Important Notices.

☞ Advertisements inserted under this head, at 15 cents per line of 10 words for the first insertion, 12½ cents for the second, and 10 cents for each subsequent insertion.

For Reliable Insurance of all kinds apply to A. D. Russell, Agent, No. 23 North Park, Erie, Pa. jy17'67-tf.

For Insurance in well known and most reliable Companies, apply to R. W. Russell, agent, State street. feb21'67-ly.

The Erie Lodge No. 241, I. O. of Good Templars, meets on every Tuesday evening, in the Odd Fellows' Lodge Room, on State street, over Crooks's Jewelry store. Stranger Templars visiting the city are cordially invited to be present.
FRANK ABEL, W. S. GEO. KNIGHT, W. C. T. my2-tf.

Business Directory.

☞ Business Cards inserted in this department for one year, at a dollar per line.

WHOLESALE GROCERS.
Sidney E. Burgess & Walliser, 25 and 29 N. Park.
Wm. Mills, 500 and 502 French st.
Sexton A Beuvellier, 513 French st.
WHOLESALE BOOTS AND SHOES.
Wm. Kile & Clark, 32 North Park.
BOOTS AND SHOES.
J. Clark, 11 Park Row.
J. Smith, 705 State street.
Hart & Co., 19 North Park.
J. Zunn, 705 State street.
Shoe Store, 705 State st.
Lynch, 520 State st.
BOOK STORES.
A. McCleary, North Park.
Lyon, 23 French st.
FLOUR & FEED.
Wm. Pistock, Park Row.
Geo. Lyon, 23 French st.
LIQUOR STORES.
J. Metcalf, 821 State st.
M. Smith, 28 North Park.
MUSIC STORES.
Fischer, 530 State st.
Wm. Willing, 508 State st.
SEWING MACHINE AGENCIES.
Grover & Wilson, 427 State st.
Singer Sewing Machine, 602 French st.
Wheeler Sewing Machine, 528 French st.
Grover & Baker, 820 State st.
FRUITS & PRODUCE.
J. White, 4 South Park.
CROCKERY & GLASSWARE
H. Glenny, 12 Park Row.
Rosenzweig, 513 State st.
WATCHES & JEWELRY.
A. Fisher, 2 Park Row.
W. Austin, 29 North Park.
HATS AND CAPS.
J. Wilson, 21 North Park.
Lenz, A24, 513 State street.
Kendall, 527½ French st.
Smith, 525 French st.
CONFECTIONERY STORES.
Lay & Burgess, 431 and 700 State street
DRUGS AND MEDICINES.
Reynolds, 1317 Peach street.
Jas. Elliot, 429 State street.
Jas. Warfel, 630 State st.
Jas. Doll, 1312 Peach street.
Turner & Co., 21 North Park.
Nick & Sons, 702 State street.
J. Robinson & Son, 711 State street.
DRY GOODS.
Stephens & Wildey.
J. Merrill.
Koch & Lehman, 1359 Peach st
Myers Bros, 714 State st.
Churchill & Co., 3 Noble Block.
Strong & Bro., 512 State st.
Eaton & Co., 5 Reed House Block
DRY GOODS AND CARPETS
Gross & Foster.
Myers, 705 State st.
GROCERIES.
J. Griffith, 1324 Peach st.
Reed & Co., 1325 "
Sanford & Co., 1321 "
Bodender, 1218 "
Beckman, 504 State st.
Christian & Craig, 21 North Park.
705 French st.
Young, Corner 8th and State st.
Becker & Co., 531 French st.
McGiverin, 505 French st.
Mallory, 527 French st.
Lindecker, 621 State st.
Carr, 25 East Fifth st.
Graf, 701 State st.
PHOTOGRAPHS.
Flower 19, Rosenzweig's Block.
Lott, 1307 Peach st.
Dunn, over 628 State street.
Bros., Farrar Hall Building.
Wager & Co., over 1323 Peach st.
TOBACCO AND CIGARS.
Welshman, 1314 Peach st.
Askins, 703 State st.
Mohl, 517 French st.
Sterner, 401 State st.
HARDWARE.
Lyon & Co., 1323 Peach st.
W. Pierce & Co., 820 State st.
Conkey & Shannon, 507 French st.
Selden, 523 French st.
STOVES AND TINWARE.
Vantassel, 1221 Peach st.
Conard Bros., 701 State st.
Mayer & Son, 1215 State st.
Johnson & Co., 1018 and 1020 State st.
Murphy, 22 North Park.
Lurtel & Co., 1304 Sassafras st.
GENERAL UNDERTAKERS.
H. Riblet & Co., 818 State st.
FURNITURE WAREROOMS.
H. Riblet & Co., 818 State st.
LUMBER MERCHANTS.
Early & Ball, State, st., near depot.
CLOTHING STORES.
Gensheimer & Son, 632 State st.
Melick, 1223 State st.
Wagner, 326 State st.
Kuhn, 522 State st.
Meyer, 1 Noble Block.
Ross, No. 10 North Park.
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
Thompson, 521 French st.
Sill, 515 French st.
Hutchinson, Girard, Pa.
PHYSICIANS & SURGEONS.
Stewart, 30 North Park, house 417 State st.
Fraser, (Homœpathist), 628 Peach st.
MILLINERY & STRAW GOODS.
Blake, South Park.
Curtis, 9 South Park.
Misses McGrath, 607 French st.
Hawkins, 1310 Peach st.
BRASS FOUNDRIES.
Beckt & Metz, 1123 State st.
MACHINISTS, FOUNDERS AND BOILER MAKERS.
Warren, Hall & Co., 3d and Peach sts.
PLANING MILLS.
D. Crook & Son, cor. 4th and Peach sts.
White & Co., corner 11th and French st.
Jones, corner 11th and Holland sts.
Bootz, 1214 Peach st.

PHILADELPHIA & ERIE RAIL ROAD.

WINTER TIME TABLE.

Through and Direct Route between Philadelphia, Baltimore, Harrisburg, Williamsport, and the

GREAT OIL REGION
OF PENNSYLVANIA.

ELEGANT SLEEPING CARS
On all Night Trains.

On and after MONDAY, NOV. 25th, 1867, the trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

Mail Train leaves Philadelphia at 11:15 p.m. and arrives at Erie at 9:00 p. m.
Express leaves Philadelphia at 12:00 m., and arrives at Erie at 9:45 a. m.
Erie Accommodation leaves Warren at 12:55 p. m., Corry at 2:20 p. m., and arrives at Erie at 4:40 p. m.

EASTWARD.

Mail Train leaves Erie at 10:25 a. m., and arrives at Philadelphia at 6:35 a. m.
Express leaves Erie at 4:25 p. m., and arrives at Philadelphia at 1:00 p. m.
Erie Accommodation leaves Erie at 8:00 a. m., Corry at 9:45 a. m., and arrives at Warren at 11:35 a. m.

Mail and Express connect with all trains on the Warren & Franklin Railway. Passengers leaving Philadelphia at 12:00 m., arrive at Irvineton at 9 a. m., and Oil City at 9:50 a. m. Leaving Philadelphia at 11:15 p. m., arrive at Corry at 4:45 p. m.

All trains on the Warren & Franklin Railway make close connections at Oil City with trains on Franklin and Petroleum Centre. BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH.

ALFRED L. TYLER,
Gen'l Superintendent.

L. F. BALL, AGENT,

1301 Peach St., opp. Morton House.

News Dealer and Stationer,

And Dealer in

Havana and Domestic Cigars,

Chewing and Smoking Tobacco,

SNUFF, FANCY PIPES AND CIGARS.

All the

DAILIES, MONTHLIES AND WEEKLIES

received immediately upon publication. feb20-3m.

Warrant in Bankruptcy.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE that on the 13th day of February, A. D., 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of German Ames, of Elmboro, in the county of Erie, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; That the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him and for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of the Register, in the city of Erie, in the county of Erie and State of Pennsylvania, before S. E. Woodruff, Register, on the 20th day of April, A. D., 1868, at 2 o'clock, P. M.
THOMAS A. ROWLEY,
U. S. Marshal for said District.
By G. P. Davis, Dept. U. S. Marshal. feb20-4w.

Warrant in Bankruptcy.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE that on the 13th day of Feb., A. D., 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of John H. Perkins, of the city of Erie, in the county of Erie, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to him, and for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of the Register, in the city of Erie, before S. E. Woodruff, Esq., Register in said district, on the 20th day of April, A. D., 1868, at 10 o'clock, A. M.
THOMAS A. ROWLEY,
U. S. Marshal for said District.
By G. P. Davis, Dept. U. S. Marshal. feb20-4w.

JOB PRINTING of every kind, in large or small quantities, plain or colored, done in the best style, and at moderate prices, at the Observer office.

WEEKLY OBSERVER

ERIE, PENN'A, MARCH 12, 1868.

TERMS.—$2 per year when paid in advance, or within a month, $2.50 when not paid in advance, and $3 when not paid until the expiration of the year. All new subscriptions must be paid in advance, unless handed in by parties who are known to us.

Observer for the Campaign.

The Observer will be furnished to campaign subscribers, from this date, until the close of the Presidential canvass, at the following low rates:

One copy, six months,	$1.00
Five copies, six months,	5.00
Ten copies, six months, and an additional copy for the one who gets up the club,	10.00
One copy, three months,	.50
Five copies, three months,	2.50
Ten copies, three months,	5.00

Subscriptions may commence at any date between this and election, and will be promptly discontinued when the time has expired. *feb6-tf.*

Democratic County Committee.

The members of the Democratic County Committee are requested to meet at the Observer office, in the city of Erie, on Monday afternoon, March 23d, at 2 o'clock, to perfect plans for carrying on the campaign, and to secure a more thorough organization of the party. As a large amount of important business is to be transacted, it is desired that there shall be a full attendance, and that all the members will come prepared to make any suggestions and render any service that may be essential for the welfare of the cause.
BENJ'N WHITMAN, Chairman.
Erie, March 12, 1868.—2w.

Committee Meeting.

A meeting of the Democratic District Committees of the city will be held at Austin's Hall, on Friday evening, March 13th, to perfect arrangements for a more thorough organization. A full attendance is solicited.

Democratic Caucus.

A meeting of the Democrats of Summit township, will be held at the Stone School House, on Monday afternoon, March 16th, at 2 o'clock, for the nomination of a township ticket. A full attendance is requested.

Democratic Caucus.

A meeting of the Democratic voters of Mill Creek township will be held at the Town Hall, on Saturday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, to nominate a township ticket. A punctual attendance is requested.

MANY DEMOCRATS.

THE annual city and township elections will take place on the third Friday of the month, the 20th inst., and are already beginning to excite wide interest, from the importance of the local questions at stake. Nearly every community in the county is staggering under a heavy load of debt and taxation, and the all essential issue to be decided is how to secure relief, and at the same time continue to make the progress in improvement which appears to be demanded by the spirit of the age. The candidates who can place themselves upon a satisfactory platform in both these respects are the ones most likely to be successful, without regard to their personal positions or political affinities. In this city, it appears probable that the contest will be wolly upon the improvement issue—one side sustaining the action of Council, and the other directly pitted against it. The so-called "anti-improvement" men allege that they are for a moderate system of municipal improvement, but complain that the one now in progress is upon too extensive a scale, and will entail a heavier burden than the people can bear. The improvement men, on the other hand, contend that nothing has been done which was not absolutely needed, and argue that the rapid growth *of the city in population* and wealth will soon enable it to extricate itself from the liabilities contracted, without serious difficulty. It is not improbable that a party will spring up, taking a medium position, and headed by men who are not identified with either of the other interests. The combinations on both sides look formidable, and, at this day, a keen prophet would be required to foretell which will meet with success. While the improvement and anti-improvement factions are wrangling, there are not a few of both the Democratic and Republican parties who favor making the fight on clear political grounds. In that event, the names of Joseph McCarter, C. M. Tibbals and John Gensheimer are mentioned for Mayor upon the Democratic side, and M. R. Barr, John R. Cochran and Wm. S. Brown upon the Republican. A few more days will develop matters fully, and by the time our next paper goes to press the representatives of each set of antagonistic opinions will be placed in the field, to run the gauntlet of the ballot-box on Friday.

CITY POLITICS.—The caucuses of the friends of the present system of city improvements were held on Wednesday evening, and the following are the nominations made:

1st Dist.—Select Council, G. M. Smith; Common Council, Joseph Blenner and Robt. Kennedy; Judge, B. Hubley; Inspectors, Dennis Fogarty, Leander Dobbins.

2d Dist.—Select Council, C. Shenfield; Common, F. Schlaudecker; Assessor, J. J. Fuessler; Judge, H. M. Riblet; Inspectors, C. Small, E. E. Sturzneckle; Auditor, C. Siegel; School Directors, J. F. Walther.

3d Dist.—Select Council, F. P. Liebel; Common, Jacob Bootz, J. M. Bryant; School Directors, Geo. Loyer, J. B. Gunnison; Judge, Robt. Henry; Inspectors, B. F. Sloan, Valentine Heidt; Assessor, M. Hartleib.

4th Dist.—Common Council, John Hearn, (2 years.) Wm. G. Arbuckle, (1 year.)

The general city Convention, for the nomination of a candidate for Mayor, will be held in the Court House on Saturday evening. The following are the delegates: 1st Dist.—A. R. Kellogg, H. C. Shannon, G. F. Brevillier. 2d Dist.—Jos. Eichenlaub; jr., P. A. Becker, J. Reichtscheidt. 3d Dist.—M. Hartleib, W. R. Davenport, F. P. Liebel. 4th Dist.—G. F. Churchill, John Clemens, M. Schlaudecker. In the 2d and 4th districts the delegates were instructed to support Orange Noble for Mayor.

A meeting of those who do not sustain the above movement is to be held at the Court House this (Thursday) evening, commencing at 7 1-2 o'clock. We believe it is proposed to put a full ticket in the field for Mayor and Councilmen. A number of independent candidates are proposed for various offices, a list of whom will appear in our next issue.

IF business is dull there is the greater importance of systematic, persistent advertising. It is only occasionally that a man is found who fully appreciates its value as the great development of the power which brings buyer and seller in direct and speedy communication. Many a man has already been made rich through the instrumentality of a judicious display of Printer's Ink, and many more are yet to follow. Advertising is but in its infancy; but the day will come when a man will as soon think of working without hands, or walking without feet, as of success without advertising.

[COMMUNICATED.]

EDITOR OBSERVER—A spirited contest has been going on for some time in the East Ward, between the various aspirants for judicial honors, and were it not for the little excitement occasioned by this "sectional struggle" we should scarcely realize that our municipal election is so near at hand.

George D. Buckley, Esq., seems to be the popular candidate for Justice of the Peace, and in consequence of the apparent certainty of his election, many voters in the upper district are asking "Who is Mr. Buckley?" In answer to this inquiry, I would simply state that he is a young man of good moral character, temperate, honest and reliable. He has devoted nearly two years to the study of the law, and is still pursuing his studies in the office of the District Attorney.

Politically, he is a proselyte to no party, but adheres with unswerving fidelity to the broad and liberal principle of *equal justice to all men.* If elected, I believe he will make an able and efficient public officer.

EAST WARD.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

IT IS expected that Rev. Tobias Mullen, the new Bishop of the diocese, will officiate in the Fourth street Catholic church on St. Patrick's day.

GEO. W. RIBLET and Capt. C. Sexauer have again been appointed tax collectors for the ensuing year—the first to serve in the East and the latter in the West Ward.

JOHN FERRIER offers himself as a candidate for Justice of the Peace, and George Hill as a candidate for Constable in the East Ward. Both are good men, and will fill the positions, if successful, with fidelity.

WE are indebted to Geo. W. Wilson, Esq., of Petroleum Centre, for a liberal club of prepaid subscribers. He promises us many more before the campaign is ended, and he is one of the class of men who always do as they agree.

BUTTER is quoted from 60 to 75 cents per pound in New York city; cheese is hardly saleable at any price, and a larger stock is now in the city than was ever known at this time of year before. *Farmers had better ship early* tub butter freely, and let cheese alone for a year or so.

THE Dispatch speaks of "a set of men so mean that they would not risk their legs in defence of the government, but staid at home and speculated out of the sufferings of their country." We wonder if any person about the Dispatch establishment comes under this sweeping classification!

THE beautiful poem in another column is from the pen of B. W. Lacy, Esq., formerly of Warren, but now a resident of Philadelphia—a gentleman well and favorably known to many of the citizens of this county. Mr. Lacy has recently written a number of articles which display literary merit of a superior order.

THE warm weather and heavy rains of the last week have filled the streams to overflowing, and made the roads nearly impassible. Considerable damage has been done by the freshet to property in various portions of the county, bridges beens wept away and railroad trains detained, the track of the roads being covered with water in a number of localities. An immense body of snow still covers the ground, and, unless cold weather sets in, we look for the most destructive flood that has occurred in this country for many years.

THE Erie Canal Enlargement bill still "hangs fire" in the Legislature, and no hope is entertained of its passage this session. All of the members from the Western portion of the State favor the measure, but outside of their influence it finds few supporters. We understand that the friends of the bill are not pleased with Gov. Geary's course on the subject. He does not oppose the project, but urges its abandonment for the present, for fear it may damage the Republican party! Profound statesman, that Geary.

SOME time ago we published, at the request of a friend, a receipt to cure neuralgia: Half a drachm of sal ammonia in an ounce of camphor water, to be taken a teaspoonful at a dose, and the dose repeated several times at intervals of five minutes, if the pain be not relieved at once. Half a dozen different persons have since tried the recipe, and in every case an immediate cure has been effected. In one, the sufferer, a lady, had been affected for more than a week, and her physician was unable to alleviate her suffering, when a solution of sal ammonia in camphor water relieved her in a few minutes.

OUR ministerial aspirant for Congressional honors, Elder J. H. Whallon, objects to the title of ex-Reverend, which we applied to him a week or two ago, as in no way befitting his intentions or circumstances. He says he designs wearing the Gospel livery while life exists; that he still continues to act in a ministerial capacity when opportunity affords; and that nothing less than a serious affection of the throat would have induced him to give up his regular pulpit labors. We gladly give the Elder the benefit of his explanation, and trust that in case he wins the Congressional fight, the atmosphere of Washington may not have the same demoralizing effect upon his religious emotions which has been witnessed in the instance of some of his fellow divines.

A THRIFTY farmer, who "believes in making old things last in these times," says:—"There is one thing that nearly everybody knows and hardly anybody attends to, that is, to sprinkle slackened lime on their roofs once a year, either in fall or spring. If the shingles are covered ever so thick with moss the lime soon clears it off, leaving the roof clean and white, and good for years. It ought to be put on pretty thick, and a rainy day is the best for the work. Strong wood ashes will answer almost as well to keep old roofs in repair, but they will not look as nice. To make new shingles last three or four times the usual period, they need only to be soaked a few days in a tank half full of thick lime water, which must be well stirred up before the shingles are put in."

THE Republicans of the county are chuckling mightily over what they choose to style "the split among the Copperheads." We suggest to these gentlemen not to "count their chickens before they are hatched." The "Copperheads" are *not* "split," and they don't mean to be. We have been getting along in harmony so long, that we just thought we'ed have a little free fight to see how our opponents' way of doing things would go for a variety. There are too many sensible men in the party, to allow a little local feeling to break up the family circle. When the "rank and file" get to understand the muss, they will demand with one voice that no local differences shall be allowed to stand in the way of a complete renewal of the united action we have heretofore been proud to boast of.

Written for the Observer.]

A Strong Appeal.

BY A WORKING MAN.

During the last few years, we are very gravely informed by the party claiming "all the intelligence," that each House has the right to be sole judge of its own members, with regard to their qualifications, &c., and upon this provision of the Supreme law of the land they hang all their excuses for the expulsion of members who uphold, protect, and defend the Federal Constitution; and whenever it becomes necessary to pass a law over the Presidential negative they deem all members who will certainly cast their votes against them, as not qualified, and forthwith proceed to expel them. If members from a former slave holding State, after serving with distinction in the Federal army, and being duly elected in accordance with the law, present their credentials, they are not duly qualified unless their votes can be relied upon for the party in power. If a whole delegation from a State which was never out of the Union present themselves as duly elected representatives of the people, they are regarded as unqualified because they were presumed to be opposed to the party in power, and in order to destroy the influence of their delegation for a short time, a committee of investigation is appointed to go into their State to hunt up charges of disloyalty against them, and by such means the country is kept in a continual state of feverish excitement; industry is paralyzed; our flag waves mournfully over a drooping commerce; our shipyards are abandoned, (they were once the pride and boast of our Nation): the working men all over the land are being crushed between the upper and nether mill stones of Radicalism, in order that the Southern States may be crushed under one of the most humiliating military despotisms ever known to man. It is true the Southern people can take test oaths not found in the Constitution, and submit to other humiliating terms heretofore unknown in American legislation, but if they submit to the harsh terms presented them where is the assurance of their being restored to their former "rights, privileges, and immunities?" Permit me now to return to the qualifications of members of both Houses of Congress, and, in order to present the case as it is, I will refer doubting readers to the Constitution of our country, presuming them to know that it is the Supreme law of the land. See Art. 1st, Sec. 5th, to wit: "Each House shall be judge of the election returns and qualifications of its own members." Now we are naturally led to inquire what are the qualifications alluded to. It certainly cannot be possible that the framers of the Supreme law of the land left this to the whim or caprice of any party that might be in power; but, upon the contrary, we find the qualifications of members clearly defined in Art. 1st, Sec. 2, to wit: "No person shall be a representative who shall not have attained the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of the State in which he shall be chosen." The qualifications of Senators are similar, only they are required to be thirty years of age, and nine years a citizen of the United States. Therefore, when a member presents his credentials, and, possessing the qualifications specified in the Constitution, that branch of the legislative department to which he is chosen must, according to the letter and spirit of the Supreme law, administer the oath required by the Constitution. These are all of the qualifications found in the Constitution, and I am clearly of the opinion that Congress has no legal authority to interpose any other qualifications, but if they have the right so to do there is no use of holding any more elections by either party, from the fact that those now in Congress have only to declare the new members unqualified that they may hold the reins of government in their own hands unchanged. But, say the advocates of this arbitrary assumption of power, those rebels have forfeited all their rights and privileges by being connected directly or indirectly in the rebellion, and have no rights that Congress is bound to respect. But the query is, where is the law for rebellion or treason found, that disfranches one half or nearly one half of the citizens of the United States? Man is amenable to no law except he has violated the law. If a man commits a crime which the law defines as treason, he must be tried, if tried at all, by the law, which he violates. If there was a law prior to the rebellion which disqualifies men from exercising or enjoying the rights of citizens who engaged in the rebellion, then Congress has some excuse for disfranchising those who voluntarily entered the rebellion. But if there was no such law in force at the time of the rebellion then Congress has no legal right to disfranchise them, except such right as is found in the reconstruction and other acts, passed since the crime, if crime it is, was committed, and all laws passed making additional punishments after the offence is committed smacks a little too strong of the *ex post facto* to be very palatable to a lover of Constitutional liberty. Furthermore, Congress is prohibited from passing any *ex post facto* law; See Art. 1st, Sec. 9.

Working men! have we not sustained the party in power long enough; nay, have we not sustained it too long for our own and our country's interest? Look back over the past history of your country, from its infancy up to the time that the party in power undertook to administer the affairs of our country. Was there ever a happier or more prosperous people than we were prior to the advent of Radicalism to power; and was there ever a free people that lost their liberties so quick, or were burthened with a debt and taxes so heavy in so short a time as we are? Or was there ever a time in our lives when your busy hands found so little to do? And what are our prospects for the future with the same managers in power? Have they not over a two-thirds majority in both Houses; can they not pass any bill they please? Certainly they can; and if they will not restore the country to its former condition now, what assurance have we that they will when they obtain a new lease of power? You and I, and every other man who *depends upon industry* for the support of our families, cannot, or at least ought not, hazard the welfare of our families, and, more especially, that of our suffering country, merely to gratify politicians. When our government was administered in accordance with the laws, and each branch acted within its own legitimate sphere, and each respected and obeyed the decision of the Supreme Court as final, all was well with us; but the first departure from those National landmarks brought desolation upon us, and where can we find safety except by a return to those *fundamental principles transmitted to us* by our fathers, and which we are under a solemn obligation to preserve, unimpaired, for future generations; and in a default of a faithful discharge of our duty we become degenerate sons of noble sires. Working men! were you made for the government, or was the government made for you? Do you believe that the wealth producing, or working classes ought to toil like beasts of burden for a mere pittance, or will you assert those rights which you inherited from your fathers, and use your powerful influence to restore *your country to its former happiness,* prosperity, peace and fraternity. VULCAN.

MARRIED.

STETSON—EDDY—In Mina, N. Y., Feb. 25th, by Rev. J. W. Weatherby, Mr. Aaron L. Stetson, of North East, and Miss Annette E. Eddy, of Mina, N. Y.

LOOP—LOOP—In North East, Feb. 25th, by the same, Mr. Chester P. Loop, of Dunkirk, N. Y., Engineer on B. & E. R. R., to Miss Rosetta E. Loop, of North East.

CLAWSON—WEEKS—On the 23d ult., at the residence of H. B. Olmstead, in Pioneer, Oil Creek, by Rev. J. Wilson, of Corry, C. D. Clawson, of Lundy's Lane, to Miss Sarah A. Weeks, of Wattsburg.

THOMAS—WAKEFIELD—In Columbus, Feb. 6th, at the Stevens Hotel, by Rev. Mr. Scott, Mr. Al. Thomas, of Jamestown, N. Y., and Miss Jenny Wakefield, of Corry.

New Advertisements.

☞ Advertisements, to secure insertion, must be handed in by 8 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon. All advertisements will be continued at the expense of the advertiser, unless ordered for a specified time.

Constable.

GEORGE HILL offers himself as an independent candidate for re-election to the office of Constable, and pledges himself if elected to perform the duties faithfully. mh12-2w.

Justice of the Peace.

JOHN FERRIER offers himself as a candidate for the office of Justice of the Peace to the voters of the East Ward. If elected, he pledges to faithfully perform the duties of the office. mh12-2w.

For Rent.

THE ELEGANT STORE ROOM now occupied by G. W. Goodrich, No. 425 State street, will be for rent from April 1st. Rent $700. Enquire of WM. A. GALBRAITH. mh12-tf.

Warrant in Bankruptcy.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE that on the 9th day of March, A. D., 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States, for the Western District of Penn'a, against the estate of Wm. H. Ward, of Erie city, in the county of Erie, and State of Pennsylvania, in said District, adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of the Register, in the city of Erie, before S. E. Woodruff, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for said district, on the 14th day of May, A. D., 1868, at 10 o'clock, A. M.
THOMAS A. ROWLEY,
U. S. Marshal, Messenger.
By G. P. Davis, Dept. U. S. Marshal. mh12-4w.

Notice.

MY WIFE, CAROLINE E. FARGO, has left my bed and board, without just cause or provocation, and this is to notify all persons not to harbor or trust her on my account as I will pay no debts contracted by her after this date. THOMAS J. FARGO. mr5-3w.

JOB PRINTING of every kind, in large or small quantities, plain or colored, done in the best style, and at moderate prices, at the Observer office

New Advertisements.

We are Making a Complete
REVOLUTION IN TRADE!

And are selling for ONE DOLLAR, Silk, Merino, and Alpaca Dresses, Shawls, Balmorals, Linen Goods, Watches, Jewelry, Silver-Plated Ware, Sewing Machines, etc. Send clubs of ten or more, with 10 cents for each descriptive check and the getter up of the club will receive a present worth from $3 to $300, according to the number sent. Agents wanted everywhere. Circulars sent free. PARKER & CO., 61 and 63 Federal St., Boston. mh12-1m.

FARRAR HALL.

BLACK CROOK!

T. W. DAVEY & Co.....Proprietors.
G. MORTIMER.....Acting Manager.

This grand Fairy Spectacular Drama, the greatest wonder of the 19th century, which has been presented 165 times at Niblo's Garden, New York, will be presented at Erie for six nights,

March 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th & 14th.

THURSDAY EVENING,

First night of the Grand Ballet of the

SMUGGLERS' HORNPIPE,

Introducing Misses Hattie Rodgers, Julia Hill, Nellie Sanford, Lottie Forrest, and Dumont Sisters, with all the original scenic effects, introducing a full dramatic company, assisted by two principal Danseuse; 24 young and beautiful Corps-de-Ballet;

GRAND INCANTATION SCENE,
GROTTO STALACTITICS,
BATH OF BEAUTY,
DEMON DANCE,
AMAZONIAN MARCH,
AND TRANSFORMATION SCENE.

Saturday, March 14th,

BLACK CROOK MATINEE!

30 cents to all parts of the house, children 20 cts.

Tickets for the Matinee can be procured at Ensign's bookstore.

Admission 50 cts.; Reserved seats 75 cts. Secured seats can be obtained at the bookstore of D. P. Ensign. mh12-1w.

Annual Statement.

THOMAS STEWART, A. THOMPSON AND THOMAS WILLIS, Esqs., Directors of the Poor and House of Employment for the county of Erie, in account with the county of Erie for the year 1867:

RECEIPTS.

To cash received from Thomas Wilson for board	$151 00
" cash from Seneca and Lucinda Webster for board	31 00
" cash from Mrs. Pierce for board	50 00
" cash from sale of clover seed	140 45
" cash from Mrs. Blosser for board	50 80
" cash from A. King for barley	200 00
" cash from C. Kolb for Matthalen board	62 75
" cash from Hintulee board of Mrs. Snyder	32 00
" cash from Hawkins, board of son	50 00
" Warrant returned from I. P. Salisbury issued in error	35 72
" cash from County Commissioners	22,600 00
" cash from sales of sheep pelts	71 25
" Warrants in circulation	783 02
Total	$24,230 99

EXPENDITURES.

By Warrants issued for sundry bills as per vouchers on file, to out door paupers of all grades	$9,703 11
For railroad fares in passing paupers through the county	853 85
" advertising for plans for new building	11 75
" beehives $5.10, blacksmithing $73.92	79 02
" books and stationery $30.92, bricks $49.00	79 92
" permits and burying the dead	75 85
" beef $340.57, boots and shoes $10.25	350 82
" buckwheat flour $144.00, corn $60.00	204 00
" coffins $236.50, constable fees $23.78, crockery $5.50	242 78
" coal $161.50, crockery $15.00	176 50
" dry goods $1,419.68, drugs and medicines $78.54	1,498 22
" flour $164.50, furniture and fixtures $192.15	356 65
" groceries $1,932.00, hardware for House $81.84	2,014 54
" harness and repairs $28.80, incidentals $18.76	47 56
" Justice's fees $77.83, labor on farm $200	277 83
" Laura Raymond judgment vs. Directors of the Poor, costs and int	319 92
" lime and plaster $8.25, lumber $16.00	24 25
" leather and findings	148 58
" medical attendance for out door paupers	293 00
" meal $19.84; oil $3.25, 1 yoke oxen $150	153 09
" plows and points $25, pork $374.08	399 08
" printing and paper $63.60, sheep $211	274 60
" straw $6.00, soap $4.63, tobacco $83.42	94 05
" salary Thos. Stewart director 1 year	555 00
" salary Andrew Thompson, director 1 year, and mileage	140 00
" salary Thos. Willis, director 1 year	125 00
" salary Dr. Dickinson as physician 1 year	500 00
" salary H. A. Spencer as city physician 1 year	200 00
" salary B. E. Phelps as Corry physician 1 year	150 00
" salary Wm. M. Arbuckle, clerk 1 yr	200 00
" salary Calvin Pool as steward 1 year	500 00
" salary Miss Pool as seamstress "	78 00
" salary John H. Walker attorney "	50 00
" sleigh and sleigh shoes	53 95
" Treasurer's commission	107 80
" taking paupers to poor house	25 88
" threshing clover seed $30, weaving carpet $300	33 00
" Western Penn'a hospital	338 15
" wood $432.25, wheat $300	732 25
" potatoes $96.23, oats $7.25	103 48
" expenses of Directors to Buffalo to examine poor house buildings	23 75
" J. H. Whallon's expenses to Sing Sing and attorney's fees in the Greenlio case	42 55
" one share in Mill Creek hay scales	15 00
" farm tools and wagon repairs	30 30
" amount of warrants issued for bills passed	$21,582 30
" warrants in circulation last settlement	1,836 21
" paid balance due late treasure	5 11
" cash in treasury	755 37
Total	$24,230 99

We, the undersigned Auditors of the county of Erie, having met together at the office of the County Commissioners of said county, and having carefully examined the accounts of the Directors of the Poor and Alms House of Erie county, do report and certify that we find them correct as stated.

Given under our hands and seals this 15th day of January, A. D., 1868.
F. F. STOWE, [L. S.]
M. HARTLEIB, [L. S.]

Wm. M. Arbuckle, Treasurer, in account with Directors of the Poor for 1867:

	DR.
To cash from County Commissioners	$22,600 00
" cash for Sundries	877 97
Total	$23,477 97
	CR.
By warrants redeemed and cancelled by Auditors	$22,697 29
" cash paid to former treasurer	5 11
" cash in treasury	775 57
Total	$23,477 97
To balance in treasury	$775 57

We, the undersigned, Auditors of the county of Erie, having met together at the office of the County Commissioners of said county, and having carefully examined the accounts of Wm. M. Arbuckle, Treasurer of the Directors of the Poor and Alms House of Erie county, for the year A. D., 1867, as stated in the above account, and do report them correct; and that we find due the Directors, and in the hands of the said Treasurer, the sum of seven hundred and seventy-five dollars and fifty-seven cents.

Given under our hands and seals this 15th day of January, A. D., 1868.
F. F. STOWE, [L. S.]
M. HARTLEIB, [L. S.]

No. of out door paupers Jan. 1, 1867	424
Taken charge of during the year	1,112
Total	1,536
Discharged and died during the year	873
Remaining on hand Jan. 1, 1868	663
No. of inmates in House Jan. 1, 1867	119
Admitted during the year	121
Total	240
Died 12; out on trial 2; bound out 2; Penn'a Hospital 1; discharged 97	114
Remaining Jan. 1, 1868	126

Males 84; females 42—127.
WHERE BORN—America 56; Ireland 32; Germany 13; Canada 2; England 2; France 1; In House 17—121.
Ages of Paupers now in Poor House—1 to 5, 7; 5 to 10, 8; 10 to 15, 9; 15 to 20, 7; 20 to 25, 6; 25 to 30, 4; 30 to 35, 2; 35 to 40, 9; 40 to 45, 10; 45 to 50, 8; 50 to 55, 7; 55 to 60, 9; 60 to 65, 15; 65 to 70, 10; 70 to 80, 11; 80 to 90, 3; and 1, a colored woman, 109—126.
Physical Condition—Insane, 9; deaf and dumb, 3; cripples, 16; blind, 10; idiotic, 11; feeble minded, 2; lame 3; helpless, 5.

Meals and lodging furnished at Erie, Corry and Union, for out door paupers, transient, 330; and for transient paupers at Poor House, from one night to two weeks, of all grades, 21.

Produce of the farm for the year ending Dec. 31, 1867.—6 calf skins tanned on shares, 5 veals, weight 595 lbs., 75 lbs. honey, 4,180 lbs. pork, 101 sheep pelts, 391 bushels wheat, 71 bushels barley, 46 do. oats, 700 do. corn, 720 do. potatoes, 10 do. turnips, 30 do. onions, 15 do. tomatoes, 20 tons hay, 2,200 heads cabbage, 3,596 lbs mutton, 34 bushels clover seed, 50 do. apples, 13 do. beets, 10 do. parsnips, 1 calf sold for $3, 85 doz. candles, 40 barrels soap, and 250 lbs. butter.

Stock on Farm Jan. 1, 1868—150 chickens, 12 turkies, 22 ducks, 15 geese, 4 horses, 10 cows, 1 bull 2 years old, 21 shoats.

Articles Manufactured in the House for the year ending Dec. 31, 1868—Men's coats 25, pants 80 pair, vests 20, shirts 95, stockings 30 pair, shoes 35 do., handkerchiefs 25, overalls