The American Citizen.

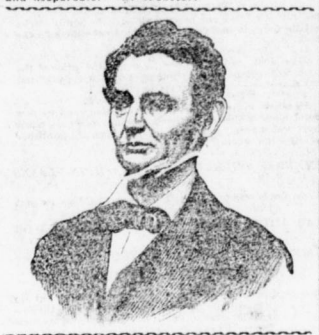
THOMAS ROBINSON, CYRUS E. ANDERSON, } Editors.

M. W. SPEAR, Publisher.

BUTLER PA.

WEDNESDAY OCT. 12, 1864.

☞ "Liberty and Union, Now and Forever, One and Inseparable."—D. Webster.



FOR PRESIDENT:

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.
of Illinois.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

ANDREW JOHNSTON.
of Tennessee.

Presidential Electors.

SENATORIAL.

Morton M'Michael, Philadelphia.
Thomas H. Cunningham, Beaver county.

RE RESENTATIVE.

1 Robert P. King,	13 Elias W. Hall,
2 Geo. Morrison Coates,	14 Charles J. Shriner,
3 Henry Bumm,	15 John Wister,
4 William H. Kern,	16 David M'Conaughy,
5 Barton H. Jenks,	17 David W. Wood,
6 Charles M. Runk,	18 Isaac Hensop,
7 Robert Parker,	19 John Patton,
8 Aaron Mull,	20 Samuel B. Dick,
9 John A. Hiestand,	21 Everard Bierer,
10 Richard H. Corvell,	22 John P. Penney,
11 Edward Holliday,	23 Ebenezer M'Junkin,
12 Charles F. Reed,	24 John W. Blanchard.

☞ The above is a good likeness of that sterling patriot who, surrounded by extraordinary embarrassments, has stood at the helm, not yielding to either wind or wave, but with the Constitution for his chart and the Union for his polar star, moves steadily on in the discharge of his sacred duty. Around him are patriots rallying, and with a united voice declaring that he who has steered the Ship of State thus far shall carry her through the storm.

Major Thomas M'Laughlin.

In our paper of last week, in a short article, we criticised the consistency of Major McLaughlin, for lending the influence of his presence and name to what we believe to be, a disloyal organization.

Immediately on the appearance of our paper, the Major and his *special* friends (our Copperhead neighbors) became very much excited, and, like a hive of bees when their scap had been rashly disturbed, might be seen buzzing in every direction. Physicians, with a full knowledge of the character of both the medicine and disease, may still be disappointed as to the results of their treatment of patients, on account of want of knowledge as to the strength of the constitution to be operated upon. A dose of Epacec for instance, that would only slightly disturb the stomach of one patient, would prove a severe emetic for another. It was in this respect that we were somewhat disappointed in the effect produced by the above, upon the Major and his friends.—We only intended to slightly disturb the bile on their stomachs, but, to our surprise, it proved to be strong enough to let them throw up freely—in fact almost throwing them into spasms!

The *Herald* of Saturday last, re-produces our article, with comments, and grafts into its article a letter written by Lt. Lyon—so far as that article refers to us personally, we care nothing about it—its insinuation has been denied before, every time it repeats it, it utters an unqualified falsehood. We do not mean to say that the editor of the *Herald* is not a gentleman, but we do say that three fourthr of all that is said in that paper, editorially, in reference to the Republican party, or those who are laboring for its domination, is unadulterated falsehood!

As to Lieutenant Lion's letter, it has no bearing whatever on the matter in question, save that it shows that we were right in presuming that the Major was a private citizen, and not home on a "short visit" from his Regiment, as the *Herald* would have us believe. Indeed it is quite natural that, if desired, he should write such a letter as he has written. Had it been written to us, we would have published it with pleasure.

The only controversy that we will have with the Major or his friends, is his relations to a disloyal organization—and it must be remembered, that, when he took leave of his Regiment, as also when Lt. Lyon wrote his letter, the Major had not formally joined his fortunes with the Copperhead party, by accepting a seat among the officers of the meeting on Court week. Now how does the matter stand? Three years ago last harvest, Capt. M'Laughlin went out with one of the best companies that went into the service that year; most of our young neighbors were in it, we encouraged them to go in this company, because we had confidence that with the Captain at its head, it would give a good account of itself.—As we have no controversy as to the Captains military career, we pass over two years, and come to the canvass between Curtin and Woodward. The captain had in the meantime become Major, and was absent from his Regiment (either on detatched duty or sick furlaugh we believe) we saw him in Pittsburgh the day of Curtin's nomination. We will not refer to anything that ever passed between him and us, but will say that from several sources, we were informed that he had declared in favor of the Union ticket. Later in the ermpaign (perhaps when old party affinities began to revive) he wrote, as we were informed, to his old company, that he would vote for neither candidate! Later in the canvas he made up his mind to vote for Woodward. Thus setting aside his former declarations, as also disregarding the united voice of his old company, not more than three of whom would touch Woodward. The Democratic party occupied a very doubtful position in this state at that time, while in Connecticut, Ohio and elsewhere it stood squarely opposed to the war. It has made great advance, however since then on its road to a peace platform, which amounts to disunion. Now it is much more pleasant to eulogise than condemn; but when duty requires we will not on that account withold criticism.

We certainly have no personal feelings in this matter, we have always respected the Major *personally*, have known him twenty-four years, and have no knowledge of anything that should inspire us with other feelings towards him than respect. Politically it is otherwise. But we are told that our attack upon him was uncalled for and will create quite a feeling in his old Regiment! From our general knowledge of the matter we incline to the impression that he has not been very much with the regiment since becoming Major, sickness and detached duty we think, have both prevented him; certainly his most ardent and exhausting labors were, when Capt. of Co. H, his old company; in it we have no doubt are found, his warmest friends—of that Co. its feelings and sympathies we claim to have some knowledge; and we feel safe in saying that no act of ours, however extreme, could be so distastful to members of that Co. as was the Major's voting for Woodward last fall; and in this matter we know whereof we affirm; and distastful as we know that was, his recent associations will be even more so. For we venture the prediction that there will not be more than six or seven votes for Little Mac in the whole company.

And now in conclusion, we would ask the Major to *seriously* reflect upon his position. He has quit the service, as he says, because of his "advanced age," we think therefore that he is not so excusable as those in the full enjoyment of youth, for a tenacious adherance to party. Parties to have undergone some changes since he last mingled with them. The Union party has perhaps moved forward, while the Democratic has moved backward.—The Major has, as we believe, been engaged in an honorable warfare, for the preservation of the Union, and in that has doubtless done his whole duty; the men in whose company he was recently found say it was not such a warfare, that it was murder. We believe that the Union army is as brave and patriotic as any army ever organized, and much more intelligent. The President of the meeting of which the Major was Vice President, has said, that one rebel is equal to three Union soldiers, in point of courage and daring—and that Gen. McClellan knew this fact so well that he would not risk a battle unless when outnumbering his adversary three to one. The daughters of some of the leaders here, have insulted Union soldiers by hurrahing for Jefferson Davis, and by declaring that the Union army was a mere rabel. The Chicago convention declared that four years of war was a failure! Does the Major think so?

All over the north-west, the leaders of the Democratic party have gone into the disloyal organization called the sons of liberty—perhaps two-thirds of the party in the west is in this oath-bound organization. They have been procuring arms for the purpose of opposing the Government and assisting the invasion, which the rebel armies were to undertake. A few weeks since a friend wrote us from Ohio, that where he was, they were openly organizing and drilling preparitory for open resistance to the draft! At the head of all this is C. L. Valandigham, and other known leaders of the Democracy.

After Mr Lincoln issued his call for the 500,000 men, last called out, we in the course of a conversation with one of the Democrats of this town, said to him "why can we not go to work as heretofore, unitedly encourage volunteering." His answer was "it cannot be done. No Democrat will hence forth go into the army! "well but" said I, "you know the Government must have the men—we don't wish to see those gallant Union armies struggle along without reinfoicements, and if we did the Government will have them if it has even to draft them." His reply was, that "within thirty days we will have a secret organization in every district in the Union to resist every Federal mandate; and then we would like to see any of the minions of the government attempt to draft us," at another time the same gentleman said that the streets of our town should run in blood before they would be drafted. When the gallant veteran army under Mead was entering Pennsylvania for the purpose of driving back the rebel army under Lee, on the eve of the battle of Getteysburg, one of the same persuasion (a member of a profession) said that we had about as much to fear from Mead's army as from Lee's.

But space fails us to produce half the facts which are capable of being produced to prove the utter faithfullnsess of that party to the cause of their country, even in the meeting which honored (!) the Major with—say four cheers and a half (they first gave three for the Major and then three for him and another.) We were told that we could never conquer the south. The Major, we believe, is an official member of one of the most popular, as it is one of the most patriotic churches in this section—he heard the entire ministry assailed, their motives questioned, and without reserve. Looking at the Major's calling for the three years past and reflecting upon all these things, we were indeed somewhat vexed to see him mingle so freely with the party now known as Copperhead, in Pennsylvania, and Butternut, in Ohio and elsewhere. It is not the Democratic party of 1860, by any means. Knox, Heister, Cessna, Shannon and scores of others who were acknowledged leaders then, are for Lincoln now. We submit these facts dispassionately, and in al kindness we ask the Major to reflect upon them and imagine whether his regiment will have more right, or be more likely to reflect upon us for the manner in which we saw fit to treat this matter, or at him for the formation of these strange and unnatural associations with the political enemies of his country? It is true he has connections by affinity with that regiment, but we claim relations by consanguinity. We know that every pulsation that springs from the heart of that veteran regiment beats impatiently for the triumph of the union arms—so does ours We know that the Major's solicitude never exceeded ours for its safety and *honor*; filled as it is in part by our neighbors and friends. Since this matter has commenced we have been informed on good authority that the Major, while in Washington declared that he would vote for Mr. Lincoln, if such should be his intention, all he has to do is to say so above his signature, it shall have a place in our columns, and all that we have said, based, as it is, upon a contrary presumption, shall be taken back. Till then, however, the record shall stand as already made up. Shakespeare nowhere gives a nobler precept than when he says:

> Be just, and fear not,
> Let all that thou am'st at
> Be thy countries [illegible], and truths.'

We shall endeavor to follow it regardless of consequences.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

New Shoes, New

Cloaks, Sacques, Circulars and Shawls.

DRESS AND MILLINERY GOODS,

A NEW & COMPLETE STOCK JUST OPENED,

AT

D. Y. PAPE & CO.

EUTAW HOUSE, PA.

New Notions. New

Cloth for Cloaks.

LOST.

IN the Fair grounds, on the second day of the Fair, a Hair Bracelet, with a heavy gold clasp containing a brilliant set. The finder will receive one dollar reward by leaving it at this office. Mrs. S. J. TIMBLIN.

Executors Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that letters Testamentary have been issued to the undersigned on the estate of James Magee, late of Penn Tp. dec'd. All persons therefore knowing themselves indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOSEPH DOUTHETT.
JOHN MAGEE.
Oct. 5th 1864. Executors.

Strayed or Stolen.

FROM the residence of the subscriber in Muddy Creek Tp., Butler Co. Pa., on the 9th of October, (Sabbath night) one mare 2 years old, arising 3, brown slightly mingled with white hairs about the head and neck, full face and a scar of a kick on the left hip. Any person giving information that will lead to the recovery of the mare, will be satisfied for their trouble.

Oct. 12 1864:tf. M. W. KENNEDY.

☞ TO VOLUNTEES.—Volunteers will be accepted and counted on the quotas of the present call up to the last practical moment before the drafted men are accepted, and sent to rendezvous.

Townships and sub-districts which have not filled their quotas, are urged to do so at once.

All time that can possibly be given, will be allowed, but the Draft will commence as soon after the 5th of September as practicable.

Credits will be given and Government bounty paid to Volunteers until further notice. By order

Capt. RICHARD DODGE,
8th U. S. Infantry, A. A. P. M. General.
J. W. KIRKER,
Captain and Provost Mar., 23d Dist., Pa.
Sept. 7, 1864:tf.

JAMES G. CAMPBELL..... WM. CAMPBELL

Stoves! Stoves!! Stoves!!!

WM. & JAS. G. CAMPBELL—FOUNDERS—Foundery South of the borough of Butler, where Stove Ploughs and other castings are made. A large supply constantly on hand and for sale at reasonable rates.

Dec. 9, 1863:tf.

Duff's College.

Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.,

FOUNDED IN 1840.

AND

Incorporated by Legislative Charter.

THE ONLY INSTITUTION

of the kind IN THE UNION, conducted by a practical BUSINESS MAN. Our highest commercial authorities, East and West, pronounce his system of Book-keeping unequaled—comprehending every department of business, and yet so skilfully condensed that the attentive student masters the whole in six or eight weeks. It consists of

STOCK BOOKS,
closed once with a loss and twice with a gain—exhibiting by three different methods, the transfer of old to new books.

PARTNERSHIP BOOKS,
conducted by three different methods, exhibiting the transfer of old to new books, with the introduction of a new partner. And practically illustrating the

PRIVATE LEDGER,
by means of which the results of the business are kept out of the general books, for the use of the partners only. The book is not even named elsewhere. The settlement of Partnership Books by

SINGLE ENTRY,
with six practical illustrations, exhibiting the books reopened by Double-Entry. A concise rule for rectifying

DERANGED DOUBLE-ENTRY BOOKS,
with six specifications. The gain or loss found, and the books correctly re-opened. The learner is also exercised in

OPENING BOOKS,
from eight specifications, including special conditions not often met with in business. Also, a serious of exercises in

CLOSING BOOKS,
from new and peculiar specifications. The learner also writes about eighty

BUSINESS FORMS
of Promissary Notes, Judgment Notes, Drafts, Orders, Bills of Exchange, Accounts, Invoices, &c., &c. Also, a series of

BUSINESS LETTERS,
which, with the business forms, are all connected with his course of Book-Keeping, making it a regular course of business practice, with a course of twenty-five

LECTURES UPON BOOK-KEEPING,
by the Senior Principal, explaining all the business matters recorded in the text. Also, twelve

LECTURES ON BUSINESS SUBJECTS.
How every one may get rich. How to get rich by trading. The causes of commercial failures. On speculations. The moral influence of integrity in youth, &c.—Also, lectures upon

COMMERCIAL LAW,
on Partnerships, Contracts, Insurance, Common Carriers, the Statute of Limitations, &c. Practical instructions in detecting

COUNTERFEIT BANK NOTES,
by a full set of genuine vignettes and counters, and a large collection of counterfeit notes.

OUR RAILROAD BOOK-KEEPING,
(In manuscript,) exhibits the construction and equipment, the operating receipts and expenditures, the books closed and a dividend recorded. These books are advertised by others, but not taught elsewhere in the city.—Our new system of

PRIVATE BANK BOOKS,

"There was mounting in hot haste: the steed,
The mustering squadron and the clattering car
Were pouring forward with impetuous speed,
While stared the citizens with terror dumb,
Or whispered with white lips—
'The foe! they come! they come!'"

(In manuscript,) embracing all the best forms in use among private Bankers Our new enlarged edition of

DUFF'S
STEAMBOAT BOOK-KEEPING,
now in press, pronounced by competent authority "A perfect system for such books and accounts". In this department students have the assistance of our Superintendent, Mr. THOS. B. SMITH, an experienced Practical Mercantile Accountant, and formerly Clerk of a Mississippi steamer.

Our full course of business practice includes about

FIFTY BUSINESS BOOKS,
ruled to about THIRTY DIFFERENT FORMS, viz: 11 Ledgers, 7 Day-books, 3 Journals, 6 Bill-books, 4 Cash-Books 4 Sales-books, 2 Invoice-books, 1 Discount-book, 1 Check register, 1 Deposit-register, 2 Collection-registers, 1 Tickler, 1 Hand's-register, 1 Freight-book, 2 Passage-books, 1 Fuel-book. These books practically record about SIX HUNDRED BUSINESS TRANSACTIONS, comprehending DUFF'S original plan of business education introduced twenty-five years ago. How far others have succeeded in imitating him will be best seen by comparing the business papers and books of their pupils with those of the graduates of this institution.

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DUFF'S BOOK KEEPING

Price $1,75. Postage 20 cents. Sold by Booksellers generally.

The following testimonials indicate the character of this work:

"No other work upon Book-Keeping explains the subjects with so much clearness and simplicity."
F. W. EDMUNDS,
Cashier Mechanics' Bank, Wall st., N. Y.

"It gives a clear insight into all departments of this science."
A. S. FRASER,
Cashier of Seventh Ward Bank, N. Y.

"As an extensive ship owner, American and European merchant, bank director, etc., he has born the reputation of the higest order of business talents."
JOHN W. BURNHAM, Merchant,
No. 8 South st., New York.

"Mr. Duff is a man of rare qualifications for business."
JOHN M. D. TAYLOR, Merchant,
Union st., New Orleans.

"Mr. Duff is a merchant of the first respectability."
J. LANDIS, Merchant, New Orleans.

"I graduated in Duff's College in half the time I expected. His admirable system includes nothing surperfluous, nor leaves out anything essential."
J. R. COMPTON,
Cashier Niagra Bank, Lockport, N. Y.

"It contains much matter important to the merchant."
C. O. HALSTEAD,
President Manhattan Bank, N. Y.

"The most complete work of the kind I have ever seen."
JAMES P. MURRAY,
President Exchange Bank, Pittsburgh.

"The most clear and comprehensive that I have met with."
JOHN SNYDER,
Cashier Bank of Pittsburgh.

"You have your own long experience as a merchant to good use in this work." RICHARD IRVIN, Merchant,
No. 98 Front street N. Y.

"The favorable opinions already expressed by gentlemen of competent authority are well deserved and very properly bestowed."
CHARLES M. LEUPP,
LEOPOLD BIERWORTH,
ROBERT KELLY,
Special Committee of the Chamber of Commerce, N. Y.
[Extract from the Minutes.]
PROSPER M. WETMORE, Secretary.

"Your Committee unanimously concur in the opinion of the utility of the improved method of Mr. Duff."
GURDON J. LEEDS,
Recording Secretary of the American Institute, N. Y.

On Wm. H. Duff's Penmanship.
Twelve First Premiums

for the best Business and Ornamental Penmanship, awarded our Present Penman, by the United States Fair at Cincinnati in 1860
Pennsylvania State Fair at Wyoming 1860
Western Pennsylvania Fair at Pittsburgh 1860
Western Virginia Fair at Wheeling 1860
And the Ohio State Fair at Cleveland 1862

All of which are exhibited at our office.

"Perfect gems of the Penman's art."—*Pittsburgh Post.*

"These performances can only be excelled by the author."—*Pittsburgh Gazette.*

"All his ornamental designs are new and remarkable performances."—*Evening Gazette.*

"The late Western Pennsylvania Fair awarded him six First Premiums in all branches of the art."—*Ohio State Journal.*

OUR TERMS.

For the Graduating Course, time unlimited $40,00
Blanks and Stationery (costing $7 elsewhere 2,50
The enlarged edition of Duff's Bookkeeping 1,75

Our blanks are ruled of fine extra size paper, ruled complete, with full sets of auxiliaries.

The Institution therefore offers the Commercial Student, the following

IMPORTANT ADVANTAGES:

1st. The best System of accounts in use, taught by the Author.

2d. The daily lectures of an experienced Accountant.

3d. A saving of half the time required by other Colleges, and $20 or $30 in board.

4th. A saving of $6 or $7 in Stationery.

5th. Having the best business penman in the West.

☞ For full particulars, send for our elegant new Circular, containing 8, with samples of our Penman's Business and Ornamental Writing, inclosing 25 cents for postage, to

P. DUFF & SON, Principals.

June 1, 1864:1m:ly. Pittsburgh, Penn's.

1864. New Goods! 1864.

A LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK OF

Splendid Seasonable Goods,

Just received and for Sale at the

NEW STORE OF

WEBER & TROUTMAN,

Boyd's Building, corner of Main & Jefferson sts.

BUTLER, PA.,

Consisting of Dry Goods, such as FINE DELAINS, CASHMERES, and COBERGS, ALAPACAS, PRINTS, BALMORAL SKIRTS a general assortment of

LADIES DRESS GOODS,

of the finest quality

BONNETS, RIBBONS, LACES,

and all kinds of Trimmings.

A large assortment of GENTS. WARE, such as

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES SATINETTS, JEANS, CATTONADES, &c.

Ready-Made Clothing,

HATS AND CAPS

Of the very latest Styles.

A large and well selected Stock of

BOOTS & SHOES,

Hardware, Queensware,

CROCKERY, GROCERIES,

And a Genuine Article of STRAINED HONEY,

All of which will be sold cheap for

CASH, or COUNTRY PRODUCE

WEBER & TROUTMAN.

April 13, 1864:6mo.

Appraisement List.

THE following Appraisement Lists, under the Fifth Section of the Act of April 14th, 1851, have been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Orphans' Court, viz:

No. 1, June Term, 1864. Mrs Ellen Stillwagon, widow of Jacob Stillwagon, dec'd, Personal property to the am't of $79,80 G W Stillwagon & Adam Stillwagon, Ex'rs

No 2, June Term, 1864, Mrs Christiana Kerner, widow of John Kerner, dec.d, Personal property to the amount of $300,00
Christiana Kerner & James Anderson, Adm'rs

No 52, June Term, 1864, Mrs Mary M'Kinnis, widow of John M'Kinnis, dec'd Personal property to the amount of $300,00 Wm Dick & John M'Kinnis, Adm'rs

No 56, June Term, 1864, Mrs Mary A Fowler, widow of Joseph D Fowler, dec'd Personal property to the amount of $891,50 Mary A Fowler, Adm'x

No 59, June Term, 1864, Mrs Rebecca M'Kinnis, widow of Andrew M'Kinnis, dec'd Personal property to the amount of $49,75 Robert M'Kinnis, Adm'r

No 60, June Term, 1864, Mrs Elizabeth S'Cormick, widow of Hugh M'Cormick, dec'd Personal property to the amount of $112,00 Jas G Wilson, Adm'r

Of which the creditors, heirs, legatees, distributees, and others interested, will take notice and appear at the next Term, to wit: the Fourth Monday of September, 1864, and not later than the third day thereof, to show cause against the same. By the Court,

WATSON J. YOUNG, Clerk.

Butler, August 31, 1864

ARCHIBALD BLAKELEY,
Attorney at Law,
FRANKLIN, VENANGO COUNTY, PA.
Office one door North of KINNEAR HOUSE.
June 8, 1864:6mo.

J. D. M'JUNKIN,
Attorney at Law.
Also Licensed Claim Agent,
Office with E. M'Junkin, Esq., opposite the Pennsylvania Hotel, Butler, Pa.

EMPORIUM OF FASHION,
ON MAIN STREET,
Opposite Boyd's Buildings, Butler.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform his old friends and the public generally, that he is constantly in receipt of the very latest Fashions, and is fully prepared at all times to execute all kinds of work in his line of business in a neat and workmanlike manner, and will be happy to attend to all who may give him a call.

A N McCANDLESS.
Jan. 6, 1864:tf

Executor's Notice.

ESTATE OF JOHN JACK, DEC'D.

WHEREAS Letters Testamentary with the Will annexed, have this day been duly issued by the Register to William M. Graham, Esq. Executor of John Jack, late of Washington township, dec'd., therefore all persons indebted to the estate of said decedent, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same, will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

Aug. 24, 1864, 6t* WM. M'GRAHAM, Ex'r.

W. H. H. RIDDLE,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
WILL, with the least possible delay, attend to all business entrusted to his care. COLLECTIONS promptly made. Also, General *Agent* for the Butler County Mutual Fire Insurance Company. Office with John M. Thompson, Esq., nearly opposite the Post Office, Main St., BUTLER, PA, [April 13, 1864:tf.

R. M. M'LURE,
Attorney at Law,
AND
PENSION AND CLAIM AGENT.
Office, N. E. corner of Diamond, Butler, Pa.
Feb. 3, 1864:tf.

A. M. NEYMAN, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon.
Office immediately opposite Walker's buildings, Butler Pa.
Dec. 9, 1863:tf.

CHARLES McCANDLESS..... HUGH C. GRAHAM.
McCANDLESS & GRAHAM,
Attorneys' at Law.
Office on the South-west corner of the Diamond, Butler, Pa
Also, CLAIM AGENTS for securing *Pensions, Arrears of Pay and Bounty Money*, for Soldiers, or if they are dead, for their legal representatives. In prosecuting Soldier's Claims, or those of their Representatives, no charge until collected.
Dec. 9, 1863:tf.

FARM FOR SALE,
ONE mile North-west of Butler, Fifty-four acres of good land, and in good order, with from 3 to 4 feet vein of Coal; good and nice Brick House; large and very convenient Barn; excellent Spring House, with never failing Spring; plenty of good out buildings; a young Orchard, and large Garden, &c. Price cheap. Deed perfect.
Sept. 14, 1864:2w* J. J. WALDBURGER, Owner on the place.

Watches, Clocks & Jewelry.
IF you want a good Watch, Clock, or set of good Jewelry, go to Grieb, where you can get the very best the market affords. He keeps on hand, a large assortment of Jewelry of all styles, and in fact everything usually kept in a Jewelry Store. Repairing done on short notice.
Dec. 9, 1863:tf. FRANCIS X. GRIEB

U. S. 7-30 Loan.

THE Secretary of the Treasury gives notice that subscriptions will be received for Coupon Treasury Notes, payable three years from Aug. 15th, 1864, with semi-annual interest at a rate of seven and three-tenths per cent. per annum—principal and interest both to be paid in lawful money.

These notes will be convertible at the option of the holder at maturity, into six per cent. gold bearing bonds, payable not less than five nor more than twenty years from their date, as the Government may elect. They will be issued in denominations of $50, $100, $500, $1,000 and $5,000, and all subscriptions must be for fifty dollars or some multiple of fifty dollars.

The notes will be transmitted to the owners free of transportation charges, as soon after the receipt of the original Certificate of Deposit as they can be prepared.

As the notes draw interest from August 15, persons making deposits subsequent to that date must pay the interest accrued from date of note to date of deposit.

Parties depositing twenty-five thousand dollars and upwards for these notes at any one time will be allowed a commission of one-quarter of one per cent., which will be paid by the Treasury Department upon the receipt of a bill for the amount, certified by the officer with whom the deposit was made. No deductions for commissions must be made from the deposits.

Special Advantages of This Loan.

IT IS A NATIONAL SAVINGS BAND, offering a higher rate of interest than any other, and *the best security*. Any savings bank which pays its depositors in U. S. Notes, considers that it is paying in the best circulating medium of the country, and it *cannot* pay in anything better, for its own assets are either in government securities or in notes or bonds payable in government paper.

It is equally convenient as a temporary or permanent investment. The notes can always be sold for within a fraction of their face and accumulated interest, and are the best security with banks as collaterals for discounts.

Convertible into a Six per cent. 5-20 Gold Bond.

In addition to the very liberal interest on the notes for three years, this privilege of conversion is now worth about three per cent. per annum, for the current rate for 5-20 Bonds is not less than *nine per cent. premium*, and before the war the premium in six per cent. U. S. stocks was over twenty per cent. It will be seen that the actual profit on this loan, at the present market rate, is not less than ten per cent. per annum.

Its Exemption from State or Municipal Taxation.

But aside from all the advantages we have enumerated, a special Act of Congress *exempts all bonds and Treasury notes from local taxation*. On the average, this exemption is worth about two per cent. per annum, according to the rate of taxation in various parts of the country.

It is believed that no securities offer so great inducements to lenders as those issued by the government.—In all other forms of indebtedness, the faith or ability of private parties, or stock companies, or separate communities, only, is pledged for payment, while the whole property of the country is held to secure the discharge of all the obligations of the United States.

While the government offers the most liberal terms for its loans, it believes that the very strongest appeal will be the loyalty and patriotism of the people.

Duplicate certificates will be issued for all deposits.—The party depositing must endorse upon the *original* certificate the denomination of notes required, and whether they are to be issued in blank or payable to order. When so endorsed it must be left with the officer receiving the deposit, to be forwarded to the Treasury Department.

SUBSCRIPTIONS WILL BE RECEIVED by the Treasurer of the United States, at Washington, the several Assistant Treasurers and designated Depositaries, and by the

First National Bank of

Allegheny City, Pa. First, Second, and Third National Banks of Pittsburgh, Pa., and by all National Banks which are depositaries of public money, and

ALL RESPECTABLE BANKS AND BANKERS

throughout the country will give further information and AFFORD EVERY FACILITY TO SUBSCRIBERS.

U. S. Collector's Notice.

HAVING received the Annual List of Licenses, Taxes on Incomes, Carriages, Silver Plate, &c., under the U. S. Internal Revenue Laws, for the 3d Division of the 23d District, Penna., comprising the county of Butler, I will attend for the purpose of receiving of said taxes, &c., at my office, in the borough of Butler, from the 23d of August, 1864, to the 19th of September, 1864, also at the following places:

Saturday, Sept. 10, 1864, from 9 to 12 o'clock, a. m., at Kelly's Store, Buffalo township.

Same day, from 1 to 4 o'clock, p. m., at the Store of E. Maurhoff, Esq., Saxonburg.

Monday, Sept. 12, 1864, from 8 to 12 o'clock, a. m., Fairview, at Adam's Hotel.

Same day, from 1 to 3 o'clock, p. m., Millerstown, at Hoch's Hotel.

Tuesday, Sept. 13, 1864, from 8 to 12 o'clock, a. m., Sunbury, at A. Wilson's Store.

Same day, from 2 to 4 o'clock, p. m., Harrisville, at Kerr's Hotel.

Wednesday, Sept. 14, 1864, Centreville, at Kyth's Hotel.

Thursday, Sept., 16, 1864, from 8 to 12 o'clock, a. m., Petrerville, at Oliver's Hotel.

Same day, from 2 to 4 o'clock, p. m., Prospect, at Mrs. Bredin's Hotel.

Friday & Saturday, the 16th and 17th of Sept. 1864, at Zelienople, at Bastian's Hotel.

Monday, Sept. 19, 1864, Glade Mill, from 12 to 4 o'clock p. m., at Cooper's Hotel, after which time the penalties prescribed by law, will be strictly enforced.

Payment must be made in U. S Money.

R. C. McABOY,
Dep. Col., 3d Div., 23d Dist.
Butler, Aug. 24, 1864.

H. S. Fisher's Improved
FRUIT CAN,
Patened Nov. 12, 1861, Aug. 19, 1862, and March 22, 1864.
To be had only of the subscriber, on Main St., BUTLER, Pa., 4 doors North of M'Aboy's Store, where every article of TINWARE is kept in GREAT VARIETY.
This can has been extensively used and found to be perfectly safe. Its great convenience will be discovered at first sight. The extensive facilities for manufacturing all its parts make it very cheap.
It is closed by clamping a tin cap over and round the opening, which is pressed upon a cement-coated gasket, causing the cement to melt by the heat of the fruit; becoming cold, it is perfectly sealed. It is closed or opened in an instant, by hooking or unhooking a strait wire spring.
LADIES, and others, are requested to call and examine this unsurpassed *Fruit Can*.
WM. S. ZIEGLER.
Butler, July 13, 1864:tf.

JAS. MCELWAIN..... WM. CAMPBELL
M'ELWAIN & CAMPBELL,
Wholesale and Retail
GROCERS,
AND DEALERS IN
COUNTRY PRODUCE,
No. 164 FEDERAL STREET,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.
March 30, 1864:2mo.

Heavy Artillery for One Year.
Col. Galop's New Regiment.
WE are authorized by the War Department to recruit a Company of **Heavy Artillery for One Year**, to form a part of Col. Galop's New Regiment of HEAVY ARTILLERY, to be stationed in the fortifications around Washington City. Here is an opportunity to enter a
NEW ORGANIZATION,
Serve your country—get a big bounty—avoid the Draft—and get get clear of marching. Recruits will be mustered into the Company immediately after receiving their Local Bounty from the sub-district to which they are credited. GEO. M. IRWIN, CHAS. D. RHODES.
Head Quarters—
Provost Marshal Office, New Brighton, Pa., and B. Biddle Young, 126 Fourth Street, Pittsburgh.
Aug. 24, 1864:3t.

DR. CARL ILLING,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office in Boyd's Buildings, corner of Jefferson and Main Streets, one door South of Dr. Bell's Drug Store,
Sept. 7, 1864:tf. BUTLER, PA.

Dissolution.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the partnership heretofore existing between J. H. & R. M. Douthett, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The accounts, books and papers are left in the hands of J. H. Douthett, who is authorized to settle and collect all accounts due the late firm. Business will be conducted in the old stand, by J. H. Douthett.

J. H. DOUTHETT
R. M. DOUTHETT.
Downieville, Aug. 13, 3t*

1864. NEW GOODS, 1864.

AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST

AND AS GOOD AS THE BEST.

R. C. & J. L. M'ABOY.

Have just received at their establishment,

ON MAIN STREET, BUTLER, PA.,

A large and well selected stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

READ THE FOLLOWING CATALOGUE AND PROFIT THEREBY.

FOR THE LADIES.

Always on hand a large stock of Ladies goods, such as

COBERG CLOTH, ALPACAS, DE LANES, GINGHAMS, PRINTS, KERCHIEFS, NUBIES, GLOVES, &c.

FOR GENTLEMEN.

Always on hand Black Cloths, Fancy and Black Cassimeres, Satinetts, Cassinets, Tweeds, Plain and fancy Vestings, Shirting, etc., etc., etc.,

READY MADE CLOTHING.

Such as COATS, PANTS, VESTS and other garments,

Boots and Shoes,

HATS, CAPS & NECKTIES,

and a variety of other articles

HOUSEHOLD GOODS,

Such as Unbleached and Bleached Muslins, Linen and Cotton, Table Cloths, Oil Cloths, Linen and Hemp Towels, Carpets, Curtains, Fringe, etc.

HARDWARE, &C.

If you want Nails or Spikes, Manure or other forks, Saw-Mill or other saws, Smoothing Irons, Locks, Hinges, etc., go to M'Aboy's, where you can buy them cheap.

IF YOU WANT Good Extra Family Flour, White or Brown Sugar, Rio Coffee, Imperial, Young Hyson or Black Tea, go to M'Aboy's.

IF You WANT GROCERIES

of a superior quality, at as low rates as they can be had elsewhere in the county, go to the store of

R. C. & J. L. M'ABOY.

May 11, 1864.

PHOTOGRAPHS.
THE undersigned would respectfully inform the public, that he has purchased the Photograph Gallery, of J. C. Macurdy, on Main street, opposite Boyd's Building, where he is prepared to execute all work in the Art of Photographing, at the shortest possible notice.
His Reception Room is fitted up with neatness and elegance, where he has a
Large lot of Very Fine Photographs,
which are open for inspection to the public. Those desiring life-like Photographs, will please give us a call.
B. C. HUSELTON.
Butler, Aug. 17, 1864:tf.

For Rats, Mice Roaches, Ants, Bed Bugs, Moths in Furs, Woolens, &c., Insects on Plants, Fowls, Animals, &c.
Put up in 25c, 50c, and $1,00 Boxes, Bottles, and Flasks $3 and $5 sizes for HOTELS, PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS, &c.
"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."
☞ Sold wholesale in all large cities.
☞ Sold by all Druggists and Retailers everywhere.
☞ !!! Beware !!! of all worthless imitations.
☞ See that "COSTARS" name is on each Box, Bottle, and Flask, before you buy.
☞ Address, HENRY R. COSTAR.
☞ PRINCIPAL DEPOT, 482 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
☞ Sold by J. C. REDICK, & CO.,
☞ Wholesale and Retail Agents,
March 23, 1864:2mo. ☞ Butler, Pa.

Photograph Albums, &c.,
At prices ranging from 50 Cents, to $8,00.
A NEW FEATURE IN THE
BOOK BUSINESS.
FAMILY BIBLES FOR PHOTOGRAPH PICTURES.
ALSO—A general supply of Pocket and Family Bibles. Call and see them at the Book Store of
H. C. HEINEMAN.
Butler, June 22, 1864.

Information Concerning the Draft.

THE enrolled men of the 23d District, and all others interested, are respectfully informed that all enquiries on ordinary subjects connected with the Enrollment, Draft, Exemptions, Liabilities to Draft, Credits, and accounts of men furnished in this District, should be addressed to me, and not to the Provost Marshal General.

Upon the receipt of all communications containing enquiries on these subjects, the desired information will be promptly furnished.

By order of the Provost Marshal General.
J. W. KIRKER, Capt. & Pro.
Mar. 23d Dis. Pa.
Pro. Mar. Office, 23d Dis. Pa.,
Allegheny city, Aug. 31, 1864:3t.

VOGELEY HOUSE,
WILLIAM VOGELEY, Proprietor,
THE undersigned would respectfully inform the public generally, that he has erected a large and commodious brick building, on the site of the old and well known house, formerly occupied by him as a Tavern Stand. He has been at great expense in erecting and furnishing his new house, and flatters himself that he is now prepared to accommodate all who may desire to give him a call.—Having ample house room for one hundred persons, and stabling for at least fifty horses.
Thankful for past patronage, he would ask a continuance of the same. WM. VOGELEY.
Dec. 9, 1863: