saw him make no effort to get up. I suppose Oliver gave him two or three blows. I did not see Teeple make any resistance. It was rather dark in the room, and I did not see Teeple try to get his hand loose. I saw Adlington, about a minute after the chair was taken from him, kick Teeple in the face. I next saw Cunningham after the fight was over, lying on the floor in the sitting room, after the Doctor had come—after they had carried him into the room. I was crowded back by the crowd, after the poker was taken from me, so that I could not see those who were fighting. There were in the room at that time James, Gibson John L. Jones; Cunningham was about three feet from the north room door; there were different ones in the room. Adjourned.

THURSDAY, March 14.

The prisoner was brought into Court by the Sheriff. The jury in the box were called and answered to their names.

There are many ladies in attendance on the trial. Great excitement is manifested by the community. Mr. Adlington is about thirty-four or five years of age, sandy hair, light complexion, blue eyes and red mustache. He is rather spare in flesh, of medium height, and moves with a light elastic step. Altogether he is what would be called a good looking man. He has a wife and six children. He once worked in Johnston and Stockton's printing office—has been a soldier.

James Amberson recalled.—Saw Teeple fall when Oliver let go of him; after Cunningham knocked Oliver down, I did not see him until the fight was over; he was within two or three feet of the north room door, to the right of the fire; it was not much over a minute after Cunningham hit Bowder till he hit Oliver. John L. Jones, James Gibson, Sidney Oliver, Wm. Kirker and Cunningham were in the room; did'nt see Teeple at that time; there were a good many standing around Cunningham; I had not much chance to see, as they were shoving around; did not see the defendant at this time; there were others beside those named, in the room; saw Oliver advance toward Cunningham at the time he was knocked down, when he knocked Oliver down I drew the poker on Cunningham; I went for Henry Bowder when I got the poker; James Gibson took the poker from me; my attention was drawn to the fight between Teeple and Oliver, but the crowd prevented me from seeing much; did not see Cunningham go out; saw no one strike him; the hall door stood open—so did the north room door; it was not more than a minute after this that I saw the defendant in the hall door; was acquainted with him prior to this fight; saw no one having a weapon; don't know of any one having a weapon; have had no conversation with the defendant since that time; don't think of anything further that was said or done.

By the Court.—Did not see any one strike defendant before he picked up the chair; did not see him struck at all that night by any one.

Cross-examined.—I was at the party early in the evening; was in the north room when it commenced; Bowder was down when I went into the sitting room—head toward the door; did not see Teeple at this time; did not see any one looking through the hall door at this time; there were a good many going in from the dancing room; think I was about the first that got into the room; when I saw Cunningham strike Bowder two or three times, I went after Bowder's brother; saw Calvin Weller in the middle of the floor of the dancing room, pulling off his coat, when I was going into the kitchen; did not see him in the sitting room before that; said the Portersville boys should not be licked; said this when he was pulling off his coat; first saw Henry Bowder with his brother in the sitting room, after the fight; went rapidly after Bowder when I got the poker; it was about twenty feet from where I was standing, in the sitting room, to where the poker was; think Mrs. Oliver stopped me; I went as quick as I could; I went to search for Henry Bowder where I had last seen him, by the door, between the north room and the kitchen; did not see him till after the fight; don't know where he was; did'nt see Cunningham till after I came back from the kitchen; I took about one step into the sitting room to the left, when Oliver approached and raised his hand; thought he was going to lay his hand on Cunningham's shoulder; he was facing him; Cunningham struck him with his right hand; I was not more than one step from Cunningham, and next the fire, when he struck Oliver. I was in a position I could have struck him, when Gibson took the poker from me; the jerking of the poker turned me to the right, toward the street; I was a little to the right of the front of Cunningham at the time I was going to strike him—my face was toward the dancing room; I was about five feet from the north room door. As I turned around, my face swept the front of the street wall—there was a great crowd. When I next saw Cunningham it was after the fight, lying on the sitting room floor; I was turned clear around.

By the Court.—When I let go the poker, Gibson said, "don't strike a man with the poker." My back was toward Cunningham. I suppose it was twenty minutes or more from this time until I again saw Cunningham lying on the floor of the sitting room; had not seen him at any time between these times.

Cross-examination resumed.—Both of the men were on their feet when Oliver advanced on Teeple; he got loose from Shaffer and Oliver, and said, "if there were any men among them, come one at a time." This was just fronting the fire; Oliver caught Teeple by the wrist after he backed into the corner; could'nt say whether he was down at this time; did'nt see Oliver strike him more than once before he got into the corner; saw him strike once or twice afterwards; there were persons between me and those fighting; saw the defendant strike and hit Oliver; this was the first time I saw the defendant in the fight; I was well acquainted with him—known him for seven or eight years; have often been in his house; am acquainted with his wife and children—has five or six children—the oldest must be about twelve or thirteen years old, and the youngest about one year old; I knew him all that time; he has been in the army twice; he was out once nine months—I think once 3 months; during this time I did not see him; he is carpenter and cigar maker; I told him he had struck Oliver; he told me to let go the chair—to let him have it a minute; Marshall and I took it from him; it was not over two minutes from the time Weller was taking his coat off, till Oliver was fighting with Teeple; he had not got his coat off yet when I was passing him, as he struck me in the face with it in pulling it off; this is why I noticed it particularly.

In chief.—I lived with Dr. Cowden at the time of the fuss; Mrs. Burnside is my mother.

The Commonwealth proposes to show the opportunities the witness had of knowing the defendant, and for this purpose, asking him about his relations—he having answered a question by defendant's counsel, as to family of defendant.

The defendant's counsel object—that ti is not competent; it is immaterial who the defendant is related to; they cannot show an alleged bias on the part of the witness.

Court overruled the objection and noted an exception.

Witness resumed.—Samuel Burnside is the husband of my mother; live in Portersville; the prosecution subpœnaed me.

James Marshall sworn.—I was at the house of John Oliver on the night of this difficulty, early in the evening. I was standing on the pavement, when these men first came with Henry Bowder; this was about seven or eight o'clock. I did not know them at the time. I afterwards ascertained that it was Cunningham and Teeple. They went into the bar-room. John Oliver called me to him, said these men were acting disorderly, and he supposed he would have to put them out; told me to get a couple of stones and put them into my pocket; thought he would be able for Cunningham, but did not want them both to pile on him at once; wanted me to keep Teeple off. Soon after Calvin Weller came into the bar-room, and he and Oliver went to the desk, and Oliver gave Weller a revolver; saw the desk opened; think Weller asked for the revolver; believe Weller put it into his pocket; Oliver went to the back of the hall and got a boot-jack—a wooden one; then John Oliver, Weller, and myself went to the sitting room door, and Oliver told them their oysters were ready; they came out and went into the dining room; I went back into the bar-room; think Oliver and Weller did so, also; when Oliver opened the door to tell them their oysters were ready, I heard Cunningham say he could whip anything in Butler county; said so several times; he was tearing around and acting in a disorderly manner—they went into the house on a run; both were acting disorderly. I went home then for supper. I was in the hall when Bowder brought Teeple out, and told him he had better take Cunningham out for a walk. He did so, and they started out. It was after that that Weller went with me to supper. Weller and his wife, and myself, then came back—About the time the fight came on, I was in the bar-room. Carlisle Badger, James Porter and an old man named Rutter were with me; heard the racket in the sitting room; jumped up and went in; was about the centre of the room on the east side. John Oliver crowded through the throng around the north door, and held his hand out [this way] toward Cunningham. I believe Cunningham knocked him down. Saw Adlington in the north door with something in his hand. I thought it was a round stick about 16 inches long, and an inch and a quarter thick; thought it was a stick Oliver used to knock his lance into a horse; it had a head on the large end; Adlington had the small end in his hand. I think he struck some one; he brought it down this way, [describing the motion]; did not see who he struck; there were persons between me and him; saw Cunningham to my left, close beside me. We were probably a little north of the centre of the room, between the two doors.—Cunningham was just about the center of the room; Adlington was close to the door. I think the blow hit some one standing; heard no sound from the blow; Cunningham was some six feet from Adlington. Oliver was on the floor, some two or three feet from Adlington; think I saw no one strike Oliver when he was on the floor. The next thing I saw was Adlington on the left of Cunningham. My attention was then drawn toward Oliver, and when I looked again, he was gone. Adlington was two or three feet from Cunningham at this particular time; saw neither of them moving hand or foot. I suppose he was near enough to have hit Cunningham. He was facing Cunningham's left side. He was nearly in line with Cunningham. I don't know how he held his hands. There were no persons between me and them at that time. I heard nothing said by either of them.—I think my attention was drawn to Oliver, or Bowder, at the other corner of the room, and in a short time—a few seconds—I looked around, and Adlington and Cunningham were gone. Oliver's head was toward the door of the north room. There might have been time to strike a blow. The next I saw of Cunningham was lying in the hall to the right of the inside door as you come into the hall, about a minute before Dr. Cowden came. Some one was knocked into the chair, just beside me, just as I had noticed that Cunningham had left the room. I don't remember of seeing any one go out of the room; did not see Cunningham go out; saw defendant strike John Oliver with a chair, when he was fighting Teeple; didn't see anything else, in defendant's hand at that time. I have never seen the stick until that time; saw it twice before, once in defendant's possession, and once in John Oliver's. I saw him stamp Teeple on the head with the heel of his boot. I did not see Adlington coming or going. The first place I noticed him was in the door, next with a chair, and third kick Teeple with his boot. I helped Amberson take the chair from defendant; he had nothing in his hands at that time. I heard nothing said by him at that time. That was the last thing I saw. Teeple was lying on the floor, and he kicked him in this manner [describing it]—his hands stretched out, one hold of each door cheek, when he stamped Teeple, whose head was about the middle of the door. I pushed him back into the hall, saying, "for God's sake don't kill the man." He replied, "kill the damn son-of-a-bitch!" He stamped him, I think, three times. He was in the act of raising his foot again when I pushed him out. I am not certain whether he said "kill the damned son-of-a-bitch!" or "kill the God damned son-of-a-bitch!" I have the impression that Adlington came from the hall to the door, at the time he kicked Teeple. I saw Teeple knocked upon his knees by Lafayette Shaffer—Oliver was engaged with Teeple at this time. He struck him two blows, when Teeple hallowed or groaned, and Oliver left him, and started for the north room. It was at this time I saw Adlington stamping him. I think I then passed into the north room and on to the kitchen. I think Badger caught hold of Adlington the same time I did. I think Shaffer was taken out of the room; think Teeple knocked him down, or back into the crowd; when Oliver was fighting Teeple; this was in the south-west corner of the room; when Oliver got up after Cunningham knocked him, he advanced on Teeple; it was at this time Teeple used the expression detailed heretofore; Mr. Cunningham was gone at this time; I saw no one fighting with Teeple, until Oliver attacked; I thought from the sound of the "lick" that Oliver had something in his hand; Teeple drooped his head, and did not make any resistance; Shaffer came out of the hall and Teeple hit him and knocked him back into the hall, or into the crowd, at the commencement of the fight. The fight commenced in the south west corner of the room; they fought across the fireplace to the northwest of the room; it was at this time Shaffer came in, and Teeple hit him: Shaffer came in a hurry; he knocked him with his left hand; Oliver had hold of his right; Shaffer was knocked back into the crowd or into the hall; he came in again and struck Teeple, knocking his head against the wall; after this Oliver struck him twice, then went away; after Teeple hallowed or groaned. Teeple did not get up after this; next saw defendant stamping him; I then went to the kitchen—they were washing Oliver's head; think Adlington helped; heard defendant ask his wife where she had been, that he had been looking for her; that if he had found her he would not have got into this fuss; don't know these are the exact words; don't remember seeing him again till the jury were called—Bowder said, Cunningham, he would bet five dollars, was not dangerously hurt—just stunned—he would get well; but he thought Teeple was badly hurt; Doctor went to him, felt his pulse, and said that man would die. The Doctor then went up stairs to see Oliver. I went on the stairs going up; met some one coming down; told him what the Doctor said about Teeple, and heard some one say, he didn't give a damn how soon." I only have an impression from the voice; think it was Calvin Weller who said so; he was on the stair-way. I turned and came back. The Doctor said Teeple might live; he was reviving. The Doctor said Cunningham ought to be brought in and placed on a bed. I was there till the doctor found that Cunningham was stabbed. I saw the Doctor examine the wound; some one stooped by the side of Cunningham, and called to him, "Sydney!" He made no reply. Think I then went up stairs. Oliver was in bed; he asked me about these men: whether Mr. Cunningham was dead or not. I evaded the question; thought it not prudent to tell him; his head commenced bleeding; went to the doctor, who probed the wound; bound a cent upon it and stopped the blood. I did not see the defendant there; then went down again together; the Doctor examined a pocket book in my presence; it was Cunningham's; there was but a ten cent piece and some other little things in it; there was a jury called immediately.

Court adjourned to meet at 2 P. M.

The American Citizen.

BUTLER PA.

WEDNESDAY, MAR. 20, 1867.

☞ "Liberty and Union, Now and Forever, One and Inseparable."—D. Webster.

Telegraphic.

The Telegraph office is established at Jack's Hotel, by the express decision and direction of the Superintendent.

For Sale.

The undersigned offers for sale, two horses, one good new wagon, and one set of double harness. Residence, Jefferson st., East of Jack's Hotel, Butler, Pa.

no. 15, 2t.) JOHN A. SEDWICK.

☞ Our patrons have, no doubt, been anxiously expecting the "CITIZEN" to reach them at the usual time; and we did our best to meet their wishes, but circumstances have been such that it was impossible to meet your expectations. You will excuse us for our seeming negligence

Adlington Trial.

Our columns are principally taken up this week with a continuation of the proceedings in this case. Upon examination, our report will be found the most full, complete and satisfactory of any given. We are also, publishing the trial in full in pamphlet form. When complete, it will make about 60 double column pages, and will include everything of interest in the trial. Copies furnished by mail. Price 25 cts. per copy.

Result of Adlington's Trial.

The jury retired at 6 o'clock on Thursday evening, and after being out about three hours they came into Court with a verdict of murder in the first degree. At the present writing, 12 M., the sentence of the Court has not been promulgated.—We understand that an application will be made for a new trial, whether it will be granted or not, we are not able to say.

LATER.—Since the above was written we have been informed that the Court has entertained a motion for a new trial, to be argued at an Adjourned Court.

DEMOREST'S MONTHLY FOR APRIL.—Fresh and fragrant as April blossoms is Demorest's Magazine. The present number is redolent of spicy stories. Information and illustrations incomparable for the season of Spring. You must see, to believe so much can be had for $3 per year.—We see Demorest advertises a mammoth plate for Dress-makers, Milliners, etc., a *salon embellisse* much needed. That it is the article desired and something more, the name of Demorest is a sure guarantee.—Publication Office, 473 Broadway, N. Y.

MEETING.—There will be a meeting of the Slipperyrock Wool Growers' Association in Centreville, on Saturday, April 5th, at 1 o'clock, P. M. At the last meeting of the Association a committee was appointed to arrange premiums for next shearing time. John T. Bard, Lewis Patterson and David McKee were appointed said committee. A full meeting would be desirable. Officers are to elect for the ensuing year, and every member can have a vote in arranging premiums. It is the duty of the committee on premiums to report a premium list to the Society at the next meeting, and said Report to be acted upon by the Association.

JOHN BINGHAM, Sec'y.

Reappointed.

J. J. Sedwick, Esq., has been reappointed P. M., of this place, and the appointment has been confirmed by the Senate. This appointment runs for four years from the 12th of this month.

Mr. Sedwick is an experienced and obliging officer; and his reappointment will be hailed with satisfaction by a large majority of our citizens.

IMPORTANT TO YOUNG MEN AND TEACHERS.

Every young man, whatever may be his future calling in life, will find a thorough and practical business education his greatest aid to success. Such a course may be had by all, as the expense and time necessary for a thorough preparation can readily be spared from the earnings of every industrious youth in the country. Three months only are necessary for a preparation that shall introduce any farmer's son, teacher or mechanic, into a business position that shall bring him a good salary, and that may lead him on to a business success. At Philadelphia, Pa., a system of instruction has been introduced into J. C. Mumford's Business and Telegraph College that must be thoroughly practical, and work a revolution in commercial instruction in all schools having pupils enough so that it may be introduced. Unfortunately this system of instruction can only be carried out in few of the larger schools in the United States, as it requires for its successful operation a great number of students in daily attendance. This course is receiving the encouragement and enthusiastic support of the leading business men and educators throughout the country, and in drawing for this College patronage from nearly every State in the Union. The practical arrangement of every department makes it profitable for young men to come hundreds of miles to enjoy its advantages, as at no other school in the country can equal advantages be had for business education

Rev. Alexander Clark, editor of *Clark's School Visitor*, in a notice of that institution, said:—"The Commercial College of J. C. Mumford combines in its plan more practicalities, and better disciplines its students for successful business than any similar institution with which I am acquainted in the city, and but one in our whole country in any wise compares with it, and that one pursues a method somewhat the same but perhaps not as fully developed.

Such a report from Rev. Alexander Clark is strong evidence of the character and standing of this school. The College from its plan of instruction, invites the attention of the masses, and as it issues many publications explanatory of its working, which are mailed free of charge, we suggest that those interested in education send an application for circulars, as they will no doubt be furnished immediately on receipt of request.

Address J. C. Mumford, Philadelphia, Pa.
Jan no 6, 2mo.

Witherspoon Institute.

The fall and winter term of this flourishing institution has just closed. The attendance has been larger than at any time heretofore. The building has been enlarged and improved. The Trustees are determined to make this one of the first educational Institutions in our country. Prof. W. I. Brugh, is an experienced educator and a ripe scholar; and was formerly Professor of Natural Science in Washington College, Pa. Young ladies and gentlemen who desire to gain a good practical education, would do well to attend this school. Arrangements are now, such, that quite a number of young ladies can board with the Principal. Boarding can be had at reasonable rates at Public, or Private houses.

The next session will commence on Monday, the 15th of April.

For the Citizen.

A Good Hotel.

Last week having suffered much inconvenience from the crowded condition of the Jack House, and having heard of the superior accommodations of the Vogeley House, we came here and came not to be disappointed. We find his rooms neat, spacious and comfortable; his table rich and delicate, his attendance and himself kind, generous and hospitable, his bills reasonable, and his house orderly. We take pleasure in recommending those who wish good rooms, good beds, or good boarding near to the Court room, to call at the Vogeley House. For our part, we will never pass by good bed and board, and torture ourselves with inferior accommodations to please the good spirits of those who loose sleep to injure a Hotel worthy of the name.

HENRY BAUDER,
CALVIN WELLER,
FREDERICK BAUDER,
March 20, 1867.

Notice.

I caused an advertisement of the Hamilton Gold and Silver Mining Company, of Nevada, to be published in the papers of this county, but refused to dispose of the Stock until the Superintendent who had been sent to Nevada to ascertain the productiveness of the mines, should return. He has now returned and the ore having been tested, and proving to be as rich as that of the best mines in that State, the Company, at its last meeting in Philadelphia, concluded not to sell Stock, but to issue bonds with coupons attached bearing ten per cent interest, payable in coin. The bonds are redeemable in five years from date, and may, within that time at the option of the holder, be converted into Stock. If those persons who desired to take Stock, wish to have bonds, they can signify their intention by application to JAMES T. M'JUNKIN, Esq., of Butler.

J. ZIEGLER, Sec'y & Treas.
February 20th, '67—tf.

MARRIED.

CRAIG—McCONNEL—On Jan. 2, by Rev. Samuel Kerr, Mr James Craig to Miss Elizabeth McConnel, both of Mercer Co., Pa.

DILLINGER—McGILL—On the 14th inst., by the same, Mr. J. M. Dillinger to Miss Rebecca McGill, the former of Mercer Co., and the latter of Butler Co., Pa.

DIED.

COCHRAN.—In Butler, on Saturday the 16th inst., "having the testimony of a good conscience, and in the communion of the Catholic Church," Mrs. Jane Cochran, relict of Mr. John Cochran, in the 82d year of her age.

SHAW—Near Harrisville, Butler Co., Pa., on the 11th inst., in the 5th year of her age, Mary Ellen, youngest daughter of Hugh and Sarah Shaw. "Suffer little children to come unto me and forbid them not, for of such is the Kingdom of Heaven."

Weep not parents, it was done
By Him who reigns on high,
To whom there's nothing is unknown,
Nor whom we dare defy.

WHITE—In this borough, on the 17th inst., of Catarrh fever, Charles Lynn, son of T. B. and Jane E. White, aged 10 months and 27 days.

Special Notices.

DR. SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS A SUBSTITUTE FOR CALOMEL.—These Pills are composed of various roots, having the power to relax the secretions of the liver as promptly and effectually as blue pill or mercury, and without producing any of those disagreeable or dangerous effects which often follow the use of the latter.

In all bilious disorders these Pills may be used with confidence, as they promote the discharge of vitiated bile, and remove those obstructions from the liver and biliary ducts, which are the cause of bilious affections in general.

SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS cure Sick Headache, and all disorders of the Liver, indicated by sallow skin, coated tongue, costiveness, drowsiness, and a general feeling of weariness and lassitude, showing that the liver is in a torpid or obstructed condition.

In short, these Pills may be used with advantage in all cases when a purgative or alterative medicine is required.

Please ask for "Dr. Schenck's Mandrake Pills," and observe that the two likenesses of the Doctor are on the Government stamp—one when in the last stage of Consumption, and the other in his present health.

Sold by all Druggists and dealers. Price 25 cents per box. Principal Office, No. 15 North 6th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

General Wholesale Agents: Demas Barnes & Co., 21 Park Row, New York; S. S. Hance, 108 Baltimore St., Baltimore, Md.; John D. Park, N. E. cor. of Fourth and Walnut Sts., Cincinnati, Ohio; Walker & Taylor, 134 and 136 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill.; Goddes Brothers, S. W. corner of Second and Vine Sts., St. Louis, Mo.

[4th & 5th w, eo my 1.]

A Single Box of BRANDRETH PILLS Contains more vegetable extractive matter than twenty boxes of diphda any where in the world besides; fifty-five of our most eminent physicians use them in their practice to the exclusion of other purgatives. The first letter of their values is not scarcely appreciated. When they are better known, a sudden death and continued sickness will be of the past. Let those who know them speak right out in their favor. It is a duty which will save life.

Our race are subject to a redundancy of vitiated bile at this season, it is dangerous as it is prevalent, but Brandreth's Pills afford an invaluable and efficient protection. Their occasional use will prevent the collection of those impurities which, when in sufficient quantities, cause so much danger to the body's health. They soon cure Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Pain in the Head, Heartburn, Pain in Breast, Sudden Faintness and Costiveness. Sold by all respectable Dealers in Medicine.

A. Y. M.—Butler Lodge, No. 252, A. Y. M., holds its stated meetings in the Odd Fellows' Hall, on Main Street, Butler, Pa., on the first Wednesday of each month. Brethren from sister Lodges are respectfully invited to attend. By order of the W. M.

CONNOQUENESSING LODGE, No. 276, I. O. of O. F., holds its stated meetings at the Hall, on Main St., Butler, Pennsylvania, every MONDAY evening, commencing at 6 o'clock. Brethren in good standing are respectfully invited to attend. By order of the N. G.

EDITORS OF YOUTH.

A GENTLEMAN who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the receipt and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing in perfect confidence, JOHN B. OGDEN,
Jan 9, '67, 3m No. 42 Cedar St., New York.

WANTED, AGENTS—$75 to $200 PER MONTH for gentlemen, and $35 to $75 for ladies, everywhere, to introduce the Celebrated Common Sense Family Sewing machine, improved and perfected. It will hem, fell, stitch, quilt, bind, braid and embroider beautifully.—Price only $20, making the elastic lock stitch, and fully warranted for three years. We pay the above wages, or a commission, from which twice that amount can be made. Address with stamp, or call on C. BOWERS & Co., Salesrooms, No. 295 South FIFTH Street, Philadelphia, Pa. All letters answered promptly, with circulars and terms.

$1,500 PER YEAR! We want Agents everywhere to sell our new $20 Sewing Machine. Three new kinds. Under and upper feed. Sent on trial. Warranted five years. Above salary or large commission paid. The ONLY machine sold in United States for less than $40, which is fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bachelor. All other cheap machines are infringements and the seller or user are liable for a fine. Buy and inspect first. Illustrated circulars sent free. Address, or call upon Shaw & Clark, Biddeford, Maine, or Chicago Ill.

June 27 - 66-1y

TO CONSUMPTIVES.—The Advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a CURE FOR CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription, will please address
REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings county, New York.
Nov. 7, 1866, ly.

Cholera, Diarrhœa, and Dysentery.

A CURE IS WARRANTED BY DR. TOBIAS CELEBRATED VENETIAN LINIMENT, if used when first taken by persons of temperate habits. This medicine has been known in the United States over 30 years. Thousands have used it, and found it never failed to cure any complaint for which it was recommended, and all those who first tried it, are now never without it. In the Cholera, of 1849, Dr. Tobias attended 40 cases and lost 4, being called in too late to do any good.

DIRECTIONS.—Take a teaspoonful in a wine glass of sugar every half hour or two hours, and rub the abdomen and extremities well with the Liniment. To allay the thirst, take a lump of ice in the mouth, about the size of a marble every ten minutes. It is warranted perfectly innocent to take internally. Sold by all druggists, price 25 and 50 cents. Depot, 56 Courtland St. & 56 York.

New Advertisements.

Witherspoon Institute.

THIS Academy, located in Butler, Pa., has attained a high reputation under the charge of its accomplished Principal, Rev. W. I. BRUGH, late Professor of Natural Science in Washington College.

The next session will commence on Monday, the 15th of April.

The Trustees having greatly enlarged the building, there will be an opportunity for a number of young ladies to board with the Principal.

mch15 LOYAL YOUNG, Sec'y.

Executor's Notice.

Estate of Benjamin Morgan, dec'd.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Letters Testamentary having been issued to the undersigned, on the estate of Benjamin Morgan, late of Parker township, Butler county, Pa., dec'd, therefore, all persons knowing themselves indebted to the said estate, will present them duly authenticated for settlement, and those having claims against the same will make immediate payment. JOHN M. TURNER,
no 14—6w. Executor.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, my wife Mary has left my bed and board without just cause, I therefore warn all persons against harboring her or giving her credit on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting. WOLFGANG CHARLES.
Penn township, March 13.—14, 3w*

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, my wife, Susannah Miller, has left my bed and board without any just cause on my part, I therefore warn all persons not to harbor her or give her credit on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting. SAMUEL MILLER,
no. 14, 3w Center township.

SURVEYING AND DRAFTING,

Done on reasonable terms, N. M. Slater, County Surveyor, and H. Boyd, Deputy. Office in the Court-house. (The best improved Instruments used for Surveying.)
no 13, 4w.

West Sunbury Academy

WILL open its Spring session on the 15th of April, under the superintendence of Prof. JAMES S. BUCK and Mrs. BELLA. BUCK, experienced and successful teachers, who will devote all their time to the Higher Classes. Boarding can be obtained for any number of pupils in respectable families, on favorable terms. Instrumental Music will be taught if desired.

By order of the Board of Trustees,
J. W. CHRISTY, Sec. REV. WM. P. BREADIN, Ch'n.
[no14-3t.

Executor's Notice.

Estate of John Stewart, dec'd.

LETTERS test mentary have this day, March 13th, 1867, been duly granted to Thomas T. Stewart and John M. Dunn, Executors of the last will and testament of John Stewart, late of Centre township, dec'd., therefore notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate, to pay up without delay, and all persons having claims against the same, will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

THOS. T. STEWART, } Executors.
no. 14, 4w. JOHN M. DUNN, }

Farm for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale the farm on which he resides, situate at the junction of the Brady's Bend and Lawrence roads, in Oakland township, Butler County, Pa., containing

135 ACRES,

about 60 or 70 of which are cleared. All chiefly under grass, and the balance well timbered and the whole well watered. A choice orchard of fruit trees; a large Frame Tavern Stand, 41 by 40 feet, with basement story, and good stable thereon erected. An unfailing [illegible] will be given [illegible] Esq., in Butler, or the subscriber, on the premises.

ALEXANDER J. SIMPSON.
no 14, 3w. on the premises.

ILLUSTRATED
DOMESTIC BIBLE.

BY REV. INGRAHAM COBBIN, A. M.

THIS work contains all the plans of the Commentaries, and is best and most convenient size for family use. It will require but little examination to see that this edition of the Sacred Writings embraces many features never before contained in one volume, and is a valuable acquisition to the family circle and the Biblical student. Some of the most important and distinguishing features of this bible are:

1. Seven hundred Wood Engravings. 2. Many thousand marginal references. 3. Three finely executed Steel Engravings. 4. Numerous improved readings. 5. A corrected chronological order. 6. A full exposition of each chapter, containing the essence of the best Commentators, with much original matter, by the editor. 7. Poetical books in the metrical form. 8. Meditations drawn from the subjects of the chapters, and giving in a condensed form its spiritual import. 9. Questions at the end of each chapter for family examination. 10. Dates affixed to the chapters, for each morning and evening reading, comprising the whole bible in a year. To these have lately been added two very desirable features, viz: It contains a family photographic department in connection with the family record, and many colored embellishments. It is one of the most desirable Bibles published. The work contains nearly fifteen hundred crown quarto pages, printed from clear and beautiful type, on fine paper, with numerous engravings, and is bound in three different and beautiful styles.

Rev. John Bayne, of Conneautville, Pa., is our Agent for Butler County. Post Office Address.

WHITESTOWN, Butler County, Pa.
March, 20 14-4t.

NOTICE!

ALL PERSONS LIABLE FOR COSTS DUE AND to expend to Sheriff Scott, Sheriff Bracken, Judge and Clerk Milliken are hereby notified that the same are in our hands for collection, and they are requested to pay them, and save additional costs.

March 2 [illegible] BLACK & PLACKER.

DOTY'S
Paragon Clothes Washer.

USING boiling hot suds saves three-fourths the labor and time—takes out all the dirt—no sore hands—no foetid air—no injury to the clothes.

"It really merits all the good that can be said of it."—[Rural New Yorker.

"Doty's Washer, the best."—[Orange Judd.

"Would not be parted with under any consideration."—[Solon Robinson.

"Could not be persuaded to do without it."—[Rev. Bishop Scott.

The above Washer, with all the new and recent improvements, is offered for sale by the undersigned, sole assignee of patent for Butler County.

Number one, $10; Extra size, $12. Hotel size, $16. Also, the following kind of Wringers on hand, to wit: UNIVERSAL, EUREKA, and PETNAME.

Apply for Agencies or Township Rights to manufacture, by letter addressed to the undersigned, Saxonburg, Butler County, Pa. F. MADEDOFF,
no. 14, 3t. Assignee of Doty Bros.

PLASTIC SLATE,
FOR
Roofing & Other Purposes.

THE process of reconstructing Slate Stone from a disintegrated state was patented February 21st, 1865. It is a combination of

Pulverized Slate and Viscous Matter.

(The latter possessing qualities of geological and chemical affinity for the finer), and is a development of one of the simple but unalterable tendencies of nature. As a roofing material it

STANDS UNRIVALED.

A mastic—it adapts itself to every shape and slope. Non-combustible, impervious, non-expansive, and undecaying.

Frost does not crack nor heat dissolve it.

The only roofing material ever discovered that will resist the action of the elements as long as the structure it protects. Being susceptible of little, if any wear from exposure, and

PERFECTLY FIREPROOF.

It is unequalled as a coating for railroad or farm buildings.

JAMES CLARK,
MICHAEL STINEDORF & SONS,
Proprietors for Butler and Beaver Counties.
Slippery rock Post Office, Butler County, Pa.
no 14, 3mo.

ZELIENOPLE INSTITUTE
AT
Zelienople, Butler County, Penn'a.

THE next session of this Institution—lasting twenty weeks—will open on Monday, April 29th 1867, and will close on Thursday, September 12th, 1867.

TEACHERS.
Rev. J. J. HOCKWELL, Principal.
——— Assistant.
Rev. E. F. Winter, Professor of French, and teacher of Instrumental Music.

Those having sons and daughters to educate, cannot do better than to send them to Zelienople Institute. Persons who are desirous of preparing themselves for teaching, should attend this institute.

The Course of Study

is equal to that of the best academies in the county, and the methods of instruction aim at THOROUGHNESS in every branch. A rare opportunity is here offered to those wishing to study German and French.

Rates of tuition, per session of twenty weeks.

Common School Branches	$5 to $8
Higher Branches, including Book Keeping Latin, Greek and German	$10 to 12
Instrumental Music, (Extra)	$10
Piano rent, (or twenty lessons)	$2.

Boarding can be obtained in private families at reasonable rates.

Tuition positively required in advance.

For particulars, such as books used, &c., address the Principal, at ZELIENOPLE, PA.
no. 14, 4w.

SPRING TRADE
FOR 1867.
McElroy, Dickson & Co.,
No. 54
WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH.
WHOLESALE
DRY GOODS.

Have their stock open for the trade.

GOOD GOODS!
AT
REASONABLE PRICES.

S. B. M'ELROY,
JAMES DICKSON,
JOHN T. SHANE.
no 14, 8mo.

IMPORTANT TO
PROPERTY OWNERS.

SOME years since N. E. Blake discovered on his farm in Almond, Allegheny County, N. Y., a large deposit of a heavy brown substance. Upon analysis by eminent chemists, among whom was Prof. George F. Hadley, of Buffalo, N. Y. This substance was found to consist of 92 per cent. per oxide of Iron, 7 per Selicia, and 1 Alumnin.

The world has long been wanting a perfect Fire and Water Proof Paint and Roofing Cement, and by repeated and exhausted tests it has been demonstrated that the above discovery fully supplies that want. Oxide of Iron and Selicia are two of the most indestructive substances known to chemistry. When applied to shingles by the dipping process, or by laying the roof in cement it has given unqualified satisfaction. Applied to an old shingle roof that is leaky it effectually stops all leakage. If applied according to instructions, forms a coating of oxide of iron that is water and fire proof. For Felt roofing it is second to none in the world. It is

Cheap, Light, Durable,

Fire and Water Proof. Such an invention commends itself to owners of property in this age of destructive conflagrations. The demand for it is already great.—This useful improvement was patented by N. E. Blake, of Almond, N. Y., which Letters Patent bear date the 18th day of April, 1865. A Stock Company, with sufficient capital, has been chartered by the State of New York to develope the mines and supply the necessities of the public.

The undersigned, having purchased the right of Butler County, for putting on roofs, of the above described material, are now ready to enter into contracts for doing the same, at much less cost than it can be done of any other material. We will warrant all roofs to be water and fire proof, and also, to be durable. We will sell the right of a portion of the County on reasonable terms.

For further particulars apply to or address THOS. M'GAFFIC or JAS. D. RIDDLE, Centreville, or H. S. BINGHAM, Harrisville, Penn'a.
no 14, 4w.

PROPOSALS.

PENNSYLVANIA
Agricultural Land Scrip
FOR SALE.

THE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS NOW OFFER for sale 200,000 acres of Agricultural College Land Scrip, being the balance of the Scrip granted to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the endowment of Agricultural Colleges in this State.

Proposals for the purchase of this Land Scrip, addressed to "The Board of Commissioners of Agricultural Land Scrip," will be received at the Surveyor General's Office, at Harrisburg, until 12 o'clock M., on Wednesday, April 10, 1867.

This land may be located in any State or Territory, by the holders of the scrip, upon any of the unappropriated lands (except mineral lands) of the United States, which may be subject to sale at private entry. Each piece represents a quarter section of one hundred and sixty acres, issued in blank and will be transferable without indorsement or formal assignment. The blank need not be filled until the scrip is presented for location and entry, when the party holding it can fill the blank and enter the land in his own name. Bids must be made as per acre, and no bids will be received for less than one quarter section.

The Scrip will be issued immediately on the payment of the money to the Surveyor General. On all bids for a less quantity than 40,000 acres, one-third of the purchase money must be paid within ten days, and the remaining two thirds within thirty days after notification of the acceptance of the bid or bids by the Board of Commissioners.

JACOB M. CAMPBELL,
Surveyor General
For the Board of Commissioners.
Harrisburg, February [illegible]