FOR ELECTORS AT LARGE,
MORRIS L. CLOTHIER, of Philadelphia.
BENJAMIN F. JONES, Jr., of Pittsburg.

FOR DISTRICT ELECTORS,

Dist.		Dist.	
1	John Burt	17	W. S. Settle
2	H. A. Davis	18	Robt. C. Neal, Sr.
3	T. Chandler	19	J. C. Stineman
4	E. A. Gimbel	20	Thomas Shipley
5	E. W. Patton	21	W. F. Reynolds
6	G. J. Elliott	22	A. W. McCullough
7	G. C. Hetzel	23	J. T. Rogers
8	J. D. Abbott	24	Judge J. F. Taylor
9	J. N. P. Bausman	25	J. F. Downing
10	Col. R. A. Phillips	26	Herman Simon
11	J. L. Newell	27	T. T. Wilson
12	John Mathias	28	I. C. Rose
13	A. H. Miller	29	O. C. Shultz
14	W. T. McCabe	30	O. A. Babcock
15	Geo. W. Williams	31	A. R. Peacock
16	D. J. Waller, Jr.	32	H. L. Williams

STATE.

FOR JUDGE OF SUPERIOR COURT,
WM. D. PORTER, of Allegheny.

DISTRICT.

FOR CONGRESS,
CHARLES C. PRATT, of Susquehanna.

COUNTY.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,
W. E. PERHAM, of Preston.

FOR SHERIFF,
M. LEE BRAMAN, of Honesdale.

FOR PROTHONOTARY, ETC.,
WALLACE J. BARNES, of Berlin.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,
ALFRED O. BLAKE, of Bethany.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONERS,
J. K. HORNBECK, of Equinunk,
THOMAS C. MADDEN, of Dreher.

FOR COUNTY AUDITORS,
ARTHUR W. LARRABEE, of Starucca,
W. BROCK LESHER, of Sterling.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
MYRON E. SIMONS, of Honesdale.

The Battle of the Bosses

At the Democratic National Convention last week, Col. Guffey, the Democratic boss of the Keystone State, was rudely jolted off the national band wagon and this by the express command of Col Bryan, the boss of the collective Democracy of the country.

The Democratic National Committee, in preparing the roll of delegates, unanimously decided in favor of the Pennsylvania delegates whose election at the primaries was certified by the Secretary of the Commonwealth under the State law. With the title thus established, the delegation thereupon chose Col. Guffey as the Pennsylvania member of the National Committee.

But the national boss had decided to throw down the State boss, and at his dictation the Committee on Credentials was packed to carry out this purpose. To accomplish the intended result, the Committee unseated eight Guffey delegates from Philadelphia, and seated eight anti-Guffey Philadelphians who had contested the seats. There was no ground for contest beyond the vague allegation that the Guffeyites were "not Democrats"—which meant only that they were not Bryanites; and their right in the premises was as clear as that of any other delegate. But the Bryan "steam roller" ran over their claim, and ground it to fragments. The action of the Committee on Credentials was promptly approved by the Convention; and then, at a caucus of the delegates, in which the successful contestants took the place of those who had been elected, Guffey was deposed from the National Committee, and James Kerr, of Clearfield, chosen in his place, by a vote of 34½ to 32½, with one delegate declining to vote. The fractional votes were due to a tie at the delegate election in Pittsburg, which was disposed of by seating both candidates and giving each half a vote.

The methods thus used against Guffey were substantially the same as those by which Guffey, aided by Bryan, ousted Wm. F. Harrity from the National Committee, and took his place, in 1896.

Very naturally Boss Guffey kicks vigorously, and gives his view of Boss Bryan in the following emphatic language:

Mr. Bryan views me with sanctimonious horror as a "political boss, who never shall be in the party organization, except over my protest," as a "bushwhacker, who should not be put into my councils to betray me." "My councils," indeed! Is the Democratic party really absorbed? Has it no councils? Is Mr. Bryan the whole organization? "Let the people rule," he shouts, and forthwith pleads to dictate not only every act, every office and every resolution of this convention, but also to put the ban on every man from any State who is opposed to his candidacy or his platform. Does he turn his vituperation against me because I am a boss? Not at all. I am no more of a boss now than I was during the two campaigns when I won his approbation by trying to elect him. The only boss he hates is the boss opposed to his own arrogant self—the most impudent, domineering, devastating boss the Democratic party has ever known.

But there is another reason. "I am a corporation man." Well, I am. I was in 1896 and 1900, and am to-day; but I have been connected with corporations. There is not a dollar in any company which is not an incorporation of my own private business, and which I absolutely control. That, however, makes no difference. I am a "corporation man," but it is only when Mr. Bryan is opposed to me that I am considered unworthy of association with the one living "honest Democrat."

My counsel and my help are no longer desired. It was not always so. In 1896 and 1900 the late Senator Jones many times declared there were just three men upon whom he never called for financial assistance in vain. One was the late Marcus Daly, another was William R Hearst, the third was myself. Through his friend and manager Mr. Bryan not only accepted gratefully, but beseechingly sought our aid, and we gave secretly thousands and thousands of dollars. Mr. Bryan knew then and knows now that I was as much of a "corporation man" in 1896 and in 1900 as I am in 1908, but did he "scruple abstemiously" to use our money to help his canvass? Let him answer at his leisure.

And what followed? After his defeat Mr. Hearst became his patron and paid him thousands of dollars, only to be turned upon without a qualm, though now, when again a candidate, Mr. Bryan fawns upon him in hope of gaining his support. I reap my reward in a vicious, brutal attack from the man who professed to be my friend. Mr. Daly died soon enough not to see the ingratitude of one who accepts a man's assistance and, at the first refusal to serve a selfish purpose, spits in his face.

I have replied to Mr. Bryan's vituperative assault upon me with calmness and restraint. The use of expletives is clearly unnecessary. This simple recital of plain facts shall be sufficient to enable any fair mind to determine with certainty, at a time when harmony is the chief requisite of party success, who is the self-convicted falsifier, who the hypocrite, who the real and most arrogant "boss" ever known in the Democratic party, and who, I regret to add, "the ingrate."

There is one preparation known to-day that will promptly help the stomach. This is Kodol. Kodol digests all classes of food, and it does it thoroughly, so that the use of Kodol for a time will without doubt help anyone who has stomach trouble. Take Kodol to-day and continue it for the short time that is necessary to give you complete relief. Kodol is sold by PEIL, The Druggist.

The new long G[illegible] [illegible]red Kid can be had at MENNER & CO.'S. 6i6

The Denver Convention.

The Democratic National Convention reached the conclusion which for some time had been clearly foreseen, by nominating Wm. J. Bryan for President, on the first ballot. He received 892½ votes, out of 1,005, with 8 delegates not voting. Judge Gray, of Delaware, received the 6 votes of his own State, the 24 of New Jersey, 9½ from Pennsylvania, and 20 from Georgia—a total of 59½. Gov. Johnson, of Minnesota, received the 22 votes of his own State, 1 each from Maine and New Hampshire, 3 from Rhode Island, 5 from Connecticut, 3 from Pennsylvania, 9 from Maryland, and 2 from Georgia—a total of 46.

Col. Bryan through his friends offered the Vice Presidential nomination to Judge Gray, but the latter absolutely refused to accept it. Besides a natural unwillingness to take second place, one of his friends described the office as undesirable, since it had "all the deprivations of a monastery, with none of the consolations of religion."

Bryan finally decided on James W. Kern, of Indiana, as his running mate, and the nomination was made by acclamation.

Mr. Kern, however he may compare with Bryan as a "Peerless Leader," in proportion to size is fully his peer as a peerless, loser. Bryan, after being twice elected to Congress (1890 and 1892), made a campaign in 1894 as a candidate for the U. S. Senate, against John M. Thurston, Republican; but the election gave the Republicans a majority in the Legislature. In 1896 and in 1900 he was defeated as Presidential candidate. Mr. Kern entered the political field at the age of twenty-one, as candidate for the Legislature, and was defeated. In 1878 he was elected city attorney for Kokomo, and held the position for six years. In 1884 he was elected Supreme Court Reporter, but when a candidate for re-election in 1888 was defeated. In 1892 he was elected State Senator, and in 1897 was chosen City Attorney of Indianapolis. In 1900 and again in 1904, he was the Democratic candidate for Governor, and in both campaigns was defeated. In 1905, his party complimented him with the nomination for the U. S. Senate, but Alfred J. Beveridge, Republican, was elected.

The platform adopted by the Convention, in volume and comprehensiveness, resembles the Oklahoma constitution. It abounds in specimens from the scrap heap of Democratic declarations, and adds some propositions that will be mere junk after the election, whatever the result of the contest. It shows that the party has forgotten nothing of importance except the bunco dollar, and has learned nothing of importance beyond the points on which all parties are substantially agreed.

Pleasant Mount.

JULY 13th.—Helen Tiffany left to-day for a visit to Clearfield, Pa. Her trip will also include Elmira and Binghamton.

Emma Lempke will spend this week with Mrs. Leon Bills at Thompson.

Jason Welles has recovered sufficiently to return to his home here, but is still under the care of a nurse. Mr. Welles left home some three months ago, and underwent a very delicate surgical operation, May 12th, from which he appears to be making a complete recovery.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Slocum are at the Graham home for a few days.

Dr. S. Y. Kennedy, of Gloversville, N. Y., spent last week with his brother, J. H. Kennedy, of this place.

Mrs. Rupert Tiffany and granddaughter, Eva, were in Carbondale over Sunday.

Mrs. Rodney Lempke and son, of Carbondale, spent part of last week with Mrs. Kate Lempke.

Anna Labar has gone to Monticello for the summer.

Bessie and Jennie Moase were at Elkdale over Sunday.

Mrs. Alice Myres and daughter, of Brownell, West Virginia, spent last week with friends in town.

Charles Tiffany and wife will start on their return trip to Seattle this week.

The 4th passed off very comfortably. The M. E. ladies served one of their big dinners to more than the usual number of guests.

The reunion of the family and relatives of the late J. S. Tiffany was a very pleasant and profitable feature of the day's celebration. All the children of J. S. and Harriet Whitney Tiffany and their families were here and took dinner together at the hall.

Prof. Chambers, of Scranton, gave a lecture in the evening of the 4th.

Mrs. Sterling entertained at tea, Prof. and Mrs. Deitrich, Miss Cora Deitrich and Mr. and Mrs. Kennedy last Friday.

During the work on the State road, Walter Lake and son, Warren, narrowly escaped a fatal accident by the horse becoming frightened at the roller and upsetting them in a covered carriage. Fortunately they escaped injury.

Mrs. Henry Starbird, of Binghamton, returned home last week after spending several days with Miss Grace Winner.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Winner and son, John K., and Mrs. Martin are at the Winner home for a few days.

Mrs. J. W. Moase is visiting at Milanville.

Ariel.

JULY 13th.—Rev. Donaldson, pastor of the First M. E. church, of San Francisco, occupied the pulpit last Sunday morning. Mr. Donaldson is here in the East at the invitation of the general conference of the Methodist church to present the needs and obtain aid for the Methodist churches, who suffered such severe losses in the recent earthquake and fire in that city. Mr. Donaldson gave us a very vivid account of the fire and it's after effects, and presented very forcibly the specific needs of our churches. We trust that many more churches of the district may have the privilege of of hearing Rev. Donaldson and contributing toward a worthy cause.

For the remainder of the season the evening services of the M. E. church will be held on the church lawn at 6.15 P. M.

James A. Bortree, of Orlando, Pa., was a pleasant caller in town last week.

Mrs. Dora Simson is spending the present week in Detroit, Michigan, and from there she will return to Cleveland.

Mrs. Agnes Bromlich and two children, of New York city, are again spending the summer with her mother, Mrs. C. H. Mills.

Dr. White received a hurried call one day last week from Maplewood, one of the young ladies there at a house party being taken severely ill after bathing. Dr. White being hurriedly called gave the necessary aid.

Mrs. Charles Mills of Honesdale is the guest of her sister, Mrs. A. S. Keyes.

The Misses Elizabeth and Grace Male, of Hawley, are the guests of relatives in town.

Floyd McFarland is on the sick list.

The Misses Verna Killam and Blanche Gilpin are spending the summer at the "Bluff" Milford, Pa.

Professor J. D. Storm left last week for Middletown, N. Y. After a short stay there he will journey to Providence, R. I., where he expects to spend his summer vacation.

The new boiler for the knitting factory arrived last week. In a few days it is expected everything will be in readiness for active operations.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Cobb, of Dunmore, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J Brown, several days last week.

Mrs. Frank Brown, of Oxford, N. J., is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Bell.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Newcomb returned to their home in Scranton on Sunday, after spending the past week with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Orr Polley.

Mrs. N. Branning and Mrs. Waulky and daughter, of West Pittston, are spending their annual vacation with their mother, Mrs. S. Osborne.

J. Moffot, of Scranton, was the guest of Mrs. Mills, last week.

Mrs. Eugene Samson and daughter, Madeline, called on relatives and friends here, Sunday.

Floyd McFarland our genial station agent is on the sick list. Mr. Hine, of Hawley, is doing his work.

A. W. Brink, is in Scranton working on a mail route delivering mail, and expects soon to have a permanent job.

Virgil Brink has returned from Kingston.

Use DeWitt's Little Early Risers, pleasant little pills that are easy to take. Sold by PEIL, The Druggist.

New Parasols, up-to-date shapes, at MENNER & CO.'S 6i6.

In Memoriam.

Barbara Buerket, wife of Lawrence Balles, of Honesdale, died at her home, July 8, 1908, after a brief illness, aged 64 years and 9 months. She is survived by her husband, a son, Peter, two daughters, Mrs. Geo. B. Weidner and Miss Mary, at home, and two brothers, Henry and Anthony, of Honesdale. Interment in the German Catholic cemetery.

Lottie Goodnough, widow of Walter Corey, of Waymart, died in the Lackawanna hospital, Scranton, July 14, 1908, aged about 55 years. Her husband, who was for a long period an employee of the Gravity Railroad, died some six years ago. Mrs. Corey is survived by a 15 year old daughter, Augusta. Interment in the Waymart cemetery.

Emma Waidler, wife of William Newcomb, died at the family residence in Binghamton, June 23, 1908, after a painful illness of six months, aged 27 years, 5 months and 21 days. Deceased was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Augustus Waidler, of Scott township, this county. She is survived by her husband, parents and three sisters. Interment in the Hale Eddy cemetery.

Christina Schneider Abbott, wife of John Baker, of West street, died July 11, 1908, of the infirmities of old age. She had been a helpless invalid for a number of years. Deceased was born in Germany, March 21, 1823, making her age 85 years, 3 months and 20 days. Deceased was twice married. Her first husband, George Abbott, died in Seelyville, and April 21, 1858, she became the bride of John Baker. Mrs Baker was a most devout and faithful member of the M. E. church, whose pastor, the Rev. W. H. Hiller, conducted the funeral services. Her husband most devotedly and lovingly cared for his invalid wife for several years, leaving nothing undone that would add to her pleasure or comfort. Interment in the German Lutheran cemetery.

Which is the Lowest and Best Bidder.

Since there is some controversy with reference to which was the lowest and best bidder for the contract of painting the exterior of the Court House the lowest bids are herewith given; each bidder to furnish his own specifications:

Being a resident and a tax payer of Wayne county and a master painter, I desire to submit the following estimate for completing the painting of the exterior woodwork, including iron columns in front portico, in the following manner: First, scrape loose putty from sash where needed and all loose paint in the same manner; then give all woodwork one good coat of paint on all cornices, rail on roof, window casings and window sash, all painted doors; clean and refinish rear hall doors; next putty up all window sash, defects in woodwork and paint the same, one good coat of paint to harmonize with present color scheme, for the sum of $287. If the front and sides of the building are to be sanded, $40 extra. total $327.

WILLIAM H. HALL.

I hereby place my bid on painting on Court House as follows: One coat on main cornice, no sand; two coats on sash and frames, no sand; two coats on columns on front porch and sand the same, and furnish all material for the sum of $300.

JOHN CONGDON.

The Commissioners considering Mr. Hall's plans and bid the best, gave him the contract.

Milanville.

JULY 13th.—Mrs. J. Wells Moase, of Pleasant Mt., is the guest of Mrs. A. S. Nichols.

Helen and Frederick Crane, of Port Byron, N. Y., are at "The Maples," with their aunt, Mrs. Beach, for an indefinite time.

Mrs. C. D. Skinner and family, of Auburn, N. Y., are visiting Mrs. Cora Skinner.

Mr. Cornell, who has been occupying one of the bungalows, returned home on Wednesday.

Miss Laura Boyde, of Hamilton, recently visited Misses Edna and Lorena Skinner.

Mrs. I. E. Tibbetts, Mr. and Mrs. W. Judson Yerkes and son, Lewis, are visiting at W. D. Yerkes' home.

Mrs. Dales, of Pine Hill, N. Y., Mrs. Charles Gay, of Glen Spey, N. Y., and Mrs. Mary Appley, of Damascus, were recent guests of Mesdames Connor and Nichols.

Mrs. Wm. Crane, who came here to attend the funeral of her uncle, Mr. Smith, returned to her home at Port Byron, N. Y., on Thursday last.

Rockwell Brigham had the misfortune to lose one of his team horses last week.

Mrs. Frank Skinner, of Dunmore, and Yale Skinner, of Buffalo, are staying with Miss Minnie Gay.

Rev. and Mrs. H. H. Dresser, of Binghamton, Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Carr and Frank Skinner, of Dunmore, Harry Skinner, of Pittston, E. Pinney and Mrs. Wales, of Kenoza Lake, N. Y., who were in town to attend the funeral of D. W. Gay, have returned to their homes.

L. J. Hocker and M. L. Skinner are entertaining a number of city people.

The remains of Silas Smith, of Binghamton, were brought to Cochecton for burial on Thursday last, the interment being in the Riverside Cemetery, Damascus. Besides the widow, who was formerly Miss Coralinn Page, of Cochecton, were Mrs. Amelia Aguee, of Hartford, Conn, only sister of the deceased, Mrs. Wm. Crane, of Port Byron, N. Y., Mrs. D. H. Beach, of Milanville, and Rev. Mr. Hayes and Mr. Lawrence, of Binghamton. Mr. Smith was for many years connected with the Wells-Fargo Express Co., of Binghamton, and was one of the most prominent and helpful members of the First Baptist church of the city in which he lived. The deceased spent his early manhood at Cochecton, with his uncle, George Armstrong, who was a prominent citizen there for many years.

Mrs. Amelia Aguee, of Hartford, Conn., and Mrs. Smith, of Binghamton, are the guests of Mrs. D. H. Beach.

SPECIAL CAMPAIGN OFFER.—Here is an excellent offer and opportunity to keep in touch with the presidential campaign and what the world is doing. Give your postmaster, newsdealer or rural carrier $1.00 and the Philadelphia Press will be mailed to you six days each week until Dec. 1. This is a very liberal offer and a great reduction in price, and is good only during the Presidential campaign. The Philadelphia Press contains all the up-to-date political news, is always accurate and reliable. It contains the best market reports. You can get the summer resort news and also a daily page for women. It is truly the one great home newspaper. Hand in your order at once for this offer is good only a short time.

The highest amount paid for liquor license in the State of Massachusetts, where local option prevails is $2,750. It will be paid by the owners of Ferncroft Inn to the town of Middleton, in Essex county, which "went wet" for the first time in its history at the annual town meeting in March. The fee will be considerably more than $1,000 greater than the amount paid for licenses in Boston. Although the town has only about six hundred inhabitants, there was some spirited bidding for the privilege to dispense alcoholic refreshment. The proprietors of the inn think the license is a good thing to have, in view of the automobile traffic and the fact that most of the larger towns and cities in that section of the county are now "dry."

Menner & Co. will close out an odd lot of Wool Jacket Suits at less than half price. 7i4

Rheumatism Cured in Three Days.

N. B. Langley, Madison, Wis., says: I was almost helpless with rheumatism for 5 months. Had it in my neck so I could not turn my head, and all through my body. I tried three doctors and many remedies without any relief whatever until I procured Dr. DETCHON'S RELIEF FOR RHEUMATISM. In a few hours the pain was relieved and in three days the rheumatism was completely cured and I was at work. Sold by BUHL Dobus Druggist, Honesdale, Pa. 29m3

DR. C. R. BRADY, Dentist, Honesdale, Pa.
OFFICE HOURS—8 A. M. to 5 P. M.
Any evening by appointment.
Citizens' phone 33, Residence, No. 86 X

The Slump In Immigration.

The officials of the United States Immigration [illegible] that the decrease [illegible] ages noted for the [illegible] is occasioned by the results of last year's panic or other causes [illegible] conditions in this country so much as by circumstances that are either natural or have been arbitrarily imposed on the other side of the ocean. These officials confess to a lurking suspicion that several European countries have placed arbitrary checks against the outflow of their population. The governments of Russia, Germany, Austria and Italy have indicated openly an alarm at the steady loss of population through emigration to America. The total immigration admitted in May this year was only one-fourth of that in 1906 and one-fifth of that in 1907 for the same month. The immigration from Russia in May, 1906, was 20,000 and in May last year 25,000. This year it dropped to less than 1,000 in May.

The [illegible] mark in immigration was reached in [illegible] and the number rose steadily each year until 1907, when the total was [illegible]. May is usually the month of the highest immigration records, and if the figures of that month this year are a guide there is a prospect that the record for 1908 will fall below the annual average for the decade preceding [illegible] that is less than [illegible]. If the total proves to be only one-fifth of last year's record it will fall below [illegible]. With a loss of [illegible] a year by emigration every year for five years the foreign governments had occasion to be alarmed at the annual exodus. How the outflow movement has been interfered with [illegible]. Appeals have [illegible] [illegible] fewer [illegible] of population [illegible] tries which [illegible] has continued [illegible] of the demand for [illegible] [illegible] of nearly [illegible] years [illegible] plus population [illegible] thickly peopled [illegible] world. [illegible] after which [illegible] side will [illegible] again.

Our Westward [illegible].

With our [illegible] fleet sailing bravely on, [illegible] any navy the [illegible] in motion for the [illegible] where our [illegible] danger. And after the fleet [illegible] the Atlantic neither Japan nor any other power, even with Brazil to aid in furnishing [illegible] will be able to forestall us in the [illegible] of the Pacific. Pearl Harbor, Hawaii, is being rapidly and [illegible] fortified, and when the work for which congress has liberally provided is done there we shall have a naval base in the Pacific, making it practically impossible for an enemy to threaten our western shore.

Pearl Harbor is one of the finest natural havens in all the world. It is so formed that ships riding there cannot be seen from the sea. The improvements to be made will include a drydock suitable for the largest warship we shall construct for many years to come, with ample coaling, supply stores and repair facilities, so that Pearl Harbor will become a model station of [illegible]. Although located [illegible] [illegible] few [illegible] ships having [illegible] will do more to secure safety for all our westward possessions than the most elaborate chain of land fortifications. It would be [illegible] about the [illegible] to be [illegible] better [illegible].

Go Ahead, Young Man.

A [illegible] reader of [illegible] Education Commission [illegible] would be better for [illegible] country to remain at [illegible] given them by their parents. [illegible] the individual may be [illegible] an ambition [illegible] out for [illegible] better to have strived and lost than not to have strived at all. [illegible] the widespread [illegible] of youth whose ambition [illegible] can look out for [illegible] and has the means of [illegible].

Young Americans [illegible] if they have a fair show. It is society's duty to give them a fair show by eliminating [illegible] and class privileges which [illegible] in the way of [illegible] empty handed. [illegible] leges have caused the most frightful revolutions [illegible] history, and in the long run [illegible] lost nothing [illegible] those revolutions. This country has had no such [illegible] and never should have. [illegible] the equal right to [illegible]. If [illegible] had accepted his [illegible] he would have [illegible] fortunes. [illegible] [illegible].

Those for the [illegible] are [illegible] either [illegible].

[illegible] the [illegible] will be found out whether those [illegible] the [illegible] on the average workday throughout the year.

Uncle Sam [illegible] the new fiscal year with a deficit of something like [illegible], but no one suggests a receivership for him or falling back on [illegible].

People having [illegible] find [illegible] supply must be glad to learn from the [illegible] that [illegible] more than is [illegible] for [illegible] hot weather.

The trouble in Persia is persistent enough to suggest that some selfish power of first magnitude is doing a little long distance agitating.

Now perhaps we shall find out whether a man who took San Juan hill can be eclipsed by one who controls his own spirit.

Additional Nearly Forgotten Facts.

The Allen House may be said to have been popular before it was built. Samuel Allen was not a man of large means, and such capital as he could call his own was largely invested in his stage enterprises when the new hotel project took definite shape. But he was known to be energetic, enterprising, trustworthy and hospitable; personal characteristics which inspired confidence in his success among his fellow-townsmen, and opened their purse-strings when they were informed that aid was needed to launch the enterprise. The moneyed men of the place were applied to and, as the result of a brief canvass, $3,000 in cash was gratuitously placed at his disposal, mainly the cost of the corner lots on which the house was to be erected. Then he was backed by loans and bank endorsements for $8,500 additional. Besides this material aid every moral influence was enlisted in his behalf. The coming hostelry was constantly spoken of [illegible] and credit to the town, and [illegible] to [illegible] long felt want. Mr. Allen, for his part, gave constant evidence that he was the right man for the right place. Simultaneously with the first operations on the building he bought the Cushman farm of thirty acres at East Honesdale (then Tracyville), a proof of wise forethought, as the place became a generous provider for his tables and at the same time afforded an opportunity for profitably utilizing the natural waste of such an establishment. When the final house-warming came, the large attendance of the town's best people, and the cordiality with which himself and wife were wished a full measure of success in their undertaking, showed not only a general interest in the enterprise, but foreshadowed the phenomenal popularity which the Allen House was to attain.

Originally a Democrat, Mr. Allen's allegiance to that party was shaken by the Kansas troubles, which began in 1854 and in 1855, supported by the Whig organization, he consented to become a candidate for the State Senate in opposition to the regular Locofoco nominee, James H. Walton. He was defeated, as the district was overwhelmingly Democratic, and never afterward sought public place, save such as afforded him opportunity to serve the people of his town and county. Space will not permit a review of his usefulness in this direction in detail. It may be said that he filled many local positions, in all of which he was active and influential. He was a member of the Town Council in 1854 and re-elected to that position for six consecutive terms; a charter member of the Honesdale (Glen Dyberry) Cemetery Co.; a vice president of the Wayne County Agricultural Society which was organized in 1848, and one of the committee to draft a constitution and by-laws for the Association started in 1861, of which he became one of the first directors, filling that position for the fourteen remaining years of his life—probably the most efficient member the Society ever had. He belonged to Honesdale Lodge, No. 218 F. & A. M., and was a member of Anthony Wayne Chapter, the services at his grave having been read by John Bone, Chaplain of the Order. Notwithstanding the absorbing nature of his business he found time to serve his State when its invasion was threatened during the war, enlisting in Co. C, 24th Reg. State Guards (Rescue Rifles) in the fall of 1862, and becoming its captain. In November of the same year he was appointed by Gov. Andrew Curtin provost marshal for Wayne county, and served in that capacity until relieved at his own request.

This is but the briefest outline of his services and activities outside of his hotel and stage interests, but it will serve to show the necessity of his having about him capable assistants in the management of the details of his business. These he found first in his wife, a warm-hearted, motherly, prudent and thrifty woman, quite as popular and efficient in her sphere as he was in his; then in his sons, one of whom, M. B. Allen, became at an early age a recognized partner in the business and is at present the owner of the property, while his brother (long since dead) filled various secretary positions; and finally in Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Wood, who, with slight interruptions, were, for thirty years or more, the trusted superintendents of the house from office to kitchen. It may be added here that to all of the minor employees [illegible] the establishment [illegible] was taken to secure the best—not only [illegible] but in personal [illegible], and witness the fact that the dining room and other "girls" of the Allen House long since became proverbial for their good looks, as well as the general excellence of the service rendered by them.

The high estimation in which the hotel was held at the outset was confirmed and increased from time to time by kindly acts of Mr. Allen quite at variance with the usual course of the average brusque and unfeeling landlord. Room can only be found here for two instances which will serve to show his sympathetic nature.

When a guest [illegible] early in 1873, Captain Samuel Field was found to be suffering from an attack of small pox in a mild form. He was an entertaining and popular man, but before the nature of his ailment was [illegible] a number of his friends who called to chat and sympathize with him had been exposed to the disease. Fortunately only two were victims of the contagion—John A McFarland, of Niagara, Canada, who succumbed to the disease at the home of his brother-in-law, the late Dr. H. G. Keefer, at the age of twenty-five, on the 23d of February, 1873, and Charles Parcells, of Geneva, N. Y., who was a guest at the house. When the nature of Mr. Parcells's disease became known, Mr. Allen had him removed to a remote room in the third story, and enjoined all the inmates of the hotel from venturing upon that floor under any pretext whatever. Competent medical attendance and an immune and experienced nurse were then engaged, and no expense spared which would tend to the comfort of the patient or his chances of living. As a consequence Mr. Parcells passed safely through the disease and made a complete recovery. This course of action on the part of the landlord doubtless saved the young man's life, but Mr. Allen was not satisfied with doing his sick guest this favor; he felt that protection was due other patrons of the hotel, and so at once closed the house, at a great pecuniary loss, and kept it closed for several weeks, until it had been thoroughly fumigated and pronounced absolutely safe. On Saturday night following the re-opening, the boarders held a meeting, Mr. Allen being invited to attend. The writer also had the good fortune to be present, and never will he forget the wonderment depicted on Mr. Allen's face on finding his room filled with a large number of his personal friends, from among whom Prof. L. H. Barnum, principal of the Honesdale school, took the floor, and in behalf of the donors, made a neat presentation speech, reviewing their host's noble course in the matter of his sick guest, and concluding by handing Mr. Allen a very handsome and suitably inscribed gold watch, chain and ornaments, remarking that the time-piece was warranted to last a "life-time" and expressing the hope, in behalf of the givers, that he might live to put its durability to the fullest test. Mr. Allen's response was a disclaimer of having done anything more than his simple duty, coupled with an expression of his surprise that his course should have prompted such generous action on the part of his friends. He had followed the dictates of his own judgment and was rejoiced to find that his action had met with their approval; hoping that he should never prove less worthy of it than in the trying ordeal through which the house had passed. A vote of thanks was then tendered Mrs. Allen, after which the party enjoyed a handsome collation, prepared by M. B. Allen in honor of the occasion. Following Mr. Parcells's recovery, his bedding, clothing, etc., were burned and the usual disinfectants employed, so that a month after the house was closed Drs. Dwight and W. H. Reed and C. A. Dusinberre gave it a clean bill of health; the boarders returned to their former rooms; guests resumed their visits, and the small-pox crisis was a thing of the past.

On Sunday afternoon, September 14th, 1873, a lot of driver boys sitting on the cabins of their boats awaiting turns to load at the Union docks in the Honesdale basins, began pelting each other with coal. Among the lads was a colored boy named John Williams, who, with others finally retreated to the dock and took refuge behind some coal cars, whence they kept up their bombardment of the enemy on a boat of which Samuel Clark was captain. Clark remonstrated and the boys laughed at him, whereupon he went into his cabin and brought out a gun. Just at the critical moment, one of Williams's companions pushed him within range, and Clark let fly a charge of buckshot, one of which penetrated the lad's forehead. The wound was probed to a depth of four inches without finding the ball, which was supposed to have lodged in the brain, and it was then thought that the lad would in all probability die. Efforts were made to place him in some hotel or boarding place, but without success, until Mr. Allen, happening to inquire as to the cause of the trouble, and being told, immediately ordered the boy to be taken to the Allen House, where he would be properly cared for. Young Williams was a bright lad of about thirteen years, and at once enlisted the sympathy of the hotel people, who looked daily for some untoward complication to arise from his wound. Nothing developed, however, and a fortnight later, his boat having returned for another trip, he went to Rondout in his old capacity as driver boy. When she came back for the next load he deserted the ship and presenting himself at the Allen House, begged permission to remain, which was granted, and for three or four years he was not only clothed and fed but schooled and—as he developed a good voice—instructed in music at the expense of Mr. Allen. He finally went to New York, married, and, so far as is known, is still living.

These incidents, perhaps of no great moment in themselves, are related as giving an insight into the generous and benevolent nature of Mr. Allen, traits of character which attracted friends and assured the popularity of the hotel.

Few country hostelries in towns the size of Honesdale can boast of entertaining more people of world-wide distinction than the Allen House. The writer recalls from memory the following to which the register could doubtless add scores of equally prominent names: Mrs. Scott Siddons, Olive Logan, Anna and Susan E. Dickinson, Mortimer Thompson (Doesticks), B. P. Shillaber (Mrs Partington), Theodore Tilton, Rev. W. H. Milburn (the Blind Preacher), Henry Ward Beecher, John B. Gough, Justin McCarthy, Arthur Pember, John G. Saxe, Horace Greeley, Whitelaw Reid, Blind Tom, Bayard Taylor, J. G. Shaw (Josh Billings), Prof. Silliman, Governors Hartranft, Hoyt, Curtin and Hastings, Lieutenant Governors Louis A. Watres, John Latta and C. F. Black, Supt. Wickersham, John Wanamaker, Wayne McVeigh, Lt. Gov. John Latta, Isaac I. Hayes, the Arctic Explorer, Benson J. Lossing, the Historian, and Thomas Nast, the Artist.

After the death of their father in 1875, Martin B. and Wm. R Allen managed the business of the hotel until the former became sole proprietor in 1878. Mr. Allen becoming postmaster of the borough, he leased the hotel to Frank Crissman in 1905. In January, 1907, George B. Brandon became the lessee. He died in January last, and the house is now managed by Mrs. Brandon and her son, who are very creditably maintaining its well-deserved popularity.

This is what Hon. Jake Moore, State Warden, of Georgia, says of Kodol for Dyspepsia: "E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago, Ill.—Dear Sir:—I have suffered more than twenty years from indigestion. About eighteen months ago I had grown so much worse that I could not digest a crust of corn bread and could not retain anything on my stomach. I lost 25 lbs; in fact I made up my mind that I could not live but a short time when a friend of mine recommended Kodol. I consented to try it to please him and was better in one day. I now weigh more than I ever did in my life and am in better health than for many years. Kodol did it. I keep a bottle constantly, and write this hoping that humanity may be benefited. Yours very truly, Jake C. Moore, Atlanta, Aug. 10, 1904." Sold by PEIL, The Druggist

Just a little Cascasweet is all that is necessary to give your baby when it is cross and peevish. Cascasweet contains no opiates nor harmful drugs and is highly recommended by mothers everywhere. Conforms to the National Pure Food and Drug Law. Sold by PEIL, The Druggist.

NOTICE OF ADMINISTRATION.

ESTATE OF
FRANKLIN H. ROBINSON,
Late of Honesdale, deceased.

All persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment to the undersigned; and those having claims against said estate are notified to present them, duly attested, for settlement.

MARK ROBINSON,
Honesdale, Pa., July 10, 1908. Ex'r.

LET US TAKE CARE OF YOUR EYES?

It will pay you to call at the finely equipped

GOLDEN'S OPTICAL PARLORS
11 South Main St.,
CARBONDALE, PENN'A.

HONESDALE DIME BANK

Accepts Deposits, Loans Money in Small and Large Amounts

It Gives Free to All	A Handy Household Bank	Check and Pass Book

One to the Savings Depositor, the other to Anyone opening a Business Account.

Doing Business by Check is the up-to-the minute way

It Saves Wrangles	It Saves Paying Twice	It Saves Losses

Because a Check is always a Receipt.

Cheapest and Safest Way to Send Money to Foreign countries is by a Money Order issued by this Bank. Safety Deposit Boxes for Your Valuable Papers $3 and upward per annum. Open a Business or Savings Account Now.

READY! The Spring Styles in High Art Clothing

An Authoritative Display for Men

NEVER before in the history of this store have we shown such a large stock of HIGH ART CLOTHING. For months we have been preparing for this Opening Display and we have spared no pains to make it an occasion worthy of the attention of every up-to-date dresser in this community. We show the product of America's largest organization clothing for men and young men modeled upon exclusive and advanced designs, and distinctly expressive of the cleverest fashion ideals of the movement.

The fabrics are assuredly striking and attractive, with every trait of refinement.

The prices, as always, are decidedly lower than equal style, quality, fit and workmanship can be sold for elsewhere.

Full Line of Gents' Furnishings.

Special Prices on Children's Clothing.

BREGSTEIN BROTHERS
Main St., Honesdale.

The Era of New Mixed Paints!

This year opens with a deluge of new mixed paints. A condition brough about by our enterprising dealers to get some kind of a mixed paint that we supplant CHILTON'S MIXED PAINTS. Their compounds, being new and heavily advertised, may find a sale with the unwary.

THE ONLY PLACE IN HONESDALE AUTHORIZED TO HANDLE CHILTON'S MIXED PAINTS ....IS....

JADWIN'S PHARMACY.

There are reasons for the pre-eminence of CHILTON PAINTS:

1st—No one can mix a better mixed paint.

2d—The painters declare that it works easily and has wonderful covering quality.

3d—Chilton stands back of it and will agree to repaint, at his own expense every surface painted with Chilton Paint that proves defective.

4th—Those who have used it are perfectly satisfied with it, and recommend its use to others

ORPHANS' COURT SALE
OF
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Wayne county, the following described real estate of the above named decedent will be offered at public sale, at the COURT HOUSE, in the borough of HONESDALE.

FRIDAY, AUG. 14, 1908, at 10 o'clock, A. M.,

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the township of South Canaan, County of Wayne and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: BEGINNING at a corner of hemlock knots driven down in the public road in the south-western line of land of Harrison McMian; thence along said road by line of land of Thos Glenn, Jr., and John Glenn north forty-eight degrees west sixty-eight rods to a stake and stones corner: thence by said Glenn's land north sixty-two degrees west eleven rods to a corner in said public road; thence by (other) lands of the late Stacy Chumard south thirty-four degrees west one hundred and thirteen and one-half rods to a stones corner in line of Maxwell Bigart; thence by said Maxwell Bigart's land south fifty degrees east sixty-four rods to a stones corner in line of land of John Wagner and P. Faulkner lot, now or lately owned by Amos Reed; thence by said Reed's land and land of Harrison McMinn north forty degrees east one hundred and fifteen rods to the place of beginning. CONTAINING fifty acres more less. And being same land conveyed to Andrew J. Rutledge, now deceased, by Margaret Chumard and John E. Wagner by deed dated April 10, 1869, which deed is recorded in the office for the recording of deeds in said county of Wayne in Deed Book No. 36, at page 175. ALSO—All that certain lot or parcel of land situate in the township of South Canaan, county of Wayne and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: BEGINNING at a heap of stones the southern corner of lot No. 40, in the allotment of the "Cadwalder Middle Creek Tract"; thence by land of Amos Reed and Solomon Curtis north fifty degrees west fifty-four rods; thence by land of Solomon Curtis north thirty degrees east fifty-two rods; thence south forty degrees east fifty seven rods to a post corner; thence along the land of Amos Reed south forty degrees west fifty-two and one-half rods to the place of beginning. CONTAINING seventeen acres and forty perches be the same more or less. And being the same land conveyed to Andrew J. Rutledge, now deceased, by Solmon Curtis and wife by deed dated April 17, 1878, which deed is recorded in office for recording deeds in said county in Deed Book No. 55, at page 275, and all of above described land being same land which John A. Rutledge, Executor of Andrew J. Rutledge, conveyed to Clifford L. Chapman, deed dated December 11, 1905, recorded in Deed Book No. 94, page 296.

Upon said premises is a two-story frame house, one frame barn, and other improvements. Nearly all improved land.

TERMS OF SALE. — CASH.

Purchaser to pay $3. for deed as in Sheriff's sales.

GEORGE O. CHAPMAN,
E. C. MUMFORD, Administrator.
Attorney. 1114

NEW YORK ONTARIO & WESTERN RAILWAY

Time Card in Effect June 21st, 1908.

SCRANTON DIVISION

9 Sund'y Only	1 Except Sund'y	Stations	2 Except Sund'y	10 Sund'y Only
A M	P M		A M	P M
.....	8 15	Lv N. Y. W. 42d St. Ar	7 15	.....
11 00	1 00	Ar ...Cadosia... Lv	2 10	4 00
10 50	12 55	" ...Hancock... "	2 15	4 05
10 40	12 45	" ...Starlight... "	2 30	4 20
10 30	12 30	" Preston Park "	2 42	4 35
10 20	12 20	" ...Winwood... "	2 55	4 45
10 10	12 10	" ...Poyntelle... "	3 12	5 00
9 56	11 55	" ...Orson... "	3 25	5 10
9 [illegible]	11 [illegible]	" Pleasant Mt "	3 35	5 20
9 [illegible]	11 [illegible]	" ...Uniondale... "	3 38	5 24
9 [illegible]	11 [illegible]	" Forest City "	3 48	5 38
[illegible] 18	11 18	" C'rb'ndale Yd "	[illegible] 57	[illegible] 48
9 10	11 10	" ...Carbondale... "	4 01	5 50
.....	.....	" White Bridge "	.....	.....
9 06	11 06	" Mayfield Yd. "	4 06	5 57
9 0[illegible]	10 59	" ...Jermyn... "	4 12	6 01
8 5[illegible]	10 54	" ...Archibald... "	4 17	6 06
8 50	10 51	" ...Winton... "	4 19	6 09
8 46	10 47	" ...Peckville... "	4 22	6 13
8 4[illegible]	10 4[illegible]	" ...Olyphant... "	4 27	6 17
8 40	10 40	" ...Dickson... "	4 30	6 20
8 3[illegible]	10 3[illegible]	" ...Throop... "	4 32	6 22
8 3[illegible]	10 35	" Providence "	4 35	6 25
8 3[illegible]	10 3[illegible]	" Park Place "	4 37	6 27
8 30	10 30	Lv ...Scranton... Ar	4 40	6 30
A M	A M		P M	P M

Additional trains leave Carbondale for Mayfield Yard at 6.50 a. m. daily, and 5.30 p. m. daily except Sunday. Additional trains leave Mayfield Yard for Carbondale 6.38 a. m. daily and 5.35 p. m. daily except Sunday.

J. C. ANDERSON, Traffic Manager, 56 Beaver St., New York.
J. E. WELSH, Traveling Agent, Scranton, Pa.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of MARY S. CONLEY,
Late of Clinton, deceased.

The undersigned, an Auditor appointed to pass upon exceptions to account, and to report distribution of the funds in the hands of Stephen Gummoe, Administrator of said estate, will attend to the duties of his appointment, on

FRIDAY, July 31, 1908, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at his office in the borough of Honesdale, at which time and place all claims against said estate must be presented, or recourse to the fund for distribution will be lost.

H. WILSON, Auditor.
Honesdale, July 14, 1908. 1113

NOTICE OF ELECTION:—Upon the 28th of May, 1907, the qualified electors of the borough of Honesdale, by ballot, gave their consent to an increase of indebtedness by the Honesdale school board to an amount not exceeding $45,000, the purpose of which was the erection and equipment of a school building. In accordance with this consent, the school directors have authorized the issuing of four per cent. bonds, not exceeding $45,000, and have selected plans and specifications. That by reason of several disastrous fires in school buildings, accompanied by fearful loss of life, it has been deemed wise to erect the school building as far as possible fire proof. The fire proofing of the halls, iron stairways, over the boiler room, the necessary legally required heating and ventilating apparatus, and the heating apparatus required for the present brick building, have so far increased the estimated cost, as at competitive bidding the lowest bid is some fifteen thousand dollars above the amount of consented indebtedness.

Therefore, it is by the school directors of the said borough this 22d day of June, 1908, resolved, that the question of increasing the authorized indebtedness by fifteen thousand dollars be submitted to the qualified electors of the said borough; and that an election be held in the said election district, in accordance with the provisions of the Acts of 1876 and 1891: wherein the consent of said qualified electors is asked to permit the school district to incur an indebtedness, additional, for school building purposes not exceeding fifteen thousand dollars; and that thirty days' notice of such election be published in the three papers published in Honesdale, Penn'a.

Notice is hereby given that a public election will be held in the Court House in said borough of Honesdale, at the place and by the officers provided by law for the holding of municipal elections in said borough, on TUESDAY, the 28th day of JULY, 1908, for the purpose of obtaining the assent of the qualified electors of the said school district to the increased indebtedness mentioned in the foregoing resolution, and for the purpose therein mentioned; such election to be held in the manner, and during the hours fixed by law for holding municipal elections and subject to all the provisions of law relating to such elections. The following is a statement of the last assessed valuation of the said school district, the amount and per cent. of said proposed increased indebtedness, and the purpose for which it is to be increased:

The last assessed valuation is $2,080,000.00.
The current indebtedness is $5,000.
The authorized indebtedness is $45,000.
The vote of increase is 7¼ mills.
The purpose is the erection and equipment of a school building.

A. T. SEARLE, President Honesdale School Board.
A. M. LEINE, Secretary Honesdale School Board. 814

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE
WAYNE COUNTY SAVINGS BANK,
OF
Honesdale, Wayne Co., Pa.,
At the close of business, May 19, 1908.

RESOURCES.

Reserve fund,		
Cash, specie and notes	$62,783 16	
Legal securities	45,000 00	
Due from approved reserve agents	120,715 44	$228,498 60
Checks and Cash items		1,408 30
Due from Banks and Trust Co's, not reserve agents		15,642 32
Bills discounted not due		258,564 6[illegible]
Bills discounted overdue protested and not protested	none	
Bills discounted, time loans with collateral		44,700 00
Loans on call with collateral		53,275 00
Loans on call upon one or more names		42,700 00
Loans secured by bonds and mortgages		20,330 00
Investment securities owned exclusive of reserve bonds, viz: Stocks, bonds, etc.,	$1,803,465 81	
Mortgages and judgments of rec'd	178,389 24	1,981,855 05
Real estate		33,000 00
Furniture and fixtures		2,000 00
Overdrafts		3 85
Miscellaneous Assets		400 00
		$2,682,347 78

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in		$100,000 00
Surplus Fund		300,000 00
Undivided Profits, less Expenses and Taxes paid		59,659 30
Deposits subject to check	$126,689 00	
Deposits special	2,068,405 11	
Time certificates of deposits	1,018 78	
Certified Checks	674 79	
Cashier's checks outstanding	209 82	2,197,087 41
Due to the Commonwealth		25,000 00
Due to banks and bankers no reserve agents		601 07
		$2,682,347 78

State of Pennsylvania, County of Wayne, ss.

I, H. Scott Salmon, Cashier of the above named Company do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

(Signed.) H. S. SALMON, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 23d day of May, 1908.

(Signed,) ROBERT A. SMITH, N. P.
Notarial Seal.

Correct—Attest:
(Signed,) H. C. HAND,
(Signed,) H. J. CONGER, } Directors.
(Signed,) F. P. KIMBLE,