FOR SUPREME JUDGE, Hon. George Sharswood,

OF PHILADELPHIA. WE hope that none of the readers of the Observer will fail to read carefully the correspondence between President Johnson and General Grant, on our first page, in reference to Sheridan's removal. The old adage, "shoemaker stick to vour last," is made perfeetly applicable in the case of General Grant. He may do well enough to handle large armies, but is "all at sea" with his pen. The President's rejoinder to what would have been considered in other and better times a gross and officious act of insubordination, is calm and dignified, but unanswerable.

THE Republican party of this State no longer sails under false colors. It has laid down its platform in the plainest, broadest manner. It declares in language that cannot be mis-

taken:

1st. That Congress must immediately pass a law making all the negroes in Pennsylvania coters, and conferring upon them all other rights of citizenship.

2d. It puts forward as a candidate for Judge of our Supreme Court a Connecticut Yankee who is pledged to decide such a law to be constitutively and the street of the supreme to the supreme to the such as law to be constitutively and the supreme to th

stitutional and enforce its observance. . What say the white men of Pennsylvania to such a programme?

BREAKERS AHEAD. Endeavor to conceal it as we may, there no mistaking the fact that the nation is in serious danger. Ex-Vice President Hamlin said in a recent speech that we are in a more alarming condition than at any period during the war, and every day convinces us of the truth of his assertion. The expenses of the country are greater than it can safely bear. The machinery employed by the government, including the military government of the South, the Freedman's Bureau, the 'army of tax gatherers, and the numerous other expedients for spending money, is four times as extensive and costly as it was before the war. We did not feel it when we were borrowing money and expanding the currency, but now, pay-day is at hand. Legitimate business throughout the North and West is in a prostrate condition. Its vitality has been sapped by taxation. The South is not only bankrupt, but actually starving! The people everywhere are suffering from the burdens heaped upon them. Prices of food, of rents, of clothes, are increasing, and our taxes are growing higher every year. Our local taxes are no exceptions. The State tax for this Commonwealth amounts to \$5,000,000 this year, against \$3,700,000 last year. The rate of taxation in this city has increased in the same time to \$17 in the thousand; and the same is true of all the cities and towns about us. The Treasury Department estimates that from thirty-five to forty millions of dollars will be needed to support the army in the Southern States during the present year. This is a heavy tax upon the business and industry of the country. And what use is to be made of the army in that 'section? Is there any resistance to law and authority, either actual or suppositious, in that part of the Union? Is any portion of the people in revolt against the National or State authorities? Neither, and yet the Radical party insists upon quartering soldiers upon. the people in time of peace, and thus adding to the expenses of the nation at this time when the tax-gatherer crosses the threshold of every man like a spectre of evil. Thirtyfive or forty millions of dollars is a heavy price to pay for a broken Constitution, an up in the prospect for every man that wants an try." infracted Union, for negro equality, and the is in the hands of the people, and if they do not exercise it they have no right to complain. But if they think that we have enjoved as much as we can afford of such luxuries, we call upon them to kick over all nlatforms built upon abstract dogmas, and to choose servants who will act for the best interests of the country. We are on the wrong

dead ahead! "FUN FOR THE BOYS, BUT DEATH

The cost of the Radical plan for keeping up a military despotism over a third of the country is beginning to be considered by the reflecting portion of the people. They have discovered, to the intense disgust of the Radicals, that to carry out the work of registration alone, more than a million and a half of dollars, in addition to the half million of last spring, have been appropriated. As little prominence as possible has been given to this feature. The noise has been made over the dreadful obstinacy of rebels, and especially over the rebellious state of the Presidential intentions. Such clap-trap was never turned to larger account. - It costs the people two millions of dollars this season; and what the military expenditures are to be can be guessed with considerable accuracy. It was thought that the country had fortunately succeeded in bringing down the military establishment to a modest standard; but to advance partisan schemes hundreds of millions, more are to be piled upon the national debt, to defray the necessary expenditures of the War Department in the continued military occupation of the Southern States. There is a people rendered helpless by the course and cost of a long war. They have neither means nor men. They frankly admit defeat, and come forward and pledge themselves anew to first crop since the termination of the contest, and now is the time to restore all the former relations with them, through the natural and kindly agencies of trade and commerce. Just when Providence itself drops the suggestion, Congress mounts a stricter guard over them. It puts bayonets to their throats, and denounces them for worse rebels than when they were in arms. The country is kept in distraction by these means, and the people of the North are expected to pay the bills of misrule. How long will it last?

In the Senate of the United States, at the last session. Mr. Sumner attempted to force upon that body the consideration of his bill for "universal suffrage," and in his remarks upon the subject he unblushingly admitted that the object of the measure was to secure votes for the Radical party. He said, "in Delaware, Maryland, and Kentucky, it is needed to increase the Union (Radical) vote. would secure three thousand votes in Connecticut, and fifteen thousand in Pennsylvania. It was needed in New York and Indiana, and in fact in every State." It is very evident that the Radicals are afraid of the white vote "in every State;" and, in order to neutralize its effect, they propose now to let the negroes vote, no matter what the people of the several States have to say upon the subject. Pennsylvania has the word "white" in her Constitution, in providing for the qualifications of electors; but Mr. Summer suggests that, in order to give the Radicals fifteen thousand votes hereabouts. the Congressional party shall tinker up our Constitution, without any reference whatever to the views and opinions of the people. This is what he calls giving a State a Republican form of government!

FALL ELECTIONS OF 1867.—Elections are yet to be held this year in the following States: Maine, September 9. Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana, October 8. New York, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, Massachusetts Michigan, Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Missouri, Kansas and Nevada, November 8. Colorado (territory.) November 12.

After a careful survey of the canvass, we have become confirmed in our conviction that Mr. Colton is either not the equal of Mr. Lowry as a strategist, or that, from some unaccountable cause, he has neglected a very necessary feature to secure success in partisan warfare. The fact is generally understood that one of the leading essentials in a politician is to be able to make promises with a perfect recklessness as to whether they can be fulpeople, as a mass, are supposed to be intensey gullible, that they are considered as ready to receive with engerness any new idea that savors of modern so-called patriotism or seems likely to promote their self-interest, and that any proposition of this sort, coming from a prominent man of the dominant party particularly, at once awakens their fervent and enthusiastic admiration. In both these highly important requisites, Mr. Colton seems deplorably and inexcusably deficient.

We have a large number of streams in the as ours. ounty which now serve no better purpose than to furnish a few mill sites, and to drain the superabundant water of our valleys and hill sides. Why not propose to improve them so as to enable Lake craft to penetrate the renotest recesses of the county? We could then have a dozen or more harbors on the Lake, which would undoubtedly become the sites of vast cities, to the great joy of all owning land contiguous, and the inflation of their pocket books. And, then, if to these commendable projects, he could add that all the improvements will be attained by appropriation of the State or Federal Governments, without a cent of direct cost to the people

nous vote, Lowry would be hung on a sour apple tree, and the Colton phalanx would go marching on. Another subject that it is a wonder Mr. Colton has thus far neglected is the one of new counties. Titusville, Conneautville and Corry all want one; and Union, Girard, North East, Edinboro, Wattsburg, Wesleyville and Weigletown wouldn't object if there was a good show. Now here is a glorious opporunity to make a "ten-strike." Why hasn't comprehensive mind that he could easily caronly one at present, with snug births looming man, or men, not to a principle and a counoffice. What a rush for desirable town lots, how property would increase in value, and how every man would leap into a fortune !-We suggest to the Colton men that here is a plan they should by no means fail to avail

Every one of the parties immediately con-

cerned would rush to embrace him with open

Gazette would sing hosannas to his name, he

would become Senator by nearly a unani-

arms, the people on the line of the propose

Then, too, there is the matter of railroads. It is an unquestioned truth that railroads are the great promoters of prosperity, and as a present Congress," yet considerations of the consequence every family would like to own track. Let us change our course before the one. We have had any number of railroad Ship of State is wrecked upon the breakers projects within the last few years, with little prospect that any of them will be consummated. Why not get up a grand scheme, by which a vast net-work of railroads is to be built over the county at State expense, with each town a terminus and point of transhipment, and each farm house a depot? A pro position like this would take like wild-fire.

The "great moral idea" dodge is a capital one to work upon. It doesn't make any difference how vulgar a man may be, how many oaths he may utter in a day, or how much liquor he may drink, if he only makes a public parade of his piety, honesty and temperance, it will be duly swallowed by thousands of people who take the pretense for the virtue itself. The sanctity of the Sabbath is a fine topic to dilate upon. Mr. C. might strain his eyes in holy agony over the wickedness of the people in "Copperhead" Gotham, who run street cars on Sunday, over the vile Hottentots who milk their cows and feed their goats, irrespective of the time of the week, or over the Fejee Islanders, who persist in roasting and dining upon one another, regardless of the day. A law, protesting in the name of "the best Government on the face of the earth," against such crimes, and providing for sending a Federal army and navy to put a stop to them, would work like a charm among a certain class of unco-zealous church people. Still better would be a mighty conception to provide every family with a meeting house out of the public treasury, and the maintain the Union. They are raising their promise of an act compelling everybody to attend, whether they wish to or not, and obliging "the heathen in our midst" to pay the preachers' salary. This part of the programme (we mention in confidence) must be managed with peculiar adroitness, however, and special care taken that it does not come to the knowledge of a large class of persons in the city upon whom Mr. Colton is relying for his most active support.

A multitude of similar schemes rises to ou mind's view, each of which would immortalize any candidate who first brought them before the people, and the mere mention of which would fill more space than we can spare at present. We might mention among them the idea of building great hotels at every cross road, for the public accommodation, free of cost; of furnishing every family with groceries and provisions at the Commonwealth's expense; of supplying mid-wives, wet-nurses, and baby garments, "without money and without price;" and some like benefit-to every class of the community,

We call the attention of the Colton men to these remarkable omissions on their part, without wishing in any way to be considered as an intermeddler, but solely through a disinterested disposition to see something like an even fight. It is evident that the advantages in "strategy" lie on the opposite side, and unless the Colton men make a "grand forward movement," something of the nature mentioned, they may be in danger of being outflanked. In the innocence of their hearts some of them believe, or pretend to believe, us in sympathy with their antagonist, because we have given truthful statements of the situation as it has appeared to us at different stages, and we hope in opening up to them the splendid opportunities here presented they will be convinced of their past misconceptions. Let them adopt either or the whole of the grand projects hinted at, and "fight it out on that line," if it takes all the remaining days before the Convention (Sunbeing outflanked. In the innocence of their remaining days before the Convention (Sunday included) and we warrant them an easy, brilliant and enduring victory, more especially if they sesson the proposition with copious allusions about "Copperheads," "enemics

SUGGESTIONS FOR MR. COLTON AND THE DANGER TO PREE INSTITU-

may be again. No people, with their eyes Now, what has Mr. Colton promised in this unconcern, and even approbation, the establine? Is it not plain that shrewd policy dic- lishment and continuance of military despottates that he should outbid if not excel his ism over one-third of the Union. If these competitor in lavish promises? Why does he things do not prove the truth of the maxim not come out at once in a circular (not to be that even in this country "eternal vigilance printed at the Observer office) declaring his is the price of liberty," we do not know what endiness to go still further, and fit the canal could prove it. If the people fail to exert for propellers, frigates, or even line of war themselves at this critical juncture, to stay ships? Why not agree to have the canal with the strong hand of popular resistance at bridged to suit the convenience of every pro- the ballot-box the encroschments of the perty owner on its line, and if need be have | demagogues now wielding civil and military macademized road or Nicholson pavement power, freedom will bid a long farewell to built to suit each one's special convenience? this country, as she has to others once free

THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY AND MR.

The New York Times, which for some time evinced a disposition to be Conservative, has at length followed the demands of its pecuniary interests, and gone back to the wallow of Radicalism. In a late issue it contained the following : . . .

"The President is now in the hands of Democrats, of whom Ex-Attorney General, Black is a fitting example. He is playing their game. He is doing their work. In compliance with their requirements, he has suspended Mr. Stanton and removed General Sheridan, and he stands ready to do whatever may be demanded of him in the furtherance of the same end." nost interested, the hit would be palpable.

therance of the same end." The New York Express well replies to the above that "this is all new to the Democracy, and they have not only no proof of it improvements would ride the county day and but they have not heard of it before. The night to help his cause, the Dispatch and offices are all filled with Republicans, most of them of the extreme Radical school. Every Democrat is proscribed-even those who held office under hincoln. If Mr. Black has the confidence of the President, he is the only Democrat in the United States

"The fact is-and it is better known to the der Lincoln and under Johnson. The Deniocrats have had no more influence than the
Republicans. The Government has been
an individuality, never a consultation, not a
co-partnership even of mutual interests; the happy thought flashed across Mr. Colton's an individuality, never a consultation, not a ry every township in the county by simply and hence, while the President has friends, promising each town or village that it should he has no party or partisans. The error in be a county seat? The idea is worth whole. Washington has been in supposing that a pages of dish-water editorials in the Anti- Government could be administered without Lowry papers—one daily! Think of it—a consultations, co-partnerships, or confidences dozen or a couple court houses where there is | -or, in other words, that it belonged to a

Congressional District of Georgia, because, although he would not consider himself "elevated to a post of honor if elected to the gravest importance to his own race and to the country at large, "impel the conviction that the surest remedy for Radical evils, is for the South to return colored Representatives." His address to the citizens and electors of the district is sound, sensible, and from a Radical stand-point even, is impregnable, for he assumes at the outset that to empower the negroes to vote implies the elevating white Radicals to office and are then to "be politely informed that their services can be dispensed with 'till the next election," it is quite time that they are undeceived; for, argues Finckling, "if the colored man is worthy of and entitled to the elective franchise, it is very clear that he is also entitled to a place in politics in proportion to the number he brings to the support of the successful party."

THERE is a general discussion as to the best way to pay the public debt. The matter is plain as daylight: Put the thieves out of office and put honest men in. Retrench the expenditures of the government to one hundary and the state of the government to one hundary. Burguit swindle from the Treasury, and thus save millions to the people. If the negroes are fit to vote, they are competent to sustain themselves. Take the military forces from the South and muster them out of service, and leave the people there to "reconstruct" themselves, as they were doing before Congress interfered and put them further from the Union than they were ever before. Cut off the myriads of parasites now hanging upon the Treasury. Retrench expenditures until the income largely exceeds the outgo. Apply the surplus to the payment of the public debt, and the whole "question" will e answered.

IF Pennsylvania should vote for the Radical Judge Williams, and for the Radical candidates generally throughout the State, in opposition to Judge Sharswood, the Democratic nominee, and the Democratic candidates generally, it will be hailed triumphantly by every Radical organ in the United States as proof positive that a majority of the voters of this great State are in favor of negro equality and negro rule, wherever there may happen to be more negroes than there are white men in a voting precinct. We believe that a large majority of the people of Pennsylvania really think with us, that it is not good for the negro thus to be thrust upon us. Let every man in the State vote intelligently on this question. The Radicals are for it, the Democrats are against it. The white people have much to gain by keeping

down negro Radicalism. THE Henderson (Texas) News contains the following interesting paragarph. It may give rise to some new reflections in the minds of those who profess so much affection for the

negroes in their proper place, and by putting

negro:

Mn. T. D. CHELLIS, late of McKean township, but now a resident of the city, authorizes us to announce his name as a candidate for Jury Commissioner, subject to the deciof the country," "traitors," and like pretty sion of the Democratic Co. Convention. sen5-2w.

The assertion is continually being made by Radical journals and speakers that, such is the in-bred love of liberty in the Amarican people, and so jealous are they of any infringement of their personal rights, it is impossible they can ever be brought to submit to a despotic government. But the same filled or not. It is quite as well known that the sible for the two sections of the country ever in the military science as field glasses and a to be involved in a civil war. The South, signal-corps. Their animosity is inflamed

THE President has clearly decided to adopt open, ever voluntarily renounced a free a new role. He is now doing what he could as you are; and although you may and have c ones have often been established on the a difficult part to play, but seems to have Does he not know, for instance, that one their own degradation and bondage. Such duties required of him by the Constitution of of Mr. Lowry's "big cards" is the is the process now going on in this country. the United States. He has never before actgrowth of the city to proportions far excelling Buffalo, and the making a millionaire of every man who owns city property.

Will which the making a millionaire of the people, abrogating is on it now, and if he falls we predict that their preservation will fight again, if a heartheast on the will fall with his harness on.

Out of every man who owns city property.

Will which the mode nook the right again, if a heartheast on the will fall with his harness on.

Out of every man who owns city property.

THAD, STEVENS has published a letter, adlressed to Samuel Shoch, of Columbia, in which he openly acknowledges the unconstitutionality of the "Reconstruction" legislation of Congress. In speaking of the amendment to the military bill, he says:

ment to the minitary, only, he says:

"Some of the members of the Senate seemed to doubt their power under the Constitution which they had just repudiated, and wholly outside of which all agreed that we tere acting; else our tehole work of Reconstruction was usurpation, or perhaps they had a desire to be thought to be gravely conservative and magnanious."

HERMAN RASTER, editor of the Illinois Staats Zeitung, made a speech at a meeting of Germans in Chicago, a few nights ago, in which he said: "As I advised my German friends to leave the Democratic party in 1854. as eagerly do I now advise my German fellow Republicans of 1867 to part company with a party that has recklessly adulterated its national programme by New Englandsectionalism."

Wm. Walker, obtaining money under false pretences. The jury, after a brief absence, returned with a verdict of not guilty, and the prosecutor to pay the costs. They were sent back to amend the verdict by naming the prosecutor, which they did by inserting the name of Joshua Follansbee, Samuel Brown and James Smith, larceny. The jury, after about two minutes delibera-tion, returned a verdict of guilty. Brown sentenced to pay a fine of \$5 and costs, and be imprisoned in the Western Penitentiary for one year and six months. Smith sentenced

to pay a fine of \$5 and costs, and be impris-oned in the Western Penitentiary for two Times than to us—Mr. Seward has run the James Horrigan and John Westfall, as-Presidency, now, since March, 1861, and he sault, with intent to kill. A verdict of ac-has been real, practical President, alike un-

payment of costs.

James Phillips, larceny. Not a true bill.

Patrick French, keeping a disorderly house.

The jury, after a short absence, returned with A negro, named James P. Finckling, has consented to be a candidate from the First consequence from the constant of the constant consequence for the consequence for

ment in the county jail for thirty days.

Silas Aldrich, attempt to procure the burning of a harn. Not a true bill.

C. McFayden harceny. Verdict not guilty.

Seth Caldwell and C. McFayden, larceny.

Verdict of guilty against Caldwell and not guilty in the case of McFayden. Sentenced guilty in the case of McFayden. Sentenced to pay a fine of \$10 and costs, and undergo imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary one year. ae year. Bernard Linnold, selling beer to persons of known intemperate habits. Nolle prosequi entered.

Bernard Lippold, selling beer to minors. Not guilty, but defendant to pay half the costs and the prosecutor to pay Bernard Lippold, selling liquor on Sunday. right for negroes to be voted for. If the Guilty, and sentenced to pay a fine of \$50 blacks are only to have the "privilege" of and costs, and be imprisoned in the county

jail ten days.

Broetzel, malicious mischief in wantonly killing a hog belonging to a neighbor.

Verdict not guilty, but defendant to pay costs.

Fred. Zeal, selling liquor. Not guilty and the county to pay the costs.

Patrick Kaliher, selling liquor. Not guilty

Patrick Kaliher, selling liquor. Not guity and the county to pay the costs.

D. Collins, selling liquor. Not guilty and the county to pay the costs.

James Bannister, selling beer to minors. Not guilty, but defendant to pay the costs.

John Myer, selling liquor on Sunday. Recognizance forfeited for non-appearance.

Margaret Eldridge and Louisa Eldridge, keeping a disorderly house. Recognizance forfeited for non-appearance.

nontus.

Sch' Caldwell, larceny. Sentence suspended until expiration of sentence in the Reed

ed untit expiration of school largery case.
Win. Miles, H. Thornton, Win. Downs,
Win. Dougherty and Geo. Minnig, riot. Recognizance of Win. Downs forfeited.
John Hazel, selling liquor. Noile prosequi entered. H. L. Ross, selling liquor. Nolle prosequi

entered.

REPORT OF THE GRAND JUNY.

The Grand Inquest for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, now acting for the county of Erie, would most respectfully represent they have visited and closely examined the jail building, now occupied by the county of Erie, and find that it is entirely inefficient for the work of sciences. the wants of said county; it has not sufficient capacity for the number of criminals usually confined there, and no arrangements for the separation of the different classes of criminals, and in fact the building is entirely desirated the control of the control of the control of the country of the country of the country; and in fact the building is entirely desirated. nals, and in fact the nuiting is enurely destitute of the necessary conveniences that should belong to a building used for such purposes. We would, therefore, most respectfully recommend the erection of a new jail possessing all the requirements needful. We have also visited and examined the County leaves and find that the building is en-Poor House and find that the building is entirely insufficient for the accommodation of the number of paupers that are obliged to be supported by the county. We would thereore most respectfully recommend the creetion of a new building necessary for the ac-commodation of the county poor. We found the condition of the Poor House, as regards cleanliness and the general appearance, in as good condition as the building would admit, and so far as we could judge, would approve of the present manage

Asa Battles, Foreman. Eric, Aug. 30, 1807. (From the Macon (Ga.) Telegraph.) A VETO MESSAGE FROM ANDREW, JACKSON.

A correspondent sends us the following, which he thinks would have been the sentiments and about the language of "Old Hickory," had he lived to be President of the United States in 1867;

United States in 1867.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,

WASHINGTON CITY, July 22, 1867.

To the mlf-Sigled Congress of the United States:—I return to you the bill you have recently passed, and which has just been presented to me for my signature, without my approval of it.

This bill, without any just reason; and without any necessity for it, and like the bills to which it refers, destroys and sets aside the civil governments of ten states of this Union, and establishes military governments in each of those states in lieu thereof, and that, too, in a time of perfect peace, when they are at of mose states in neu mercoi, and mat, too, in a time of perfect peace, when they are at peace, not only with their sister states of the Union, but with the whole world; and when no, resistance is offered or attempted to be offered by citizens of these states to the constitution, the large authorities are represented. stitution, the laws authority or government of the United States,—nor has any such reslatance been attempted within the last two years and over, as you very well know. This bill, therefore, seeks most openly and palpa-bly to violate and to destroy not only the

THE INDIANA General Hancock's testi- constitution of the United States which we

to a despotic government. But the same men before the rebellion broke out in such gigantic proportions, just as broadly and that it was impossible for the two sections of the country ever to be involved in a civil war. The South, they said, was too cowardly to fight, and to the highest pitch. And with them now would expend their ire in bullying and braggadocio. They were mistaken then, and I am sworn to support, protect and defend the constitution of the United States as well

ruins of free institutions. It has been done gradually by making the people, in the cannot err so long as he fearlessly bases him and they will as carnestly and successfully rename of liberty, the willing instruments of self on the ground that he will perform the pel your unhallowed efforts to destroy their their own degradation and bondage. Such duties regulared of him by the Constitution of Constitution, and with it their rights and of Mr. Lowry's "big cards" is the deepening of the canal, so as to admit the passage of gunboats from the Lakes to the Ohio and vice versa? Then follows, as a natural result, the establishing of a great naval depot at our harbor, and with it the rapid growth of the city to proportions far excell-

> The responsibility is with you.
>
> ANDREW JACK SON. To be or not to be-that's the question," Whether to suffer with mental anguish, Feverish lips, cracking pains, dyspeptic ago nies, And nameless boilily suffering, Or whether, with sudden dash, Seize a bottle of Plantation Bitters,

And, as Gunther swears, be myself a again. again.
Gunthur said my cyes were sallow,
My visage haggard, my breath tremendous
bad—
My disposition troublesome—in fact,
He gently hinted I was fast becoming
Quite a nuisance.

our bottles now beneath my vest have dis appeared, My food has relish, my appetite is keen, My step clastic, my mind brilliant, and line pounds, avoirdupois, is added to m

MAGNOLIA WATER.—A delightful toilet

A GREAT ENTERPRISE,-We call the espe Court Proceedings.

The following were the proceedings of Court on Thursday, Friday and Saturday of last week:

Wm. Walker, obtaining money under false record with the consumers with the profits created by "middle men," and to sell their growth distribute to consumers in small quantity. goods directly to consumers, in small quanti-ties, at cargo prices. They have appointed Mr. Samuel B. Barnum agent for the sale of goods in this city and vicinity. The teas and coffees are put up in one pound packages at their warehouse in New York, and sold by Mr. Barnum at the same prices at which they Mr. Barnum at the same prices at which they are to be had at headquarters in that city. We advise our readers who are interested in procuring a first-rate article of tea, or fresh and pure coffee, at the cheapest possible rates, to call upon Mr. B., and give the goods of the "Great United States Tea Warehot fair and thorough trial.

See their price-list in another column.

> ATLANTIC MONTHLY .- The contents of his magazine for September are as fol-

lows:

The Guardian Angel, IX., by Oliver Wendell Holmes: Prophetic Voices about America, by Charles Sumner; Sunshine and Petrarch, by T. W. Higginson; Canadian Woods and Waters, by Charles Dawson Stanley; The Nightingale in the Study, by James Russell Lowell; Hospital Memories, II., by Eudora Clark; Minor Italian Travels, by W. D. Howells: The Mystery of Nature by These lowed by law for this offense. Fined \$50 and costs, and sentenced to be imprisoned in the county jail for ten days.

Seth King, larceny. Nolle prosequi entered upon payment of costs. Nolle prosequi enways were also entered in the cases of Chas. Wagner and Robert Beatty, charged with a like offense.

Thomas C. Lee, obtaining goods under this pretenses. Nolle prosequi entered upon payment of costs.

James Phillips, larceny. Not a true bill. Patrick French keeping a disorderly house.

Our Young Folks is attractive as usual.

Many churches out of the limits of the Many churches out of the limits of the city are suffering in their devotional services for the want of good music, when a reasonable amount of money will purchase a fine organ with which the voices may be supported in full harmony. With a poor instrument the singing will deteriorate, and with none at all, neither will a choir nor congregational singing flourish. Mesers, S. D. & H. W. Smith, of Restan have they introduced on W. Smith, of Boston, have just introduced a new style of American Organs, with upright cases and gilt imitation pipes, having markable volume of tone, containing the deep manual sub-bass, super octave coupler, tremolo, and knee swell. We take pleasure in calling the attention of churches in need of good instruments to the American Organ. -Watchman and Reflector.

Successful Business Mrn.-By many i SUCCESSFUL BURINESS MEN.—By many it is supposed that success in business is the result of chance rather than of thorough preparation followed by persistent effort. The history of that numerous body of young men that have been practically educated for business at the Iron City College, Pittsburg, them that timely and thorough trempetition. shows that timely and thorough preparation is one of the surest guarantees of fature suc cess. The system of practical actual busi-ness training pursued in that institution is inestimable to every one who contemplates engaging in business of any kind, as it gives one an insight into those practical details so essential to the successful prosecution of any undertaking. There is no doubt but a schol-arship in this institution is the best invest-ment one could make.

THE PLAN adopted by the Washington Library Company for the raising of funds for the Riverside Institute—an asylum for the gratuitous education of Soldiers' and Sailors' Orphans—is meeting with great approval. Subscriptions to the stock are coming in rapills. idly. The handsome steel-plate engravings given to those who purchase stock are acknowledged by competent judges to be first-class productions. Besides receiving a handsome engraving of this character, worth more at retail than the price of the stock, every purchaser will in addition receive a present of some kind. Full guarantee is given that every share of stock must be acc by a present besides the engraving. See ad-

Don'r buy a Sewing Machine until you have seen the Elliptic, made by Wheeler & Wilson. It is an improvement. At Good-rich's, 425 State street. C. R. Kingsbury,

DR. SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP. This great medicine curved Dr. J. H. Sonence, the Proprieter, of Pulmonary Consumption, whose it had assumed its most tormidable superi, and when speedy-death appeared to be inevitable. He shyricians proposanced his case incurable when he commenced the use of this simple but powerful comedy. Hu

the use of this simple but powerful remody. Hu-heath, was restored in a wary short time, and no return-of the disease has been apprehended for all-the symptoms quickly disappeared, and his present weight is more than two hundred gounds. Since his recovery, he has devoted his siteration analysis of the curs of Consumption and the disease which are smally complicated with it, and the curse affected by his mediches have been very numerous and truly wooderful. Dr. Sangucz makes preferational visits to several of the larger chiles workly, where he has a large conceause of patients, and it is truly usualshing to one poor consumptives that have to be lifted out at their carriages, and it a for months bashly, subust persons. Dr. SCHENCE'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SEAWEZD TONIC, and MANDEARE PILLS are prografty all required in curing Consumption. Fall directions accompany each, so that any one can take them without seeing fir. Southway, but when it is one, senious it is had to see him. He gives advice free, but he athereugh examination with his Replaymeter his fee is three delians. his he is three delices.

Prices observe, when purchasing, that the two
Prices observe, when purchasing, that the two
Prices of Decognipites, and the other as he now is, in
purious health—are on the Government stamp, perfect beath—are so the Government stamp.

Bold by all Drugglett and Dealors. Price \$1.50
per period of the price of the

NEW STOVE And Tin Ware Establishment A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF TIN WARE ALWAYS ON HAND. Call at Himred & Co.'s 1334 Sassafran street, near the Buffalo Road Brie, Pa. myle-gr-tf.

JOHN GENSHEIMER & SON. DEALERS IN Clothing and Gent's Farnishing Goods CORNER OF SEVENTH STREET, ERIE, PA. Riw Adbertisenents.

as Advertisements, to secure insertion, must be handed in by 80 clock on Wednesday after-noon. All advertisements will be continued at the expense of the advertiser, unless ordered are a specified time.

Warrant in Bankruptcy.

I'MIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE that on the Sist
I day of August, A. B., 1807, a Warrant in
Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Lyman Thomas, of the borough of Union Mills, in
the county of Erie, State of Pennsylvania, who
has been adjudged a behkrupt on bis own relition; That the payment of any debts and delityery of any property belonging to such bankrupt to him, and for his use, and the trainsfer of
any property by him, are forbidden by law; that
a meeting of the creditions of said bankrupt, to
prove their debth and to choose one or more
Assigness of his scatte, will be held at a Court
of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of S. E.
Woodruff, in the thandsh of Girard Mile Co.
Fa, before Samnel E. Woodroff, Recister, on the
12th day of October, A. D., 1837, at 11 october, A.
M.
J. S. Marshal for said District.

Per G. P. Davis, Dept. U. S. Marshal. Warrant in Bankruptcy.

Orphans' Court Sale.

Orphans' Court Sale.

THE UNDERSIGNED, guardian of the person and extate of John M. Sturgeon, indior son of John M. Sturgeon, inteed Frieview township, Eric county, deed, will, by order of the Orphan's Court of Eric county, offer for sale at Public Auction, at the Court House, in the city of Eric, on SATURDAY, THE 5th DAY OF ONTOBER NEXT, at 1 o'clock, p. m., the interest of the sizk nainor to 50 series of land, shore or less, situate the Principles township aforesaid; near the village of Fairview, being the west, half of the farm of said John M. Sturgeon, dee'd, with the improvements thereon; said interest being the fee simple of the farm, subject to the life exist of the undersigned therein, according to the provisions of the will of the said John M. Sturgeon, deecased. of the undersigned increm, accounts of the sud-John M. Sturgeon, deceased.

TERMS OF SALE.—\$500 on confirmation; remainder payable on the 20th of March, 1872, with interest, from confirmation, on the whole sum, to be paid annually; secured by Judgment bond and mortgage on the premises, \$1,000 of the purchase money to remain charged upon the land, payable on the death of the indersigned widow of the said John M. Sturgeon, deceased, or within two years thereafter, according to the will of said John M. Sturgeon, decay. The said land will be sold by the acre, the number of acres to be ascertained by a survey, at the joint expense of the indersigned and the purchaser. The indersigned will soil, at private sale, her life estate interest in the said 50 acres, and in the remaining 50 acres, being the whole farm of the said John M. Sturgeon, dec d.

This is regarded as one of the finest farms in the county as regards improvements, soil, and situation.

For forther information inquire, of T. J. Fothe county as regamms improvements.

For further information inquire, of T. J. Foglebaugh, on the premises, Joseph Killheffer, Euq., of Fairview, and Charles W. Kelso, attorney at Law, Eric, Pn.

BARAH A. STURGEON, Guardian.

sep5-3w. GRAND VOCAL And Instrumental Concert!

IN FARRAR HALL, Monday, Soptember 9th, Given by the ERIE LIEDERTAFEL!

· Assisted by MEHL'S ORCHESTBA, Prof. EDWARD HEIMBERGER.

The Eminent Planist, MR. F. APFELBAUM of Pittsburgh, Tenor; MESSRS. EGAN AND MUELLER, of the Hamilton, C. W., Glee Club, and a number of other prominent Vocalists Admission 50 Cts., Beserved Seats 75 Cts.,

Can now be procured at Finign's Book Store Doors open at 7 o'clock; Concert commence precisely at 8 o'clock. sep5-1w. THE ERIE Driving Park Association!

Will hold their Second Annual HORSE FAIR!

September 18th and 10th. A Saving of from 50 to 75 per Cent. in the PREMIUMS Amounting to \$1,275!

Will be awarded to the best Trotters, Pacers and Running Horses!

The above purses are decidedly the largest ever offered in North-Western Penn'a. Look out for fast horses and fine sport.

W. F. RINDERNECHT, sep5-3w.

Secretary.

Groceries at Cost!

Commencing on Saturday, September 7.

And to continue Two Weeks

I have concluded to offer my entire Stock of Teas, Sugars, Coffees, Spices. SYRUPS, MOLASSES, MATS. BASKETS,

Twines. Stone Ware, CANNED FRUITS, Of which I have a large lot,

FRUIT JARS.

The best in the market, and every variety usu-ally kept in like establishments AT COST,

FOR CASH ONLY! VEGETABLES. GREEN FRUITS, BUTTER, &C.,

I will sell at a less price than others, but not at The object is to close out business, for the reason that my connection with the Dispatch Establishment takes my whole time, and I cannot devote any of it to this branch of my business. At the end of two weeks the stock yet remaining the business.

WILL BE SOLD AT AUCTION. A Good DELIVERY HORSE, and a DELIVERY WAGON, only in use one year, for sale at a Ar Store for Rent for Three Years. AZRO GOFF,

515 French St., Erie, Pa.

STATE FAIR! The Penn's State Fair will be held at PITTSBURGH. Upon the grounds of the Iron City Park,

SEPTEMBER 24th, 25th, 26th and 27th, For the Exhibition of . HORSES. CATTLE, SHEEP, SWINE, &c.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, Inventions, Farm Products, Fruits; Flowers, Household Goods, &c. Premiums over \$10,000!

COMPETITION OPEN TO ALL.

some of the Premiums in the abstract, are as Some of the Premiums in the assessing follows:

CATTLE—FOREIGN IMPORTED—10 premiums from \$50 to \$20; all other grades of Cattle 40, from \$30 to \$30; 41 other grades of Cattle 40, from \$30 to \$30; 42 from \$10 to \$3; best herd, &c., not less than 15 head, \$50; 24 best \$25; best 10 yoke of oxen, premium to be paid Agricultural Society of the county sending them, \$100—21 best \$30.

t \$30. IORSES—Best imported 6 premiums from \$50 20—thorough breeds 10, from \$30 to \$10—speed 29—thorough breeds 10, from 50 to 40 f \$100, 1 of \$75, 4 of \$50, f \$100 HORSES—1 of \$50, 1 of \$30; best dated the condition of the form \$30 i of \$100, I of \$55. 4 of \$50.

MATCHED HORBES—I of \$50. 1 of \$30; best draught, gelding, and single horses 12, from \$30 to \$10. 5 ACKS AND MULES 7, from \$25 to \$10. \$20. ACKS AND MULES 7, from \$25 to \$10; best mule team of four \$30-21 best \$15.

SHEEP AND WOOL—For different breeds 123 premiums from \$30 to \$5. \$WINE—15 from \$25 to \$5. POULTBY—best collection \$15, and no premium less than \$2.

For Agricultural Implementa, Steam Engines, Scales, de., but few premiums are offered. The Judges, however, may make complimentary notice of the particular aperits of each machine exhibited.

For Leather and its manufacture, than and Indian meal, grain and seeds, vegetables, fruits, graps, elder, howers and designs, needle work, embroidery; de., bread, cakes, de., preserves, jelles, and air tight fruits and vegetables, mercantile displays, dc., liberal premiums are offered, ranging from \$10 to \$1.

**STEAM PLOW—The Heydrick Steam Plow will be schibited and openned during the Fair. EXCUSSION TICKETS will be issued by nearly all the Ballroads, and all goods exhibited and unsold will be returned freight free.

For porticulars or premium lists address A, B. LONGAS ER, Secretary, Pitzburgh, Pa.

Single admission tickets & cents.

Sept-2w.

A. BOYD HAMILTON, Prest.

And Abbemgements. I. P. KINSEY & CO.,

Wholesale and retail dealers in DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, DOOR AND WINDOW FRAMES, uldings, Brackets, Mantel Pisces, Plain and Moulded Base, Casting, Stair Italling,

FLOORING, SIDING, FENCE PICKETS And all descriptions of Joiners' Stuff for House Finishing, Made of good dry lumber, constantly on hand it the corner of South Park Row and Peach street, Eric, En. 2 2 Orders from the city or country promptly step. 22.

Proposals for Sewers.

Proposals for Sewers.

Proposals will be received up to Monday.
Sept. 16th, for the construction of a Sewer in Fourth street, from Peach street to the canal, 400 feet long, 10 foot ent, 12 linch tile.

Also, a Sewer in 15th street, from Sassafras to Peach, 630 feet long, 10 foot cut, 12 linch tile.

H. C. SHANNON,
M. HARTLER,
J. EICHENLAUB, Ju.,
J. O. BAKER,
Struct Committee.

G. W. F. Shanwin, City Engineers.

Januar-2w.

LOST COW CTRAYED from the premises of the subscriber of East Ninth st., Erle city, near the tannery on Saturday, August 25th, a good sized Red Cow, having quite harge clear white horns. She is fine looking and about 8 years old. Any person furnishing information of her where abouts will be liberally rewarded.

J. J. FUESZLER. Philinda Pierce, by her In the Court of next friend, Adolphus Common Piers of Friello, No. 6, No. 5 Jonnthan Pierce.

NOTICE.—The undersagned, appointed Com-missioner by the Court, to take testimony in the above entitled case, will attend to the du-ties of his appointment on the 12th of Septem-ser, 1877, at his office in Harbor Creek, at 1 JAMES CHAMBERS. Warrant in Bankruptcy.

Warrant in Bankruptcy.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE that on the Edday

of August, IST, a Warrant in Bankruptcy
was basned out of the District Court of the United States, for the Western District Court of the United States, for the Western District of Evanspixania, against the estate of M. Chapin, of Erie, in the county of Erie, in said district, adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition: That the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; and that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their delits and to choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Eankruptcy; to be holden at the Court Home, in the city of Eric, before S. E. Wossiruf, Esq. Register in Bankruptcy for said district, on the third day of October, A. D. 1967, at 2 octobe, P. M.

THOMAS A. ROWLEY,

Per G. P. DAVIS, Dept. U. S. Marshal.

Wassent in Bonkruptcy

Warrant in Bankruptcy. Warrant in Bankruptcy.
This is to give Notice that on the 22 day
of August, A. D. 187, a Warrant in Bankriptcy was issued against the estate of Pardon
Senett, of Mill Creek, in the county of Erle,
Biate of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged
a bankrupt on his own petition; That the payment of any debts and delivery of any property
belonging to such bankrupt, to him and for the
use, and the transfer of any property by him
are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the
creditors of the said bankrupt, to proye their
debts and to choose one or more Assignces of
his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Conf. House, in the city
of Erle, before S. E. Woodruff, Register, on the
17th day of Getober, A. D. 187, at le Gebeck, A.
M. THOMAS A. ROWLEY,
L. S. Marshal for said District. THOMAS A. ROWLEY,
U. S. Marshal for said District.
Per G. P. Davis, Dept. U. S. Marshal,
au29-4w.

A National Enterprise!

GREAT COMMERCIAL REFORM

IN THE TEATRADE!

THE GREAT

UNITED STATES TEA WAREHOUSE!

T. Y. KELLEY & CO.

No. 30 Vesey Street, N. Y..

Have opened in connection with their present Elegant Retail Department!

For the express purpose of retailing their goods to consumers at WHOLESALE PRICES. The immense profits which have heretofore been put upon tens and coffices by the producers, the importers, the jobbers, brokers, speculators, wholesale dealers and finally by the retail country merchants, have so enhanced the prices of these exential articles of every-day life, that many consumers have been obliged to stint themselves, or abstant altogether from the use of Tens and Coffices. It is a fact well known to those who are familiar with the condition of the tea market, that these goods are frequently retailed by small dealers in the country at twice or thrice their original value, and even then are so adulterated and doctere cy unprincipled speculators as to be really until for the uses of any good and well provided household.

We do not see why this should longer continue, and we therefore propose to retail our tess and coffees in small quantities to consumers, in all parts of the country, at importing prices.

and coffees in small quantities to consumers, in all parts of the country, at importing prices, with such small profits added thereto, as in a widely extended and constantly increasing business may reasonably compensate us for our trouble. We guarantee our tens and coffees at all times to be fresh and pure, and warrant all goods sold from this house to give entire satisfaction; otherwise the goods may be returned and the money will be refunded. We challenge any establishment in this country to compete with us in the quality and prices of our goods. We call the especial attention of all house keepers and heads of families to the following

PRICE LIST: OOLONG, [Binck] 60, 50, 80, 90, \$1.00 per b., best. MEXHD, [Green & Binck] 60, 70, 80, 90, \$1.00 per b.,

YOUNG HYSON, [Green] 60, 70, 80, 90, \$1.00, \$1.10, \$1.25 per h.; hest. IMPERIAL, [Green] 90, \$1,00, 51,27. ENG. BREAKFAST, [Black] 70, 80, 90, \$1,00, \$1,10, \$1,20 per B., best. JAPAN, 99, \$1,00, \$1,25 per fb. GUNPOWDER, \$1.25, \$1.50 per B. We import a very superior quality of Klangsi, Oalong and Moyune Young Hyson Tens, put up in original Chinese packages, containing one pound. We sell the Oolong at \$1.21, and the Young Hyson at \$1.00 per pound.

GROUND COFFEES. PURE RIO, 20, 25 and 30 cents per pound. BEST OLD GOVERNMENT JAVA, 40 cents pe __pound. BOYAL CLUB-Extra Fine-35 cents.

In order to meet the demands of the people of Erie and vicinity, we have appointed Mr. Samuel B. Barnum,

Agent for the sale of our Tens and Coffees. All goods are put up by ourselves, in one pound packinges, at our warehouse in New York, and retailed at Erie by Mr. Samuel B. Barnum at the same prices at which they are to be had over our counters in New York. All goods put up by us bear the trade mark of 'The Great United States Tea Warehous of T. Y. Kelley & Co., stamped on the packages. NONE OTHERS ARE GENUINE.

We especially caution people against procur ng their goods of any "company" in New York kaston or elsewhere, representing themselves a cing connected with our house. We solicit a FAIR AND THOROUGH TRIAL Of our goods from all who are interested in buy-ing a first-class article of Tea and Coffee, at the sweat possible rates, au35-in.

FINKLE & LYON LOCK-STITCH

EWING MACHINES! To which they are daily adding new all and which, combined with the expensive

The only Machine so perfected that entire satsfaction is guaranteed or the purchase money cfunded. Where I have no agent a sample Machine will be said at a very low price, and a Local Agent appointed on the most favorable

N. B.-Send for a circular. Traveling Agent vanted, Salary liberal: Address E.A. HALL, General Agent for the Finkle & Lyon S. M. Co.

1941 Peach St., Brie, Pa. auM-tf. JOB PRINTING of every kind, in large or small quantities, plain or colored, done in the best style, and at moderate prices, at the Observer office. Aeb Abbertisements

1324. Peach Street. 1321

BURTON & GRIFFITH

(Successors to M. Hartle), DEALERS OF GROCERIES, PROVISION

Crockery and Produce:

Particular attention will be paid to sup-Hotels and Bearding Houses farmidied The highest priors paid in CASH (a) at Country Produce. Our aim will be to furnish at all (VERY BEST qualities of goods at the est prices. - nep5'67-1y.

K 16. 16 P The Ball Rolling

EDSON. CHURCHILL &

Having removed to their

NEW & SPACIOUS STOR NO-2 NOBLE BLOCK

Are now prepared to sell

DRY GOODS CHEAPER THAN EVER BEFORE

Fire following is a price list list of some. Goods now selling at their shore

4,000 Yards Good Madder Prints......

BROWN AND BLEACHED MUSIC do do 14... do do 34... Blewhed 44.....

All Wool Delaines Chean. DOMESTIC FLANNEL DEPARTMENT

Red, White, Blue, Buff, &c. Opera Phys-

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT A full line of Ladies', Misses' and that: lose. The gentlemen are also provided a its department.

DRESS GOODS

A full line of all the various styles and not Dress Goods, and we endeaver to so most fastitious in this line. We show our g with great pleasure without charge. A large line of French and Jones hams very cheap. Tweeds and Jeans, wear, cheaper than any other parties, see them.

Hoop Skirts in all Styles and Size

YANKEE NOTIONS A full line of all kinds, such as Threat, F.

SPECIALITIES

Brown and Bleached Muslims, Prints at ines. , We sell below the market.

Don't forget the place,

Corner of State and Eighth Streets Next door to the Post Office, Noble Block EDSON CHURCHILLA Warrant in Bankruptey.

Warrant in Bankruptoy.

This is to Give Notice that on the "all of August, A. D., 1837, a Warroni in Editor of August, A. D., 1837, a Warroni in Editor of Hongs in the county of Erail State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjust a bankrupt on his own petition; that he pinent of any debts and delivery of any payer belonging to him, for his use, and the interpolation property by him are fortheden by that a meeting of the creditors of the sald fair trupt, to prove their debts and to choose more Assignees of his estate, will be held found of Bankruptey, to be holden at the state of Bankruptey, to be holden at the state of Bankruptey, to the holden at the state of Bankruptey, to the holden at the state of Bankruptey, to the holden at the state of Bankruptey, and October, A. R. Warthelm 100 clock, A. M.

THOMAS A. ROWLET U. S. Marshal on 1229-iw.

DISPATCH BINDER

Blank Book Manufactor 10 East Park, Erie, Pa.

We take pleasure in announcing to the Pa hat we have secured the services of MR. J. A. ASHBY. A most complete and thorough works take charge of our Bindery and Blank Book Manufacti

Mr. Ashby has for several years benefit in Penfield's Blank Book Establishman Buthalo, and has no superior in the book Other valuable assistants have been enganthat work from this depo WILL BE UNSURPASSED In all that pertains to good stock, super straining and supers finish.

JONES & LYTLE. SUCCESSORS TO WARREN L. ROS

No. 10 Bast Park Place, Vould respectfully call the attention of the lic to their large stock of CLOTHING, CLOTHS, HATS (S And Gents' Farnishing Gods

Mr. James Lytle. Who has been in the trade about thire! years, and Mr. G. B. Keene "THE GREAT AMERICAN TAILOR Who has seen about twenty-nve year of your this and Eastern cities, they have a prove sufficient inducement to give thems share of public patronage.

1726-11. DANIEL JOSE

MINK, FOX. OR MUSK RAT TRAP! By the dozen or single, for sale by 13-tf. J. V. SELLEA R. FAULKNER, M.D.

SURGEON & HOMOSOPATHIC PHYSICIAL 823 French Street, Erie, Pi

my967-6m.