THE ERIE WEEKLY OBSERVER.

OFFICE IN THE "OBSERVER BUILDING," STATE STREET, OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—One Square of Ten Lines one insertion 75 Cents; two insertions $1,00; three insertions $1,25; one month $1,50; two months $2,50; three months $3,00; six months $4,00; one year $8,00; other advertisements in proportion. These rates will be strictly adhered to, unless changed by special contract, or at the option of the publishers. Auditor's Notices, Strays, Divorces and like advertisement, $1,50; Administrator's Notices $2,50; Local Notices FIVE cents a line; Marriage Notices TWENTY-FIVE cents a piece; Obituary Notices (over three lines in extent) five cents per line. Original poetry, unless written at the request of the editor, one dollar per line. All advertisements will be continued at the expense of the person advertising, until ordered out by his direction, unless a specified period is agreed upon for its insertion.

SUBSCRIPTION.—Two DOLLARS per annum in advance.

JOB PRINTING.—We have one of the best Jobbing Offices in the State, and are ready to do any work in that line that may be entrusted to us, in equal style to any establishment outside of the largest cities.

WHITMAN & BRECHT, Publishers.

THE ERIE OBSERVER.

TWO DOLLARS PER YEAR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE; $2,50 IF NOT PAID UNTIL THE END OF THE YEAR.

VOLUME 35. ERIE, PA., THURSDAY AFTERNOON, NOVEMBER 24, 1864. NUMBER 26.

A Beautiful Prayer.

Lord, at thy temple gate,
Where thronging thousands wait,
Trembling we stand.
The glory of Thy name
Each day is writ in flame,
On sea and land.

The hills their anthems raise,
The rocks repeat Thy praise,
The wide earth o'er;
Of Thee in anguish now,
Lord of the dazzling brow,
Do we implore.

When Thou on Sinai spoke,
In clouds and fire and smoke,
And all thine awe;
The Jews in trembling heard
The thunder of Thy word,
Thine uttered law.

Thus in the battle's roar,
That shakes the solid shore,
Thy name we hear:
Thy majesty, Thy power,
Speaks through this dreadful hour,
To every ear.

The wickedness, the crime
Wrought in this once proud clime
Call down thy wrath:
Yet round Thy burning throne,
A circle all her own,
Sweet mercy hath.

It was in mercy's name
Thy Son, the Savior, came
From Thee above!
We hear the angelic trains,
Ring o'er the heavenly plains
Sweet strains of love!

O, shed Love's spirit o'er
This land from shore to shore,
Until we raise
One glad, united voice,
To make earth's sons rejoice
One chant of praise.

Message of Jefferson Davis.

From the New York News.]

The annual Message of Jefferson Davis to the Senate and House of Representatives of the Confederate States may be studied to advantage by the people of the North. The relative positions of the contestants in this struggle cannot be distinctly defined through the rose-color mist in which the organs of the Federal administration envelop their reports. It is prudent to take into consideration the estimate of both sides, especially as experience has demonstrated that the Confederate President is in the habit of expressing himself frankly and explicitly in his official statements in regard to the military, political and financial situation of the Government over which he presides.

We therefore commend the message of Davis to the attention of the Northern public. It commences with an apparently conscientious review of the military operations of the year now closing, claiming that within that period the Federal arms have failed to accomplish any positive advance in the way of subjugation: but while making some progress, at a fearful cost, in one quarter of the Confederacy, have been compelled to relinquish the possession of a vast area of Southern territory in another direction. West of the Mississippi, all Northern Alabama and Western Tennessee, has been reconquered, and a portion of East Tennessee has been wrested from the Federal grasp. In Georgia and Virginia the struggle for supremacy continues indecisive, and there the principal military power of both sections is concentrated, waging a war of strategy, maneuver, and occasional terrible collisions, unequaled in the display of skill, endurance, fierce assaults and obstinate resistance, and without parallel in the sacrifice of life.

In regard to the attitude assumed by foreign powers toward the Confederacy, Mr. Davis is very earnest in rebuking their apathy and indifference, but this criticism exhibits neither petulance nor disappointment. He does not seek to disguise the improbability of foreign interference in behalf of the South, but frankly assures his countrymen that they must depend on their own exertions for their independence. He takes the ground, however, that recognition does not necessitate an armed intervention, and that therefore the potentates of Europe cannot plead their desire to avoid hostilities as an excuse for their refusal to pronounce upon the merits of the quarrel

He argues that foreign powers, in reference to this struggle, have departed from the rule that precedent, in behalf of humanity and justice, has established, and that, in view of the circumstances that the Governments of England and France have virtually, and, in fact, officially, expressed a conviction that the United States could not conquer the Confederacy, they owe it to enlightenment and Christianity to protest against the prolongation of the destructive strife.

In regard to the finances of the Confederacy, Mr. Davis refers to the report of the Secretary of the Treasury, and says:

The facts therein disclosed are far from discouraging, and demonstrate that, with judicious legislation, we shall be enabled to meet all the exigences of the war from our abundant resources, and avoid at the same time, such an accumulation of debt as would render at all doubtful our capacity to redeem it.

There is one subject treated of in the message that is of peculiar interest to our people, and especially to those who have friends and relatives confined as prisoners of war in Southern prisons. The Confederate authorities, it is known, have repeatedly sought to arrange some system of exchange that would relieve the many thousands who are now languishing in captivity, North and South, from the unnecessary privations and suffering that they endure. But in every instance, the Federal Administration has interposed some strained question of negro equality between our captive countrymen and the opportunity for their liberation. Mr. Davis says:

The solicitude of the Government for the relief of our captive fellow-citizens has known no abatement, but has, on the contrary, been still more deeply evoked by the additional sufferings to which they have been wantonly subjected, by deprivation of adequate food, clothing and fuel, which they were not even permitted to purchase from the prison sutlers. Finding that the enemy attempted to excuse their barbarous treatment by the unfounded allegation that it was retaliatory for like conduct on our part, an offer was made by us with a view of ending all pretext for such recriminations or pretended retaliation.

The offer has been accepted, and each Government is hereafter to be allowed to provide necessary comforts to its own citizens held captives by the other.

Let us hope, therefore, that we have heard the last of painful descriptions of famine, nakedness and barbarous treatment of prisoners of war, which from one of the most disgraceful features of this frightful civil strife. Let us hope, too, that our Government, and citizens generally, will make immediate provision to supply their captive countrymen with all that is needed for their Health and comfort.

The elaboration and cautious circumspection of that portion of the Message devoted to the question of the military employment of slaves, give conclusive evidence that the subject has seriously occupied the popular mind, and receive official consideration. Mr. Davis does not recommend any precipitate action in that direction. He suggests that a limited number of slaves be employed in such military capacities as do not require the use of arms; but that, meanwhile, they must be drilled, and made familiar with the exercises of the field, in preparation for any emergency that may arise. His objection to their immediate employment in the field is principally based upon a natural repugnance to share with an inferior race the sacred priviledge and duty of the patriot. He says:

"Until our white population shall prove insufficient for the armies we require and can afford to keep in the field, to employ as a soldier the negro, who has merely been trained to labor, and as a laborer, for the white man accustomed from his youth to the use of firearms, would scarcely be deemed wise or advantageous to any."

He opposes the proposition to arm the slaves *en masse*, because he has faith in the power of the white population of the South to achieve their purpose; but he significantly adds:

"Should the alternative ever be presented of subjugation or the employment of the slave as a soldier, there seems no reason to doubt what should then be our decision."

The Message concludes with the following remarks on the all-important question of Peace.

The disposition of the Government for a peaceful solution of the issue which the enemy has referred to the arbitrament of arms has been too often manifested, and is too well known to need new assurances. But while it is true that individuals and parties in the United States have indicated a desire to substitute reason for force, by negotiation to stop the further sacrifices of human life, and to arrest the calamities which now afflict both countries, the authorities who control the Government of our enemies have too often and too clearly expressed their resolutions to make no peace except on terms of our unconditional submission and degradation, to leave us any hopes of the cessation of hostilities until the delusion of their ability to conquer us is dispelled. Among those who are already disposed for peace, many are actuated by principle and by disapproval and abhorrence of the iniquitous warfare that their Government is waging, while others are moved by the conviction that it is no longer to the interest of the United States to continue a struggle in which success is unattainable.

Whenever this fast-growing conviction shall have taken firm root in the minds of a majority of the Northern people, there will be produced that willingness to negotiate for peace which is now confined to our side. Peace is manifestly impossible unless desired by both parties to this war, and the disposition for it among our enemies will be best and most certainly evoked by the demonstration on our part of ability and unshaken determination to defend our rights and to hold no earthly price too dear for their purchase. Whenever there shall be on the part of our enemies a desire for peace, there will be no difficulty in finding means by which negotiation can be opened, but it is obvious that no agency can be called into action until this desire shall be mutual. When that contingency shall happen, the Government, to which is confined the treaty-making power, can be at no loss for means adapted to accomplish so desirable an end.

The tone and tenor of this Message, if it faithfully represents the feeling of the Southern people, as we have no doubt it does, denotes an abiding confidence in their power to accomplish the mission of self-government that they have thus far carried on, through the terrible ordeal of four years of desperate warfare. The comments of the Southern press, though in some instances they reject the theory that the slaves employed in military services should be rewarded with emancipation, indorse, as a matter of course, the hopeful and defiant attitude that the President assumes.

MUSTARD AT THE WHITE MOUNTAINS—*The Painful and Ludicrous Combined.*—A gentleman, residing not many miles from Cambridgeport, who visited the White Mountains' last summer, accompanied by his wife, at the ——— Hotel, and one night while there, had a sudden and violent attack of colic. An application of mustard was recommended to relieve his pain, and he consented to have it tried. His wife, on going down to the kitchen, found the mustard, but nothing suitable to spread it upon, and her pocket handkerchief was taken for that purpose. In a moment she was at the bedside and applied the plaster. "There, that will help you, I know," said she. She had scarcely finished the sentence, however, when the poor man turned over and roared, "What the d—l are you about?" *It was not her husband's voice!* Her lamp had given but a feeble light, and she had got into the wrong room. She found her own apartments without delay, and related the unfortunate circumstance to her husband, adding with horror that *her nose was on the handkerchief.* The sick man was completely overcome with laughter. His cholic disappeared as suddenly as it came. It was agreed not to remain long in those parts. The landlord was called up, the affair explained, and the man and his wife left on the earliest express train. The gentleman who was so unceremoniously disturbed, (and who is well known in Boston,) has preserved the handkerchief.—Query—Ought he not to return it?—*Boston Post.*

Erie County—Official.

The following is the official "home vote" of this county, as reported by the return judges, on Friday of last week:

	Bigler.	Roosfield.	McClellan.	Lincoln.	Dem. Gains.	Rep. Gains.
Erie, 1st Ward,	98	155	131	188	5	
" 2d "	195	190	248	224	19	
" 3d "	118	210	122	271		52
" 4th "	157	222	183	290		40
West Millcreek,	118	147	137	198		32
East Millcreek,	267	170	333	220	17	
Harborcreek,	134	190	149	227		26
McKean,	28	196	42	230		20
Middleboro,	2	26	00	32		8
Washington,	96	265	110	312		33
Edinboro,	42	72	50	81		1
Girard boro.,	47	71	68	72	20	
" tp.,	70	211	70	226		15
Fairview,	134	204	156	249		23
North East bor.,	29	114	31	119		3
" " tp.,	162	197	180	242		27
Elk Creek,	114	118	127	163		22
Conneaut,	46	188	65	212		5
Albion,	29	55	27	61		8
Springfield,	30	858	41	892		23
Summit,	90	63	107	78	7	
Waterford bor.,	31	110	31	135		25
" " tp.,	79	222	88	263		32
LeBoeuf,	124	154	140	179		9
Concord,	90	146	102	174		16
Corry,	55	150	70	199		34
Wayne,	70	167	87	188		4
Union bore.,	84	84	92	95		3
" tp.,	80	172	103	194	1	
Greene,	130	100	156	116	10	
Venango,	68	172	88	193		8
Wattsburg,	16	85	19	48		5
Amity,	79	83	94	94	4	
Greenfield,	23	102	38	131		19
Lockport,	78	152	97	164		8
Franklin,	30	130	39	142		3
Total,	3043	5407	3619	6387		
Majorities,		2364		2768		

The popular vote in the loyal States in 1860 for President was, Lincoln 1,964,618, Douglas and Breckinridge's vote combined was 2,024,-040, leaving Lincoln in a popular minority of of 159,427. In 1862, the popular vote in State elections was, Democratic 1,486,546, Republican vote 1,533,939—Republican majority 47,-353. In 1863 the Democratic vote was 1,816,-800, Republican, 1,655,000, without counting the soldiers' vote.

POST OFFICE NOTICE—WINTER ARRANGEMENT.—On and after Monday, Oct. 31st, 1864, and until further notice, the Mails will close as follows:

Cleveland & Chicago,	9.50 a. m. & 7.30 p. m.
Buffalo,	1.15 p. m. & 7.30 p. m.
New York & Washington,	1.15 p. m. & 5.50 p. m.
Cincinnati,	7.30 p. m.
Eastern Way, supplying all offices between Erie and Buffalo,	8.00 p. m.
Western Way, supplying all offices between Erie and Cleveland,	8.00 p. m.
Pittsburg & Erie, & Pittsburg R. R.,	9.30 a. m.
Edinboro and Way Offices,	8.00 p. m.
Philadelphia & Harrisburg,	8.00 p. m.
Philadelphia and Erie Railway,	7.30 p. m.
Wattsburg, on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays,	5.30 a. m.
Office hours from	7.30 a. m. to 8.00 p. m.
Sunday, office open from	7.30 to 9.30 a. m.

JOS. M. STERRETT, P. M.

Erie, Oct. 31, 1864, tf.

TO CAMPAIGN SUBSCRIBERS.

With the next issue of the *Observer* will close the period for which a large number of our campaign subscribers have paid. As we announced at the start, the paper will be promptly discontinued, unless other directions are given to us before the expiration of the time. We shall be pleased to have as many of our friends continue their patronage as possible, but it would neither be fair in us, nor just to them, to send it longer than they have directed.—After the Presidential election a much larger portion of the paper will be devoted to reading of a literary, news and local nature than we have been able to give in the exciting political events of the past year. tf.

ATTENTION BOYS!—A CHANCE TO MAKE MONEY.—Very few persons are aware, that by a recent invention, newspapers and scraps of printed paper, can be converted into material for printing upon again. The high price of paper has made an active demand for old newspapers, books, pamphlets and scraps of paper for this purpose, and it is eagerly bought up by parties connected with the paper mills. By collecting and saving all the material of this kind about their houses, and selling it, many a family can put "money in their purses," which would otherwise be lost. The highest price, *in cash*, will be paid for it at this office. tf.

Wedding and Visiting Cards.

We call special attention to the superior styles of Wedding and Visiting Cards printed at this office. Having procured several new fonts of type especially for this kind of work, we are enable to print cards in a style equal to those obtained in any of the larger cities. It is nothing less than foolishness for persons to go abroad and pay extravagant prices for engraved cards when they can get just as hand some ones at home for less than one-third the cost. tf.

☞ Pensions, Bounties, Arrears of Pay, &c., can be procured by the Widows, Orphans, and next of kin of those who have died in the service of the United States; also, by Soldiers and Seamen who are disabled by wounds received or disease contracted, upon application to G. P. GRIFFITH, Licensed Military and Naval Claim Agent. Office in the Common Council Room, Wright's Block, corner State and Fifth sts., (under the *Dispatch* office,) Erie, Pa. 7-y

FIRST CLASS CITY RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—Being about to remove to Philadelphia, I offer for sale my city residence and the whole or part of the furniture, on reasonable terms. The house is one of the best in the city—modern style and finish, with double parlors on each side of the hall, and fitted throughout with gas and water. Possession given, if required, on the 1st of January, or 1st of April next.

oct20tf. MOSES KOOL.

☞ We remind our readers that the facilities of the *Observer* office are not excelled by any establishment in North Western Pennsylvania for doing Job Printing. Persons in need of Vendue Bills, Election Tickets, Bill Heads, Blanks, or any kind of Plain or Fancy Printing, will find it to their advantage to give us a call. tf

BLANKS.—We keep constantly on hand a large selection of Legal Blanks, of approved forms, such as Deeds, Mortgages, Judgment and Common Notes, Summons, Subpœnas and many others, not in such general use. Those in need of these articles, will find it to their advantage to give our office a call. tf.

A LARGE LOT
Of Drums Fifes and Bird Cages, for sale by
my15-1m BENJ'N D. BITTENBENDER.

READ THIS ADVERTISEMENT!
CUT IT OUT
And Show it to Your Friends.

WHEELER & WILSON'S
IMPROVED
SEWING MACHINES!

They are acknowledged to be the BEST MACHINE ever introduced into this country. Their unrivalled success got only in this country, but all over the World, has made it by far the most popular Machine now in use.

FOR SEVERAL YEARS

They have taken the lead of all other Machines, but since the late improvements have been added, every variety of work is performed with such ease and rapidity that the

LADIES ARE IN ECSTACIES OVER IT!

And it wins the admiration of ALL. We warrant them to stitch every variety of goods, from the thinnest muslin to the thickest cloth. They make the celebrated "lock stitch," which is impossible to rip or ravel. These Machines will do the following work WITHOUT ANY BASTING OR PREPARATION, viz:

STITCH, HEM, FELL, CORD, GATHER, BRAID, TUCK, BIND & QUILT.

They make any width of hem without previously turning or basting it: they will gather and stitch or sew on the same; if you don't believe it,

COME AND SEE FOR YOURSELF.

The demand for these celebrated Machines, since we have been located in Erie, has been astonishing. At times we find great difficulty in filling our orders, but we have a full stock just received, and are ready to see any and all who may call or send us their orders. Our rooms are elegantly fitted and furnished, and our accommodations for conducting the business are not equalled.

These Machines were awarded the highest premiums at

The WORLD'S FAIR, in London, 1862.
The INDUSTRIAL EXPOSITION, Paris, 1861.
The MECHANIC'S INSTITUTE, Washington, 1863,

And at almost every State and County Fair where exhibited. They are warranted three years. They are perfectly simple in construction. They run with the greatest ease, and are almost noiseless.

☞ INSTRUCTION FREE.

Call and see them in operation. If you cannot come, send for sample of work and a circular by mail.

HOLT & BOOTH, Agents, Union Block,
(East Park,) Erie, Pa.
jy22'64. 6m.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Business Cards inserted in this column at the rate of Three and Five Dollars per year.]

JOHN H. MILLER,
CITY ENGINEER, being many years County Surveyor, is prepared to Survey or make Plans or Maps in Erie County, Pa. Office in Common Council Room, Wright's Block. apr22'64-1y.

D. D. WALKER,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, Erie, Pa. Warehouse on Public Dock, East Corner of State Street. Also, dealer in Coal, Salt, Fish, Flour, Plaster, Water Lime, &c. N. B.—Particular attention will be given to the Receiving and Forwarding of Petroleum Oil, Crude and Refined, to all parts of the country. apr22'64tf.

J. DREISICAKER,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN Groceries and Provisions, Flour and Feed, Wood and Willow Ware, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Segars, &c., State Street, next to Young's House Furnishing Emporium, Erie, Pa. june1—tf62.

E. PHILO BENNETT,
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE. Office second floor Wayne Block, French Street, between Fifth and Sixth. june18-tf.

SINCLAIR'S
EXCELSIOR PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY, Rosenzweig's Block, Erie Pa. jan16'64tf.

CHAPIN & WILBUR,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Ridgway, Pa. Practice in Elk, McKean, Cameron and Jefferson counties. J. C. CHAPIN. [jan8'64-1y*] W. W. WILBUR.

M. W. HULL, PROPRIETOR.
MORRISON HOUSE.
Corner of Second and Market Street—one square east of Johnson's Exchange, Warren, Pa. Sept. 29—1y.

GEO. W. GUNNISON,
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE. Office in Gazette building, South-west corner of Fifth and State streets. Conveyancing done neatly and collections made promptly. ja18'64-1y.*

E. M. COLE,
BOOK BINDER, BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURER, &c., in Second Story of Rindernecht's Block, Erie, Pa.

GEORGE H. CUTLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Girard, Erie County, Pa. Collections and other business attended to with promptness and dispatch.

D. F. ENSIGN,
BOOKSELLER and Dealer in Stationery, Wall Paper, Magazines, Newspapers, &c. Country dealers supplied. Store under Brown's Hotel, fronting the Park. apr26'64tf.

LIME.
J. S. CHILDS has taken the Lime Kiln at the foot of French Street, near the Philadelphia depot, Erie city, and is prepared to furnish White Lime, in large or small qualities, at the lowest market prices. jy7'64-1y.

S. NEWTON PETTIS. M PARK DAVIS.
PETTIS & DAVIS,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Chestnut Street, Meadville, Pa. Feb. 15-'57.'62

J. W. WETMORE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, in Walker's Office, on Seventh street, Erie, Pa. aug 7'62

G. REU. PERKINS,
DENTIST, Beatty's Block, North side of the Park, State street, Erie, Pa. apr11'63 tf.

LAFAYETTE HOTEL,
French street, between 4th and 5th streets, near the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad Depot, Erie, Pa. Louis Shoemaker, Proprietor.—Extensive accommodation for strangers and travelers. Board by the day or week. Good stabling attached. apr26'63tf.

A. LIEBEL & BROTHER,
FASHIONABLE TAILORS and Agents for Planer & Kayser's Patent Sewing Machines. The best in use—State Street, between 6th and 9th Sts., Erie, Pa. Clothes made to order in the finest style. my2'63-1y.

M. D. OSBORNE,
LIVERY AND SALE STABLE, on Eighth Street, between State and French. Fine Horses and Carriages to let on reasonable terms. my23'64-1y.

LIDDELL, & M CARTER,
MANUFACTURERS of Steam Engines, Boilers, Mill Gearing, Agricultural Implements, Railroad Cars, &c., Erie, Pa.

W. H. MAGILL,
DENTIST, Office in Rosenzweig's Block, north side of the Park, Erie, Pa.

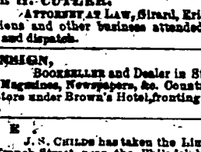
HYDE HOUSE,
RIDGWAY, ELK CO., PA. MRS. E. O. CLEMONTS, Proprietress. This fine house and handsomely fitted up house, in the midst of one of the best Trouting and Hunting regions in Pennsylvania. Conveyance Rooms, Clean Beds, a Good Table and Moderate Prices. The public patronage is respectfully solicited. sep'64-1y*

WM. A. GALBRAITH,
ATTORNEY AT LAW—Office on State street, early opposite the Court House, Erie, Pa.

S. B. SPENCER, SELDEN MARVIN.
SPENCER & MARVIN
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW
OFFICE, Paragon Block, near North West Corner of the Public Square, Erie, Pa.

JOHN C. REESE,
DEALER IN DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, Crockery, Hardware, Walls, Glass, Seed, Plaster, etc., corner of Sixth street and Public Square, Erie, Pa. jal3tf.

New Music Store.



PIANO FORTES AND MELODEONS,
From the following celebrated
MANUFACTURERS:
Steinway & Sons, New York.
Wm. Knabe & Co., Baltimore, Md.
Lindeman & Sons, New York.
Geo. B. Bradbury, New York.
John S. Dunham, New York.
Groveseen & Co., New York.
Geo. A. Prince & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.
Carhart, Needham & Co., New York.
Prices at a Large Discount below Manufacturer's Prices.
SEVEN OCTAVE, IRON FRAME, OVERSTRUNG ROSE WOOD PIANOS FOR $300.
Also, Instruction Books and Sheet Music.
All persons wishing a first rate Piano Forte or Melodeon, are invited to call and examine our instruments before purchasing elsewhere.
Reed's Block, State street, nearly opposite the Post Office. ERSINA SMITH.
☞ P. S.—Every Instrument warranted for five years. may2'63-1y.

Ira Comstock, } In the Common Pleas of Erie
vs. } County. No. 76, February Term,
Levi P. Colcord. } 1864.

THE DEFENDANT IN THE ABOVE Case is hereby notified to appear at the Court of Common Pleas, to be holden at Erie, on and for the county of Erie, on the 1st Monday of November next, and answer the said complaint, and show cause if any he hath, why a divorce from the bonds of matrimony should not be granted to said plaintiff.

ALLEN A. CRAIG, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Erie, Oct. 3, 1864-6w.

IMPORTANT
TO ALL
INVALIDS!
IRON IN THE BLOOD.

It is well known to the medical profession that IRON is the vital Principle or Life Element of the Blood. This is derived chiefly from the food we eat; but if the food is not properly digested, or if, from any cause whatever, the necessary quantity of iron is not taken into the circulation, or becomes reduced, the whole system suffers. The bad blood will irritate the heart, will clog up the lungs, will stupify the brain, will obstruct the liver, and will send its disease-producing elements to all parts of the system, and every one will suffer in whatever organ may be predisposed to disease.

The great value of IRON AS A MEDICINE is well known and acknowledged by all medical men. The difficulty has been to obtain such a preparation of it as will enter the circulation and assimilate at once with the blood. This point, says Dr. Hayes, Massachusetts State Chemist, has been attained in the Peruvian Syrup, by combination in a way before unknown.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP is a PROTEUTED solution of the PROTOXIDE OF IRON. A NEW DISCOVERY IN MEDICINE that strikes at the Root of Disease by supplying the blood with its vital Principle or Life Element—Iron.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP Cures Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Fever and Ague, Loss of Energy, Low Spirits.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP infuses strength, vigor and new life into the system, and builds up an "Iron Constitution."

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP Cures Nervous Affections, Female Complaints, and diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP Is a SPECIFIC for all diseases originating in a BAD STATE OF THE BLOOD, accompanied by Debility or a low State of the System.

Being free from Alcohol in any form, *its energizing effects are not followed by corresponding re-action*, but are permanent, infusing STRENGTH, VIGOR and NEW LIFE into all parts of the system, and building up an IRON CONSTITUTION!

It is an excellent substitute for Wine or Brandy where a stimulant is needed.

One element in the restorative power of Iron as a medicine is *its magnetic action and the electricity developed hereby.*

To take medicines to cure diseases occasioned by a deficiency of IRON IN THE BLOOD, without restoring it to the system, is like trying to repair a building when the foundation is gone.

Pamphlets containing certificates of cures and recommendations from some of the most eminent Physicians, Clergymen and others, will be sent FREE to any address.

We select a few of the names to show the character of the testimonials:

JOHN E. WILLIAMS, Esq., President of the Metropolitan Bank, N. Y., Rev. ABEL STEVENS, late editor *Christian Advocate & Journal*, Rev. P. CHURCH, editor New York *Chronicle*, Rev. John Pierpont, Rev. Warren Burton, Rev. Arthur B. Fuller, Rev. Gurdon Robbins, Rev. Sylvanus Cobb, Rev. T. Starr King, Rev. Ephraim Nute, Jr., Rev. Joseph H. Clinch, Rev. Henry Upham, Rev. P. C. Headley, Rev. John W. Olmstead, Lewis Johnson, M. D., Roswell Kinney, M. D., S. C. Kendall, M. D., W. H. Chisholm, M. D., Erastus Dana, M. D., Jeremiah Stone, M. D., Jose Antonio Sanchez, M. D., A. A. Hayes, M. D., Abraham Wendell, M. D., J. R. Clinton, M. D., H. E. Linsey, M. D.

☞ *There may be but one stronger proof than the testimony of such men as these, and that is a PERSONAL TRIAL. It has cured thousands where other remedies have failed to give relief, and invalids cannot reasonably hesitate to give it a trial.*

Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cents.

A celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife—pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, can cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞ This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on the receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps. Address the publishers, CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO., 127 Bowery, New York. Post Office Box, 4586. jy11'64-1y

NEW TREATMENT.
CONFIDENTIAL MEDICAL ADVICE.
Syphilis, Seminal Weakness, and the Secret Infirmities of Youth and Maturity.

DRS. W. & R. LAMBERT,
Office on the first floor in the Atwater Building, foot of Superior Street, Cleveland, Ohio.

THE SILENT FRIEND.
A Report on the Nature, Treatment and Cure of Nervous and Physical Debility, Exhaustion, Spermatorrhœa, and all Urino-genital Diseases of the Nervous system, and other diseases incidental to both sexes, producing degeneracy of both mental and physical strength terminating in total debility and incapacity; showing why these diseases so often appear incurable, when in reality they can be effectually removed by the most simple means.

A MOST SCIENTIFIC INVENTION.
An instrument for the cure of General Debility or Nocturnal Emissions, more properly known as Seminal Weakness, &c. Can be permanently cured in from 10 days to two months by the use of this instrument when used conjointly with medicines.

YOUNG MEN TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.
Drs. W. & R. Lambert take pleasure in announcing that they have invented a most important instrument for the cure of the above diseases. It has been subjected to a test by the most eminent physicians in London, Paris, Philadelphia and New York. It has been declared the only useful instrument ever invented for the cure of Seminal Weakness, or any disease of the genital organs, caused by the secret habits of youth.

Drs. W. & R. Lambert, in order to satisfy the most sceptical as to its efficacy, of their instrument, produce testimonials that in any instance where it may prove unsatisfactory, after a fair trial, the money will be refunded by returning the instrument in good order. Price of instrument and medicines $30.

NEW REMEDIES AND QUICK CURES.
For the Venereal Diseases and all Private Complaints—gleets, strictures, seminal weakness, pains in the loins, affections of the kidneys, diseases of the head, throat, nose and skin, and all those dreadful affections arising from a mercurial or youthful error, which produces nocturnal debility, rendering marriage impossible, and in the end destroying both body and mind. The treatment they adopt is the result of upwards of thirty years extensive and successful practice in Europe and America.

COUNTRY INVALIDS.
Persons in any part of the world may be successfully treated by forwarding a correct detail of their case, with a remittance for medicines, etc.

DRS. W. & R. LAMBERT,
Atwater Building, foot of Superior St.,
Cleveland, Ohio.
oct26-1y.

Army and Navy!
JUST RECEIVED, another lot of WRITING & TOILET CASES, the finest article in the world for those in the Navy and Army. Those persons who have friends in either branch of the service should send them this acceptable and useful present. At sep29'64. YOUNG'S EMPORIUM.

DRUGS
AT WHOLESALE & RETAIL!
SAMUEL CARTER
Has associated with him in the Drug Trade Mr. J. B. CARVER, under the Firm title of
Carter & Carver,
By whom the business will continue to be conducted as heretofore, with enlarged stock and increased facilities they hope to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

ESPECIAL ATTENTION
Will be devoted to the
WHOLESALE TRADE.

Dealers in the neighboring towns are respectfully invited to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

THE RETAIL DEPARTMENT
Will be conducted, as heretofore, in a careful manner and with a disposition to oblige our customers.

We particularly call the notice of Physicians to our Stock of
CHEMICALS,
Which is the largest and finest ever brought to this city.

☞ Prescriptions prepared at heretofore, with skill and promptness. jy22tf.

A FACT GENERALLY KNOWN,
THAT the variety of new style Bedsteads, of Gothic, Cottage, Cosgrove, Round Corner, Camp Sofa, Jenny Lind and other patterns, with serpentine and straight front, handsomely veneered Rosewood, Extension, Dining, Breakfast, Centre and other Tables, Wash Stands, Quaker Stands, Carpet and Bonnet Boxes, Cradels, Hair and Sea Grass Mattresses, Feather Beds and Bolsters with other household furniture, &c., all manufactured from well seasoned lumber and healthy materials, by experienced workmen and not by apprentice lads. For style, quality and low prices I will defy even two-price dealers to undersell me. Feathers bought and sold. Cane seat, Parlor, Bedroom, Rocking, Sewing, Windsor and other Chairs, of Modern and Western manufacture, are hickory dolled and glued, making them as strong as any other part of the chair, where others made and sold are only nailed, and by no means durable. Wood Windsor, Rocking, Sewing and Nurse, are chairs of three wood rounds mortised through the seat and glued, warranted to stand. Handsomely painted, and can't be beaten for strength, price and finish. Spring Beds. I have sold over 300 and have the highest testimonials with a list of prices of all goods sent on application. Packing and shipping free.

After five years experience and contending with unprincipled two price dealers, I am determined to sell one price to all, give worth for your pay, and do justice to all who trade with me.

Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Live Stock, Crude and Refined Oil, Store Pay, Produce &c., taken at fair market value for pay. Remember the place, next corner of 6th street on State, Erie, Pa. G. W. ELLSEY
nov22-tf. Manufact'r and Commis'n Salesman

WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCERY STORE.
P. A. BECKER,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCER,
North-East Corner of the Park & French Street,
(CHEAPSIDE,)
Would respectfully call the attention of the community to his large Stock of
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,
Which he is desirous to sell at the
VERY LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES!
His assortment of
SUGARS,
COFFEES,
TEAS,
SYRUPS,
TOBACCOS,
FISH, &C.,
is not surpassed in the city, as he is prepared to prove to all who give him a call.

He also keeps constantly on hand a superior lot of
PURE LIQUORS,
for the wholesale trade, to which he directs the attention of the public.

His motto is, "Quick Sales, Small Profits and a full Equivalent for the Money." april'63tf.

Atlantic & Great Western Railroad.
NEW BROAD GUAGE
Passenger, Freight, Mail, Express and Telegraph Route.

Connecting at Salamanca, N. Y., with the Erie Railway, forms a continuous Six Foot Track from New York to Akron or Cleveland. On and after
MONDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1863,
Through Passenger and Freight Trains will be run regularly between CLEVELAND AND NEW YORK.

NEW AND IMPORTANT PASSENGER ROUTE.
BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH!

Passengers by this Line have choice of Five different Routes between New York and Boston. *THROUGH TICKETS* can be obtained at any of the Offices of the Erie Railway and all Ticket Offices of connecting Lines, West or Southwest; also, at the Central Ticket Office, under the Weddell House, Cleveland, Ohio.

Ask for Tickets via. the
A. & G. W. AND ERIE RAILWAYS.

Passenger Trains stop at Meadville thirty minutes, giving passengers ample time to dine at the "McHENRY HOUSE," the best Railway Hotel in the country.

NEW AND EXPEDITIOUS FREIGHT LINE, ALL RAIL!

No transhipment of Freight between New York and Akron or Cleveland.

Merchants in the West and Southwest will find it to their advantage to order their goods to be forwarded via. the Erie and Atlantic & Great Western Railways, thus saving trouble and expense.

RATES OF FREIGHT AS LOW AS ANY OTHER ALL RAIL ROUTE.

Especial attention will be given to the speedy transportation of Freight of all kinds, East or West.

The Engines, Cars and other equipments of this Company are entirely new, and of the most improved modern style.

The only direct route to the
WONDERFUL OIL REGIONS OF PENNSYLVANIA, Via. Meadville or Corry.

From Leavittsburgh, the Mahoning Branch runs to Youngstown and the Coal Mines.

This Road is being extended, and will soon be in complete running order to Galion, Urbana, Dayton and Cincinnati, without break of gauge.

J. FARNSWORTH, Gen'l Freight Agent.
T. H. GOODMAN, Gen'l Ticket Agent.
H. F. SWEETSER, Gen'l Supt.
jy16'64.

NEW FIRM.
SMITH & GILLMORE,
(Successor to E. H. Smith,)
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DEALERS IN
BONNETS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS,
AND
LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS,
STATE STREET,
BETWEEN SE