The Erie Weekly Observer.

ERIE, PA., NOV. 2, 1865.

FILE STICKS.—A lot of superior file sticks for sale at this office. To persons who wish to preserve a file of their papers they are indispensable. Price fifty cents.

NEW GOODS.—Mr. John C. Beebe, the old established dry goods dealer, is the first in the city this season with new goods, or, at least, first to advertise the fact. His stock is fresh and complete, comprising an assortment of all the staple goods.

U. S. S. MICHIGAN.—The following is handed us as a correct list of the officers of the U. S. S. Michigan: Lieutenant Commander, F. A. Roe; Lieutenant, F. O. Davenport; Master, De Wayne Stebbins; Ensigns, L. R. Kimberly, C. C. Eldy and R. W. Atwood; Master, Coleman Bloodgood; Paymaster, Benjamin Stewart; First Assistant Engineer, D ——; Second Assistant Engineer, ——; Third Assistant Engineers, Smith, Marshall Jones; Gunner, John Murray; Carpenter, George W. Elliott; Master's Mate, Leonard; Paymaster's Clerk, John Odell.

FRENCH DEDICATION AT CORRY.—The new Catholic church in Corry was dedicated on Sunday last, the 27th ult., Bishop Simpson, an eminent divine, preaching the opening sermon. The building, we are informed, is a very fine one, an ornament to the town, and a credit to the congregation and people there. It is built of wood, is 40x80 feet in size, and has a steeple 108 feet in height. The cost is about $12 000, of which $6,000 had been raised previous, and the balance was raised on the day of dedication—$4 500 in the afternoon and $1 500 in the evening—leaving the church free from debt.

THE "FAT CONTRIBUTOR" ON THE WITNESS STAND.—The Cleveland *Herald* has the following on the "Fat Contributor:"

M. Griswold, comic lecturer and author of "Hunkidori," was placed on the witness stand, at the police court in Cincinnati, not long since, to testify in a certain case. We don't know whether or not the stand was enlarged to accommodate the "fat man." Prosecuting Attorney Straub, a personal friend of Lecturer, roguishly determined to "roast" the Fat Contributor in the examination, and accordingly put him through as follows:

Pros. Attorney—What is your name, sir?

Fat Man—Griswold.

Pros. Attorney (sternly)—Your full name, sir, if you please.

Fat Man—Alphonso Minor Griswold.

Pros. Attorney—What business do you follow?

Fat Man—I am a lecturer.

Pros. Attorney—What kind of lecturer?

Fat Man (blushing)—Well, really, it don't become a man to——

Pros. Attorney (with sincerity)—Answer the question, sir. What kind of lecturer are you?

Fat Man—Editors that I don't advertise enough, say I am a poor kind of lecturer, but my posters say——

Pros. Attorney—I mean what do you lecture on?

Fat Man—Generally on the stage. I once lectured on a billiard table. The proprietor, who was opposed to the Fenian movement, objected to it because it was "wearin" of the cloth. On another occasion I lectured on a ——

Pros. Attorney—Giving familiar illustrations of the effects of intem——

Fat Man (coloring angrily)—You misunderstand me, sir; I said I once lectured on a ——

Pros. Attorney—Well, I heard you. We really to admit that you have lectured on this a great many times.

Fat Man (perspiring terribly)—Confound it! won't you hear me? I mean to say that I lectured on A BARREL.

At this time Court and spectators were in a roar of laughter, in which the lecturer finally had to join. It was trying to the fat man, though.

We think, as all honest people do on this point, that if Chase, "or any other man," defrauds at the expense of the country, he is committing a foul wrong. Yet we all know this thing is done to an extent which should never be allowed. It is not, however, confined by the Union party alone, Mr. *Observer*. The Democracy have never been free from it.—*Dispatch.*

We are gratified to find our cotemporary announcing the course of the Chief Justice as a reserve. It makes an error, though, in saying that "the Democracy has never been free from such acts." We think we can with perfect safety challenge the *Dispatch* to point to a single instance in which a Democratic Judge of the Supreme Court has been guilty of taking private pleasure tours at the expense of the Government. An act of that kind performed during the days when the Democratic party was in power, would have aroused such a burst of honest indignant on that the offending party would have taken good care never to be caught at a similar performance. The *Dispatch* will hardly deny that the standard of official morality has been deteriorated within the last few years. Instances of flagrant corruption, of loose attention to duty, and of extravagant and unnecessary expenses, are daily coming to light, implicating very frequently some of the highest government officials, and with now and then a honorable exception, they excite no word of merecifulful comment on the part of the Union press. While the burdens of the people are steadily increasing, the standard of official integrity is growing less. It is not our present intention to point out the causes of this deplorable condition, but that it exists is too palpable to admit of denial, and all good citizens, no matter what their party affiliations, should determine to expose it, under whatever phase it may appear.

GROWTH IN THE NORTH WEST.—The progress of the north western portion of the Union within the last few years, has no parallel in the old continent, and very few even in our remarkably prosperous country.—Within a comparatively few years a section of the Commonwealth almost unknown has at least a world-wide reputation, and become a centre of attraction to people from every part of the Union. Cities and towns have sprung up like mushrooms; places formerly called unprosperous, have grown into active business communities; property has advanced in value to fabulous figures; money is plenty, trade prosperous, and nearly every man who has the ambition and the ability, becoming wealthy. In no particular is this growing prosperity better exhibited than in the number of new papers that have sprung into existence. Four years ago, it was almost impossible to sustain even a small daily in north western Pennsylvania; now they are published in three of the counties of that section, and each appears to be prospering. The weeklies have largely increased in size and value at the same time, and a fair comparison with those of any other section. An accurate list of all the journals published in the north western part of the State may be of interest to many, and we have taken some pains to prepare one as follows, giving the politics of the papers, their actual or probable circulation, and the names of their publishers and editors, as near as we can remember them:

ERIE COUNTY.

Erie City—Weekly Observer, Democratic, Morrow B. Whitman, editor and proprietor, 1,900 circulation; Daily Dispatch, independent Republican, B. F. H. Lynn, publisher and editor-in-chief, Jesse H. Lord, political and news editor, G. E. Hurd, local editor, 2 300; Weekly Dispatch, 1900; Weekly Gazette, Republican, S. A. Davenport proprietor, J. R. Graham editor, 1900; Spectator, (German) Republican, E. E. Sturzneckle editor and proprietor, 600; Weekly Journal, (German) neutral, P. Ph. Seibert editor and proprietor, 600; *Corry*, Daily Telegraph, independent, F. H. Baldwin editor, Baldwin & Day proprietors, 800; Weekly Telegraph, 800; *Union Mills*, Weekly Bulletin, neutral, Wm. C. Jackson, editor and proprietor, 600; *Girard*, Weekly Union, independent, C. L. Phelps editor and proprietor, 800.

CRAWFORD COUNTY.

Meadville, Weekly Democrat, Democratic, Thomas W. Grayson, 1500; Weekly Journal, Republican, J. D. Nicholas, 1500; Daily Republican, independent, R. Lyle White, 1,000; Weekly Republican, Republican, 1500. *Conneautville*, Weekly Record, Republican, W. & J. Rupert, 1500 *Titusville*, Daily Herald, Republican, Bloss Brothers & Cogswell, 1600; Weekly Reporter, Republican, Bloss Bros. & Cogswell, 1200.

VENANGO COUNTY.

Franklin, Weekly Spectator, Democratic, R. L. Cochran, 1300; Weekly Citizen, Republican, ——— 1300. *Oil City*, Weekly Register, independent, W. R. Johns, 1500; Weekly Monitor, Republican, ——— 1300; *Reno*, Weekly Times, independent, ——— 1300. *Pithole*, Daily Record, independent, ——— 1000.

WARREN COUNTY.

Warren Borough, Weekly Ledger, Democratic, B. F. Morris, 1300; Weekly Mail, Republican, E. Cowan, 1300. *Tidioute*, Weekly Chronicle, neutral, E. A. Stevens, 900.

ELK COUNTY.

Ridgway, Weekly Advocate, Democratic, W. R. Barrett, 1000.

CAMERON COUNTY.

Emporium, Weekly Citizen, Republican, Young & Stacy, 900.

M'KEAN COUNTY.

Smethport, Weekly Miner, Republican, L. Rogers, 1000.

Recapitulation—Democratic 5, Independent 10, Republican 11, Neutral 3, Dailies 5, Weeklies 24, Total 29, Total Circulation 36,000. The circulation is mostly estimated, and in some cases may be a hundred or two more or less than the actual number, but, in the aggregate, we think our figures will be found correct.

A Grand Scheme to Raise the Rhino.

For some weeks past the papers of the oil region have been crowded with accounts of the grand excursion of capitalists, speculators and newspaper men through that section of the country. It was flamingly announced that the representatives of Heaven knows how many billions of capital, and what amount of newspaper influence were in attendance, and particular stress was laid on the liberality of Hon. Charles Vernon Culver, member elect to Congress from the Crawford district, who, we were told, paid the entire expenses of the trip, amounting to many thousands of dollars. All this sounded very fine, and we inwardly mourned that Erie did not possess a citizen who, like Mr. Culver, could boast of such princely wealth, and spend it in such a princely manner. Culver was the beau ideal of generosity, the quintessence of enterprise. But, alas for our trust in human nature, a turn of the picture gives it a totally different appearance. Culver's magnificent excursion looms up as a grand speculative scheme; Culver's splendid dinners were mere baits to catch the supposed gudgeons he fed; Culver's liberality was nothing more nor less than an immense application of the old advice: "Sow that ye may Reap." The editors whom he invited were not all of the class who can be humbugged by a little wine and some good victuals, and not a few are highly indignant at being sought to be made the instruments for the advancement of Mr. Culver's speculations. The correspondent of the Pittsburgh *Commercial*, boiling over with insulted dignity, thus exposes the whole scheme:

OIL CITY, Oct. 20, 1865.

The special dispatches of the *Commercial* have furnished its readers with the principal incidents of the late "excursion through the oil regions" of editors and correspondents of newspapers, and it only remains to briefly notice the object of the raid, as it has been called. The excursionists, who were the guests of Hons. C. V. Culver and Galusha A. Grow were kept in blissful ignorance of the object of their visit, until they reached a place called Reno, or *Rhino*, where they found it. Reno is the name given to some twelve hundred unimproved acres, situated on the Allegheny river, four miles south of Oil City, and owned by the Hon. Charles Vernon Culver and Galusha A. Grow. The place was named by Maj. Gen. Burnside, in honor of the late Gen. Reno, who gallantly fell at Antietam, and who, for services performed in Burnside's Hatteras Exhibition, was among the first promotions to Major General. It is proposed to establish a city at Reno, which, without any disrespect to the memory of the departed young soldier whose name it bears, would probably sound better if properly spelled Rhino, as money is at the bottom of it. Reno is to be the cause of the death of Oil City, as the latter place is to be isolated from all communications with the business world by rail and water.

In order to build up this town of Reno, which is to be the head of navigation on the Allegheny, and the grand railroad centre of the oil regions, Mr. Culver (who is the business head of the concern) proposes to form a joint stock company, which will represent a capital of ten millions of dollars, the "whole amount of which stock, when subscribed, is to be placed in the United States Treasury, and will bear six per cent. interest." A board of thirteen directors, one each from twelve of the principal cities, and one from the embryo city of Reno, the latter to be President, and who will be Galusha A. Grow, are to take charge of the interests of the company. By the liberal and well matured plans of the managers, assisted by the efforts of those of the excursionists who have become interested since their visit to Reno, it is thought "the entire capital stock of the company will be taken in ten days at *ten per cent. premium.*"—This premium will furnish a working capital of one million dollars, which sum is to be further increased by the sale of lots in the proposed city. It is then proposed to put down five hundred wells at a cost of three thousand dollars each. Calculating (like Mrs. Toodles with the door plate, that if she should have a daughter, and that daughter should grow to be a woman, and marry a man named Thompson with a P., how handy said door-plate would be) that oil should be struck in one hundred wells, and that they will average ten barrels each, they would have one thousand barrels of oil per day, which would realize $1,800 000 per year, of three hundred days. By this plan, it is claimed, which the reader may fail to see, the stockholders can only lose the interest of their money and any premium they may pay for the stock, while Mr. Culver will make, in any event, handsomely by the operation.

The foregoing is a brief and fair statement of the plan, as disclosed by the projectors of this excursion, which had no other object.—We give the managers of the scheme the benefit of its publication in your columns unsolicited, and leave the public to judge of its merits without comment. But one question that will puzzle all to answer, as it is probably a part of the undeveloped plan, is how are the Directors to become depositors in the United States Treasury? There are other minor matters in connection with this plan yet undeveloped, which will doubtless be made known to the public through the traveling agents, who are to hawk the stock through the Northern cities and towns.

Cold Blooded Murder at Pithole.

PITHOLE, Oct. 25, 1865.

DEAR SIR:—Our unusually quiet and moral town was thrown into great excitement to day when it became known that a man had been shot to death some time during the night. It seems that a concert saloon was opened last night, on Fifth street, with all the modern improvements, viz: whiskey, dancing, pretty waiter girls, &c., &c.

The unfortunate who was so fortunate as to secure an angel prize in the shape of a dancing girl, who appears nightly on the boards of one of our most noted places of amusement, being interrupted by a rival who threatened to break the door down, &c., after expostulating, finally fired a pistol through the door and the would be assailant fell dead.

Of course the concert, saloon and dance broke up in a row, and in the excitement the homicide and his fair companion made their escape, and engaged a room at a prominent hotel, where they were found this morning, each with a revolver under their pillows.

The homicide is one of the sporting fraternity, or in other words, "shoves the papes" for a livelihood.

While the police were removing him through the streets a crowd of several hundred gathered and expressed their willingness to hang the criminal to a derrick. Though the police force was strong, yet they were obliged to run their prize into the Metropolitan Hotel and guard the doors to keep back the crowd. They will probably remove the prisoner without further difficulty.

Reflecting philosophically on the tragedy, we may conclude that woman is the root of all evil, and concert saloons the thieves of time.

A strong and energetic police force, composed of experienced men from the eastern cities, is now organized, and we may hope soon to have more law and order.

It is reported that a robbery was committed last night. So, you see, we are in a fair way of becoming celebrated, and minor heirs of the blessings of older cities.

BEN ZIBB.

General News.

A DREADFUL MURDER.—The murder of Harriet Welles, by her paramour, Levi L. Farwell, which occurred in Washington on Sunday, on Thirteen and a-half street, proves to have been a most diabolical deed. The evidence before the Coroner's jury shows that the murderer deliberately administered chloroform to his victim while she was asleep, then strangled her to death, threw her body into a closet, robbed her of her watch and jewelry and then fled. He has since been arrested. The animating purpose of the murder is said to have been the refusal of the woman to marry him, he having sworn that if he did not marry her no one else should. Although keeping a house of prostitution at Washington, the deceased is said to have been respectably connected, and has a son at school at New Brunswick, N. J., for which place she intended to start on Monday evening. She was 35 years of age, and went to Washington with Farwell from Albany, N. Y. Farwell was originally from Massachusetts. He was arrested in New York, and taken to a station house, to remain over night. In the morning he was found dead, having opened a blood vessel in his arm.

Hon. Caleb Cushing left for England, in Wednesday's steamer on a special legal mission connected with the State Department.—Thus far his business has been kept confidential, but it is very clearly surmised that it has reference to the adjudication of the claims for damages made by this government on Great Britain for depredations of the Alabama on American commerce. It is believed that the government has accepted the proposition of Earl Russell to appoint a commission to settle such claims. Mr. Adams, our Minister, was mistaken in supposing that this government would decline to appoint a commission.

It was moved in the U. S. Court, at New York, last week, to admit the ex-rebel, Henry S. Foote, to practice, and the motion being carried, that gentleman was called up to qualify. The first oath, to support the Constitution of the United States, and of the State of New York, he readily took, but refused to take the prescribed oath of allegiance, and left the court room.

The Georgia State Convention organized by electing Herschel V. Johnson President. A message was received from Provisional Governor Johnson, announcing the State debt at over twenty millions, and advising the repudiation of that portion of it which was incurred for the rebel cause.

The Masons of the North are about to receive a distinguished committee from the capital of South Carolina, in the persons of two representatives of the Columbia lodge, who come North to receive relief for the Masonic lodges throughout the State, which have been left by the rebellion in a deplorable condition. William Gilmore Simms and Robert Bruno are the delegates.

In the Georgia State Convention last week, a resolution memorializing the President for the release of Jeff Davis was amended to include all Federal prisoners, and then passed by a large majority.

Gen. Grant has given Kirby Smith permission to return home on parole. He is at present sojourning at Matanzas, in Cuba. It is stated that Kirby wishes to renew his allegiance to the United States Government.

Gen. Dick Taylor, brother-in law of Jeff. Davis, has, says a Washington correspondent, vainly attempted for a day or two to ascertain from the President whether Davis is to be tried soon. An impression prevails there that the trial will take place at an early day.

The delegates to the Alabama Convention have memorialized the President to order a speedy trial of Clement C. Clay, of their State, who was one of the reputed rebel agents in Canada during the war, and who was suspected of implication in the plot which resulted in the assassination of President Lincoln.—The Washington despatches say it is probable the prayers of the memorialists will be granted.

Major General Hartranft left for Kentucky, on Monday week, where he will report at Louisville to Major General Palmer, commanding that Department. He takes charge of the Auditor General's office, at Harrisburg, in May next.

Mr. D. T. Patterson, son-in-law of President Johnson, and Senator elect from Tennessee to the United States Senate, held the office of Circuit Judge under the Rebel rule in Tennessee, and consequently took the oath to support the Southern Confederacy. This makes him ineligible.

The organization of the colored militia in Charleston, S. C., has been forbidden by General Bennett, to avoid collision with the whites.

Provisional Governor Johnson, of Georgia, has written to the President requesting the retention of the United States troops in that State until the civil authority shall be fully reorganized.

Efforts are being made by parties in Washington to bring Col. Mosby to trial before a military court.

The Freedmen's Bureau has under its care in the Southern States, about 7,000 sick and disabled negroes.

President Johnson has officially informed the Governor of Georgia that he cannot recognize the people of any State as having resumed the relations of loyalty to the Union that admits as legal obligations the debts contracted in their name in aid of the rebellion.

The memorial signed by 8,000 colored residents of the District of Columbia, asking for the elective franchise, will be presented to the next Congress. It will be accompanied by a similar petition numerously signed by whites.

It is stated that the War Department has forbidden the payment of bounties to such of the colored troops as were not free on the 19th of April, 1861.

The rebel Ex Gov. Allen, of Louisiana, has started a newspaper in the city of Mexico, in the Imperial interest.

GEN. MCCLELLAN FOR SECRETARY OF WAR.—It is currently reported in the knowing circles in Washington, that Gen. McClellan has been recalled from Europe, to accept the position of Secretary of War. The change would be most acceptable to the people and the army. The present incumbent, Stanton, has rendered himself so infamous that his name is a stench in every honest man's nostrils. It is said that he would have resigned, after he discovered that President Johnson was his master, but for fear of personal safety and accountability, which his position at present protects.

A number of bankers, brokers and merchants in Canada West, have been swindled to the extent of $50,000, by a man named McGregor, who sold them worthless drafts on New York, issued by some person in Ohio.—McGregor was arrested in Windsor by a brother whom he had swindled out of $1,200, but upon refunding the money was released, and immediately crossed the river to Detroit. The victimized parties from London, Chatham and other towns have been at Windsor for two or three days past, in search of the swindler. As no forgery was committed, it is believed that McGregor cannot be arrested.

Last Friday being the 25th anniversary of the wedding of Senator Wilson, of Massachusetts, his friends in Natick presented him with five thousand dollars worth of silver plate and other articles and a purse of one thousand dollars.

It is reported that stupendous frauds upon the Treasury have been discovered in the district of Northeast Mississippi, and that the Assistant Treasury Agent at Columbus, and his subordinates have been arrested therefor.

The steamboat St. John, of the People's Albany Line, exploded her boilers in the North river, opposite Twentieth street, New York, on Sunday morning, causing the death of seven and the wounding of seventeen persons.

President Johnson has issued a proclamation appointing the first Thursday in December as a day of National Thanksgiving for the close of the war, the preservation of the Union and the enlargement of civil liberty in the country.

The alarm about the Fenians in Canada is increasing, and the disarming of the volunteers is urged as a precautionary measure.—Border raids from the United States are apprehended.

It is stated that arrangements have been made for the trial of Jefferson Davis for treason before the United States Supreme Court, at Washington or Richmond, at an early day. Counsel have been selected both by the government and the defense.

Three young ladies were drowned recently by the sinking of a skiff on Spring Lake, near Pekin, Illinois.

[Dr. Keyser is a physician of over thirty years' experience, and a graduate of the Jefferson Medical College and of the University of Medicine and Surgery of Philadelphia:]

MR. H. T. HELMBOLD:—*Dear Sir:* In regard to the question asked me as to my opinion about *Buchu*, I would say that I have used and sold the article in various forms for the past thirty years. I do not think there is any form or preparation of it that I have not used or known to be used, in the various diseases where such medicate agent would be indicated. You are aware, as well as myself, that it has been extensively employed in the various diseases of the bladder and kidneys, and the reputation it has acquired, in my judgment, is sustained by the facts. I have seen and used, as before stated, every form of *Buchu*—the powdered leaves, the simple decoction, tincture, fluid extracts,—and I am not cognizant of any preparation of that plant equal to yours.—Twelve years' experience ought, I think, to give me the right to judge of its merits, and without prejudice or partiality I give yours precedence over all others. I do not value a thing according to its bulk, if I did, other *Buchus* would out do yours, but I hold to the doctrine that bulk and quantity do not make up value—if they did a copper cent would be worth more than a gold dollar. I value your Buchu for its effect on patients. I have cured with it, and seen cured with it, more diseases of the bladder and kidneys than I have ever seen cured with any other Buchu, or any other proprietory compound of whatever name. Respectfully yours, &c.,

GEO. H. KEYSER, M. D.,
140 Wood St., Pittsburg, Pa.

August 11, 1865.

Ask for Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu.

nov2-2m.

One of our Government officials, just returned from Peru, tells us that among the first and most frequent inquiries made of him there about our public men was, whether he knew or had ever seen the celebrated American chemist, Dr. J. C. Ayer, of Lowell. His remedies are found in every village from the elevated slopes of the Andes down to the coast, and their remarkable cures seem to attract even more attention there than in this country. The sentiment of wonder at their effects takes a far deeper hold on a half civilized and superstitious people than it does with us where the rationale of medical problems is so much more generally understood. No other American has made himself so familiarly known to the masses of the people in foreign countries, or excited in them so lively an interest in himself as the Doctor has by his skillful application of chemical science to the treatment of disease.

That must be a dull man who does not feel some pride of country when he finds among distant nations that he is already known and welcome there, through the labors of our statesmen, merchants and scholars, whose renown has become national property, and consequently, in some measure his own.—Whether Dr. Ayer's remedies do actually cure more than others or not, they have secured the reputation of being a God send to those afflicted with disease, and where great numbers in any community believe that they owe their health and lives to one's skill, they are sure to feel an interest in him which will find expression when they meet his countrymen.—*National Era, Washington, D. C.*

CARTER'S EXTRACT OF SMART WEED.—This is, beyond all doubt, one of the most valuable and useful Medicines ever yet presented to the American people. The certainty and promptness with which it cures, and gives relief in so many different diseases, whether taken inwardly or applied outwardly, is equalled by no other known remedy, and this fact shows, in a clear and happy manner, the adaptation of the common herbs growing among us to the every day wants and necessities of our people, and clearly explains why this herb has been caused to spring forth so abundantly in this country around the dwellings alike of the rich and the poor. Were this plant (or weed, as it is usually called and considered—or this Extract of it is) to be obtained only by sending to foreign countries for it, there is no doubt but that large quantities of it would be imported into this country yearly, and sold at high prices out of the drug stores to the very class who now trample it under their feet as a worthless weed. But such is human folly and ignorance. Foreign articles with hard names and high prices are preferred to those salutary herbs which a kind and unerring Providence has wisely adapted to our wants, and freely spread around our doors. nov2-1t

HOUSEHOLD FRIENDS—Coe's Cough Balsam and Coe's Dyspepsia Cure—they should always be in the house ready for immediate use; they are the most reliable remedies known. The one always handy and speedy in cases of sudden attacks of croup amongst the children, or for curing the most stubborn coughs and colds, is excellent for sore throat and all lung difficulties; the other, Coe's Dyspepsia Cure—is certain to cure dyspepsia, no matter of how long standing, indigestion, and all diseases that originate in a disordered state of the stomach and bowels.

IRON CITY COMMERCIAL COLLEGE
AND
NATIONAL TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE.
Principals:
F. W. JENKINS, J. G. SMITH, A. M., ALEX. COWLEY.
College Building, Corner Penn and St. Clair Sts.
24 College Building, Odd Fellow's Building, 5th St.
34 College Building, Nos. 26 and 28 St. Clair St.
ARRIVALS FOR THE WEEK ENDING OCT. 21, 1865.
G. S. Honeywell, Randolph, Portage County, Ohio.
W. Schultz, Allegheny City, Pa.
J. R. Patterson, Pittsburg, Pa.
W. Kahle, Kahle, Allegheny County, Pa.
J. W. Armsby, Laughlinstown, Westmoreland Co., Pa.
W. G. Armor, Latrobe, Westmoreland Co., Pa.
H. B. Hurford, Canton, Stark Co., Ohio.
J. H. Stilley, Cesar, Armstrong Co., Pa.
J. R. Odell, Big Prairie, Warren Co. Ohio.
E. S. Cronak, Jamestown, Chatauqua Co., N. Y.
J. Smith, Hegarty's X Roads, Clearfield Co., Pa.
J. B. Eberly, Washingtonburg, Cumberland Co., Pa.
J. M. Sonneman, Mechanicsburg, Cumb. Co., Pa.
P. Brownewell, Mechanicsburg, Cumb. Co., Pa.
E. W. Shattuck, N. Baltimore, Macomb Co., Mich.
L. H. Rush, New Carlisle, S. Joseph Co., Ind.
S. D. Carrier, Sammerville, Jefferson Co., Pa.
W. H. Clayton, Troy, Davis Co., Iowa.
H. Holt, Stockdale, Wabash Co., Ind.
E. L. Ross Satterfield, Mercer Co., Pa.
W. Tannehill, H. Harmer, Wash Co., O.
J. R. McCurdy, Satterfield, Mercer Co., Pa.
J. W. Thompson, Home, Indiana Co., Pa.
A. T. Stearns, Ebensburg Cambria Co., Pa.
W. H. H. Adams Greenville, Ind. Co., Pa.
C. D. Helwig, Gaudenhutten, Tus. Co., O.
For terms and information concerning the College address, JENKINS, SMITH & COWLEY, Pittsburg, Pa.

"Misfortune brings sorrow enough."
All who are afflicted with Catarrh should at once commence using Dr. D. H. Godby's Liquid Catarrh remedy, a sure and permanent cure.
Ladies can receive a box of Dr. Velpau's Pills by mail, sealed from the eyes of the public, by enclosing one dollar and six postage stamps to O. G. Staples, general agent for us at Watertown, N. Y. 1m
It is said of the ladies of France, that, as a class, they are the handsomest in the world. With their rosy cheeks and black hair, who can help but think so. Dr. Velpau's Pills never fail to make the complexion of a healthy and rosy hue. Ladies, try them. Sold by all Druggists. oc5-1m

R. S. MORRISON & SONS
Beg leave to inform the citizens of Erie and vicinity that they have removed their stock of
DRY GOODS
To the REESE BLOCK, in the building formerly occupied by Messrs. HAYES & KEPLER, where they intend keeping a large assortment of
Dress Goods, Fancy Silks,
GLOVES, HOISERY, &c.
Returning thanks to our customers for their past liberal patronage, we respectfully ask a continuance of the same. Erie, Jan. 1, 1865.

C. DECK,
MANUFACTURER AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN
SEGARS, TOBACCO, SNUFF &C.,
Fifth below State Street,
ERIE, PA.
Opposite the Dispatch Printing Office.

HUBBEL'S
GOLDEN BITTERS.
A PURELY VEGETABLE TONIC.
INVIGORATING & STRENGTHENING,
Fortifies the system against the evil effects of unwhole some water.
Will cure Dyspepsia.
Will cure Weakness.
Will cure General Debility.
Will cure Heartburn.
Will cure Headache.
Will cure Liver Complaint.
Will excite and create a healthy appetite.
Will invigorate the organs of digestion and moderately increase the temperature of the body and the force of circulation, acting in fact as a general corroborant of the system, containing no poisonous drugs, and is
THE BEST TONIC BITTERS IN THE WORLD.
A fair trial is earnestly solicited.
GEO. C. HUBBEL & CO., Proprietors,
Hudson, N. Y.
Central Depot, American Express Building 55 HUDSON ST., NEW YORK.
For sale by all Druggists, Grocers, &c.
MINNIG & HOADLEY, Erie, Wholesale Agents, and for sale by Hall & Warfel, Carter & Carver and Wilkins & Booth.
oct12'64.

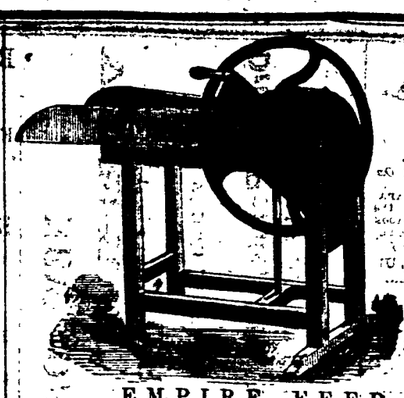
GROVESTEEN & CO.,
PIANO FORTE MANUFACTURERS,
499 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
The attention of the Public and the trade is invited to our New Scale 7 Octave Rosewood Piano Fortes, which for volume and purity of tone are unrivalled, by any heretofore offered in this market. They contain all the modern improvements, French, Grand Action, Harp Pedal, Iron Frame, Over-String Bass, &c., and each instrument being made under the personal supervision of Mr. J. H. Grovesteen, who has had a practical experience of over 35 years in their manufacture, *is fully warranted* in every particular.
THE "GROVESTEEN PIANO FORTES"
Received the award of merit over all others at the celebrated
WORLD'S FAIR.
Where were exhibited instruments from the best makers of
LONDON, PARIS, GERMANY, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, BOSTON, AND NEW YORK;
And also at the
AMERICAN INSTITUTE
for five successive years, the
GOLD AND SILVER MEDALS
from both of which can be seen at our warerooms.
By the introduction of improvements we make a more perfect Piano Forte, and by manufacturing large with a strict cash system, are enabled to offer these instruments at a price which will preclude all competition.
PRICES—No. 1, Seven Octave, round corners, Rosewood plain case $275.
No. 2. Seven Octave, round corners, Rosewood heavy moulding $300.
No 3. Seven Octave, round corners, Rosewood Louis XIV style $325.
TERMS: Net Cash in Current Funds.
Descriptive circulars sent free. au10'65-1y

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,
Manufacturers of Photographic Materials,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
501 BROADWAY, N. Y.
In addition to our main business of PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS, we are headquarters for the following, viz.:
Stereoscopes and Stereoscopic Views.
Of these we have an immense department, including
VIEWS OF THE WAR,
Obtained at great expense and forming a complete PHOTOGRAPHIC HISTORY OF THE GREAT UNION CONTEST
Bull Run, Yorktown, Gettysburgh, Fair Oaks, Savage Station, Fredericksburgh, Fairfax, Richmond, Deep Bottom, Monitors, Fort Morgan, Charleston, Florida, Dutch Gap, Pontoon Trains, Hanover Junction, Lookout Mountain, Chickahominy, City Point, Nashville, Petersburgh, Belle Plain, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Mobile, Strawberry Plains, &c. &c.
American and Foreign Cities and Landscapes, Groups, Statuary, &c., &c. Also, Revolving Stereoscopes, for public or private exhibition. Our Catalogue will be sent to any address on receipt of Stamp.
Photographic Albums.
We were the first to introduce these into the United States and we manufacture immense quantities in great variety, ranging in price from 50 cents to $50. Our ALBUMS have the reputation of being superior in beauty and durability to any other. They will be sent by mail, FREE, on receipt of price.
FOR ALBUMS AND STEREOSCOPES
The Trade will find our Albums the most saleable they can buy.
CARD PHOTOGRAPHS.
Our Catalogue now embraces over TWO THOUSAND different subjects (to which additions are continually being made) of Statesmen, Authors, &c., viz: 1 Sheet of Cabinets,
100 Mal'Gens, 100 Lieut-Gens, 650 Statesmen,
100 Brig. " 250 other Officers, 120 Divines,
275 Colonels, 75 Navy Officers, 185 Authors,
40 Artists, 125 Singers, 50 Prominent Women,
2,000 Copies of Works of Art,
including reproductions of the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings, Statues, &c. Catalogues sent on receipt of Stamp. An order for One Dozen Pictures from our Catalogue, will be filled on receipt of $1.00, and sent by mail, FREE.
Photographers and others ordering goods C. O. D., will please remit twenty-five per cent. of the amount with their order.
The prices and quality of our goods cannot fail to satisfy.

New Grocery!
JACOB BOOTZ would respectfully announce to the people of Erie cit. and county, that he has opened a
NEW GROCERY STORE,
On the West Side of Peach Street, a Short Distance South of the Lake Shore Depot,
Where he will keep on hand a choice assortment of
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS, WOOD AND WILLOW WARE, LOUR
And every thing usually kept in a first class grocery store.
ALSO,
Wine, Sweet Cider and Liquors.
The highest Market Price paid for Produce, in cash if desired.
Give me a call, if you wish to secure good bargains. I pledge myself to sell as Low, if not Lower, than any other store in the city. mr17'65tf

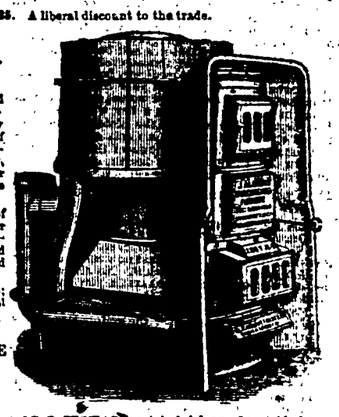
ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE
OF REAL ESTATE
Will be sold at public sale, at the Market House, in the city of Erie, on Saturday Nov. 4th, between 9 and 10 o'clock a. m., the Real Estate of Stephen Billing, Sen., deceased, situated ½ mile West of Erie and Edinboro Plank Road, and 2½ miles South of Erie, containing 23¼ acres of cultivated land, with a good orchard, dwelling house and outbuildings. Terms made known on day of sale. GEORGE BILLING,
oct26-2w, Administrator.

Hotel Removed.
THE SUBSCRIBER WHO HAS OCCUPIED the Mansion House, just above the Depot, for the past four years, has removed into the
NATIONAL HOTEL,
CORNER OF PEACH AND BUFFALO STREETS,
Where he will try to accommodate twice as many guests, and as well, as he did in the old stand. He hopes that the patronage which was so liberally extended to him there, will be accorded to him in his new quarters. His stabling is sufficient to accommodate all teamsters who may favor him with their patronage.
ap29'65-tf JOHN BOYLE.

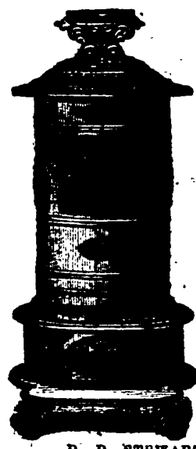


W. W. PIERCE.
W. W. PIERCE & CO.
Wholesale and retail dealers in
HARDWARE AND HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.
Corner of State and Ninth Streets,
ERIE, PA.,
Desire to call special attention to the following articles in their stock:

EMPIRE FEED CUTTER.
The annexed cut represents a new and improved four knife Cutting Box, greatly superior to any four knife Feed Cutter in use. Its strength, durability, compactness, self-feeding adjustable throat and knives, ease of cut, simplicity, cutting all kinds of feed equally well, different length of cut, operated by hand or horse power, all combined, give the Empire Feed Cutter the decided preference over every other four knife Cutter. It took the First Premium at the New York State fair in 1862. We offer them to the public with full confidence that they will give entire satisfaction.
Prices for Hand Cutters: No. 1, $25; No. 2, $30; No. 3, $35. A liberal discount to the trade.



THE ROCHESTER PREMIUM CUTTING BOX.
We take pleasure in calling the attention of dealers and all who sell or use Cut ing Boxes, to the improved Rochester Feed Cutter, a machine combining Strength, Simplicity and Utility in a degree that it must commend itself to every man at first sight. It does its work with the greatest ease and rapidity, cutting Corn Stalks, either wet or dry, with equal ease as hay or straw. There is no chance for clogging. It is self feeding, cutting from five-eighths to one inch in length.
An extensive dealer in agricultural implements says of our Feed Cutter: "We consider it the most perfect Cutter made, and offer them to our friends with the fullest confidence." It has always taken the first premium at State and County Fairs, and deservedly stands at the head of all Feed Cutters of its grade.
Prices No 1, Improved, Single Knife, 7 inch throat, $15; No. 2, Improved, single knife, 9 inch throat, $16. A liberal discount to the trade.



J. A. LAWSON'S IMPROVED REVERTIBLE FLUE HOT AIR FURNACE.
Invented by the celebrated P. P. STEWART; set in brick or of portable form. This new Furnace is offered to the public in the confident belief that it surpasses all others in use. The County Commissioners, after examining a number of kinds, unanimously adopted this for the Court House, as the best they had seen. Its merits may be briefly stated as follows:
It does not clog by dust and ashes, so as to impede the draft.
It can be put in perfect working order in five minutes time, no matter how long it has been in use.
It has the best radiating surface of any Furnace constructed, and requires the least fuel.
It is easily controlled and can be managed by those most unskilled in such matters, after very little experience.
A single examination will satisfy any person of its great superiority.
Call at W. W. PIERCE & Co.'s store, and examine it, or send for a pamphlet.
PRICES: No 1, $—; No. 2, $—; No. 3, $—.

P. P. STEWART'S OVEN STOVE.
FOR EITHER ANTHRACITE OR BITUMINOUS COAL.
The Finest Hall, Parlor or Sitting Room Stove ever Invented.
It never chokes up, always burns freely, is perfectly tight, can be cleaned by a simple turning of the grate, and is complete in all respects. By the use of anthracite coal fire can be kept in it all the year round.
PRICES: No 1, $—; No. 2, $—; No. 3, $—.

P. P. STEWART'S LARGE OVEN AIR TIGHT COOKING STOVE.
This splendid stove needs no praise at our hands. Wherever it has been used, it has grown into universal favor. Some of its points of recommendation are expressed in the following:
1st. The peculiar position of the fire chamber, by which the heat can either be thrown into the room, or confined to the Stove. (The ladies know how to appreciate this.)
2d. The fire is under perfect control, and any temperature of heat desirable can be obtained.
3d. It burns either wood, anthracite or bituminous coal.
4th. A fire may be kept with entire safety during the night, and breakfast and din