THE OBSERVER.

B. F. SLOAN, Editor.

TERMS: $1 50 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

SATURDAY, NOV. 17, 1860.

ERIE COUNTY---OFFICIAL.

Districts.	Lincoln.	Dem. Ticket.	Straight Douglas.	Bell.
Erie—1st Dis.,	177	108	6	7
" 2d "	208	144	1	
" 3d "	216	92		9
" 4th "	222	122	10	9
Millcreek,	419	288		1
Harborcreek,	261	96		4
North East tp.,	235	134		
North East br.,	117	21		
Greenfield,	128	20		
Venango,	196	61		
Wattsburg,	51	21		
Amity,	107	74		
Wayne,	191	77		
Concord,	189	78		
Union,	254	128		
Le Bœuff,	166	100		
Waterford tp.,	292	76		
Waterford br.,	116	41		
Greene,	122	100		
Summit,	66	78		
M'Kean,	280	26		
Washington,	836	75		4
Edinboro,	75	88		7
Franklin,	145	81		1
Elkcreek,	188	96		
Conneaut,	231	55		
Albion,	69	32		
Springfield,	365	31		7
Girard tp.,	258	62		9
Girard br.,	48	55		11
Lockport,	177	87		1
Fairview,	265	88		20
Total	6160	2581	17	90

SECESSION.

Two weeks previous to the election we wrote and published an article depicting the dangers which threatened the peace of the Union in the event of LINCOLN's election. Meeting a valued Republican friend a few days after, he half jokingly, half seriously remarked that we must have had an attack of indigestion, or something kindred to it when we wrote that article; but now how stands the case. Two weeks have hardly passed, and we [illegible] fill our paper twice over with rumors, reports, comments and speculations upon affairs at the South, all growing out of the election of Lincoln, and all going to show that secession and revolution must take place at no distant day. Excitement "runs riot" from the Maryland line to the Gulf of Mexico; South Carolina is preparing her "duds" to leave the Union at a moment's warning; Georgia has her knapsack slung; Alabama, Florida, Texas, Mississippi, and the lord knows how many more, are enquiring anxiously for State rooms in the same boat. As the New York *News* most truly says, the great difficulty with us at the North is to believe that any State at the South can honestly and seriously mean secession when she threatens it. We see South Carolina on the very brink of bidding us a final adieu, and we smile and shake our heads, declaring she doesn't mean it; she is only trying to frighten us into the offer of some concession; it is but a lover's trick, that ends, before the door closes, in affectionate protestations and a return to warmer embraces than before. These things we say in our self conceit and complacency, because we have never been driven by sectional aggression into a state of unthinking, reckless desperation: because, being vainglorious in our security, we can stop to talk of reason and remonstrance, calculating the profit and loss of Union, and imagining that quiet prosperity is compensation enough to warrant interminable forbearance and never ceasing submission.—But let us change places. Suppose the South had chosen Mr. Yancey, whose avowed creed was the blessing of slavery; the belief that it was the greatest boon that could be extended to every part of the country; the resolve to so extend it by every means in his power. Suppose him elected, with all the prospective prestige of Presidential authority to aid in this extension, from the moment he should be inaugurated. What would New York with its forty thousand railsplitting majority say then? What should we confidently expect from Massachusetts? Imagine the astonishment and terror of our Republican friends when they realized the possibility of the eloquent Yancey's theories being carried into effect. Would not horrible specters of Sambo in shackles surround their couches? Could we have repose in the day for their lamentations over the coming establishment of the calaboose beneath their very noses? Does any one in his senses fancy that they would peaceably lie down and let the dark wave roll over them? Why the big *Tribune*, and all the little *Tribunes*, would soon be so full of gunpowder as to render them unsafe for firelighting. Beecher would turn his pulpit into an arsenal from which to distribute Sharpe's rifles. Every Wide Awake that could shoulder a musket would help to form the nucleus of an army to resist what would be called invasion. Ten to one but instead of gracefully withdrawing from the Union, because there was something in it they didn't like, they would try to drive the South out for differing with them.—There is not a sincere Republican who will not admit this; who cannot fully realize the paroxysm of rage and resentment that would convulse the North, if the South were to place them in the position they have placed the South by Lincoln's election; and, realizing it, we must credit Carolina, Georgia and Alabama at this moment, with honorable sincerity and conscientious resolve, in their endeavors to secede. If they do not [illegible] they should be induced to wait till the cool reflection we can give safe play to, comes to them, it will be only because they are more generous, more simple hearted than we are; because the impulsive nature that has led them to their present isolated position of chivalrous self-assertion (a position that, under similar surrounding pressure, New England would soon recede from) may also lead them to eventually sacrafice their own feelings to the National welfare. We ardently hope that this may be the case. We trust, when the first fever of excitement has abated, that the conservative element—always sluggish and inert—may be found to preponderate. But it is no use trying to persuade ourselves into the certainty that it will. There is no question but that the Palmetto State has her luggage in the lobby and the door handle of the Union in her hand. She has good cause she thinks for separation and divorce; and, if we, who have done her injury, are too proud, or have not love enough for her, to make her such promises and give her such guarantees as will induce her, if not to relent, at least to stay with us for the sake of avoiding scandal, we do not see how the catastrophe is to be avoided.

☞ Birely, Breckenridge Democrat, who was convicted of forging election returns in the late Congressional district has been sentenced to two and a half years imprisonment in the Penitentiary. Gov. Packer in his Proclamation declared Lehman elected.—*Crawford Journal.*

It is about time this sort of political deception should end. Whether Birely was, or was not a "Breckenridge Democrat," the paper quoted knows probably as little as any journal in the country. The facts, at all events, are against the supposition that he was. LEHMAN, the member elect, is a Douglas man; on the morning after the election, *he* selected Byrely as *his* friend in the meeting of the return judges, and asked him to see that he was not cheated out of his election, as he had heard rumors that an effort would be made by the Republicans to do so. He little thought the man he had selected was the very one who was to do the cheating for the benefit of the Republican party; nor is it at all candid, now that he has been convicted, for Republican journals to endeavor to impress upon their readers the idea that their party is blameless in the transaction, when BUTLER, for whose benefit the crime was perpetrated, is a Republican, and altho' it has been judicially determined that he holds his certificate of election by fraud, persistantly holds on to it!

☞ There are a few bright spots, here and there, to cheer the eyes of Democrats, amid the thick darkness of their almost total defeat. Among these, are the defeat of Anson Burlingame, of Massachusetts, one of the extremest of all the extreme Republicans in the present Congress; and of Mr. Speaker Pennington, of New Jersey, the head and front of the present House, whose election cost such a protracted and desperate struggle last winter. Burlingame, it will be remembered, is the author of the impious and treasonable declaration: "The times demand an anti-slavery Constitution, an anti-slavery Bible, and an anti-slavery God." He was so confident of his election that he wandered off into this State to make stump speeches for Curtin. He returned to his own district too late to save himself. Col. Curtin very magnanimously made a pilgrimage to Boston, where he spoke in behalf of Burlingame; but it would not do. The fighting man of the Republican party could not fight his own way through. He was beaten by William Appleton, the Union candidate, by 257 majority. Glorious! In the Fifth Dirtrict of New Jersey, Nehemiah Perry, (Dem.) beats Speaker Pennington by 200 majority.

☞ Such of our readers as see the *True American* will find in it this week an account of a "horrible outrage," perpetrated upon a poor Mr. Lewis Tappan and sundry other Abolitionists, by that terrible man Marshal Rynders of New York, just previous to the election. The case was carefully nursed by the complainants for several days prior to the election, in hopes, doubtless, of making a little political capital, but the other day, there being no farther use for a broken head in politics, when it was called up in Court, Mr. Tappan's counsel backed square out of the prosecution and asked that it might be dismissed. How fearfully Mr. Tappan must have been pummeled, and how lacerated must have been his feelings thus to sneak out of the prosecution of a complaint to which he had sworn with such pathetic and harrowing minuteness! Famous man, that Tappan! He's almost equal to Sumner!

☞ We commend the following *model dun* from one of our exchanges to our delinquent patrons. We desire, also, that they shall take it in earnest, not as a joke, for it means every mothers' son that owes us. Having been cleaned out by the Republicans we feel as though we should like to have a little cash to pay our expenses up salt river, and we want those indebted to the *Observer* in any way to come up to the scratch, and "fork over." But, here is the *model dun*—listen:

Friends, Patrons, Subscribers and Advertisers: Hear us for our debts and get ready that you may pay; trust us, we are in need—and have regard for our need, for you have long been trusted; acknowledge your indebtedness, and dive into your pockets that you may promptly fork over. If there be any among you—one single patron—that don't owe us something, then to him we say, step inside—consider yourself a gentleman. If the rest wish to know why we dun them, this is our answer; Not that we care about cash ourselves, but our creditors do. Would you rather that we go to jail and you go free, than that you pay your debts and we all keep moving? As we have agreed, we have worked for you—as we have contracted, we have furnished our paper to you but as you don't pay, we dun you! Here are agreements for job-work, contracts for subscription, promises of long credits, and duns for deferred payment. Who is there so mean that he don't take a paper? If any he needn't speak—we don't mean him. Who is there so green that he don't advertise? If any, let him slide; he ain't the chap either. Who is there so bad that he don't pay the printer? If any, let him shout—for he's the man we're after.—His name is Legion. He has been owing us for one, two or three years—long enough to make us poor and himself rich at our expense. If the above appeal to his conscience doesn't awake him to the sense of justice, we shall have to try the law, and see what virtue there is in writs and constables.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 12.

Wm. George Brown, the Reform Mayor, was inaugurated to-day. He closed his inaugural address with strong expressions of Union sentiments. He expressed the unanimous consent of the people of Baltimore, the largest of all Southern cities, when he said that the true policy of Maryland was to adhere to the Union, so long as she could do so with honor and safety.

In conclusion he said, no cause has yet arisen sufficient to justify the overthrow of the noblest and most beneficial government ever established by human wisdom; and which is consecrated and endeared to the hearts of all, not only by the abundant blessings of the present moment, but by the sacred memorials of the past, and the great hopes of the future. The expediency of calling a mass meeting of citizens to sustain the Union, is much discussed by our business men.

A Southern gentleman made his appearance on Baltimore street, this morning, with a blue cockade on his hat. He was regarded with much curiosity but evidently with but little favor.

HENDERSON, Ky., Nov. 12.

A large and enthusiastic meeting, irrespective of party, was held here to-day.—Ex-Gov. Dixon presided. Strong speeches were made by Bell, Breckenridge and Douglas men. Union resolutions were unanimously adopted, and secession was strongly deprecated. A meeting of the people of the whole county is called for Saturday next, at Louisville.

COAL AND PEARLS IN KANSAS.—"It is an ill wind that blows nobody any good." The drouth in Kansas illustrates this old saw. R. F. Wadsworth writes from Clinton, Douglas county, to his brother in Erie county Ohio, that the drying up of the bed of a creek discovered a valuable coal bank on his farm, and his family had gathered 400 pearls, and had clams enough on the bank for 300 more. They average over a pearl to eight clams; most of them are small, some very brilliant, some giving out rainbow hues, others of a brownish color. Two sent to a Sandusky jeweler are pronounced genuine.

General News.

— The Charleston Mercury says the news of Lincoln's election at Charleston was received with long-continued cheering for a Southern confederacy.

— Mlle. Zoyara the equestrienne whose sex was a matter of so much dispute, has answered the question by giving her hand in marriage to Frank Drew, of Dan Rice's circus. Bride and husband will travel with ye great Dan.

— The Wide Awakes—what is to become of them, now that the election is over? These tall young men with glazed caps and tin lanterns at the end of a stick, ought to be provided for somehow!

— They have a mountain in Oregon which the settlers believe to be a mass of silver, and worth at a low calculation,$1,066,600,000,000! Claims are 100 feet front, and run to the top of the mountain.

— It is said that there are no less than twenty or twenty-five applicants for the Allentown, Pa., Post Office, now filled by a poor crippled widow of a former Whig member of Congress. Ain't you ashamed, ye hungry dogs!

— An attempt to form the Republican Clubs of Philadelphia into a posse for the support of Mr. Lincoln to the Presidential chair, has been defeated. The Continental Club met Friday evening, and adopted resolutions expressing good-will to all sections.

— Paul Drake, a dwarf well known about Columbus, while intoxicated on Tuesday last, went into a saloon in that city and was placed on top of the counter for a show. His head being heavier than his body, and his legs weaker than usual, he tumbled off, injuring his skull so much that he died in a few hours.

— A young and beautiful girl of Reading, moving among the "upper tens," recently eloped with an old covey more than twice her age. We presume he will be a "father" as well as a "husband" to the tender youth. There's no accounting for taste, particularly in love affairs.

— J. D. Torry, a minister of long standing in the Oneida M. E. Conference, has brought disgrace upon himself and discredit upon his denomination. Charges made against him that he has used the church where he officiated as a place of assignation, have been so far verified that he has been suspended from all ministerial functions until the next session of the Conference, which will be held in Utica in the Spring.

— We invite attention to the following striking practical suggestion of the Nashville Patriot: "An exchange gives an account of the killing of four men in Collinsville, Ill., by the 'sudden explosion of a small portable engine.' We have long been of the opinion that if these small portable engines could be so constructed as to explode gradually, a large number of valuable lives might be saved."

— The first man who discovered gold in California—it now turns out in consequence of investigations by the San Francisco Society of Pioneers—was Captain Jedediah S. Smith, a chief trader in the employ of the American Fur Company, who found gold in the valley of the Sacramento as long ago as 1825. On a second expedition to the gold fields, the following year, the enterprising pioneer was killed by the Indians.

— Daniel Woods, of Castle Rock, Wisconsin, who about six years ago married his brother's or half brother's widow, left his wife on Monday last, and eloped with the daughter of another half brother. The lady left a letter in her trunk, stating that she had left home and friends forevermore. Mr. Woods is about thirty-five years old, and the lady about nineteen. They had with them about $800 in money.

— Governor Curtin passed Easton on the railroad one day last week, on his way home from the State where white woman marry niggers—Massachusetts. A few of his admirers there—applicants for Whiskey Inspectors, we presume—paid to have twelve rounds fired in his honor. In twelve months from to-day Mr. Curtin can pass Easton a dozen times and the cannon will be undisturbed.

— The population of the Territory of Kansas, as ascertained by the United States Census just taken, is 109,401. This does not include the Pike's Peak region, which has a population of 75,000 more. Kansas proper has, therefore, 12,000 more people than would entitle her to elect a member of Congress at the present time. There can be no doubt that, as the most stringent provision of the "English" Bill has been complied with, Kansas will be admitted into the Union the coming winter. No reason now exist for her refusal

— It is reported that over four hundred Black Republicans are begging and beseeching of Mr. Curtin the office of Flour Inspector, and over five hundred, that of Whiskey Inspector, of Philadelphia. This is the way they grab for the spoils; what do they care about principles? Their patriotism is all wrapt up in loaves and fishes, and the illegal perquisites of inspecting flour and whiskey. Oh, the immaculate Republican party!

— In Detroit, the other day, a young man who had been for some months desperately enamored of a maiden, to whom he had made many presents, discovering that she was about to desert him, endeavored to get back his gifts by entering her room and carrying them off. He was found there by the girl's mother and arrested for larceny. The legal decision in this matter will be looked for with interest by many heretofore generous but now repentant lovers.

— C. W. McKay, son of Donald McKay, a prominent shipbuilder of Boston, has been arrested for a highway robbery, jointly with two hard characters—the victim being a money broker named O. H. Downing, and the sum $2,500. One of the accomplices, under pretense of desiring to borrow the sum, lured Downing into the outskirts of the city, where McKay and the other associate rushed upon him and robbed him.

— Two attempts were made last week to destroy night express trains on the New York Central Railroad between Syracuse and Rochester. In one instance a stout oak timber was left upright in a cattle guard, and an iron bar placed across the rails at a little distance before it. The train was going so swiftly, however, that the bar was hurled off, and the point of the cow catcher taking the post in the centre dragged it up out of the pit, leaving it in the centre of the track, while the cars passed over it. Only slight damage was done, but the train owed its salvation to its speed. In the other instance a rail was fastened down on the track, but this also was similiarly torn off.

— A short time since in Cincinnati, a young man in a joke, so he says, introduced a friend to a widow lady of some means. An intimacy sprung up between them, which resulted in an engagement of marriage. The was-to-be-groom, so won on the confidence of his intended as to borrow from her some sixteen hundred dollars, with which he soon made himself scarce. The sequel to the affair is that the widow has bro't suit against the man who introduced her to the deceiver, as a party to the swindling transaction.

Local Items.

LATE AND IMPORTANT FROM SPRINGFIELD.

Special Dispatches to the P. M.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 16, '60—8½ A. M.

B. F. SLOAN, Esq., P. M., Erie.

I'm elected, thanks to Rocking Jimmy and Carl Schurz. I'm afraid I'll have to turn you out. Sorry! A. LINCOLN.

SPRINGFIELD, Nov. 16—9 A. M.

B. F. SLOAN, Esq., P. M., Erie.

D—n 'em; I'll have to do it. Pressure too great. Lowry says I must appoint Catlin.—Guess I'll do it. Give him the keys.

A. LINCOLN.

SPRINGFIELD, Nov. 16—9½ A. M.

B. F. SLOAN, Esq., P. M., Erie.

Don't give Catlin the keys! Babbitt says he's an Abolitionist, and that he's promised it to Sterrett. Hand 'em over to "uncle Joseph," unless you hear from me in half an hour.

A. LINCOLN.

SPRINGFIELD, Nov. 16—10 A. M.

B. F. SLOAN, Esq. P. M., Erie.

Don't give Sterrett the keys just yet. "Doda" wants to be Local Agent, and Babbitt thinks it will look better not to appoint "father and son." How would Gara take?

A. LINCOLN.

SPRINGFIELD, Nov. 16—10½ A. M

B. F. SLOAN, Esq., P. M., Erie.

Glad you think as I do! I like *italic* wit.—That's the sort I deal in! Gara's the man! Deliver over to him at once.

A. LINCOLN.

P. S.—There is not a word of truth in the report that I've promised the Local Agency to Anthelmintic Baldwin. I've determined on "Doda." A. L.

☞ The prospect of the immediate establishment of an Oil Refinery in this city is good We understand that Messrs. ELY & LYON have contracted for all the necessary machinary, and will proceed with the erection of the building at once. The capacity of the still is to be about thirty barrels per day.

☞ The *True American* announces that JOHN B. GOUGH, the famous Temperance Lecturer, will speak here some time in January.

☞ The new buildings on Fifth and French streets are drawing towards completion, and in view of this fact we call the attention of our city authorities to the propriety of taking some action whereby property owners on these streets shall be compelled to provide some sort of a pavement for the accommodation of those whose business calls them in that part of the town. So long as these buildings were in progress every body was willing to submit to inconvenience, but there can be no excuse for compelling pedestrians on Fifth, particularly, to wade in the mud all winter. Gentlemen of the Select and Common Council, cannot something be done?

☞ Fredonia *Censor* records the particulars of a brutal outrage committed upon the person of a girl named Mary A. Bixman by a man named Silas Wright, of that village. The circumstances as related by the victim, if substantiated, demonstrate it to have been a case of remarkable atrocity. It appears that Wright's wife went to the mother of the girl and requested that, as she was childless, and her husband was away from home, she might be allowed to take the girl, who was but twelve years of age, to live with her, and she would board and shool her in return for her labor.—The parents consented and the girl went to Wright's house. A day or two after Wright returned from the west, and at night, there being but one bed in the family, the girl was compelled to occupy this with the accused and his wife. On the second night the outrage was committed, the wife of the prisoner *assisting her husband* in overcoming the girl's resistance. In the morning the girl went home, and informed her parents, upon which measures were taken for Wright's arrest. So great was the indignation developed on the examination that the people could scarcely be restrained from lynching the prisoner. He was committed for trial, in default of bail.

☞ A correspondent of the *Gazette* urges upon Gov. CURTIN the appointment of Col. MCLANE as Adjutant General of the State. As the Colonel is "some military," and an eminently deserving member of the dominant party, we second the motion. Besides, a man who devotes so much time and money to so mean a cause as the Colonel has to Republicanism ought to receive some substantial recognition from the powers-that-be!

☞ A Board of Naval Officers, consisting of Chief Engineers B. F. Isherwood, Robt. H. Long, Theo. Zeller and A. C. Stimers have been ordered by the Secretary of the Navy to convene in this city on Monday next, for the purpose of instituting a series of experiments connected with the Steamer Michigan. These experiments will relate to the practical gain of using steam expansively, over what is due to its use without expansion.

☞ The *Gazette* gives the Republicans "a hint" that they are a little too fast after the "loaves and fishes." It says some of its brethren are "already circulating petitions for the positions they propose endeavoring to obtain." This, it thinks is wrong, and counsels them to exhibit a more "calm and sober spirit." Our cotemporary at the same time announces that, "in conformity to the expressed wishes of "many friends and his own private inclinations, "*he* may apply for a certain office and solicit "signatures to a petition therefor. He will, "however, endeavor to so control his feelings "as to abstain from active exertion for it until "at least near the time Mr. Lincoln is inaugu-"rated." The position and admonition of our cotemporary reminds us of the story told of a worthy clergyman who ministered to the spiritual wants of a congregation of wreckers on the Florida coast. One Sabbath morning, after a severe storm, the worthy divine was holding forth on the sin of "coveting your neighbor's goods." Just as he has got fairly warmed up with his theme, a boy who had been on the look-out, came rushing into the church, and shouted "A wreck, A wreck."—Every man seized his hat and started for the door. "Stop!" thundered the divine. Every one paused in his flight. "Brethren," continued he, as he gained the door, and placed himself at the head of the wreckers, "you should exhibit a more calm and sober spirit," "but, as you appear to be incapable of doing so, let us all take a fair start, and then every man for himself, and the d—l take the hindermost."

☞ The Grocery Store of Mr. William Kendall, about seven miles down the Buffalo Road in Harborcreek, was entered early on Saturday morning by two men named Davis and Stehlie, and robbed of nearly all its contents, estimated at $500. They were arrested on Monday and committed to Jail. Davis resides at Freeport, in North East township, and Stehlie near the State Line.

The dwelling house of Mr. J. P. Grant, just outside of the city limits on the Buffalo Road, was broken into on Sunday, during the absence of the family at Church, by two boys—one colored and the other white. They were fortunately detected in the act and arrested, and are now in Jail.

An overcoat belonging to W. C. Stewart, of Le Boeuff township, and containing $800 in Sunbury and Erie Railroad Scrips and sundry papers of value to the owner, was taken from the dwelling of John Goalding, at the foot of French Street, on Friday morning, by a man professing to be a sailor. Officer Butterfield followed him to Conneaut, Ohio, and recovered the coat with its contents, letting him go upon the plea that he had exchanged his own for it by mistake.—*Gazette.*

☞ There is nothing that contributes more to make home happy, and smooth the path of domestic life, than a cheerful wife. But how can a woman be happy and cheerful if she spoils her "baking" for the want of a pure article of Saleratus. To remedy this, buy only that manufactured by CLARK & CAUGHEY, Erie, Pa. It is for sale by all respectable Grocers, and is warranted. Get a paper and try it.

☞ The *Saturday Evening Post*, the oldest and best of the weeklies, has issued its prospectus for the coming year. In addition to its stories which are always of the highest order, the *Post* contains weekly, an agricultural department, choice receipts, domestic and foreign news, the market and bank note list, letters from Paris, &c., rendering it invaluable as a family newspaper. The publishers offer this year as a premium, a steel plate engraving of "A Merry Making in the Olden Time." Its book premiums are Lippincott's Pronouncing Gazetteer, and Webster's Pictorial Dictionary The price of the *Post* is $2,00 a year, with large inducements to clubbing. The engraving and *Post* together are $5,00 which is the regular price of the picture alone. For $6,00, the price of each of the books alone you obtain either of the books and the *Post*. The works are furnished as a premium to clubs of not less than five subscribers to the *Post*. Deacon & Petersons, Philadelphia, are the publishers.

☞ The following cases are set down for trial for the second Monday of December, viz:

John Wightman vs C. Colt, Jr.
Rogers & Bennet et al vs Johnson & Bro.
Hays & Lotts vs Moses Koch et al.
Exrs. Huidekoper vs Pomeroy, exr.-Crane
Scott & Marshall vs Battilion.
Duncan, use Lowry vs Reed et al, garns. &c
Trustees Edinboro Academy vs Robinson.
Fox & Van Hook vs Reed et al, garns., &c.
Kendall & Love vs Struthers.
Same vs Irvine.
Johnson vs Cochran et al.
Kline & Carrell vs Frey.
Sennett, Barr & Co. vs Com. Ins. Co
Wallace vs Gulliford & Evans.
Hinton vs Erie Canal Co,
Eichenlaub vs Williams.
Butt vs Kellogg.
Rushmore vs Walker.
Ewing vs Reed.
Gerloch vs Motsch.
Wood & Johnson vs Skinner.
Frisbee vs Walker.
Bryant vs Burrougs.
Bell vs Smith.
Grant vs Smith.
Rockwell vs Putnam.

The following are for the third Monday of December, viz:

Kennedy vs Kennedy.
Burton vs Oliver.
Waugh & Campbell vs Starr & Payne
Henderson vs Shannon Brother
Compton vs Goodell.
Hulbert vs Mann & Wife.
Gorenflo vs Zimmerly.
Huber vs Sanborn.
Lewis vs Gray.
Willoughby vs Van Dreser.
M'Creary vs Haybarger.
Com. use M'Cord vs Smedley et al.
Eager vs Williams.
Clark vs Gray et al.
Farnham, Kirkham & Co. vs Cadwell.
Com. use of McGinty vs Killpatrick et al.
Bowen, McNamee & Co. vs Haverstick et al
Cooper vs Bryant & wife.
Bailey vs Sharp.
Farmers Bank of Milwaukie vs Cadwell.
Same vs Bennett.
Wood vs Brenn.
Sterrett & Gray, use Sterrett vs Green.
Towner vs Marvin.
Liddell & Marsh vs Fickinger.

☞ A friend calls our attention to a fact, which he facetiously calls a "sign of progress," that thirty-three or four years ago our borough fathers gave LAFAYETTE a public reception at the corner of State and Third streets. That was the centre of attraction, and the whole country flocked there as it would now to the Public Square on a similar occasion —But the "sign of progress" he says is found in the fact that after thirty-three years effort of the people living in that vicinity, they have succeeded in securing the side walk paved on one side of Third street from State to Peach; and he thinks with thirty-three years more effort they may succeed in getting the other side paved—providing the Union is not dissolved in the meantime!

☞ The *Gazette* says it is "worthy of remark that in all the Cabinets thus far formed *for* Mr. Lincoln, Senator Seward is placed at the head for Secretary of State." Notwithstanding, we venture to predict that Mr. Seward *will not* be Secretary of State!

☞ We find in the "*Engineer*," a paper published in Philadelphia, and devoted to mechanic arts and inventions, the following notice of a new railroad Frog recently patented by two of our citizens, Messrs. BLACK and FORD, of the Sunbury and Erie Railroad:

NEW RAILROAD FROG.—Messrs. Samuel A. Black, Superintendent, and F. C. Ford, Master Mechanic of the Western Division of the Sunbury and Erie Railroad, have recently patented an ingenious substitute for the ordinary railroad frog. In the space ordinarily occupied by the frog, a short length of rail is placed, and this is so centred upon a pivot, that it may be turned into line with either the main or side track. The effect of this movable rail is exactly the same with respect to the main track and turnout, as that of an ordinary turn table, in connection with the several tracks of an engine house. To vibrate this rail as may be required for either track, its ends are connected through bent levers with treadles, which, when the frog is open in either direction, are depressed by the wheels of the train, and by which depression the vibrating rail is placed in its proper position to complete the track.—It will occur to many that the movable rail or frog might be connected with, and derive its motion from, the switch with which it corresponds. The action of the ordinary frog is very objectionable at the best. As for crossing frogs, Mr. J. J. Swift, of the Fitchburg Railroad, lately made out, to his own satisfaction at least, that one crossing caused as much wear and tear to rolling stock as ten miles of road. The principle of Messrs. Black and Ford's vibrating frog is certainly much superior to that of the broken backed reptile, commonly martyred at railroad turnouts. Whether the treadles under the wheels, or a direct connection with the switch lever be preferable, experience must determine.

☞ There are but nineteen Democrats in the borough of North East, and we learn from a friend that there are only nineteen men in that rural village who are not preparing to be applicants for the Post Office. The office is worth three or four hundred dollars a year, all told!

☞ Now that election is over, and politics has had its day—the people have had their political frolic, and will want something else to occupy their mind, we propose to devote more of our space to other than political topics, and thus make the *Observer* a welcome visitor to every family, irrespective of their political proclivities. We do not wish to be understood by this that we shall pay no attention to politics, for we intend to fight the Republicans to the last, and pour hot shot into their cam whenever we find them doing anything wrong. We take it for granted old Abe is to be our next President and we intend to keep a sharp lookout for the future. A Republican administration will be something new in this country and we want to see what it will do and how it intends to steer the ship of State clear of snags and sand banks. But whilst doing this, we intend to devote most of our time to the local interests of our vicinity We have a long winter before us and shall have plenty of time on hand to build railroads (on paper) cultivate the fine arts and social affections and attend to domestic affairs generally Now is the time to hand in your names.

☞ The December number, the last of the present, volume of *Godey's Lady's Book*, is already at hand. We wish all our lady readers could have the pleasure of examining the contents of the number now before us, for in that case we feel assured that Mr. GODEY would be overrun with orders for the book—a mark of appreciation which would be fully deserved. The January number commences the sixty-second volume Any gentleman wishing to make an acceptable present to a lady friend, could not do better than to subscribe for it. We will club it with the *Observer* for $3.25.

☞ ARBUCKLE, at the Post Office News Depot, has received the superb Engraving of "*Falstaff Mustering Recruits*," offered as the premium this year by the Cosmopolitan Art Association. It is a magnificent Steel Engraving, of the largest size, and worth at least double the price of subscription. Call and see it at the Post Office, where subscriptions are received. Recollect for $3,00 you get one of these splendid engravings, a copy of the *Art Journal* for one year, a ticket of admission to the celebrated Dusseldorf Gallery, and a chance in the annual Distribution of Statuary and Paintings. So much that is valuable and beautiful was never before offered for $3 in this or any other country.

RAIL ROAD ACCIDENT IN A FOG.—A collision occurred on the S. & E. R. R on Thursday morning, between the mail and accomodation trains, owing to the prevalence of a dense fog on the LeBœuff swamp west of Waterford station. The latter train was feeling its way at four to five miles an hour, the former at about ten. No one hurt except a slight bruise to one lady in the train going east. None of the cars were knocked from the track, and but two wheels on each engine truck. The damages were but slight—not exceeding $275—after a loss of a couple of hours each engine proceeded with its own train.

We do not learn that any person was specially in fault. Had there been no fog it could not possibly have occurred. The accident happened on one of the longest straight lines on the whole road; but so dense was the fog that it was impossible to see a distance of three hundred feet.

There should be a telegraph line on this road at once. Considerations of public safety, to say nothing of convenience, demand it

AGAIN WE SAY, —Use De Land & Co's Saleratus; if you have any regard for the health of yourself or family, throw to the dogs the miserable, impure stuff which has so long exercised your patients, and made your bread, pastry, &c, disgusting to look or to taste De Land's Chemical Saleratus is perfectly pure, and will produce the most satisfactory results when used in preparing food It sold by most grocers and storekeepers Manufactured at Fairport, Monroe Co., N. Y

☞ The "Erie Sewing Machine, which is flooding the whole West, is said by those who have used it to be a very excellent family machine. Address, for particulars, J N Boylan, General Agent Erie Sewing Machine Co., Milan, Ohio. See advertisement.

How Lincoln's Election Tranquilizes the Country.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.

Several leading Virginians here represent it to be the purpose of their State to become the mediator between the sections when South Carolina shall have accomplished secession.

The basis will require that no one be elected President unless he receives a majority of both sections of the Union, and that no law be passed except by a majority of the members representing both sections thus securing a majority of the whole people in each case.

Hearing of Gov. Wise's movements in organizing minute men, Gov. Letcher, it is said, addressed him a note, hinting that he (Wise) was no longer Governor of Virginia, but that another had succeeded him, who would take care of the public interest of the State.

Several Virginia Congressmen are here. They represent the sentiment of the State as in favor of submitting to the election of Lincoln.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.

The Constitution publishes one of the forms of the Declaration of Independence that is to be submitted to the South Carolina Convention. It embodies a portion of the American Declaration of Independence, with the list of grievances altered to suit the present condition of affairs in that State.

A copy of this, it is understood, was laid before the President yesterday.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Nov. 12.—The Military State Convention met to-day. The attendance was large.

Resolutions were passed favoring secession. Gov. Brown made a strong resistance speech, declaring the right of secession and the duty of other States to sustain their rights.

He declared that if the Federal troops attempted coercion, for every Georgian who fell in the conflict the heads of two Federal soldiers should atone for the outrage on State sovereignty.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Nov. 13.

Mr. Keitt was serenaded by the people at 12 o'clock, last night. He made an exciting speech, urging prompt and decided action. He said that Mr. Buchanan was pledged to secession, and would be held to it. South Carolinia should shatter the accursed Union. If she could not accomplish it otherwise, she would throw her arms around the pillars of the Constitution and involve all the other States in common ruin.

The South Carolina Legislature abjourned this morning. Nothing of interest transpired. The members are now en route to their homes.

JACKSON, Miss., Nov. 13.

Gov. Pettus has issued a proclamation to the State Legislature to consider the popriety and necessity of providing surer and better safeguards for the lives, liberties, and property of the people of Mississippi, than the late election and past action of the Northern Government promise.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 13.

The largest and most enthusiastic meeting ever held in Charleston, assembled tonight at Institute Hall, to ratify the call for a Convention by the Legislature. The galleries were filled by ladies. Judge McGrath presided. Speeches were made by Magrath, Spratt, Rhett, Colcock, Connor and others.

When a speaker declared, "this Union is dissolved," the enthusiasm was perfectly wild.

Outside meetings were addressed by leading merchants, all declaring their readiness to sacrifice all in maintaining South Carolina's honor.

There is no longer any doubt that South Carolina will secede.

Palmetto banners are multiplying.

The Courier office displays the Palmetto flag with the words "South Carolina has moved—other States will follow." On the reverse is a single star, with room for others as they come in.

The Legislature adjourns to-morrow noon.

The Bank of Charleston has agreed to take $100,000, and the balance of the $400,000 loan will be taken by other city banks

Mr. Hill, member of the House from Georgia has taken a decided stand for secession.

Senator Hammond has resigned.

News has been received that the Governor of Mississippi will call the Legislature together immediately.

CHARLESTON, Nov 1

The excitement continues intense. The people are determined to send delegates to the convention, pledged to get the State out of the Union at any cost —immediately

Volunteer corps, including some German companies with state colors, are forming

A great demonstration is projected for Thursday evening, to welcome back the delegation representing Charleston in the Legislature.

Despatches are continully coming from neighboring States offering ready equipped millitary organizations, paying all their own expenses, to aid the State in the event of coercion.

The Banks have not yet suspended, but the opinton prevails that they will be compelled to do so within a week. A large amount of northern paper laid over but not protested.

Merchants are perfectly solvent, and scorn the idea of repudiation A crisis may arrive some time in fall, but they are confident that they are able and willing at a future time to meet liabilities.

Money market is very stringent, and banks refuse to discount.

The Washington Light Infantry took charge of the U. S. Arsenal this morning It is suppsed there is an understanding between Gov. Gist and the President in regard to this matter.

A convention of the cotton states supposed for the purpose of adopting a non intervention trade policy with the northern states, is talked of.

The boot factory at Cheraw is receiving heavy orders for the Southern trade.

There is a disposition to buy such northern goods as southern merchants may not have on hand but no new orders will be given northern manufacturers, except for articles really necessary.

No man will be elected to the convention unless pledged to secession before the first of January.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Nov 14

Hon. Alexander Stephens and Herschel V. Johnson make Union speeches this week.

The bill appropriating a million dollars to be used at the discretion of the Governor for putting Georgia in a state of military defence, has passed the House of Representatives unanimously. It is belived that the Convention bill will pass with equal unanimity.

RICHMOND, Nov. 12

Some Union men are making vigorous efforts to influence the sending of commissioners to South Carolina and Georgia, to induce those states to submit to the action of a southern conference, inasmuch as the Legislature is not in session.

The probability is that this movement will fall to the ground.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.

Many letters are received here from leading politicians of all parties in the border slave states, expressing decisions against the legality of secession under the Constitution, and also the expediency.

The monied and mercantile interests are also making their voices heard and almost unanimously they are for standing to Union.

Virginia is by no means favorable to the precipitate action of South Carolina

Mr. Hunter is understood to be against the secession movement.

CHARLESTON, Nov 14

Book-sellers of this city and Savannah return Harpers' weekly and monthly publications, and movement contemplated to return all northern books unless publishers are known to be sound.

Some foreign Consuls are here waiting for secession, to open negotiations They are said to have full authority from their governments

The Mayor, to-day, notified agents of northern steamship lines that he would not permit the landing of steerage passengers, unless the Companies guaranteed their maintenance if they become vagrants.

The secession movement seems to be increasing, and it is now said that South Carolina will not be in the States after New Years.

MONTGOMERY, Nov 14.

The Governor published a letter on Thursday. It opposes waiting other southern states, and recommends immediate secession.

Special Notices.

☞ TO CONSUMPTIVES.—The Advertiser having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE FOR CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, &c.—The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing

Parties wishing the prescription will please address
REV. EDWARD A. WILSON
Williamsburgh,
oct6 18—1y Kings county, N Y

☞ THE AMERICAN MEDICAL AND TOILET RECEIPT BOOK.

This book contains *Receipts* and *Directions* for making all the most valuable Medical preparations in use, also Receipts and full and explicit directions for making all the most popular and useful Cosmetics, Perfumes, Unguents, Hair Restoratives, and all Toilet Articles If you are suffering with any chronic disease—if you wish a beautiful complexion, a fine head of hair, a smooth face a clear skin, a luxuriant beard or moustache—or if you whish to know anything and everything in the Medical and Toilet line, you should, by all means, peruse a copy of this book. For full particulars, and a sample of the work for perusal, (free,) address the publisher.
T. F. CHAPMAN,
nov 3—3m22 No. 831 Broadway, New York

☞ MOTHERS, READ THIS.—The following extract from a letter written by the pastor of a Baptist Church to the "Journal and Messenger Cincinnati, Ohio, and speaks volumes in favor of that world-renowned medicine—MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING:

"We see an adaertisement in your columns of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup Now we never said a word in favor of a patent medicine before in our life, but we feel compelled to say to your readers, that this is no humbug—WE HAVE TRIED IT, AND KNOW IT TO BE ALL IT CLAIMS.—It is, probably, one of the most successful medicines of the day, because it is one of the best. And those of your readers who have babies can't do better than to lay in a supply." See advertisement in another column.
oct6 18—1y.

☞ RELIEF In TEN MINUTES—BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS

The most certain and speedy remedy ever discovered for all Diseases of the Chest and Lungs, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Consumption, Bronchitis, Influenza, Hoarseness, Difficult Breathing, Sore Throat, &c., &c.

THESE WAFERS give the most instantaneous and perfect relief and when persevered with according to directions, never fail to effect a rapid and lasting cure.—Thousands have been restored to perfect health who have tried other means in vain. To all classes and all constitutions they are equally a blessing and a cure—none need despair, no matter how long the disease may have existed or however severe it may be, provided the organic structure of the vital organs is not hopelessly decayed—every one afflicted should give them an impartial trial.

TO VOCALISTS AND PUBLIC SPEAKERS, these Wafers are peculiarly valuable; they will in ONE DAY remove the most severe occasional hoarseness; and their regular use for a few days will, at all times, increase the power and flexbaility of the voice, greatly improving its tone, compass and clearness, for which purpose they are regularly used by a many professional vocalists

JOB MOSES, Sole Propriter, Rochester, N. Y. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Coater & Bro. and L. I Baldwin. july 28—1y8.

☞ BURRILL'S TURKISH LINIMENT. The recipe for making this celebrated Liniment was obtained by a gentleman while visiting the Turkish Empire, a few years since. While there he witnessed its use upon horses, and so remarkable were the cures, he concluded to purchase the recipe for making it for his own use, if nothing more. After returning to this country, he made some, and tried it in several cases of swellings, rheumatism, bruises, etc., and found it to cure more speedily than any article ever discovered. Becoming acquainted with the gentleman, I purchased the recipe, and have made and used it with great success, and found one half had never been told of its intrinsic value. For Rheumatism, Sprains, Chilblains, Pains in the Back or Chest, Cramps, Swelled Face, Sore Throat, Neuralgia, Toothache, or Swellings of every kind—it is warranted to cure For Horses Sprained, Chafed, Wind-Galled, Cracked Heels, etc., it is the most valuable medicine in vogue. The proprietor, knowing full well its merits, will authorize every agent to refund the money where perfect satisfaction is not given. A large number of certificates could be given if necessary, but one trial will satisfy the most skeptical It is perfectly safe to take inwardly in case of Colic or Cramp. The Liniment is for sale by all Druggists.

J. BURRILL & CO., Proprietors, No. 102 Nassau st., New-York. Sold in Erie, by L. I. Baldwin, No. 6, Reed House, and Carter & Bro., Park Row april28—47