Dâ

GRANT'S INAUGURAL AND CABINET The Inaugural Address of Gen. Grant is another of that peculiar class of official documents which distinctly mark the era of Radical dominance in our politics. Previous to the triumph of that party, our State papers were almost invariably models of pure English and able argument, but the success of Northern sectionalism brought a class of incapables into the front who could never have reached eminence at any other period in our history. Those who are familiar with the messages and addresses of the Presidents up to 1860, cannot have failed to mark the contrast between them and those of Lincoln; and, if the Inaugural of 'Gen, Grant is a fair criterion, his administration is destined to make the comparison still more striking and significant. As a liggrary production it is simply beneath criticism: as an indication of his qualities for statesmanship, it will go far towards lessening the previously small estimate of his merits entertained by the thinking portion of the community. It is made up of the merest common-place statements, and reads as if it might have been clipped at random tions some third-re te Radiced newspaper The sentiments it embodies will commend it to the endorsement of the party which elected him, but the general character of the document must humiliate all the more intelligent portion, Gen. Grant's unreserved recommendation of the Fifteenth Amendment places him outside of the least Democratic sympathy, and henceforth we will treat him as in full accord with the Radicals. Instead of proving himself to possess the independence which was supposed to be a redeeming trait of the man, he has chosen - to deliberately trample upon the most important plank of the platform on which he won histolection, for no other object that can possibly be conceived than to conciliate the rul ing clement he his party. The abjectness of sone with which he refers to the Executive duty illustrates his truckling the position still more plainly's Who believes that he would have expressed such views if the Demograts had control of the other branches of the government, as the Radicals have at present? ' It the new President has met the partison expectations of his adherents in his Inaugu-

or extraordinary combination could not well be conceived, and already, in the first week of its formation, it has begun to tumble to pieces through its bwn weakness. Gen. Grant's first two official acts as Chief Executive fix his character in the judgment of the country. Ho man been the most overrated man of his day, and from this date on will daily approach nearer and nearer the level to which he belongs. His advent to the than that of any of his predecessors, and it is not at all improbable that, before his term has half-closed his party supporters will be as eager to have it ended as they were to see it

ral, he has done unite as much to disappoint

one end of the country to the other there

A FUNNY BLUNDER. After the Senate nad confirmed A. T. Stewart as Secretary of the Treasury in Grant's Cabinet, it was suddenly found that he was ineligible to the office-an old law of Congress prohibiting an importer of foreign goods from holding any position connected with the Treasury department. The consternation, excided by this discovery was almost equal to that greated by the Cabinet aurouncement itself, and all the Radical lawyers in Washington were set to work to see if the law could not be evaded in some manner. When it was ascertained that there was no possibility of dodging it, Grant tion that the Democrats will elect their cansent in a message to Congress asking the repeal of the law so far as it applied to Mr. Stewart. Then ensued a most perplexing quandary. A bill for repeal was introduced, butthe irrepressible Sumner put his seto, on it and all the appeals of Grant's special friends of the understood to be endoraced in the list from which it is stated you will make could not budge him an inch from his post your selection. I mean men of the type of tion. When asked it he did not think the Geo. H. Shuart and Mr. Borie. Tbeg of you bill was nothing more than just to the President, he coolly replied, "It deserves to be ·looked-into a little, at any rate." Finding that a majority of the Senate sustained Sumner, Mr. Stewart made a proposition to remit all claim to the profits of his business, the coming canvass. I again appeal to you and place them in the hands of Trustees to he applied to charitable purposes. It might be supposed that this heavy bid would have imperturbable, and nothing remained for Stewart to:do, but to make the best of circumstances and resign the appointment. The truth is, that Stewart's selection was not palatable to Congress, and they were determined to got rid of him, while Grant was equally anxious to retain him in the Cabinet Stewart's anxiety to keep the place is well shown by his liberal offer-it being the first instance known where he ever exhibited a charitable tendency. Thus, at the very outset of his Administration, Gen. Grant has got into conflict with the Sepate, and that body has come off victorious. The Radicals who control it will see that the advantage they have gained is duly improved, and unless. Stewart's successor is purfectly satisfactory, there will be trouble in securing his

contirmation A STRANGE ACT. " The twenty-eight Democratic members of the House of Representatives, at Harrisburg, who voted for an increase of pay from \$1,000 to \$1,500, are a living proof of the old c dage What "evil communications corrupt's good manners." These gentlemen were elected for the express purpose of thwaring the corraption and extravagance of the Radical majetity, and lo and behold, the wicked-insfluences by which they are surrounded have already contaminated them to such a degree that they enter the lists in upholding one of the most inexcusable acts of the session. We trust that their constituents will give them a piece of their minds that will induce them to remember the duties they were elected to perform. The Democracy of the country want comony and reform, and when their representatives forget the obligati tions due to their people and cause, it istime that they should give way for men who know what is expected of them and will | - strive to falfil it.

THE INAUGURATION PROCEEDINGS. At this late day it will not be expected s to give lengthy details of the inaugural eremonies, though a general report of them may be looked for by some of our readers. The day opened with rain, but cleared off in time not to seriously interfere with the programme for the occasion. There was a large attendance of people, but not equal to the

crowd at Lincoln's first inauguration. The procession consisted of eight divisions including military, firemen and civic associ ations, and was about a mile in length. A least one-third of it was composed of negroe. All along the line of march, the doors, windows and house-tons were crowded with spectators. General Grant and Vice Presi dent Colfax rode in separate | carriages, each accompanied by members of the Committee of Arrangements. Mr. Johnson did not particinate in any portion of the proceedings, and some reports say he was quite ill.

About 12 o'clock, the procession halted at the Capitol, and Messrs. Grant and Colfax were escorted to the Senate Chamber, where a crowded audience, including the Supreme Court, the diplomatic corps, leading public men and hundreds of ladies were assembled. Gen. Grant was scated in front of the Secretary's desk, where he sat facing the audience, neither seeming to feel nor care for their inspection. At his left was the chair for the ex-President, which remained unoccupied. Vice President Colfax was sworn in by Mr. Wade, and, after a very brief speech, called the Senato to order, when the Senators recently elected took their oaths of office.

The assemblage then proceeded to the cast portice of the Capitol; which had been splendidly decorated for the occasion. . Here, after the applause of the vast multitude had subsided, Gen. Grant was sworn in by Chief Justice Chase, and read his inaugural address. His voice was hardly audible to those who were near bim. The families of Messrs. Grant and Coffax were present during all the ceremonies, and seem to have made themselves as conspicuous as possible. When the ceremonies were concluded, President Grant drove to the White House, which had been vacated by Mr. Johnson's family in the morning, and by the ex-President himself at welve o'clock. Gen, Grant only remained short time, during which he received numerous calls, when he returned to his former residence. His family is not to reside in the White House until it has been repaired and enovated.

attempting to leave the Capitol by a rear stair-way, made a mis-step, and fell backward down eight or ten stone steps, receiving serious injuries, but having no bones broken. Medical assistance was at once secured, and he is now in a comfortable condition.

In the evening the inauguration ball was held in the Treasury building, at which Grant and Colfax, with their families, were present, -a piece of information that will doubtless. please the religious portion of their supporters. The crowd was tremendous too much so for comfort-and few seem to have enjoyed themselves. The Sun says the affair 'is regarded as an immense burlesque, and will probably be the nicans of ending the ball business in the future."

LAST HOURS OF THE JOHNSON AD-MINISTRATION.

them in the formation of his Cabinet. From The last official meeting between Presicomes up a murmur of chagrin which would require but little to cause it to break into outdent Johnson and his Cabinet took place on spoken condemnation. The leading men of Wednesday, when each member of the latter the party almost universally condemnit, and body voluntarily tendered his resignation, in view of the accession of Gen. Grant to the only those who accept everything from headquarters as necessorily infallible, or who look Executive Chair. By the law they might -forward to the spoils of office, make any prehave held on for a month longer, but they tensions to be pleased. A more incongruous has no disposition to imitate Stanton's example, by staving in positions where they were not wanted. The entire Diplomatic Corps, with their attaches and ladies, called upon Mr. Johnson the same day, and pleasthe last official acts of the President was pardon Spangler and Arnold, two of the parties sent to the Dry Tortugas for alleged complicity in the assassination of Lincoln, he having become satisfied of their innocence. Présidency has licen attended with more color | There are now no môre prisoners under punishment in connection with that tragedy. A

number of bills passed in the last hours of the session were quietly pocketed by the President, which is the same in effect as a veto. Among these were the bills to secure the payment of the debt in gold, and granting four thousand stand of arms for the procession on inauguration day. The President's family left the White

House early on the morning of the 4th, and bidding farewell to his Cabinet about noon the same day, he took his departure soon after. He is stopping at a private house in Washington, where he will remain until his future course is determined upon.

We have the word of Col. A. K. McClure, one of the most prominent and able Radical politicians in Pennsylvania, for the predicdidates for Governor and Supreme Judge next fall. In his famous interview with Grant he said :

"I venture to appeal to you not to give not to thake the appointment from that class of men. They have no sympathy-whatever with the active Republicans of the State. They have no knowledge of our people, and the appointment of any of them and the dis pensing of the patronage of the State by them

Notwithstanding Col. McClure's abject appeal, Mr. Borie has been appointed to a Cabmelted the hearts of Senators, but they were | inct position, and now, if his predictions are worth anything, all the Democracy have to do is to walk leisurely over the course. We feel that a becoming sense of gratitude requires of us to thank Col. McClure for his ncouragement, no less than Gen. Grant for the deliberate assistance he has furnished us.

THE INDIAN WAR AT AN END. We have the gratifying intelligence from the West that the long and costly Indian war has ended. Gen. Sheridan and staff arrived at Omaha, on February 24th. Gen. Custer with the 17th Cavalty and 19th Knnsus Volunteers remained behind with orders to move wherever it is necessary to make peace more permanent. The wifiter campaign has convinced the Indians that they can find protection at no season of the year, and proved a salutary lesson. There is not a hostile Indian in the limits of the Missouri department. The refractory tribes have been entirely suddu d. The few that have not yet come in, but have made promises, have been driven for out, of the department. We trust these great expectations of a sure and lasting peace may be fully realized.

THE Democrats of the Indiana Legislature have the right sort of pluck. Finding that the Radicels were bound to force a vote on the negro suffrage amendment, without submitting it to the decision of the people, they all ting it to the decision of the people, they all resigned their seats, and left the body without a function. This positions the question out a function. This positions the question which might have fitted him for his new position. He is said to have a chronic affection of the kidneys, which makes him testy at times, if not positively ill-tempered. His times it desirable for him to retire from active life, and it was thought that the half coverges even on the French mission. on the ground that the Chicago platform left each State to decide the question of suffrage

THE Congress which convened on the 4th of March has been in continuous session.

Who and Where the "Lights ning has Struck," Heap o' Trouble on the Ole Man's Mind.

Gen. Grant persisted in keeping up the mystery about his Cabinet until the day after his inauguration, to the great consternation of the politiciaus at Washington, who resorted to all kinds of schemes for obtaining the much desired information. Among other devices was that of the caricaturist Nast, or Harper's Weekly, who, on the day of the Inauguration, called on Grant and nformed him that he had drawn a nicture for Harper of the President "letting the cat or cats out of the bag," and that his paper wanted to go to press, only waiting to know what heads to put upon the "cats.". This amused Grant, but failed to develop the 'coming men." 'The "bag" was opened on Friday, about one o'clock, and out jumped the following queer looking batch of 'cats," o the indignation of the Radical leaders and the wonder of the public generally : For Secretary of State-Elihu B. Wash

urne, of Illinois. nume, of Illinois.

For Secretary of the Treasury—Alexander
F. Stewart, of New-York.

For Secretary of the Nary—Adolph E.

Boric, of Pennsylvania. For Secretary of the Interior-Jacob D. Cox.

of Ohio.
For Postmaster-General—John A. J. Cruswell, of Maryland.
For Attorney-General-Ebon Hoar, of Massachusetts. There was no nomination for Secretary of

War, Gen. Schoffeld having been retained in he position for the present. The nominaions were immediately confirmed, together with the following promotions in the army: Gen. Sherman to be General; Gen. Sherilan to be Lieutenant-General; Brig.-Gen. John M. Schofield to be Major-General, vice Sheridan, promoted. Col. Christopher C. Augur to be Brigadier-General, vice Scho-

ield, promoted. The Cabinet appointments filled the Rudical Congressmen with surprise and indignation, and were freely declared to be unwise and incompetent. The Senate confirmed them as a matter of courtesy, but against the better judgment of the body. We quote from the correspondence of the New York Sun, a paper which though Radical in its politics, does not follow any party strictly, and is therefore likely to give the fairest statement of the facts, the following account The President's father, Jesse R. Grant, in of the way in which the appointments were received in Washington:

> "It came like a thunder-clap. Many poli ticians chapped their hands to their heads, and took the first train. The blow was a stunner. The knowing ones looked fearfully blue, and swore that every one who ought to have been in the Cabinet wasn't there, and everybody who hadn't ought to have been there was there. Disappointed politi-cians paid their hotel bills in a liffey and shool Washington dust from them in a hurry. Ever the House of Representatives was stiffened.
> The excitement was unparalleled. It was found atterly impossible to do business, and

> "Both Republican and Democratic Sens tors were surprised. All seemed to be disappointed. When the name of Alexander T. Stewart was read, the Senators looked from one to another in astonishment. Before they had recovered from their surprise; the nomination of Adolph E. Borie for Secretary of the Navy was laid before them. "Who is he?" "What is he?" "Where is he!" were questions asked by a dozen a once. The Republicans were huddled to-gether in knots talking loudly, and some of them bitterly condemning the appointments. "Some of the Republicans seemed so woe become and disconsolate that Mr. Charles A. Eddidge, Democrat from Wisconsin, spring to his feet and suggested that the House take a recess for ten minutes so that the mourners might have a chance to commisserate

each other.
"New York was in a state of almost open abuse, white Pennsylvania charged that to put in the Treasury an openly avowed free trader, like A. T. Stewart, whose interests, against American industry, was little short of a positive outrage.
"None of the Ohio members are pleased

with the selection of Gov. Cox, who is a conservative politician. Their first and unanimous choice was old Ben. Wade, and then Dennison if they could not get Wade, but they would not get and the political and p would not get any one, and were all sur Gov. Cox.

"There is one appointment which is approved by every Republican here-namely Company of Postmaster.

that of Senator Cresswell as Postmaster General. He is the only one of Grant's selections who was on Ben. Wade's slate last luly, and last week Mr. Wade called upon Gen. Grant and personally urged his selection as the truest and ablest public man South of Mason and Dixon's line, and on with whom the Republican party would be satisfied. "I am intormed this evening that a ring

disappointed politicians has been formed with the intention of smashing the ring at all hazards. What course they will pursue is as vet nuknown. That something startling is on toot, however, is only too evi

The Tribune's Washington correspondent

says: "It is difficult to give a fair idea of the popular feeling, but there is no discrising lie fact that the announcement caused great disappointment in the Capital." Even in New York, where Stewart lives, the Sun says "a majority of the people seemed dissatisfied." The appointments with the exception of Cresswell, give no satisfaction to the Radical leaders in the States from which the respective Cabinet officers hail, and, despite the attempts of the Radical press to polster them up, there is a deep settled con viction among the leading men of the party that they are not the men for the place or the

times. There is not a member of the Cabinet who has ever given any sign of superior ability or statesmanship. The inexperience and mediocrity of Grant are unrelieved by these oddly-assorted advisers, with whom he has surrounded himself. Had the names been promulgated one month ago, they would have been sunk beneath the contemptuous criticism of the independent portion of the Radical press; and Grant would have been compelled in deference to the clamors of his party to change his proninisters a profound secret to the last hour.

> The New Cabinet, THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

Elihu B. Washburne, Secretary of States the oldest member of the well known Washburne family, and was born in Liver more, Oxtord county, Maine, September 23 1816. He served an apprenticeship to the 1816. He served an apprenticeship to the trade of printing in the office of the Kennebec Journal, and subsequently studied law in the Harrard University Law School. Removing to the West, he settled at Galena Illinois, where he still resides, and commenced the practice of his profession in that place in 1840. In 1852, in the 36th year of his age, he was elected to Congress, and has continued in that body ever since, receiving from his long services the appellation of the "Father of the House." Without ever uppearing prominently on the floor of the House as a speaker, or as chairman of any of the leading committees, Mr. Washburne has achieved a general notoriety as the "Watch-dog of the Treasury," while he is generally known to the lobby as "Old Fee generally known to the lobby as "Old Econ-omy." Scarcely an appropriation bill has passed without some sort of a protest or, re-monstrance, from Mr. Washburne; but it is noticeable that they have all passed, never-theless, and most of them with the assistance of Mr. Washburne's vote. Mr. Washburne

Washburne never met Grant to know him until the beginning of the war; when Grant was trying to raise a regiment. Since then Washburne has been Grant's particular friend, and if he did not "make him," as malicious people out West allege, he has done more for him than has any other man in the United States, excepting Grant him-

The New Administration! Grant to come out as President, taking the start of the Radical politicians. He has frequently been at the head of lists making rich presents to Grant, the very day before his inauguration tendering him a check for \$65, 000 for a house in Washington which had

friends.

The new Secretary was born at or near Belfast, Ireland, about sixty-five years ago. He was left an orphan in his eighth year, and from that time until his eighteenth was under the care of his maternal grandfather, who intended him for a clergyman, and he was educated accordingly. In 1823, he came to New York, and for sometime thereafter supported himself by teaching. It was only supported himself by teaching. It was only a few months after that he tired of pedagogy and took to trade. He had a small shop where he dealt chiefly in laces, gloves and other like trifles of haberdashery, and by in-dustry and thrift amassed, in the course of a few years, money enough to engage in business on a larger scale, by which he has reaped a fortune estimated at \$25,000,000. supposed to be the largest which in any country has been accumulated strictly by trade. Mr. Stewart's residence on Fifth Avenue, just finished, is the most striking Avenue, just initialized is the most stricting residence in the city, by its size, its material, which is of white marble, and its architecture, which is hideous.

Before the war he avowed himself a Demitted the control of the cont

the nondescripts styling themselves the "War Democracy," at the meetings of which his name used occasionally to figure in the list of officers. On the occasion of President Johnson's visit to New York, en route to the tomb of Douglas, Mr. Stewart headed him, and was prominent among the guests at the hanquet at Delmonico's, where the President made his famous speech. At the time of the Philadelphia Convention lie was counted as one of the favorers of the third party which that assemblage was intended

o anaugurate. THE WAR DEPARTMENT. For the War Department no nomination has yet been made, but we do not doubt that when Gen. Schofield leaves it, which will probably be at an early day, his place will be filled by John A. Rawlins, hitherto Chief of Staff to Gen. Grant,

THE INTERIOR DEPARTMENT. Jacob Dobson Cox, of Ohio, Secretary of the Interior, was born about the year 1829, and, like Mr. Stewart, began his career with the purpose of becoming a preacher. He afterwards entered on the practice of law, made some reputation, and in 1859 was chosen to the State Senate as a Republican. He served with distinction during the war, and was a Major-General at its close. In 1865, he was elected Governor of Ohio, and failed of re-nomination because he had written a letter against negro suffrage, and was suspected of being in sympathy with Andrew Johnson's policy. At the Grand Reunion in Chicago last winter, he delivered an address filled with the most extravagant prices of General Grant who sat hy and praises of General Grant, who sat by and took in the adulation in full draughts.

THE NAVY DEPARTMENT.

Adolph E. Borie, Secretary of the Navy, is a retired and wealthy Philadelphia merchant. He is now some sixty years of age, was in old times a moderate Whig, but on the beginning of the war he became one of its most zealous and liberal supporters, giving money freely from his great riches, and bearing a conspicuous part in the foundation of the Philadelphia Union League, of which he is President. He is one of the gentlemen Col. McClure requested Gen. Grant not to appoint, because, as he said, they were not known as politicians, and could not vitalize the Republican party in the State. His name has figured at the head of subscriptions for houses and other rich gifts to Grant, and his appointment may, also, be put down to gratitude for substantial favors. Mr. Borie was born in France, but came to America at an early age.

THE POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT. John Andrew Jackson Cresswell is a account of his political errors, but we gladly Maryland lawyer, of fair attainments, who give to him the credit of printing one of the was elected U. S. Senator during the war, when the voice of the majority in his State was hushed by military interference. He was born at Port Deposit, Cecli county, Md., in November, 1829, and is, therefore, in his differed with him, illustrating the common adage that a renegade is worse than ten Turks. In the Senate he did not command much respect on account of his abilities. THE ATTORNEY GENERALSHIP.

Ebenezer R. Hoar, Attorney General, is a son of the celebrated Samuel Hoar, the Boston lawyer who visited Charleston many Massachusetts were thrown into prison on arriving in the port of Charleston. He was a lawyer. In 1862, he was appointed to the always been, and is now, a bigoted Radical. Before he became Judgo he served a term or two in the Legislature, but neither in political nor controversial politics has be ever been engaged to any great degree. Judge Hoar is by marriage a cousin of ex-Attorney-General Evarts. In religion he is a Unitarian.

EDITORIAL RREVITIES.

THE Radicals have carried New Hampshire by 3,500 or 4,000 majority. Grant's majority

PRESIDENT JOHNSON inflicted a pocket veto upon the bill passed in the last days of the session, declaring all notes and bonds of the United States payable in gold. This will render it necessary to re-enact the bill, which will probably soon be done.

THE House of Representatives, on Tuesday, by a vote of 143 to 16, repealed the Tenure-of-Office bill. Those who voted in the negative are all Radicals. It is said that the Senate will affirm the action of the House, but we have our doubts on the sub-

A TELEGRAM from Washington says the Cabinet has resolved to submit the appointments in each Congressional district to the Radical representatives therefrom, and abide their judgment. If this be true, no candidate for office in our district will get his appoint-. ment without Scofield's recommendation.

-GRANT continues to suub the Radical Congressmen. He has notified the New York gramme. It was dread of this, perhaps that and Missouri delegations that he cannot make led him to keep the names of his Cabinet the appointments they ask in their respective States, having personal friends whom he wishes to reward. They are mad as can be in consequence, and declare that they will to walk 5,000 miles in 100 consecutive days, get even with him bye and bye.

WE ARE pleased to see among the names of President Johnson's appointees confirmed during the last hours of the late Administration, that of Arthur D. Markley, of Montgothery county, for collector of Internal Revenue in the sixth District. He is one of the best men in Pennsylvania, and has hosts of friends in every part of the State who willrejoice to hear of his selection.

Accondisio to the March statement, the public debt has been decreased nearly elevenmillion dollars since the first of February, and all the Radical papers are keeping up quite a jubilation over the matter. It must be remembered, however, that there was no payment of interest during February. January shows a large increase of the debt: and since March 1st, 1868, it has increased over twenty-five millions of dollars.

THE Washington correspondent of the N. Y. Times, writing about Grant's Cabinet,

ava: "It is difficult to describe the effect, and it "It is difficult to describe the effect, and it is a painful duty to say that great disappointment and profound regret prevails in consescuence of these selections, and this, too, not in the minds of politicians, nor in the minds of those not chosen, but among the warmest admirers and stonicat supporters of the President. The eminently respectable character of the men is everywhere conce-ded, but their fitness for their peculiar posi-tions is the subject of traticism on every hand."

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS GEORGE CADY, Esq., a well known chizen of Columbus, died in that place on the 24th

of February, aged fifty-six years.

THE Conneautville Record notices a tombstone manufactory-in that place, and, after speaking of the skill of the proprietors, exclaims : "Success to their enterprise."; Tur Democratic Committee of Warren

county has elected Hon. E. B. Eldred representative delegate to the State Convention, and recommended Chas. Dinsmoor, Esq., for senatorfal delegate. No instructions were THE Meadville Republican says Mr. Har-

ington; of that office, "is now at work inventing a printing press of his own that is confidently expected to beat all others now in use." When he has accomplished the feat, we trust the Republican will not neglect to let'us knowy DR. NEWCOMER, of Cleveland, in noticing

the paragraph, recently published in the Scientific American, about the experiments made by parties in Berlin who undertook to ocrat, but took no part in politics. Until find out which could longest hold out against recently lie never identified himself with any political party, unless that term be applied to practice when the patient had no sleep for fourteen weeks. A Miss Lizzie Boynton, of the "Woman's

Rights" persuasion, which, according to the latest authority, means "the right to woo as What?" and received next day, as an answer, part of an old suit of men's clothes and a dull razor. Such arguments are too weak to be worth attention.

Tim Grayford Journal hopes "for the peace and harmony of the party, as well as for their own interests," that candidates for Republican nomination in that county will "forbear to announce their names' before the 1st of May." The candidates, though, are too "terribly in carnest" to adopt the advice, and several have already taken the field.

THE Democratic victory in Dunkirk, his week, is even more significant than our first advices indicated. The Democratic candidate for President of the village was Mr. 292 in a vote of 1,200.

other Crawford county papers combined, si-leging that it distributes 9,244 copies per week, including daily and weekly editions, Sept. 21, 03—W. H. L. Smith and wife to while, by the Meadville Republican's showing, the aggregate circulation of the other papers is only 7,000. We think, however, that the Herald might subtract several thou-that the Herald might subtract several thou-that the Herald might subtract several thou-Cot. 14, '63—Edward Swails and wife its reputation for veracity in quite as good a shape as at présent.

THE Meadville weekly Republican has been enlarged to an extent equivalent to eight of its old columns, and now claims to be the largest journal ever published in Crawford county, The Republican hears the evidence of a substantial prosperity that is richly deserved. We are compelled to break a lance with brother White occasionally, on account of his political errors, but we gladly

best local papers that comes to our office. A TERRIBLE fire occurred in Warren on Wednesday night of last week, which causeda loss of \$20,000 over and above insurances. to the ladies, who, it says, assisted at the engines "when the men failed."

CLEVELAND has set up a free library, under one of the best laws of Ohio, which authorton lawyer who yished Charleston many years ago to protest against a law of South izes a tax of one-tenth of a nill to be levied Carolina under which colored seamen from for free libraries, in every city with a population exceeding 20,000. Our Cleveland neighbors are just about two years behind our own city. Here we have had an exten-Supreme Bench of Massachusetts, as Associate Justice, where he still sits, being now the senior in date of commission. Judge Honr is a descendant from the old original anti-slavery stock of Massachusetts, and has finest rooms we have seen anywhere, and

the Titusville people have been disappointed the Titusville people have been disappointed in securing a new county, they now change their programme and form a unum with Venango county. It argues duat nearly the whole oil region lies, within the boundaries of that county, and that by cutting off a slight strip from Crawford and Warren it. slight strip from Crawford and Warren it dress, post paid, for sixty cents, or four pack-would all come under one inrisdiction. By this plan the legal busines of the region would mainly be transacted at Franklin, instend of, as now, divided between three county seats, to the incalculable inconvenience of

THE following paragraph, after appearing n almost every paper west of the mountains, of last turns up in the Dispatch : "We see it stated that a journal in the in-terest of the Roman Catholics is to be started at Titusville in a short time. The Biship of

his name with the "editorial supervision" of any paper-at Titusville or elsewhere. The project, if one is really contemplated, appears to be without the knowledge or sanction of the official exponents of the church in this city.

card in the Chantauqua county (N. Y.) pa-"Mr. Edward Payson Weston, the great

pedestrian, being obliged, for want of funds, to sbandon for the second time the attempt after having in mid-winter walked 1,100 miles within the month, and being unable to centinue his journey beyond Buffalo, N. Y. has, it the suggestion of numerous friends and citizens, consented to deliver a lecture of Metropolitan Hall, Westfield, N. Y., on Wednesday Evening, March 3, 1869. Subject, Perseverance. Mr. Weston is induced at prosperity of that Company, but because this time, as the proceeds of these lectures during the past year-he had almost made in this time, as the proceeds of these lectures will add to the fund now being raised for the

Ir would seem that the project for build-

consecutive days,"

ing a railroad from Buffalo to connect with the Philadelphia & Erie, with the object of diverting the anthracite coal trade to that harbor, has been dormant for a time. The, Buffalo Courier, however, states, that is contract for the construction of the road is soon to be given, and understands that it is to be "pushed rapidly forward" in the spring. While, on general principle, we favor the building of railroads wherever capital chooses to invest in them, as a citizen of Eric we cannot look upon the probability of the completion of this line without serious reflections. The Cross Cut road gave Erie blow from which she has not yet recovered and when to that is added another diverting line, the result upon our prosperity, we fear, will be worse than our people seem to real ize. Will the citizens of Eric never wake up to their interests, until all chance for redemp tion is past?

of March his been in continuous session is oversince, but no legislation of importance, has been trunsacted. The session is exist. Lower, and will soon come to a test vote. The Democratic members should and undoubtedly will, exhaust every parliamentary device to prevent its adoption until the people have an opportunity to register their decision upon it.

In a periodic form of importance, but no legislation of importance, has been trunsacted. The session is existence and malicious people out west allege, he has done more for him than has any other main the United States, excepting Grant himself.

The Democratic members should and undoubtedly will, exhaust every parliamentary device to prevent its adoption until the people have an opportunity to register their decision upon it.

The Democratic members should and undoubtedly will, exhaust every parliamentary device to prevent its adoption until the people have an opportunity to register their decision upon it.

The Democratic members should and undoubtedly will, exhaust every parliamentary device to prevent its adoption until the people have an opportunity to register their decision of the Democratic They have gained almost everywhere, and in some places of him than has any other main time to find the United States, excepting Grant himself of blanks. The uppointment of A. T. Stewart, of the city, comprising every sort of the Treasury, is another illustication of the feeling by which Grant was governed in the selection of the feeling by which Grant was governed in the selection of the feeling by which Grant was governed in the selection of the feeling by which Grant was governed in the selection of the feeling by which Grant was governed in the selection of the feeling by which Grant was governed in the selection of the feeling by which Grant was governed in the selection of the feeling by which Grant was governed in the selection of the feeling by which Grant was governed in the selection of the feeling to the part of the find that the latter of the feeling to th

Beal Bstate Transfers. Taken from the books of Capt. H. G. Harren, Co. Recorder for the neck ending Saturday, March 6th, 1869.

Sept. 12, '68-E., Thorn and wife to Frank Wheeler, Eric city, \$2,650.
Feb. 25, 69 John W. Wallace and wife to Scott & Tracy, Conneaut, \$2,600.

: Reb. 23, '69—Benjamin Grant and wife to Scott & Tracy, Conneaut, \$639.
Dec. 24, '66—Geo. W. Barton and wife to Mary E. Judson, Waterford boro., \$400.
Nov. 25, 168—J. S. Johnson and wife to D.
M. Johnson, Corry, \$350.
Feb. 25, 169—Gustavus Fisher and wife to B. Shaw, Erie, \$600. Last and whe to B. Shaw, Erie, \$600. Last and wife to Oct. 20, '65—Levi Dearborn and wife to John Adams, Franklin, \$1,800. Oct. 4, '67—N. B. Harris to E. E. Mills, Nobel 1, 2600. Franklin, \$500. J.n. 21, 64 David Storer and wife to Cor-

oct 10, '68—Chapp & Wilson to Thomas English, Corry, \$300.

March 1, '69—Benj'n Riblet et al to John Marsh, McKean, \$1,685.10.
Oct. 14, '56—H. Shadduck and wife to Sam' Munger, North East, tp., \$275.
Nov. 24, '08—Urban Knoll and wife to May 13, 63—Isaac Robinson to Lots C. Jany 19, 05—1830; Roomson to Lots C. Sampson, Corry, \$450.

Jan. 16, '68—Elias Drake and wife to Chester West, Union tp., \$200.

Sept. 21, '68—J. Tollworthy and wife to S. T. Love, Eric, \$800.

Feb. 27, '69—S. T. Love and wife to Jos.

Harman, Erie, \$700.

Aug. 29, '67—Webster Colby and wife to well as to be wooed," recently lectured in R. T. Martin, North East boro., \$350.

Timeville on the subject: "After Suffrage."

Dec. 21, '68—W. Stancliff and wife to F Quance, McKean, \$275. Dec. 21, '08—Hiram Crow and wite to F. Quance, McKean, \$68.75.

Dec. 25, '08—Thos. Walterhouse and wife to F. Quance, McKean, \$150.

Dec. 7, '68—H. and N. S. Hopper and wives to Frey & Tome, North East tp., \$8,500.

March 2, '69—R. M. and G. L. Ross to S. Bartholomew, North East boro., \$400.

Aug. 11, '65—Cyrus Kline and wife to Jno. Kline. Washington, \$450.

Cline, Washington, \$450. Feb. 9, '69-John Kline and wife to Sarah . Kinter, Washington, \$450. Nov. 11, '64—Sarah A. Kinter to Win. Pratt, Washington, \$300.
April 23, '60—Jesse Coover to George W. Wonnell, Greene, \$4,800.
Feb. 8, '69—M. W. Griswold to Dr. C. Turrell, Harbor Creek, \$5,775.

Dec. 25, '08—Amos Roberts and wife to Chas. Taylor et al, Trustee, Waterford ip., Bookstayer; the Republican Mr. ye mans, present incumbent of the office. Last year Mr. Winans was elected by 127 majority; this year, on a straight party fight, he is defined by 127 majority; this year, on a straight party fight, he is defined by 127 majority; the property of the prope \$28.27. Nov. 2, '68—G. P. Fish to John and Egber' Schmitz, Erie, \$650. Feb. 3, '69—John Hazel et al to Margare THE Titusville Herald repeats the assertion | H. Coyle, Corry, \$600.

Pliny Cass, Corry, \$1. Feb. 17, '69—Pliny Cass to Corry National Bank, Corry, \$4,800.

July 5, '66-J. B. Black and, wife to Tho Caroline Halsey, Summit, \$200.

March 29; 52—Wm. McLallen, to Thos. Stafford, Washington, \$100.

Sept. 24, '56—F. W. M. Sherwood and wife to Thos. G. Stafford, Washington, \$20.

Feb. 25, '60—G. Huff and wife to Jane

Fidler, South Eric, \$2,500. Feb. 25, '69—Jane Fidler to Gabriel Huff South Eric, \$3,000.

Sept-20, '65—J. V. McCollum and wife John Kellis, Bric, \$244.75.

March 4, '09—John Nellis and wife, Michael Roth, Eric, \$1,000.

PLUM, VENANGO CO, PA., Dec. 16, '68.

DR. SAGE & Co, Buffalo, N. Y.

Gentlemen—Your excellent Catarrh Remedy has accomplished for my wife more than we could have believed without having tried it. We have given up all hours of sure of feet. in November, 1828, and is, therefore, in his 41st year. Mr. Cresswell was in 1861 a Maryland secessionist, opposed the troops going to Washington, but flopped over to Unionism when he found the rebels did not appreciate his merits at the same value placed upon them by himself. He atoned for his early heresy by showing a violent and unrelenting temper towards all who have been fearful, as the town is without an life and unrelenting temper towards all who have been fearful, as the town is without an of taste was much impaired. With the use We had given up all hope of ever effect taste was much impaired efficient fire department. The Ledger, with of three boxes only, of your Remedy, I beits usual gallantry, pays a high compliment lieve the Catarrh is entirely healed. What a reat work it has done in driving away the dark, brooding despair that had settled en our minds. I shall ever recommend your Catarrh Remedy to all with whom I meet afflicted with the dread disease.

afflicted with the dread disease.
Yours truly,
Jon Wright.
Dr. Sage's Remedy will be sent to any address by mail, on receipt of sixty cents. Address R. Pierce, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by most druggists everywhere.

IF you have a discharge from the nos offensive or otherwise, partial loss of the sense of smell, tasto or hearing, evos watering or weak, seel dull and stupid or debilitated, pain or pressure in the head, take cold easily, you may rest assured that you have the Catarrh. Thousands annually, without manifesting half of the above symptoms, tereverywhere.

THE PITTSBURGH FEMALE COLLEGE.-W clip the following complimentary notice of this institution from the Pittsburgh Chroni-cle: "The Pittsburgh Female College is en-joying marked prosperity, especially in the boarding department. There is but a single vacancy. Philadelphia, in the East, and St. Paul Comaba and Independence Visconi in af last turns up in the Dispatch:

"We see it stated that a journal in the interest of the Roman Catholics is to be started that Titusville in a short time. The Biship of this Diocese will have the editorial supervision of the paper."

We are reliably informed that the Bishop has given no authority for the connection of the paper. The spring has given no authority for the connection of the College Faculty ranks among the xery best in the land. The spring term will commence March 23d." Send to Dr. I. C. Pershing President of the College. Dr. I. C. Pershing, President of the College, for a catalogue. mr11-1w\*

DELICIOUSLY MEDICINAL.-This is the universal verdict pronounced upon Planta-tion Bitters by all who have tried them. The well-known liealth-promoting ingredients from which they are made, and their invalu-Weston, the pedestrian, having tailed in his five thousand mile feat, has taken to the lecture field. He publishes the following county in the Chantangue county (N V ) raimperfect secretions, are so widely known and so honorably endorsed, that we trust no one will forego the advantages of their

MAGNOLIA WATER. - Superior to the best mported German Cologne, and sold at half the price.

MANY a man read with sorrow the ab during the past year he had almost made his mind to enter it, but had allowed hims purpose of defraying his expenses on the to be diverted to some other company which third afterapt to walk 5,000 miles within 100 pays him no dividend at all, or a much small er one than 50 per cent. He'll do better next time, and will advise all his friends to get into "The American" in time for the next

> JORDAN-SEWELL-At the residence of Sid ney Sewell, on the 4th inst., by Rev. J. K. Hallock, Mr. Charles B. Jordan and Miss Eliza Sewell, all of Harbor Creek: HAMRILY—PECK—By the same, at the same time and place, Mr. Charles, Hamerly and Miss. Mary D. Peck, all of Harbor Creek. Bunfer Gurono-On the 6th fast, in North East, by Rev. H. S. Knowles, Mr. Nathan L. Burpee, of Kangas City, Mo. to Miss. Mary S. Gifford of the former

MARRIED.

McKEE-In West Mill Creek, Dec. 28, 1868 Join McKee, aged 61 years. Сиарман—On Feb. 25th, John V. Chapman of Erie, formerly of Fairview tp. aged 46 Years. Dewey-In North East, Peb. 26th, Sidney R. Dewey, aged 38 years. MALLONY—In Akron Ohio, Feb. 14th, Mrs. Rebecca J. Mallory, daughter of Ira and Sarah Joslin, of Elk Creek, in the 22d year

MIDDLETON—In Waterford tp., Feb? 21st, of consumption, Mrs. Harriet E., wife of Geo. Middleton, aged 43 years, 9 months and 19 days. 🐤 HECKER-In Corry; on Saturday evening March 6th, after a brief illness, Martha L March 6th, after a brief illness, Martha L., wile of A. W. Hecker, in the 32d year of her age. She was an estimable lady, and her age. She was an estimable lady, and all who knew her deplore her loss.

150 Teachers Wanted.

of her age...

New Adbertigements. NOBLE.

BAY STATE IRON WORKS. Life Insurance Company NOBLE & HALL. a garage to FOUNDERS

Machinists & Boiler Makers, Manufacturers of Stationery, Marine and

ENGINES, OF ALL SIZES. Also, -Boblers, Spiels, Tanks, Steampumps Mill Work, &C., &C. Jobbling solicited at reduced prices. All work

Customors must be suited Works corner of Peach and Third Streets Frie, Pa. jan2s-tf.

I OW LOST, HOW RESTORED.
Just published, a new selltion of Dr. Culvervell's Celebrated Estay on the radical cure (without weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, Consumption, Evilency, and Bldc Induced by self-fludigener. nents to Marriage, etc.; also, Consumpti Epilopsy, and Bits, induced by self-indulge Epilopsy, and Bits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

See Price, in a scaled envelope, only ocents.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates from a thirty years successful practice, that the absuming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the traife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.

See This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent, under seal in a plain envelope, to any address, rostrato, on receipt of six cents, or two post stamps. Also, Dr. Curewell's "Marriago Guide," price 25 cents. Address the Publishers,

17 Bowerey, New York, Post Office Box 1,586, jan 24-69

HAYES & KEPLER REAL ESTATE

INSURANCE AGENTS.

Farms, Houses and Lots for Sale. New 114 Story House of L. Christoph, on But-alo St., bet. Chestnut and Walnut Sts. Eight acre Farm, two miles south of Wesley ille. Good buildings and improvements. Sixty-seven acre Farm, on Wattsburg road, 8 niles from city; about 40 acres wood. Price,

Erastus Washburn's Farm in McKeah, 173 acres. This is one of the very best farms in the county—buildings, orchards and soil are all of the best. Price, 850 per acre—cheap. Two Dwellings on south-east corner of Eighth and Chestnut streets, One large 2 story frame, one small frame. Price low; terms of payment to 10 years,

On Buffalo street, No. 166, new two story, they thushed house, 1/2 lot. Price, \$2,400. No. 202 West Sixth street, Yeity lot, well fruited; good 1½ story house. Clicup, No. 29 West Fourth Street, city lot, cottage No. 55 Thirteenth street, well finished house

MAMMOTH ONE DOLLAR SALE! EVERY ARTICLE AT THE UNIFORM PRICE OF ONE DOLLAR.

Don't fail to send for a Circular to RELEMENT,
JAMES & CO.'S MAMOTH ONE DULLAR
SALE—the largest and most extensive dollar
sale house in the world. We want Agents and eand female in every Town, County and State,
to whom we offer unparalleled inducements for
forming Clubs cour presents varying in value
from one to one thousand dollars. One Exchange List embraces every variety of bry
Goods, Ladles' and Gentlemen's Furnishing
Goods, Cutlery, Fancy Goods, Silver Plated and
Glass Ware, Musical Instruments, etc., of a
quality which no other house can possibly compete with, and includes an extensive variety of
useful goods which cannot be procured in any
other way at any price.

We have now removed our entire business to
our new building. 77 and 19 Batterymarch St.,
where our extraordinary facilities for 'storing,
packing and stiening goods will easily be seen. where our extraordinary facilities for storing, packing and shippinggoods will enable us hereafter to fill and ship all orders on the day of their receipt. Circulars free to any address.

BELIGHER, JAMES & CO.,

17 and 19 Batterymarch St., Beston, Mass.
Post Office Box 247. American St., Beston, Mass.

Assigner in Dankrupicy.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT of the United States for the Western District of Pennia, in the matter of L. L. Lathrop, bankrupi. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of L. L. Lathrop, of North East, in the county of Eric and State of Pennia, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district. Dated at File, Pa., Feb. 27. A. D. 1859.

Assignee in Bankruptcy. Assignee in Bankruptey.

In the Distract Court of the United States for the Western District of Ponnia, in the matter of Edgar Parker, bankrupt. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of Edgar Parker, of Union, in the county of Eric and State of Pa., within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district. Dates at Eric, Pa., March I. A. D. 18:9.

HENRY M. RIBLET, Assignee,
Atty. at Law, No. 1321 Peach St., Eric, Parmrt-3w.

Assignee in Bankruptcy. Assigned in Bankruptey.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT of the United
Bates for the Western District of Penn'a, in
the matter of G. W. Haverstick, bankrupt. The
undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of G. W. Haverstick, of Erie,
in the county of Erie and State of Pa., within
said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt
upon his own petition by the District Court of
said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt
upon his own petition by the District Court of
said district, bate ant Erie, Pa., Marchy, A. D.,
189.

HENRY M. RIBLET, Assignee,
Atty, at Law, No. 1823 Pach St., Erie, Pa.
mri-3w.

Assignee in Bankruptev. Assignee in Bankraptey.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT of the United States for the Western District of Penna, in the matter of James 17 Wheeler, bankrupt. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of James P. Wheeler, of Union, in the county of Eric, and sinte of Pa, within said district, who has been adjugged a bankrupt upon his own patition by the District Court of said district, Dated at Eric, Pa, Feb. 25, A. D., 1839.

HENRY M. RIBLET, Assignee.

Atty, at Law, No. 123 Peuch St., Eric, Pa, mrd-5w.

Mri-5w.

Assigned in Bankruptey.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT of thes United States for the west in District of Penna, in the matter of Patrick Grace, bankrupt. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of Patrick Grace, or Albion, in the county of Erie, and State of Pa, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district. Dated at Erie, Pa, Feb, 25, A. D., 1859.

HENRY M. RIBLET, Assignee.

Atty, at Law, No. 1323 Peach St., Erie Pa. mri-5w.

City Work.

PROPOSALS will be received up to Monday,
March Eith, for the construction of a brick
sewer in Tenth street, from the sewer now built
in Tenth street, at German street, eastwardly
to Garrison Run; also a sewer In State street
from Tenth to Twelfth streets.

Plans and specifications to be seen at the office of the City Enginer.

M. HARTLEIB,
G. M. SMITH. G. W. F. SHERWIN, City Engineer.

Auditor's Notice. E. Cooper, In the Court of Common Vis.

H. H. Reynolds, Fleis of Frie County.

B. B. Reynolds, No. 186, Feb. Terin, 1869.

A. ND NOW, February 6, 1869, on motion, Renjamin Grant, Esq., appointed Auditor to make distribution of proceeds of sale.

The undersigned Auditor will attend to the duttes of his appointment at his office, No. 565 French street, Eric, Pa., on the 6th day of April, 1869, at To clock, p. m. 800, at 20'clock, p. m. mr4-Sw. BENJAMIN GRANT, Auditor.

THE BUBSCRIBER offers for sale three acres and forty-three perches of Land, with confortable buildings thereon, and annil orehard of fruit trees just commencing to bear, for \$1,000 down and salaince in six equal annual asymptotic annual interestion the whole sum payments, annual interest on the whole sum unpaid with each annual payment. Also, one horse, bugry and harness for \$1.5, one fresh, Milch cow and calf for \$50. All in the Rorough of Fairview, Eric Co., Ps.

ISAAC WEBSTER.

A BOY NAMED H. O. BLOOMFIELD, aged A about 15 years; bound to the indersigned by his guardiau, after staying about three years left for parts unknown nearly three weeks ago. Any information that will lead to a knowledge of his whereabouts will be thankfully received. SAMUEL O. BREED, Union Mills, March 4, 69-3w

TROPOSATS Wilkie received up to Monday,
March 22d, 1882 for the construction of a
Nicholson payement on Peach street, from
Eighth street to the north side of North Park
Place. Plans and specifications to be seen at the office f the City Engineer. M. HARTLEIB, J. EICHENLAUB, Jr., J. EICHEAND.
J. O. BAKER,
G. M. SMITH,
Street.Committee,
G. W. F. SHERWIN, City Engineer,
mpi-td.

John Clemens & Gray

Manufacturors and Wholesale Designs in Calned, Land and Hock Plaster; also of Bone
Ust and Galand Agents for the sale of Akron
Unent, Office corner of Eleventh and French
treets, Eric, Pa.

Janis-Sm

Aeb Abbertigements

**AMERICAN** 

OF PHILADELPHIA.

South East Corner 4th and Market Mr.

Organized 📑 An Old Company -Nearly 2) years A Sound Company-Assets, 12, 11,600!

A Safe Company-Never lost choliac ..... An Enterprising Company -Busines, 1987, nereased annually ! A Paying Company - 50 per cent, pull 1, M, tual policy-holders 1 A HOME COMPANY!

Philadelphians and Pennsylvanians, - INSURE IN THE

AMERICAN LIPAS IOHN'S, WILSON, . ALEX, WHILLS W. R. GRAY, Agent

Walther Block, Dightli St. Uh. P

IF YOU WISH Try the Combination of ALLEN, ATWOOD & BATES! Great Mammoth Sale. CICENSED BY THE U. S. GOVIT.

teb25-2m

Having had larger experience, we discoun-ent of success in our ONE DOLLAR SALE. NOTICE.

We will present to any person sonding usual to our GREAT ONE BOLLAR SALE as in press Pattern, Piece of Sheeting, Sewing Machine, a Carpet, a Watch, Etc., Etc. ALL FREE OF COST. Greatest inducements ever offered.
Circular and Sample sent free to any address.
ALLEN, ATWOOD & BATES.
Nos. 37 Milk, 78 and 84 Devonshire St.
feb25-tw.
Boston, Miss.

A Card to the Ladies.-DR. DUPONCO'S TOLDEN PERIODICAL PILLS FOR FEMALES.

nfallable in correcting Irregularities, tentorog Obstructions of the Monthly Turns, from hatever cause, and always successful as a pro ONE PILL IS A DOSE. Females peculiarly situated, or those suppos-ing themselves so, are cautioned against using est Pills while in that condition, lest they inite miscarriage, after which admonition the Proprietor assumes no responsibility, although their mildness would prevent any mischief to health; otherwise the Pills are recommenda

MOST INVALUABLE REMEDY for the alleviation of those suffering from any irregularities whatever, as well as to prevent an ncrease of family when health will not permit it; quieting the nerves and bringing back the rosy color of health " to the cheek of the mos

teliente. Full and explicit directions accompany et a Price SI per box, six boxes S5. Sold in Errela WM. NICK & BONS, druggists, sole agents to Effeand vicinity. Ladies by sending them \$1 through the Pat mail to any part of the country, free of posing Sold also by E. T. Hazeltine, Warren; Hef man & Andrews, Corry; Chillender & Co., Mes ville; C. C. Viall & Co., North East; Jewell !

S. D. HOWE, Sole Proprietor, my21'68-ly. Wright, Westfield. Voluntary Bankrupter. Voluntary Bankrupicy.
This is to give notice that on the lite.
I day of Jain, A. D., 1820, a warrant in Easkraptcy was Issued against the estate of R. S.
Hunter, of Frie city, Erie county, and State.
P. masylvania, who has been adjudged a bankrapt on his own petition; that the pay ne atany debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupi, to link and for his usand the transfer of any property by him avjorbiden by law; that a meeting of the creditors
of said bankrupi, to prove their debts and tochoose one or more Assignees of his estate, will
be held at a Court of Bankruptov, to be holded
at the office of the Register, in the city of Eric,
Pa., before S. E. Woodruff, Esq., Register in,
said District, on the 5th day of April, A. It,
1869, at two clock, A. M.
THOMAS A. ROWLEY,
U. S. Marshal, Messenger,
By G. P. Davis, Dept. U. S. Marshal,
feb2; iw

Assignee, in Bankruptey. THE DISTRICT COURT of the Unite States, for the Western District of Penn'a the matter of Solomon Cohen, bankrupe undersigned hereby gives notice of his appropriate the control of the solomon Cohen.

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Solomon Cohen, o Erie, in the county of Erie and State of Penn'a, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district, dated at Fra Pa., Feb. 19, A. D. 1989.

Atty, at Law, No. 1221 Pench St., Erie, Pench 25-34. SIGHTS AND SECRETS Of the National Capital. WORK descriptive of Washington City; Inside and Outside, Unmasked and Exposed. The Spiciest, most thrilling, most entertaining, instructive, and startling book of the day. 35-Send for circulars, with terms, dc. Address UNITED STATES PUBLISHING CO., 4H Broome St., New York City, febil-ne.

Administrator's Notice. Solomon Hauck, deed, late of Mcket niship, Erle county, Pa, having been great of the undersigned; notice to the undersigned. ed to the undersigned: notice is hereby given and indebted to the said estate to make its mediate payment, and those having a case spainst the same will present them, duly authenticated, for setflement.

THOS STERREIT, Administrator McKeny, February H, 1869-6w\*

The Christian, 60 Cents!! The Christian, 66 Cents!!

A. LaRGE, livés page monthly religious and A. LaRGE, livés page monthly religious and A. family, paper, tuli of facts, providence incidents, music, portry, true stories, particular reading for young, old, saints, stnners, one and all. No sectariantism, controversy, politics, puris, pills, or patent medicines. 60 cents year, 10 copies St. For Sunday Schools, 10 copies St. Send 10 cents of three specimens, before you forget 'It.' Vol. 4 begins January. Iso populated the property of the page 100 pages new live tracts, for St. Address H. L. HASTINGS, Scriptural Tract Repository, Judialist., Boston, Mass.

Assignee in Bankruptey. Assignee in Bankrupier.

In the District Court of the United A. States, for the Western District of Penral in the matter of Wm. V. Woods, bankrupt. To undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Wm. V. Woods, of Unionity the county of Eric and State of Pennsylvania within said district who has been addinged bankrupt upon his own petition, by the Detrict Court of said district, dated at Eric P. Feb. 22 A. D., 1829.

Atty. at Law, No. 1823 Peach St., Eric, Parfeb25-31

IN THE DISTRICT COURT of the Units states for the Western District of Pentain the matter of G. W. Browning, hankrupt. To the matter of G. W. Browning, makeropt. Checked hereby gives notice of his appointent as Assignee of G. W. Browning, of 4 now the country of Eric, and State of Penn's with said district, who has been adjudged a case by tupon his own petition by the District, Soir said District. Dated at Eric, Pa., Feb. 29, 4, 1839. o, 1809.

HENRY M. RIBLET, Ausland, Atty, at Law, No. 1921, Peach St., Erle, Pa, feb21-31.

Administrators Notice

Letters of Administration on the

Letters of Alexander Moore, decid, lateral

Waterford Tr. Trie County, Pa., having bea

granted to the undersigned notice is hereigiven to all persons indebted to the same to

analo immediate payment; and those have

claims against the same will present them du
ly authenticated, for aetilement,

JOHN M. MOORE.

Waterford, Febr. 1, 1869-0w. Admin.

\*\* Assignce's Nale. Assignce's Naic.

DY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER of the District of the United States for the Western District of Penn'a, I will sell at public sale Union, Eric County Fa, at the Rennett House at 10 o'clock a.m., on the 11th day of Mark. 1899, one hindredshares of the capital stock of the Union and Thusville Radiroad Company, lot of oil stock, and all the book accounts of R. Frisbee, bankrupt. Terms of sale—"able feb2-ity. HENRY M. RIBLET, Assigner.

Administrator's Notice. Administrators' Notice.

Administrators Avantage of the Commentary of the