H. V. CLAUS, bealer in all kinds of Family Groceries and Provisions, Stone Ware, &c., and wholesale deal-er in Wines, Liquors, Cigars, Tobacco, &c., No. 20 East Fifth street, Eric, Pag. 10607-1f. E. J. FRASER, M. D., Homepathic Physician and Surgeon. Office and Residence 629 Peach St., opposite the Park House. Office hours from 10 to 12 a. m., 2 to 5 p. m., and 7 to 8 p. m. JOHN H. MILLAR, Civil Engineer and Surveyor. Residence cor user Sixth street and East Avenue, East Trie. jagrer. Opposite Union Depot, A. W. Van Tussell, proprietor. House open at all hours. Table and bur supplied with the best in market. Charges reasonable. feb27'68-ly.

NATIONAL HOTEL Corner Peach and Buffalo sts. John Boyle, proprietor. Best of accommodations for people from the country. Good stable attached. . seb2768-ly.

New Store, Walther's Block. NO. 808 STATE STREET. The subscriber would call the attention of the public to his splendid stock of

Spring and Summer Dry Goods Just received and offered at UNPRECEDENTLY LOW PRICES! Domestics, Prints, Dress Goods, &c., bought at low prices and consequently can sell them very low. Call and examine my stock. Goods shown with pleasure. J. F. WALTHER,

HARDWARE!

BOYER & FUESS. Wholesale and Retail Dealers in all kinds of SHELF AND HEAVY

AMERICAN & FOREIGN HARDWARE. Anvils, Bellows, Nails, Spikes, Leather and Rubber Belting.

Machine Packing, Cutlery, Saws, Files, &c. Also, a general assortment of Iron, Steel and Carriage Hardware.

April Store at the old stand of Mr. J. V. BOYER ast side of State street, a few doors north of the hepot. BOYER & FUFSS: John Lindt, 1340 Peach Street, GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, CONFECTIONERIES, ETC.

THE ERIE OBSERVER.

VOL. 39. ERIE, PA., THURSDAY AFTERNOON, AUGUST 13, 1868.

Medical.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,

Hoofland's German Tonic,

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS

Is composed of the pure julees (or, as they are medicinally termed, Extracts) of Roots Herbs a n d Barks, tion highly concentrated and entirely admixture of any

Hoofland's German Tonic

s a combination of all the ingredients of the itters, with the purest quality of Santa Cruz um, Orange, etc., making one of the most leasant and agreeable remedies ever offered to

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

Those who have no objection to the combination of the Bitters; as stated, will use

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.

The sufferer from these diseases should exercise the greatest caution in the selection of a remedy for his case, that which he is assection of a purchasing only that which he is assection merit, is skill-free from injurious ingredients and has established for itself a reputation for the cure of these diseases. In this connection we would submit these well-known remedies—

'HOOFLAND'S

GERMAN BITTERS.

HOOFLAND'S

GERMAN TONIC,

DR. C. M. JACKSON

Philadelphia, Pa.

Twenty-two years since they were first intro-duced into this country from Germany, during which time they have undoubtedly performed more cures, and benefitted suffering humanity to a greater extent, than any other remodies known to the public.

These remedies will effectually cure Liver Com plaint, Jaundice, proposia, Chronic Discribes of the Kid-biscases of the Kid-es arising from a dis-stomach, or intestincs.

DEBILITY.

of the System, induced by Severe Labor, Hardships, Exposure, Fevers, Etc.

There is no medicine extant equal to these remedies in such cases. A tone and vigor is imparted to the whole system, the appetite is strengthened, food is enjoyed, the stomach discussive promptly, the blood is purified, the complexion becomes sound and healthy, the yellow linge is cradicated from the eyes, a bloom is given to the cheeks, and the weak and nervous invalid becomes a strong and healthy being. Persons advanced in life, and feeling the hand of time weighing heavily upon them, with all its attendant ills, will find in the use of this BITTERS, or the TONIC, an clixit that will instil new life into their veins, restore in a measure the energy and ardor of more youthful days, build up their shrunken forms, and give health and happiness to their remaining years.

NOTICE.

It is a well established fact that fully one-half of the female portion are seldom in the enhealth; or, to use sion, "never feel I their own expression, "never feel well," They are languid, devoid of all energy, and have no appetite.

To this class of persons the BITTERS, or the TONIC, is especially recommended.

Weak and delicate children are made strop

Weak and delicate children are made strong by the use of cither of these remedies. They will care every case of MARASMUS, without fail. Thousands of certificates have accumulated in the hands of the proprietor, but space will allow of but few. Those, it will be observed, are men of note and of such standing that they must be believed.

TESTIMONIALS;

HON. GEORGE W. WOODWARD,

Lx-Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of

HON. JAMES THOMPSON,

Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania

PHILADELPHIA, April 28, 1866,
"I consider Hoofland's German Bitters a valuable medicine in case of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia. I can certify this from my experience. Yours with respect,
JAMES THOMPSON."

FROM REV. JOS. H. KENNARD, D. D.,

Pastor of the Tenth Baptist Church, Phila.

Dr. Jackson-Dear Sir:—I have frequently been requested to connect my name with recommendations of different kinds of medicines, but regarding the practice as out of my appropriate sphere, I have in all cases declined; but with a clear proof in various instances, and particularly in my own family, of the usefulness of Dr. Hoofland's German liliters, I depart for once from my usual course to express my full conviction that, for General Poblility of the System, and especially for Liver Complaint, it is a safe and valuable preparation. In some cases it may full; but, usually, I doubt not, it will be very beneficial to those who suffer from the above cause.

Yours very respectfully.

J. H. KENNARD, Eighth, below Coates, St.

FROM REV. E. D. FENDALL,

Assistant Editor Christian Chronicle, Philada

I have derived decided benefit from the use of Hoofland's German Bitters, and feel it my privilege to recommend them as a most valuable tonic to all who are suffering from General Debility or from diseases arising from derangement of the Liver. Yours truly,

E. D. FENDALL.

CAUTION.

CHAS. M. EVANS, Proprietor. Formerly C. M. JACKSON & CO.

he following diseases:

Groceries, Produce, Fruit, &c. CHEAP GOODS!

Wholesale and Retail GROCERY AND PROVISION STORE, WINES AND LIQUORS.

F. SCHLAUDECKER. sor to F. & M. Schlaudecker, is now re-ceiving a splendid assortment of GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, WINES, Liquors, Willow, Wooden and Stone War Fruits, Nuts, &c. A large stock of TOBACCO AND CIGARS, Call and see us, at the

Grocery Headquarters, American Block, State St., Erie, Pa. F. SCHLAUDECKER

Jeasant and agreeable remedies contained the public.

Those preferring a Medicine, free from Alcoholic admixture, will use Wholesale and Retail Grocery Store. P. A. BECKER & CO., WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS, North-East Corner Park and French St., (CHEAPSIDE,)

Would respectfully call the attention of the continuity to their large stock of Groceries and Provisions, Which they are desirous to sell at THE VERY LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES Their assortment of

They are both equally good, and contain the same medicinal virtues, the choice between the two being a mere matter of taste, the Tonic being the most palatable.

The stomach, from a variety of causes, such as Indigestion, Dyspeliity, etc., is very tions deranged. The stomach, then becomes affected, the result of which is that the patient suffers from several or more of the following diseases: Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Syrups. TOPACCOS, FISH, &C., is not surpassed in the city, as they are prepare to prove to all who give them a call. Constitution, Flatulence, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Biomach, Nausca, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried or Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Sufficeating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dimuess of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, etc., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning of the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil and Great Depression of Spirits. They also keep on hand a superior lot of

PURE LIQUORS, for the wholesale trade, to which they direct the attention of the public. Their motto is, "Quick sales, small profits and a full equivalent for the money.", api1'63-tf. HANLON & BRO.

Have on hand a splendid assortment of GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, YANKEE NOTIONS, · EARTHENWARE, CHOICE NEW FRUITS, &C

 Those favoring us with a call will go away satisfied that our prices are lower than those of any other house in the trade. Cash is the Motto! Goods delivered to any part of the city free of HANLON & BRO.

Drn Goods.

No. 003 French St.

THE OLDEST ESTABLISHED Carpet & Dry Goods House IN N. W. PENNSYLVANIA

A complete stock of Sheetings, Prints, Linens Cloths, Sackings, Flannels, Irish and Frenc Poplins, Mohairs, Alpacas, Delaines, &c. Also, WHITE GOODS, HOSIERY, GLOVES AND NOTIONS,

Callfand get prices before purchasing. WARNER BROS. apr3'67-ly. No. 506, Marble Front, State St.

New Dry Goods Store! GEO. DECKER,

Has on hand a splendid stock of Dry Goods, consisting of DOMESTICS; PRINTS, GINGHAMS, FINE ALPACAS, ORGANDIES, LAWNS. Black and Colored Silks, Paisley and Snr Shawls, Table Linens and Spreads, Yankee Notions, etc., comprising a complete assortment of every thing in the DRESS AND DRY GOODS LINE. which he offers very cheap for cash. He invites competition, and requests every one to call and fore purchasing elsewhere, GEO. DECKER, 1322 Peach St.

Miscellancous.

Farms for Sale. Farms for Sale.

WE OFFER for salea number of good Farns In different parts of the county at material reduction from former prices. Buyers should not fail to see our list before purchasing. FHIST FARM—183 acres, 5 miles west of the city, fair buildings, orchard of grafted fruit, all kinds of fruit, soil all the best of gravel and black wainut soil. We think we are safe in saying that no better small place can be found in the county. Buyers can learn more particulars from J. A. French, 52! French street, a former owner, or John H. Carter, the present owner. SECOND FARM—18 the David Russell place, and formerly a part of the Thos, McKeo property; 71 acres, about ten acres timber which has not been culled; 2 story new frame dwelling house, new barn. Fences good. Price, \$7,000 about \$2,500 in hand. Soil—all of the best sand and gravel.

about \$2,90 in nand. Soil—an of the best said and gravel.

We believe the above farms in point of soil, character of the neighborhood, schools, church-es, &c., &c., offer attractions seldom found in this county, and more, they are cheap.

BARGAINS IN BUILDING LOTS.

Similding Lots, Price \$190,
6 " " \$500.
3 " " \$500.
In Out Lots 29
and 290, north east corner Buffalo and Chestnut streets. This desirable property is about 129 rods from the depot, dry gravel soil, good water. A number of fine Dwellings and a large store have been built on the block this season, and quite a number more will be built the coming year. We think them to be the best investments in a small way now offering. Terms \$50 in hand, balance on time. COTTAGE HOUSE,
Modern Style, Complete Finish, all the Modern conveniences, situate on Myrile, between Minth and Tenth streets—the Dr. Whilidin property—/4 City Lot.

FOR SALE,
At great reduction, a number of Private Residences, at prices much reduced. Now is the time to get bargains.

FOR SALE.
A number of Lots on Third and Fourth streets between Holland and German. Terms \$50 to between Holland and German. Terms \$50 t \$100 in hand, balance on six years' time, ja30-tf. HAYES & KEPLER.

Tarm for Sale.

The Undersigned offers for sale his valuable farm, on the Kuhi road, in Harbor Creek township, one mile south of the Colt Station road, and eight miles from Eric. It contains tifty-five acres and eight perches, all improved and in the highest state of cultivation. The land is equal to the very best in that section of the county. The buildings comprise a 2story frame house with 1½ story litchen and good cellar under the whole; wood house and work house; 2 barns, each 30x15 feet; a sked 76 feet long with stable at the end; and all the necessary outbuildings. A first class well of soft water, which never fails, is at the kitchen door. Thero is an orchard with 10 apple trees, all grifted, and learing; and anabung ance of almost every other kind of fruit grown in this neighborhood. The only reason why I wish to sell is that I am going West to embark in another occupation. Terms made known by applying to me on the premises, or to Hon. Elijah Rabbitt, Attorney-at-Law, Eric, Pa. J. A. SAWTELL, g. dee5-tf.

EUGENE WEIGHT. WM. H. L. SMETH. Farm for Sale.

Eugene Wright & Co., Wholesale Dealers in WYOMING VALLEY, LEHIGH

PITTSTON, BEAVER CREEK

ANTHRACITE COAL. Principal Office, Wright's Brick Block, corner Washington and Center Sts., Corry, Pa. Office in Eric, Pa., with H. B. Haverstick, No. 9 JOS. D. CLARK.

JNO. S. GOODWIN CLARK & GOODWIN, BANKERS,

1l'oofland's German Remediesare counterfeit, ed. See that the Signature of C. M. JACKSON's on the tie. All others are pai office and manunam Medicine Store, No. 631 Arch street, Philaman Medicine Store, Phil Eric, · - Penn'a. Jos. D. Clark, of the firm of Clark & Metcalf, and John S. Goodwin, of the firm of Ellot, Goodwin, & Co., having associated together for the purpose of doing a general banking basiness in all its branches, opened on Wednesday, April 1st, in the room recently occupied by the Second National Bank, corner State street and Park Row; succeeding to the business of Clark & Metcalf, who disolved partnership on the lat

Second National Bank, corner State street and Park Row; succeeding to the business of Clark & Metcalf, who dissolved partnership on the 1st of April, 188. The firm of Ellot, Goodwin & Co., also dissolving on the same date, we hope for a continuance of the patronage heretofore given us.

Apr2-tf. PRICES. Hoofiand's German Bitters, per bottle, \$1 00 " " half dozen, 5 00 Hoofiand's German Tonic, putup in quart bot-tles, \$1 50 per bottle, or a half dozen for \$7 50. Having lately opened an entirely new stock of goods I am prepared to offer superior induced to all who may give me a call.

His perior is all who may give me a call.

Stranger is perior induced to offer superior induced to all who may give me a call.

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Stranger is perior induced to all who may give me a call.

Stranger is perior induced to all who may give me a call. Do not forget to examino well the article you buy, in order to get the genuine. The Noble Block Dry Goods Store!

GREAT AND GRAND OPENING OF

The great Remedies for all Diseases of the Liver Stomach or Digestive Organs,

\$100,000 Worth of New and Desirable Patterns, For Ladies and Misses, consisting in part of

Summer Silks, Russett Mixtures, Chene Poplins, Pequas, ORANDIES, LAWNS, MARSAILLES, WHITE AND PLAIN BUFF.

WHITE GOODS, AND GREAT VARIETY!

NAINSOOKS, JACONETTS, SWISSES, ETC.

Marsailles Quilís from \$2.50 and Upwards.

We keep all kinds of goods usually called for in a first-class Dry Goods Store, and buy no refus cods, but endeavor to keep those that will please all who want good and durable articles.

EDSON, CHURCHILL & CO., No. 3 Noble Block.

JUST RECEIVED, A LARGE STOCK OF

Alpacas---Black, Brown and Drab---Splendid Goods! TO BE SOLD AWAY DOWN BELOW THE MARKET.

A. Huge Stock of Delaines, Very Handsome Patterns, Superior to any in Town,

THE LARGEST STOCK OF PRINTS IN TOWN Consisting of Merrimac, Spragues, Americans, Cochecoes, and all other popular makes

FULL LINE OF PINK AND WHITE PRINTS,

That everybody has been calling for and can now be supplied with. They are going like the dew THE LARGEST STOCK OF

BLEACHED MUSLINS! . In the Market. New York Mills, Wamsutta, Lonsdales, Fruits of the Loom, &c., &c.

20,000 Yards Cheap Muslins, From 8 to 12 1-2 Cents. 50,000 Yards of Brown Muslins !

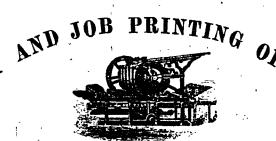
That we are willing that our customers should carry away, as we have not room for them.
counters are leaded down with Donestic Goods, bought previous to the LATE ADVANCE IN THE EASTERN MARKET!

Now is the time to buy, before they go higher. CALL AT THE LIVE STORE OF

Edson, Churchill & Co., Next door South of the Post Office.

NEW TYPE. NEW PRESSES, AND SUPERIOR WORKMEN.

ERIE OBSERVER



North-West Corner of State Street and the Park.

Having fitted up our office in the

MOST COMPLETE MANNER,

We are prepared to do

Job Printing of Every Description PHILADELPHIA, March 16, 1867,
"I find Hoofiand's
good tonic, useful in
gestive organs, and
cases of debility, and
tion in the system.

PHILADELPHIA, March 16, 1867,
German Bitters is a
diseases of the digert benefit in
want of nervous action in the system.

GEO. W. WOODWARD."

In a style of unsurpassed neatness, and at prices to compete with any other office in the North West. Our PRESSES are of the MOST IMPROVED KIND,

Our Type all NEW, and of the NEATEST STYLES, and our Workmen equal to any in the country. With the Machinery and Material we now possess, we feel fully warranted in claiming that NO OFFICE in the western Part of the State EXCELS, and only one or two equal us, in facilities for turning our work in a

RAPID AND SATISFACTORY MANNER.

ORDERS FOR

EVERY STYLE OF PRINTING

Received, and work warranted not to be inferior to that done in the Eastern cities.

Special attention given to the printing of Cards, Letter and Bill Heads, Circulars, Statements,

And all the kinds of work in use by Business Men.

ENGRAVING, LITHOGRAPHING, &c.

We have made arrangements with the largest and best establishment in Buffalo for precuring any sort of Engraving that may be needed, in as good type and at A LESS PRICE THAN IF THE ORDER WAS SENT TO THEM DIRECT.

Parties wanting Cuts of Buildings, Machinery, Scals, Autographs, Maps, Portraits, &c.,

By entrusting them to us will be assured of a good piece of work in the most prompt and satisfactory manner. Engravings furnished either on Wood Stone or Metal.

Book Binding, Ruling, &c.

In this department we have facilities that are unsurpassed. Person is having printing to be done that requires Ruling or Binding in connection, will find it to their it iterest to entrust it so us. We will guarantee that it shall be performed in a workmanlike manner, and that the charge will be as moderate as can be afforded.

The liberal patronage extended to this office during the inst two years has encouraged us to make every effort possible to deserve the favors of our friends, and we now take especial gratification in informing them and the public that we have succeeded in a ting up an est ablishment equal to every requirement of the community.

We are determined to compete with the best, and only ask a triel to satisfy any one that we claim no more than we are justly entitled to.

LEGAL BLANKS. Constantly on hand a fall supply of Attorney's, restless of the Pened and Consta ble's Blanks, of the most approved forms. Also, HLANK NOTES of every kind and RECEIPTS, single or is books.

The Demagogue's Song.

AIR-"MISS KILMANSEGG." The demagogue sat in his easy chair; Counting his bonds was he; And he turned up his nose at Seymour and

Blair,
And called them a terrible traitorous pair,
While he sang to himself in glee: SPRING AND SUMMER DRESS GOODS! "The people are saddled for us to ride, And booted and spurred are we; We rowel well every panting side, And as safe on their brawny backs abide As Sinbad's Old Man of the Sea. "We gave them paper for what we hold,
At not quite half of the face;
But we'll get full payment in good, hard gold,
(Though laboring men are bought, and sold,)

> "The war is over—so some folks say;
> But certainly that won't do;
> We must keep it up till election-day
> (Till then at least we can make it pay,)
> Hurrah for the red, white and blue! Hurrah for that glorious hero, Grant! The demagogue's choice is he; He'd speak if he could, but he luckily can't, And the masses won't know what a 'regular

If we only win this race!

plant
A 'glorious hero' can be. "I have misgivings, I must confess, That we can't put the ticket through; That the people at last are beginning t

guess
A national debt is a blessing to bless— "But away with misgivings; for who can prevent
The 'loyal' from getting their pay?
It is only three hundred and fifty per cent.
On every dollar of paper they lent
Toward keeping the war under way! "Hurrah for the flag of our country, then; For, written on every fold, leee, inscribed by J. Cook's pen, Down with rebels,' which means all men Who won't pay our bonds in gold!"

Where Does the Peoples Money Go [From the Easton (Pa.) Argus.] Over FIFTEEN HUNDRED MILLIONS cut any more grass, but haul in what they brolling states Government, in the shape

* Talking of the heat, I suggested UNITED STATES Government, in the shape TAXES, since the close of the war!
Just think of it!
One-half of the National debt!
WHERE HAS THE MONEY GONE!

One-half of the National debt!

WHERE HAS THE MONEY GONE!
Is the debt any less?
No! IT IS MORE than it was three years ago!
While Congress has been making the negro the white man's equal, and "reconstructing," and impeaching, FIFTEEN HUNDER THE MECHANICS AND THE LABORERS OF THE POCKETS OF THE FARMERS, THE MECHANICS AND THE LABORERS OF THE NORTH!
The people were told by the Radical patriots and thieves and bummers, that the close of the war would see a restored Union, with peace and prosperity and happiness. Well, of the war would see a restored Union, with peace and prosperity and happiness. Well, the war ended three years ago, the South laid down its arms and surrendered, but Radical hostilities have not ceased. The fight still goes on against eight millions of white men, women and children, and it costs the country just Five Hundred Millions a year—that's the price. riture, office fixtures, herse and buggy, and some other little things, foot up \$3,575 more. Total, \$123,575. Deduct \$129,000 held in 5-20 Government bonds, which are not taxable, and the balance is \$3,575. Your State

that's the price.

What has Become of these Fifteen. HUNDRED MILLIONS? Where have they gone to?
HAVE THEY GONE TO PAY THE PUBLIC DEBT ?

PUBLIC DEBT?

NO. Not a bit of it!

How is it that in spite of all this taxation—notwithstanding one-half of the whole National debt has been raised from the sweat and toil of the people, the burden is as heavy, as oppressive, as crushing now as ever?

Fellow citizens, these are questions for you to answer. Don't allow yourselves to be hoodwinked. Don't let dust be thrown in your eyes by the conspirators who are stealing your rights and your money at the same ing your rights and your money at the same.

Total taxable for State and county purposes, \$3,950. Tax \$79.

Bellows—How is this? Jay Cooke's personal property amounts to \$123,575 and he pays only \$71.50 State and county tax, while I, with less than \$4,000, all told, am asked to pay \$8.50 more than he.

Jay Cooke—Ah, my good friend, you see my \$120,000 in bonds are not taxable. In the country's extremity, with other truly leads to the rescue with my in the same of things the Radicals seek to make perpetu-

ime. When you are asked next November for your vote in favor of Grant, who is the tool of a crazy Congress, demand to know WHAT HAS BECOME OF THE FIF.

TEEN HUNDRED MILLIONS OF DOL-LARS taken out of your pockets during the past three years.

Ask them the reason why the South, now that the negroes are free, produces only one-half what it formerly raised.

Ask them if the Fifteen Hundred Millions have not gone to SUPPORT A GREAT NEGRO BOARD-ING HOUSE in the South? And to SUPPORT A STANDING ARMY OVER THE SOUTH, in order that we may

have
NEGRO JUDGES!
NEGRO GOVERNORS!
NEGRO LEGISLATURES!
NEGRO GOVERNENTS!

Instead of appropriating those fifteen hundred millions of dollars to the payment of the public debt, they have expended it for the maintenance of a grand system of pauperism, BLACK pauperism, and Congress has just voted to continue the STUPENDOUS ROBERBY another year. just voted to continue the STOPENDOUS
ROBBERY another year.
What is the remedy? You have it in
your own hands. Vote for men for every
office, from President down, who are OPPOSED to these outrageous swindles.
Vote for a President who will agree to—
ABOLISH THE NEGRO BUREAU and
let the pergress shift for themselves.

het the negroes shift for themselves.

ABOLISH THE EXPENSIVE STANDING ARMY in the South.

But Grant won't do this. He says he has no opinions of his own, and will do just as Congress directs.

Vote for Seymour and Blair! preciated greenbacks, are exempt. sir. With our ballots next November, w Facts for the Poor Man.

A barrel of flour used to cost \$4 to \$5. A barrel of flour used to cost \$4 to \$5. Black Republican legislation has enhanced it three fold. This is a tax upon the bread the poor man's children eat!

The rich man may possess a million in bonds, but they are not taxed. The poor man's house, however, is taxed—and if the taxes are not paid the house will be sold at tax sale over his head. The money got from that sale finally gets into the bondholder's pockets, in the way of interest on his coupons!

If the labering man owns no house, still he pays taxes on the one he lives in, in the way of enhanced rents, which are the result way of enhanced rents, which are the result of class legislation.

The poor man used to get \$1.50 or \$2 per day in gold or silver. Now he gets paid in paper, worth about 70 cents on the dollar. However, he pays more than twice as much for the food his family eats. This is the tithe levied upon him by "loyalty."

The rich man is getting richer and the poor man poorer. This is the prize the poor man won in the Black Republican lottery.

Houseless poor man, that untaxed bonding dader has your cot in his pocket. It is the materine coupon on the end of his bond! mater mas your cot in his pocket. It is the matering coupon on the end of his bond!

"fite best government in the world" means one where all legislation is in the interest of integers and bondholders, and where not white mean requirement.

poor white men pay tribute to Yankee Nabobs! Mexican peonage is the slavery of delin-quent tax-payers, who are sold for a term of years. In America the peonage is voluntary and perpetual. The Mexican poor man has the moral advantage of the American!

the back of the legal tender notes issued under the act of February 25, '07, the following pledge is given:
"This is a legal tender for all debts Public and Private except Duties on Imports and Interest on the Public Debt and in exchange for U. S. six per cent. Twenty Years Roads redeemable at the research Congress having been in session for only eight months, the Tribune has the coolness to observe that the "bill for the reduction of the army failed to pass for want of time to Bonds, redeemable at the pleasure of the United States after five years."

Do You CALL THIS REPUBLATION !- On

The "Five Years" have expired. Is it

The "Five Years" have expired. Is it repudiation to redeem the bonds with these notes? Again, see back of notes issued under the act of July 11, 1866, and read the following:

"This is a legal tender for all debts public and private except duties on imports and interest on the public debt: "and is receiveable in payment for all loans made to the United States."

Can anything be more explicit! The bondholders paid greenbacks to the Government and the Government says its notes shall be received in payment thereof. Now that greenbacks are worth considerable more than at the time the bondholders paid greenbacks for their bonds, and as they are "exchangable for United States six per cent. The bonds redeemable at the pleasure of the United States after five years," we would again ask—is it repudiation to redeem the second annual report, "are the millstones which hang around the necks of the people from poverty more and the first them annually deeper into debt, and render the emergence of the great body of their people from poverty more and into the United States; and as their influence is the same in degree here as there, it is here the same in degree here as there, it is here the same time its realization does not appear difficult."

But the "reduction of the Army bill fails to pass for want of time to perfect it" by the Army." "Let us have peace."—1. I World.

The Seasan the time to the saminal, when the thine the benessed during his term were only a little over the nath and on the prefect it."

"The rodinary expenditures for the army and navy," says Commissioner Wells in his second annual report, "are the millstones which hang around the necks of the people one, people from poverty more and as their influence of the United States; and as their influence there are there, it is here in the one of the United States in the Seasan items to day constitute the bulk of the ordinary expenditure of the United States are worth considerable more than the fall the same in the same time its realization.

But the "reduction of t

would again ask—is it repudiation to redeem the bonds in greenbacks?

city at the Observer office.

NO. 14.

Gov. Seymour at Home.

with its own outward appearance, its sur-roundings, and the well-known tastes and

character of its occupants. An air of refined comfort pervades the whole. From the verandah a view is obtained well worth a long journey to enjoy. Down the green slope and across the rich meadows of the Mohawk valley, all covered at this time with toiling far-

sque Chenango valley, the opening to which

posed him to be a country gentleman of leisure. He simply smiled, told the men not to

Tax Collector—Now, Mr. Jay Cooke, we are ready for you, sir. Your "moneys and credits" show \$120,000; your household fur-

and county tax on this last amount is \$71.50.

Now, Mr. Bellows, I have your receipt

icy that exempts your hundreds of thou

Four Below Zero in the Sun.

up in the air; Let your flags float at morn, noon and even,

And our glorious cause, so upright
and fair,
Shall be smiled on and prospered Gov. Seymour at Home.

A correspondent of the N. Y. Sun has lately paid a visit to Gov. Seymour, and gives the result of his trip, as follows:

"The Governor, as the Democratic nomine is familiarly known by all his friends and neighbors—and that includes pretty much everybody in this region—"the Governor" resides in a plain, unpretending farm cottage, about two miles north of, and overlooking the city of Utics. Something in the outward appearance of the house, though not exactly in the architecture, something in the pastoral air that surrounds it, something in the approach to it, and in the view from the verandah that stretches along its front—something there is in all these features of the Governor's home that, while not affording by Heaven. With Grant and Colfax,

Democratic Rallying Song.

We'll make the Rads stare, Till their cychalls drop out of their sockets; Their bonds shall be paid As the contract was made,

Chorus—Then throw out your banners high

With Seymour and Blair

But no Jacobin raid on our pockets!

And the terrible tax

That would surely succeed their election,
The country would go
To the vortex of woe,
With no chance for a new resurrection! Chorus-Then throw out your banners, etc.

Then rouse, boys, and rally
From the hilltop and valley,
our country to save from confusion.
While with banners unfurled We'll show the whole world CHORUS-Then throw out your banners, etc.

thing there is in all these features of the Governor's home that, while not affording particular points of resemblance, inevitably calls to one's mind Mount Vernon. A snug little farm of about three hundred and fifty acres surrounding this rural retreat has been the property of Mr. Seymour and his ancestors for half a century. The house in which the proprietor now resides was built for a tenant of the farm, and when, a few years ago, Mr. Seymour grew weary of law, and Then hip, hip, hurralt! For good order and law, With peace and good will through the na-Let Radicals rant

About Colfax and Grant, ago, Mr. Seymour grew weary of law, and sought privacy and retirement, a few altera-tions and repairs rendered the place amply But our Seymour's the country's salvation. tions and repairs rendered the place amply imposing and sufficiently accommodating for his own wants and those of his family. A fine grove of ancient trees surrounds the house, affording an inviting shade, while walks and drives are abundant without materially encroaching upon the usefulness of the soil. The house is furnished in keeping with its arm autural amparague, its sur CHORUS—Then throw out your banners high

up in the air, Let your flags float at morn, noon and fair,
Shall be smiled on and prospered
by Heaven.

Facts to Remember.

1st. That by taxes on the people, money enough has been raised since the close of the war to pay more than half of the national debt, or a sum equal to \$2,500 for every one of the negro made voters, (715,000) in all the

mers hastening to secure the overabundant crop of hay taking in the entire city of Utica and all its surroundings, stretching far away up or down the Mohawk, the view is finally lost in the blue distance far up the pictur-Southern States.

2d. In 1860 a Democratic administration left the Government debt \$70,000,000. From 1861 to 1865—four years of war—the Radicals increased this debt to \$2,700,000,000. From 1865 to 1868—three years of peace—they collected \$1,500,000,000 from the people, and after three years of war, seven years of Radical supremacy, the country is more than twenty-five hundred millions of dollars worse off in debt (not to speak of the loss of life and health and depreciation of Southern property) than we were in 1860 Southern States. esque Chemango valley, the opening to which is directly opposite.

At the time of my visit, this very anxious aspirant for Presidential honors was engaged in superintending his laborers in securing the hay crop. I apologized for the inopportuness of my call, and remarked that I supposed his procedules. Southern property) than we were in 1860.

3d. The navy before the war cost less than thirteen millions per year, with the shipping interests of the country fully protected all over the globe. The average cost for the that the heated term commenced with the meeting of the Convention. "Yes," he said, "and but for that I wouldn't have been in three years since the war closed is over forty millions per year, with our shipping interests swept from the ocean by taxation and tariffs. 4th. To show the practical effects of Congressional Reconstruction, six carpet-baggers in the U.S. Senate from Florida, North Carolina, and Louisiana, will balance the en-tire Senatorial representation of New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio. The last can only represent an aggregate population of (in round numbers) ten millions of free Ameri-

round numbers) ten millions of the Americans, constituting just one-third of the entire population of the Union, and owning nearly one-half of the taxable property of the Republic. Their votes are now neutralized by six "Senators" under military domination, and representing a population of about 2,300,000, owning one-thirtieth part of the taxable property of the Republic. Of these 2,300,000, more than one-half are ignorant negroes, while of the remainder, constituting the American population proper, one-fourth American population proper, one-fourth are refused permission to participate in se-lecting their Federal delegates.

5th. From June to July the public debt increased at the rate of over \$53,000,000 a month!—Over \$13,000,000 a week!—Over \$1,750,000 a day!—Over \$70,000 an hour!

Over \$1,200 a minute!—Over \$20 a sec-

the country's extremity, with other truly loyal men, I came to the rescue with my greenbacks. I loaned my bleeding country, threatened with destruction by rebels and copperheads, my money, and with that grattitude which becomes a grateful people "engaged in the interests of God and humanity," I am exempt. Thus it should be with a white, The Mississippi Convention numbers 8th. In Alabama, Arkansas, Mississippi, Virginia and Louisana, every voter must swear that he recognizes and accepts the civil and political equality of black and white. The Mississippi Convention numbers one hundred, of whom seventy-five are whites, and only five Mississippians.

I am exempt. Thus it should be with a magnanimous christian people.

Bellows—And I, in my country's real extremity, had no greenbacks to loan, but I shouldered a musket, and gave my body to the cause, a leg of which I left on the field of Shiloh, as you see, but a "grateful people, engaged in the interests of God and humanity," have no tax-exemption for me. This may be all right, but I don't see it.

Jay Cooke—But you see Mr. Bellows. Grant's Last Speech. At St. Joseph, Missouri, a few days since, General Grant, accompanied by his poor relation, Dent, and by General Sheridan, made an important and lengthy address upon national affairs. We give the oration in full: Jay Cooke—But you see, Mr. Bellows, mine was a voluntary act. I could not have been compelled to furnish the money. You GRANT'S ANNUNCIATION OF HIS POLICY. I return my sincere thanks for this hearty

volunteered, it is true, but you could have been compelled to go.

Bellows—Yes, sir. I did volunteer when reception. HIS OPINION ON RECONSTRUCTION. I have been travelling for two weeks, every my services were needed, but your voluntary act was after the act was done—when you felt sure your investment was safe. The pol-WHAT HE THINKS OF FINANCE.

icy that exempts your hundreds of thousands from taxation and taxes my few hundreds is founded on villainy, sir. You loaned your greenbacks, worth less than sixty cents on the dollar, and are now claiming dollar for dollar in gold for payment. I risked my life and gave a limb to the cause, and when I came home to my family, and to work for their support I wind to pay full National CONCERNING NEGRO SUFFRAGE. Visiting this Western country, which I am now seeing for the first time. THE GLORIOUS FUTURE OF OUR COUNTRY.

I am fatigued, weary, dusty and unable to address you. A MAGNIFICENT PERORATION.

I thank you, but I cannot speak to you

their support, I am made to pay full National, State and county taxes on my little posses-sions, while your bonds, purchased with dethis evening.

At this point the eloquent gentleman concluded his exhaustive and convincing address, and the audience dispersed with the most iremendous cheers for Seymour and This nice little game of "God and humanity," superfine loyalty and patriotic disinterestedness, is downright robbery, sir, and they who uphold it are no better than thieves, is with our helds part Noromber we

will sink any man, or set of men, who stand up for it, that the sound of Gabriel's trump will never reach them. Do you mind that, Mr. Jay Cooke? Exit disputants.

Tax Collector, solus—It strikes this individual very forcibly, that it ain't all wind that blows out of that bellows.

A Laboring Man Calculating.

All we want the laboring men to do is to calculate the difference between the cost of living now and the cost of living in 1859, before the Republican party came into power. A laboring man down in Maine has set the example, and has given the benefit of his and that the laboring man down the pencer of the results and tendencies of Radicalism.

Who Pays?—An old picture represents a king sitting in state, labelled—"I govern all.",—a bishop with a legend—"I pray for all." There is more truth than poetry in this idea. It is practically the result of our system of taxation. The producing classes are those upon whom the whole burden of payment finally devolves. And not until the people rise up in their might and depose those who impose the burdens, will such a condition of things be likely to be ameliorated. The picture is a perfect fac-simile of the results and tendencies of Radicalism. living now and the cost of living in 1859, before the Republican party came into power.
A laboring man down in Maine has set the
example, and has given the benefit of his
calculation to the Bangor Democrat. He fig-

example, and has given the benefit of his calculation to the Bangor Democrat. He figures as follows:

For four days' work in 1859 I could buy a barrel of excellent flour. For an equally good barrel now I have to work eight days. For one day's work in 1859 I could buy fire pounds of tea. For the same day's work if can now buy but two pounds.

For a day's work then I could buy thirty pounds of sugar. For a day's work now I can get but fifteen pounds.

For a day's work in 1859 I could buy eight pounds of tobacco. For a day's work now I can buy but three pounds.

For a day's work in 1859 I could buy fourten pounds of colice. For a day's work now I can buy but three pounds.

For a day's work in 1859 I could buy fourten pounds of colice. For a day's work now I can buy but three pounds.

For a day's work in 1859 I could buy fourteen pounds of colice. For a day's work now
I can buy but fire pounds.
For one month's work in 1859 I could
clothe myself and family for one year. To
do the same now I am oblived to work full
two months and a-half.
I might thus go through the whole list of
articles that a laboring man and his family
consume. The fact is that we are permitted
to enjoy but one-half of the fruits of our labor; the other half goes to the Government
and the plunderers of our public treasury.
Is it not time for me and my fellow laborers to look around us, ascertain the cause of
this robbery of labor, and apply the remedy? this robbery of labor, and apply the remedy? of Seymour's election.

Another Investigation Wanted.-John Covode once got up what he called an "investigation." He professed to have found evidences of extravagance in the administra-tion of Mr. Buchanan, when the entire extion of Mr. Buchanan, when the entire expenses during his term were only a little over two hundred and seventy-two millions. During the year of 1867, a year of profound peace, the Radicals spent \$346,729,129.33, or. \$74,094,103 more than Mr. Buchanan spent during the whole four years of his administration. John Covode has been in Congress for two years. Why did he not get up another "investigation."

The best thing Butler ever said in his life was when Donnelly said that Washburne "carried Grant in his breeches' pocket," But-

A PAPER in this State advises Forney to The best forms of notes and blanks in the change his name, whereupon the World asks ler remarked "it was the proper place for city at the Observer office.

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