wonahily satisfactory.

ide boilt of San Juan. It is a source of much , al protection. estaction that the difficulties which for a mo-

It not exaggerate either the commercial and impartance of that great improvement. thouses and cordiality with which the try. The mancial affairs of the Government have atel water of Columbia have entered into intis of relations with this Government. A Claim minished work of the one which closed its sesversal acquiescence of the people, the Government of Congress, imposing increased taxation.

The receipts during the versal of the provisions of the provisions of the provisions of the people, the Government of Congress, imposing increased taxation.

The receipts during the versal of the provisions of the provisions

nd triendly spirit. . The long deferred Avis Island claim has been atisfactorily paid, and discharged; mutual paynents have been made of the claims awarded by the late Joint Commission for the settlement of laims between the United States and Peru. An earnest and cordial friendship continues to exist tere in my power have been used to remove misunderstanding, and avert a threatened war be-

INEH Peru and Spain. Our relations are of the most friendly nature outh Chili, the Argentine Republic, Bolivia, Costa Rieg, Paraguay, San Salvador and Hayti.-During the past year no differences of any kind have arisen with any of these Republics, and on the other hand their sympathies with the United Stutes are constantly expressed with cardiality

and earnestness. The claim arising from the seisure of the cargo of the brig Macedonia, in 1821, has been paid in full by the government of Chili ...

Civil war continues in the Spanish part of San close. Official correspondence has been freely opened with Liberia, and it gives sus a pleasing view of social and political progress in that repub-

It may be expected to derive new vigor from Amrman influence, improved by the rapid disappearance of slavery in the United States.

I solicit your authority to furnish the Republic a ganboat, at a moderate cost, to be reimbursed to the United States by installments. Such a vessel -needed for the satety of that State against the would be more effective in arresting the African dave trude than a squadron in our own hands The possession of the least organized naval force would stimulate a generous ambition in the Repub he and the confidence which we should manifest

by turnishing it would win forbearance and favor towards the Colony from all civilized nations. The proposed overland telegraph between Ameria an I Europe, by the way of Behrings Straits and Asiatic Russia, which was sanctioned by Congress at the last session; has been undertaken under very moundle circumstances by an association of Ameri on citizens, with the cordial good will and support as well of this Covernment as of those of Great Britain and Russia Assurances have been received from most South American States of their high appreciation of the

structing lines tributary to that world-encircling communication I learn with much satisfaction that the noble design of a telegraphic communication between the rastern coast of America and Great Britain has been renewed with full espectation of its early ac-

raterprise and their readiness to co-operate in con-

complishment. Thus it is hoped that with the return of domestic peace, the country will be able to resume with energy and advantage her former high career of commerce and civilization. Our very popular and estimable representative in Hgypt died in April last.—

China, has at last been suppressed with the co-opeinting good offices of this Government and of the other Western commercial States. The judicial consular establishment has become very difficult and operous, and it will need legislative requisition to adapt to the extension of our commerce, and to the more intimate intercourse which has been instituted with the government and people of that wast Empire. China seems to be accepting with hearty good will the conventional laws which regardized.

Hate commerce and social intercourse among the A Considerable number of these were conversions hearty good will the conventional laws which rege Western nations.

Owing to the poculiar situation of Japan and the anomalous form of its government the action of that Empire in performing treaty stipulations te inconstant and capricious. Nevertheless, good progress has been effected by the Western powers moving with calightened concert. Our own pecuniary claims have been allowed or put in course of settlement, and the inland sea has been reopened to commerce.

There is reason also to believe that these proceedings have increased rather than diminished the friendship of Japan towards the United · States.

The ports of Norfolk, Fornandina and Pensa cols have been opened by proclamation. It is hoped that foreign merchants will now consider whether it is not safer and more profitable to themselves, as well as just to the United States, to resort to these and other open ports, than it is to pursue, through many hazards and at vast coat, a contraband trade with other ports which are closed, if not by actual military operation, at least by a lawful and effective blockede

For myself, I have no doubt of the power and "duty of the executive under the law of the nations to exclude enemies of the human race from an asylum in the United States.

If Congress should think that proceedings in such cases lack the authority of law, or ought to be further repudiated by it. I recommend that provision be made for effectually preventing foreign slave traders from acquiring domicile and and facilities for their criminal occupation in pur country. It is possible that if it were a new and open question, the maritime powers, with the light they now enjoy, would not concede the privlege of a naval beligerent to the insurgents of the United States, destitute as they are, and always have been, equally of ships and of ports and of habors. Disloyal emissaries have been neither . less assiduous nor more successful during the last year than they were before that time, in their efforts, under favor of that privilege, to embroil our

country in foreign wars. The desire and determination of the maritime states to defeat that design are believed to be as sincere as and equuet be more carnest than Europe. Nevertholess, unforseen political difficulties have arisen, especially in Brazilian and property thus far reported amount to \$14,396. Rivisish ports, and on the northern boundary of 250 51. A farge amount of such proceeds is still under adjudication and yet to be reported. likely to continue to require, the practice of constant vigilance and a just and conciliatory spirit on the part of the United States as well as of the nations concerned and their governments. 'Commissioners have been appointed under the treaty with Great British on the adjustment of the claims of the Hudson Bay and Puget's Sound agricultural companies in Oregon, and are now pr ceeding to the execution of the trust assigned to

In view of the insecurity of life in the region adjacent to the Canadian borders by recent assault and depredations committed by inimical and desperate persons, who are harbored there, it has been shought proper to give notice that after the expiration of six mouths, the period conditionally stipulated in the existing arrangements with Great Britian the United States must hold themselves at liberly to increase their haval armament upon the Lakes, if they shalkfind that proceeding new rank of Vice-Admiral in our naval service.

necessary The condition of the border will no Your attention is invited to the report of the cuscoulty come into consideration in connection Postmaster-General for a detailed account of the with the question of continuing or modifying the operations and financial condition of the Post Of-

2 creaty of the 5th of June, 1854.

I desire, however, to be understood while being \$206,652 42.

States, but on the contrary there is every of ocean mail steamships and the policy he read the policy he rea reason to expect that, with the approval of the ommends for the development of increased commenced for the development of House of Representatives:

ry measures to prevent new incursions across the ing countries, should represent the careful consider that the blessings of health and abundant border. The act passed at the last acasion for ration of Congressive is in noteworthy interest and the claim our profoundest gratitude to Al, the encouragement of enigration has, as far as that the steam expansion of population, improvetod. The condition of our foreign affairs possible, been put into operation. It seems to ment and governmental institutions over the new Mexico continues to be a theatre of civil war. the government to prevent the practice of frauds scarcely been checked, much less impeded or deor political relations with, that country against the immigrants while on their way and stroyed by our great civil war which, at first amorgone no change, we have, at the same on their arrival in the ports, so as to secure them glance, would seem to have absorbed almost the andergope no change, we have, at the same on their arrival in the ports, so as to secure them strictly naintained neutrality between the here free choice of avocations and places of settlement. A liberal disposition towards this great at the request of the States of Costa Rica and national policy is manifested by most of the Eu-

et excited some political apprehensions and pul replenishing streams which are appointed by the coast of the Pacific Ocean, sed, a crossing of the inter-oceans are not could be united. Providence, to Tagain the ravages of internal war, The territories of the United held, closing of the inter-occalingment route. I the three is a und it's wasters of antiqual strength and health. It is a condition of prosperity and rapid growth.

The strength and health. It is a condition of prosperity and rapid growth. The strength and that the route will sound be recorded. All that is necessary is to secure the flow of that I daho and Montano, by reason of their great dis-Approper that the route will soun be re-open. All that is necessary is to secure the flow of that some increase of capacity and adaptation. Stresm in its present fullness, and to that end the there must in every way to make it manist them by indian hostlittes, have been only partially test that it incition needs, nor designs to impose organized, but it is understood that these difficul-State, not to acknowledge the direct- from other lands to cost their lot in our coun-

been succes-fully administered. During the last heatien has been constituted to complete the year the legislation of the last session of Congress has beneficialy affected the revenue, although suison in 1501. The new Liberal Constitution of ficient time has not yet clapsed to experience the tour with having gone into effect with the uni-full effect of several of the provisions of the acts

The receipts during the year, from all sources, roourse with it has been opened in a cordial upon the basis of warrants signed by the Socratary of the Treasury, including loans and the ba unce in the Treasury on the 1st day of July, 1863; were \$1,394,796,007 62, and the aggregate disbursmonts upon the same basis were \$1,298,056,-101 89, leaving a balance in the Treasury, as shown by warragus, of \$90,739,905 73. Deduct from these amounts the amount of the principal between the two countries, and such efforts as of the public debt redeemed, and the amount of issues in substitution therefor, and the actual cash operations of the Treasury were: receipts, \$884,076,046 77, disbursements, \$865,234,087 86, which leaves a cash balance in the Treasury of \$18,842,558 71. Of the receipts there were derived from customs \$102,316,152 99; from lands, \$588,333 29; from direct taxes, \$475,648 96; from internal revenue, \$109,741,134 10; from miscellangous sources, \$47,511,443 10; and from loans applied to actual expenditures, including former balance, \$623,443,929 13.

There were disbursed for the civil service \$27,-505,599 46 for pensions, and for Indians \$7,517,-930 97; for the War Peyartment, \$60,791,842 97; for the Navy Department, \$85,733,292 79: for interest of the public debt, \$53,685,421 69; making in aggregate of \$865,234,087 86, and leaving a Calance in the Treasury of \$18,842,558, 71, as before stated. For the actual-receipts and disbursements for the first quarter and the estimated receipts and disbursements for the three remaining quarters of the current fiscal year and the general operations of the Treasury in detail, I refer you to the report of the Secretary of the Treasury.

I concur with him in the opinion that the proportion of the money's required to meet the expeases consequent upon the war, derived from taxation. should be still further increased, and I carnestly invite your attention to this subject, to the end that there, may be such additional legislation as shall be required to meet the just expectations of the Sec-

retary. ... The public debt on the first day of July last he appears by the books of the Treasury, amounted to \$1,740,690,480 49. Probably, should the war coninue for another year, that amount may be increased to not far from \$500,000,000. Held as it is for the most part by our own people, it has become a substantial branch of national, though private property.

For obvious reasons the more nearly this property can be distributed among all the people, the better. To favor such general distribution, greater inducements to become owners might perhaps with good effect, and without injury be presented to persons of limited means. With this view I suggest whether it might not be both expedient and competent for Congress to provide, that a limited amount of some future issue of public securities might be held brandy bong fide purchaser exemply from taxation and from seizure for debt, under such restrictions and limitations as might be necessary o guard against abuse of so important a privilege This would enable pradent persons to set aside small annuity against a possible day of want.

Privileges like these would render the possession f such securities to the amount limited most desirable to every person of small means, who might temporary incumbent of the office and the government of the Pacha, resulted in a suspension of inment of the Pacha. resulted in a suspension of in-tercourse. The evil was promptly corrected on the arrival of the successor in the Consulate, and one opposite that they cannot be much relations with Egypt, as wall as our relation with the Pachary Powers and assistance of the public debt on the lat day of July last, though the Barbary Powers of mairely satisfactory.

The rehellion wind has so long been flagrant in made to Congress at the commencement of last sesn the preceding December, as to the probable amount at the beginning of this year, by the sum of \$3.995,079 33. This fact exhibits a satisfactory gondition and conduct of the operations of the Treasury.

The National Banking system is proving to be acceptable to capitalists and the people. On the 25th of November, 531 National Banks had been organ-

from State banks. Changes from the State system to the National system are rapidly taking place, and it is hoped that very soon there will be in the Unid States no banks of issue, not authorized by Congress, and no tank note circulation not secured by the government. . That the government and the ople will derive general benefit from this charge in the banking systems of the country can hardly be questioned. The National system will create a reliable and permanent influence in support of the National credit, and protect the people against loss

ses in the use of paper money.
Whether or not any further legislation is advisable for the suppression of State bank issues, it will be for Congress to determine. It seems quite clear that the treasury cannot be satisfactorily conducted -power over the bank note circulation of the coun-

The report of the Secretary of War and the accompanying documents will detail the campaigns of the armies in the field since the date of the last annual message, and also the operations of the sevral administrative tureaus of the War Department during the last year.
It will also specify the measures deemed essential

for the national defence, and to keep up and supply

the requisite military force.

The report of the Secretary of the Navy presents a comprehensive and satisfactory exhibit of the affairs of that Department, and of the naval service. It is a, subject of congratulation and laudable pride to our countrymen that a navy of such vast proportions has been organized in so brief a period and conducted with so much effi-

ciency and success.

The general exhibit of the navy, including vessels under construction, on the first of Dec. 1864; shows a total of 671 vessels, carrying, 4,610 guns, and 519,396 tons, being an actual increase during the year, over and above all losses by shipwreck or in hattle, of 83 vessels, 107 guns, and 42.427 tons. The total number of emen at this time in the naval service, including officers, is

There have been captured by the navy during the year, 324 vessels, and the whole number of naval captures since hostilities commenced is 1300, of which 267 are steamers. The gross proceeds arising from the sale of condemned prize

The total expenditures of the Navy Department of every description, including the cost of the immense squadrons that have been called into existence, from the 4th of March, 1861, to the lat events, may we not agree the somer the better?

of November, 1864, are \$238,647,202 35. Your favorable consideration is invited to the various recommendations of the Secretary of the any further than as an additional attenuat to be Navy, especially in regard to a Navy Yard and considered, their judgment may be considered in the suitable establishment for the construction and repair of iron vessels and the machinery and armature for our ships, to which reference was

made in my last annual message... Your attention is also invited to the views expressed in the report in relation to the legislation of Congress at its last session; in respect to prizes on our inland waters.

I cordially concur in the recommendation of the Secretary as to the propriety of creating the Your attention is invited to the report of the tights of transit from Carada through the United Sice Department. The postal revenues for the States as well as the regulation of imports, which sear ending January 30th, 1864, amounted to were temporarily established by the reciprocity \$12,438,233 78, and the expenditures to \$12,644, treaty of the 5th of the 1874

entire energies of the nation.

The organization and admission of the State of Nevada has been completed in conformity; with wright a competent engineer has been autropean States, and ought to be reciprocated on law, and thus our excellent system is firmly esged to make a survey of the river San Juan our part by giving the intinigrants effective nation, tablished in the mountains which once seemed a barren and uninhabitable waste between the At-I regard our Emmigrants as one of our princis | lautic States and those which have grown upon

The territories of the United States are generalstresm in its present fullness, and to that end the tence and the interruption of communication with governments, like those of others, to go into speedy surviving, the fillen have seen so few.

and full operation as fatimately connected with and Whole corps and divisions, and brigades, and rogpromotive of the material growth of the nation

I ask the attention of Congress to the valuable | gone out of existence. information and important recommendations relations are unjoying of the naval ser-y which should be earefully preserved.

The election returns prove this force many to sold BY ALL DRUGGISTS. information and important recommendations relatreportal, the Secretary of the Interior, which is voiers could not else be found. herewith transmitted, and which report also em- las States regularly hinding elections, both now braces the subject of patents, pensions, and other and Sour years ago, to wit: California, Cennecticut, topics of public interest pertaining to his Depart-

last, was 4,227,342 acres, of which 1,538.626 acres mont, West Virginia and Wisconsin cast 3,982,011 were entered under the Homestead Law. The re-mainder was located with military tand warrants, aggregate now of \$,398,271; to which is to added and agricultural script, certified to States for rail

The cash received from sales and focation fees, was \$10,194 46. The incomes from sales during the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1863, was \$678,-007 21 against \$136,077 95 received during the preceeding year. The aggregate of acres surveyed during the year, has been equal to the quantity dis-posed of and there is open to settlement about 133,000,000 acres of surveyed land.

The great enterprise of connecting the Atlantic with the Pacific States by railway and telegraphic lines, has been entered upon with a vigor that gives ritories is triple now what it was four years ago; assurance of success, notwithstanding the embar- while thousands, white and black, join us as the rassments arising from the prevailing high prices of materials and labor.

the great bend of Mucker river, in Nevada.

Numerous discoveries of gold, silver and conne-ar in the hears, been added to the many heretofore known and the country occupied by the Sierra nitely. This is as to men. Material resource Nevada and Rocky mountains and the subordinate now more complete and abundant than ever ranges now teems with enterprising labor which is richly remunerative. It is believed that the pro-ducts of the mines of precious metals in that re-pose to re-establish and maintain the national augion has during the present year reached if not thority is unchanged, and, as we believe, unchangeexceeded \$1,000,000,000 in value.

It was recommended in my last annual message that our ladian system he remodeled. Congress a its last session, acting upon the recommendation did provide for reorganizing the system in Cate forma, and it is believed that under the present or ganization the management of the Indians there

will be attended with reasonable success.

Much yet remains to be done to provide for the proper government of the Indians in other parts of the country to render it secure for the advancing settler, and to provide for the welfare of the Indi an. . The Secretary reiterates his recommendations and to them the attention of Congress is invited. The liberal provisions to invalid soldiers and satlors of the Republic, and to the w dows and orphans and dependent mothers of those who have I war. tallen in battle or died of disease contracted or o wounds received in the service of their country, have been diligently administered.

There have been added to the pension rolls during the year ending the 30th of June last, the name of 16,770 invalid soldiers and of 27t disabled seamen, making the present number of army invalid pensioners 23,767, and of navy invalid pensioners

The present number of army pensioners of this class is 25,433, and of navy pensioners 793. At by the peaceful means of legislation, conference, would be coough; but be administered four, not the beginning of the year the number of revolu- courts and votes. Operating only in constitutional pextmorning four more. Much impurity cartefrom me. tionary pensioners was 1,430. Only 12 of them were soldiers, of whom 7 have since died. The re-

sions, because of relationship to revolutionary soldiers. During the year ending 30th of June, 1864, \$4-504:616 92 have been paid to pensioners of all

ciasses. things the henevolent institutions at the District of temper this control would be exercised can be fairly. Columbia which have hitherto been fostered or judged of by the past. A year ago general pardon established by Congress, and respectivity refer for and amnesty upon specified terms were offered to information concerning them, and in chatica to all except cortain meanared classes, and it was at other. Washington, Aggeduct, the Capitol, and other | the same time made known that the excepte i classes matters of local interest to the report of the Sec. Were still within contemplation of escal clemency.

The Agricultural Department, under the superfrom of its present energetic and faithful head, is rabidly commending itself to the great and vital flunary measures as rendered the practical process ifterests it was created to advance. ly the peoples Department, in which they feel more directly concerned than in any other. I commend it to the continued attention and fostering care of

Congress. The war continues since the last annual message. All the important lines and positions then occupied by our forces have been maintained, and our agmics have continually advanced, thus liberating regions left in the rear, so that Missonri, Kentucky, | duty snati demand find it be closed, and that in lieu Tennessee, and parts of orner Stries, have again produced reasonably fair crops.

roduced reasonably fair crops. The most remarkable teature in the military operations of the present year, is Gen. Sherman's attempted march of 300 miles, directly, through the insurgent region. It tends to show a great mecrease of our relative strength, that our General-in chief should feel able to confront and hold in check every active force of the enemy, and yet to dotach a well appointed, large atmy to move on such an attempt to retract or modify the emancipation pro-

expedition. The result not yet being known, conjecture in regard to it is not here indulged. any of the ac's of Congress. It the people should, Important movements have also occurred during by whatever mode or means, make it any executive the year, with a view to the effect of moulding

society for durability in the Union. .. Although short of complete success, it is much in the right direction that 12,000 citizens in each of the States of Arkansas and Louisiana have organ the Government whosever it shall have ceused on nized loyal State governments with free constitutions, and are carnestly struggling to maintain and

administer them. The movement in the same direction more exten sive though less definite in Missouri, Kentucky and Tennessee, should not be overlooked. But Maryland presents the example of complete success. Maryland is secure to Liberty and Union for all the future. The genius of rebellion will no more claim

Marvland seek to tear her, but it will woo her no more. At the last session of Congress, a proposed amendment of the Constitution, abolishing slavery 55,811. West Virginia, 46,105; 33,874. Wisconsin, throughout the United Stutes, passed the Senate; 152,180; 148,513. Total. 8,870,222; 8,982,011. throughout the United States, passed the Senate; but failed for lack of the requisite two-thirds vote ! in the House of Representatives.

Although the present is the same Congress, and nearly the same members, without questioning the wisdom or patriotism of those who stood in opposition. I venture to recommend the reconsideration and passage of the measure at the present session. mulatto mined Russel Thompson, and while con-Of course the abstract question is not changed, but tending with him, the keys were obtained by anoth-

Hence there is only a question of time as to when the proposed amendment will go to the States for their action, and as it is to so go at all It is not claimed that the election has imposed a duty on members to change their views or votes,

It is the voice of the people us no for the first and hat, weight about 130 pounds. He was suftime heard upon the question. In a great nation-fering from a swelling in the left groin, which will all crisis like ours, unahimity of action among seriously impede his locomotion.—Dupateh. those scoking a common end is very desirable, al most indispensable, and yet no approach to such unanimity is attainable unless some deference shall be paid to the will of the majority, simply because it is the will of the majority.

Eghert Farm has been sold for, \$150,000, or at the In this case the common and is the maintain rate of \$1,300,000 for the entire well. Oil is selling

cure that end such will through the election must clearly declars in favor of such donatitutions) amendment. The most reliable indication of public purpose in this country is derived through our public elections; it until the 20th inst, when his resignation will and find by the recent canvass and its result, take effect. A successor will be chosen at a special the purpose of the people within the loyal states election.

all those who supported the Union ticket, so called, but a great majority of the opposing party, also, may be fairly claimed to entertain and to be actuated by the same purpose.

It is an unanswerable argument to this effect, than no candidate for any office whatever, high or low, has ventured to seek votes on the arowal that he was for giving up the Union. There have been much impugning of motives, and much hea-ted confrorersy as to the proper means and best mede of advancing the Union cause, but in the distinct issue of Union or no Union, the politicians have shown their instinctive knowledge that there | moves all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relieve is no diversity among the people in awarding the people the fair opportunity of showing ene to another and to the world, this firmness and nnanimity of purpose. The election has been of vast

value to the national cause.

The election has exhibited another fact not less valuable to be known, the fact that we do not approach exhaustion in the most important branch of the national resources-that of living men. While it is meisucholy to reflect that the war has filled so sressfe.
many graves and caused mourning to so many homes, in all c. ties are about to disappear, which will permit their it is some relief to know that, dompared with the

iments, have formed and fought, and dwindled and A steas tanjority of the men who composed them

Delawart, Illinois, Indiani, Iowa, Kentucky, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, The quantity of public land disposed of during the five quantity of public land disposed of during the five quarters, ending on the 30th of September Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island. Yer Missouri, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York. 43,762 cast now in the new States of Kansas and Nevada, which States did not vote in 1860.

> Thus swelling the aggregate to 4,075,778, and the net increase during the three years and a half of war to 14,676. A table is appended showing particulars as to three. Again should be added the number of all soldiers in the field from Massachusetts, Khode Island, New Jersey, Delaware, Indiana, Illineis and California, who by the law of those States could not vote away from their homes, and which number cannot be less than 90,000:

Nor yet is this all The number in organized ternational armies press back the insurgent lines. So of materials and labor.

The route of the main line of the road has been definitely located for 100 miles westward from the definitely located for 100 miles westward from the breen greater but for the war, which is probe. have been greater but for the war, which is probe. formin has been made from Sacramento eastward to, that we have more men now than we had when the war began, that we are not exhausted, nor in procers of exhaustion; that we are guining strength, and may, if need be, maintain the contest indefi-nitely. This is as it mon staterial resources are

The national resources then are unexhausted,

accersible, it seems to me that no attempt at nego tistion with the languagent leader could result in any discoveries affords no parallel to the triumphe over com- aid of a physician. Dr. F. is the qubor of a medical good. He would accept of nothing short of the petition and prejudice, a complianed by this powerful work of 300 pager, price \$2.10, giving a full explanation severance of the Union

His declarations to that effect are explicit and oft repented. He does not attempt to deceive us. "He brown as magnificent as any that Heaven over bestowed affords us no excuse to deceive ourselves. We canuot voluntarily yield it. Between him and us the issue is distinct, simple and inflexible. It is an issue which can only be tried by war and.

What is true, however, of him who heads the in-

ace and reunion. The number of such may increase. They use at several days, and took ten grains of calamet to obtain

ow it.

Lewis, fortunately called on me and advised Braudeath's

Requestions should remain we would adjust them Pills. I thought, in my weakened condition, one pill and lawful chaunchs, some certain and other possible and tomy surprise, the soreness and pain diminished.

questions are and would be beyond the executive mainder are those who, under the law receive pen- power- to adjust—for instance, the admission of appetite. You are at interty to publish this. Seld by sions, because of relationship to revolutionary sol- members into Congress and whatever might require all respectable dealers in medicines. Novi764-to: the appropriation of money.

The executive power nach would be greatly diminished by the correction of actual war. Pardons and remissions of fortesture, however, weald still

I cheerfully commend to your continued patro- be within executive control. In what spirit and During the year many availed themselves of the general provision, and many more would, only that the signs of bad tauth to some, led to such precau-It is peculiars | levs easy and ceffain. During the same time also special pardons have been granted to individuals of accepted classes, and no voluntary application has of von paper that whitesad, by return half to film to wish it. (from a copie with it there there is enjoying the trained of the copies of

Thus practically, the door has been for a full Thus, practically, the door has been to a sea and the process of the dam, leaving the runs there years spen to all except such as were not in condition and occupied to make free choice; such as were in custody the least to those having half Heads, or or under constraint. It is will open to all but the Bare Free, almost account of his will take the Bare Free, almost decerous and internation that will duty snotled mand finite to closed, and that in lieu thereof more vigorous measures than heretofore the process of the process of the process of the damping that the close of the process of the damping that the damping the runs and the process of the damping that the damping that the damping the runs that will be described in the damping that the da

In presenting the abandonment of armed resistance to the untional authority on the part of the insurgents, as the only indispensable condition to ending the war on the part of the Government, I retract nothing heretofore said as to slavery.

I repeat the declaration made a year ago, that while I remain in my present position I shall not clamation, nor shall I return to slavery may person who is from by the terms of that preciam thou, or by any of the add of Congress. It the people abould, duty to remetate such persons, another, and not I, must be their instrument to perform it.

lu stating a single emidition of place, I mean

simply to say that the war will cease on the part of the part of those who began it. ABRAHAM LINCOLN. . - ~

Kentucky, 148,216; 9,130, nearly. Maine, 97,918; 115,141. Maryland, 92,502; 72,7a3. Massachusetts, 169,533; 175,487. Michigap, 154,747; 162,413; Minnesota, 14,799, 42,534; Missouri, 165,538; 90,000, nearly. New Hampshire, 95,953; 99,111. New Jersey, 121,125; 128,680. New York, 675,156; Like another foul spirit being driven out, it may 780,664. Ohio, 442,441; 470,745. Oregon, 14,410; 14,110. est. Ponusylvania, 476,442; 572,697.-Rhode Island, 19,931; 22,187. Vermont, 42,844

Kansas, 17,284. Nevada, 16,528. Total, 23,762.

. Escapape .- Last evening about duck, as the Deputy Sheriff, Dackett, was entering the main ball of the juit, he was siezed and throttled by a burly an intervening election shows almost certainly that er pris nor named John Fallon, who unlocked the the next Congress will pass the measure if this does outer door and escaped. The negro, also, after a struggle, succeeded in getting through the door, and both are still at liberty. Their descriptions are as follows: Russell Thompson, a light mulatto, shout five teet eight inches high, stout build, ruther long face, light moustache, weight about 130, pounds, and were a light suit of clothes. Juhn Fallon, a white man, about five feet six inches high, the milt, light hair, gray epes, little or no beard, said hand nearly tovered with a dark red mark,

word of pair of black pants, jight vest, black coat The Franklin Citizen save an undivided thirty second interest in the well recently struck on the

and of the Union, and among the mians to see at \$11,50 per barrel at the wells.

I desire, however, to be understood while being \$206,652 42.

The views presented by the Postmaster flenemaking this statement that the colonial rationally the statement that the colonial rationally are not deemed to be intentionally understood with the integrity of the United or unfriendly towards the United or unfriendly tow with School commenced last Monday with encouraging and building West or warms that kine its supported would be supported by the supported by t

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S Colebrated Female Pills.

AOTECTED L'ETTERS COLDEN BITTERS.

SAY ROYAL PATENT!

A PURELY VEGETABLE TONIC. pered from a Prescription of Sir J. Clarks, M. D.,

Physician Extraordinary to the Queen. ate invaluable medicine to unfalling in the cure of all nore paintal and dangers as themses to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excess and re-TO MARINED LADIES

t is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity. Each bottle, price One Bullar, bears the Government Stamp of dreat Britain, to prevent counterfe.id. CAUTION.

These Pills should not be taken by Females during the FIRST THREE MONTHS of Programmy, as they are sure to bring on Midearriage, but at any other time they

In all cases of Ferrous and Spinal Affections, Pains in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Ersteries and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomet, antimony or anything hartful to the constitution Full directions in the pamphlet around each parkage,

Hole Agent for the United States and Canada, JOB MOSES, 27 Cortlandt St., New York. N. B. -\$1,00 and 8 postage stamps enclosed to any au-horized agent, will insore a bottle, containing 50 Pills. jy006-17.

DR. MARSHALL'S CATARRII SNUFF. - This Sous has theroughly proved itself to be the best article farms for curing Garanau, Colo in the Hear and HEADACHE. It has been found an excellent remedy in many cases of Sonn Eyes. DEAFNESS has been re poved by it, and HEARING has often been greatly improved by ta use. It is tragrant and agreeable, and gives IMMRIM-ATE RELIES to the dull heavy prime crused by discusses of the Head. The sementions after using it are delightful end invigorating. . It opens and parges out all ob structions, strength on the glands and gives a bealthy action to the parts affected.

More than thirty years of sale and use of Dr Marshall's Caterrh and Hondache Hauff bas proved its great value for all the common disches of the head, and at this moment it stands bigher than ever before. It is recommended by many of the best abvaicians, and is need with erest success and satisfaction everywhere. Read the Certificate of Wholessie Druggista iu 1854 :

The andersigned having for many years been acquainted with Dr. Marshall's Catarrh and Heade-he Snuf, and sold in our wholesale trade, cheerfulle state that we helieve it to be equal, in every respect, to the resommenda-tions given of it for the cure of Catarra Affections, and that it is decidedly the best article we have ever known for all common distance of the Head.

Burr & Perry, Reed, 'ustin & Co., Brown, Lamson & Co., Reed, Cutler & Co., Seth W. Powle, Wilson, Fairbank & Co., Medion.; Hemshaw, Edmands & Co., H. H. Har, Fortland, Me.; Harber & Park, A. R. & D. Sanda, Stephen Paul & Co., Israel Vanor & Co., McCesson & Robbings A. L. Pcovill & Co., M. Ward, Close & Co., Bush & Hele, New York. For sale by all Druggists. Try it.

WONDERPUL CHANGES have occurred in this The manner of continuing the effort remains to more more wongerful than the Revolutions in Color,

The manner of continuing the effort remains to more more wongerful than the Revolutions in Color,

Uncareful consideration of all the evidence produced among the bests of the people, by CRISTADO.

In a new curing method, by which all discuss can be ROS HAIR DVE. The histories of the success of great | readily and radically cours by the potient, without the | ret harmion, vogetable agent, which instantaneously of the mode of treatment. They also publish a monthly changes any obnoxious color of the half into a black by Medicai Journal, of which aimile numbers will be south Cristadore's Bair Preservative.

s sain ble adjunct to the Dye, in dressing and promoting the growth and p react health of the hair, and of itself decided by victory. If we yield, we are beaton. It when used alone, a safeguard that protects the fores from the Southern people full him, he is beaten. Bither dean substrated and under all climas.

Wanted by J. CRIST INGRO. No. 6 Actor House New York. Soil by all B-uggists and applied by all ffair

surgent cause, is not necessarily true of those who tollow. Although the cannot re accept the Union, they can. Some of them, we know, already desire by SENTERY CURED. I was troubled to January last with Confrences for

any moment have peace, supply by laying down relief towards cold, I suppose at any rate, a sector their arms, and submitting to the national authority. Distribute set in, which my medical attendant found it pensionerrag, for, and of many fivants pensioners at the constitution, After so much the govern112.

Of widows, orphans and mothers, 22,198 have ment could not if it would mututain war against thy strength was all gons. Every thing peased through them navy rolls.

The navy rolls.

The many models are the constitution and the constitution of the constitution and the constitution.

The loyal people would not sustain or allowed to the army pension rolls, and 248 on them. The loyal people would not sustain or allowed to the constitution of the constitution.

The navy rolls. One box eared me fully. I am now bearty, with a flue

A Card to the Suffering.

W. Li. I'M two or three highests of 'Breha."

Tooir Sittera." "sarappartita." "Nerrous Antidots," &n., &c., &c., and a far you are satisfied with the
result, then two me had of 'Old. DOCTOR BEC 1 Not
ENGLIST SUCCIVIO HILL—and he restared to health
and right in less than 'thirty days. They are pure's
yoge able pleasant to take, prompt and salutary in their
effects on the braken done, and chattered constitution.
Old and roome can take them with advantage. Imported and sold in the Lasted States only by

JA. BUTLER, No. 47 Broadway.

Again for the United States.

P. S.—A hax of the Prile, course packed, will see with
alt nor address on recent of these, which is One Doilary not put immons "rounded by the Agont is entire
ast staction is not given.

T. DITOR OF ORMERYER.—Bear St.:—With

LIDITOR OF OBSERVER DAME STEE-WITH

ten ere in ten dare. Pie

DR. TOBIAN VENETIAN LINIMENT. - Norm H. TOBIAN VENETIAN LIMINERST.—More Testimony! This is to certify that for the last live years I have used in my family its Tobias calcinited. Vestifan Lintment, and in every instance have found it for all parts of the recommendations. I have found it to all years all the intercommendations, I have found it to all years all the standard colors are the first parts of toothacks, croup, billions coits, sore throat pain in the chest and back, and frammatian, and I cheerfully recommend its trial to every one addicted with any of the above-named disparse.

diseases.

JAMES H. WARNER.
PAREPORO, TORN., Oct. 16th, 1851.
Price 25 and 57 center. Salt by all lenguists. Office, 36 Cortlandt Street, New York.

A te ENTERINEN, cured of Norrous Peblity, in the competency, fromtains block and Youthhalf Error, artistical by a desire to begen to there will be happy to artistically who need it, (free of charge.) the recipe and directions of making the simple remade used in his

and directions for making the simp of remain most in size.

Those washing to profit by his experience, and possess a Valuable Remedy, will receive the a nic. by return mail, (carefully scaled,) by addressing

JOHN B. OSDEN,

myl4-7m.

No. 65 Nassau Str. et, N. Y. DO YOU WING TO BE CURKED -DR BI-UHANG ENGLISH SPECIFIC FILLS care, to I so than 30 days, the worst cases of NERVIUSNESS, impo-tancy, Pressaure Decry Seminal Westiness, Insantry-and all Urner. Sexual and Nervous Affections, no mat-

and all Uriner. Sexual and Servois Ancoliolis, no mas-ter from what of one produced. Price one dellar per low. Sent, post paid, by wall, on receipt of an order. One busy will perion a crite in most cases. Address. Address.

Guigaral Agent, 427 (read vay. New York) Guineral Agent, 627 from the ingestation of the ing

Improve Your Stock of Sheep. I OFFER FOR SALE ON REASONA-

Stray Mare. Stray Mare.

TRAYED FROM THE PREMISES OF

A. W. Fenno, in Mill Greek towiship, on the Edinhero plank road, on the night of Ostober 10th, a Sorrel
Mare. Hars witte mark on the foreheat, white land
fret, and short bill—and alona 8 years. Any person
delivering has to one or giving information of her
whereab usts will be liberally rewarded

Waterford treathly, 134 miles west of the horough,
in the "Sagdail settlement. Egbert Farm has been sold for, \$150,000, or at the

Stray Cow.

Stray Cow.

Stray Cow.

TRAYED FROM THE PREMISES OF the are determined to offer as good inducements as any other defiered in the city, and in the configuration will it until the 20th inst, when his resignation will take effect. A successor will be chosen at a special election.

Stray Cow.

TRAYED FROM THE PREMISES OF the are determined to offer as good inducements as any other defiered in the city, and in the configuration will white hind lega, some while on health at all, small trail, small to the configuration of the sheet article in the city and inducements as any other defiered in the city, and in the small trails and configuration of the configuration of the sheet article in the city.

Army and Navy!

USTRECEIVED, another lot of writing and forther article in the city and inducements as any other defiered in the city, and in the configuration to configuration to configuration.

Army and Navy!

USTRECEIVED, another lot of writing and forther in the first carries.

HUBBEL'S

INVIGORATING & STRENGT SENIME, Will cure by peps a.

Will cure by papers.
Will cure Acastron.
Will cure General Debilly.
Will cure Hearttern.
Will cure Hearttern.
Will cure Hearttern.
Will cure Hearttern.
Will cure Liver Complaint.
Will arrect and create a healthy appetite
Will striggers the organs of direct on and moderateity increase the temperature of the heady and the force of
circulation, actir gir fact as a gene all errobremated the
system, constituted as privipous drugs, and is
THE REAT TOWIO RETECT IN THE WORLD. . . A fair trial is sameatly so icited.

ORO C. HUBALL & CO., Proprietors, Juda a. N. Ludi a, N Y.
Central brook, American Express Entiding 55 HUD-SON STANEW YOUR.
For salasty at Drugghts, drooms, &c.
ENT Sevents with Attack V. Rele, Wholessie Agents,
and for sale by Hall & Werfel, Carier & Carrer and Wil-kins & Thooks.
octived

BANK-NOTICE! Keystone National Bank of Erie. CAPITAL, \$150,000.

DIRECTORS SELDEN MARVIN, JOHN W. HAMMOND, ELIHU MARVIN, BESTER TOWN, OBANGE MOBER, Produce, JOHN J. TOWS, Carbier

The above bink will be opened for the transaction of boaliness on Monday, Dec. 5th, in Hughes' Block. West side of State at .. between Seventh and Eighth!

Satisfactory paper discounted.
Money receive i on Deposit. Collections made and proposeds accounted for with comptness. Braits, Specie and Bark Notes bought and sold. A share of Public Patronage is respectfully solicite

VALUABLE Store Stand and Residence for Sale THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR THE UNDERSIONED OFFERS FOR and be subjected by the country, it is, consisting of an expellent three building and breet my though the three building and breet my though the country it is consisting of an expellent three building and breet my though the continued for the purpose a great number of verre, and its west littled, being sarge, or needlest and having a great celler. A wing attached to the building will recomment attack must family. The stands one of the best in the country owing situated in a healthy, fertile and wealthy in ghorthood. The residence is a two-story one, have my a large, thy cover, and being both rooms and convenient. A good theren, Well and Bain are connected with the house. I will after or exchange for property in Files on reasonable terms. exchange for property in Frie, on reasonable terms.

Any purson wishing to purchase will address

LOUY CUMINAL

Dec. 1, 1864—3t.

Erre, Ta.

free, by addressing Drs. J. FIRMINICH & Oc.,

Administrator's Notice. -LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION ON LTTERS OF ADMINISTRATION ON the state of the reconstruction of the most two ashing Ethic confusy, it is, having took greated to the understand, notice is hereby given to all knowing himselves in clied to stall estate as inclined knowing himselves in clied to stall estate as inclined immediate payment, and there having claims agains the same with present them, prightly authenticated, for see themen. Job 1/11 Waldbrow, Administrator is drop, Nov. 23, 1501-6w.

Stray Heifer. CAME TO THE PREMISES OF THE Su sealer to Survey to Surve

Notice. WHEREAS LETTERS TESTAMEN-Jair of Fairriss, townsuin, devise, a nave yeth grants:
to no subscribers, all parsons needed to the anidastate
at requested to make immediate parsons, and those
baving coams or demands of that the state of the said
decedent will make known the or ne without delay to
JAME HECKMAN.
Fairriss, Nov. 30, 1864.

Orphan's Court Sale. IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF the Urphan's Court for the County of Eric to-spage, ented, I willight at public sale at the "Myffet House," in the city of, fice, on the 7th day of, January, A. D. 1866; the following describes iteal; heate, to wit: 1806; the following described itself battle to wit:
All that perish press or parcel of hard situated in the
formation of flateric cek in the Count. of Eric, and
state of Pennsylvines, bounded and described as of lows
to with Perindic at a post on the wat ride of a large
fact of land constant of called Markins negative, 45
2-10 percess northwardly from a begun troe at the
southward course of Chaid Reserve, nor had deg, west
127-10 perches, there a of rid Reserve, in Sidiley, seet
127-10 perches, there a of ride Reserve, in the Sidiley seet
127-10 deg, west to find the large specific there
a with 13 deg, west 50 perches, to the plane of begin
in the constantialing 57 acres and 26 per, but the same more
or less.

if the containing of acres and to per, by the same more or live.

Also, that certain of his interplees of ground situate in hocity of Eric, howen as the south one-ball of Inlies, Nos. I and it, and broaded as 'n' over, this On the cast for Parade site to the algorithm of mellin street on the west by Inlie Nosh and the north by north limit of Inlies Nosh land it, having created thereon a GOOD FRAME DWELLING II USE.

Presented of the above greated please of property to be given on the lirt of your described price of the south of and invalidants, to be secured by judgment bond and mortgade on the probles—or cash on confined ton of sale, at the option of prochase.

JOHN STELLWAGEN,

Young Men's Christian Association! RECULAR LECTURE COURSE FOR THE ENSUING WINTER, AT FARRAR HALL

1. Dec 201-Prot JANSA B. AWEFEE, of Providing Rel. Subject, "For Windred Provident all Na dency R. L. Sulpatt, "The witters.

2. Dec. 18'h - Ker. J. S. C. ADBOTT, there is blace
Subject. Trince and Her Fraguror

3. Dec. 1000-H. J. v. Reithann C. Sattogüeld, Mass

Sulpatt "Cost and Compensation."

4. The 27th - Rev. M. A. HARTLETT, Brookyn, N. of Contands Street, New York

PARTIE CONFESSION & EXPERIENCE

OF A NERVOUS INVALID.

Cathished for the benefit and as caution is young men, and others, who suffer non-Nervous Results for the same time the means of a Nervous Nervous Results for same time the means of a Nervous young as post-paid addressed entering the same is post-paid addressed entering the propess may be had of the suffer of my suffer non-Nervous Results and compensation.

Subject of Man Additional Action, By one with his curred firms of the suffer of my subject and the propess may be had of the suffer.

Subject of the subject of Nervous Poblits, in a partie of the subject of rentice legite.

2. In Alexe B. F. I. (Yind), of 'ne charage desiration in post of the following Monthson' a post to be the fill that it is not to be the fill that the fill that he is not to be the fill that the fill the fill that the fill the fill

jectual vatanionness.

11. Maja vil. C. E. H. CHAPINAN V. Subject mry set announces.

12. March 1.14. Juid N. B. Untitle Subject, "Fact and Plotton Tickets for the fourse, with Reserved outs, will the affect to recipate a Nicke it Alia as MONIAN Media-inst, Nisv. Zech, at we clock, at the following press: the state, as the following press: the state is a second of the following press: the state is a second of the following press: the state is a second of the se

A. H. CAUGHAY, W. R. HAVEN, BT,

Kain, Nov. 16, 1884 Y. A. WEBRY.

understand have open-d a new Grossey Store, on the State of the EAST MIDE OF STATE ST., 24 HOUSE MORTH OF RAILROAD. ERIDGE,
Where they intend keeping a full supply of ARROCKELS R. PROVINCOLS, WUITS, NUTS,

CROCKERY WARE, VANKER NOTIONS, WARE, WILLOW WARE, CONFECTIONALISE, TOBACCO & CIGARA, band in an establishment of independent on hand in an establish the port.