DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

AUDITOR GENERAL, CHAS. E. BOYLE, of Fayette Co. SURVEYOR GENERAL. W. H. ENT, of Columbia Co.

THE President's veto of the bill declaring Georgia, South and North Carolina, Alaba- they cannot secure it. The Senate had, just ma, Louisiana and Florida to be entitled to before voting on the bill for continuance representation in Congress was received passed the omnibus act for the "admission" in the House on June 25th. Without any of the rebel States with constitutions assert discussion, the House at once passed the bill | ing all the rights claimed for the negroes, over the veto by a party vote and it was sent | and declaring their competency for self-govto the Senate and passed there also by a par- ernment; but Mr. Hendricks urged this fact ty vote. It was not an hour after the bill in vain to prevent the saddling of the Bureau was returned before it was enacted into a upon the tax-payers of the country for anlaw, the objections of the President to the other year. The people, therefore, are called contrary notwithstanding.

PRACTICE VS. PROFESSION. The Radicals in their Chicago Convention | a tax of from Ten to Fifteen millions of Doldeclared in favor of "economy." That was lars for the year ending June 30, 1869! The mere buncombe-mere talk to humbug the rebel States will be in the Union during the people with. Look at their professions. Last year for which the negro bureau is continweek the Radical Congress voted one million | ued. Why, then, should the Federal Gov dollars extra compensation to the clerks in ernment assume the keeping and care of the the various departments at Washington. millions of Southern negroes, when it does Nice party to talk about "economy." Gen. Grant, who is the candidate on the "economy" platform, has written a letter to the Committee on Military Affairs, recommending a renewal of the law increasing the pay of army it wrings the millions expended in that ute-officers thirty-three and one-third per cent.! lage from the sweat and toil of our white officers thirty-three and one-third per cent.! The General's recommendation would, of producing masses. There is not a laborer course, increase his own enormous pay! General Grant's pay is now larger than that received by any officer of the General Government, but still he is willing to take more off a people who are already borne down by a frightful load of taxation.

EACH of the bogus Southern Constitutions, created under the dictation of Federal bayonets, contains a clause similar to the following from that of Alabama. How many power the negro bureau would be smashed men who vote the Radical ticket would be to pieces, and the lazy negroes and the army willing to take the oath required? . What of carpet bag officers would be left to earn proportion of the Republicans who voted an honest living-to work out their destiny against negro suffrage in Ohio, Kansas, Iowa in accordance with Mr. Lincoln's homely and Connecticut would peaceably consent to have a provision forced upon them similar to that imposed on the white citizens of the South By its adoption, a large majority of Northern citizens would be practically disfranchised, in case they chose to remove into the Southern States:

"All persons/before registering must take and subscribe to the following oath: I, —, do solemnly swear (or affirm) * * * * * that I accept the civil and political equality of all men, and agree not to attempt to d prive any person or persons, on account of race, color, or previous condition, of any po-litical or civil right, privilige, or immunity ed by any other class of men, "&c., &c. (Bogus Const., Art. VII., Sec. 4.)

PENNSYLVANIA DELEGATES. The following is a list of the delegates ap-

pointed by the late Democratic State Con-Democratic National Convention, in New passed the negro bureau bill, the new Secre- Shall it be said that heathens, and heathen vention to represent Pennsylvania in the York, on the fourth of July: At Large—Hon. G. W. Woodward, Hon. sa Packer, Hon. Wm. Bigler, Hon. Isaac E.

Districts—1. Wm. MMullin, Lewis C. Cas-

Districts—I. Win. M'Mullin, Lewis C. Cassidy. 2. Wm. M. Reilly, Wm. C. Patterson. 3. Henry R. Linderman, John E. Faunce. 4. Jeremiah M'Kibbin, Thos. Collins. 5. Charles M. Hurley, H. P. Ross. 6. B. M. Boyer, France. Sides. 7. John H. Brinton, Jackson. 11. E. W. Hamlin, Henry S. Nour-'rb. Hage. B. Stark, Ralph P. Little. 13. Michael Meylor, David Lowenberg. 14. Decid Meylor, David Lowenberg. 14. Decid Meylert, Pavid Lowenberg. 14. David M. Crawford, Wm. H. Miller. 15. John A. Magee, John Gibson. 16. Gco. W. Brewer, John R. Donahoo. 17. James Burns, Owen Clark. 18 George A. Auchenbach, W. Brindle. 19. Byron D. Hamlin, Wm. L. Scott. 20. Wil-L Corbett, Gaylord Church. 21. John L Dawson, James B. Sansom. 22. John A. Strain, John B. Guthrie. 23. R. H. Kerr, John T. Barr. 24. A. A. Apermann, David S. Morrie

A WORKINGMAN'S BELIEF. Mr. W. H. Sylvis, of Philadelphia, the head of the Workingmen's organization in this State, and a gentleman of more than ordinary attainments, writes to the People's Weekly, organ of the Workingmen of Wash-

ton, as follows: "FRIEND GREEN—I have frequently said there was no hope for the industry of the nation in the Republican party. That was clearly demonstrated at Chicago. Wall street run the whole concern, and bound the party, body and soul to the money swindlers. The platform adopted at Chicago is an instit to every workingman in the country, and an outrage upon common sense. They have a reduction of taxation, and recommend measures that make any reduction in "PHILADELPHIA, May 23, 1868. mend measures that make any reduction in taxation an impossibility. The great land and labor reform questions are ignored altogether. They pledge their sympathy with all the oppressed people who are struggling for their rights, and repudiate the claims of

the oppressed people at home, who are strug

or their rights, and starving while they struggle. . Mr. Sylvis says truly that there is no "hope for the industry of the nation in the Repub- fullest official sanction. When Andrew lican party.". That party has taken under its e-pecial care and patronage the bondholders of the North, and the negroes of the South! Its legislation, for years, has been solely directed for their interests. The white laboring men of the country, whose scanty earnings are now taxed in a thousand diff ferent ways, are to pay the interest on the he continued to labor for the restoration of twenty-two hundred millions of bonds, which the Union with perfect harmony of sentipay no taxes, and to maintain the 3,000,000 lazy negroes of the South in idleness, for the the express purpose of observation, convinsole purpose of making voters of them to place Radical Generals and favorites into in the rebellion were acting in perfectly good office! No wonder Mr. Sylvis says: "The platform adopted at Chicago is an insult to the plan originated by Mr. Lincoln and adop- is known. This little bill takes the snug sum every workingman in the country!" The working men will, at the polls, in November, rebuke the Radical politicians, and drive them out of the places they now occupy.

A SENSIBLE SPEECH.

The Radical papers are endeavoring to make some capital out of the selection of no temptation then which could have induced General N. B. Forrest, the noted Southern him to disguise or conceal the truth. He cavalry officer, as a delegate to the National unquestionably acted and spoke from sincere Democratic Convention from Tennessee. To show what manner of man he is, we give the following extract from the General's speech before the body which elected him to that capacity. Whatever the General may have been in the past, it is certain that he possesses sterling sense at present:

"I come here," said he, "because I sympathize with this movement, and I have where else to go. I claim that if I am not a loyal citizen of Tennessee and the United States, I ought to be ; and, as an evidence of the fact, I attach my fortunes to one of the great political parties of the Union offering me the fairest terms. I was not a secession-ist. I voted against secession all my life. I voted against the secession of Tennessee. And when I went into the war I considered And when I went into the war I considered it was my duty to do my best and I fought four years and lost all I had. Then I surrendered, and I did so in good faith. When I gave my parole of honor I meant it, and the parties of the parties of the same of the sa have kept it and mean to keep it. That is why I am here to-day. I don't either want to go to the New York Convention, or not to go there. If you tell me to go, I'll go. If you say stay at home, I'll be perfectly satisfied; for I know you are my friends and will The do what is best. But I am not going to consider myself an outeast, or to ignore my duties as a representative man in the community in which I live. That community sent me here, and I come to do my best. The man who thinks I could go back upon myself, or my parole, or who distrusts my intentions, does not know me; and I will say that, if any foreign nation should levy war on the United States, I will engage to get up a bigger and better fighting command out of my gray jackets to serve under the old flag than any Radical in America."

THE Rev. Gilbert Haven-a clerical Jenkins -- speaking of Schuyler Colfax, says: it will be a "banquet hall deserted."

THE CAUSE OF HIGH TAXES. We have already stated that Congress has oted to perpetuate the odious and expen-

upon to contemplate the fact that Congress,

purely as a measure to prop up the party of

the majority of that body, saddles upon them

nothing to ameliorate the condition of the

millions of white laborers in the North? It

not only does thus assume tutclage over the

Southern negroes, but, what is worst of all,

mechanic or other producer in the Northern

States, who is not compelled, directly or in-

directly, to pay from the wages he earns a

portion of the millions expended upon the

negro bureau. The continuance of that bu-

read by Congress for another year, that i

may gather votes for General Grant, is some-

thing that workingmen should think of and

maxim, uttered at the Hampton Roads Con

But this negro bureau is not the only bill

of expense upon northern labor as respects

the Southern States. The army, as well as

the bureau, is to be maintained there, after

their "admission." Tennessee has been in

the Union and represented in Congress for

the past two years. It is, too, a border State.

And yet we see a large standing army main-

We are now upob _______ normanent mainten-the fourth year since the rebellion collapsed,

GRANT AS HE WAS AND AS HE IS.

When Lee surrendered the shattered rem-

nant of his forces the rejoicing throughout

the entire North was general and heartfelt.

The masses were truly glad that the fierce

strife which had made such a heavy and

constant drain upon the blood and treasure

of the nation was over. . The return of peace

and the immediate restoration of that Union.

for the perservation of which such great

sacrifices had been made, was confidently ex-

pected. The exultant joy of the populace

was uninterrupted, except by the discordant

curses of a few extreme Radicals who, even

in the glad hour of our triumph, were heard

denouncing General Grant for according

generous terms to the vanquished. But the

masses fully approved what he had done

and Abraham Lincoln gave to his acts the

Johnson exhibited an impulsive vindictive

ness, after the assassination of his predecessor.

After Mr. Johnson had changed his views, so

faith, and that the work of reconstruction on

policy of the President, and in opposition to

That General Grant was honest in these

What a change has since come over him!

tial nomination, he has submitted to be made

politicians who are willing to hazard the

best interests of the nation for the sake of the

spoils of office. Too week to decline the

coveted prize, he lacks the sagacity to see

hat he threw away all chance of securing

eticence has not been a shield to him. He

no sooner fully consented to allow himself to

be used by the Radicals than he was invol-

ved by them in a labyrinth of dirty political

trickery from which he did not come forth

without the loss of honor. He was not only

compelled to abandon the views he had so

long honestly held, but he was forced into a

corner from which he escaped only by de-

ceit and what looks much like downright

The revulsion in popular feeling is wonder-

ful. The man whom all men respected but

a short time ago has fallen very low in popu-

lar estimation. The recent conduct of Gen.

Grant cannot be defended. No man who is

prepared to estimate what is truly honorable

can help feeling that he has acted the dis-

reputable part of a political trickster. The

reputation which he won as a soldier has

been sadly tarnished, and he cannot expect

that of the Radicals in Congress.

convictions.

That action was noble and heroic.

ference: "root hog or die."

lows:

First District,

Fourth District.

ther extended?

Fifth District,

cond District,

efore the campaign is formally opened. sive Freedman's Bureau for another year The Democratic minority in the Senate, unthe exercise of proper sagacity in selecting principal on the loan of 1848. These expender the lead of Mr. Hendricks, made a vigorcandidates. The coming battle is to be ditures will cause the next fiscal year to beought upon the living issues of the present gin with another large addition to the naous fight against this continuance of an annual burden of from ten to fifteen millions of year, and we should take care that nothing indollars upon the industrious labor of the done by us to enable our enemies to divert the North, but it was no use; the Radical party minds of the people from the great questions want the negro vote of the South for General which are stirring the popular mind to its Grant in the Presidential election, and withprofoundest depths. Our candidates should out the machinery of the Freedman's Bureau e men whose personal and political record and its army of carpet-bag officers, they know cannot be assailed. We must strip ourselves of every impediment in the coming race. If re do so our success is absolutely sure .-Lancaster Intelligencer.

SOUTHERN CONGRESSMEN ELECT The following is claimed to be a correct list of the members of the House of Representatives elected from the South, under the reconstruction acts. They number twentyeight Radicals and five Democrats, the latter being designated by a star (*):

tional indebtedness.

STILL ANOTHER.

To the House of Representatives: In returning to the House of Representa

tatives, in which it originated, a bill entitled an act to admit the States of North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Louisiana, and Flor-

sons which constrain he withman my approval. I will not, therefore, undertake at this time to reopen the discussion upon the grave constitutional questions involved in the act of March 2, 1867, and the act supplies the same of March 2, 1867, and the act supplies the same of March 2, 1867, and the act supplies the same of March 2, 1867, and the act supplies the same of March 2, 1867, and the act supplies the same of March 2, 1867, and the act supplies the same of March 2, 1867, and the act supplies the same of March 2, 1867, and the act supplies the same of March 2, 1867, and the act supplies the same of March 2, 1867, and the act supplies the same of March 2, 1867, and the act supplies the same of March 2, 1867, and the act supplies the same of March 2, 1867, and the act supplies the same of March 2, 1867, and the act supplies the same of March 2, 1867, and the act supplies the same of March 2, 1867, and the act supplies the same of March 2, 1867, and the act supplies the same of March 2, 1867, and the act supplies the same of March 2, 1867, and the act supplies the same of March 2, 1867, and the act supplies the same of March 2, 1867, and the act supplies the same of March 2, 1867, and the act supplies the same of March 2, 1867, and the act supplies the same of March 2, 1867, and the act supplies the same of March 2, 1867, and the act supplies the same of March 2, 1867, and the act supplies the same of March 2, 1867, and the act supplies the same of March 2, 1867, and the act supplies the same of March 2, 1867, and the act supplies the same of March 2, 1867, and the act supplies the same of March 2, 1867, and the act supplies the same of March 2, 1867, and the act supplies the same of March 2, 1867, and the act supplies the same of March 2, 1867, and the act supplies the same of March 2, 1867, and the act supplies the same of March 2, 1867, and the same of M

Congress required in such cases by the Federal Constitution.

[Signed] Andrew Johnson. Washington, D. C., June 25, 1868.

A Trip to Missouri.

time to see some of the far West, and pos-

sessing a little spare time, I started on the first

of June, ticketed for Quincy, Ill., by Cleve-

land, Ft. Wayne, Indianapolis and Spring-

field. Quincy is situated on the East side of

the Mississippi. It is built on a bluff, some

sixty or seventy feet above the water, and

contains about 45,000 inhabitants. The rail-

road here connects with the Hannibal & St.

Joseph road by a steam ferry over the Mis-

From Quincy to Macon is 80 miles. Here

there is a cross-cut railroad running from St.

Louis to St. Paul. Minnesota. Macon is des-

tined to be a city of some importance. I

took the Cross-Cut road, completed as far as

Atlanta, 12 miles from Macon North; thence

took stage to Kirksville, 25 miles, situated

on a beautiful prairie, the county seat of

Adair county. There was a battle fought at

this point during our civil war, some of the

marks of which are still visible. The coun-

try consists of vast rolling prairies, with

skirts of timber varying from the hazel brush

to large oak. I noticed some hickory groves,

from an inch to four inches in diameter, and

from fifteen to fifty feet high; so rapidly do

they grow that leaves which I plucked a

cluster of measured fourteen inches long by five in width. I have seen these tender trees

bow their heads during a rain and wind

until their topmost branches would touch

Tall wheat is in full head, and corn knee

high; wild grass in abundance for ten thous-

and times more stock than there is at pre-

sent and there would be enough and to spare

Corn is planted from the first of April until

a spak or bof July and all will get ripe.

day, one to drive and the other to work such

men here will tend one hundred acres easier

The soil is a black muck, varying from six

inches to as many feet deep, underlaid with

a stiff hard pan. After analyzing this clay,

Missouri abounds in coal and iron. It is

computed by geologists that the Iron moun-

tain South of St Louis is capable of turning

out one million tons of iron per year for the

next two hundred years and still be unex-

The price of land varies from four dollars

to twenty dollars per acre, according to loca-

tion and improvements. Travelling on foot

one day, and not being acquainted, I in-

quired the way to a certain gentleman's

house. The lady of the house told me it

Bear Creek." Seeing some cattle, mules and

he took into the bushes, and I lost him, nor

The state of society is on the advance.

Sabbath schools are becoming very interest-

ing and largely attended; lumber of all de-

scriptions can be had at the railroad stations

all ready dressed to put into buildings. Grain

corn is the most natural for the soil and

climate. Wild Turkeys, prairie chickens, quails, and, in short, almost every kind of

From Salt river West to the Chariton river.

a distance of twenty-five or thirty miles, we

crossed several small streams, all bordered

with fine timber, though not as thrifty and

large as in Pennsylvania, but enough for the

demands of the country. I would say to all

wanting good farms in a fine grazing coun-

Letter from New York.

Dear Observer :- As the ever-memorable

birth day of the Nation approaches, the com-

ing one more especially, because looked for

in the hope that it may be a new birth

day for the country's blasted prospects, the

attention of all is centered on this great me-

sorbing topic at present is the coming nation-

al convention, and how anxiously this con-

gregated mass of people look to that gather-

ing for the solution of the coming time of

our imperiled country! How, fast the na-

tion's life-blood is ebbing away, and how un-

concerned those in power and in places of

The ardent desire of the great majority

seems to be: freedom from military rule, and

return of civil authority throughout the land;

that there may be protection to society and

Delegates from the remotest points have

already arrived. Oregon, California and

confident security in the right.

New York, June 30, 1868.

N. W. R.

try that Northern Missouri is the place.

small game abounds.

would do when I crossed the creek.

fifteen in Pe

the black soil near their base.

subsoiling.

hausted.

issippi, which is one mile wide.

ED. OBSERVER :- Having a desire this long

ARKANSAS—First District—Logan H. Roots, of Illinois. Second—James Hinds, of Minnesota. Third—Thomas Bolls, an old

Minnesota. Third—Thomas Bolls, an old resident and Circuit Judge.

ALARAMA—First District—Francis W. Kellogg, from Michigan. Second—Charles W. Buckley, of Illinois, chaplain in the army. Third—Benjamin W. Norris, of Maine. Fourth—Charles W. Pierce, of Demopolis. Fifth—Joseph W. Burke, of Huntsville. Sixth—Thomas Haughey, of Decatur.

FLORIDA—Charles M. Hamilton, of Wisconsin. GEORGIA-First District-J. W. Cliff. of

Massachusetts. Second—Nelson Tifft. Third.
—William P. Edwards, a native of Georgia. Fourth—Samuel F. Gove, of Massachusetts. Fifth—Charles H. Prince, of Augusta. Sixth—*John H. Christy. Seventh—*P. M. B.

Young.

LOUISIANA —First District —J. Hale Sypher, of Pennsylvania.

Second—*James Mann, of Bangor, Maine.

Election contested by Col.

Simon Jones, Republican. Third—Joseph P. Newsham, of West Feliciana. Fourth—Michael Vidal, native born. Ffith—W. Jasper Blackburn, of Tennessec.

NORTH CAROLINA—First District—John R. French, of New Hampshire.

North Carolina—First District—John R. French, of New Hampshire. Second—David Heaton, of Middletown, Ohio. Third—Oliver H. Dockery, of Richmond. Fourth—John T. Dewees, of Indiana. Fitth—Israel G. Lash, of Forsyth. Sixth—*Nathaniel Boyden, native of Massachuselts; resided in North Carolina since 1891. Seventh—Alexander H. Jones of Buncambe. act upon, when they get a chance at the ballot box. With the Democratic party in North Caronna since 1021.
ander H. Jones, of Buncombe.
SOUTH CAROLINA—First District—Benjamin F. Whittemore, of Massachusetts. Sec-ond—C. C. Bowen, of Rhode Island. Third —Simon Corley, of South Carolina. Fourth —James H. Goss, of South Carolina. At

large J. P. M. Epping, of North Carolina. Elias S. Dickson, of South Carolina. It was a Roman Emperor who, when asked to erect an altar to vengeance, to commemorate the death of Piso, replied: "Private memories and hatreds, engendered in such a domestic war, should commemorate tained there under General Thomas, just the foreign conquests, never domestic calamities." same as armies are maintained in the States | When the Thebans conquered the Lacedenow about to be admitted. Here is a bill of monians, they crected a brazen trophy in expense of many more millions than the nehonor of the victory. A complaint was made before the Amphictyonic Council that by gro bureau costs. To say nothing of the regular cost of the maintenance of the army, the such trophy the memory of their discord was incidentals" loom up in large figures. Thus | made eternal, and the noble answer that came back was, "Let it be abolished, because an appropriation of several millions was made for the carrying out of the reconstruc- it is not fitting that any record should be tion acts. On the very day that the Senate | made of discord between Greek and Greek."

charity? POLITICAL BREVITIES.

tary of War sent to the House an estimate of nations, surpass a Christian people in the

"deficiencies" that would be required as fol. virtues of forgiveness, magnanimity and

\$ 50,000 00

199,680 25

97,162 99 383,822 00

- 521,879 88

THE Democracy of the Third ward, Chicago, on Tuesday of last week, elected Dr. So, in the Union or out of the Union, the J. A. Hahn, a member of the Common Coun-Congressional scheme of reconstruction is cil, vice Barrett, deceaseed, making a clear rein in the ward of one hundred and twelve well-known Radical Senators appeared and the Radical party in power in all branchthe floor of the Chamber in a state of gross es of the Government had it in its hands to restore the Union and prosperity. The Mili- intoxication. They are all strong supporters lever, while both ride on spring seats. Two of the party of moral ideas, and voted for the tary and the Negro Bureau were then, we

conviction of the President. re told, to be temporary. They have been SEXATOR Conness Chairman of the Senate continued from year to year since, upon the Committee on Mines and Mining, has appointame plea. And now, with reconstruction eccomplished so far as the Radical scheme ed a negro clerk to his committee at a salary of over \$2,000 a year. The fellow will have I found it to contain lime and quick sand can accomplish it, they are voted for the year almost nothing to do, and the appointment these combined prevent the water from to come. If the Radical party is in power at the end of that time, what reason is there to has been made for the express purpose of fur-soaking through, and hence the necessity of nishing a full recognition of the doctrine of believe or to hope that they will not be furequality.

COL. FORNEY confesses that so far the De mocratic party show admirable drill and discipline. This is true, and they will show them to the end. It it not an easy party to beat as the Radicals well understand, since they have been obliged to nominate as their candidate for the Presidency a man who never voted any but a Democratic ticket.

THE editor of the Henderson County (Illinois) "Plaindealer" was the victim of a very neat "sell" recently. He received an original piece of poetry highly laudatory of General Grant, which he published. The "Spectator" (Democratic paper) in its next issue came out with the same poem, and by giving promia horse, I concluded that "right smart draw" nence to the first letter in each line, showed must be the horse of course; going up to him t to be an acrostic, "Hurrah for Pendleton."

Some fellow who wants to patch up a bad | could I comprehend what the next animal character has sued the publishers of the Williamsport Standard for libeling him. Our friends do no seem to be at all disturbed by this prosecution, and, we agree with the Lancaster Intelligencer, that, in the end, the felhe was opposed and restrained by General low who began the suit will wish he had kept out of it. People who have brittle reputations of every kind is raised in abundance, but had better submit quietly to the strictures of that they accorded with those of Mr. Lin. an independent newspaper press.

coln and General Grant, the President and Oun Radical Congress are again at their tricks of wasting the public money. The House of Representatives lately passed a bill meni. A tour through the South, taken for increasing the salaries of the clerks in the various departments at Washington, twenty ced Grant that those who had been leaders per cent. This does not appear to be a very important matter, at first sight, but it becomes of some consideration when the result of it ted by Mr. Johnson, was proceeding most of two millions of dollars from the public prosperously. When asked for an opinion treasury, which amount must be supplied he freely expressed his views in favor of the from the pockets of the tax-payers.

THE Revolution hints that a national cor vention of disaffected Radicals will be held at Chicago in September to nominate for the his earlier acts no one can doubt. He had Presidency "some sound man" on a platform of universal suffrage, the "rights of labor, greenbacks and free trade." Such a convenion could not fail to attract general attention by reason of its contrast to the other Radical convention which met in the same city last Tempted by the alluring prize of a Presidenmonth, and which sdopted a platform without principles and nominated a candidate without the tool of a gang of disreputable Radical

a policy. A dispute having arisen between some persons in Des Moines, Iowa, relative to the proper pronunciation of the name of the Radical candidate for Vice President, one of them addressed him a letter of inquiry. A it the moment he allows himself to be placed portion contended that it was pronounced upon a Radical platform. His wonderful Colfax, others claiming that it was Coalfax. The Speaker's reply reads as follows: WASHINGTON, May 26.-My first name i

pronounced as if written Skyler, and the last as if written Coalfax. The "a" doubtless dropped out in crossing the ocean. THE following is a copy of a handbill circulated in Mississippi, during the canvass in

that State: The Colored Democratic Club of Port Gibson, assisted by their white friends, will give a grand barbecue at Port Gibson, on Saturday, June 13. The other colored Democratic Texas are already represented, and, judging from the engagements made at the different cay, June 13. The other colored Democratic clubs, and the white citizens of the county, as well as our friends in Jefferson and Copiah, white and colored, are especially invited to attend. There will be speaking during the day. Dinner will be served at 2 o'clock. A programme will be published in the next issue of the Standard.

Connect Program of the engagements made at the different hotels, there will be one of the largest visiting crowds here, on the fourth of July, that ever congregated in any city of this country. The presence of so many strangers, together with the usual elaborate demonstrations of the day will certainly makes constituted.

GEORGE RUSSEL President Colored Dem. Club. Joseph Dillon, Secretary: No statement of the public debt will be to be treated with any greater consideration | will terminate the fiscal year, and the condi-

the day, will certainly make a carnival of excitement and pleasure which occurs but once in a life time. Without essaying to discuss the merits and demerits of any of the promipublished on the 1st of July, as the month nent candidates before the people, your corby his opponents than Chase or Wade would tion of the national debt will be included in majority of the best read, leading Democrats, be. He will carry the votes of those who the annual report of the Secretary to Confayor the nomination of Chief Justice Chase approve of the platform on which he stands, gress. The result of the financial transactions There seems to exist an abundance of faith "His face is a banqueting house." Next fall and not one more. The Democracy do not of the present month, it is thought, will show and confidence in the honesty of their favorfear him. They feel perfectly confident that a small reduction of the debt. On the 1st of ite; that he will place himself squarely upon

he can be beaten, and they will have the ad- July, however, about \$35,000,000 in coin will the doctrine of the right of States to control vantage of having him pretty well used up have to be paid out of the Treasury, \$23,000,000 the franchise and other local matters; that of which is interest on the five-twenties and he will adhere closely to the organic law of All that is needed to secure our success is six per cent bonds of 1881, and \$7,000,000 the land; and that he will favor the displace ing of military rule and inaugurate civil authority everywhere. It is too late for Democrats, who have

dured so much meanness and persecution for adhering to principle, to abandon the path of duty a moment for availability. Our constant, prayerful hope is that our convention, upon the fourth of July, wil lgive us an out-spoken platform of principles, and that to the ablest and most honest man may be handed the standard. Will he bear ivto ida to representation in Congress, I do not deem it necessary to state at length the rea-sons which constrain me to withheld my apvictory? Let us all resolve that HE WILL, and once more will our sky be bright with hope for future years. Yours,

Conneant Township.

the act of March 2, 1867, and the acts supplementary thereto, in pursuance of which it is claimed in the preamble of this bill that these States have framed and adopted Constitutions of State Government, nor will I repeat the objection contained in my message of the 20th inst., roturning, without my signature, the bill to admit to representation the State of Arkansas, and which are equally applicable to the pending measure.

Like the bill recently passed in reference to Arkansas, this bill supercedes the plain At a meeting of the Democrats of Conneaut Township, Eric County, Pa., held at Kidder's Corners, on Saturday, June 27th, 1868, on motion of A. Pomeroy, C. V. Wheeler was called to the chair, and A. F. Kimball was chosen Secretary for the day. On mction of A. Woodworth, A. Pomeroy was Like the bill recently passed in reference to Arkansas, this bill supercedes the plain and simple mode prescribed by the Constitution for the admission to scats in the respective Houses of Senators and Representatives from the several States. It imposes conditions which are in derogation of the equal rights of the States, and is founded upon a theory which is supersize of the chosen permanent Chairman, and Wm. Spicer permanent Secretary of the organization. The following gentlemen were chosen as a select Committee to assist during the campalgn:

G. W. Silverthorn, A. Woodworth, M. A. Bumpus, Harrison Park, Parker Smith, John Campbell, Samuel H. Paul, Gilbert White, C. V. Wheeles, George Runnyan, Albert Forbes, Patrick Grace, W. J. Brockway, A. H. Ware, George Griffey. equal rights of the States, and is founded upon a theory which is subversive of the
fundamental principles of the Government.

In the case of Alabama, it violates the
plighted faith of Congress by forcing upon
that State a constitution which was rejected
by the people, according to the express terms
of an act of Congress requiring that a majority of the registered electors should vote
upon the question of its ratification.

For these objections, and many others that
might be presented I cannot approve this

The meeting was addressed by A. Woodworth and Samuel H. Paul, and then adourned to Saturday, the 18th of July next, at 2 o'clock p. m.' Our friends from other might be presented, I cannot approve this bill, and therefore return it for the action of towns are invited to attend. Good speakers will be present. The Freedman's Bureau was on hand, and about 62 names were registered, and made quite equal to the nigger.

ALDEN POMEROY, WM. SPICER, Secretary.

CAUGHT IN THE ACT. [From Wash, Cor. Baltimore Gazette.]
The following is the statement, as received om the witness himself: Butler—What became of the Woolly left in your hands?
Witness—I have it in my pocket.
Butler—Produce it and the papers con

ained in the envelope.

Witness-Here is the money, but the pers you can't have.

Butler received the package of money and directed witness to leave the room, which he declined to do, saying he was responsible for the money and was not willing to leave it in Butler's hands. Butler threatened to arrest him, but witness denied his right to do so.

At last Butler proceeded to count the money an said: I find here \$16,100. Witness—I'll swear I handed you \$17,100. Witness-If you will raise that newspape

ınder it. Manager Logan now for the first time inerfered and remarked:
Yes, General, I see a corner of the not sticking out.

Butler—Oh, yes; I did not see it.

This statement of the testimony has been made public on the authority of the witness, a gentleman of known integrity, and is the

opic of general conversation. VITAL POWERS,-Mishler's Herb Bitters will impart vitality and tone to the digestive organs. It will thoroughly cradicate all mor-bific matter from the blood, cleanse the en-tire system, and produce the most vigorous

tire system, and produce the most vigorous action of the different organs of the human body. It is the Great Blood Purifier and Infallible Remedy for Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Cramps in the Stomach, Headache resulting from a deranged stomach, and also that harrassing disease Sick Headache, Billiousness, &c. It is recommended by physicians of the highest repute as the most invaluable medicine for these ills that the light of science and the power of human skill ever for their patients who are all parts of the diseases—medical men who have repeatedly tested the marvellons virtues of this Great most skeptical that this proprietary compound is a medicine upon which they can rely as absolutely and completely efficacious in such cases as we have enumerated above. Sold by all druggists and dealers. Dr. S. B. Hartman & Co., Proprietors, Lancaster, Pa.

jy2-2t.

WE know there are many who scoff at, laugh at, and designate every advertised remedy as "Quackery," "Humbug," and pronounce them worthless. Such terms cannot be truthfully applied to the medicinal remedies of which Dr. H. T. Helmbold, of 594 Broadway, New York, is proprietor. His "Fluid Extract of Buchu" alone has stood the test of science and yor browned whether the test of science, and yet proved valuable. It has been subject to the severe criticism of eminent professors of pharmacy, and none of such there are but will pronounce it an excellent article, while many there are who freely recommend it as a curative agent for all diseases of the kidneys and urinating organs; in addition to all this, it has been a was "a right smart draw there," I must follow it "fornenth a grove to a foot-log over is constantly being increased. There are numberless concoctions called Fluid Extract of Buchu, hence our friends, in buying, should be careful to ask for and get none other than Helmbold's. Dr. Helmbold's drug and chemical warehouse, at 594 Broadway, N. Y., is one of the lions of that gay metropolis. Such of our friends who may be there sojourning should not fail to visit it. We can assure them a kindly welcome from the Doctor and all his courteous, employees,-Philadelphia Evening Bulletin. .

THE DEW DROPS which the Creator's infinite power supplies every night, prepare the earth for the bursting forth of the Sun; the rain which penetrates the earth clears away obstructions, and the snow acts as a Tonic, producing immediate circulation, and bids the dead earth leap into new-life. In like manner does the Great Household Remedy, Mishler's Herb Bitters, demonstrate its wonderful powers. It prepares the humansystem for the change about to be wrought in its condition; its virtues as a Tonic produce the most desirable and immediate results in purifying the blood and equalizing its circulation throughout the whole body, and it clear. away every obstruction to vigorous health, absolutely driving out disease, no matter how trivial, where it is located, or what is its character. It has been established as a fact beyond doubt or cavil, that there is not an organ of the human body it will not affect, or a disease it will not cure, if taken in time and accor ding to the directions accompanying each bottle. Sold by all druggless and dealers. Dr. S. B. Hartman & Co., Proprietors, Lan-

caster, Pa. jy2-2t. Prof. Philo Holmes writes, "Chemistry and medicine have been made subservient to all diseases which flesh is heir to, yet how attention of all is centered on this great metropolis of our wide-spread republic. No city, no locality has been more prompt and enthusiastic in demonstrations of patriotism than New York. With little pretensions to "loyalty," she seems to be as fully patriotic as she is uniformly Democratic. The all-absence is uniformly Democratic. The all-absence is uniformly to the coming nation. which the hair is nourished and supported, and by its remedial virtues, it causes the hair to grow where it has fallen out, and restore if to its natural color when gray. The old in appearance are made young again."

> EUGENIA HAIR RESTORER.—The cheape and best. Mammoth bottles only 75 cents.
> The Eugenia Hair Restorer eclipses all known discoveries for the rapidity with which it restores gray and faded hair to its original color, promotes its rapid and health growth, prevents and stops it when falling off, and is a most luxuriant hair dressing for the human hair and head, rendering it soft, silky and lustrous. Sold by S. Dickinson & Son, sole agents in Eric. dec12-1y.

WEBSTER'S UNABRIDGED DICTIONARY—//lustrated Edition.—No pains or labor have been spared in making this edition what it is. We think this work, now, is all that we can expect in a dictionary. We give it our un-qualified commendation, and hope to see a copy of it in every school district, and in every editor's room, and in every family

MARRIED.

Lewis—Skeltox—At Kern's Hotel, Sæger-town, on the 25th ult., by Rov. D. B. Ernst, Mr. S. D. Lewis, of Washington township, Eric county, to Miss H. S. Skelton, of Ve-nango township, Crawford county. louin-Ensign-At the residence of the

Aem Adbertisements.

45-Advertisements, to secure insertion, must be handed in by 9 o'clock on Thursday morn-ing. All advertisements will be continued at the expense of the advertiser, unless ordered for a specified time. Control Control SPLENDID FARM FOR SALE CHEAP.

SPLENDID FARM FOR SALL AIEAP.

THE SUBSCRIBER offers for sale his farm, situated in North East township, 2; miles west of North East station and one indic cast of Moorhead's station. This farm shout one hundred and twenty acres, ninety of which are under a high state of cultivation and the balance of good timber. It is bounded on the north by the B. & E. E. E., ninety-six rods in width and runs south 21 rods. The house, barns, nuthouses and fences are all in good repair. There is a large apple orchard on the place which will produce in ordinary years 126 barrels of best winter fruit, also other fruit of the best quality. There is an abundance of the best of water, also a good stone quarry, the only one in the neighborhood. I will sell the whole or divide into two or three parts, to suit purchasers. Only a small payment in hand required, and ten years time given on the balance by paying annual interest.

Jy2-11.

CITY WORK. PROPOSALS will be received up to MONDAY
EVENING, JULY 20th, 1988, for the construction of three abutments for a bridge, on

I EVENING, JULY 25th, 15s, for the construction of three abutments for a bridge of Fifth street, over the canal.

Plans and specifications to be seen at the office of the City Engineer.

M. HARTLEB,

G. M. SMITH,

JOS. EICHENLAUB, Jr.,

J. O. BAKER,

Street Committee,

G. W. F. SHERWIN, City Engineer. Jy2-218

STRAY CATTLE. CAME on the premises of the undersigned, in Mill Creek township, 3 miles from Erie, on Thursday, June 25th, two yearling Steers, one red and the other white and red, and one two year old Hefer, nearly all white. The owner is requested to take them away and pay all charges, or they will be dealt with necornling to law. J92-23.

A Grand Pic-Nic

Will take place on the FOURTH OF JULY, 1868, AT THE CEDARS,

(adjoining the new Marine Hospital grounds, For the benefit of the 4th Street Schools.

GOOD STRING BAND, for dancing. Lots of amusements, and good refreshment Ice Cream, Soda Water, &c.

The TEMPERANCE BAND will attend; also

The public in general are most respectfully invited to attend.

Tickets, - . 25 Cts, jy2-1t

WARRANT IN BANKRUPTCY. WARRANT IN BANKRUPTCY.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE that on the 8th day
of June, A. D., 1883, a warrant in bankruptey was issued against the estate of M. A. Cook,
of the boro of Union Mills, county of Erie,
and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the
payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to him, for his use, and the transfor of any property by him are forbidden by
law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said
bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose
one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held
at a Court of Hankruptey, to be holden at the
office of the Register, in the city of Erie, before
S. E. Woodruff, Esq., Register in said district, on
the 12th day of Aug., A. D., 1888, at 11 o'clock, A.

THOMAS A. ROWLEY.

U. S. Marshal, Messenger.

U. S. Marshal, Me By G. P. Davis, Dept. U. S. Marshal. iv2-1w

The Coming Conflict. The Coming Conflict.

WE give greater inducements to Agents than any other house in the trade. Ladies and Gents, get up Clubs in our great ONE DOLLAR S.ALE Of Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Silver Ware, Plated Ware, &c. Thousands can testify to the superior quality, and the large remuneration received for selling our goods. We will present to any person (free of expense) sending us a club, goods worth Si to \$39, or will pay cash, if necessary. All goods sold at a uniform price of One Dollar for each article. We have made special arrangements with the celebrated Oriental Tea Company to supply their standard Teas and Coffees at their best prices. Agents wanted everywhere, Descriptive circulars will be sent free, on application.

CHAS. LETTS & CO.,
Manufacturers' Agents,

1y2-it 6i and 66 Federal st., Boston, Mass.

SPINK'S Pat. Self-Clearing Coulter! A New and Useful Implement, in Coarse Manurty-ing Stub. NTED JULY THE 1STH. 1868.

It will continually clear itself of Stubble.

Dead Grass and other material that usually accumulates on the edge, and fills up in front of the Coulter. Using this Coulter, the Plowman is enabled to do more and better work than an bedinary Coulter.

This Coulter was awarded a Premium and

dinary Coulter.

This Coulter was awarded a Premium and Diploma at the New York and Ohio State Fairs of 1826, also at the St. Lawrence and Franklin Co., New York, Fairs.

27 Town and County Rights for sale at a price that will pay the purchaser ten to one for the investment.

A sample Coulter forwarded by Express on receipt of \$1,50. For further information address;

18 E. SPINK, Eric, Pa. jy 2,2m

Warrant in Bankruptcy.
This is To Give Notice that on the Sthday of June, A. D., 1883, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Charles F. Beers, of Eric city, in the county of Eric, State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; That the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging io such bankrupt, to him and for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of the Register, in the city of Eric, in the county of Eric and State of Penn'a, before S. E. Woodruff, Register, on the 13th day of Aug., A. D., 1883, at 10 o'clock, A. M.
THOMAS A. ROWLEY,
U. S. Marshal, Messenger.
By G. P. Davis, Dept. U. S. Marshal. Warrant in Bankruptey.

Discharge in Bankrupicy.

In this district court of the United
States, for the Western District of Pennsylvania. Frank Allen, a bankrupt under the
Act of Congress of March 21, 185, having applied for a discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, by order of
the Court, notice is hereby given to all creditors
who have proved their debts, and other persons
interested, to appear, on the 12th day of
Angust, 1888, at 9 o'clock, A. M., before S. E.
Woodruff, Esq., Register, at his office, in
the city of Erfe, Penna, to show cause, if
any they have, why a discharge should not
be granted to the said bankrupt, And further,
notice is hereby given that the second and third
meetings of cresitors of said bankrupt, required
by the 2th and 25th sections of said act, will be
held before the said Register, at the same time
and place.
S. C. McCANDLESS,
Clerk of U. S. District Court for said District,
jy2-2w.

FARMERS RÉAD!

Mercier Flexible Harrow.

THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATIONS from well known citizens explain its merits: THE ROOM CITIZENS EXPLAIN ITS INCRITS: LETTER FROM GEN. KILLPATRICK.

I hereby certify that I have used the "Mercier Flexible Harriow," the right of which for this County is owned by Capt. John H. Welsh, and find that I can accomplish one-third more with this machine than with any other I mm acquainted with. It combines the qualities of lightness, cheapness and durability, and is the most perfect harrow that I have ever seen. It can be casily changed into a cultivator for Corn and any boy large enough to drive a team can readily and easily take it apart and put it together again. I most cheerfully recommend my friends and acquaintances to buy this machine, as I consider it altogether the best in use. No risk is incurred by the purchase, as the buyer will have ample opportunities of trying before paying for it. I have purchased a Harrow and a farm right.

JOHN KILLPATRICK,

East Mill Creek.

LETTER FROM DR. JOHN S. CARTER.

Having witnessed the operation of this Harrow at the trial on the land of Gen. Kilipatrick, on the 18th of June, I have no hesitation in saying that I believe it to be a very superior implement of its class, and guite worthy the attention of all who have occasion to use such an article. Its flexibility—which causes it to adapt itself closely to the surface of the ground, however rough or uneven it may be, is a feature of much importance, and one that distinguishes this from all other Harrows. There are also other peculiarities in its construction which will be readily perceived by the intelligent farmer, and which will doubtless tend, ere long, to bring it into general use. I have purchased one of these Harrows for use on my laud.

Manufactured and sold by the undersigned.

LETTER FROM DR. JOHN S. CARTER.

Manufactured and sold by the undersigned, who guarantees the Harrows to give entire satisfaction.

JOHN II. WELSH.

Welsh House, near Phila, & Eric Shops.

Stray Mare.

CAME TO THE FREMISES OF THE SUBscriber, one mile east of Belle Valley, on the Daye Clark farm, about the 1st of June, a BLACK MARE, with a white star on her forehead; her two hind feet are white, and she is between six and eight years old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away; otherwise she will be disposed of according to law.

JOHN ARTHUR.

Wanted. TO PURCHASE, any of the legitimate paper that is due or becoming due, from the firm of Brecht & Co., livery men,
Jul8-4w P. FAULKNER. bride's father, June 24th, by the Rev. J. F.
Spaulding, rector of St. Panl's church, Edward P. Gould, of Rochester, N. Y., and
Mary E., daughter of D. P. Ensign, Esq.,
of Erie. Pa.

Jul8-4w

JOB PRINTING of every kind, in large or small quantities, plain or colored, done in the best style, and at moderate prices, at the Observer office. Aeb Adbertisements.

Warrant in Bathkruptey.
THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE that on the 4th day
was issued out of the District Caughof the United States, for the Western Pasticle of Fernia
meanist the estate of Henry University of Union was issued out of the District Cont of the Contest States, for the Western Fustilit of Pennis, ansatt the estate of Henry Fustilit of Pennis, and Ennot the Found of Eric, in Substance of Union the Found of Eric, in Substance of Union the Found of Eric in Substance of Interceditors of Said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankrupter, to be holden at the office of the Register, in Eric, Pa., before S. E. Woodruff, Esq., its gister in Bankrupter for said district, on the 3th day of Juiy, A. D., 1883, at 100 clock, A. M. THOMAS A. ROWLEY.

By G. P. Davis, Dept. U. S. Marshal, Messenger.

WAFFARE IN BARKFUPICY.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE that on the 8th day of June, A. D., 188, a warrant in bank ruptey was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Penn'a, against the estate of W. C. Hawkins of Eric City, in the county of Eric and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him and for his new and the part of the payment of any debts and delivery of any property of the payment of the

ment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging tosuch bankrupt, to him and for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignces will be held at a Court of Bankruptey, to be holden at the office of the Register, in Eric, Pa., before S. E. Woodruff, Esq., Register, on the Eath day of Aug., A. D., 1863, at 11 o'clock, A. M. THOMAS A. ROWLEY.

By G. P. Davis, Dept. U. S. Marshal, Messenger.

Warrant in Bankruptey. THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE that on the SII day of June, A. D., 188, a Warrant II Bankruptey was issued out of the District Cour of the United States, for the Western Districtor of the United States, for the Western District of Pa., against the estate of J. B. & R. J. Morrison, of Eric city, in the county of Eric, and State of Pennsylvania, in said District, adjudged a bankrupt upon their own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupts to them or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more Assignces of theirestate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of the Register, in the city of Eric, before S. E. Woodfulf, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for said district, on the Eth day of August, A. D., 188, at

rici, on the Eith day of August, A. P., all o'clock, A. M.
THOMAS A. ROWLEY,
U.S. Marshal, Messer
By G. P. Davis, Dept, U. S. Matshal,
jell

Warrant in Bankrupley.

"Mills IS TO GIVE NOTICE that on the Sth
day of June, A. D., 1983, a warrant in bankrupley was issued against the estate of Jas. A.
Bliss, of the city of Eric, county of Eric and
State of Pennia, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of
any debts and delivery of any property belonging to him, for his use, and the transter of any
property by him are forbidden by law; that a
meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to
prove their debts and to choose one or more
Assignees of his estate, will be hebi at a Court
of Bankruptey, to be holden at the office of the
Register, in the city of Ene, Pa., before S. E.,
Woodruff, Esq., Register in said District, on the
1th day of August, A. D., 1983, at 11 o'clock, A.
M. THOMAS A. ROWLEY.

By G. P. Davis, Dept. P. S. Marshal,
pell-iw.

WARRANT IN BANKRUPTCY.

WARRANT IN BANKRUPTCY.

THIS 18 TO GIVE NOTICE that on the 5th day of June, A. D. 1884 a warrant in Bankruptey was issued grants, the estate of M. B. Anderson, of Waterlord, in the county of Eric, State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own fielding, That the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him and for his-case, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditions of the said bankrupt, to incore their debts and to choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at the Court of Bankruptey, to be holden at the office of the Liecister, in the city of Eric, in the county of Eric and State of Penn'a., before S. E. Woodruff, Register, or the 12th day of August, A. D. 1885, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

THOMAS A. ROWLLEY,

By GPP, Davis, Dept. U. S. Marshal,

jell-tw.

Discharge in Bankruptcy. Discharge in Hamkrupicy.

In the District countr of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania, Sam'l S. Griswold, a bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 187, having applied for a discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said Act, by order of the Court, Notice is hereby given to all persons windered the total persons interested, to appear on the 8th day of July, 1868 at 10 o clock, A. M., before S. E. Woodrul, Esq. Register, at his office in Eric, Pa., to show cause frany they have, why adischarge should not be Register, at his office in Eric, Pa., to show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt. And further notice is hereby given that the second and third meetings of creditors of the said bankrupt, required by the 27th and 28th sections of said Act, will be had before the said Register at the same time and place.

S. C. MCCANDLESS, Clerk of U.S. District Court for said District, Jell-2w

Discharge in Bankruptey.
IN THE DISTRICT COURT of the United
States, for the Western District of Pennclaims provable under state states, put under the A. Slates, for the Western District of Penn-claims provable under sudvanterput under the Court; notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the sth day of July, 1883, at 10 o'clock, A. M., before S. E. Woodruff, Esq., Register, at his office, at Erie, Penna, to show cause, if hay they have, why a discharge should not be granted to said bankrupt. And further netice is hereby given that the second and third meetines of creditors of the said bankrupt, required by the Zith and Sth Sections of said act, will be had before the said Register, at the same time and place.

S. C. MCCANDLESS.

Clerk of U. S. District Court for said District, Jell-2w.

Auditor's Notice. In the matter of the account of Joseph Waldron, plants (Court No. admir of Chas. Colt. dec'd.) Febry Term, 1888.

A LL PERSONS INTERESTED in the distribution of the monies in the hands of Joseph A bution of the monies in the hands of Jos. Wildron, as administrator of the estate of Chas. Colt, deceased, are hereby notified to make proof thereof, before me, at my office, No. 70 state street, Eric, Pa., on the 21th day of June inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M.

EDWARD CLARK, Auditor.

je4-3t PHILADELPHIA & ERIE RAIL ROAD.

WINTER TIME TABLE. Through and Direct Route between Philadel phila, Baltimore, Harrisburg, Williamsport, and the GREAT OIL REGION

OF PENNSYLVANIA. ELEGANT SLEEPING CARS On all Night Trains.

ON and after MONDAY, MAY 19th, 1888, the trains on the Philadelphia & Eire R ulrone will run as follows: WESTWARD,
Mall Train leaves Philadelphia at 11:15 p.m. and
arrives at Eric at 8:50 p.m.
Eric Express leaves Philadelphia at 12:00 m., and
arrives at Eric at 10:05 a.m.
Warren Accommodation leaves Warren at 12:00
m., Corry at 1:10 p. m., and arrives at Eric
at 3:30 p. m.
EASTWARD at 53-b p. in. EASTWARD.

Mail Train Leaves Eric at Hissa, in., and arrives at Philadelphia at 750 a. in.

Eric Express leaves Eric at 750 p. in., and arrives at Philadelphia at 550 p. in.

Warren Accommodation leaves Eric at \$500 a. in. Corry at 245 a. in., and arrives at Warren at 1E20 a. in.

Mail and Express connect with Oil Creek and Allegheny River Railroad. EAGGAGE CHYCKED THROUGH.

Erie & Pittsburgh Railroad. ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAYOR, 1888, trains will run on this road as follows:

ALFRED L. TYLER,

S AND ATTER MONDAY, MAYOII, 188.

LEAVE ERIE—SOUTHWARD.

10:05 A. M., Pittsburgh Express, Stops at all stations, and arrives at A. & G. W. R. R. Transfer at 1:40 p. m., at New Castle at 3:50 p. m., and at Pittsburgh at 5:00 p. m.

6:00 P. M., Accommodation, arrives at Pittsburgh at 1:000 a.

1:EAVE PITTSBURGH—NORTHWARD.

7:15 a. m., Erie Express leaves Pittsburgh and arrives at Erie 1:20 a. m.

Pittsburgh Express south connects at James and arrives at Erie 1:20 a. m.

Pittsburgh Express south connects at James from 12:10 p. m., with J. & F. Express for Franklin and Oil City. Connects at Transfer at 1:50 p. m., with J. & G. W. Accommodation west for Warren, Rayenna and Cleveland.

Erie Express north connects at J. & G. W. Transfer at 1:10 a. m., with Mail cast for Meadville, Franklin and Oil City, and at James fow Wille, Franklin and Oil City, and at James fow Wheeling and all points in West Virginia, and at Pittsburgh connections for Philadelphia, Harrisburg, Ballimore and Washington, via Pennsylvania Central Railroad.

Erie Express north connects at Girard with Cleveland & Erie trains westward for Cleveland.

Erie Express north connects at Erie with Philadelphia & Erie Hailroad for Corry, Warren, Irvineton, Tidioute, &c., and with Buttalo & Erie Railroad for Buffalo, Junkirk, Niagara Falls and New York City.

J. J. LAWRENCE.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES!

E. M. COLE & SON

WILL BIND Harpers' and similar Magazines, at 75 cents

Godey's, and similar Magazines, at \$1.00 pe Harper's and Frank Leslie's papers, at \$2.5 We are also making and selling

AT REDUCED PRICES:

Bindery over Keystone National Bank, cor-ner State and 8th streets, ap2:-tf. TOB PRINTING of every kind, in large or small quantities, plain or colored, done in the best style, and at moderate prices, at the Observer office. Dem Adbertigements,

Burton & Griffith's Corner

HARD TIMES! HARD TIMES!

Prices Have Come Down BURTON & GRIFFITHS

1324 Peach Street, Corner 16th

For particulars see Small Bills, Bout &:

Reduced Prices on Teas!

HAYES & KEPLER REAL-ESTATE AGENTS.

FOR SALE.

On east 12th Street, between Ash 121 because the good 2 story house, five provides the 12th Streets, a good 2 story house, five provides the 12th Streets and 12th Streets the orbitaring fruit trees on lot and are the ter. Price \$1,20. Terms easy.

HAYES & KEPLE No. 1 Revision. FOR SALL The fine two story, modern style, well fi-brick dwelling on 16th street, lat door we Burton & Griffith's Store, Transe Jax the rear of Lot. HAYES & Right's

HOUSE, GRAPERY, &C., FOR SHE HOUSE, MAXIMA AND THE SET OF THE STREET OF T ON PRIVATE TERMS
We have a number of very destrable to offer customers. For particular of urroffler, No. 1 Reed House, my21-tf.
HAVES CERTS

NEW LIVERY Boarding and Sale Stable Corner of French and 7th St. THE SUBSCRIBERS havene taken the lately occupied by Remary 3 July would inform the public last they have haved an

ENTIRELY NEW STOCK of Horses, Harness and Carriages, and appared to give perfect satisfaction to all behavior them with a call. We have thelesial in Northwestern Penns Vania, my21-if BRECHT 127,

Eric City Steam Bakery! W. J. SANDS & CO., Proprietors Manufacture's of the lands of Crackers, Bread, Cake

&c., " &c. Also, the celebrated EXCELSIOR CRACKERS And sole manufacturer of the palent "NOVELTY 14008 -

Factory, corner State and 48 . In A. TO THE PUBLIC

There is no use sending to New Yes. FOR YOUR TEAS! No use going to the officenes to by REFINED OIL! No use going to shap factories to be:

SOAP: Nouse to pay big prices for any of year While there is a

LIVE CASH STORE. . . on the corner of 8th and State Streets. Try the Cash Store. ADAM MINN

C. ENGLEHART & CO. DEALERS IN

BOOTS AND SHOES Keep always on Lan Lall syl-LADIES. MISSES. AND CHILIPEN

Prenella, Kid, Goat and Pebble tool Laced, Button and Congre

BOOTS. Of the finest quality, which will lower for devabuity, as well a tofft, which will sell as Low as the Lowest

We also make to order. In a ringer attended to,
my2l-tf --C. F. 3 R. S. MORRISON

Having removed his took of gosls fore in the Reed House formerly occustore in the Reed House formerly one Messrs, Monell, Stephons & Wildey, fa-sure in announcing to his old ensur-the citizens of Erregenessing, that he NEW AND SELECT STOCE

01" Dry Goods, Dress Goods.de For Spring and Summer West

I intend to keep at all times the best -he market, and a full assortment of a n my line. Purchasers can always of buying of me than by going East. Remember the place, No. 6 Reed House.

outh side of the Park. R. S. HORRISOL

apid-tf. C. J. ENGLEHART * Has opened a new

Flour, Feed & Produce Sor. at the corner of Eleventh and State Succession

To which he asks the attention of Parameters by the hing in his line. He will do not hing in the PRODUCE LINE nd warrants his goods to be (q. 11)

The highest market price in casili kinds of country produce. WARRANT IN BANKRUPICE WARRANT IN BANKIL PILE

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE that on it
day of June. A. D. 1888, a warrant in
ruptey was Issued against the estate
Whitney, of Union Mills, in the contristate of Pennsylvania, who has been a
a bankrupt on his own petition; That's
ment of any debts and delivery of any if
belonging to such bankrupt, to him and
asse, and the very form of the growerty.

belonging to such bankrupt, to him and use, and the transfer of any property are forbidden by law; that a meeting creditors of the said bankrupt, to provide the said to choose one or more Assir his estate, will be held at a Court of Box to be holden at the office of the Revise; city of Erie, in the county of Fre and Penn'a, before S. E. Woodruft, Register, 12th day of August, A. D. 1885, at 11 and M. THOMAS A. ROWED.

L. S. Marshal, Messia, M. S. L. S. Marshal, Messia, M. S. L. S. Marshal, M. S. M. By G. P. Davis, Dept. U. S. Marshal, M. WARRANT IN BANKRUPICE

WARRANT IN BANKRUT(1).

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE that on the day of June, A. D. 1883, a warrant alteruptey was Issued against the estated of L. Perkins, of Fairvew township, in the for Erie, State of Pennsylvania, who have adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; the payment of any debts and delivery property belonging to such hankrupt, and for his use, and the transfer of any Phy him are forbidden by law; that a me the redittors of the said bankrupt, to pase debts and to choose one or more Assumed the redittors of the said bankrupt, to pase debts and to choose one or more Assumed the redittors of the said bankrupt, to pase debts and to choose one or more Assumed the passes of the said bankrupt, to passe the said bankrupt, the said bankrupt b Blank Books

By G. P. Davis, Dept. U. S. Marshall, pilet