NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC CONVEN-

by the last National Democratic Convention, at a meeting held this day at Washington, D. C., voted to hold the next Convention for the purpose of nominating candidates for President and Vice-President of the United States, on the 4th day of July, 1869, at 12 o'clock M., in the city of New York.

The basis of representation, as fixed by the storm from the army and navy, and a reform in the army and navy, and only by these means for the particular form the army and navy, and only by these means for the particular form the army and navy, and only by these means for the particular form in the army and navy, and only by these means for the collection of the result of the army and navy, and a reform in the army The basis of representation, as fixed by the last National Democratic Convention, is double the number of Senators and Repre-sentatives in Congress of each State under the last apportunities. the last apportionment.

Each State is invited to send delegates ac

eaddress :

Gentlemen of the Convention :- The politi-

Success has crowned your efforts and the great principles of civil liberty and constitu-

tional government have asserted their power

newed vigor and arise stronger and more determined than before.

The war and its attendant train of horrors

are remembered in sadness. Reason resumes

Christian charity now fills the place that ran-cor had usurped, and hate and bitterness are

lowly passing away.

The Radical party have shown their in-

capacity to govern the Republic, and the mass of their own adherents recognize the

It has given us "a broken and dissevered

vation of the rights of each of these i

The Constitution is the Supreme law. It

is the only evidence of powers granted by the

States and the people. It must be strictly pursued and implicitly obeyed. To sustain these truths more than three hundred thous-

and men, in conscious strength and quiet dignity, await your call, and this day speak

The report was agreed to without a dis-

The district delegates to the National Con-

vention and electors were then selected by

DELEGATES TO THE NATIONAL CONVENTION.

sidy; 2d, W. M. Reilly, W. C. Patterson; 3d, John E. Faunce, H. J. Linderman; 4th, Jeremiah M'Kibben; 5th, Charles M. Hurley, H. P. Ross; 6th, B. M. Boyer, John D. Stiles; 7th, John M. Brinton, Jackson Lyons; 8th, Binton, Jackson Lyons; 8th,

Hiester Clymer, Jeremiah Hageman: 9th.

William Patton, A. J. Steinman. 10th, F. W. Hughes, D. S. Hammond: 11th, D. W.

Jamlin, Henry S. Mott: 12th, J. B. Stark

William L. Corbett, Gaylord Church; 21st, John L. Dawson, James B. Sansom; 22d, John A. Strain, J. B. Guthrie; 23d, R. H.

Kerr, John T. Bard; 24th, A. A. Purman, D. S. Morris.

B. Morris.

REPRESENTATIVE ELECTORS.

1st district, C. E. Kemberly; 2d, Charles
M. Leisinring; 3d, Charles Buckwalter; 4th,
George R. Berrill; 5th, H. R. Cogshall; 6th,
Reuben Stahler; 7th, R. E. Moneghan; 8th,
David L. Wenrick; 9th, B. G. M'Grann; 10th,
Vm. Shirk; 11th, A. G. Brodhead, Jr.; 12th,
John Blanding; 12th, J. C. Amparane.

The Committee on Resolutions not being

ready to report, the Convention took a re-

cess, when speeches were made by Hon. G.

O. Deise, of Clinton, and Gen, Wm. McCand-

less, of Philadelphia. While the latter was

ed, through their Chairman, Judge Church,

Resolved, That the happiness of the people

the Constitution; and the prompt restoration of each and all of the States to the enjoy-

then of their rights and functions in the Union is essential to our progress, to our prosperity, and to the protection of our liberates; and radical legislation is the sole barri-

2. That the Constitution of the United

ent of their rights and functions in

er thereto.

the members from each district as follows:

Cresawell, of Cumberland.

Federal Union of the States.

essential to the existence of the whole.

each.

pervade the other.

George H. Paul. S. R. Lyman D. O. Finch, Isaac E. Eaton, H. B. Smith, Wm. M. Converse, Thomas Haynes, William McMillan, Gideon Bradford, W. G. Steel, W. A. Galbraith, John A. Nicholson, Wm. Aiken, Absalom H. Chappell George A. Houston, Odin Bowie, James Guthric, Joseph A. Rozier, A. B. Greenwood, John W. Liftwick, L. S. Trimble. Thomas Sweeny, John Patrick, Wilber F. Storey James W. McCorkle. W. L. Sharkey, John Hancock,

Lewis V. Bogy, John Hancock, John H. McKinny. AUGUST BELMONT, Chairman. FREDERIC O. PRINCE, Secretary. WASHINGTON, Feb. 22, 1868.

THE Radical State Convention met in Philadelphia on Wednesday, and re-nominated Hartranft and Campbell for Auditor and Survevor General; endorsed Grant for President unanimously; and presented Curtin to Vice President by a vote of 100 in his favor to 22 for all others. The resolutions dodge negro suffrage entirely; call for impeachment. and pledge the support of the party to Congress; oppose paying off the bonds in greenbacks; and instruct the delegates to vote as a unit at Chicago.

PROGRESS OF THE IMPEACHMENT

The Impeachment Rump have so far completed their preliminary arrangements as to organize their "high court" and fix upon next Friday, the 13th, as the day for the arraignment of the President. As the course of true love never did run smooth, these conspirators met with some unexpected difficulties in organizing a court under the forms of decency out of the political tatter-demalions of which it is composed. The Chief Justice, put upon his good behavior by the fearful re sponsibilities of his position, has manifested' a disposition to conduct the business with at least a show of fairness; but with his proverbial aptitude at whipping the devil around the stump, he has contrived to let Ben Wade the Judicial. Public good and private rights awar himself in as member of the Court, demand the preservation of the integrity of which is organized to swear Mr. Johnson on of office to make room for himself.

At 7 o'clock on Saturday evening the Serreant-at-Arms of the Senate called at the White House to serve upon the President the writ of summons in the impeachment. The proceedings were very brief, and did not appear to give Mr. Johnson much concern All the counsel of the President are not yet selected, but Judge Curtis, of Massachusetts, and David Dudley Field, of New York, have been regularly retained, and rumor has it that Judge Black and Attorney General Stanberry will be among the number.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

The Democratic State Convention, on the | Schuylkill county, was chosen temporary The Democrate State Convention, on the Schuyikhi county, was enosen temporary Isaac E. Hiester, Ath instant, was a great success in every re-President, and on taking his seat delivered a S. J. Randall. spect. Perfect harmony characterized all its stirring speech. A committee of thirty-three, John Latta. proceedings, and its work has undoubtedly consisting of one from each Senatorial dismet the approbation of the party generally. trict, was selected to report permanent offi-The nominations of Hon. Charles E. Boyle cers, and one of seven upon contested seats. for Auditor General, and Gen. Wellington H. The former committee brought in the name Ent for Surveyor General, will meet with of Hon. Wm. Hopkins, of Washington, for universal favor. Both are young men, and permanent President, with the usual long at large. Hon. Wm. A. Wallace was re-elect-Mr. Boyle has distinguished himself as a string of Vice Presidents and Secretaries. member of the Legislature from his native Mr. Hopkins' remarks on taking the chair for the ensuing year. county of Payette. His example is a good were brief and well received. The following one for the young men of Pennsylvania to resolution, offered by Mr. Zeigler, was agreed imitate. But a few years since he was a jour- to: neyman printer; at intervals he studied law, was admitted to practice, and is now one of the rising lawyers of Western Pennsylvania. He has ability of a high order, is a fine speaker, and what is best of all, is a thoroughly honest man. Gen. Ent is at present a practising lawyer of Columbia county, of which he is a native. He graduated at the Gaylord Church being the member from this Law University at Albany, New York, a district. The following gentlemen were short time previous to the outbreak of the placed in nomination before the Convention : war, and had commenced the practice of law in Bloomsburg, when the call to arms resounded through the land. Dropping his books he shouldered a musket as a private in the Sixth Pennsylvania Reserves, From that time forth, for a period of more than three years, he participated in carving out the brilliant war record of that gallant regiment. Step by step he rose—from private to lieutenant, from lieutenant to captain, from captain to major, from major to lieutenant colonel, from lieutenant colonel to colonel. colonel, from lieutenant colonel to colonel, which latter position he honorably and bravely filled at the muster out of the Reserves in 1864. For his "distinguished servi-ces" he was breveted a Brigadier General at John S. McCalmont, of Venaugo. the close of the war. Gen. Ent does not rest alone upon his war record. His legal and business knowledge is fully equal to the dis-

he has been nominated, With candidates like these, the Democratic party can scarcely fail to come out of the campaign victorious. It behooves every Democrat to buckle on his armor. The campaign can be commenced none too soon, and we trust the County. Ward and Township Committees will lay out the work, so that all can put their shoulders to the wheel at once. We want no laggards. Victory is within our grasp, and it must not be lost by suplneness or lethargy.

charge of the duties of the office for which

PACTS. It is a fact that Stanton declared that the Tenure-of-Office bill, under which he holds his office, was unconstitutional! It is a fact that Generals Grant and Sher

man urged Stanton to leave the Cabinet. It is a fact that Stanton remains in th Cabinet out of personal not patriotic motives. It is a fact that the impeachment resolutions were caused by spite, and by no other, reason!

It is a fact that John Sherman, and other Republican Senators, said no gentleman would want to remain in the Cabinet if the President did not want him to do so!

John Blanding; 13th, J. C. Ammerman; John Blanding; 13th, J. C. Ammerman; J4th, W. P. Withington; 15th, W. R. Gor-gas; 16th, Wm. P. Schell; 17th, Cyrus L. Pershing; 18th, A. C. Noyes; 19th, Wm. A. Galbraith; 20th, John R. Packard; 21st, James C. Clark; 22d, James H. Hopkins; 23d, Edward S. Golden; 24th, Samuel B. Wilson It is a fact that Sumner, Wade and others who are to try the President, have already made up their verdict, and the trial will only be a sham!

THE ISSUE OF THE DAY.

However much Eastern lournals may talk about negro suffrage and reconstruction, the speaking, the Committee arrived, and reportgreat question which must be met and decided in the next Presidential campaign, will be the following: the proper adjustment of the national debt and the reduction of taxes to all classes. The negro suffrage question was presented to the power as a Republic depends upon the perservation of the Union and the preservation of the Constitution, and the preservation of the Constitution and the preservation of the Constitution. ple have answered and decided it. . The public debt and taxation are presented by the Democracy and must be met in the coming political struggle. Greenbacks for bonds will

A vERT poor "article"-any one of the impeachment atticles.

that platform

be the rallying cry, and the candidate of the

Democracy for President must stand upon

Democratic State Convention. changed in the manner provided therein, that The Democratic State Convention assembled in the Hall of the Heuse of Representatives at Harrisburg, at noon on Wednesday, the 4th of March, and was called to order by

Hon. Wm. A. Wallace, Chairman of the ling to the overthrow of the Government it-Democratic State Central Committee. The self.

3. That the Radicals in Congress have attendance was larger than at any previous assemblage of the kind for years, it being estimated that not less than five thousand less extrargance; their system of taration in the properties and incompanies and incompanies. persons were attracted to Hafrisburg by the is ill-devised, incongruous and inequitable, occasion. The delegations from Crawford, and they have mismanaged the large revenues thus obtained; that rigid economy in Northampton, Bradford, Warren, Susque-hanna, Sullivan, and a portion of the Erie del-in the number of the officials, reduction in egates, were detained by the storm from the army and a reform in the mode Northampton, Bradford, Warren, Susque-

Church sat in the Convention for Crawford county, and Mr. Pennell, of Venango, for Warren. In calling the Convention to order, Mr. Wallace made the following admirable county for the Southern States to their just relations in the Union, and for the government of their people by military rule; that the purpose of these measures is to perpetu-ate Radical power through the votes of illitcal events of the past year are full of reasons for pride in your strength and confidence in primary causes of the present prostrate confidence in primary causes of the past year are full of reasons are reasons. lition of productive industry in all its de nartments

5. That in enacting the Tenure-of-Office Law, the Legislative and Executive branches of the Government, each of itself, had the right to judge of its constitutionality, and over the minds of the people.

These great doctrines gave birth to our organization, and when we are defeated in their support, like the fabled Anneus when hurled to his mother earth, we gather therefrom rethat, in so exercising the right, the Executive was but obeying that portion of his oath of office which requires him to "preserve, protect and defend the Consuttation of the Unite States," and that it is the right of every branch of the government, and of every citizen to have questions involving the consti-tutionality of any law speedily adjudged by the Supreme Court of the United States, and of all the people to have said decisions enits throne, and designing men can no longer attain their selfish ends by appeals to passion.

6. That the pending impeachment of the President of the United States is a gross and reckless abuse of power, without justifiable cause, and intended for the attainment of party purposes, at the sabrifice of the most

fact.
Famine and crime, military rule, insecurity of life and property, the negro dominant, the white race oppressed, are the proofs of this in one section, while grinding taxation, uncertainty in business and financial distress perity of the nation.

8. That the national debt should be paid Union;" corruption and extravagance in the use of the public money, confusion in monetary affairs, and mismanagement of the im-

based.

9. That the five-twenty bonds and the mense revenues it has wrung from the people.
It can unite upon no policy, but the per-petuation of its own power. In the mad spirit of faction, it seeks to strip the Executive of his prerogative, and to ignore the sacred functions of the Judiciary. required to receive legal tenders in paynent.

10. That every species of property should

It tramples upon the organic law, reverses our traditions, and brands as criminal every attempt to stay its wild career.

Our form of government is the external bear its fair proportion of taxation, and that the exemption of Government bonds there-from is unjust and inequitable. evidence of our capacity for self-government, for governments are what the people make 11. That we recognize with emotions of the deepest gratitude the efforts of the gallant volunteer soldiery, who so freely took up arms to defend the flag and prevent the de-If we can govern ourselves, we can sustain the government we love, and can safely trust to the force of ideas, to the march of mind, struction of the Union; and that we de nounce as an insult to them the efforts of the Radicals to prevent a restoration of the those who, through the forms of law, attack Union until negro supremacy is established in certain States, and negro equality made

the vital spirit of our institutions.

The people have ordained a free system of 12. That the naturalization of foreign born laws and a complex yet simple organism; the people, the States and the Union. The itizens places them upon the same as those born in the country, and it is the duty of the Government to see that all citi zens, naturalized or native, are protected in To maintain these they have created the three great co-ordinate branches of the government; the Executive, the Legislative and their rights of life, liberty and property abroad, as well as at home, and that, in the view of the Democracy, the flag of the country ought and must be made to protect all

each.

Sovereignty is in the people; the government is their creature, woven to protect their liberties; its division into independent branches was of the very essence of the system; the destruction of either is a stride toward tyranny. The organic law defines the powers of each, and to that law each must be conformed. Mr. Turner, of Luzerne, offered the follow ng resolution, which was agreed to:

. The Convention, on the third ballot: nominated Hon. Chas. E. Boyle, of Fayette, for Auditor General. Col. Wellington H. Ent. of Columbia, was nominated for Surveyor General on the second ballot. The following is the vote for delegates at large to the Na tional Convention :

through you for obedience to law, for the Government of the Constitution and for the G. W. Woodward, Hon, Wm. M. Randall, State Senator from Wm. Bigler, Asa Packer, J. P. Barr, J. S. M Calmont.

Messrs. Heister, Packer, Woodward and delays was, that the delegates did not reach Bigler having received a majority of all the Harrisburg till midnight of Wednesday, just votes, were declared duly elected delegates as the Convention adjourned. Some half a ed Chairman of the State Central Committee got on board at Williamsport, were in the

PENDLETON IN MAINE.

It has been stated that Mr. Pendleton's Resolved, That a committee of thirty-three. strength is confined exclusively to the West selected by the delegates from each district, be appointed to frame resolutions, and that all resolutions relative to platform be referred our Maine on the 3d together with the progor, Maine, on the 3d, together with the pro ceedings heretofore published from various places in New Hampshire, Connecticut, New senting vote in the Convention. The Com-York, Maryland and elsewhere, will, we mittee on resolutions was appointed, Hon. think, convince the most skeptical that in every respect he is a national candidate

Here is the resolve : "Resolved, That in the Hon. George H Auditor-General-Jacob Zeigler, of Butler; N. W. H. Davis, of Bucks; C. E. Boyle, of Pendleton, of Ohio, we recognize a states-man of profound wisdom, of unflinching in-Fayette; A. D. Markley, of Montgomery; D. H. Neiman, of Northampton; Jos. F. Knipe, of Dauphin.

Surreyor General—P. F. Collins, of Schuylkill; J. M. Cooper, of Franklin; D. Carskaddon, of Clinton; W. H. Ent, of Columbia; J. Crescynell of Cumbusland. tegrity, of devoted patriotism, and of high and eminent abilities and genius; conse-crated to the Constitution and the Union, whose views on all the great questions of the hour, and especially in regard to the payment of the public debt, the taxation of the Government bonds, and a proper and equal system of taxation of all other property, meet the wishes, convictions and necessities of the people of this Congressional district. We, therefore, hail, and sustain with the heartiest approbation, the action of the united Democ-—Isaac E. Heister, of Lancaster; Asa Packer, of Carbon; Samuel J. Randall, of Philadelphia; Geo. W. Woodward, of Luzerne; William Bigler, of Clearfield; John Latta, of racy of the great West and North-west, in nominating him for the Presidency of the

Delegates to the National Convention were chosen and instructed for Pendleton.

nited States.

LATE ELECTIONS.

The town elections in New York have all most invariably been favorable to the Demoof the State, show a Democratic gain of seventy-three Supervisors, over last spring The gains are almost entirely in the rural districts, where people are usually slowest tochange their political opinions. Careful figbeen a general election the State would have gone Democratic by one hundred thousand

R. P. Little; 13th, Michael Meylert, David
Lowenberg; 14th, David M. Crawford, Wm.
H. Miller; 15th, John A. Magee, John Gibson; 16th, George W. Brewer, John R. Donehue; 17th, James Burns, Owen Clark; 18th, in favor of George A. Auchinbaugh, William Brindle;
19th, Byron, D. Hamlin, Wm. L. Scott; 20th, William L. Carbett, Gaylerd Church, 21st, William L. Carbett, Gaylerd Church, 21st, Milliam L. Carbett, Gaylerd Church, 21st, 21st The election in New Hampshire has gone in favor of the Radicals by a reduced majority on the largest vote ever cast in that State. The Radical candidate for Governor has less than 3,000 majority, against 3,146 last year, 4,656 in 1866, and 6,128 in 1865. At this rate, not many years will elapse until the Radical

preponderance is overthrown. Local elections in Pennsylvania, New Jer sey and New England show Democratic gains in nearly every instance, though now and then a Radical gain is reported.

What the people are determined to have is a reduction of taxes to a point which will yield revenue enough to pay the interest on years, the cost of it is as severely felt as when it was at its height, if, indeed, its evils are not more grievous. High taxes make up s good proportion of the large prices paid for every commodity, and the 'sooner they are

A Race for a Convention. The little rumpus created in our party ranks, within the last few weeks, has created so much interest that it will, perhaps, be expected of us to furnish a statement of its concluding features.

Two of the delegates appointed by the

5 o'clock on Monday afternoon, the 2d inst.,

by way of the Philadelphia & Erie R. R. The road was blocked up by the snow, but the officers thought the train would work through, and more in hope than confidence the delegates started upon their journey. Meantime, Capt. Hutchinson found it impossible to leave Girard and telegraphed a substitution to Harrisburg, authorizing Judge Marvin to take his seat in the Convention. The train moved along very well, with three engines in advance, until it came to Sheffield. when one of the engines ran off the track. This caused a detention of several hours. When matters had been righted, the train again went ahead to Kinzus Station, near where it was ascertained that three locomotives attached to the Westward bound train were tast in the snow. The engines from the Erie train were detached for their relief, leaving the cars upon the Kinzua siding. In undertaking to return, one of the locomotives went off the track, and it was twentysix hours before the road was passable again. The delegates had taken a huge lunch along. which they divided among the other passenat Kinzua the prospects looked doleful tution. The white vote is insignificant-not enough, although all on board the train took over one in twenty. it as coolly as men could be expected to do o'clock, hunger began to get the upper hand. to be made upon one of the three shantles 7. That a return to appecie paying basis at the joy of all on board when the messenger the earliest practicable moment is essential to the interests of the people and the prospective of the patients. shanty of Mrs. Harrigan in fifteen minutes At the appointed time, the whole party s rapidly as is consistent with the ability of formed a line, and betook themselves to the he people and in accordance with the terms hospitable mansion mentioned, where they found a meal "fit to set before a king." What it lacked in quality it made up in quantity. tegal tender notes are component parts of the same financial system, and, until the Gorernment is able to redeem the legal tenders in coin, the holders of those bonds should be It wasn't exactly such a meal as we would have relished at home, but, situated as we were, it tasted as good as Upson & Dobbin's best. We trust none of our readers may have the misfortune to ever be detained a whole day at Kinzua, but whenever they are, we recommend the Harrigan House to their attention. They will find it roomy and airythe rooms being two in number, and the air coming in in healthful quantities through inch wide gans beneath the doors and windows-and the landlady just as honest and cheerful hearted a specimen of an Irish woman as they can meet in a week's travel. She informed us that she had several boarders, besides a husband and two children. We looked around where they could be stowed, and came to the conclusion that it must either be on the floor, roof, or outside. One locality was apparently as comfortable as the other. Yet, cheerless as the suroundings were, this jolly little woman was as happy as the birds, and alleged that she felt perfectly contented. "We'se havn't Resolved. That the delegates from Pennsylvania to the National Convention, be and they are hereby instructed to vote as a unit for President and Vice President, as well as the doctor, sur, in four years; not even when the doctor, sur, in four years : not even when the baby, bless its little soul, was born." The train lay at Kinzua till midnight Tuesday. when it started again on its eastward way, reaching Kane about two o'clock. Here, by

the kindness of the landlord, we secured a first-class meal, late as it was, but another accident interfered with our progress: Just as the train was ready to start, a tender of one of the locomotives was discovered to be went smoothly until near Renova, when another obstacle interfered to cause a detention 21 of several hours. The upshot of all these

had a happier time, we envy them the privi-The delegates appointed by the Monday evening meeting started on Tuesday morning, by way of the Pittsburgh and Pennsylget through on time, reaching Harrisburg on press. Yet this is precisely what the Radinoon they pushed their claims in a lively manner, and in the absence of the other delegates, succeeded in creating considerable feeling in their favor. Judge Marvin took his seat as substitute for Capt. Hutchinson, and the contestants promptly put in a demand for their seats, the names of the delegates appointed by the Co. Committee having been regularly placed on the rolls of the Convention. A committee on contested seats was appointed, before whom each side was summoned to appear. Messrs. Scott, Thompson, Sloan and Camphausen made speeches, and were replied to by Judge Marvin. The Committee sat about half an hour, and unanimously reported the following resolution, which was adopted by the Convention without a dissenting voice:

same delightful fix. All took it good natured-

ly, and if the members of the Convention

"Resolved, That Benjamin Whitman, Sens torial, Capt. Hutchinson and W. W. Lyle, Representative delegates, are duly entitled to

seats from Eric county. At seven o'clock, the Convention met for an evening session, and, it being ascertained that the missing delegates could not be pres-1st District, William McMullen, L. C. Cas- crats. Returns from thirty counties, or half cnt, on Judge Marvin's motion, B. F. Sloan was admitted as a substitute for Benj'n Whitman, and E. Camphausen as a substitute for W. W. Lyle. These gentlemen participated in all the subsequent proceedings of lin were selected as Congressional delegates to the New York Convention, and Wm. A. Galbraith as elector for the 19th district. This arrangement was the result of a compromise proposed by the delegates from the harmonizing the difficulties in Erie county.

And thus ends this "strange, eventful history," and may we never be called upon to detail another of its kind. The compromise agreed upon gives general satisfaction and the confident anticipations of a "split," which the Radical organs have been gloating over, and doing so much to encourage, are doomed to disappointment. The rank and file of the party, from one end of the county to the other, refuse to permit a local squabble to interfere with the unity of the organization, quarter it may.

THE Legislature of Maryland has elected Hon. Geo. R. Vickers to the U.S. Senate, in: place of Hon Philip R. Thomas, refused a seat, and he has been admitted, making the

had displaced have been restored to power

POLITICAL BREVITIES.

the Norfolk Virginian, as a "blasphomous old light-wood knot."

Ex-PRESIDENT PIERCE thinks the Demoratic party will be greatly strengthened by County Committee, started for Harrisburg at the violence of the Radicals in impeaching the President.

A RICHMOND negro, who draws his soup rations at the Bureau was asked if he got a a good article. "Dunno, sir; we feeds it to our pig," was the response.

STANTON wrote the veto of the Tenure-of-Office bill. But the vile wretch now clings to it though it never applied to him. He is charged with advising secession just before the war broke out. In the few towns heard from in Maine, at

the city and town elections on the 3d inst. the following results are shown: Portland, Democratic gain since November, 1867, 480; Rath ditto, 64 : Lewiston, ditto, 208 Saco Radical gain 64. Sour one has attempted to condense the story of the New York Constitutional Con-

brought forth a black baby, Negro Suffrage, the father of which (H. G.) has run away. THE official returns of the late election in Alabama have been made up. Of one hundred and seventy-one thousand registered gers for breakfast, and when it was found voters, only a little over seventy thousand that the whole day would have to be spent | were cast, and not all of them for the Consti-

vention in one brief sentence. After nine

months of gestation and parturition, it

THE Constitution of the United States deunder the circumstances. About three clares that "The President shall be Comman der-in-Chief of the Army and Navy of the and it was suggested that a raid would have United States." In the face of this, General Grant has given orders, to the military offlwhich constitute the city. The plan was no cere not to obey any orders of the President sooner broached than adopted, and great was unless they are sent through his department.

> Triose patriotic Governors who say their tendered 100,000 men as if they were so many birds, had better keep cool. Do they remember that drafting had to be resorted to. in 1864 and 1865, to get men, and that the people are not so anxious for the "next war" as Governors, ex-Quartermasters and Sutlers ?

THE Tribune has confessed the secret of its passion for impeachment. There is no news in the confession, but it, has the merit of candor nevertheless. Andrew Johnson is to be impeached—for the crime of "treachery to the party which elected him!" "In the opinion of some," blandly observes the eminent publicist of the Tribune, this is the "greatest crime" he has committed. No doubt

WE are taxed about one hundred and fifty millions a year in order to pay interest on the war debt! If this interest were to be paid in greenbacks-which we have to take as money-we would be free of this tax! If we have to take greenbacks in place of gold, why should not the bondholders take the same? Why does not the Government print off some more greenbacks and pay bondhold ers, in place of taxing the people?

THE Philadelphia Sunday Transcript, an original Grant paper, in speaking of the General, says he has "forfeited all claim to respect as a gentleman, or confidence as a soldier," and that "he has suffered his lust for office to override his manhood," and further more says, "a candidate who commences his career in deceit will not fail to find shame i nothing worse, in the end."

In a certain school district in New Hampshire there is a debt of about \$3,000, to be apportioned among sixty voters. One man who is worth \$40,000, is assessed \$66 while another worth a few thousand and doing a small manufacturing business, is assessed \$325; and thus it is through the dis-86 off the track, which occasioned a detention trict—the poor laboring men taxed beyond of five or six hours. From Kane everything endurance, while the rich bondholders receive all the benefits, without sharing the burdens So it is everywhere.

FROM Washington to Lincoln, every President has exercised the right to remove mem bers of their Cabinet whenever they thought such a course right and proper. No one ever doubted or denied their authority to do so under the Constitution, or talked of impeaching them for preferring one man to another for Secretary of War or Postmaster General. Yet now, Andrew Johnson is impeached for doing this very act.

THE proposition to pay in greenbacks a debt contracted to be paid in coin, is denomvania roads, and were tortunate enough to inated "bold repudiation" by the Radical Wednesday morning. From daylight to cals of New York and Pennsylvania have done. They passed a law changing the payment of the State interest from specie to greenbacks, and their journals openly and boldly defended the measure. For this bill every Radical in the Legislature voted, and it was promptly approved by a Radical Governor. The masses throughout the State fully understand who are the real practical repudiators.

MONEY-LENDER A and R live side by side. A. had ten thousand dollars. B. had one son and no money: but B. gives his only son to the war. That son was his only dependence. He was crippled in the war for life. B. has no support left in consequenc of the war. But A. puts his \$10,000 in bonds and receives annually 7-30 per cent., amount ing to \$730 per year. A. pays no tax, but B. a taxed \$100 for an inconsiderable farm. Is this showering the taxes equally? or is it not rather an improvement on the burdensome English plan, which so many trival to escape

by emigration to this country? IN THE Legislature lately, John Hickman Radical member from Chester county, pre sented a project he had much at heart-to establish a line of steamers from the United States to the black Republic of Liberia, in Africa. Hickman was of opinion that such the Convention, helping to select candidates, a line would repay the stockholders, and paures lead to the estimate that if there had and choose the delegates to the National thetically implored his fellow members to Convention. When the choice by districts vote for it. A Democratic member rose, and was made, W. L. Scott and Byron D. Ham. in a pathetic voice, said, he had an amendment to offer to Mr. Hickman's bill to establish that line of steamers to Liberia, and read it as follows-"That every steamer should carry from the United States to the said Liberia a cargo of negroes." Roars of other counties of the district, for the sake of laughter followed all over the House, and

John sat down quite chop-fallen. A RADICAL paper says "the public debt must be paid," but it insists the proposition, to pay it in greenhacks, or the payment of it in greenbacks, is not a payment. Why ne A? Does it propose that there shall be one kind of currency for the people and another for the bondholders? The creditors of the Government receive nothing but greenbacks for the payment of their accounts, yet this, it contends, is no payment in fact. Such is the the National debt, and an economical general and will indignantly rebuke any attempt to currency the Government pays the people al Government. With the war ended three perpetuate the feud, let it come from what currency the Government pays the people stance, why should it not in all? Or does the Radical insist that greenbacks are good enough for the people, but the bo ndholders must have gold?

Less is the Word! Less Taxe tion! Less demand for labor is on the decline. The waiting laborer must be fed, and fasting will, in this country, surely breed the discontent noticed among the laborers in other lands, where bread is scarce and work is not to be had. The specification was to put the labor of the country in motion is to reduce the taxes which now cripple capital and keep it out of long engagements. The sooner Congress takes the financial policy in hand the better.

The demand for labor is on the decline. The publican form of government, but finding on the ground that Maryland has not-a Republican form of government, but finding himself in a minority, withdrew the resolution.

Less Rudicalism! Less Register, the city of Rrie, Fenna, to show cause, if say they have, with a distinguistion of the country in motion is to reduce the taxes which now cripple capital and keep it out of long engagements. The sooner Congress takes the financial policy in hand the better. Less Froth and Foam and More Solid Sub-

"Cunses, like chickens, always come home o roost." During the Lincoln administra-

BER. WADE has just been designated, by tion it was adjudged to be treason of the rankest kind to take up arms against the government, which then was the Executive.-Geary, of Pennsylvania, Merrill, of Iowa, and a few other valliant spirits, now propose to organize a military force to fight the President of the United States, who, by virtue of the Constitution, is Commander-in-Chief of all the land and naval forces of the United States. Judging by Lincoln logic, what are these fellows guilty of?

> SUMNER calls the President a "criminal." and then will sit as one of the judges to try him! So with nearly all the Radical Senators. They have condemned him already-denounced him personally and politicallythey admit he is an obstacle to the accomplishment of their selfish and party purposes. and yet will pronounce upon his guilt or innocence. What a mockery of justice!

THE condition of the South and the feel ings of the Southern people 'cannot be successfully misrepresented long in the face of such facts as the journey of Sergeant Bates across the Southern States, with only the stars and stripes for his scrip and purse, and the safe sojourn for weeks of Gen. Butler's wife at Aiken, South Carolina.

No President of the United States has ever before been impeached, and it is left to the party that claims all the honesty, intelligence and patriotism of the land to impeach the man they elected, and who, in their estimation, until 1866, was one of the greatest statesmen in the country.

THE Tribune clamorously demands a Pres ident who can "take an oath." If popular rumor belie him not, the President, Wade, whom the Tribune is helping its revolutionary friends of the Rump to make, can take more oaths in a given time than any other member of the Senate.

This is the financial plank of the Radical platform-two kinds of money for two constituents are "panting" to fight, and have kinds of men." National bank rags for the people, and national gold coin for the rich hondholders. Who goes for the party that is for making the rich richer and the poor poorer?

A "constant reader" writes to ask if the Radical Rump Senate is to be called a "High Court of Impeachment." what might be considered a low Court of that sort just now?

THE Cincinnati Enquirer says the selec tion of New York as the place of holding the National Democratic Convention is entirely satisfactory to the friends of Mr. Pendleton.

Fond Hearts are Waiting tor Thee. BY B. W. LACF.

Come, brother, return from the land of the stranger,
And seek a repose in the home of thy youth,
Forgetting the past with its toils and its dan-As cheered by the words of affection and

Though far, far away from the friends that invite you, You've wandered, nor found the contentment you sought; Return to the scenes that must ever delight, you, And rest in the joy that thy presence hath brought.

Then come to the mansion where loved one await you,

And smiles of glad welcome thy greeting shall be.
Where visions of joy shall forever clate you,
For true hearts and fond hearts are waiting for thee.

While songs that you loved in life's golden morning
Shall waken the feeling of rapture again, The blossoms of promise thy pathway adorn ing. Shall bring the sweet respite from sorrow

and pain. The voices of loved ones so tender and thrilling,
Which cheered thy lone spirit in life's early day,
Are pleading; and eyes, that with moisture are filling,
Implore thy return; then no longer delay.

Then haste to the mansion where loved ones await you, And smiles of glad welcome thy greeting shall be;
There visions of joy shall forever elate you,
For true hearts and fond hearts are waiting

for thee. DIED. STERRETT—March 5th, 1868, of typhoid fever, Robert T. Sterrett, aged 76 years, 6 months and 17 days. MARTIN-At Middleboro, Pa., Feb. 28th. after a severe and protracted illness, Geo A. Martin, aged 38 years and 4 months. SMITH—On Friday morning, March 6th, Laura G. Smith, only daughter of Mrs. John Reed, aged 15 years, 8 months and 3

THAYER-At her residence in South Eric, on the 9th inst., Mrs. Almira Thayer, wife of the late Dr. Albert Thayer, aged 63 years. SAWDEY-In Lockport, Feb. 16th, at the resi dence of her daughter, Mrs. Wm. Aldrich, Mrs. Nancy Sawdey, aged 87 years. AMPSON—At Middleboro, March 4th, 1868, Horace, son of Hartley Lampson, aged about 20 years. MARTIN—In McKean, on the 27th ult., Mr. G. A. Martin, aged 38 years. CHELLIS—In Erie, on the 4th inst., Ettie Margaret, twin daughter of W. L. Chellis,

dec'd, aged 3 months and 18 days. Drown—Suddenly, in Greene Tp., on the 13th of February, Mary Catharine, infant daughter of Ezra and Laura Drown. EUGENIA HAIR RESTORER.—The cheapest

and best. Mammoth bottles only 75 cents.
The Eugenia Hair Restorer eclipses all known discoveries for the rapidity with which it restores gray and faded hair to its original color, promotes its rapid and healthy owth, prevents and stops it when falling f, and is a most luxuriant hair dressing for the human hair and head, rendering it soft, silky and lustrous. Sold by S. Dickinson & Son, sole agents in Erie. dec12-1y.

New Advertisements.

JARECKI & METZ, 1123 State St., Erie, Pa.,

Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of BRASS WORKS, Gas, Steam and Lead Pipe, CISTERN, FORCE & WELL PUMPS,

HOSE Sheet Brass and Brass Wire. We also manufacture LIGHTNING RODS, SUCKER RODS,

Brass Castings, , And the Celebrated ? Four Cup Ball Valve!

Generally used in the oil regions.

Discharge in Bankruptey.

mr5-3m.

N THE DISTRICT COURT of the United States for the Western Dis rict of Penn-ylvania, H. H. Lockwood, a hankrupt under the

822 French Street, Erie, Pa. myrei-tm.

JOB PRINTING of every kind, in large or small quantities, plain or colored, done in the best style, and at moderate prices, at the Chartyer office.

Ath Adbertisements.

ERIE RAILWAY Great Broad Gange Double Track Route to NEW YORK, BOSTON,

and the New England Cities. This Railway extends from Dunkirk to New This Railway extends from Dankirk to New York, 430 miles. Buffalo to New York, 423 miles. Salamainca to New York, 415 miles. And is from 21 to 27 MiLES THE SHORTEST ROUTE. All trains run directly through to New York, 420 MiLES, without change of coaches.

From and after Nov. 25, 1857, trains will leave, in connection with all the Western Lines, as follows: From DUNKIRK and SALAMANCA—by New York time—from Union Depotis: 7:30 A; M., Express Mail from Dunkirk daily (except Sundays). Stops at Salamanca at 16:00 A. M., and connects at Hornellsville and Corning with the 8 A. M. Express Mail from Buffalo and arrives in New York at 7 A. M.

M. Lightning Express, from Salamanca illy (except Sundays). Stops at Hornelis-ille 525 P. M., (Supper), intersecting with the 220 P. M. train from Buffalo, and arrives new York at 7 A. M.

M. New York Night Express, from Dunited daily descent Sundays. Stops at Salakirk daily (except Sundays). Stops at Sala-manca at 6:40 P. M., and arrives in New York at 12:30 P. M., connecting with afternoon trains and steamers for Boston and New New Arrive (Ather trains and steamers for Boston and New England Cities, 53 P. M. Cincinnati Express, from Dunkirk (Sindays excepted). Stops at Salamanc. 11:55, P. M., and connects at Hornellsville with the 11:30 P. M. Train from Buffalo, arri-ving in New York 3:55, P. M.

ving in New York 3:5, P. M.

From Buffulo-by New York time-from Depot corner Exchange and Michigan Sts.:
5:15 A. M., New York Day Express, daily (except Sundays). Arrives in New York at 10:30 P. M. Connects at Great Bend with Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad, and at Jersey City with midnight express train for Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.
8:00 A. M. Express Mail, via. Avon and Hornells-ville, daily (except Sunday). Arrives in New York at 7:00 A. M.
2:20 P. M., Lightning Express, daily (except Sunday), connecting with morning express train for Boston and New England cities.
Arrives in New York at 7:00 A. M.
6:10 P. M., New York Night Express, daily. Connects at Hornellsville with the £:15 P. M. train from Dunkirk, and arrives in New York at 1:230 P. M.

6:10 P. M., New York Night Express, daily. Connects at Hornellsville with the 1:52 P. M. train from Dunkirk, and arrives in New York at 12:30 P. M.

12:30 P. M., Cincinnati Express, daily (except Sundays). Arrives is New York at 3:57 M. Connects at Emira with Northern Central Railway, for Williamsport, Harrisburg, Philadelphis, Baitlinore and Washington; at Great Bend with Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad, and at New York with afternoon trains and steamers for Boston and New England cities.

Only one train East on Sunday, leaving Buffaloa té 10 P. M., and reaching New York at 12:30 P. M., in advance of all other routes.

Boston and New England passengers, with their baggage, are trans erred, free of charge, in New York.

The best Ventilated and most Luxurious Sleeping Cars in the World accompany all night trains on this Railway.

Baggage checked through and fare always as low as by any other route.

Baggage checked through and low as by any other route.

ASK FOR TICKETS VIA. ERIE RAILWAY, which can be obtained at all principal ticket offices in the West and South-West.

H. RIDDLE, WM, R. BARR, Gen'l Bup't. Gen'l Pass, Ag't. feb15'64, Farms for Sale.

VE OFFER for sales number of good Farms in different parts of the county at material reduction from former prices. Bayers should not fail to see our list before purchasing. FIRST FARM—Is 33 acres, 5 miles west of the city, fair buildings, orchard of grafted fruit, all kinds of fruit, soil all the best of gravel and black wainut soil. We think we are safe in saying that no better small place can be found in the county. Buyers can learn more particulars from J. A. French, 521 French street, a former owner, or John H. Carter, the present owner. SECOND FARM—Is the David Russell place, and formerly a part of the Thos. McKee property: 74 acres, about ten acres timber which has not been culled: 2 story new frame dwelling house, new barn. Fences good. Price, 57,000; about \$2,500 in hand. Soil—all of the best sand and grayel. and gravel.

We believe the above farms in point of soil, character of the neighborhood, schools, churches, &c., &c., offer attractions seldom found in this county, and more, they are cheap.

BARGAINS IN BUILDING LOTS.

8 Building Lots, Price \$400.

8 " " \$500.

3 " " \$500.

and 250 north east corner Buffalo and Chestnut streets. This desirable property is about 120 rods from the depot, dry gravel soli, good water. A number of fine Dwellings and a large store have been built on the block this season, and quite a number more will be built the coming year. We think them to be the best investments in a small way now offering. Terms \$50 in hand, balance on time.

COTTAGE HOUSE,
Modern Style, Complete Finish, all the Modern Conveniences, Situate on Mystle, between Ninth and Tenth streets—the Dr. Whilldin property—1/2 City Lot. FOR SALE.

At great reduction, a number of Private Resdences, at prices much reduced. Now is the lime to get bargains.

FOR SALE.
A number of Lots on Third and Fourth streets between Holland and German. Terms \$50 to \$100 in hand, balance on six years time, jab-tf. HAYFS & KEPLER.

LATEST & BEST

THE GREAT AMERICAN COMBINATION.

Button Hole, Overseaming

AND SEWING MACHINE! Is warranted to execute in the best ma

ner every variety of Sewing Hemming Felling Cording Tucking, Braiding, Gath Fring, Quilting, Overseaming, Embroider ng on the edge, and in addition make penatiful Button and Eyeleg Holes in al IT HAS NO EQUAL!

Being absolutely the best Family Machine

In the World, and Intrinsically the Cheapest, for it is two Machines combined in one by a simple and beautiful mechanical ar-Circulars with full particulars and sam-ples of work done on this machine, can be had on application at the SALES-ROOMS OF THE COMPANY.

South-West Corner of Eleventh and PHILADELPHIA. Instructions given on the Machine gra-

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AGENTS WANTED

To Sell this Machine

Agent for Erie, Warren and Crawfor ounties. jail6'68-ly. O. NOBLE. L. H. HALL Bay State Iron Works!

NOBLE & HALL, Founders, Machinists and Boiler Makers.

Works Corner Peach and 3d Sts., Erie, Pa Having made extensive additions to our machinery, we are prepared to fill all orders promptly for Stationery, Marine and Portable Engines

Of all sizes, either with single or out-off valves STEAM PUMPS, SAW MILL WORK, BOIL-ERS, STILLS, TANKS, ETC. Also, all kinds of Heavy and Light Casting, Particular attention given to Building and Ma-chinery Castings. FOB SALE.—Stearn's Circular Mill Rigs and Head Blocks, which are the best in use, Johnmean BIOCES, WHICH ARE THE DEST IN USE. John-son's Rotary Pumps, Gas Pipe and Fittings, Brass Goods, Babbitt Metal, etc. Jobbing solicited at reduced prices. All work warranted. Our motto is,

CUSTOMERS MUST BE SUITED. We are bound to sell as low as the lowest.-lease call and examine. febl:-if. NOBLE & HALL. ... 31

Warrant in Bankruptey.

JHIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE that on the 21th day of Feb. 189s, a Warrant in Bankruptey was issued out of the District Court of the United Stales, for the Western District of Pennia, against the estate of Page Crosswell, of Corry, in the County of Erie, in said district, adjudged a bankrupton his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property, belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; and that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of the Register, in the city of Erie, before S. E. Woodruff, Esq., Register in bankruptcy for said district, on the 18th day of April, A. D., 1898, at 10 o'clock, A. M. THOMAB A. ROWLEY.

By G. P. Davis, Dept. U. S. Marshal.

Thook Asents Wanted Warrant in Bankruptcy.

Mas-aw.

Rock Agenis Wanted

TOR DR WILLIAM SMITH'S Dictionary of
the Bible. Written by 70 of the most distingulabed Divines in Europe and America, Illustrated with over 125 Steel and Wood Engravings. In one large Octavo volume. Price \$3.50.
The only edition published in America, condensed by Dr. Smith's own hand. We employ
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Aeb Abbertisements. Burton & Griffith's Corner.

HARD TIMES! HARD TIMES!

Prices Have Come Down!

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1324 Peach Street, Corner 16th.

For particulars see Small Bills. Thon t fail ; Reduced Prices on Teas:

ESTABLISHED IN 1814.

HALL & WARFEI

WHOLEBALE AND RETAIL

DRUGGISTS 630 State St., Erie, Pa.,

And Importers of French Window Glass

The public are respectfully informed that Stock of FRENCH WINDOW GLASS.

aported by us directly from the manufactur

AMERICAN GLASS.

We also keep constantly on hand a large and warled supply of American Glass, direct quality both single and double thickness, of near-every size. Dealers and consumers in want of

White Lead of various qualities, Linseder raw and boiled, Spirits Turpentine, Varnita Colored Paints, both dry and in oil, Brushessevery other article in the Painting Line at in Lowest Market Price, in large, or small quant

DYE WOODS.

Paints, Oils and Varnishes.

Our Stock of Pye Woods and Dye Stuff a complete, which we are selling at wholse end

PATENT MEDICINES.

All the popular Medicines of the day, at kee

Drugs, Chemicals & Gloss Our supply of above articles is extensive at are prepared at all times to supply the way

OILS. Whale Oil. Lard Oil. Tanners' Oil,

Linseed Oil, . Both raw and boiled. Castor Oil, Neats Foot 0il. Sweet 0

And all kinds of Essential Oils, in large us small lots.

We express our thanks for the liberal parage received during the last twenty-thre-mand now invite the attention of consumers our Wholesale and Retail Departments with are well supplied with Staple Goods, which are selling at lowest cash prices. oc24'67-6m. CLIMAX! CLIMAX!

Page's Climax Salve, a Family blessing for 25 cents. It heals without a scar. No. family should be without it. We warrant it to cure Scrofuls Sores, Salt Rheum, Chilblains, Tetter, Pimples, and all Eruption of the Skin. For Sore Breast or

Nipples, Cuts, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Chapped Hands &c., it makes a perfect cure. It has been used over fifteen years, without one failure. It has no parallel—having perfectly eradicated disease us healed after all other remedies had failed. It is a compound of Amio

with many other Extracts and Balsams, and put up in large boxes for the same price than an other Cintment. Sold by Druggists everywhere. White & Estable Proprietors, 131 Liberty Street, New York.

Farm for Sale. THE UNDERSIGNED offers for sale his able farm, on the Kuhi road, in Ecreek township, one mile south of the cition road, and eight miles from Eric. Creek township, one mile southor meantion road, and eight miles from Eric. it tains fifty-five acres and eighty percheat proved and in the highest state of cultur The land is equal to the very beat in this of the county. The buildings comprise a ry frame house with 15 story kitchen and ceilar under the whole; wood house and house; 2 barns, each 30x45 feet; a sliedlong with stable at the end; and all there ry outbuildings. A first class well of soft which never fails, is at the kitchen door, is an openhard with 180 apple trees, ally and bearing; and an abundance of aimsi.

and bearing; and an abundance of aim other kind of fruit grown in this neight. The only, reason why I wish to sell ist going West to embark in another oct Terms made known by applying to m premises, or to Hon. Elijah Babbitt, A at-Law, Erie, Pa. J. A. S. WTF, deco-tf.

Post Office Address, F. 山 本 HALL'S



Restoring Gray Hair to its Original Call and Promoting its Growth. It is the cheapest preparation ever offers 10 public, as one bottle will last longeraction

the skin as others.

It will keep the hair from falling out, cleanses the Scalp and makes the Hair ser. LUSTROUS AND SILKEN.
Our Treatise on the Hair sent free by mail.

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H., poster.

For sale by all druggists.

Executor's Notice.

I ETTERS TESTAMENTARY having low samuel E. Goodwin, late of Erie, deed in the existing state to make immediate payment, and sama are religious claims against the same are religious present them, duly authenticated, for site ment.

JANE GOODWIN ment.

feblis-few.

DIANKS! BLANKS!—A complete saw.

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Attorneys, Justices, Constables and Busine
Men, for sale at the Observer office.