The Farmer's Department.

Farm Works for September.

SOWING WHEAT.—The preparation of ground for wheat is an important labor for this month. The ground should be made mellow, that the moisture may be preserved and the seed vegetate freely. It should be clear from weeds and their seeds, that the crop may not be choked, the product rendered foul or impure, nor the subsequent grass crop diminished in value. Experience only will teach the farmer the proper degree of fertility; there are very few farms, however, where the addition of the fine manure will not be advantageous. an excellent mode of managing is the top-dressing given in the direction for last month. This top-dressing also assists the germination of grass seed, thus affording the advantages. of thick seeding and insuring a vigorous growth of the plants. Timothy seed sown with wheat, or immediately after, usually produces too strong a growth, and lessens the wheat crop, as well as interferes with the harvesting; it is best, therefore, to sow it about a fortnight afterwards, and the clover as early as possible the following spring. This top-dressing also protects the surface of the heavy soils, and lessens the tendency to freeze out. Sowing wheat early produces stronger plants and a better crop, but does not cause earlier ripening of the grain. The drill seeding if properly performed, gives the best crop, often from three to five bushels more per acre—but much drill seeding is improperly performed, the seeds being deposited too deep—an inch and a half on heavy soils, and two inches on light ones, are better than any greater depth; if the soil is moist enough, a less depth is better. Any farmer may satisfy himself on this point, and gain valuable practical information, by a few measured experiments. Some who have set their drills much too deep, have had lighter crops than with ordinary broadcast sowing, and have hastily denounced all machines of the kind.

Seed wheat that is infected with smut may be purified by washing in brine, and then sprinkling and stirring in powdered and slaked lime.

SEED CORN.—Improved varieties always tend to run backwards; the farmer should therefore constantly select the best ears for seed. This should be a regular yearly business, and if faithfully carried out will give an increase of several bushels per acre, in the long run.

SWINE.—The falling apples in orchards may now be fed to swine, and in connection with richer and drier food will cause them to fatten rapidly. Winter apples are often allowed to over-bear, and the removal of a portion of the crop for feeding these animals will improve the remainder. No tree should ever bear heavy enough to need propping. The yards and apartments in which swine are kept should be scrupulously clean, and rendered comfortable by dry litter. Experiments have shown that they fatten faster under these circumstances. Great pains should be taken to feed them with clock-work regularity, and not to give so much at a time that some would be left, and a distaste for food produced; neither should they ever be allowed to squeal off their flesh by waiting impatiently.

BUTTER.—This is usually the best month for the manufacture of butter—the great leading requisites for success in which, are first and most important. good, sweet rich, abundant pasture; secondly, good cows; thirdly, perfect cleanliness in the dairy house, in all the vessels used in it, and in the air which surrounds it; fourthly, general skillful management throughout. Under the latter head may be mentioned, shallow pans or shallow milk in the pans, proper temperature of the cream, and working out all the buttermilk.

TOP-DRESSING MEADOWS.—The best mode of manuring meadows is thoroughly enriching the soil by manure, applied to crops which precedes But scarcely inferior, and perhaps equal to this treatment, on clayey soils, is autumn topdressing. The manure for this purpose should be broken fine, and very evenly spread. Harrowing, some weeks after the application of the manure, will often be useful where the grass is short. The manure, thus applied, causes a strong autumn growth, enriches the surface soil by the washing in of autumn rains, and both the manure and increase of grass protects the roots during winter, and give an early growth in spring.

MANURE.—The hog-pens and compost heaps should receive everything that will decay. The fermentation in compost heaps may need quickening by a few pailsful of manure liquor. Use plaster to prevent the loss ammonia, sprinkling it over the manure while it is in active fermentation and upon stable floors, &c.

☞ All lands on which clover or grasses are grown, must either have lime in them naturally, or that mineral must be artificially supplied in the form of lime stone, oyster shells, or marl.

All permanent improvement of land must look to lime as its basis.

☞ Less land, more pains bestowed in cultivating it, and a variety of good stock, will be found highly profitable.

The Chicago Convention.

The Platform of the Chicago Convention will satisfy every foreign and domestic enemy of American Union and Liberty. It declares that the Government of the United States is guilty of resisting rebellion, and that the American people can not maintain the authority of their laws. It has no word of righteous wrath against the recreant citizens who have plunged the country in the blood of civil war, but lavishes its fury upon the constituted authorities which have steadily defended the Union. It has no censure for any act of rebellion, but the war measures taken by the Administration, under the authority of the Constitution, are branded as tyrannical and despotic. There is not a word in it that can cheer any soldier or sailor fighting for his country; not a syllable that stirs the blood of a patriot. It is craven, abject, humiliating. It confesses the defeat of the Union cause, and covertly implores the mercy of Jefferson Davis and his crew.

And this at a moment when stout old Farragut is thundering at Mobile; when the inexorable Grant clutches at the Weldon Road, which, as an officer in his army writes, it "like touching the cubs of a tigress;" when Early's Shenandoah invasion is too late for success; when Sherman is closing around Atlanta; when State after State is supplying its quota of fresh soldiers; when gold steadily declines; when a universal public confidence awakening; and when the rebels are plainly, palpably struggling to hold out only long enough to see if the election, by the elevation of the Chicago candidate, will not turn to their advantage.

Never again will this nation have a fairer chance of maintaining its constitutional authority than it has now. For three years it has, at every disadvantage, battled against this formidable conspiracy, and never was the conspiracy in so desperate a strait. The country has it by the throat. A little more force, a closer pressure, and the monster falls strangled, dead forever. A little less force, a relaxed hold, a wavering purpose, and the scaly folds of rebellion thrill with hope to the extremity; it renews its strength, it recruits its venom, and darts a deadlier blow at the life of the country.

As the Chicago Platform declares the war hopeless, its friends will of course wish to see its position confirmed. Every victory of Grant, of Farragut, and of Sherman will therefore be unwelcome. Every brave man who enlists will be grudged. The rise of prices will be hailed with delight; while universal disasters to our armies and navies, and the victories of the rebel armies will be hailed with exultation as conclusive proof of the "failure to restore the Union by the experiment of war." There is not an English lord or European aristocrat, not a sneerer at popular government and friend of despotism in the world, who will not applaud the Chicago Platform and hope for the success of its candidate.

The political campaign is opened. It will be short, sharp, and decisive, and the most momentous the country has ever known. If Mr. Lincoln is re-elected the Union, the authority of the Government, and the national honor will be maintained unconditionally; the rebellion, strained and baffled on every side, will be suppressed; and the peace and prosperity of the country be permanently re-established. If General McClellan is elected there will be an attempt to negoitate, to compromise, to bargain with the rebels. In the effort it is not the disputed point, it is the dignity and character of the Government which will be compromised. A treacherous truce will be patched up and labeled peace, and after staggering under its dishonor and disgrace for a miserable while the country will plunge forward again into the flaming gulf of war.

The issue is simple and sublime. It is the life or the degradation of the nation. It is to show that a Government of the people is equal to every exigency—ready for taxation, ready for military service, ready for endurance, ready for forbearance—that it is as strong as any Government in the world, and stronger—that in war it is as powerful and resolute and orderly as in peace it is industrious and prosperous. There seems to us but one way in which this can be shown, but one way in which utter national humiliation can be avoided, and that it is by the steady and strong hand of war until the rebels confess the authority of the Government. That is the policy which is personified in Abraham Lincoln and Andrew Johnson, and which we shall most strenuously support, for it is the cause of the peace and happiness of the American people.—*Harpers' Weekly.*

☞ *The Fairmont National* (West Virginia) says that Ulysses N. Arnett, delegate from that district to the Chicago Convention, reached home last Saturday, and

"Was immediately surrounded by all the dilapidated chivalry of Fairmont to learn his ideas respecting the prospects of their second choice (Jeff Davis is their *first* choice) for the Presidency. We learn that he gave them the comfortable assurance that McClellan would be elected, and that the war against *his* two sons, *their* sons, and all their friends fighting for their 'rights' would be instantly stopped; the greatest freedom of speech will then prevail, and the martyrs now confined in 'Lincolns Bastiles' will be released. Arnett it seems, was not allowed to speak or vote in the Convention, but his presthere was no doubt very congenial to himself and gratifying to the 'Democracy' generally."

☞ A Wisconsin paper says, on the faith of a private letter, that times are awful hard in Canada. No business done, wages not sufficient to pay board, and almost impossible to get work at any thing. The country is overrun with skedaddlers from the United States and the Confederacy, while thousands of the Canadians are leaving for the States to procure work.

☞ Among the curious French advertisements is the following:—"A man desires to find a wife who has suffered much." We would like to see a wife who has not "suffered"—according to her own story.

SHERIFF'S NOTICES.

Notice in Partition.

IN the matter of the Partition of the Real Estate of Samuel Meals, late of Washington township, dec'd.

In the Orphans' Court of Butler county. No. 6, Dec. Term, 1863 June 14, 1864, Inquisitionfied and confirmed *Nisi.*

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania—To the heirs and legal representatives of Samuel Meals, dec'd., to wit:—Elizabeth Meals, widow, and Jacob Meals William Meals, Daniel Meals, Mary Meals, intermarried with Thamas Campbell, Christopher Meals, Samuel Meals, Margaret Meals intermarried with William Grant, and children of Nancy Meals, dec'd., who was intermarried with Elisha Hilliard. You, and each of you, are hereby cited to be and appear before our Judges, at an Orphans' Court to be held at Butler, in and for the county of Butler, on the fourth MONDAY of September next, it being the 26th day of said month, to accept or or refuee the premises at the appraisement or valuation, or show cause why the same should not be sold.

By the Court.
WATSON J. YOUNG, Cl'k. of O. C.

To all of which, the heirs and legal representatives of Samuel Meals, dec'd., are hereby required to take notice.
WM. O. BRACKENRIDGE, Sh'ff.

Sheriff's office, Butler, Aug. 17, 1864.

Notice in Petition.

IN the matter of the Petition of Frederick Swartz, in right of and on behalf of his wife, Sophia Swartz, a daughter and lineal heir of John Kerner, dec'd., for Partition.

In the Orphans' Court of Butler county, No. 3, June Term, 1864. The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania—To the heirs and legal representatives of John Kerner, dec'd., to wit: Mrs. —— Kerner, widow, Catharine, intermarried with Dr. Peter Dockellere, living in Louisville, Ohio, Jacob Kerner, living in Adair county, Mo., Elizabeth, istermarried with Richard Umstead, living in Middlesex township, Butler county, Pa., Sophia, intermarried with Frederick Swartz, living in Allegheny city, Lewis Kerner, of 139th Penna. Volunteers, living in Sewickly, Allegheny county, Pa., and John Critchlow, son of Christiana, dec'd., who was intermaried with John Critchlow.

The said real estate consists of a certain l.t. piece or parcel of land situate in Middlesex township, Butler co., Penna., bounded and described as follows, to wit: On the north by James Anderson, on the east by John Smith and James M'Collum, on the south by John Lyon and Jacob Schulmire, and on the west by Johnston White and Michael Esteirman, containing one hundred acres, more or less. You and each of you are hereby cited to appear before our Judges, at an Orphins' Court, to be held at Butler, in and for the county of Butler, on the fourth MONDAY of September next, it being the 26th day of said month, to show cause why a writ of Partition should not be awarded as prayed for.

By the Court.
WATSON J. YOUNG, Clerk.

July 13, 1864.

To all of which, the heirs and legal representatives of John Kerner dec'd., are hereby required to take notice.
WM. O. BRACKENRIDGE, Sh'ff.

Sheriff's office, Butler, Aug. 17, 1864.

Notice in Petition.

IN the matter of the Petition of Henry J. Beighly and Isaac Sutton, for partition of the Real Estate of Christian Beighley, late of Clay township, deceased.

In the Orphans' Court of Butler county, No. 58, June Term, 1864.

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:—To the Heirs and Legal Representatives of Christian Beighly, dec'd. to wit: William Beighly, Rosanna intermarried with Christian Bright, Mary E. intermarried with Francis Freer, Margaret Jane, intermarried with Isaac Sutton, Henry J. Beighly, Matilda Beighly and M. M. Beighly. The said Real Estate consists of a certain messuage, or tract of land, containing one hundred and fifty acres, more or less, situate in Clay township, Butler county, Pennsylvania, adjoining lands of Jacob Brown, C. Miller, Philip Sanderson, Henry Deer, and others. You and each of you, are hereby cited to appear before our Judges, at an Orphans' Court, to be held at Butler, in and for the county of Butler, on the Fourth Monday of September next—it being the 26th day of said month, to show cause why said writ of Partition should not be awarded as prayed for.

By the Court.
WATSON J. YOUNG, Clk.

To all of which, the heirs and legal representatives of Christ., Beighly, dec'd are hereby required to take Notice.
W. O. BRACKENRIDGE, Sheriff.

Aug. 17, 1864.

Notice in Petition.

IN the matter of the Petition of Robert L. Black, of Marion township, for writ of Partition of the Real Estate of Robert C. Black, deceased.

In the Orphans' Court of Butler county, No. 8, June Term, 1864.

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to the heirs and legal representatives of Robert C. Black, dec'd., to wit: Nancy A. Black, widow, residing in Cherry tp., and John Black, now in the army; William Black residing in Marion tp., James Black residing in Warren county, Pennsylvania; Robert L. Black residing in Marion township, Joseph Black residing in Venango county, Pennsylvania; Ephraim Black residing in Cherry township; Eliza Jane, intermarried with James Campbell, residing in Washington township; Julia A. Black, residing in Venango co.; Harriet Black, residing in Cherry township, and Caroline, residing in Cherry township. The said Real Estate consists of a certain tract of land, situated in Marion tp., bounded as follows: On the North, by Jacob Stemmatz: on the East by lands of Matthew Black's heirs, and Jas. Kerr, on the South by Alexander and Samuel M'Murry, and on the West by heirs of R. Wandike and Jacob Stemmatts and Robert Dougan, containing about one hundred and seventy-five acres; also, a lot of ground situate in Cherry township, bounded on the North by H. C. M'Coy, East by Thomas Hutchison, South by W. Hutchison, and West by John Wyse, containing fifteen acres. You and each of you are hereby cited to appear before our Judges, at an Orphans' Court, to be held at Butler, in and for the county of Butler, on the Fourth Monday of September next—it being the 26th day of said month, to show cause why a writ of Partition should not be awarded, as prayed for.

By the Court,
WATSON J. YOUNG, Clk.

To all of which, the heirs and legal representatives of Robert C. Black, dec'd., are hereby required to take Notice.
W. O. BRACKENRIDGE,
Aug17, 1864. Sheriff.

Petition for Partition.

Butler County, ss.

IN the matter of the Petition of Edward Sweeny, for Partition of the Real Estate of Dennis Duff, dec'd.

In the Orphans' Court of Butler county, No. 57, June Term, 1864.

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania—To the heirs and legal representatives of Dennis Duff, dec'd., to wit:—Mary Duff, widow, Mary Elizabeth, intermarried with Edward Sweeny, Catharine, intermarried with Patrick Dougherty, Dennis Duff, John Duff, Peter Duff, Grace Annie Duff, Margaret Duff, and Manasses James Duff, children of Dennis Duff, dec'd. The said real estate consists of a certain messuage or tract of land situate in Clearfield township, Butler county, Pa., bounded north by ——Baxter, east by James Kelly, south by Patrick Tobin, and west by Miles Gallaher, containing one hundred and fifty acres, more or less. You and each of you, are hereby cited to be and appear before our Judges at an Orphans' Court to be held at Butler, in and for the county of Butler, on the fourth Monday of September next, it being the 26th day of said month, to show cause why said writ of partition should not be awarded as prayed for.

By the Court.
W. J. YOUNG, Clerk.

Butler, Augnst 3, 1864.

To all of which, the heirs and legal representatives of Dennis Duff, dec'd., are hereby required to take notice.
WM. O. BRACKENRIDGE, Sh'ff.

Aug. 24, 1864.

Register's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested, that the following accounts have been passed and filed in the Register's office, of Butler county, and will be presented for confirmation and allowance to the Orphans' Court, to be held in Butler, on Wednesday, September 29, 1864.

Final account of William Rea and John Staples, Exr's. of Job Staples, dec'd. Filed May 19, 1864.

Final account of Susan Noregon, Adm'x. of Henry Noregon, dec'd. Filed May 29, 1864.

Final and Supplementary account of Jno Murrin, Ex'r of Hugh Murrin, dec'd. Filed by Hugh & Wm. Murrin, Exr's. of John Murrin, dec'd., June 2, 1864.

Final account of Wm. Forquer, Ex'r. of Andrew Dougan, dec'd. Filed June 2, 1864.

Final account of David Dodds, Ex'r. of George Ebert, dec'd. Filed June 3, 1864.

Final account of Wm. Dunbar, Ex'r. of Mary M'Gregor, dec'd. Filed June 13, 1864.

Final account of Henry Knauff, Guardian of Catharine Dumbacher, formerly Catharine Knauff. Filed June 14, 1864.

Final account of H. C. Turk and Mary Turk, Adm'rs. of James C. Turk, dec'd. Filed June 17, 1864.

Final account of Wm. C. Campbell, Adm'r. of Wm. Campbell, dec'd. Filed June 25, 1864.

Final account of James H. M'Mahon, Adm'r. of James M'Mahon, dec'd. Filed June 30, 1864.

Final account of James Anderson and Christiana Kerner, Adm'rs. of John Kerner, dec'd. Filed July 9, 1864.

Final account of Thomas M'Nees, Adm'r. of Samuel M'Intire, dec'd. Filed July 11, 1864.

Final account of James Bredin, Adm'r. of John Graham, dec'd. Filed July 25, 1864.

Final account of Hugh Murrin, Adm'r. of Edward M'Kinney, dec'd. Filed July 27, 1864.

Final account of Wm. Campbell, Guardian of Margaret D. Seybert and Bernard D. Seybert. Filed Aug. 1, 1864.

Final account of Francis Riott, Adm'r. of Gottlieb Wolf, dec'd. Filed Aug. 8, 1864.

Final account of John C. Coll. Guardian of Margaret Coll, Minor child of Cornelius Coll, dec'd. Filed Aug. 11, 1864.

Final account of J. W. Christy, Ex'r. of John M'Kissick, dec'd. Filed Aug. 11, 1864.

Final account of James G. Wilson and Thomas Donaldson, Ex'rs. of James Wilson, dec'd. Filed Aug. 11, '64.

Final account of E. Maurhoff, Adm'r. of Christian Dethloff, dec'd. Filed Aug. 12, 1864.

Final account of J. C. Kelly and Uriah M'Nees, Adm'rs. of John Kelly, dec'd. Filed Aug. 12, 1864.

Final account of J. W. Christy, Adm'r. of Daniel Patterson, dec'd. Filed Aug. 16, 1864.

Partial account of John Gregory, Guardian of Minor children of Jonathan Cornelius. Filed Aug. 17, 1864.

Final account of Rebecca Christy, Adm'rx. of James D. Christy, dec'd. Filed Aug. 22, 1864.

Final account of James Kerr, as Adm'r. and as Trustee for the sale of the real estate of Wm. H. M'Gill, late of Mercer township, dec'd. Filed Aug. 22, 1864.

Final account of Norman M Kirkland and William Painter, Ex'rs, of William Haslett, late of Winfield tp., dec'd.

Final account of David Leech and Adam Kreps, Adm'rs. of Mathias Schwoebel. Filed Aug. 25, 1864.

JAMES S. KENNEDY, Reg.
Per JOHN H. CRATTY, Dep.

Register's office, Butler, Aug. 24, 1864.

Executor's Notice.

ESTATE OF JOHN JACK, DEC'D.

WHEREAS Letters Testamentary with the Will annexed, have this day been duly issued by the Register to William M. Graham, Esq. Executor of John Jack, late of Washington township, dec'd., therefore all persons indebted to the estate of said decedent, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same. will present them properly authenticated for settleem

Aug. 24, 1864, 6t* WM·M'GRAHAM, Ex'r.

AN excellent quality of Plaster, Paris on hand and for sale by J. C. REDICK, & Co.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Venditioni Exponas, Alias Venditioni Exponas, and Fieri Facius, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Butler county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in the borough of Butler, on **MONDAY, the 26th day of September, 1864,** at 1 o'clock, p. m., the following described property, to wit:

All the right, title, interest and claim of Joseph Barnhart and John Barnhart, of, in and to twenty-one acres of land, more or less, situated in Fairview township, Butler county, Pa., bounded north by Philip Barnhart, east by Simon Barnhart, south by Andrew Barnhart, west by John Everhart, Log House, Log Barn and Log Spring House thereon. Seized and taken in execution as the property of Joseph Barnhart and John Barnhart, at the suit of Eli Balph and John Hutcheson, Executors of Geo Hutcheson, dec'd

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of John Henry Krepps, of, in and to seventeen acres of land, more or less, situated in Jackson township, Butler county, Pa, beginning at the north-west corner at a post, thence by lands of James Westerman south 88 degrees west 76 perches to a stone, thence by land of Thomas Donaldson north two degrees, west 36 perches to a post, thence by lands of Samuel Letcher, south 89 degrees east 78 5-10 perces to a White Oak, thence by lands of James R —— south 25½ degrves west 34 perches to the place of beginning. Seized and taken in execution as the property of John Henry Krepps, at the suit of Jane Wilson.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of Andrew Burtner, of, in and to one hundred acres of land, more or less, situated in Marion township, Butler county, Pa, bounded north by —— Miller, east by —— Ray, south by —— west by —— Seaton. Seized and taken in execution as the property of John Burtner, at the suit af John Ray, Trustee of George Ward, dec'd.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of James H. O'Donnell, of, in and to a lot of ground situated in Oakland township, Butler county, Pa, bounded north by Dolan, east by J. Fleck, south by J. Fleck, west by Dolan, Log House and stable thereon erected. Seized and taken in execution as the property of James H. O'Donnell, at the suit of Charles O'Donnell, for use.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of Andrew Timblin, of, in and to one house and lot, situated in Sunbury, Butler county, Pa., bounded north by lot of Wm. Patterson, east by an alley, south by Thomas C. Thompson, west by Main street, Frame House and Stable thereon erected. Seized and taken in execution as the property of Andrew Timblin, at the suit of H. Riddle.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of Wm. Huselton, of, in and to fifty acres of land, more or less, situated in Butler township, Butler county, Pa., bounded north by lands of John Huselton, east by lands of Widow Collins' heirs, south by lands of Daniel Bichard, west by lands of Peter Gruber, Frame dwelling House, and small Frame Stable thereon erected. Seized and taken in execution as the property of Wm. Huselton, at the suit of John Huselton.

WM O. BRACKENRIDGE Sh'ff.

Sheriff's office, Butler, Aug. 31, 1864.

AMERICAN CITIZEN
Job Printing Office!

Ornamental, Plain, Fancy, Card, Book AND GENERAL JOB PRINTING,
Corner of Main and Jefferson Streets,
Opposite Jack's Hotel,
Butler Pa.

WE ARE PREPARED TO PRINT, ON SHORT NOTICE, Bill Heads, Books, Druggist Labels, Programmes, Constitutions, Checks, Notes, Drafts, Blanks, Business Cards, Visiting Cards, Show Cards, Pamphlets, Posters, Bills of Fare, Order Books, Paper Books, Billets, Sale Bills, &c.

BEING FURNISHED WITH The Most Approved Hand Presses AND THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF Type, Borders, Ornaments, Rules, Cuts, &c., IN THE COUNTY,

We will execute everything in the line of PLAIN AND DECORATIVE PRINTING
NEATLY, PROMPTLY, AND AT REASONABLE RATES,
In a style to excel any establishment at home, and compete with any abroad.

Skilled Workmen
Are employed in every branch of the business, and we endeavor to meet the wants of the community, and to retain the honorable distinction which has been already conceded to this establishment, for
TASTE IN COMPOSITION AND Elegance in Press Work.
In all the essentials of Cheap Printing, Good Paper, Tasteful Composition, Beautiful Press Work, and DISPATCH, we invite comparison, from getting out a Card of a single line to an illuminated Poster, or a work of any number of pages.

BUSINESS ADVERTISEMENTS.

SAM'L. M. LANE.....J. LYNN M'ABOY.....ELI YETTER.

LANE, M'ABOY & CO.
DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,
No. 140, Federal Street,
(SECOND DOOR BELOW NEW MARKET HOUSE.)
Allegheny City, Pa.
Dec. 9, 1863::tf.

MARTIN REIBER.....GEO. WECKBECKER.

STOVES AND PLOUGHS.

WECKBECKER & REIBER.—Founders—Foundry North of the borough of Butler, where Stoves, Ploughs and other castings are made on short notice. Their ware-room is on Main Street first door North of Jack's Hotel, where you will find Stoves of all sizes and patrons. They also keep on hand a large stock of Ploughs, which they sell as cheap as they can be bought at any other establishment in the county.
Dec. 9, 1863::tf

NEW HARNESS SHOP.
SADDLES & HARNESS

JNO. A. SEDWICK,
HAVING opened a new Harness Shop, opposite Boyd's Buildings, Butler, Pa., will keep constantly on hand, a large assortment of Saddles, Harness, and everything in his line of business, which he offers at prices to suit the times. Work of all kinds manufactured to order, and repairing done on short notice,
Dec. 9, 1863::tf JOHN A. SEDWICK.

SURGEON DENTIST'S,
DRS. S. R. & C. L. DIEFFENBACHER.

ARE prepared to insert artificial dentures on the latest improvement from one to an entire set on Vulcanite, Coralite, Gold, Silver Platina. Those desirous to avail themselves of the latest improvements in dentistry, should not fail to examine their new styles of Vulcanite and Coralite work. Filling, cleaning, extracting and adjusting the teeth done with the best materials and in the best manner. Particular attention paid to children's teeth. As mechanics, they defy competition; as operators they rank among the best. Charges moderate. Advice free of charge. Office—In Boyds Building Jefferson Street, Butler Pa.
Dec. 9, 1863::tf.

HAVE YOU SEEN THIS?

THIS subscriber, grateful to his old friends and customers for past favors, would announce to the public that he has a large stock of SADDLES, HARNESS WHIPS &c.
At his old stand, where he will be ready at all times to serve those who may favor him with a call. He is constantly manufacturing, and keeps on hand the very best assortment of
TRUNKS.
All work warranted. Repairing done on the shortest notice and most favorable terms.
Dec. 9, 1863. J. J. SEDWICK.

GENUINE LOUISVILLE LIME for sale, by
Butler April 3, 1864. J. C. REDICK & CO.

MISCELLANEOUS NOTICES.

THE WORLD
Brought right in the Very
Midst of BUTLER,
SITUATE ON MAIN STREET.

WHERE the "Wanderer," in search of fine Tobacco, Snuff and Cigars, may "readily" perceive a quiet Indian, snugly standing on a box, with 'outstretched' arm, to welcome customers.
Geo. Vogeley, jr.
Manufacturer and Dealer in all kinds of
Tobacco, Snuff, and Segars.

Having been duly appointed a "Committee of Six," to proceed to parts beyond these diggins, to procure for the citizens of Butler, and all others who may favor him with a call, the choicest articles in his line, would respectfully represent: that in pursuance of his appointment, he has been successful in collecting "tall specimens" of the best articles ever found in Butler! He would also further represent: that he feels grateful to the public for the favors conferred upon him, in "days gone by," and hopes he will merit a continuation of their patronage in "days that are to come."

In conclusion, he begs leave to make the following remark: that he has a little the best articles in his line, that are to be found from the "centre to the circumference" of Pennsylvania, and indeed, he might safely add, the United States of North America, the British Possessions, or the Californias, including the mouth of the Columbia river, all along the coast of Oregon, up as high as the parallel of "Philly Phour Phorty." He HUMBLY solicits the custom of all the "*Dear People*" of Butler, or any way faring man who may chance to make his transit across the disc of Butler, or sojourn within her borders for "a season," feeling confident he will give satisfaction, both as regards price and quality. Come and examine for yourselves! Don't put it off!! Procrastination is the thief of time!!!
GEORGE VOGELEY, Jr.
Butler, Pa., May 11, 1864::2mo.

REDICK'S DRUG STORE,
Opposite Stine's Store.
DRUGS, DRUGS, DRUGS,
MEDICINES, MEDICINES, MEDICINES, MEDICINES, MEDICINES, MEDICINES,
DYES, DYES, DYES,
PAINTS, PAINTS PAINTS,
Pure Liquors for Medical use only.
Soda, Cream Tarter etc. etc.
French and American Perfumery, and Toilet articles.—Brushes, Trusses and all articles in the Drug line, of the best quality and at fairest rates.
Dec. 9, 1863.

RURAL HILL NURSERY,
NEAR BUTLER, PA.
THE undersigned would respectfully inform the public generally, that he is now fully prepared to furnish them with the choicest variety and very best quality of all kinds of fruit trees. During the last summer he has made large additions to his stock of Fruit and Ornamental trees; and has on hand a larger and better quality and variety than has ever been offered in this county. Consisting of
SUMMER, WINTER & FALL APPLES.
PEACHES PEARS AND CHERRIES, also, STRAWBERRIES of the very finest quality—different kinds of Rhenbarb. A Splendid lot of Evergreens and a great variety of Promiscuous trees for ornament and shades.—All of which, we propose to sell on as reasonable terms, as the same quality and varieties can be had for, from any agency or establishment in the country.
Jan. 6, 1864. SILAS PEARCE & SONS.

CHEAP DRUG STORE.
Dr. James H. Bell,
Boyd's Building, Butler, Pa.

DEALER in all kinds of Drugs and Chemicals Oils, Paints and Varnish. Also, Benzole, Tar and Axle Grease.
Also, all kinds of Brushes. All kinds of Lamps, Lamp Shades and Chimneys.
Also, a full assortment of Groceries, Tabacco and Cigars of the very best brands.
Also, a full assortment of Confectionaries and Nuts. Also Green and Dried fruit. Also a great variety of notions. Liquors of all kinds for Medical and Sacrimenial purposes. Also Stationery, consisting of Paper, Envelops, Pens Pencils, Blank Books, Pass Book, Slates and a full assortment of Shoe findings.
If you wish to purchase fine glass ware of any kind this is the place to get it cheap.

JACK'S HOTEL
F. S. MAGEE, Proprietor.
Corner of Main and Jefferson treets, Butler, Pa.
March 16, 1864.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

ARCHIBALD BLAKELEY,
Attorney at Law,
FRANKLIN, VENANGO COUNTY, PA.
Office one door North of KINNEAR HOUSE.
June 8, 1864::6mo.

W. H. H. RIDDLE,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
WILL, with the least possible delay, attend to all business entrusted to his care. Collections promptly made. Also, General Agent for the Butler County Mutual Fire Insurance Company. Office with John M. Thompson, Esq., nearly opposite the Post Office, Main St., BUTLER, PA, [April 13, 1864::tf.

R. M. M'LURE,
Attorney at Law,
AND
PENSION AND CLAIM AGENT.
OFFICE, N. E. corner of Diamond, Butler, Pa.
Feb. 3, 1864::tf.

A. M. NEYMAN, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon.
Office immediately opposite Walker's buildings, Butler Pa.
Dec. 9, 1863::tf.

CHARLES MCCANDLESS.....HUGH C. GRAHAM.
McCANDLESS & GRAHAM,
Attorneys' at Law.
Office on the South-west corner of the Diamond, Butler, Pa
ALSO, CLAIM AGENTS for securing *Pensions, Arrears of Pay and Bounty Money,* for Soldiers, or if they are dead, for their legal representatives. In prosecuting Soldier's Claims, or those of their Representatives, no charge until collected.
Dec. 9, 1863::tf.

J. D. M'JUNKIN,
Attorney at Law.
Also Licensed Claim Agent,
Office with E. M'Junkin, Esq., opposite the Pennsylvania Hotel, Butler, Pa.

EMPORIUM OF FASHION,
ON MAIN STREET,
Opposite Boyd's Buildings, Butler.
THE undersigned would respectfully inform his old friends and the public generally, that he is constantly in receipt of the very latest Fashions, and is fully prepared at all times to execute all kinds of work in his line of business in a neat and workmanlike manner, and will be happy to attend to all who may give him a call.
A. N. MCCANDLESS.
Jan. 6, 1864::tf

VOGELEY HOUSE,
WILLIAM VOGELEY, Proprietor.
THE undersigned would respectfully inform the public generally, that he has erected a large and commodious brick building, on the site of the old and well known house, formerly occupied by him as a Tavern Stand. He has been at great expense in erecting and furnishing his new house, and flatters himself that he is now prepared to accommodate all who may desire to give him a call.—Having ample house room for one hundred persons, and stabling for at least fifty horses.
Thankful for past patronage, he would ask a continuance of the same. WM. VOGELEY.
Dec. 9, 1863::tf.

PARTNERSHIP.
THE undersigned would respectfully inform the public, that they have entered into Partnership, in the
Undertaking Business,
and hereby solicit the patronage of the public.
They are provided with a neat Hearse; and have on hand a large quantity of the very best material, and are fully prepared to furnish Coffins of all kinds on short notice. They will have on hands constantly a variety of Coffins finished to suit purchasers, and on the most reasonable terms.
They will also furnish Carriages and conveyances for Funeral occasions when requested. Ware Rooms, on Jefferson street, 2 doors West of American Citizen Office
G. C. ROESSING,
Butler, July 20, 1864::tf. GEORGE W. EBA.

IMPORTANT NOTICES.

THE TRIBUNE FOR 1864.

PROSPECTUS.

THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE, first issued April 10, 1841, has to-day a larger aggregate circulation than any other newspaper published in America, or (we believe) in the world. Compelled a year since to increase the price of its several issues, or submit to the pecuniary ruin of its proprietors from the very magnitude of its circulation, it has probably since parted with some patrons to whom its remarkable cheapness was a controlling recommendation; but others have taken their place, and it has now more than Two Hundred Thousand subscribers and regular purchasers—an excess of at least Fifty Thousand over those of any rival. And this unprecedented currency it has achieved by very liberal expenditures in procuring early and authentic intelligence, by the fearless expression of convictions, by the free employment of ability and industry wherever it might contribute to excellence in any department of our enterprise, and by unshrinking fidelity to the dictates of Justice, Humanity, and Freedom.

By very large outlays for early and authentic advices by telegraph and otherwise from its own correspondents with the various armies of the Union, and by special efforts to furnish such information respecting Markets, Crops, new discoveries or improvements in Agriculture, &c., as must specially interest farmers, we have assiduously labored to make a journal calculated to meet the wants and subserve the interests of the Producing Classes.—That end we have at least measurably attained; for no other newspaper exists in America or Europe which is habitually read by nearly so many farmers and their families as is THE TRIBUNE to-day. We shall labor to increase both the number and the satisfaction of this by far the most numerous class of its patrons.

During the existence of the Whig party, this paper supported that party, though always sympathizing with the more liberal, progressive, Anti-Slavery "wing" thereof. When new issues dissolved or transformed old organizations through the spontaneous uprising of the people of the Free States against the repudiation of the Missouri Restriction, The Tribune heartily participated in that movement, and was known as Republican. When the long smoldering conspiracy to divide and destroy our country or reduce it entire to complete abasement to the Slave Power culminated in overt treason and rebellion, it mainly, necessarily regarded resistance to this conspiracy as paramount to all other considerations, and devoted all its energies and efforts to the maintenance of our Union. In every great controversy which has divided our country, it has been found on that side which naturally commands the sympathy and support of the large majority of school-houses and the divided minority of grog-shops, and so doubtless will be to to the last.

Ardently desiring and striving for the early and enduring adjustment of our National distractions, The Tribune leaves the time, the nature and the conditions of that adjustment implicitly to those lawfully in authority, confiding in their wisdom and patriotism, anxious to aid them to the utmost in their arduous responsibilities and not to embarrass them even by possibility. Firmly believing in the Apostle rule—"First pure then peaceable"—holding that the total and final extirpation of Slavery is the true and only absolute cure for our National ills—that any expedient that stops short of this can have but a transient and illusory success—we yet propound no theory of "reconstruction" and indorse none that has been propounded by another—neither Sumner's, nor Whiting's, nor any of the various Copperhead devices for achieving "Peace" by surrounding the Republic into the power of its traitorous foes—but, exhorting the American People to have faith in their Government, to re-enforce their armies and replenish their treasury, we believe that, if they but do their duty, a benign Providence will in due time bring this fearful struggle to such a close as will best subserve the true greatness of our country and the permanent well-being of mankind.

We respectfully solicit the subscriptions and active exertions of our friends, and of all whose views and convictions substantially with ours.

TERMS OF DAILY TRIBUNE.

Single Copy..... 3 cents,
Mail Subscribers, one year (311 issues)..... $8.

SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE

One copy, one year (104 issues)..... $3
Two Copies, one year..... $5
Five Copies, one year..... $12
Ten Copies, one year..... $22 50.

An extra copy will be sent to any person who sends us a club of twenty and over.

The Semi Weekly Tribune is sent to Clergymen for $2 25

WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

One copy, one year (52 issues)..... $2.
Three Copies, one year..... $5.
Five Copies, one year..... $8.
Ten Copies, one year..... $15

Any larger number