The Erie Observer.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1867.

WHY STANTON WAS REMOVED. The text of President Johnson's communication to the Senate relative to the removal | that alarmed his friends very much. of Secretary Stanton, is published, and cona total want of harmony between us as to erally very conceited. render it highly improper that Mr. Stanton should remain in the Cabinet." The President refers to Stanton's testimony on reconstruction matters before the Judiciary Committee, and charges him with misrepresenta tion; and further says that at the beginning the Secretary endorsed his policy, but tha afterwards he did nothing but embarrass the prosecution of Presidential reconstruction He refers to the New Orleans riot, and by implication charges their responsibility upon the Secretary withheld from him all the dis- go in any how. But Andy stood firm, and patches in relation thereto for ten or twelve they were afraid of the dogs and the club he days. The following clause in the Message | held in his hand. will be read with general interest:

"When the duties of the Presidential office devolved upon him the great duty of the time was to re-establish a government of law and order in the insurrectionary States. The first business transacted in the Cabinet after construction was produced which had been conosed for Mr. Lincoln by Mr. Stanton, his Secretary of War. It was approved, and at the earliest moment practicable was applied in the form of a proclamation to the State of North Carolina, and afterward be came the basis of action in turn for the other

The President states that the great difference of opinion with Stanton was on the District of Columbia suffrage and the Reconstruction bills of March, '67, the vetoes of gality of the efforts to check the responsibility of the President by depriving him of the of dollars to the government. He presses says it was surprising to him that Stanton expressions of a willingness to resign, but him to resign, he declined. It will be recollected that the President, for considerations of a high character, requested Stanton to resign his office, and that the latter in Teply, quoting the phrase of the President, said that considerations of a high character alone had induced him to continue at the head of " the department, and constrained him not to resign the office of Secretary of War before the next meeting of Congress. This, the President says, was not merely a declination of compliance with the request for his resignation, but was a defiance. Whatever propriety there might be in the expressions of opinions of others, one thing was certain, it was official misconduct, to say the least of it, to parade them before his superior officer, and showed a want of proper dignity and respect for the President.

GRANT WILL NOT RUN AS A PARTY CANDIDATE.

The following letter is published in the Y. Tribune of Saturday. It was written by Gen. Dent, a brother-in-law of Grant's, a member of his staff, and his especially intimate companion, to a gentleman in New York city. The Tribune looks upon the letter- as a reliable exposition of Gen. Grant's position, and infers from it that he will not accept the Radical nomination for the Presi-

the Republican or the Democratic candidate for the Presidency. He would prefer to be elected by the people, without any reference to the present party organizations. If it is possible, let there be a new organization, representing the people and not the politicians. The General is now in a position which suits him very well, and he will not give it up un-less he thinks he can, be of more service to his country. He will not take the Presidency if he cannot enter upon his office unpledged and-unembarrassed by party affiliations and platforms. He does not want to decide upon questions of public policy until they come up for settlement, and hence his reluctance to be questioned as to platforms, or confined to cersin lines of action. He liss definite views of his own, which are tolerably well expressed in an article written by a young friend of his for the January number of the Galaxy. Of course, he must not be held responsible for all the views therein expressed, but it gives about what he thinks of the present political white demanding perfect freedom of ac-

tion for himself, Gen. Grant does not wish to act independent of the people. His care would be, if elected, to study their interests and wishes, and do for them about what they wanted to do for themselves. Let party questions enter into the canvass for Con-gressmen, and whatever the will of the people is, the General will try and loyally obey it.

a reform of the civil service, such as that emodied in Mr. Jenckes' bill of last session, is of vital moment, and all he will ask of any candidate for position is honesty and capac;

if they think Gen. Grant can be elected without reference to either of the existing parties, let them go shead; but I again repeat, Gen. Grant does not care for the Presidency if it is to be the gift of party. Yours, &c.,

THE PACIFIC RAILROAD. The perseverance of the Union Pacific Railroad Company, in the face of many obstacles, has carried the line to a point nearly five hundred and twenty miles West of Omaha, beyond Cheyenne, to the Western base of the Rocky Mountains. The Central Pacific Railroad of California had reached, on October 7, a point within eleven miles of the summit of the Sierra Nevada Mountains, one hundred and five miles from Sacramento, at an elevation of 7,042 feet above the sea. These two thoroughfares, destined to meet each other at some undecided point in the midst of the far Western wastes, have already reduced the time consumed in the overland journey to California one week. The mails from China and Japan now arrive in fifteen days from San Francisco. Before, it took from twenty-one to twenty-four well calculated to relieve the ominous presdays to bring them by sea, and often a longer period to bring them on the overland Secretary of War ad interim to reduce the stages. Both the new roads more than pay their present operating expenses. On the itary service for the fiscal year ending June 1st of July, the receipts of the Union Pacific 30th, 1868, were at first based on a calcula-Road, then in operation to Julesburg, 377 tion of about \$51,000,000, but an aggregate miles, amounted to \$1,015,195.29, and its ex- deduction of nearly \$16,000,000 is now conpenses to \$658,880.54; leaving the net earn-sidered practicable, "caused by suspending ings \$356,314.75. The net earnings of the enlistments until the army is brought to its Central Pacific Road during 1865, 1866, and authorized minimum strength, at which it is 1867 to September, were \$1,550,696.29, and now proposed to keep it." This is indeed during 1867 alone, to that date, \$606,852.40. cheering intelligence not only to tax payers,

of publicly thanking God for party triumphs, ous. Scarcely in a single instance since the which has so long been enjoyed by chaplains close of the war has there been a disturbance would have appropriately illustrated their and other clergymen, is seriously menaced in the Southern States which the local auby the Louisiana Convention, in which, a thorities were not able but ready to suppress. his foot on the neck of a white man. It was "resolution of thanks to God for the success | The army should be reduced to a peace a victory of such a questionable character, of the Radical Republicans" in that State standard, and then Congress would give the and so meanly won, that they were ashamed was "laid over under the rules," country peace. ·--

A STORY WITH A MORAL.

There was once a little boy who lived in a large white house on the bank of a swift river. He was a round, chubby little fellow. but he had neither father nor mother, and grew up like boys who have no fathers nor mothers some times do. In fact he was quite headstrong at times, and often did things

There was also another boy in a town by tirms the dispatches sent from Washington | vast Lake. He was a strapping big boy, with last week. He refers in detail to matters of fists like elephant's feet, and as too many personal difference, and says "there was such | big boys are, (and some little ones, too) gen-

The name of the short, stout boy was Andy; that of the great burly boy was Dispatch : their other names I don't recollect.

Now it happened that Andy had a fine apple orchard, of which he was very proud. And when Dispatch came along that way one day with a great crowd of other bad boys, and tried to climb over the gate into the orchard, Andy set his dogs on them, and stood at the gate and wouldn't let them go in. This made the bad boys so mad they Stanton, who knew, he says, that a riot was turned red in the face, and called Andy all likely to occur; and he further asserts that sorts of wicked names, and said they would

The anger of the bad boys grew worse and worse, and they were bent on having the apples at any cost. They drew aside to talk the matter over. At last says one, "I'll tell vou how we can do it; you boys (naming I became President was this unfinished busi- about two-thirds the crowd) go to that part of the fence and worry the dogs; and we (naming Dispatch and others) will sneak back of the orchard, creep up on our bellys and suddenly spring on Andy and throw him out in the road." At this, all the bad boys sung out "agreed," and Dispatch's voice was,

heard the loudest of all. By chance, though, Andy overheard this which were opposed by the latter, although who were his friends, and they all went with dential ticket. It is asserted that the party all the other Cabinet members supported the him to the gate. When the bad bays got leaders intend admitting the South to n rep-President. He reviews the relations be- their plans all ready they looked towards resentation in the Convention. tween the Executive and the heads of the the gate and were much surprised to see that departments, and quotes from the old records | Andy's forces were stronger than theirs. So | the next nominee of the Democracy for Presdepartments, and quote from the old records and the debates in the National they gave it up as a bad job, and ran away ident should be the man who can the most but the first response to the Manchester exbrought together-a large crowd.

Constitutional Convention to prove the illeto hide themselves behind the trees and certainly carry the Northern States and who ecutions tells the English what kind of rebushes.

And when they did this Andy's friends right of selecting his agents, and concludes saw them, and taunted them with their want | Rights of Individuals and States. by saying that as far as the public interests of pluck, calling them: to come on if they are concerned, there is no cause to regret the dared. The wicked boys felt so hadly over beremoval of Mr. Stanton, for Gen. Grant has, ing beaten at their own game that after reby his measures of economy, saved millions | turning home they began quarrelling among themselves. A call was made for the boy. with energy the point that the Secretary was who had spoken before, but he had hurried the leading Cabinet officer in the expression away and gone to bed. Then they all comof opposition to the tenure-of-office bill, and menced abusing him soundly for getting them in so mean a scrape, and not one was should be the first one to seek to avail him- willing to say that he had ever agreed to selt of its provisions. He alludes to Stanton's help in carrying it out. Strange to say, too, Dispatch was again the noisiest of the crowd. says when he intimated, and finally asked He poked fun at the boy who had hid under the bed, said he never did like him, and and were equally vindictive, the nether garhinted that he ought to have a severe pounding for his conduct. When the other boys heard this, they all joined in calling their leader hard names, and the last I learned of them there was not one who was willing to admit that he had ever tried to drive little, tively engaged in urging the claims of that Andy away from the orchard gate.

My dear children, you must take care how you get in company with bad boys, for they will be sure to lead you into evil places, and leave you to get out the best way you can.

THE POLITICAL HOROSCOPE.

The politics of the country are in a state of evident transition. All that can as yet be strongly in favor of Fred. Douglass as the affirmed with confidence respecting the new Republican candidate for President. It says, affirmed with confidence respecting the new phase is, that the negro question will be "the white man cannot be trusted in this for his annual personal expenditures." eclipsed by questions of finance. The num- emergency." It thinks Douglass would not ber of financial propositions broached on the only be sure to receive the entire negro vote population to one man. Courting ought of the Southern States, but the whole of the first day of the session attests the deep interest the country is beginning to take in that New Eugland States, except Connecticut, class of topics.

Questions of finance irresistibly force themselves into prominence after great wars. poleon, they predominated in the politics of not been convulsed in the colossal struggle of the preceding twenty years. After our war of the Revolution, it was financial questions that DEAR S.: * * To be quite frank with you, Gen. Grant does not wish to be either and led to the formation of the present Conshattered and overthrew the Confederation, stitution. Those same financial questions were inherited by the new government, and the policy of Hamilton by which they were met and solved, was debated with altogether more heat than any other questions of the period. After the close of our second war with Great Britain, the same class of questions loomed into prominence, and continued to agitate the country with little cessation for the ensuing thirty years until the slavery question and the Mexican war supplanted them by engrossing the public interest. The tariff and currency questions rocked the country from side to side; and the three statesmen of that period, whose names were in all mouths, expended their best energies in financial controversies. Our own history and that of England proves that such topics are capable of stirring public feeling to its profoundest depths. In fact, most of the great events of modern times have turned on them.

The French Revolution grew out of the financial difficulties, which led to the convoking of the States-General. The greatest of all the English revolutions, that which belieaded Charles the First, and introduced the protectorship of Cromwell, had its source in finan-On one point the General is quite clear. If | cial difficulties between Charles and Parliaelected, he will make on appointments on account of political services. He believes that financial discussions will agitate the country

more deeply than in the time of Hamilton more deeply than in the days of Andrew Jackson, when they came near lighting the torch of civil discord. Most public questions have only a distant interest for the great body of the people; these come home to every man's business and fireside.

That they have not sooner risen into absorbing prominence is due to the pre-occupation of the country with the draggling sequences of the war. Wars commonly end by a definite treaty of peace, in which the future relations of the parties are settled, and all questions connected with the conflict closed. Had our civil war come to a like clean result, we should long ago have been in the midst of exciting financial discussions; they would have been two years ago what they are presently to become, the pivot of our politics. These questions are too pressing to

be longer deferred, and although the future relations of the parties to the late war are not yet settled, they will sink, before the winter is half spent, into subordination to the topics which must for some vests be supreme

in our politics.—N. Y. World. REDUCING THE ARMY.

One of the most pleasing signs of the times sure in business circles, is the proposal of the army appropriations. The estimates for mil-Cheering intelligence not only to tax payers, but to all who desire the restoration of friendly returns.

Cheering intelligence not only to tax payers, but to all who desire the restoration of friendly relations between different parts of the federal Union. It is obvious that the presence of any considerable military force, except among the Indians, is wholly superfluous.

Cheering intelligence not only to tax payers, but to all who desire the restoration of friendly relations between different parts of the federal Union. It is obvious that the presence of any considerable military force, except among the Indians, is wholly superfluous.

Cheering intelligence not only to tax payers, but to all has given a Union or Republican majority of forty thousand, and Alabama of eighty thousand. Did the Republican press of the country indulge in roosters and job office cuts, our poultry shows and menageries would probably cept among the Indians, is wholly superfluous.

Cheering intelligence not only to tax payers, but to all who desire the restoration of friendly relations between different parts of the federal Union. It is obvious that the presence of any considerable military force, except among the Indians, is wholly superfluous.

Cheering intelligence not only to tax payers, but to all who desire the restoration of friendly in the restoration of the restoration of the restoration of the restoration of the Re
The restoration of the restor

TO EDITORIAL BREVITIES.

THE outery for retrenchment in the Goyernment expenditures is growing louder and louder, and we trust will lead to some important reforms.

THE Lynchburg Republican says that the white Radicals elected to the Virginia Convention, without exception, are the meanest and most degraded men in the State. THE Radical pack are yelping away at

Gen: Hancock in a furious manner for his course in Louisiana. The joke of the thing is, that the General's policy was dictated by Grant, who, his friends say, approve of all Hancock's orders.

Tire Radical students in the Wesleyan University of Ohio have invited Wendell Phillips, Fred. Douglass and others of that stamp to orate before them; the Opposition members have secured Vallandigham to give a variety. Extremes beget extremes. Congress has made a move in the right

direction by the defeat of the impeachment resolution. Let the next move be the repeal of the military government, negro supremacy acts, and the restoration of the Union under the Constitution. THE Radical papers say the Southern negroes have deposited in Savings Banks, dur-

Then it isn't necessary to tax the whites fifteen millions more to support the freedmen's bureau for their benefit. A good deal of needless discussion i wasted by the Radical managers in an effort to account for the rapid decline of their party scheme of impeachment. The explanation of its disease is simple enough. It is stricken with the rox populi. That is more fatal to

CHICAGO has been fixed on as the place talk, and while the bad boys were going off, and the 20th of May next as the time, at on their object, he quietly slipped to the which will be held the Republican Nationfields near by, and collected a lot of boys al Convention for the nomination of a Presi-

Radicalism than the comito to yellow fever

WE agree with the Buffalo Courier that tional Unity, Constitutional Liberty and the

"MILES O'REILLY," of the New York Citizen, nominates James T. Brady, of New York, for Vice President on the ticket with Gen. Grant, and says: "One great advantage Brady has is this, his wife can never sell he wardrobe, and threaten unpleasant expo sure about her presents-because he has n

MRS. LINCOLN once procured the arrest and incarceration as a State prisoner of a person who spoke disrespectfully of her. If she were the wife of the Government now. ment of every Republican editor in the land would flutter from the casemates of Fort Lafavette or the windows of the Old Capitol prison.

THE friends of Chief Justice Chase are ac gentleman to the Radical nomination for the next Presidency. It is asserted that he can command the entire New England vote in the convention, and that by putting Fenton, or some other New Yorker, on the ticket, the New York delegation will support him. Grant stock is considered much lower than it

was a month ago. THE New York Church Union comes out and a sufficient number of the extrem Northwestern States to insure his election.

It is rather amusing to see that the two For the ten years after the overthrow of Na- gravest charges against the President in the impeachment indictment were-for acts com-England and convulsed the country as it had mitted by the fiercest Radicals, or at their rethe pardon of late rebels, granted upon the solicitation of Gen. Grant and Radical members of Congress.

> THE Union League of Philadelphia were not unanimous in the nomination of Grant. In fact the members were nearly evenly divided, and the feeling between them was and still is most bitter. It is said the division in two hours and six minutes. thus begun is likely to lead to an open split in the party in Philadelphia. The split will be an ugly one, and white men can afford to a sylum at Newburg, Ohio, last week. It is said that the disease is hereditary in the

> Whenever there is ignorance," says the N.
> Y. Tribune, "there is peril to the cause of good government and to the institutions of the country." Most true; and yet the Tribune dense. It is an an intervention of the country." Most true; and yet the Tribune dense. It is an intervention to the country. Will be nearly \$1,000,000. The circulation will of course be read in factors. bune demands that suffrage shall be forced will of course be paid in full. by military power upon the blacks of the New York are professional minstrels, who South, and that there shall be no civil government in the dismantled States unless it is for burned cork ditties controlled by them. . It follows that the Tribune is an enemy to the cause of good government and to Republican institutions.

THE impeachment evidence, which the Government printers are now putting into book form at the expense of the taxpayers, will number about three hundred and fifty pages. The expense of printing, witnes fees, &c., will amount perhaps to over two hundred thousand dollars. This is paying rather dear for the whistle. The next Congress should assess this whole amount upon the

probable disaster, than any man living. As hogs. he seems to possess the confidence of the Republican leaders, he could say to them in a few words and without damage to himself, stop your reckless and destructive attempts to break up the country and confine legislation break up the country and confine legislation. tion to its appropriate functions, and if it did

character of the President and the peace of to testify. the country. Democrats are quiet, but the Republican members allow the plotters very little peace, as they are constantly faunting them with their failure, and predicting for them political repudiation at home.

John Porter's case, so that he can obtain that

"During the trial I thought it proper to in-form Porter that Gens. J. F. Reynolds, Geo. H. Thomas and myself, would, if requested, go before the court and swear that we would not believe Pope or Roberts under oath. I had consulted Gen. Reynolds before I made the proposition. He consented to go himself, and thought Gen. Thomas would have no hesitation in giving such evidence. I was myself well convinced of Gen. Thomas' opinion of Pope's veracity from what I had often heard him say before the war." -

Louisiana this fall has given a Union of

They did not, for the reason that nothing triumph except the picture of a negro with to crow over it.

IMPEACHMENT has been put to rest. The ational Grand Inquest finds no bill of inlictment against Andrew Johnson. Now let is proceed to Retrenchment, Financial Reorm, and the final Reconstruction of the states.—N. Y. Tribune, Dec. 9.

All mere cant, Mr. Greeley, and not the stronger for its clothing of capital letters.— Your party is like the fruit stealing school boy in fear of detection. "If I ain't whipped now I'll be real good always after this." What you mean to say, Mr. Greeley, is this: "We Have Made Ourselves Ridiculous, Contemptible, And Disgraced The Nation. But Perhaps The Nation Will Forget It, If We Pay A Little Attention To Our Business Hereafter, And Are Real Good Fellows," Don't deceive yourselves, Messrs, Radicals You have made your bed, and, nasty as it is, you must lie in it till you are pitchforked to your proper place.

THE Springfield (Mass.) Republican makes the following honest confession for the good | 000 members.

"The hope that at least one Republican State had declared for equal suffrage in the late elections we are compelled to renounce. Minnesota, which the Democrats tauntingly said voted to let the negroes vote becar there are none there to vote and never will be, has rejected the equal suffrage amending the past year, eight millions of dollars. is an outrage to force upon them a measure we ourselves reject, and which involves much more disagreeable consequences there than in the North. Minnesota and Kansas have increased the embarrassments and perils of the Republican party almost beyond calculation.

than even In order to liberate Col. Burke. who was kept a prisoner in Clerkenwell prison, they have blown up the whole prison. Though the explosion was terrific, destroying the prison wall and the neighboring buildings, it did not obtain the desired result, as the prisoner was confined in an inner cell. ecutions tells the English what kind of rewill stand squarely upon the platform of Na- sistance they must expect from the Fenians. And in this new struggle it is safe to say that the sympathy of public opinion in all foreign countries is overwhelmingly with the Feni-

> THE following is the vote of the Pennsylvania Congressional delegation on the impeachment resolution:

peachment resolution:
Yeas—Thaddeus Stevens, Thomas Williams, Stephen F. Wilson, John M. Broomalf, John Covode, William D. Kelley, Leonard Myers, Charles O'Neill, Ulysses Mercur—9—all Radicals.
Nays—George V. Lawrence, William H. Koontz, George F. Miller, Jas. K. Moorhead, J. Lawrence Getz, Adam J. Glossbrenner, Caleb N. Taylor, Daniel M. Van Auken, George W. Woodward—11. Democrats 6; Radicals 5.
Henry L. Cake Rad, paired, off with Mr.

Hadicals 5.

Henry L. Cake, Rad., paired off with Mr.
Cornell, of New York; Daniel J. Morrell,
and G. W. Scofield, Rads., were absent. Mr.
Scofield is quoted by the Radical papers as
having been in favor of impeachment.

INTERESTING NEWS ITEMS.

SOME of the old and formerly rich tamilies of Beauford, S. C., are starving and too poor to bury their dead. THERE are several clergymen in New York who receive over \$3,000 per year for mar-riage fees. It is an ill wind, etc.

Or the one hundred and twelve members drawn for the jury in a county in Louisiana. but twenty-five are white men. THE Sultan of Turkey is in a state of pitia-

MRS. LINCOLN'S wardrobe has been withited the exhibition, it is said, but few sales

Two women in Chicago got into a fight because one of them called the other a "pe-destrian." The indignant woman declared that she had always been respectable. mitted by the fiercest Radicals, or at their request, namely: the transfer of Southern rail-val, turns out to be a negro, hired by a white road property—done by Mr. Stanton—and man who wanted to drive off his neighbors

and make land cheap.

The friends of the late General Meagher will be glad to learn that his widow is worth some \$400,000, the result of lucky investments in Montana. It is stated that a man crawled two and s

half miles on all fours, in the Northern part of New York State, last Saturday, to win a wager of ten dollars. He made the distance JOHN BROWN, JR., of Put-in-Bay, son of

family.

About one-half the best choir singers in

A FEW weeks since, a man approached the rope to which is attached the balloon in which the people of Paris are making ascensions. He drew a knife, when the attendant asked him his intention. "My wife," he replied, "is up in the balloon, and I'd give a hundred francs for the privilege of cutting he rope." The offer was refused.

GEN. GRANT has decided that after the elections and conventions now pending in the Southern States have been held, the number of military posts shall be diminished and the troops consolidated at central points, with a view to economy in the matter of transpor

property of the projectors of that scheme to usurp power for themselves and party.

GEN. GRANT might do more at this moment to re-assure the country and prevent probable disaster, than any man living. As

· A POOR woman in New York was lately

tion to its appropriate functions, and it it did damage his prospects for the Presidency, it is his duty to declare it anyhow. The interests of the whole people are everything, Gen. Grant is as nothing. Will he interpose?

The fifty-seven impeachers are being made very sick of their late scheming, against the character of the President and the peace of In a lawsuit at Troy, N. Y., where the val-

A Good looking girl called at Mrs. Cavan-augh's in Chleago, Sunday morning, and ob-tained leave to rest herself. In twenty minutes a boy was added to the population of the city, and while Mrs. Cavanaugh, in great surprise, went about the house looking up GEN. FRANKLIN has written a letter to things for the young gentleman's comfort the girl left the house and boy, and has not been found and boy, and has not A STRANGER from a Northern clime ar-

John Porter's case, so that he canodian that justice of which he was deprived by the Court Martial which dismissed him from the army. In the course of the letter he states that—

The course of the letter he states ballow as ever kissed the flowers of May, and it is difficult to realize that Christmas is so it is difficult to realize that Christmas is so near at hand. The warm, damp weather is unseasonable and disagreeable, however, and the thick clothing which was donned during a recent cold snap is now anything but com-fortable. Many of the trees still retain their green foliage and the roses and lilies are all bloom.

NEGRO OUTRAGE.—We are informed that a most diabolical outrage was perpetrated upon the person of a young girl residing in Union township, Adams county, on the 20th ult, the particulars of which are as follows:

"At the time mentioned a young girl by the name of Groft, about sixteen years old, was assaulted by a negro, who pinioned her arms, placed a gag in her mouth, and then foreibly violated her person. It appears this outrage was committed in the house in which the girl lived, during the absence of the other members of the family. The black fiend fled, but was subsequently captured and taken before a justice of the peace, who placed the ruscal in custody of a constable to be taken to the county prison. On their way to Gettysburg the prisoner managed to make his escape, and is still at large. The victim was very much injured, and has been in a suffering condition over since,—York Gazette.

Dec. 2th, 1857.

FREE GIFTS TO ALL!

A Silk Dress Pattern, a Family Sewing Machine, or Gold Watch,
FREE OF COST!

For one or two days' service in any town or village. Particulars and samples sent free, by addressing, with stamp, No. 30 Hanover St., Boston, Mass.

dec19-3m.

Here GIFTS TO ALL!

A Silk Dress Pattern, a Family Sewing Machine, or Gold Watch,
FREE OF COST!

For one or two days' service in any town or village. Particulars and samples sent free, by addressing, with stamp, No. 30 Hanover St., Boston, Mass.

dec19-3m.

BOOK AGENTS WANTED to solicit orders RY OF THE BIBLE. Written by 700 fthe most distinguished Divines in Europe and America, Illustrated with over 125 Steel and Wood Engranges. Complete in One Large Octavo. Volume. Retail Price, St.39, We employ no Genetate to open the decip-3m.

In the particulars and terms, address the Publishers, decip-4w.

Hartford, Com. NEGRO OUTRAGE .- We are informed that

RELIGION IN THE UNITED STATES.—The religious condition of the United States v the subject of a report recently made by an American clergyman of the Evangelical Al-liance General Conference, in session at Am-

sterdam. From this it appears that in this country Catholics are the largest denominacountry Catholics are the largest denomina-tion, having 4,000,000 members and 3,800 churches. The Methodists come next with 2,000,000 membership and 10,460 churches. The Baptists are third, 1,600,000 members and 17,220 churches. Next come the Pres-byterians, with 5,000 churches and 700,000 members; next the Lutherans, with 2,900 churches and 303,800 members; then the churches, and 323,800 members; then the Congregationalists, with 2,780 churches, and 267,400 members: then the Episcopalians with 2,300 churches, and 161,200 members; then the German Reform, with 1,160 churches, and 110,000 members, and the Dutch Re-form, 440 churches, and 60,000 members. Besides these he states that the United Brethren have 3.000 societies, the Unitarians 200 churches, the Moravians 12,000 communicants; the Universalists number 600,000 of the population; the Orthodox Friends 54,

embers, and the Hicksite Friends 40,

ONE TOO MANY IN THE BED .- A gentle man in Dayton, O.; became so much enamined of his hired cirl that he concluded to elope with her. This he effected with ease, for, "Barkis being willing," there was nothing to interfere. On Sunday night they took lodgings at a boarding house, as man and wife and heing warm, were lighted to be, has rejected the equal suffrage amendment, by a majority varying from one to two thousand. This is to be regretted as a virtual rejection of the first principles of Republicanism, and as increasing, the difficulties of reconstruction; for, say what we may of the different circumstances of the South, the people of that section cannot but feel that it is an outrage to force upon them a measure murred to, but the wife insisted, and suiting the action to the will, actually got in bed and remained there until about two o'clock and remained there until about two octors.

Monday morning. The husband, finding all resistance hopeless, proposed to go hone with his spouse. The offer was accepted, and all three of them made their way home.

The executions in Manchester, and the suppressions of liberty of speech and of meetings in Ireland, are far from intimidating the Fenians. On the contrary, defiance of English tyranny makes them more daring picked up some boulders. He fastened him-self into a room. She threw a boulder against the panel, made a breech and then entered. He crouched into a corner, and she blashed away at him miscellaneously, horri-bly disfiguring him. He finally yielded, crying: "I will marry you, or anything else, if you will only stop." She stopped, and they were married that night. The excitement

LAW SUITS are often unprofitable things A Vermont paper tells of a trial at law be-tween two men in that State, about a sheep, worth five dollars, the ownership of which was disputed. The case was heard twice, and the plaintiff recovered \$116.56 damages and costs of the defendant; whilst the plaintiff, although successful, was still out of pocket some two hundred and fifty dollars for lawyers' fees. Each of the disputants wirth hore hought a feek of them for might have bought a flock of sheep for what it cost him to quarrel over a single animal.

A DREADFUL railroad accident, (so-called A DREADFT. railroad accident, (so-cared) occurred on the Vermont Central Railroad on the 11th inst. A car, containing seventy-five men, employed in repairing a bridge recently burned, was backed off the abutment, through the carelessness of the engineer. About a score of unfortunate men met instant death, and almost all of the remainder received excless injuries. eceived serious injuries.

YEARS ago 'Ned Buntline' was a notoriou person, but for some time he has disappeared from public gaze. He was last heard of as having attained the rank of "Deputy Grand Worthy Patriarch of the Westchesterian Sons of Temperance."

Tim grumblers are everywhere and they seize upon everything which goes wrong, to find fault about. If a mosquito flits across their pillow, the announcement is made next morning that not a wink of sleep had they during the night. A slight pain is magnified into cholera, and a grumbling toothache into excrutiating torture. If the sun shines it is too hot, and if rain falls it is too wet. If they lose a dollar, ruin stares them in the face, and anticipated sickness is kept constantly on the slate." Erie is cursed with its full proportion of the genus, and they are not all outside of the Democratic party.

MARRIED. Rowe-Gueon-On Dec. 12th, 1867, by the

Rev. Lyttle, at the residence of the bride's father, in Corry, David S Rowe, Esq., to Miss Emma Gilson, daughter of E. Gilson, Esq., all of Corry. HYKE-GERENFLO-On Thursday, the 12th of December, at the residence of Rev. Mr. Zirkel, of Eric, Mr. Jerad Hyke, to Miss Mary E. Gerentlo, both of Eric county.

WILLIAMS—NICHOLS—On the evening of the 17th inst., at the M. E. Parsonage, in this city, by Rev. E.A. Johnson, Mr. James W. Williams, to Miss Nancy Nichols, both of Wattsburg. LANDER-PARTRIDGE-On the 14th inst., by.

E. Camphausen, Esq., Mr. J. Fred. Lander to Mrs. Partridge, all of this city. SHAY-REYNOLDS On the 14th inst. by the same, Mr. John Shay to Miss Catharine Reynolds, all of this city.

Dem Adbertisements.

43"Advertisements, to secure insertion, must be handed in by 8 o'clock on Wednesday after-noon. All advertisements will be continued at the expense of the advertiser, unless ordered for a specified time. Assignee in Bankruptcy. Assignee in Hankrupicy.

INTHE DISTRICT COURT of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania, in the matter of Wm. M. Abuckie, bankrupt. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Wm. M. Arbuckie, of Erie city, Eric Co., and State of Pennsylvania, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district, dated at Erie, Pn., Dec. 12, A. D., 187. HENRY M. RIBLET, Assignee, decis-Sw. No. 123 Peach St., Erie, Pn.

Assignee in Bankruptcy.

Assignce in Bankrupicy.

I NTHE DISTRICT COURT of the United States

I for the Western District of Pennsylvania, in the matter of Henry Keith, bankrupt. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Henry Keith, of Springfield Township, county of Erie and State of Pennsylvania, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district, dated at Erie, Pa. Dec. 13. A. D., 1857.

HENRY M. RIBLET, Assignee, declo-3w.

No. 1223 Peach St., Erie, Pa.

Discharge in Bankruptey.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT of the United States, for the Western District of Pennsylvania. Samuel T. Sterrett, a bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, by order of the Court, notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 2d day of January, 1888, at 10 o'clock, A. M., before said Court, at Chambers, at the office of S. E. Woodruff, Esq., Register, in the city of Erie, to show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt. And further, notice is hereby given that the second and third meetings of creditors of said bankrupt, required by the 2th and 28th sections of said act, will be held before the said Register, upon the same day, at his office, at the same time and place.

S. C. McCANDLESS.

Clerk of U. S. District Court for said District. Discharge in Bankruptcy.

AUSTIN

Don't advertise so intensely the largest stock of old style goods for the Holidays, but after thirty years' selling Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry,

Silver Spoons, Fancy Goods, &c., in Erle, is prepared to show upon this occasion and steady right along hereafter, every day, just such goods in style and quality most desirable to buy. The old shopkeepen who so long stood guard, have been relieved by New Goods, which arrived last evening from New York, and at once displaced the Old Fogles, who were very glad to see intesified Young America with the Latest Styles at the Lowest Prices. Old and new patrons, don't be afraid of an old On and new parrons, up to the times and endeavors to do things in a practical manner.
Watches and Jewelry repaired skilfully. Silver Ware manufactured as usual. Engraving
in every design on Gold and Silver. Give me a
call.

T. M. AUSTIN,
A. D. New Goods, Jr., will arrive at Austin's
Dec. 28th, 1837.

New Adbertisements.

CAUGHEY, McCREARY

MOORHEAD

SPECIAL.

FOR CHRISTMAS

HANDY VOLUME OF SHAKSPEARE,

IN CASES,

WHITTIER'S SNOW BOUND. HOLLAND'S KATABINA,

IRVING.

COOPER. DICKENS. THACKERAY.

GOLDSMITH, PRAED, &c.

IN ELEGANT DRESS.

D'ISRAELI,

ENGLISH EDITION

FINE EDITIONS.

WAVERLY NOVELS.

Very Fine and Cheap. Rosy Diamond, Bright Hope, Riverdale, Sun wside, Uncle John, Chincapin Charlie, Uliver ppte, Prudy Books, with the new one; Silve enny, Flora Lee, Hans Anderson, Percy Fam y and Harlie, story setts of

JUVENILE BOOKS.

London Toy Books, splendidly illustrated by Gustave Dore, including Cinderella, Red Ridin Hood, St. Nicholas, &c.

BIBLES AND PRAYER BOOKS, In all styles, Fine Paper and Envelopes, plain and stamped; Stereoscopes and Paintings, Oil Paintings, Engravings and Chromos, with or without frames.

DECALCOMANIE!

A large stock, with brushes and preparation for work. Fans, Vases, Boxes, etc., for ormamentation. Martelle, Croquet, Needle Gun and all other popular Games. Egyptian, Bronze and all other kinds of Inkstands. Gold Pens fn new styles and cases. Bracket Work, all kinds, Japanese Straw Goods, Olive Wood and Tunbridge Wares, Open Glasses, Writing Dosks, Christmas Boxes, Scotch Goods, Bronze and Parton Statustics etc., etc. ian Statuettes, etc., etc.

Gifts for Christmas and New Years! A Superb Stock of Fine Gold and Silver Watches, all Warrunted to Run, and Thoroughly Regulated, at the Low Price of \$10 Each, and Satis-faction Guaranteed.

fine Gold or Solid Watch for \$10, without regard to value.

Wright Bro. & Co., 161 Broadway, New York, wish to immediately dispose of the above magnificent stock. Certificates, naming the articles are placed in scaled envelopes, and well mixed, Holders are entitled to the articles named in their certificate, upon payment of ten dollars, whether it be a watch worth \$1,000 or one worth less. The return of any of our certificates entitles you to the articles named in thereon, upon payment, irrespective of its worth, and as no article valued less than \$10 is named on any certificate, it will at once be seen that this is nolottery, but a straight forward legitimate transaction, which may be participated in by the most fastidious.

A single certificate will be sent, by mail, nost.

stidious; A single certificate will be sent by mail, post A single certificate will be sent by mail, post paid, upon receipt of 52 cents, five for \$1, cleven for \$2, thirty-three and clegant premium for \$5, sixty-six and more valuable premium for \$15, one hundred and most superb yeatch for \$15. To agents or, those wishing employment, this is a rare opportunity. It is a legitimately conducted business, duly authorized by the Government, and open to the most careful scratiny. Watches sent by express, with bill for collection on delivery, so that no dissatisfaction can possibly occur. Try us. Address WRIGHT, BROTHER & CO., Importers, decil-3m*

Read this Carefully, it is the last Insertion this Month. KENTUCKY STATE LOTTERY; -

The only Legalized Drawing of the character in the United States. GRAND HOLIDAY DRAWING. To be drawn at Covington, Ky Class Y, December 31st, 1867. Class Y, December 31st, 1867.

No more acceptable and appropriate present can be made to a mother, which daughter, husband and father, than a ticket in the Kentucky State Lottery. It has long been acknowledged that it offers greater inducements to purchasers of Tickets than any other legalized lottery in the world. The December scheme surpasses in grandeur anything of the kind ever presented to the public; it distributes \$220,50. The capital prize is \$50,00, insuring a handsome forture to the lucky holder of the corresponding ticket. Hundreds of well attested instance, similar to the following, are almost daily occurring: "Miss Marry Russell Mitford, who died in 1855, when only ten years of age, gained, as a prize in a lotter, the handsome sum of ten thousand pounds, or fity thousand dollars. The ticket which drew this magnificent sum, was presented to her by her father, Dr. Mitford, one of the most prominent men and judges of the time." How many homes would be brightened by a similar success in the grand Holiday Drawing of the Kentucky State Lottery, on December 31st, 1857.

LIST OF PRIZES

LIST OF PRIZES. \$50,000) 9 prizes of 20,000) 9 prizes of 8,000 155 prizes of 7,000 9 prizes of 5,000 220 prizes of 1,000 18 prizes of 400 201 prizes of PRIZES AMOUNTING TO \$230,6501 32,000 MUMBERS AND 788 PRIZES TICKETS \$12, HALVES \$6, QUARTERS \$3,

PLAN OF THE LOTTERY.-The numbers from

PLAN OF THE LOTTERY.—The numbers from to \$2,000, on seperate alips of paper, are nedicted in tin tubes and placed in a glass wheel by the sworn Commissioners; the prizes are similarly encircled and placed in another wheel. A number is drawn by a plintoided boy, and at the same time a prize is drawn in the same manner; both are opened and exhibited to the prize drawn bit it. This operation is repeated until in it. the prize are drawn.

The above magnificent scheme will be drawn in public, in Covington, Ky., on the 31st day of December, 1807, being the Great Holiday Brawing of the year. December, 1807, being the Great Holiday Drawing of the year.
These Lotteries are chartered and authorized by the Legislature, and are conducted under the supervision of three sworn Commissioners, appointed on behalf of the State, to see that justice is done to all. They are not gift enterprises, but responsible money institutions, which have been successfully conducted since is 2 and have many more years to run. Bonds to a large amount are filed to secure the payment of all prizes. amount are nied to secure the payment prizes,
prizes.
The official list of numbers drawing prizes will be published in the New York Herald, Chicago papers, Cincinnati Maily Commercial and Cincinnati German papers.
Address all orders to
MURRAY, EDDY & CO.,
decZ. Covington, Ky.

H. M. ARMSTRONG & CO., Successors to Walker & Armstrong, Whole-sale and Retail Dealers in Anthractic and Rituminous Conis, Wood, Iron Ore, &c. Office S. W. corner of Twelfth and Myrtle streets. Post Office, Lock Rax 33, Eric, Pa.

Office, Lock Rax 33, Eric, Pa.

L. M. ARBSTRONG, [dcl9-(f,)] J. FOLLANSEER. With this House.

New Adbertigements.

"MERRY CHRISTMAS!"

HAPPY NEW YEAR!!"

CONFECTIONERY, Toys and Notions!

HOLIDAY TRADE!

Reduced Prices!

WIOLESALE & RETAIL

We nanufacture our own Candy and can sel

LOWEST CASH PRICES!

A Large Lot of SUGAR TOYS!

FANCY CANDIES!

CHRISTMAS.

Our Stock of

REDUCED PRICES!

we are determined to close out our Stock

TOYS & NOTIONS! Will be sold at

BALTIMORE OYSTERS!

FRESH EVERY DAY.

Fruits, Nuts,

Canned Fruit. &c.

THE CELEBRATED

American Iron Holder! Something new and useful to everybody.

#3- Particular Attention given to orders.

BENER & BURGESS

MARKS & MEYER.

CLOTHING!

AT THE

NEW YORK CLOTHING HOUSE.

No. 4 Noble Block.

The Completest stock of

Coatings, Cassimeres, &c.,

AT THE

NEW YORK CLOTHING HOUSE,

No. 4 Noble Block.

Clothing Made to Order.

style superior to any heretofore unade in this vicinity, at the

NEW YORK CLOTHING HOUSE,

No. 4 Noble Block

Full Lines in

Men's Furnishing Goods,

rom a Paper Collar to the finest Silk Under wear, at \$30 per sett, at the

NEW YORK CLOTHING HOUSE,

No. 4 Noble Block.

in inspection of our really beautiful Block of

Fall and Winter Goods!

Is respectfully solicited.

CLOTHING:

The most elegant selection for Men's, Boys' and Children's

CLOTHING:

FALL & WINTER WEAR!

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE that on the 2254 of November, 185, a Warrant in Rankruss was issued out of the District Court of the Uted States, for the Western District Openary vanisaginast the estate of Sam'l Kalin, of Grin the country of Eric, in said district, aduction in the country of Eric, in said district, aduction a bankrupt on his own petition: That ha priment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to lime if his use, and the transfer of any property him, are forbidden by law; and that a maring of the creditors of said bankrupt, to be their debts and to choose one or more Assume of his essate, will be held at a Court of loss ruptey, to be holden at the Court House and city of Eric, before S. E. Woodruft, Esp., Before in Bankruptey for said district, on to day of January A. D., 187, at 100 clock, V. MIOMAS A. ROWLEY, no22-iw. U. S. Marshal for said lustice.

GLIMAX! CLIMAX!! Page's Climax Salve, a Family blessing for 25 cents.

Nipples, Cuts. Sprains, Bruises Burns, Scalds, Chapped Hands &c., it makes a perfect cure.

It has been used over fifteen years, without one failure. It has no parallel-having perfeetly eradicated disease and healed after all other remedies had failed. It is a compound of Araica with many other Extracts and Balsams, and put up in larger boxes for the same price than any

THILT NDERSIGNED offers for sale his variable and a be farm, on the Kull road, in Half-Creek township, one mile south of the tolt step tion road, and eight miles from Erre. It contains fifty-flve across and eighty perches, all improved and in the highest state of cultivater. The land is equal to the very best in that see for the county. The buildings comprise a 2-dery frame house with 11, story kitchen and gest cellar under the whole, wood house and work house; 2 barns, each 20x15 feet; a shell offer long with stable at the end; and all the necessity outbuildings. A first class well of soft with which never fairs, is at the kitchen door. Togis on orchard with 110 apple trees, all craited and bearing; and an abundance of almost vision for kind of fruit grown in this neighborhed. The only reason why I wish to sell is that going West to canbark in another occupation. Terms made known by applying to me on the premises, or to Hom. Elliah Rabblit, Attone at-Law, Erle, Pa. J.A. S.W.TILL. decision.

To Architects and Builders DLANS AND PROPOSALS will be received by the Directors of the Door, until the 1st of March next, for the bouldding of an Alms House House of Employment, on the Eric county peohouse farm, four miles west of Eric Pa. By of der. WM. M. ARBUCKLE, Clerk.

Groceries and Provisions, de. and they now have the LARGEST AND BEST RETAIL STOCK ever brought into the city of Era, Greek call, GEORGF M 1000 GEO, Pr GRIFFH; ESTABLISHED IN 1811.

Dew Adbertisements.

1324. Peach Street. 1324.

THE BLOCKADE RAISED.

BURTON & GRIFFITH

Corner of Peach and 18th Sts.,

Are glad to inform their enstoners that the obstruction caused by the laying of the tax sever through Peach street, has been to have and their patrons; and fit only are now about reach their stand with teams as of oil. T.

HALL & WARFEL WHOLESALE AND RÉTAIL

DRUGGISTS

630 State St., Erle, Pal.

French Window Glass

The public are respectfully informed that Stock of FRENCH WINDOW GLASS.

imported by us directly from the manuscu, in France is the largest and most extension before divided by the largest and most extension sangle and double thickness, of nearby size. The superior strength, cleannes beauty of French glass is admitted by all prices are but little more than for Angliass.

AMERICAN GLASS.

We also keep constantly on hand a larg varied supply of American Glass, directors both single and double thickness, so a every size, Dealers and consumers in a Glass will promote their interest by examour stock and prices of French and Americas, before ordering from New York of where. Paints, Oils, and Varnished

White Lead of various qualities, Lensead raw and boiled, Spirits Turpentine, Varius Colored Paints, both dry and in old Brushess every other article in the Painting Lane as Lowest Market Price, in large or small qualities

DYE WOODS. Our Stock of Dye Woods and Dye steds omplete, which we are selling at wholesales

PATENT MEDICINES. All the popular Medicines of the day, at is steach prices.

Drugs, Chemicals & Glue Our supply of above articles is extensive are prepared at all times to supply the man both of the retail and jobbing trade.

OILS.

Whale Oil.

Lard Oil.

Both raw and bulled

Caster Oil Neats Foot Oil And all kinds of Essential Oils; in large at small lots.

We express our thanks for the liberal patage received during the last twenty-time reading and now invite the attention of consumers our Wholesale and Retail Departing its, who are well supplied with Staple Goods, which are selling at lowest cash prices.

Warrant in Bankruptcy. Dist, Court of United States,) In Earlier per For the West, Dist, of Pa. 1 No. 27: THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE that on the 22bl of November, 1867, a Warrant in Earlier per

It heals without a scar. No family should be without it. We warrant it to cure Scrotula Sores, Salt Rheum, Chilblains. Tetter, Pimples, and all Eruptions of the Skin. For Sore Breast of

other Cintment. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Witte & Horland Proprietors, 121 Laberty Street, New York.

THE UNDERSIGNED offers for sale his value able farm, on the Kuhl road, in Habe

Auditor's Notice.

MARKS & MEYER.

E. Cooper, In the Court of common vs.
Sam'l Mahan, Jr. 1 term, 1857. Vendition fx. And now, Dec. 2, 1857, on motion G. W. Guinison, Exq., appointed auditor.

PER STRIAN.

Notice is hereby given to all parties interested that I will attend 40 the duties of my appointment on Friday, January 3d, at 2p, m, at my office in Frie, No. 50 State street, decil-3w. GEO, W. GUNNISON, Auditor.