P. P. JUDSON. A. WILDER.
JUDSON & WILDER.
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in Tin,
Japan and Pressed Ware, Stove Pipe, Stove
Trimmines, dc., Waterford, Eric Co., Pa. Orders by a til promptly attended to. jane. apposite Union Depot, Erie, Pa., Jas. Camp-li, proprietor, House open at all hours. The transit title always supplied with the cholest it the nearkets afford. CHAPIN & BARRETT, Physicians and Surgeons. Office No. 10 Noblesk. Office open day and night. Dr. Parrett asteller, No. 33 West 5th St. inylest-ly BENNETT HOUSE. Union Mills, Erie Co., Pa., George Tabor oppietor, Good accommodations and mode techanges.

which he offers very cheap for cash. He invites competition, and requests every one to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere, my12-6m. GEO. DECKER, 1322 Peach St. WE OFFER for salea number of good Farms in different parts of the county at material reduction from former prices. Buyers should not fait to see our list before purchasing. FIRST FARM—Is Sacres, 5 miles west of the city, fair buildings, orchard of grafted fruit, all kinds of fruit, soil all the best of gravel and black walnut soil. We think we are safe in saying that no better small place can be found in the county. Buyers can learn more particulars from J. A. French, 52! French street, a former owner, or John H. Carler, the present owner. SECONDFARM—Is the David Russell place, and formerly a part of the Thos. McKee propersty; 74 acres, about ten acres timber which has not been culled; 2 story, new frame dwelling house, new barn. Fences good. Frice, \$7,000; about \$2,500 in hand. Soil—all of the best sand and gravel. GEO. C. BENNETT, M. D., ossician and Surgeon. Office, East Park St., Hiverstlek's flour store,—boards at the res-tactor C.W. Kelso, 21 door south of the M. Charch, on Sassaffas street. Office hours atta, m. until 2 p. m. my1000-tf. BALLOCK & RICHMOND, Poincys at Law and Solicitors of Patents 29 North Park Place, Eric, Pa. Persons de 22 fooblant Latters Patent for their inven F. W. KOEHLER. and gravel.
Webelieve the above farms in point of soil,
character of the neighborhood schools, church-es, &c., &c., ofter attractions seldom found in
this county, and more, they are cheap. San of the Peace, Peach street, slx door mot Buffalo street, South Eric. BARGAINS IN BUILDING LOTS,

8 Building Lots, Price \$400.

6 " " \$500.

3 " " \$570. In Out Lots 289
and 290, north east corner Buffalo and Chestnut
streets. This desirable property is about 120
rods from the depot, dry gravel soliggood water.

A number of fine Dwellings and a large store
have been built on the blook this season, and
quite a number more will be built the coming
year. We think them to be the best investments in a small way now offering. Terms \$50
in hand, balance on time. S SPENCER. SELDEN MARVIN. neer & Marvin, Attorneys and Counsellor W. Office Paragon Block, near North Wes of the Public Square, Erle, Pa. H. V. CLAUS, thermall kinds of Family Groceries and steems, Some Ware, &c., and wholesale deal-www. Luquors, Cigars, Tobacco, &c., No. 25 Fifth street, Eric, Pa. 1607-44. r. J. FRASER, M. D., balo pathic Physician and Surgeon. Office Headence 62 Peach. St., opposite the Park we. Office hours from 10 to 12 a. m., ? to 5 p. 1617 to 8 p. m. Modern Style, Complete Finish, all the Modern Style, Complete Finish, all the Modern conveniences, situate on Myrtle, between Ninth and Tenth streets—the Dr. Whilldin property—1/4 City Lot.

JOHN'H. MILLAR. and Engineer and Surveyor. Residence cor MORTON HOUSE. custle Union Depot. A. W. Van Tassell. Pastor. House open at all hours. Table and supplied with the best in market. Charges Stathle. feb2708-ly. NATIONAL HOTEL. mer Peach and Buffalo sts. John Boyle Freter. Best of accommodations for people of the country. Good stable attached. lew Store, Walther's Block. NO. 808 STATE STREET.

ine subscriber would call the attention of the pring and Summer Dry Goods. Just received and offered at

Farm for Sale.

THE UNDERSIGNED offers for sale his valuable farm, on the Kuhl road, in Harbor Creek township, one mile south of the Colt Station road, and eight miles from Eric. It contains fifty-five acres and eighty perches, all improved and in the highest state of cultivation. The land is equal to the very best in that section of the county. The buildings comprise a 2 story frame house with 1½ story kitchen and good cellar under the whole; wood house and work house; 2 barns, each 30x15 feet; a sked 70 feet long with stable at the end; and all the necessary outbuildings. A first class well of soft water, which never falls, is at the kitchen door. There is an orchard with 140 apple trees, all grafted, and bearing; and an abundance of almost every other kind of fruit grown in this neighborhood. The only reason why I wish to sell is that I am going West to embark in another occupation. Terms made known by applying to me on the premises, or to Hon. Elijah Rabbitt, Attorneyat-Law, Eric, Pa.

J. A. SAWTELL, dec-if, Post Office Address, Eric, Pa. UNPRECEDENTLY LOW PRICES! I have a large assortment of Domestics, Prints, Dress Goods, &c., orgination prices and consequently can sell havery low. Call and examine my stock. ba very low. Call and examine my seek shown with pleasure.

J. F. WALTHER,

## HARDWARE

BOYER & FUESS, Solerale and Retail Dealers In all kinds of PITTSTON, BEAVER CREEK

AMERICAN & FOREIGN

HARDWARE. Anvils, Bellows, Nails, Spikes,

Leather and Rubber Belting, Machine Packing, Cutlery, Saws, Files, &c.

JOS. D. CLARK. then, a general assortment of Iron, Steel and Carriage Hardware.

Erie, · · Penn'a. testore at the old stand of Mr. J. V. BOYER, we side of state street, a few doors north of the b pot.

BOYER & FUESS:

Jos. D. Clark, of the firm of Clark & Metcalf, and John S. Goodwin, of the firm of Eliot, Goodwin & Co, having associated together for the purpose of doing a general banking business in all its branches, opened on Wednesday, April ist, in the room recently occupied by the Second National Bank, corner State street and Park Row; succeeding to the business of Clark & Metcalf, who dissolved partnership on the 1st of April, 1888. The firm of Eliot, Goodwin & Co., also dissolving on the same date, we hope for a continuance of the patronage heretofore given us. John Lindt, 1340 Peach Street, GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, CONFECTIONERIES, ETC. Jaring lately opened an entirely new stock (1 800ds, I am prepared to offer superior induces and it who may give me a call.

Reactably the place, 1310 Peach street, south the best style, and at moderate prices, of the Observer office.

Groceries, Produce, Fruit, &c.

CHEAP GOODS!

Wholesale and Retail

WINES AND LIQUORS.

F. SCHLAUDECKER.

Successor to F. & M. Schlaudecker, is now re celving a splendid assortment of

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, WINES,

Liquors, Willow, Wooden and Stone Ware Fruits, Nuts, &c. A large stock of

TOBACCO AND CIGARS,

Call and see us, at the

Grocery Headquarters,

F. SCHLAUDECKER

American Block, State St., Erie, Pa.

Wholesale and Retail Grocery Store.

P. A. BECKER & CO., WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS,

North-East Corner Park and French St.,

(CHEAPSIDE.)

Would respectfully call the attention of the community to their large stock of

Which they are desirous to sell at

TOBACCOS, FISH, &C.,

is not surpassed in the city, as they are prepare to prove to all who give them a call.

They also keep on hand a superior lot of

PURE LIQUORS,

for the wholesale trade, to which they direct the attention of the public. Their motto is, "Quick sales, small profits and a full equivalent for the money," apil's3-t6.

HANLON & BRO.

Have on hand a splendid assortment of

GROCERIES.

PROVISIONS, YANKEE NOTIONS,

EARTHENWARE,

CHOICE NEW FRUITS, &C.

Those favoring us with a call will go away satisfied that our prices are lower than those of any other house in the trade,

Cash is the Motto!

Dry Goods.

THE OLDEST ESTABLISHED

Carpet & Dry Goods House

IN N. W. PENNSYLVANIA

A complete stock of Sheetings, Prints, Linens Cloths, Sackings, Flannels, Irish and Frenct Poplius, Mohairs, Alpacas, Delaines, &c. Also,

WILITE GOODS, HOSIERY

GLOVES AND NOTIONS,

apr3'67-ly. No. 506, Marble Front, State St.

New Dry Goods Store! GEO. DECKER,

Shawls, Table Linens and Spreads, Yankee Notions, etc.,

DRESS AND DRY GOODS LINE,

Miscellaneous

Farms for Sale.

FOR SALE.

At great reduction, a number of Private Resdences, at prices much reduced. Now is the ime to get bargains.

A number of Lots on Third and Fourth streets between Holland and German. Terms \$50 to \$100 in hand, balance on six years' time.

ja30-tf. HAYES & KEPLER.

Farm for Sale.

Eugene Wright & Co.,

Wholesale Dealers in

WYOMING VALLEY, LEHIGH

ANTHRACITE COAL.

Principal Office, Wright's Brick Block, corner

Office in Eric, Pa., with H. B. Haverstick, No. 9

CLARK & GOODWIN.

BANKERS,

East Park Row.

WM. H. L. SMITH

AND MOUNT CARMEL

JNO. S. GOODWIN

Callland get prices before purchasing.

Goods delivered to any part of the city free of

HANLON & BRO.,

No. 603 French St.

WARNER BROS.,

VOL. 39.

ERIE, PA., THURSDAY AFTERNOON, AUGUST 27, 1868.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

GROCERY AND PROVISION STORE Hoofland's German Tonic, The great Remedies for all Diseases of the Liver, Stomach or Digestive Organs.

> HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS Is composed of the pure juices (or, as they are medicinally termed, Herbs a n d Barks, thon highly concentre free frem alcoholic kind.

Hoofand's German Tonic Is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters, with the purest quality of Santa Cruz Rum, Orange, etc., making one of the most pleasant and agreeable remedies ever offered to the public. pleasant and agreement the public.

Those preferring a Medicine, free from Alcoholic admixture, will use

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS. Those who have no objection to the combina ion of the Bitters, as stated, will use HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.

They are both equally good, and contain the same medicinal virtues, the choice between the two being a mere matter of taste, the Tonic being the most paintable.

The stomach, from a variety of causes, such as Indigestion, Dysbillity, etc., is very tions deranged. The control of the following diseases; like the patient suffers from several or more of the following diseases: Groceries and Provisions THE VERY LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES

Constipation, Flatulence, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eruciations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the
Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried or
Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heat,
Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a
lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Bots or Webs
before the Sight, Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin
and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs,
etc., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning of the
Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil and Great
Depression of Spirits.

The sufferer from these diseases should exercise the greatest caution in the selection of a remedy for his case, that which he is assured from his investigations and intrue merit, is skill-free from injurious ingredients and has established for itself a reputation for the cure of these diseases, in this connection we would submit these well-known remedies—

HOOFLAND'S

GERMAN BITTERS.

AND HOOFLAND'S

GERMAN TONIC:

Prepared by DR. C. M. JACKSON,

Philadelphia, Pa. Twenty-two years since they were first intro-duced into this country from Germany, during which time they have undoubtedly performed more cures, and benefitted suffering humanity to a greater extent, than any other remedies known to the public.

These remedies will effectually cure Liver Complaint, Jaundice, or Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Kides arising from a dissible condition or dered Liver, Stomach, or Intestines,

DEBILITY.

Resulting from any cause whatever; Prostra-tion of the System, induced by Severe Labor, Hardships, Exposure, Fevers, Etc.

No. 132 Peach St.,
Has on hand a splendid stock of Dry Goods,
consisting of
DOMESTICS, PRINTS, GINGHAMS, FINE
ALPACAS, ORGANDIES, LAWNS,
Black and Colored Silks, Paisley and Summer There is no medicine extant equal to these remedies in such cases. A tone and vigor is imparted to the whole system, the appetite is strengthened, food is enjoyed, the stomach digests promptly, the blood is purified, the complexion becomes sound and healthy, the yellow linge is eradicated from the eyes, a bloom is given to the cheeks, and the weak and nervous invalid becomes a strong and healthy being. Persons advanced in life, and feeling the hand of time weighing heavily upon them, with all its attendant ills, will find in the use of this BITTERS, or the TONIC, an elixir that will instil new life into their veins, restore in a measure the energy and ardor of more youthful days, build up their shrunken forms, and give health and happiness to their remaining years. omprising a complete assortment of every.

NOTICE.

It is a well established fact that fully one-half of the female portion are seldom in theen-health; or, to use sion, "never feel guid, devold of all energy, and have no appetite.

Weak and delicate children are made strong by the use of either of these remedies. They will cure every case of MARASMUS, without fail. Thousands of certificates have accumulated in the hands of the proprietor, but space will allow of but few. Those, it will be observed are men of note and of such standing that they must be believed.

TESTIMONIALS; HON. GEORGE W. WOODWARD,

"I find Hoofland's German Bitters is a diseases of the diseases of debility and tion in the system. Yours truly, GEO. W. WOODWARD."

Lx-Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of

HON. JAMES THOMPSON,

Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania

"I consider Hoofland's German Bitters a valuable medicine in case of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia. I can certify this from my experience. Yours with respect.

JAMES THOMPSON."

FROM REV. JOS. H. KENNARD, D. D.,

Pastor of the Tenth Baptist Church, Phila. Pastor of the Tenth Baptist Church, Phila.

Dr. Jackson—Dear Sir:—I have frequently been requested to connect my name with recommendations of different kinds of medicines, but regarding the practice as out of my appropriate sphere, I have in all cases declined; but with a clear proof in various instances, and particularly in My own family, of the usefulness of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, I depart for once from my usual course to express my full conviction that, for General Debility of the System, and especially for Liver Complaint, it is a safe and valuable preparation. In some cases, it may fall; but, usually, I doubt not, it will be very beneficial to those who suffer from the above cause.

Yours very respectfully,

J. H. KENNARD,

Eighth, below Coates, St.

FROM REV. E. D. FENDALL.

Assistant Editor Christian Chronicle, Philadia I have derived decided benefit from the use of Hoofland's German Bitters, and feel it my privilege to recommend them as a most valuable tonic to all who are suffering from General Debility or from diseases arising from derangement of the Liver. Yours truly, E. D. FENDALL

CAUTION.

Hoofland's German Remedies are counterfeit Hoomand's German temocites are counterfeited. See that the Sig-JACKSON is on the tile. All others are pai office and manu-man Medicine Stere, No. 531 Arch street, Phila-delphia, Pa. CHAS. M. EVANS, Proprietor. Formerly C. M. JACKSON & CO.

PRICES. Hoofland's German Bitters, per bottle, \$1 00 half dozen, 5 00 Hoofland's German Tonic, purply of the tles, \$1 50 per bottle, or a half dozen for \$7 50. 43- Do not forget to examine well the article you buy, in order to get the genuine, apply the ly. The Noble Block Dry Goods Store!

SPRING AND SUMMER DRESS GOODS!

\$100,000 Worth of New and Desirable Patterns,

Summer Silks, Russett Mixtures, Chene Poplins, Pequas,

NAINSOOKS, JACONETTS, SWISSES, ETC.

We keep all kinds of goods usually called for in a first-class Dry Goods Store, and buy no refu-goods, but endeavor to keep those that will please all who want good and durable articles.

No. 3 Noble Block.

JUST RECEIVED, A LARGE STOCK OF

Alpacas---Black, Brown and Drab---Splendid Goods!

TO BE SOLD AWAY DOWN BELOW THE MARKET.

A Huge Stock of Delaines.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF PRINTS IN TOWN,

Consisting of Merrimac, Spragues, Americans, Cochecoes, and all other popular makes.

that everybody has been calling for and can now be supplied with. They are going like the der

THE LARGEST STOCK OF

In the Market. New York Mills, Wamsutta, Lousdales, Fruits of the Loom, &c., &c.

20,000 Yards Cheap Muslins, From 8 to 12 1-2 Cents.

That we are willing that our customers should carry away, as we have not room for them. Our counters are loaded down with Domestic Goods, bought previous to the LATE ADVANCE IN THE EASTERN MARKET!

CALL AT THE LIVE STORE OF

Edson. Churchill & Co.,

Next door South of the Post Office.

( NEW TYPE,

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING



North-West Corner of State Street and the Park.

Having fitted up our office in the MOST COMPLETE MANNER,

Job Printing of Every Description

In a style of unsurpassed neatness, and at prices to compete with any other office in the North

Our Type all NEW, and of the NEATEST STYLES, and our Workmen equal to any in the try. With the Machinery and Material we now possess, we feel fully warranted it claiming that NO OFFICE in the western Part of the State EXCEIS, and only one or two equal us, in facilities, for turning out work in a

RAPID AND SATISFACTORY MANNER.

ORDERS FOR EVERY STYLE OF PRINTING

Received, and work warranted not to be inferior to that done in the Eastern cities,

Cards, Letter and Bill Heads, Circulars, Statements, high reputation to the correctness of the above statement, and the figures there set forth can not be contradicted. Let every tax payer examine them carefully.

ENGRAVING. LITHOGRAPHING, &c.

We have made arrangements with the largest and best establishment in Buffalo for procuring any sort of Engraving that may be needed, in as good style and at

A LESS PRICE THAN IF THE ORDER WAS SENT TO THEM DIRECT. Parties wanting Cuts of

By entrusting them to us will be assured of a good piece of work in the most prompt and satisf tory manner. Engravings furnished either on Wood, Stone or Metal.

In this department we have facilities that are unsurpassed. Persons having printing to be done that requires Ruling or Binding in ennection, will find it to their interest to entrust it to us. We will guarantee that it shall be performed in a workmanlike manner, and that the charge will be as moderate as can be afforded. The liberal patronage extended to this office during the last two years has encouraged us to make every effort possible to deserve the favors of our friends, and we now take especial gratination in informing them and the public that we have succeeded in fitting up an establishment equal to every requirement of the community.

We are determined to compete with the best, and only ask a trial to satisfy any one that we claim no more than we are justly entitled to.

White Boys in Blue. An-Red, White and Blue.

Democracy is the life of the nation,
A hation of white men and free,
The hope of our country's salvation,
The people are ever true to thee.
In its cause the people will assemble,
Men that are loyal, good and true,
Whose banners will cause the Rads to tremble,
When borne by the White Boys in Blue.

When borne by the White Boys in Blue, When borne by the White Boys in Blue, Whose banners will cause the Rads to trem-

ble, When borne by the White Boys in Blue. When secession had laid its foundation, When war sounded its wild alarms, When Lincoln sent out his proclamation, The White Boys in Blue flew to arms.

Our country they saved with sword and bul Men in war who were loval, good and true To save the Constitution now with their bal

lot, Is the beast of the White Boys in Blue. Is the boast of the White Boys in Blue, Is the boast of the White Boys in Blue, To save the Constitution now with their bal-

lot, Is the boast of the White Boys in Blue. Then down with Radical legislation—
Their laws are unequal and unjust;
They will find to their foul usurpation,
The people will no longer give their trust
O, Rads, you'll be beat in November,
By men who are loyal, good and true;
You'll be driven away from your plunder,
By the votes of the White Boys in Blue.

By the votes of the White Boys in Blue, By the votes of the White Boys in Blue, You'll be driven away from your plunder, By the votes of the White Boys in Blue.

The Most Expensive Government on Earth.

Ours should be the cheapest Government on earth. We have no family to support, no family of princes to provide with a royal revenue, no nobility to keep up, no court retinue to pay for. The salaries of necessary officials are not extravagantly large, and, until the Radicals got into power, we were not burdened to sustain a multitude of useless office-holders. The corrupt leaders of that party did away with the simplicity and frugality of former times, and they have made this the most expensive Government on the face of the earth.

this the most expensive Government on the face of the earth.

In a recent speech delivered at Milwaukie, Hon. Samuel J. Tilden, of New York, gave the following statements of what the military department of our Government is costing under Radical rule. He said:

Citizens—I hold in my hand a statement of the War Department for the last fifteen months. It is made from authentic sources, and I have no doubt it is substantially reliable. These expenses are about \$11,000,000 a month, or \$130,000,000 a year. This is the cost of the War Department during a period of peace, beginning two years after the close of the war. These statements, which I shall hand to the reporters, are made from the official records of the Government. They are as follows:

as follows:
"Payment at the Treasury on account of the service of the War Department, from Jan. 1, 1867, to March 31, 1868:

September, October, to 29th,

Total, 9 months and 27 days, \$109,807,000
As per statement in annual message of President Johnson, of
December, 1867:
October 29 to 31, \$3,342,000 November, December,

\$133,140,000 Total, 12 months, 1868. \$5,397,000 January.

Total, fifteen months, \$10 Payments at the Treasury on according \$160,858,000 ayments at the Treasury on account of the Interior Department (pensions and Indian

January, to March 31, April 1 to June 30, July 1 to September 30, October 1 to December 1, January 1 to March 31,

\$10.857.688.29 Total, \$34,554,555.

Payments at the Treasury on account of the Navy Department; 1867.

7,784,979.55 5,579,704.67 7,571,454.25 5,962,514.61 \$33,751,814.83

Total, \$33,751,814.83
"The first table contains the payments made at the Treasury Department on account of the War Department during the fifteen months ending on the 21st of March last, which was the latest date to which I teen months ending on the 21st of March last, which was the latest date to which I have been able to obtain these figures. This is beside pensions; this is beside navy expenses; this is beside the civil list; this is beside the interest on the public debt. If any of you have the curiosity to inquire why it is that business is not prosperous—that prices are higher than they ought to be, even in the present diluted State of the currency, and that poor men with high wages still find it difficult to live—I tell you it is because, in this age of the American Republic we are subject to the most enormous and burdensome and oppressive system of taxation—oppressive in its amounts, and oppressive in the mode by which it is levied. Why, gentlemen, the British empire, which proudly boasts that her military posts encircle the whole globe, so that her morning drum-beat keeps company with the hours, expends for her vast home and military system not more than \$6,000,000 a month, while we, even during the last year, have been expending about \$11,000,000 a month; and her \$6,000,000 a month; includes her pensions, while our \$11,000,000 does not include our pensions. Take the French empire, the greatest and the military of the military monorphics of mod. 000,000 does not include our pensions. Take the French empire, the greatest and the mightiest of the military monarchies of modern times. That empire expended as an average of seven years past \$7,000,000 a month. And the Prussian empire, recently formed, expended on its army in 1867, only \$29,000,000, or less than \$2,500,000 a month. And we, in free republican America, have been expending at the rate of \$130,000,000 a year, besides pensions."

Mr. Tilden is one of the most intellectual and cautions staticians in such matters. in

and cautious staticians, in such matters, in the United States. He has committed his

Soliloquy of a Wounded Soldier -- He Wants a Change.

Well, here I am with a wife and four children, and not able to support them.
I enlisted early in the war to fight for my
Government, I was in the bloody battles of
Fredericksburg, Antietam and Gettysburg.
At the latter I lost my left leg. The carnage

was terrible.

I have to go on crutches; my constitution is broken; my health is ruined.

I cannot get any work which I am able to do. My poor wife has to wash all day and sew half the night to make a scanty living for us.

for us.

It is true I get a pension of fifteen dollars per month, but that will scarcely buy a barrel of flour, as the paper money is only worth seventy cents on the dollar.

No burean is talked of for the support of wounded soldiers, their wives and children. These negroes now govern ten States. They elect Scnators and Representatives, who, I believe, are called carpet-baggers, because they are mere political adventurers—strangers to the people they represent—and only care for the big salaries they draw. I think this is shameful. I was a Republican during the war. There are no Republicans now. The party is called Radical.

to the Senate.

They set the negroes free and now tax white people to support them.

I can't understand why my poor wife is compelled to work hard to support herself and children, while strong, healthy negroes are kept at the public expense.

These Radicals say the soldiers should vote for their party. There is something wrong. I can't see why soldiers should vote to sustain a party that appropriotes money to feed negroes, and won't feed the badly wounded, who fought to sustain the Government. We must have a change of rulers. I shall vote for Seymour and Blair. Matters can't be worse.

A change may be an improvement.

Provisions are very dear.

Good flour costs fifteen dollars a barrel.

Butter is fifty cents a pound, and everything Butter is fifty cents a pound, and everything else in proportion.

How the poor are to live and pay these prices much longer is a mystery to me.

They tell me the wheat crop this harvest is the greatest ever raised in this country; but prices are kept up by rich speculators, who delight to oppress the poor.

We must have a change of rulers at Washington

ington.

To-morrow my poor wife is going to wash for the tax-collector.

He will pay her fifty cents for it.

He gets four dollars a day for tax-collectng. She will have to work harder than he

does.

My children are sick. I have no money, and the hard-carned fifty cents of my wife will go but a little way to purchase medicine for them, as the drugs are taxed so account of ment, from \$7,897,000 the establishment of the National Banks. He draws lots of gold as interest on his bonds.

9.301,000 for us. Congress.

The population ought to be made black or the Congress white.

I am forsaken by those who coaxed me to

volunteer.
Forsaken by those who promised to look after my wife and children, if I should be killed or wounded.
I see the condition of affairs plainly.
I shall hobble to the polls and vote for a change of rulers. 4 597 458 84 10,484,476.11 881,192.42

Horace Greeley Gives Up the Fight. [From the Independent.]

[From the Independent.]

THE DANGER OF GRANT'S DEFEAT—How TO AVERT IT.—By Horacs Greeley.—Our friends seem to be almost everywhere resting in the conviction that General Grant cannot possibly be beaten. This is at once untrue and perilous. He not only can, but will be beaten, unless the Republicans work with more energy and efficiency than they have thus far done. Indiana is the only doubtful State which seems to be contested by them with adequate zeal and industry. I trust that Ohio connot be lost, but if there be no revi-

State which seems to be contested by them with adequate zeal and industry. I trust that Ohio connot be lost, but if there be no revival on our side, the ballot-boxes will close on the night of the October State election with at least 10,000 more Republican than Democratic votes unpolled. Perhaps we can be take the risk.

So of Pennsylvania. We were heavily close of Pennsylvania. We were heavily be worse cheated now. Her election laws are tolerably good, but the judges in strong Democratic districts set them at defiance, taking all the votes that are offered—especially the bad ones. They will cheat us at least ten thousand in October. [A big joke.] We can beat them still, if every Republican vote is polled. But will they be? Will Allegheny give her 10,000, Lancaster her to good, and others in proportion? Will Berks, Northampton, Monroe, Columbia, &c., give no more than their legal majorities against us? I hope, but fear.

Now, let us suppose that the enemies of human rights should—no matter by what means—carry Pennsylvania and Ohlo in October, winning likewise some local triumphs in other States—what then? Shall, we not

transition from blind presumption to cowardly despair!

The States are entitled to choose 317 electors, whereof 159 are a majority. There should be no doubt of General Grant's carrying at least these: Maine 7, New Hampshire 5, Massachusetts 12, Rhode Island 4, Vermont 5, West Virginia 5, Ohlo 21, Indiana 13, Illinois 10, Lotisiana 6, Michigan 8, Wisconsin 8, Minnesota 4, Iowa 8, Missouri 11, Kansas 3, Tennessee 10, North Carolina 9, South Carolina 4. Total 159.

Here are just enough votes to elect, with regard to which there should be no doubt. But Ohio and West Virginia are desperately contested, and while we have most voters in each, our adversaries seem for the present to

Sixular Nomeanna Scheme Carefully.

Sixular Nomeanna Scheme Carefully and West Virginia are desperately contested, and while we have most voters in each, our adversaries seem for the present to have the best workers. And while We have most voters in each, our adversaries seem for the present to have the best workers. And while We have most voters in each, our adversaries seem for the present to have the best workers. And while We have the best workers. And while We have the best workers. And while We have oncern Careful We best workers. And while We have oncern Chounce and the except of Seymond that the there of the country and hall have the best workers. And while We have when we shall have the best workers. And while We have when we feel sure that any rebel State will yote for Grant? We know right well that thirty thousand of the search of the same proved of work, bread and home, how can we feel sure that any rebel State will yote for Grant? We know right well that thirty thousand of the search of work, bread and home, how can we feel sure that any rebel State will you feel sure that any rebel State will you for Grant the wenty thousand of these may be elected; but twenty thousand of these may be

very much in doubt.-{En. Obs.

PRENTICE points out the ingratitude of the Republican party by saying that whereas they adopted and lionized Joe Brown, the founder of the Andersonville prison, they hanged Wirz, who was only its keeper.

1807, than It did in they ear in peace 1800?

WHEN they take a drink in Honesdale they say, "Let's endorse Grant's policy."

Afte. "J.C Bowers."

I am a carpet-bagger,
I'm a brother scalawsg,
Come South to boast and swagger,
With an empty carpet-bag;
To rob the whites of greenbacks,
And with the blacks to "bunk."

And change my empty satchel
For a full sole leather trunk. I'm "some" on "Constitutiom"
For a "late rebellious State,"
And I'm "some" on persecutions
Of disloyal men I hate;
I'm "some" at nigger meetings
When white folks ain't about,
And "servi" And "some" among the nigger gals,
When their marms don't know they're

The Carpet Baggers.

I'm "some" on a Convention,
Where I draw an "X" per day,
And opposed to all adjournments,
If I only draw my pay,
I drew it down at Jackson,
Where four months I kept my sent,
And I laid a heavy tax on
All you wear, and drink and eat.

But now my day is over,
The Constitution's killed;
Again I am a rover, Again 1 am a rover,
And my pockets are not filled;
All my money has been spent on
An electioneering "bum"—
Farewell to Mississippi,

O, "I wish I was ter hum."

Democratic Charges and Radical An-

Charge-The war ended three years ago, and the Union is not yet restored.

Answer—Rebel.

Charge—Military despotism has been established and maintained at the South and

still exists there.

Answer—Traitor.
Charge—Civil liberty has been overthrown in ten States of the American Union.

freemen of the North. Answer—Loyalty.
Charge—The Executive Department of the Government is degraded into subserviency.

o the Senate.

Answer—Kū-Klux.

Charge—The judicial process of impeachment has been prostituted to partisan purpo-

Answer—Slavery.
Charge—One thousand millions have been squandered since the close of the war.
Answer—Revolution.

Charge—The ordinary expenses of the Government, exclusive of interest, now exceed \$300,000,000 per annum. Answer—The poor negro.

Charge—In three years of peace gold has advanced from 125 to 146.

Charge—Radical Internal Revenue officers olunder the Treasury.

Answer—The 14th amendment.

Dierable.
Answer—"Let us have peace."—Laneaster ntelligencer.

high.

Account of the think, the rich banker. There goes Mr. Smith, the rich banker. They tell me he has become very rich since the establishment of the National Banks. He is the establishment of the National Banks. He is rich and exempt from taxation. The poor wounded soldier is not. The Radical party discriminates in favor of the bond-holder. I see it plainly, 7,822,000 13,174,000 10,448,000 10,448,000 10,483,000 10,587,000 Wiry will a mechanic support the Radical No tax for rich bond-holders.

If we were negroes, Congress would care if yearly becoming poorer, although nominally receiving higher wages. Keep the Radical or us.

If the Radicals want peace, what are they arming the nearcos for?

If the Radicals mean equal rights, why one currency for capital and another for labor?

If the negroes can vote of themselves, why pay the Burean to teach them?

If the Radicals mean equal rights, what do they put the negro above the white man for?

If the Radicals mean impartial suffrage, what does their platform say one suffrage North and another south for?

If the Radicals want peace, what are they running their candidate on his military merits for?

Is it impartial suffrage to enfranchise the

Is it impartial suffrage to enfranchise the black and disfranchise the white man?

One Thousand per Minute. The total amount of interest on the public

money now to support the navy in time of peace, than it did in 1801, when the navy was blockading the Atlantic and Gulf coasts, and the mouth of the Mississippi. What becomes of the people's money?

In speaking of the taxation of Government bonds recently, Ben. Butler said:

"There must be either taxation or repudiation of the debt. No class of men would pay taxes on their property, and see their neigh-bor's property escape. Taxation should fall as the rain of Heaven falls, alike on the just and on the unjust. Taxation now falls only on the just and conscientious; the unjust. the rascal, the knave, make no return and es-

CONUNDRUMS.-Why is loyalty like charity?

Because it covers a multitude of sins.

What name should hereafter be given to
embezzlement by a Clerk of the Senate? Forney-cation.
Why is gold like Grant and Colfax.?
Because it has gone up since the Democratic National Convention.

WE Polked them once, We Pierced them well, And then we Bucked them sore: And with Frank Blair We'll make them stare That they may all Sey-mour.

THE Radicals, in a spirit of infamous calumny, say that Mr. Seymour inherits a pro-pensity to madness. He won't be half so mad after November as they will.

to write another epistle and explain the in-crease of thirteen millions and a quarter in the public debt last month? Way did it cost \$44,413,151 more to sup-

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seventy cents on the dollar.

Congress long since established a bureau for the support of fat, lazy negroes in idleness, and the Northern people, soldiers and all, are taxed to keep it up.

No bureau is talked of for the support of wounded soldiers that a vices and ability or wounded soldiers.

is called Radical.

I don't know how it is, but I read that the rebellion was put down and the Union preserved, and then these Radical Congressmen at Washington say the Union is divided and can only be restored by making negroes voters and superior to the whites.

They set the negroes free and now tax Answer—Copperhead.
Charge—Southern negroes are converted into political instruments to control the white

> Answer—Secession. Charge—The Supreme Court of the United tates has been muzzled, threatened and

> > Answer-The Declaration of Indepen-

Answer—The 14th amendment.
Charge—The public debt is increasing.
Answer—Wade Hampton.
Charge—The credit of the United States in the markets of the world is lower than that of Austria, Brazil and Turkey.
Answer—"I have no policy."
Charge—The distribution of taxes is uncequal, and the hurthens of the people are intolerable.

Answer—"Let us have peace."—Languter

CAN YOU TELL US WHY ?- The World pertinently inquires:

If reconstruction is a success, why isn't the If the Radicals want peace, what are they

Now, let us should—no make.

human rights should—no make.

means—carry Pennsylvania and Ohlo in October, winning likewise some local triumphs in other States—what then? Shall we not see the very men who now shirk effort, on the ground that Grant cannot be beaten, lying down in inaction because (they will say) he is already beaten, and cannot possibly be elected? How swift will be their transition from blind presumption to cowardly despair!

In the first year of the war, 1861, the cost of the War and Navy Departments was—the first year of peace 1865, the cost of the say) he is already beaten, and cannot possibly be elected? How swift will be their transition from blind presumption to cowardly despair!

There

Won'r some scared Radical ask Mr. Wells

port the army and navy in the year of peace 1867, than it did in the year of peace 1868?