Erie Observer.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 2, 1866.

FOR GOVERNOR,

HON. HIESTER CLYMER,

OF BERKS COUNTY.

County Convention.

The voters of Erie county, *without distinction* of party, who desire the preservation of the Union under the policy of President Johnson's Administration—who sustain the constitution and oppose the measures of Congress to maintain the radical party in power at the expense of the public interests—who are in favor of a return to an economical management of the Government, and opposed to negro suffrage and social equality,—are requested to meet in their respective election precincts, at the usual places, on *Saturday September 8th*, 1866, (in the wards and boroughs at 8 o'clock, p. m., and in the townships between the hours of 1 and 8 o'clock, p. m.,) for the purpose of choosing delegates to attend a County Convention to be held in the Court House, in the city of Erie, on Monday, September 10th, 1866, at 2 o'clock p. m., to nominate candidates for the various district and county offices.

The following table exhibits the number of delegates to which each election district is entitled:

Erie, 1st District	2	Le Boeuf	3
2nd "	2	Waterford Township	3
3d "	2	Waterford Borough	2
4th "	2	Greene	3
South Erie	2	Summit	3
East Mill creek	3	McKean	3
West Millcreek	3	Middleboro	1
Harborcreek	3	Washington	3
North East Township	3	Edinboro	2
North East Borough	2	Franklin	2
Greenfield	2	Elk Creek	3
Venango	3	Conneaut	2
Wattsburg	1	Albion	3
Amity	3	Springfield	4
Wayne	3	Girard Township	3
Concord	3	Girard Borough	2
Cerry	4	Lockport	2
Union Township	3	Fairview	4
Union Mills	2		

By order of the County Committee,

E. CAMPHAUSEN, *Chairman.*

THE most gratifying intelligence which has greeted the country for a long time is the news of the adjournment of Congress on Saturday last. A general feeling of gladness seemed to animate the public when it was ascertained that this long delayed, and much prayed for event, had at length been consummated. Strange to relate, Congress failed to pass the bill for preventing the President from removing office holders during the recess, and the whole corps of patriotic individuals who depend on Mr. Johnson for their "bread and butter," are left in untold agony. Let the work of decapitation now go bravely on.

C. L. VALLANDIGHAM and Judge Gilmore were yesterday appointed delegates to the Philadelphia Convention from the Third District.—*Telegram.*

We express the views of nine-tenths of the Northern Democracy, when we say that the best thing Mr. Vallandigham could do would be to absent himself from the Convention. That he is an honest man, and one who sincerely believes the course he has pursued was the best for the country, we never doubted; but the fact cannot be disguised that the opposition have succeeded in attaching such a degree of odium to his name that his connection with any popular movement must for some time to come very seriously damage it. Mr. V's presence in the Chicago Convention was one of the leading causes of Gen. McClellan's defeat, and we view with alarm the prospect of his participating in that at Philadelphia. Without any feelings of personal animosity, and looking only to the success of the great issues at stake, we suggest to him that his better course would be to decline the appointment, and retire for a while from politics, trusting to the future for any such degree of honor or justice as he may covet.

PEACE IN EUROPE.—*It will be regarded* as a remarkable coincidence by many that on the first day of our telegraphic communication with the Old World we should receive the news that a treaty of peace has been signed between Austria and Prussia. The information conveyed by the telegraph is, of course, meager, but it is sufficiently definite to leave no doubt that Austria has acceded to all the chief demands of Prussia. We are not yet fully informed about all these demands, but we know, from official and semi-official declarations of the Prussian government, that the most essential condition of peace is the withdrawal of Austria from the German confederation, which will now be reconstructed under the sole and undisputed lead of Prussia. However the questions in dispute may be settled, the triumph of Prussia is complete. Whatever the nominal relation of the smaller German States in the reconstructed Confederation may be, virtually the new Confederation, with its population of over 40,000,000 of people, will be identical with Prussia, which henceforth will not be second, in power and influence, to any of the great European powers.

THE ATLANTIC CABLE.—The telegraphic cable has been successfully laid between Ireland and Newfoundland, and the daily papers are regularly publishing messages received over the same. Thus the Old World is intimately connected with the New, and a fresh bond of union established between the people of the two continents. The shore end of the Atlantic Cable was landed at Valentia Bay, Ireland, on the 27th of June, and the Great Eastern completed her work on our coast on the morning of the 28th. If the connection can be permanently established, and the electric chain kept unbroken, the Atlantic cable will mark a change in the affairs of the two continents not even dreamed of by the most sanguine friends of the movement.

In Monday's issue of the *Tribune* Mr. Greeley analyzes the proclivities of the Republicans in both Houses of Congress, and declares that "out of 39 Republican Senators, only *five* are clearly understood to be opposed, on principle (or interest) to an extension of suffrage to the negro. A similar analysis of the Lower House would show a similar result." Only *five* out of *thirty-nine* Republican Senators who are not in favor of negro suffrage, and a similar ratio in the Lower House! Is not that sufficient to show where the party stands? Let this fact be paraded before the people. In the present campaign in this State, if the eyes of the masses are not blinded, the Republican party will be swept out of existence.

Senator Sherman thinks no true Republican can accept office from President Johnson. What does he think of those who were in office at the time of his accession to the Presidency, and who continue to hold on, while at the same time they are among the most bitter enemies of Mr. Johnson's policy?

UNPREJUDICED TESTIMONY.

Mr. B. C. Truman, an intelligent Union soldier, who for the past two years has been a travelling correspondent of the New York *Times*, in a recent letter from Savannah, Georgia, expresses his delight at finding the body of the people there maintain the same determination to accept the situation which they manifested soon after the rebel surrender. Whilst this is the case with the masses of the people, he writes that among the leading men the feeling is even better than it seemed a year ago. This latter fact, he attributes to the course of President Johnson, and the disposition shown by such Republicans as Cowan, Doolittle, Seward, McCullough, Ward Beecher, and other Union men, to act towards them without vindictiveness or oppression. He writes:

"I do not care who that man is, be he as radical as Mr. Sumner himself, if he is financially disinterested, and entertains a regard or a respect for private opinions, as all true gentlemen do, he may travel the South from one end to the other, and at the termination of his journey he will declare that the great body of the people of the South are loyal, and are conducting themselves as true American citizens. Send down an ass, who starts with the opinion that to be loyal the Southern people must sing hosannahs over their defeat, or go into ecstacies over the unfurling of the American flag, that they must worship Gen. Sherman and curse Gen. Lee, that they must trample upon, instead of strew flowers over the graves of their fathers, husbands, sons and brothers, and he will pronounce against the loyalty of the people. There are many others who meander the turbid stream of soulless fanaticism in the same canoe. Those snivelling Tax Commissioners and their associates at Fernandina, Fla., who have sold out two or three cities for almost nothing delare the entire South disloyal. The greater portion of the agents of colored schools, and many of the officers of the Freedmen's Bureau, indorse the above declaration. Elegant chuckleheads, who conscientiously think a 'white man is as good as a nigger,' if he behaves himself, argue in like manner. But let men like Gen. Grant, Gen. Sheridan, Gen. Steedman, Gen. Fullerton, go South, and hundreds of civilians whom I might name, and who believe that the war was fought for the preservation of the Union, and who truly love that Union, and who want to see it represented in Congress by loyal men, and they will tell a far different tale."

This gratifying testimony fully confirms the statement on the same subject made a short time ago in the editorial columns of the Cleveland Herald. Referring to the injurious reports set afloat by a certain correspondent, T. W. Conway (one of the class referred to by the Times' correspondent,) the Herald said:

"Against Mr. Conway's testimony we can put that of many strong anti-slavery men from this section who have gone South, and whose observations and experience directly disprove the allegations of Mr. Conway in regard to Southern sentiment toward Northern men. If by 'Northern men of unmistakable loyalty' is meant those aggressive individuals who force their peculiar notions down the throats of all with whom they come in contact, they would probably meet as unfriendly reception in the South as a blatant and abusive rebel would here on the Western Reserve. But Western Reserve 'abolitionists' can testify that well behaved Northern men, who mind their own business can find hundreds of places in the South where they will meet with as friendly a reception as a well behaved Southerner would here on the lake shore."

"The names of Madison Miller, L. F. Mellen, J. M. Hoyt and Col J. J. Elwell have, at least, as much weight in this part of the country as that of Thomas W. Conway. No one will question their "unmistakable loyalty," and yet their observations, *through all parts of the South*, "from the Potomac to the Rio Grande," have led them to the unanimous conviction that the bulk of the Southern people are anxious to bring about a perfect reconciliation with their Northern brethren, and that civility and a kindly disposition on the part of the visitor or emigrant from the North are nearly always met in a like spirit by the Southern people. We have mentioned these names as being well known in this vicinity and beyond, but their testimony is supported by that of many others from this neighborhood, equally unimpeachable, though less widely known."

The statements of the gentlemen referred to by the Herald, and of the Times' correspondent, not only corroborate each other, but are gratifying to all who wish a union of hearts as well as a unity of government. Henceforth when any Radical trickster, as an excuse for his party in depriving the Southern States of representatives in Congress, asserts that the people of those States are disloyal, let him be confronted with the above testimony from the mouths of "strong anti-slavery men" and supporters of Mr. Lincoln.

FOR NEGRO SUFFRAGE.

The so called Republicans in the conservative Northern States universally dodge the negro suffrage issue at their conventions, or cover it up with such a maze of words as to make their object unintelligible to the masses, expecting by this trick to retain the votes of thousands of men who would leave them at once if they were convinced that it is the purpose of the Republicans to establish negro suffrage. The action of the Republicans in Congress, and in our State Legislatures, and the platforms of many of the Republican State Conventions, however, show where that party is to land just as soon as it has courage everywhere to come out openly. In Iowa, the Republican State platform, the present year, declares:

"That the first and highest duty of our free Government is to secure to all citizens, regardless of race, religion or color, equality before the law, equal protection from it, equal responsibilities to it, and to all that have proved their loyalty by their acts, an equal voice in making it."

The above is plain enough. All citizens, regardless of race or color, shall have equality before the law and an equal voice in making it. That, of course, means voting.

In the State of Maine the Republicans, in their State Convention, indorsed the constitutional amendment, but declared themselves for something more. They want equal "political" rights conferred on all, without regard to "color or race." Their platform reads thus:

"That the Union party of Maine plants itself upon the doctrines of the Declaration of Independence; that we hold that all men, without distinction of color or race, are entitled to equal civil and political rights."

The Republicans of Vermont, also, have declared themselves without reserve. The platform adopted at their recent State Convention, expressly declares:

"That, while approving the constitutional amendment lately proposed by Congress, as a present practical measure toward securing just ends, we yet insist that every scheme of restoration is imperfect that is not based upon equal and exact justice to all, and the equal rights personal, civil and political, of all loyal citizens, irrespective of color or race."

The above extracts from the platforms of three of the strongest Republican States in the Union, show very clearly what that party must ultimately come to. In Pennsylvania, all observing men should know, that the Republicans abstain from passing resolutions just such as the foregoing, solely because they are fearful of losing the votes of thousands of men who have been acting with them during the war. Their failure to pass a negro suffrage resolution should deceive nobody. Their representatives have done what is altogether more emphatic. Every Pennsylvania Republican member of Congress, including G. W. Scofield, voted to give the elective franchise to the whole negro population of the District of Columbia, and of all the Territories of the United States. That is conclusive, and should remove all possible doubt.

A GOOD SYMPTOM.

The Radical papers have made the discovery that the Democratic party is "on the verge of dissolution." We hail this modified form of announcing the important fact as a favorable symptom. Heretofore it has always been pronounced dead—dead beyond resurrection. There has not been a week within the past five years in which it has not been announced by Republican speakers and papers that Democracy was dead, and the Republican press has teemed with obituaries of the party, written by its magnanimous foes.—But, somehow, notwithstanding its innumerable deaths and burials, the party has been found to possess vitality enough, on every occasion, to sorely vex the souls of the "loyal." Now, however, it is not claimed that the party is dead, or going to die. The Republicans are tired of consigning it to the tomb one week, only to meet it the next, in more vigorous life and strength, armed for the fray. They admit the party is not dead. It is only going to "dissolute." We apprehend these gentlemen make a trifling mistake in regard to the proposed dissolution. It is their party which is going to pieces—dissolving on account of its inherent rottenness. The honest men of the party, who were drawn into it under pretense of restoring the Union, are leaving it in vast numbers, since they have learned its true character—and soon the "earnest" men—the enthusiasts wrapped up in visionary schemes for the elevation of a degraded race, and the satanic, who think the freedom of four millions of blacks cheaply purchased by the blood of half a million of brave men, and the untold suffering of widows and orphans, together with the cold-blooded murderies, who legislate in the interests of tax-exempt bond-holders and bloated New England factors—will be left alone in their infamy.

We can inform the Constitution tinkers, the advocates of impartial suffrage, the Congressional cabinet makers, the advocates of class legislation, and the pimps of monopoly, that the Democratic party is not dead and has no intention of dying. On the contrary, it never was in more robust, muscular health. Neither has it any intention of dissolving its organization.—Founded on the eternal principles of truth and justice, it will endure forever, despite the efforts of moneyed aristocracy and mawkish philanthropy to compass its destruction. The darkest days of Democracy have passed, and the sun of hope shines brightly through the gloom.

LINCOLN AND JOHNSON.

The assertion of the Radicals that if Mr. Lincoln had lived he would have pursued a different policy from that adopted by President Johnson is not founded on fact. We could easily prove it to be false by a recital of various manifestations of distrust in Mr. Lincoln which appeared in the last month of his life. To avoid going into a tiresome detail, we will allude to only one, which may serve as a specimen of the rest. A few weeks before Mr. Lincoln's assassination, the general association or convention of the Unitarian denomination was held in New York, and was terminated by a grand festival in the Academy of Music. The feature of the evening was the speech of Governor Andrew of Massachusetts. He stated that, great as had been his anxiety during the war, it was as nothing to the anxiety he felt lest the government should be found unequal to the exigencies of returning peace. The whole speech was colored with suspicion that President Lincoln would be too lenient and indulgent to the South. From a Radical point of view, those suspicions were well founded. Mr. Lincoln, it is well known, was not the choice of the Radicals in the Presidential election of 1864. That portion of the party preferred Mr. Chase; but they were overborne and defeated by the strong war feeling which had gathered around Mr. Lincoln. Soon after the assassination, many Radicals expressed the opinion that it was a visible *interposition of Providence*, to give the country the benefit of more vigorous counsels. Mr. Lincoln's reconstructed governments in the two States of Louisiana and Arkansas, had afforded specimens of the easy terms on which he would receive States back, and the Radicals had confronted his restoration policy with their determined opposition. The misgivings in respect to the course of Mr. Lincoln, expressed by Governor Andrew in his speech at the Unitarian festival, faithfully reflected the general sentiment of the Radicals at the time of the assassination. Unless Mr. Lincoln had changed the policy he had pursued up to the time of his death, the same difference would have arisen between Congress and him that arose between Congress and President Johnson, and this session would probably have closed with a similar crisis to that which now exists. When the Radicals pretend that Mr. Johnson has been pursuing a policy materially different from that of his predecessor, they are guilty of a *wilful misrepresentation.*

No one with ordinary sense expects again a resort to arms on the part of the South. Her terrible experience, her present condition, are guarantees against that, while memory, tradition, or even history lasts. Can we not, then, trust the sentiment and intelligence of the nation in this strife of opinion? Can we not trust something to those inspiring, guiding and directing principles which underlie our whole fabric of politics? Alas! there is precisely where the difficulty is. Those men who now fear Southern opinion, and a strife of opinion, fear all opinions except their own, and all strife of opinion which conflicts with theirs. It is an uneasy consciousness of the fallacy of their own views which occasions this fear of casting them into the great crucible of a common participation; and they would accomplish by the strong hand of power what they fear to trust to the sober second thought of a people united, at peace with themselves and the world. And here is the great point of danger. Principles will work out their own legitimate ends, in spite of the intentions of those who embrace them, and those principles which would keep from the national councils these diverse views, cannot and will not stop until all diverse opinion, whether it be North or South, is overthrown, and the despotism of power takes the place of an enlightened national sentiment.

THE TIDE TURNING.

The Bedford *Gazette* regards the late elections in Connecticut, Oregon and Nebraska as showing how overwhelming are the breakers that are bursting over and threatening to make a shipwreck of the Radical crew. In Connecticut the Democratic gain averaged about 120 votes to every thousand votes polled. A higher average than this was shown in the gains in Oregon and Nebraska. There can be no doubt that Pennsylvania will exhibit the same average Democratic gain at the coming gubernatorial election. Now, taking the Connecticut average of 120 to every thousand votes polled, and calculating that Pennsylvania will poll at least 500,000, the aggregate gain over last year would be 60 000, leaving the State Democratic by 40,000 majority. This is a reasonable estimate, made from data that are indisputable. Hence, the *Gazette* predicts the election of Hon. Hiester Clymer, as the next Governor of Pennsylvania, by an overwhelming vote.

FORNEY FEELS "GLOOMY."—Mrs. Jane G. Swisshelm, the notorious "man in petticoats" editress, who is as radical as she is immodest, has become a regular Washington correspondent of the Chambersburg *Repository*. In one of her late letters she gives the following doleful picture of the state of feeling experienced by the leading malignants at the Federal Capital:

John W. Forney, Wilkinson, late correspondent of the New York *Tribune* here, and other men of that stamp, have been feeling gloomy during the past week and talking of "stormy times" ahead.

The country will rejoice to hear that.—The "dead duck" is beginning to realize that he is really a defunct ornithological specimen. He sees the near approach of the downfall of the corrupt political organization which has enabled him to wax fat on public plunder. When such men as Forney feel gloomy in regard to the political situation, the people have good cause to rejoice.

The New York Evening Post, one of the ablest Radical organs, give the following caustic rebuke to those twin children of iniquity, Forney and Brownlow:

"The Senate yesterday permitted itself to be outraged by the reading of a most indecent despatch from Governor Brownlow, of Tennessee, to J. W. Forney, the Secretary of the Senate, which despatch, it seems, J. W. Forney had previously published in his paper. We hope the Senate will yet vindicate its self-respect by dismissing from his place of Secretary a person who could thus violate the decencies of life, and show such flagrant disrespect to the office of the Chief Magistrate as he did by making public Governor Brownlow's despatch. The Senate owes it to its own dignity, and to the preservation of the public morals, to relieve from duty immediately an officer who has so little sense of propriety and decency as Mr. Forney has just shown."

A correspondent of the World, who attended the great mass meeting at Reading, writes from that city as follows:

"Mr. Clymer, the candidate for Governor, is a resident of Berks County, and is very popular with his neighbors. Even the Republicans say he is a perfectly honest man, and as a man, could be trusted in the Executive chair. About—I should judge—forty years of age, he is in the full vigor of both physical and mental ability. In his intercourse with the people he is kind and genial—the poorest being always welcome at his beautiful residence. Strangers who came to the meeting say that Mr. Clymer's popularity extends through the entire State, particularly the agricultural and mining portions."

AT the fashionable summer resort of Cape May, a few evenings ago, Heller, the world-renowned wizard, gave an entertainment, which was largely attended by the sojourners at the Cape. Somebody asked Heller if, by second sight, or any of his wonderful powers, he could foretell who would be next Governor of Pennsylvania. He answered, "That while Geary was *a swift runner*, (an allusion to the Republican candidate's alleged cowardly propensities) his rival had the best chance of *elevation*, being a *Hiester* as well as *Clymer*." This brought down the house with three hearty cheers for Hiester Clymer, the entire audience rising to their feet and joining in the hurrah.

THE political news from the interior of the State is represented by the Philadelphia *Age* to be encouraging to the friends of the Union. The late action of the Radicals has opened the eyes of the people, and they are preparing to sweep that faction from power at the coming election. The honest and patriotic voters of the Keystone State will not support a party which is willing to inaugurate a civil war as a means of retaining political power. This the Radical party is preparing to do, and hence their doom is sealed. The stale cry of "loyalty" will not avail such facts as those presented with reference to their contemplated treason.

ASA PACKER lately gave $500,000 to found an Episcopal College at Bethlehem, Pa., but he won't have it called after himself. He suggests "Lehigh University."—*Exchange.*

Such men as Judge Packer are few and far between. He is not only a pure and generous man, but a sound Democrat.—He was our favorite for the Gubernatorial nomination, and were it not that he refused to make any personal endeavor to secure the honor, we believe that he would have been nominated, and, what is better still, elected.

IF President Johnson were the knave the Abolitionists represent him, is it likely that he would take ground against their proceedings? If he were not acting from conscientious convictions, he need only sign all the bills passed by Congress, and he could put in his time as President in the happiest manner. Instead of this, however, he fights both Houses, in the face of their triumphant two thirds, who are able to defy his vetoes. If he were not a most rigid and scrupulous Chief Magistrate, he would act very differently from what he has.

THE Harrisburg *Patriot* states that at the late Soldiers' Convention in that city "*a large number of soldiers, who have heretofore acted with the Republicans, were present and avowed their determination to vote for Hiester Clymer. They repudiated Geary, whose military record they are unable to endorse.*"

THE Radical presses are stigmatizing the Democratic soldiers as "copperheads" and "sympathizers with traitors." This is the way they show their respect for the "brave boys in blue." If a soldier votes their ticket, he is a patriot; if not, he is a "copperhead."

OUT of seven hundred and sixty-four inhabitants of Phillipston, Worcester county, Massachusetts, there is not one whose income is large enough to be taxable.—*Exchange.*

It would be nearer the truth, we guess, to say, that there were none honest enough to report their incomes. The idea is preposterous that of 764 people none earned more than $600 during the year.

THE members of both houses of Congress have agreed to raise their salaries from three thousand to five thousand dollars per annum—sixty per cent; thus adding one more odious job to the many which have occupied their time since the opening of the session.

The People's Candidate for Congress.

COL. DAN RICE:—*Dear Sir*:—We, the undersigned, citizens of Girard and Erie county, in view of the patriotic services rendered the Government, and the many thousands of hard earned dollars you have expended to sustain and carry on the war against rebellion; having proved yourself the true friend of the soldier, and knowing you to be a true friend and supporter of Andrew Johnson and his Administration in their efforts to restore the Union, and having confidence in your integrity and ability to discharge the duties of Representative of the 19th District in Congress, we therefore request that you allow your name to be used as the People's Candidate for that office at the ensuing election.

George Senyard, E. J. Kenyon, J. Martin, J. Gulliford, W. L. Traut, H. Benham, James Brawley, Henry Bell, B. C. Ely, A. M. Osborn, Chas. B. Grant, Louis Yeager, S. D. Cockett, John Brecht, Hiram Daggett, J. W. Atwater, E. Jewel, E. W. Clark, William Tyler, G. S. Gulliford, John Hay, Jr., J. L. Hart, G. W. Stives, A. Martin, Robt. Wilcox, J. E. Pettibone, A. Stone, James Callen, C. L. Phelps, John H. Gulliford, A. G. Ely, E. K. Smith, Frank McCreary, Wm. H. Edson, F. M. Coats, John Robertson, D. Olin, John Kessel, E. S. Belknap, W. D. Webber, H. L. Carr, W. D. Martin, J. T. Simmons, A. White, S. F. Mason, L. B. Chevalier, James L. Thayer, S. T. Williams, George C. Martin, C. W. Noyes, D. Nason, Maxon Godfrey, H. Kittelberger, Jr., Michael Schumaker, Jr., Heinrich Kittelberger, Robert Calder, L. D. Hart, J. M. Murphy, J. Bender.

ALTOONA, PA., *June 26th, 1866.*

To the Citizens of Girard and Erie County, Penna:—Your letter, proposing to run me for Congress, is received. I would indeed be insensible to the commonest impulses of humanity were I not filled with the warmest sentiment of gratitude for the friendly expressions and personal regard that your letter contains, signed as it is by Republicans and *Democrats*, whom I know to be staunch supporters of the Government, and many who have risked their lives for the preservation of the Union. Such distinguished consideration overcomes every natural objection I may have for political honors, consequently I do accept of your kind invitation to allow my name to be used, but with the understanding that I am not to be the standard-bearer of either political party (Republicans or Democrats) but if nominated it must be by a People's Convention, as I belong to the people. They are my friends and patrons, and in justice to *them, composed as they are of all* shades of political opinions, I must continue to live in their esteem, and labor to promote their happiness and interests which has been the height of my ambition for twenty-five years.

Respectfully, Yours,

jy5-tf. DAN RICE.

NEW PICTURE GALLERY, *near the railroad depot, Erie, Pa.*—S. D. Wager & Co would most respectfully inform the public that they have fitted up a splendid suit of rooms in Lyttle's new building, south of railroad depot, (opposite the locality of the late fire,) a place particularly convenient to the people from the country and the adjacent towns. With a superior light, improved back ground, and the best of instruments, they believe themselves to be prepared to supply the wants of the public in a satisfactory manner. Photographs, Ambrotypes, Gems, and, in short, every style of pictures, large or small, taken in unsurpassed styles. Orders for outside views and life size portraits, promptly filled. Mr. Wager having been engaged most of last summer in securing representations of scenes in the oil regions offers for sale a large variety of Stereoscopic Pictures of that locality. je21'66-tf.

ROSS'S GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING STORE.—Mr. Warren L. Ross has taken the store lately conducted by Justice, Gheen & Gallagher, and fitted it up with everything necessary to make a complete gentlemen's furnishing establishment. His stock of cloths, cassimeres, vestings and ready made clothing is superior to anything ever brought to the city, and we defy any one to visit the store without finding something to suit his taste. Mr. Ross has been very successful in securing a cutter who is not surpassed anywhere. Under his skillful supervision the concern is turning out work equal to the best Eastern establishments. No person can have an excuse for going abroad to get clothing while Ross *affords the* conveniences that he does. In addition to his other goods he has also a superior stock of hats and caps, hosiery, collars, cravats,—in short anything that a man wants in the clothing line can be got at Ross's. Call and see for yourselves. je21 tf

Go to Wager & Co's Photograph Rooms, No 1,323 Peach street, above the Depot, and see what beautiful results can be obtained by the use of the mirror. No difficulty in obtaining a natural expression, as the sitters at the time the picture is made, instead of looking at a dark hole in a box, look themselves square in the face, by means of a large life-size mirror being placed directly in front of them, so that they can see every particle of drapery they have on, and whether they have an expression on their countenance that they would be satisfied to have on their picture. All are welcome whether wanting pictures or not. jy26-tf

OFFICERS, ATTENTION!—All officers in service March 3d, 1865, and honorably discharged after April 9th, 1865, can obtain three months pay proper, by immediate application in person or by mail, to S. Todd Perley's National Claim Agency, Park Place, Erie, Pa. Claims cashed. jy19-tf

PIANO.—Any of our readers wishing a first class piano from New York can be informed where to procure one at less than the manufacturer's price, by calling at the Observer office. It will be warranted to be equal to the best. je28-tf

Tin fruit cans, with patent self sealing glass tops, for sale by Himrod & Dempsey. je14tf

Medical Notices.

"PROCRASTINATION IS THE THIEF OF TIME."—Too many allow themselves to go without proper nourishment, and before they know it have the dyspepsia in the worst way. Indigestion, unless speedily attended to, will certainly produce sickness and ill health. We know of no remedy equal to Coe's Dyspepsia Cure *in such cases*. It enables the patient to take hearty food, the parent of health, stops distress after eating as soon as you take it, and is a perfect regulator of the stomach and bowels.

HIGH LIVING.—This is very apt to produce a disordered stomach, resulting in dyspepsia. Hoofland's German Bitters will entirely relieve any nausea or bad feeling, and prevent more serious consequences. If you *have* the Dyspepsia, a few bottles will entirely restore the digestive organs to their original vigor.—For sale by *druggists*. They contain no spirituous liquors. aug2-2w

Beware of summer complaint amongst the children. Thousands of the little ones annually die from disorders of the stomach and bowels, and many, ah! too many homes are rendered desolate by the hands of this prevalent disorder. Coe's Dyspepsia cure is a reliable remedy in all such cases, as well as for dyspepsia, indigestion, sick headache, sour stomach, want of appetite and general debility.

Ladies who are troubled with the sick headache monthly, should use Dr. Velpau's French Female Pills. They prove a sure and speedy relief. Sold by all Druggists. aug2-1m

The Tribune of Saturday, in analyzing the tables of mortality in the army, puts an end to the theory of the superior services and sacrifices of the negroes. It says the number of deaths among the white troops was one in ten, and among the negro troops one in six; but "out of every eight deaths among the white troops, three died on the field of battle, and five from disease. Out of every nine deaths among the blacks, one died on the field of battle and eight from disease." The truth is the negroes were very seldom brought into battle, and very few were ever engaged at one time.

☞ For non-retention or incontinence of urine, irritation, inflammation or ulceration of the bladder, or kidneys, diseases of the prostrate glands, stone in the bladder, calculus, gravel or brick dust deposit, and all diseases of the bladder, kidneys and dropsical swellings, use Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu. tf

☞ Helmbold's Extract Buchu and Improved Rose Wash cures secret and delicate disorders, in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience, and no exposure. It is pleasant in taste and odor, immediate in its action, and free from all injurious properties. tf

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☞ Take no more unpleasant and unsafe remedies for unpleasant and dangerous diseases. Use Helmbold's Extract Buchu and Improved Rose Wash. tf

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