P. P. JUDSON, A. WILDER, JULISON & WILDER, Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in Tin, Japan and Pres ed Ware, Stove Pipe, Stove Trimmings, &c., Waterford, Erie Co., Pa., Orders by mail promptly attended to. Jang. ENGLE HOTEL Opposite Union Depot, Erle, Pa., Jas. Camp-to il proprietor. House open at all hours. The bar and table always supplied with the choicest that the two kets afford. feb2064-1y. CHAPIN & BARRETT, Physicians and Surgeons. Office No. 10 Noble Ricek. Office open day and night. Dr. Barrett's residence, No. 33 West 5th St. my18'67-1y* BENNETT HOUSE, Union Mills, Eric Co., Pa., George Tabor, coprictor, Good accommodations and mode at charges. my967-tf. GEO, C. BENNETT, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Office, East Park St., over Haverstick's flour store,—boards at the residence of C. W. Kelso, 2d door south of the M. F. Church, on Sassafrus street. Office hours from Ha, m. until 2 p. m. my10°66-tf. HALLOCK & RICHMOND, Attorneys at Law and Solicitors of Patents, No. 20 North Park Place, Eric, Pa. Persons descring to obtain Letters Patent for their inventions, will please call of address as above. Pees tosomable. Territory soil for patentees, Special and Company of the Patentees of Patentees. Jastice of the Pence, Peach street, six doors with of Buffalo street, South Erie, my I2-iy. N. S. SPENCER. SELDEN MARVIN. Spencer & Marvin, Attorneys and Counsellors t Law Office Paragon Block, near North West collect of the Public Square, Eric, Pa. H. V. CLAUS, healer annil kinds of Fanniy Groceries and Praisions, Stone Ware, &c., and wholesale deal-er in Wine-Liquiors, (Tgars, Tobacco, &c., No. 26 East Fifth Speed, Eric, Pa. 16607-14. E. J. FRASER, M. D., Homopathic Physician and Surgeon. Office and Read nee 628 Peach St., opposite the Park. House. Office hours from 10 to 12 a. m., 2 to 5 p. m., and 7 to 8 p. m. JOHN H. MILLAR, Civil Engineer and Surveyor. Residence corner Sixth street and East Avenue, East Erie.

The subscriper would call the attention of the public to be splennid stock of Spring and Summer Dry Goods, Just received and offered at UNPRECEDENTLY LOW PRICES! I have a large assortment of Domestics, Prints, Dress Goods, &c., bought at low prices and consequently can sell them very low. Call and examine my stock, toods shown with pleasure. J. F. WALTHER, NS State St.

MORTON HOUSE,

NATIONAL HOTEL

Corner Peach and Buffalo sts. John Boyle, reprietor. Best of accommodations for people from the country. Good stable attached. feb2788-ly.

New Store, Walther's Block.

NO. SOS STATE STREET.

Union Depot. A. W. Van Tassell, c. House open at all hours. Table and led with the best in market. Charges c. feb2"68-19.

HARDWARE!

dheresafe and Retail Dealers in all kinds of PITTSTON, BEAVER CREEK SHELF AND REAVY AMERICAN & FOREIGN

HARDWARE

Anvils, Bellows, Nails, Spikes, Leather and Rubber Belting, Machine Packing, Cutlery, Saws, Files, &c.

Also, a general assortment of Iron, Steel and Carriage Hardware.

2a-Store at the old stand of Mr. J. V. ROYER, and side of State street, a few doors north of the Depot.

BOYER & FUESS:

101835-19 John Lindt, 1340 Peach Street, Retail Dealer in
GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,
CONFECTIONERIES, ETC.

TERESTANDA OBSERVER.

VOL. 39. ERIE, PA., THURSDAY AFTERNOON, SEPTEMBER 24, 1868.

Groceries, Produce, Fruit, &c. CHEAP GOODS!

Wholesale and Retail GROCERY AND PROVISION STORE, WINES AND LIQUORS.

F. SCHLAUDECKER. sor to F. & M. Schlandecker, is now re-ceiving a splendid assortment of GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, WINES, Liquors, Willow, Wooden and Stone Ware Fruits, Nuts, &c. A large stock of TOBACCO AND CIGARS

Call and see us, at the Greery Headquarters, American Block, State St., Erle, Pa. my9'67-11. F. SCHLAUDECKER.

Wholesale and Retail Grocery Store.

P. A. BECKER & CO., WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS, North-East Corner Park and French St.,

Would respectfully call the attention of the community to their large stock of Groceries and Provisions, Which they are desirous to sell at THE VERY LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES!

received at Law, Girard, Eric County, Pa.
Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Syrups,
Tobaccos, Fish, &C., TOBACCOS, FISH, &C., Is not surpassed in the city, as they are prepared to prove to all who give them a call.

They also keep on hand a superior lot of PURE LIQUORS, for the wholesale trade, to which they direct the attention of the public. Their motio is, "Quick sales, small profits and a full equivalent for the money." npl163-16.

HANLON & BRO. Have on hand'a splendid assortment of

Cash is the Motto! Goods delivered to any part of the city free o HANLON & BRO., No. 603 French St.

Dry Goods. THE OLDEST ESTABLISHED Carpet & Dry Goods House

IN N. W. PENNSYLVANIA A complete stock of Sheetings, Prints, Linens Cloths, Suckings, Flannels, Irlah and French Poplins, Mohairs, Alpacas, Delaines, &c. Also,

WILLTE GOODS, HÖSTERY, GLOVES AND NOTIONS. WARNER BROS.

apr3'67-ly; No. 506, Marble Front, State St.

New Dry Goods Store! GEO. DECKER,

No. 1322 Peach Sk.,
Has on hand a splendid stock of Dry Goods,
consisting of
DOMESTICS, PRINTS, GINGHAMS, FINE Black and Colored Silks, Paisley and Summer Shawls, Table Linens and Spreads, Yankee Notions, etc.,

maprising a complete assortment of every-DRESS AND DRY GOODS LINE. which he offers very cheap for cash. He invites competition, and requests every one to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. my12-6m, GEO, DECKER, 1222 Peach St.

Miscellancous.

WE OFFER for sales number of good Farms in different parts of the county at material reduction from former prices. Buyers should not fail to see our list before purchasing. FIRST FARM—Is 38 acres, 5 miles west of the city, fair buildings, orehard of grafted fruit, all kinds of fruit, soil all the bost of gravel, and black walnut soil. We think we are safe in saying that no better small place can be found in the county. Buyers can learn more particulars from J. A. French, 321 French street, a former owner, or John H. Carter, the present owner. SECOND FARM—Is the David Russell place, and formerly a part of the Thos, McKee property; 74 acres, about ten acres timber which has not been culled; 2 story new frame dwelling house, new barn. Fences good. Price, 57,000 about \$2,500 in hand. Soil—all of the best sand and gravel.

We believe the above farms in point of soil, character of the neighborhood, schools, churches, &c., &c., offer attractions seldom found in this county, and more, they are cheap.

BARGAINS IN BUILDING LOTS.

BARGAINS IN BUILDING LOTS,

8 Building Lots, Price Stot.
6 "\$300,
3 " "\$50. In Out Lots 289
and 280, north east corner Buffaio and Chestmut
streets. This desirable property is about 120
rods from the depot, dry gravel soil,good water.
A number of fine Dwellings and a large store
have been built on the block this scason, and
quite a number more will be built the coming
year. We think them to be the best investments in a small way now offering. Termy \$50
in hand, balance on time.

COTTAGE HOUSE,
Modern Style, Complete Finish, all the Modern Conveniences, situate on Myrtle, between Ninth and Tenth streets—the Dr. Whilldin property—½ City Ioi.

FOR SALE.

At great reduction, a number of Private Residences, at prices much reduced. Now is the time to get bargains.

FOR SALE.
A number of Lots on Third and Fourth streets between Holland and German. Terms \$50 to \$100 in hand, balance on six years time.

1038-41. HAYES & KEPLER.

Farm for Sale.

Farm for Sale.

Title UNDERSIGNED offers for sale his valuable farm, on the Kuhl road, in Harbor Creek township, one mile south of the Colt Station road, and eight miles from Erie. It contains fifty-five acres and eighty perches, all improved and in the highest state of cultivation. The land is equal to the very best in that section of the county. The buildings comprise a 2 story trame house with 1½ story kitchen and good collar under the whole; wood house and work house; 2 barns, each 30x15 feet; a shed 70 feet long with stable at the end; and all the necessary outbuildings. A first class well of soft water, which never fails, is at the kitchen door. There is an orchard with 140 apple trees, all grafted, and bearing; and an abundance of almost every other kind of fruit grown in this neighborhood. The only reason why I wish to sell is that I am going West to embark in another occupation. Terms made known by applying to me on the premises, or to Holf. Elliah Babbitt, Attorneyat-Law, Erie, Pa.

J. A. SAWTELL, dec5-ti. Post Office Address, Erie, Pa.

EUGENÉ WRIGHT, WM. H. L. SMITH. Eugene Wright & Co., Wholesale Dealers in

WYOMING VALLEY, LEHIGH

ANTHRACITE COAL. Principal Office, Wright's Brick Block, corne Washington and Center Sts., Corry, Pa.

Jos. D. Clark, of the firm of Clark & Meksali and John S. Goodwin, of the firm of Eliok Goodwin & Goodwin, of the firm of Eliok Goodwin & Goodwin

Medical. Beb Adbertigements.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,

Hoofland's German Tonic, The great Remedies for all Diseases of the Liver Stomach or Digestive Organs.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS

Hoofland's German Tonic Is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters, with the purest quality of Santa Cruz Rum, Orange, etc., making one of the most pleasant and agreeable remedies ever offered to the public.

Those preferring a Medicine, free from Alco-holic admixture, will use

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS. Those who have no objection to the combina ion of the Bitters, as stated, will use HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.

They are both equally good, and contain the same medicinal virtues, the choice between the two being a mere matter of faste, the Tonic being the most palatable.

The stomach, from a variety of causes, such as Indigestion, Dysbillty, etc., is very tions derauged. The object of the stomach, then becomes affected, the result of which is that the patient suffers from several or more of the following diseases:

Constipation, Flatuience, Inward Piles, Fullmess of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausca, Hearthurn, Disgust for Food, Fullmess or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried or Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, etc., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning of the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil and Great Depression of Spirits.

PROVISIONS, YANKEE NOTIONS,

EARTHEN WARE,

CHOICE NEW FRUITS, &C.

Those favoring us with a call will go away satisfied that our prices are lower than those of any other house in the trade.

The sufferer from these diseases should exercise the greatest caution in the selection of a remedy for his case, purchasing on ly the westigations and insert fully compounded is free from injurious ingredients and has established for itself a reputation for the cure of these diseases. In this connection we would submit these well-known remedies—

HOOFLAND

GERMAN BITTERS.

HOOFLAND'S

GERMAN TONIC.

DR. C. M. JACKSON,

Philadelphia, Pa. Twenty-two years since they were first intro-duced into this country from Germany, during which time they have undoubtedly performed more cures, and benefitted suffering humanity to a greater extent, than any other remedies known to the public.

These remedies will effectually cure Liver Complete Int. Jaundice, Dyspersin Chronic Diseases of the Kides arising from a dissacret or Intestines.

DEBILITY, Resulting from any cause whatever; Prostra-tion of the System, induced by Severe Labor, Hardships, Exposure, Fevers, Etc.

There is no medicine extant equal to these remedies in such cases. A tone and vigor is imparted to the whole system, the appetite is strengthened, food is enjoyed, the stomach digests promptly, the blood is purified, the complexion becomes sound and healthy, the yellow tings is eradicated from the eyes, a bloom is given to the cheeks, and the weak and nervous invalid becomes a strong and healthy being. Persons advanced in life, and feeling the hand of time weighing heavily upon them, with all its attendant ills, will find in the use of this BITTEIGS, or the TONIC, an elluris that will instil new life into their veins, restore in a measure the energy and ardor of more youthful days, build up their shrunken forms, and give health and happiness to their remaining years.

NOTICE.

It is a well established fact that fully one-half of the female portion are seldent in the enhalth; or, to use sion, "never teel their own expression, "never teel well." They are languid, devoid of all energy, extremely nervous, and have no appetite. To this class of persons the BITTERS, or the TONIC, is especially recommended. Weak and delicate children are made strong by the use of other of these remedies. They will cure every case of MARASMUS, without fail. Thousands of certificates have accumula-ted in the hands of the proprietor, but space will allow of but few. These, it will be observed, are men of note and of such standing that they must be believed.

TESTIMONIALS; HON. GEORGE W. WOODWARD, Lx-Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of

HON. JAMES THOMPSON,

Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania. PHILADELPHIA, April 28, 1893.
"I consider Hoofinad's German Hittera a valuable medicine in case of attacks of Indigestion of Dyspepsia. I can certify this from my experience. Yours with respect.

JAMES THOMPSON."

FROM REV. JOS. H. KENNARD, D. D. Pastor of the Tenth Baptist Church, Phila.

DR. JACKSON-Dear Sir:—I have frequently been requested to connect my name with recommendations of different kinds of medicines, but regarding the practice as set of my appropriate sphere, I have in all cases decilined; but with a clear proof in various in intences, and particularly in my own family, of the usefulness of Dr. Hoofand's German Bitters, I depart for one from my usual course to express my full conviction that, for General Debility of the System, and especially for Liver Complaint, it is a safe and valuable preparation. In some cases it may fail; but, usually, I doubt hoo, it will be very beneficial to those who suffer from the above cause.

Yours very respectfully,

J. H. KENNARD,
Eighth, below Coates, St.

FROM REV. E. D. FENDALL, AND MOUNT CARMEL | Assistant Editor Christian Chronicle, Philad's.

I have derived decided benefit from the use of Hoofland's German Bitters, and feel it my privilege to recommend them as a most valuable tonic to all who are suffering from General Debility or from diseases arising from derangement of the Liver. Yours truly, E. D. FENDALL.

CAUTION.

Hoofiand's German Remedies are counterfeit. See that the Signature of C. M. JACKSON is on the tie. All others are pai office and manument factory at the German Medicine Stere, No. 631 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa. CHAS, M. EVANS, Proprietor. Formerly C. M. JACKSON & CO.

PRICES. Hoofland's German Bitters, per bottle, \$1 (Hoofland's German Tonle, put up in quart bottles, \$1 50 per bottle, or a half dozen for \$7 50. itaxing intely opened an entirely new stock of goods. I am prepared to offer superior inducements to all who may give me a call.

Hemember the place, 1340 Peach street, south of the Depot. Eric, Pa.

10B PRINTING of every kind, in large or small quantities, plain or colorred, done in the best style, and at moderate prices, at the construction of the Depot. Eric, Pa.

11cs, 81 50 per bottle or a half dozen for 37 50.

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11cs, 81 50 per bottle or a half dozen for 37 50.

L. H. HALL, Bay State Iron Works!

NOBLE & HALL, Founders. Machinists and Boiler Makers,

Works Corner Peach and 8d Sts., Brie, Pa

MERCHANTS.

AT 014 O'CLOCK, A. M.

A lorge consignment of Queensware, Glassware, Bohemian and China Vases now on hand, will be closed out regardless of cost at private

Tollworthy & Love, .NO. 1890 PEACH ST.,

We believe that we can do our customers jus-tice by so doing and would ask them to call and see our splendid stock of groceries,consisting o

Coffees, Sugars,

Comprising everything in a well kept grocery store. We also have the best quality of ERIE COUNTY FLOUR. Also FEED in unlimited quantities. Give us a call, TOLLWORTHY & LOVE, 1890 Peach St., opposite National Hotel, my12-tf.

C. ENGLEHART & CO., DEALERS IN

Reep always on hand all syles of LADIES' MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S Prenella, Kid, Goat and Pebble Goat Laced, Button and Congress

BOOTS, of the finest quality, which will be warranted for durability, as well as to fit, which we

will sell as Low as the Lowest.

BLANK BOOKS!

Caughey, McCreary & Moorhead, WILL SELL BLANK BOOKS, of every description, & CHEAPER Than any house in this city. Also, SCHOOL BOOKS, To

BIBLES! The Depository of the Bible Society, at CAUGHEY, M'CREARY & MOORHEAD'S.

BANK NOTICE.

Keystone National Bank, OF ERIE.

CAPITAL \$250,000.

Satisfactory paper discounted. Money re-ceived on deposit. Collections made and pro-ceeds accounted for with promptness. Drafts, Specie and Bank Notes bought and sold. A share of public patronage solicited.

TO THE PUBLIC.

There is no use sending to New York FOR YOUR TEAS! No use going to the refineries to buy REFINED OIL! No use going to soap factories to buy SOAP!

No use to pay big prices for any of your Groceries and Provisions! While there is a

on the corner of Sth and State Streets.

'Try the Cash Store. ADAM MINNIG. NEW LIVERY, Boarding and Sale Stable,

THE SUBSCRIBERS having taken the stable lately occupied by Rienner & Johnson, would inform the public that they have purchased a ENTIRELY NEW STOCK

of Horses, Harness and Corriages, and are pre-pared to give perfect satisfaction to all who may layor them with a call. We have the best stock

Emportant Motices.

ERIE RAILWAY Great Broad Gauge Double Track Route to NEW YORK, BOSTON,

and the New England Cities.

This Railway extends from Dunkirk to New York, 40 miles. Buffalo to New York, 40 miles. Salamanca to New York, 41 miles. Salamanca to New York, 41 miles. And is from 2 to I MILES THE SHORTEST ROUTE. All trains run directly through to New York, 40 MILES, without change of conches.

From and after May 11, 1808, trains will leave, in connection with all the Western Lines, as follows: From DUNKIRK and SALAMANCA—by New York time—from Union Depots: 7:30 A. M., Express Mail, from Dunkirk daily (except Sandays). Stops at Salamanca at 16:00 A. M., and councets at Hornelisville and Corning with the 7:30 A.M. Express Mail from Buffalo and arrives in New York at 7:40 A. M.

from Baffalo and arrives in New York at 7,40 A.M.

2.5 P. M., Lightning Express, from Salamanen daily (except Sandays). Stops at Hornelisville 6:12 P. M., (Sapper), intersecting with the 2.55 P. M. train from Buffalo, and arrives in New York at 7,40 A.M.

5.50 P. M., New York Night Express, from Dunkirk aduly (except Sandays). Stops at Salamanea at 7:45 P. M., Olean 8.20 P. M., (Sup.) Turner's 10.13 A.M., (likit), and arrives in New York at 12:20 P. M. Connects at Great Bend with Delnware, Lackawana and Western Railway for Scranton, Trenton and Philadelphia, and at New York with afternoon trains and steamers for Beston and Philadelphia, and at New York with afternoon trains and steamers for Beston and New England Cities.

9:50 P. M. Cincinnait Express from Dunkirk, (Sandays excepted), Stops at Salamanea 11:51, P. M., and connects aff Hornelisville with the 11:30 P. M. Train from Buffalo, arriving in New York 3:55, P. M.

ving in New York 3:55, P. M.

From Buffalo—by New York time—from Depot corner Exchange and Michigan Sts.:

500 A. M., New York Day Express daily (except sundays). Stops at Hornellsville 8:09 A. M., (Bittig Susquehanna 1.25 P. M., (Diner, Threner's 7:05 P. M., (Sup), and arrives in New York at 9:25 P. M. tonnects at Great Bend with Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, and at Jersey City with midnight express train of New Jersey Railroad for Philadelphia, Baltingre and Washington.

7:30 A. M., Express Mail, via, Ayon and Hornellsville, daily (except Sunday). Connects at Elmira with Northern Central Railway for Harrisburg, Philadelphia and the South, and arrives in New York at 7:40 A. M.

2:35 P. M., Lightning Express, daily (except Sunday), stops at Hornellsville 6:10 P. M., (Sup) and arrives in New York 7:40 A. M., connecting at Jersey City with morning express, train of New Jersey Railroad for Baitimore and Washington.

7:35 P. M., New York Night Express, daily (Sun-

train of New Jersey Railroad for Baltimore and Washington.
7:35 P. M., New York Night Express, daily, (Sundays excepted.) Stops at Hornelleville, II.68 P. M., Intersecting with the 5:59 P. M. train from lunkirk, and arrives in New York at 12:09 P. M.

11:29 P. M., Cincinnati Express, daily (except Sundays). Stops at Susquehanna 7:75 A. M., (BkR); Turner's 1:37 P. M., (Dine'), and arrives in New York at 3:55 P. M. (Onnects at Elmira with Northern Central Railway, for Harrisburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, and points South, and at N. York with afternoon trains and steamers for Boston and New England cities.

Only one train East on Sunday, leaving Buffaloa 2:55 P. M., and reaching New York at 7:40 A. M.

A.M. Boston and New England passengers, with their baggage, are transferred, free of charge, in New York.

The best Ventilated and most Luxurious Steeping Cars in the World accompany all night trains on this Railway.

Baggage checked through and fare always as low as two any other route. Auggage energed through and fare always as low as by any other route.

ASK FOR TUCKETS VIA. ERIE RATI.WAY, which can be obtained at all principal ticket offices in the West and South-West.

H. RIDDLE. W.M. R. BARR, Gen'l Sup't. Gen'l Sup't. Gen'l Pass, Ag't.

PHILADELPHIA & ERIE RAIL ROAD. WINTER TIME TABLE.

Through and Direct Route between Philadel phia, Baltimore, Harrishurg, Williams-port, and the GREAT OIL REGION OF PENNSYLVANIA.

ELEGANT SLEEPING CARS On all Night Trains. ON and after MONDAY, Sept. 11th, 1888, the trains on the Philadelphia & Eric Bailroad

Erie & Pittsburgh Railroad. ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY H, 1868, trains will run on this road as follows:

LEAVE ERIE-SOUTHWARD.

Discharge in Bankruptcy.

Assignee in Bankrupicy.

In the District Court of the United States, for the Western District of Penn'n., in the matter of R. C. Custard, bankrupt. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of R. C. Custard, of Union, in the county of Eric and State of Pennsylvania, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district, dated at Eric, Pa., Ang. 13. A. D 1863.

Assignee in Bankrupter.

In the District Court of the United in the matter of James H. Griswold, bankrupt. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Jan. H. Griswold, of Erle, in the country of Erle and State of Penn'a, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district, dated at Eric, Pn., Aug. 14, A. D. 189.

Atty. at Law, No. 122 Peach St., Eric, Pa. au23-3t

BY SPENCER W. CONE.

Song of the Taxed.

Rock a by baby—your father's a slave. To the fanatic fool and the Radical knave, And even the cradle you sleep in, poor dear May be sold to pay taxes in less than a year. He works for you harder each day than be fore, But each night brings him home to a lessen

But of all that he earns there's but little After feeding bet negroes and Radical He's taxed for the hat that he wears on his

head;
The boots on his feet, and the sheets on his Every rag that he wears, every morsel he eats; His tea and his coffee, his bread and his ments,
The pot they are cooked in, the cup that he Every instrument used on the land that he

Every tool that he works with; the lamp that he burns;
The things that he works on; the wages he On the stove in the kitchen, the coal, toostill higher;
Ay! even the match that sais light to the fire; On his pipe of tobacco, his whiskey and

On the medicine he buys for you, poor little To the taxes he pays we now see no end-No, not even death, crushed humanity's friend. They tax e'en his coffin, his shroud and his grave;
And his baby must starve and his widow
must slave
To hide in the earth he has hopelessly tilled,
The heart-broken husband whom Taxes have

Rock a by haby; sleep on whilst you can, Thank god for the years ere you grow to a For though your father to-day is a slave He'll yote for you, baby, that you may be

spared, The curse and the ruin your parents have now stand.'
Now strike the balance between money shared. What is paid for the poor man's life which he was obliged, by the Federal conscription, to sacrifice in the war? Look around among the widows and or-phans of those whose lives were thus imand prays that your life may be saved from his shame And the birth-right of freedom be more than a name. Rock a by baby; sleep sound while you may, phans of those whose lives were thus intermolated upon the altar of abolition fanaticism, and, in their destitute and suffering condition, behold the evidences of the liberality and justice of the Government towards those from whom it tore their bread provi-

And your father will work and your mother will pray.

That the Radical sharks, with their taxes and lies, May be swept as a cloud from America's skies. And a new bow of promise be set in the air, With the conquering banner of Suvworn AND BLAIR.

Wade Hampton Denounces his Slanderers.

Lextract from the speech of Gen. Hampton, before the Democratic Convention in Columbia, Aug. 7, 1868.]

"I am glad that the reference made by the gentleman from Marion affords me au opportunity to say a few words concerning myself. If these misrepresentations of language which I have attered, if the perversion of facts which I have stated reflected only upon me, I should not only bear the infliction with patience, but treat it with the contempt it deserves. When, however, I am told that these talsehoods are a source of injury to our cause, and that they weaken the Democratic

will run as follows:

MESTWARD.

Mail Train leaves Philadelphia at 10:10 p. m., Corry, 7:10 p. m., and arrives at Erie at 9:25 p. m., Corry, 8:00 a. m., and arrives at Erie at 8:50 a. m., Corry, 8:00 a. m., and arrives at Erie at 8:50 p. m., Corry at 1:10 p. m., and arrives at Erie at 8:50 p. m., Corry at 1:10 p. m., and arrives at Erie at 8:50 p. m.

EASTWARD.

Mail Train Leaves Erie at 10:50 a. m., Corry, 12:25

Mail Train Leaves Erie at 10:50 a. m., Corry, 12:25

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Mail Train Leaves Erie at 10:50 a. m., Corry, 8390 a. m., and arrives at Eric at 1236
p. m., Corry at 1:10 p. m., and arrives at Eric at 1236
p. m. and arrives at Philadelphia at 7300 p.
m. and arrives at Philadelphia at 7300 p.
m. and arrives at Philadelphia at 300 p.
m. and arri Mail and Express connect with Oil Creek and Mall and Express connect with Oil Creek and Allegheny River Railroad. Baggage Checked and the Constitution, and in that spirit we accept the hand so freely extended to us by the green backs he lean the Government to pay this soldier for risking his health, his limbs, the great Democracy of the North. I told them we wanted the Constitution restored. Does this look like revolution? I declared them we wanted the constitution? I declared them we wanted the constitution? I declared the soldier, is taken back from the great national methods to the bended over to the bondholder for the greenbacks he lean the Government to pay this soldier for risking his health, his limbs, his life.

Thus the pittance which the Government from Porkopolis said he ment paid the soldier, is taken back from the green and the constitution restored. Does this look like revolution? I declared the soldier, is taken back from the first that the pittance which the green and the constitution and the Constitution restored. The gentleman from Porkopolis said he didn't care a continental as to that we were earnest and truthful in our desire to support the Union.

They would make him pay it in gold, to the bondholder for the greenbacks he lean the Government to pay this soldier for risking his health, his limbs, his life.

Thus the pittance which the Government to pay this soldier for risking his health, his limbs, his life.

They would make him pay it in gold, to the bondholder for the greenbacks he lean the Government to pay this soldier for risking his health, his limbs, his life.

They would make him pay it in gold, to the bondholder for the greenbacks he lean the Government to pay this soldier for risking his health, his limbs, his life.

Thus the pittance which the Government to pay the handed over to the bondholder for the greenbacks he lean the Government to pay the handed over to the bondholder for the greenbacks he lean the Government to pay the handed over to the bondholder for the greenbacks he Does this look like revolution? I declared that we wanted peace; but instead of receiving peace, we have not only been charged with being revolutionary, but there seems to have been a persistent effort to drag us into some outrage which would afford them political capital at our expense. I have recently seen what purports to be a quotation from a speech made in Charleston, not to an ordinary meeting, but in acknowledgment of a LEAVE ERIE—SOUTHWARD.

10:05 A. M., Pittsburgh Express, stops at all stations, and arrives at A. & G. W. R. R. Transfer at 1:10 p. m., at New Custle at 350 p.m., and at Pittsburgh at 6:00 p. m., and at Pittsburgh and at Pittsburgh and arrives at Erie 2:5 p. m.

2:50 P. M., Accommodation leaves Pittsburgh and arrives at Erie 2:5 p. m.

2:51 A. M., Erie Express leaves Pittsburgh and arrives at Erie 2:5 p. m.

2:52 P. M., Accommodation leaves Pittsburgh and arrives at Erie 2:5 p. m.

2:53 P. M., Accommodation leaves Pittsburgh and arrives at Erie 2:5 p. m.

2:55 P. M., Accommodation west for Warren, Ravenna and City. Connects at Jamestown at 12:40 p. m., with J. & F. Express for Franklin and oil City. Connects at Transfer at 1:20 a. m. with Mall cast for Meady and at Jamestown with J. & F. Express for Franklin.

Erie Express north connects at A. & G. W. Transfer at 1:20 a. m. with Mall cast for Meady with the priladelphia, Harrisburg, Baltimore and Washington, via Pennsylvania Central Railroad.

Erie Express for Franklin.

Trains connect at Rochester with trains for Wheeling and all points in the West; arigina, and at Pittsburgh active and Washington, via Pennsylvania Central Railroad.

Erie Express north connects at Girard with Priladelphia & Frie Railroad for Corry, Warren, Pennsylvania Central Railroad.

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Erie Express north connects at Girard with Priladelphia & Frie Railroad for Corry, Warren, Penns

him when he was carried to the tomb. I told them that fing was resting with me; for I knew that they would be glad to hear tidings of a banner that had so long been familiar to their eyes, and whose ample folds did not contain space enough on which to write the names of all the engagements in which it had floated in the front of battle. Because I told my old comrades that that flag of a single regiment had not been burned in the wreck of Columbia these Radicals of the North basely perverted both language and sense for the purpose of producing political effect. Had they taken the pains to do so, they would have seen that I said that even that flag was furled forever, to be buried in the grave of our lost cause. I should not have noticed these gross misrepresentations, had they not been brought to my notice in a

have noticed these gross interpresentations, had they not been brought to my notice in a direct manner by my friend from Marion; but since he has afforded me an opportunity of doing so, I use it not only to denounce these statements as false, but to reiterate here, as I do in every place, that I am fighting as correctly in the interest of page 18. ing as earnestly in the interest of peace as I did in war. In saying this, I recognize all the interests involved in this contest, and, also recognize, to the fullest extent, the kindness extended to us at the North by those who had met us on a hundred battle-fields, and who, standing around a common altar which they wished once more to raise, extended in high and kindness the right hand of friendship. I ask you what more can I do? Everywhere I have urged our people to come forward in this contest, and be a fefore me. I demand, sir, to be registered to come forward in this contest, and be and an ex-soldier in the Union army.

R.—Can't take that oath. I don't believe in any such equality at all. I am better than a nigger, and so were my father and mother true soldiers in the cause of peace as they were in the cause of peace as they were in the cause of war. This is all I have done, and it is what I shall continue to do, not withstanding the misrepresentations that may be given to the world. Whatever may be the character of the falsehoods circulated. I intend to pursue an even course, and will not be provoked to say one word that is actimonious or offensive. I know the object.

The continue to do, and it is what I shall continue to do, and it is what I shall continue to do, and it is what I shall continue to do. If this is the ticker of the falsehoods circulated. Whatever may be the character of the falsehoods circulated. I intend to pursue an even course, and will not be provoked to say one word that is actimonious or offensive. I know the object. not be provoked to say one word that is ac-rimonious or offensive. I know the object which the Radicals have in view, and I urge which the Radicals have in view, and I urge the people not to give way to prejudice or passion. Let them in patience endure the mistortunes they cannot control, avoid all conflict with the negroes, give no political capital to our enemies, trust to the Democratic party, fight this great struggle with peaceful agencies alone, and there is every reason to believe that we shall witness the resturbing of the Government and, the sumistortunes they cannot control, avoid all conflict with the negroes, give no political capital to our enemics, trust to the Democratic party, fight this great struggle with peaceful agencies alone, and there is every reason to believe that we shall witness the restoration of the Government, and the supremacy of the Constitution of the United Statea."

Growth of the Public Deat in the exact figures of each public debt statement for the past year:

A 100 Total of forty-six millions, or a tax of about seven-

Apr. 1, 1868, May 1, 1868, June 1, 1868,

What was the rich man compelled to do?

Nothing!

ble semi-annually.

Nothing!

Not even to give his money, though the poor man gave his life, of little value as the former was in comparison with the latter.

But the rich man loaned his money, if it pleased him, or refused to loan if he pleased; and did loan it only when he could exact such terms as suited his avaricious views. When he could convert his one dollar of gold into two dollars or more of legal tenders he

into two dollars, or more, of legal tenders, he made the conversion, and with his green-backs thus obtained, went to the Govern-

ment and exchanged them for one or more bonds, upon which interest was made paya

In gold!

By this process he made sure of receiving the interest in gold on two dollars or more when he had lent only the equivalent of one dollar in gold, and what he had actually bought with one such dollar—thus getting

from twelve to fifteen per cent interest, in gold, on every dollar of gold which he con-verted into greenbacks to lend to the Gov-

But this was not all.
He took care to exact the further condi-

Nor is this all!

He now demands that for every green-back dollar that he lent the Government, and which, when he lent it, was worth only torty or fifty cents on the dollar in gold, he

shall receive a gold dollar, and Granteand the Jacobin party are pledged to sustain him

in this demand.

Though the bonds provide for the payment of the principal in lawful money, which greenbacks are declared to be by Jacobin law, the Jacobin Congressional majority has attempted, at the instigation and in the interest of the bondholders, to perpetrate a monstrous fraud-upon the people, and rob them of six hundred millions of dollars more than the present arount of the public debt.

How does it treat the bondholder?

to which they belong, are taxed to pay these bonds, and almost the entire burden of taxa-tion for the payment of the bonds falls upon

make him pay back what he thus received

They would make him pay it in gold, to

his life.
Thus the pittance which the Government paid the soldier, is taken back from him in taxes—aye, double the amount—to pay to the bondholder twice the sum he ever lent.

Were the bondholder now compelled to the sum he double the bondholder had been additionally to the bondholder

forfeit every dollar of his bonds, would it bear any comparison to the value of the lives which were taken without rendering an

equivalent? (
Or would it make any approach to the

Then it came to this!

when war's red hand was on our land,
And threatened to divide
The glorious Union of the States,
The people's hope and pride,
The British banker came and took NO. 20. A mortgage on our soil,

A lien upon the soldier's blood,
Upon the laborer's toil. And now in wealth of bonds he rolls. Money Against Life. Drawn from our masses true; Then, he for a tax upon his gains. And we'll make him pay it, too! The poor man; the workingman, was com-pelled to risk, and in thousands of instances to lose, in the war, what all men hold dearer than everything else that they possess.

A million hearts were bared to save The British banker's hoard: And hecatombs were offered up
That he might be secured.
And now the people sweat and groan
Beneath this load of debt,
This blood-stained mortgage, yielding still
Its golden interest next.
Then swear upon the heaper being

We'll Make him Pay it, Too! Upwards of one-half of the bonded debt of an United States is held in Europe.—Hadical

Then, swear upon our banner bright, The Red, the White, the Blue, We'll tax the British banker's gains, And make him pay it, too!

Farmers, Read this Article. We need not call to the mind of the farmers and others who have desired to buy land or build for a few years past, how hard a matter it was to borrow money on real estate security. The best farm in the country of-fered no greater inducement than a poor huckleberry patch, for the money was not to be had on real estate. What was the reason of this? We will tell our farmer friends. The Government, with, 5-20's, 10-40's and other bonds, over-bid the farmer, and the lender put his money where he could get the largest interest. A capitalist will not lend his mo-ney to an individual for six per cent. on bond

He this was not all.

He took care to exact the further condition that he should pay no taxes on his bonds.

Nor is this all!

He now demands that for every greenback dollar that he lent the Government, mer or laboring man, who wishes to buy land the for improving man, who wishes to buy land the form of the proper pages. or improve it, cannot borrow money unless he will pay as much interest as the Govern-ment, which few can afford. What has been ment, which few can afford. What has been the consequence of this? Real estate has often suffered for want of improvement, and many a man who wished to buy a home for his family, could not do it, because he could not borrow money to help pay for it. At the last session of Legislature an act was passed to remedy this state of things, which exempts bonds and mortgages from taxation. While this benefits the lender, and to some extentently the last session of the property money. enables the farmer to borrow money, the lat-ter really is injured, for the tax that was for-merly raised from bonds and mortrages is them of six hundred millions of doltars more than the present amount of the public debt, by taking up the outstanding legal tender bonds and issuing in lieu of them bonds expressly payable in gold, which it would take six hundred millions of dollars more legal tenders to pay than to pay the bonds as they have stand.

the government to make the rich richer, and the poor poorer.

The Democratic party is opposed to this system, and advocates a more liberal and just policy toward the farmer. Here is the cardinal doctrine of our party on this impor-

cardinal doctrine of our party on this impor-tant subject:

"Equal taxation of every species of pro-perty according to its real value, including Government bonds and other public securi-tics" Our party is pledged to equalize taxation, which will prevent the Government from monopolizing the market as a money borrower, and place it on a level with individuals.

How does it treat the bondholder?
It pays him from twelve to fifteen per cent interest on the money which he condescended to lend, during the time the loan remains outstanding, and when it shall come to pay the principal of the loan, the Jacobin party insists that it shall pay him two dollars in gold for every dollar that he originally lent.

But more than this!

The bondholder is exempted from taxation on his bonds, and the soldier who came out of the war alive, and the widow and children of those who were slain, in common with all others of the laboring classes to which they belong, are taxed to pay these 'Can't Sleep with the Whole Party." We heard the following good joke related we heard the following good joke related yesterday of a member of the Pendleton club, of Cincinnati, at the New York Convention. It appears that he could not ge with the club when it started, but followed it a day or two afterward. Reaching the city in the night, and preferring to go to a hotel rather than hunt up the headquarters of the club at that late hour, he made his way to an up town hotel. Of course it was crowded. But what seemed a wonder, there was one room unoccupied. To that the tired Cincinnatian was assigned, and was soon marshaled there by a bell boy. He was not a little dismayed to find the room to be about eight by ten feet. Then it came to this!
The workingmen gave their lives!
The workingmen pay the taxes!
The workingmen pay the bonds!
The bondholders gave nothing!
The bondholders pay no taxes!
The bondholders pay no taxes!
The bondholders pay nothing!
The soldier who received his pay and bounty, had to take them in greenbacks lent by the bondholder upon the bonds which he now claims shall be paid in gold. The Jacobins would now tax this same soldier, and make him pay back what he thus received to find the room to be about eight by ten feet to find the room to be about eight by ten feet, with a small window fronting on an unfathomable alley, its depth made vocal by a battalion of tom cats, and redolent with unnumbered smells. He at once objected to such quarters, and dispatched the bell boy after the clerk, who soon made his appearance.

"See here," said the Cincinnatian, "do

you expect me to stay in this place all night?"

The clerk assured him that, in consequence of the crowded condition of the ho-tel, no better accommodation could be af-forded him, although it would be a great

slept in this room once when he visited the city."

The gentleman from Porkopolis said he didn't care a continental as to that, but it Gen. Graat could stand it he supposed he could. The clerk returned to the office, complimenting himself upon his stratery the guest retired to his bed, and in five minutes he was attacked by countless hosts of bed bugs. Finding it useless to contend against such overwhelming numbers, he hastily attired himself and sought the office. "Why," said the astonished clerk. "I thought you were satisfied to stay in your room all Or would it make any approach to the inequality and injustice of paying the bonds in gold, and exempting the bondholder from taxation?

And this is the Jacobin policy!

Reconstructed Arkansas.

Why," said the astonished cierk, "I thought you were satisfied to stay in your room all night." "Now, look here," said the Cincinnatian, "I've got pluck enough to sleep where Gen. Grant has slept, but I'll be eternally cussed if I can make up my mind to sleep with the whole Radical party."—Cinciunation

A Lady's Tribute to Gov. Sermour. The Revolution, Mrs. Cady Stanton's pa-

per, publishes this extract from a letter of a sady in regard to the Presidential nominapersons, pontical or civil right, privilege, or immunity enjoyed by any other class of men; and, furthermore, that I will not in any way injure, or attempt to injure, any way injure, or attempt to injure, any sent support of the Government of the United States, the laws of the United States, the laws of the political and civil equality of all men, or for affiliation with any political party."

S.—I can't take that oath. I don't believe the contributed in any such equality at all nigger, and so we the contributed in the contributed liberally to the erection of every other church and place of public worship in the city of Utics and its vicinity. An active Trustee of Hamilton College (a Presbyterian institution) has been any such equality at all nigger, and so we the contributed liberally to the erection of every other church and place of public worship in the city of Utics and its vicinity. An active Trustee of Hamilton College (a Presbyterian institution) has been any such equality at all nigger, and so we are the contributed liberally to the erection of every other church and place of public worship in the city of Utics and its vicinity. An active Trustee of Hamilton College (a Presbyterian institution) has been active to the contributed liberally to the erection of every other church and place of public worship in the city of Utics and its vicinity. An active Trustee of Hamilton College (a Presbyterian institution) has been active to the contributed liberally to the erection of every other church and place of public worship in the city of Utics and its vicinity. An active Trustee of Hamilton College (a Presbyterian institution) has been active to the contributed liberally to the erection of every other church and place of public worship in the city of Utics and its vicinity of all men, or for affiliation with any political party."

at Government expense. The Radical Congress appropriated \$2,775 to pay the Sergeant-at-Arms and undertaker's bill. Among

Three hundred and ten pr. kid gloves, 762 00 Two hundred block score Eight black silk sashes, Ninety-one hacks, Fare and expenses on the way,

Mileage, &c., 131 00
All this will be found in the official records of Congress of 1867 and 1868:

Tax-payers will remember that when a Tax-payers will remember that when a dead Congressman is sent home, none but a committee of half-dozen go along. But here we have 310 pairs of kid gloves: 91 hacks; 100 scarfs, &c., charged to the people and paid. It is only paralleled by the fellow who stole the coppers off of a dead negroes'

LOOK at the result of the State elections in

IDAHO, OREGON, MONTANA, COLORADO, KENTUCKY, FOR GRANT. MAINE.

BOYER & FUESS,

Office in Eric, Pa., with H. B. Haverstick, No. 9
East Park Row. jy23-3m JOS. D. CLARK.

CLARK & GOODWIN, BANKERS, Erle, - Penn's.

'Having made extensive additions to our machinery, we are prepared to fill all order promptly for

Stationery, Marine and Portable Engines, Of all sizes, either with single or cut-off valves STEAM PUMPS, SAW MILL WORK, BOIL-ERS, STILLS, TANKS, ETC. Also, all kinds of Heavy and Light Casting, Particular attention given to Building and Machinery Castings.

FOR SALE.—Steam's Circular Mill Rigs and Head Riocks, which are the best in use. Johnson's Rotary Pumps, Gas Pipe and Fittings, Brass Goods, Babbitt Metal, etc.

Jobbing solicited at reduced prices. All work warranted. Our motto is,

CUSTOMERS MUST BE SUITED. We are bound to sell as low as the lowest.— Please call and examino. febi3-tf.

NOBLE & HALL.

FRANK WINCHELL & CO.. AUCTION & COMMISSION No. 824 State Street.

Household Furniture and all kinds of Goods Wares and Merchandise, bought and sold and received on consignment. Sales at private residences attended to in any part of the city. Sale of Household Furniture, Carpets, Queens-rare, Horses, Wagons, and all kinds of goods on WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS.

Vendues attended to his ony part of the county, ap9-tf.

Have adopted a new system of doing business, and would respectfully call the attention of their customers to the fact that they are now selling goods for

CASH, OR READY PAX-

Spices, &c.,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

We also make to order. Repairing carefully

BOOKS, ENVELOPES, AND PAPER,

At Wholesale, as cheap as any jobbing house in the country.

DIRECTORS; Solden Marvin, John W. Hall, Elihu Marvin, Bester Town, O. Noble. ORANGE NOBLE, Prest. JNO. J. TOWN, Cash. The above bank is now doing business in its CORNER OF STATE AND EIGHTH STS.

LIVE CASH STORE,

Corner of French and 7th Sts.

Farm for Sale.

THE SUBSURIBER offers for sale his farm in I. Amily township. Eric County, Pa., lying on a good road running from Union to Wattsburg, 3 miles north of the borough of Union Mills. This farm, containing 73 acros. is one of the best situated farms in the county, is of the best quality of soil, well watered with living springs, and is level, so that a mower can be used to advantage on any part of it. Sixty-five acres are improved, good two story frame house, 22x21, well finished and painted, with an addition 12x18. Barn 30x41, with bank stable, The buildings are in good order and nearly new, not having been built over six years, Occhard of the best grafted fruit, Apples, Pears, Peaches, Plums, Grapes and every variety of small fruit. Situation favorable for fruit growing, not being liable to trost. The proprietor wishing to reture on account of sickness in his family, offers this property for sale at a bargain. Terms of payment easy. Inquire of the subscriber on the premises, or letters may be addressed to him, directed Union Mills, Eric Co., Pa., which will receive prompt attention. aux-2ms.

Discharge in Bankruptcy. Discharge in Bankrupley.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT of the United States, for the Western District of Fennsylvania, Chas. B. Clark, a bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 18th, having applied for a Discharge from all his debts, and other cinins provable under said Act, by order of the Court, notice is hereby given to all persons who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 14th day of Sept., at 9 o'clock, A. M., before S. E. Woodruff, Esq., Register, at his office in Erie, Pa., to show cause if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt. And further, notice is hereby given that the second and third meetings of creditors of the said bankrupt, required by the 2th and Sith sections of said Act, will be had before the said Register at the same time and place.

S. G. McCANDLEYS,
Clerk of U. S. District Court for said District.

Bischarge in Rankrupicy.

Discharge in Bankruptey.

In THE DISTRICT COURT of the United States, for the Western District of Pennsylvania. T. Is, tould, a bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1987, in wifing applied for a Discharge from all his dobts, and other claims provable under said Act, by order of the Court, notice, is hereby given to all persons who have proved their do bis, and other persons interested, to appear on the lith day of Sept., 1848, at 2 o'clock, P. M., before S. E. Woodruff, Est., Register, at his office in Eric, Pa., to she weather, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt. And further, notice is hereby given that the second and third meetings of creditors of the said bankrupt, required by the 27th and 28th sections of said Act, will be had before the said Register at the same time and place.

S. C. McCANDLESS, Cler. of U.S. District Court for said District, ag27-2w

trict Court of Said district, dated at Eric, Pa Ang. 13, A. D. 1868. HENRY M. RIRLET, Assigned Atty, at Law, No. 123 Peach St., Eric, Pa. au20-21

The total increase from Sept. 1, 1867, to Sept. 1, 1868, is \$42,830,938—an increase of salmost forty-three million dollars a year!

| Dianum | Dian

SCENE-A Union soldier, who has moved SCENE—A Chion soiller, who has moved to Arkansa and bought a farm there, wants to register under that provision of the reconstructed Constitution which says: "The General Assembly, at its first session, shall provide suitable laws for the registration of

qualified electors."—[Art. V, sec. 25.] Registrar—What's your name? Soldier—John Smith. R.—Age?
S.—Twenty-five.

second, third or fourth subdivision of article VIII of the Constitution of the State of Arkansas; that I will never countenance or aid in the secession of this State from the United States; that I accept the civil and

m the Constitution, and compress P proved it. S-D-n such a Constitution, and d-n Congress, too. It this is the ticket Grant is running on be can't have any vote +|Exi|, disfrenchised

Who Pay the Taxes?

atement for the thirty-two millions taxes, on a sworn value of forty-six millions, or a tax of about seventy-five per cent. A tax of twenty-five cents a pound in gold is levied on tea, which is equal to about thirty-five cents in currency at the present price of gold. Whenever a poor man buys a dollar's worth of sugar and molasses, he pays a tax of about twenty-five cents to the government. While this is done the bond of the bond-holder is altogether exempt from taxation. Tea, coffee, sugar, and Apr. 1, 1808, 2,509,239,087 the bond of the bond-hoider is altogether exMay 1, 1868, 2,500,528,827 empt from taxation. Tea, coffee, sugar, and
molasses are chiefly consumed by the masses,
Aug. 1, 1868, 2,523,534,480
Sept. 1, 1868, 5,500,500,500
The total increase from Sept. 1, 1867, io These taxes were imposed to support the
Sept. 1, 1868 is \$42,830,939—an increase of Procedure's Burson's Burso

ion:
"In private conversation Gov. Seymour is instructive and interesting, and is, if possi-ble,more remarkable for his elegance of man-Soldier—John Smith.

R.—Age?
S.—Twenty-five.
R.—Native or naturalized?
S.—Born in New York.
R.—Ever given aid or comfort to the rebellion?
S.—No! I served in the Union army from Bull Run to Appommatox.
R.—Can you take and subscribe to the registration oath?
S.—What is it?
R.—"I. John Smith, do solemnly swear that I will support and maintain the Constitution and laws of the United States, and the same planes refined tastes and elevated morals; it is said of him, by those who have known him from his second, third or fourth subdivision of article an untruth or utter a profane outh—to industry the same planes. early youth, that he was never under the influence of strong drink—never known to tell an untruth or 'utter a profane oath—to indulge in a vulgar story, a coarse ancedote or an obscene jest—nor did he ever violate the proprieties of the Sabbath, or sit at the gambler's table, or cross the threshold of more fashionable vice. Purity of life is with him a marked characteristic. Educated in the Enjeconal church he has ever remained

he items we find these:

the North, held since the nomination of Gen-AGAINST GRAST.