THE AMERICAN CITIZEN.

Butler, Pa., Wednesday, Mar. 23, 1864.

☞ Entrance to the AMERICAN CITIZEN Printing Office rom the South, on Jefferson street.

☞ There was no news of importance from the seat of war, up to the hour of going to press.

☞ A local bounty bill for this county has passed both branches of the Legislature, and only awaits the signature of the Governor to become a law.

☞ The County Superintenent, desires us to say, that owing to sudden indisposition, he was unable to attend the *Joint Convention* of Teachers, in Saxonburg.—He had reached Butler on his way to the meeting, but was unable to proceed further.

Volunteering.

Our readers will notice by to-days issue that the Government bounty of $300 and $400 will cease on the first of April.—There are therefore, but a few days left for volunteering under the increased bounties. Our citizens should work diligently and faithfully to fill the quotas of their respective districts. Do not delay; as delays are dangerous, and there is but barely time enough to work, for those who may improve the same. You have done nobly so far; a little effort now, and all will be well.

☞ The citizens of Washington township, we are informed, have raised their quota of men under the late call for 700,-000. Well done for Washington. The recruits for this township, left Butler for the city, yesterday. They are a fine looking set of men, and will no doubt attend to their duty as valiant soldiers.

☞ Charles C. Thornburg, of Co. C, 100th Regt., Pa. Vols., (better known as the Roundheads,) is now in Butler, as a regularly authorized Recruiting Agent for said Regiment. Persons desirous of entering the army have an opportunity of enlisting in a splendid veteran regiment—one that has seen much service and acquitted itself with honor. Mr. Thornburg is prepared to secure for those who enlist in this regiment, as liberal a local bounty as can be had from any other source. Recruiting office, at the Lowry House, Butler, Pa.

SAD ACCIDENT.—About 6 o'clock last Sabbath evening, a most distressing occurrence took place at the residence of John and Catharine Lowall, on Cunningham street, Butler. A little girl aged about 15 months, second and youngest child of said John and Catharine, was so severely burned as to cause its death at about 1 o'clock the same night.

Mr. Lowall is a blacksmith by trade, and was absent at Glade Mills, where he has purchased a small property, and has been working at his trade. A family by the name of Miller, lives in the same building. Mrs. Lowall and Mrs. Miller had been together in the same room with four small children, two belonging to each family, one a babe of Mrs. Miller's, which was in the cradle. The two Mothers went into another room in the same building, the second from that in which the children were left and down stairs to eat supper. While they were eating, they were aroused by the screaming of the babe in the cradle. They ran up stairs to the room, and to their amazement they were met by a volume of smoke that was almost suffocating. They rushed in; Mrs. Miller picked up the babe, and after searching they found the child, Emma, sitting under the bed, with nearly all its clothes burnt off, and the person of the child was burned in a most shocking manner. The poor child was making no lament or noise, and the last words the child was heard to say, were "By! By! Ma."

Parents should be very careful not to leave small children by themselves. From the best information that we have been able to gather, it appears that one of the little children had poked a corn broom into the fire and had drawn it out again, and by some means or other little Emma's clothes were set fire. The wash-board was on fire, as also the bed under which the child had taken refuge, in a very short time the building would have been in flames.

COMMUNICATIONS.

For the Citizen.

School Exhibition.

A grand school exhibition came off at Coal Run College, Summit tp., on Friday evening, March 18th, at which I had the honor of being present. On the afternoon, previous to the exhibition, the citizens of the district manifested their interest in the cause, by erecting a grand stage for the benefit of the students. The performance consisted of Orations, Declamations, Essay and Vocal Music; in which the whole school participated and performed their exercises in a manner highly commendable to themselves, their parents, and also to their teacher. They showed by their performance, that they appreciated the instruction imparted to them by their teacher; and thus merited the approbation of all true lovers of education. The exercises were accompanied with instrumental music, by Messrs. Lemon, Bergman, and Smith. The exhibition terminated with an eloquent address to the audience, by Mr. Aaron M'Candless, subject—"Education," and an address to the school, by the teacher, D. A. Heck.

A SPECTATOR.

For the Citizen.

The Next President.

Who shall we elect for the next President? Let sober-minded citizens ponder the question. It is no time to be *rashly* nominating, but it is time for everybody to be prudently considering. The nation, just now, is busy with something beside candidating—having a toilsome task upon its hands, having a bloody sweat upon its brow. But while the blacksmith is hammering, the soldier is marching, and the farmer plowing, they may be thinking.—It is idle to say that because the rebellion is on our hands, therefore we are to banish all thoughts of an approaching change of Administration—a change that may either be the safety or ruin of the country. Besides, if the country is expected to be able, next summer, to carry on a presidential and and a military campaign, both at once, we see no reason why it is not just as able, this winter and spring, to be, not only conquering the rebellion, but at the same time taking a wise forethought of the future; first of principles, and afterwards of men. Shall Abraham Lincoln be the next President? We are all aware of the trying circumstances under which he was called to the Presidential chair, the many difficulties he had to meet and master.

His whole soul has been engaged in wiping treason from our land, ridding us of slavery, the greatest evil that exists under our Government; and the restoring of peace upon an honorable and permanent basis. Or shall we say Gen. Grant? who is the hero of Vicksburg, and been successful in so many battles, he has taken ninety thousand prisoners, over four thousand stand of arms, besides trains, and other valuables belonging to the rebels. Partyism should be laid aside, and only look to the electing of a President who will be fully able to examine, and give a wise decision to all the complicated problems that will present themselves to him the next four years. By the way of enumerating we may suggest a few difficulties that will present themselves to the public view. Nothing less than the establishment and security of human liberty, the reconstruction of a broken reuplic; the readjustment of the rights of the states, and of the Federal Government; the status of the negro, and his conversion into a citizen; the punishment of treason; the reownership of Southern lands; the Mexican question; the Monroe doctrine; the National finances, the fixing upon a standing army large enough to defend liberty, and not large enough to menace it; these and many other problems, foreseen and unforeseen, are the unparalleled difficulties which the next Administration must meet and master. Those difficulties are of such a character as to require the next President to be thoroughly educated as a statesman. The ship of the State tosses on a rough sea; the bells will soon ring a change of watch. Who shall take the next turn at the helm? Let it be the safest man to find the way into port and safe anchor. Give us the wisest head, the stoutest arm, the bravest soul; and may God help the ship.

A SOLDIER.

The Call for 200,000 More Men.

Though there have been, for some time past, sundry intimations that another call for an additional 200,000 men would be made, they were pretty generally regarded by the press and the public as "unreliable"—mere rumors, having their origin in a misunderstood remark of somebody in Washington to somebody in New York. The official document, however, which was published yesterday, proves that in this instance the industrious eaves-dropper who first whispered about a third call had really heard something.

There need not have been so much incredulity in the premises, we think—for as not only our most competent and trusted generals, but now every leading member of the Government, from the President himself downwards, are said to be fully impressed with the importance of putting forth such a preponderance of force, as will make this campaign the final and decisive one, such a preponderance of force as will not only defeat, but overwhelm, and utterly crush out, the rebel armies now arrayed under desperate leaders, who well know that it is *their* last chance in the game of war,—we do not think that it is more than simple prudence to hold such a reserve army in readiness as will strike the *last prop of hope away*, and render victory not only certain, but, in the manifest hopelessness of resistance, as immediate as certain.

It is stated that Gen. Grant above all desires to have just such an irresistible force concentrated at the right points, when the campaign opens, that there may be no longer any cause or excuse for doubt, hesitation, or delay when movements begin,—and that, having once begun, there may be *no step backward*, nor even the remotest vision of such a posibility.

We have no doubt that far less than even the 500,000 added to our veteran armies by the two previous calls, now nearly filled, would be amply sufficient to undertake and make an end of the work before next winter, but if the addition of 200,000 more, will save the squandering of many valuable lives in a protracted campaign—is it not right, is it not wise, is it not provident, is it not humane to make this call?

Besides these considerations, which arise in our minds solely from viewing the case with reference to the certainly formidable forces of the rebellion, raised by the desperate effort of an exhaustive conscription, is there not also, as we have already ventured to suggest, another possible explanation of this call in the recent indications of French policy—which point unmistakably to an intention, at least a wish, to weaken our Government by dividing its territory, so that the new empire of Maximilian, the foster-child of French ambition, may have an ally in the Southern Confederacy of slave-holding aristocrats and re-actionists, against the progress of freedom and democratic institutions.

But, be this as it may, in reference to French and Mexican complications, there is still the strongest and most convincing argument in favor of putting forth our utmost force at once, in the fact that such a course will reach the great result aimed at the soonest, and with an economy of life and money no less deserving of consideration than the economy of time. Even if the Government and its military advisers have at length fallen into the new error of over estimating the strength of the rebels, and are making unnecessarily great preparations for this campaign, to the extent, say, of this additional call, we will nevertheless indorse it as being *an error on the safe side*—as being the most provident, economical, and humane employment of our resources that could be made in view of all the contingencies and dangers inseparable from a state of war.

For the Citizen.

The Modern Democrat.

Alas! Alas! how all things change,
Times, fashions, creeds and places,
Young ladies names, their dresses too,
And even our neighbor's faces.
It used to be a bow would do,
A kneel down in the dust or two,
A kiss, or something of the kind,
To Southern men of Southern mind,
But now it takes far more than that,
To make a modern Democrat.

They used to bend to Southern will,
And worship slavery standing still,
But now when worship it they must
They cast themselves down in the dust,
Flat on their bellies, (so 'tis said,)
And crawl around *a la* Copperhead;
They wallow in the filthy mire
Of politics, and ne'er aspire
To loftier sents than those assigned
To them by men of groveling mind,
Who would be leaders if they could
Vide, *Seymour, Val., Fernando-Wood.*
Seats from which they'l never rise,
By howling for a Compromise.
Accursed rebellion, bloody war,
That set our Union all ajar;
Down with traitors! hear them cry,
While from their filth they roar away—
Up like a stench their howls arise,
For Southern rights, and compromise.
Arm the Slaves, let Sambo fight
For freedom's cause; its just and right
That he should earn the blessed boon,
That he will be enjoying soon.
Aye! hurl them or the traitor band,
With cannon, battle-ax and brand,
"Arm the Darkey's! this their prayer,
But cry; "unholy nigger war."
They cry: "sustain the Government,"
(Although on its destruction bent,)
"Rebellion's wrong, still we must give
Rebellion yet a chance to live;
At least a few short months, for peace
Would lose to us the golden fleece
Beyond a doubt, if it were won
Before *Abe Lincoln's* term is done.
They give their money, what's it for?
To carry on this bloody war,
To hire recruits to swell our ranks,
Now camped on each South river's bank;
Then how can they open eyes,
Cry out aloud for compromise!
If *Sharp's* their game, we'll let them see,
That sharp and sense may disagree.
"Hang Lincoln," they have often said,
And heaped their curses on his head,
And once, we mind, not long ago,
They swore and wished him—so and so,
When he a *Proclamation* sent,
Or money's godlike errand bent,
They flouted "*Illegality!*"
Unconstitutionality!
Treason! Tyrant! usurped power!
Inhuman monster of the hour!
Yet when they probed it to the core,
They found it human, if not more.
Then said: "I's pose, that it must be
A military necessity."
But oh! it struck too hard they thought,
Upon some *Rebel* tender spot,
It struck a chord that ran between,
Them and their "Southern friends" I ween,
And laid them all up on their back—
At least, it upset *Little Mac*,
And spoiled the goods he had in store,
All cut and dry, for sixty four.
The Loco ranks were bad enough,
Before they met the great rebuff,
At Charleston, South Carolina, where
They split upon a single hair,
They split it seems, by heaven decreed,
To give to Loyalty's need.
They've changed they say, all for the best,
Some have,—but Heaven help the rest!
They've changed as all the nation sees,
From fearless *gnats* to cowardly *fleas*,
They've changed upon this Rebel tortuous road,
But from a tad-pole to a toad.
General Gantt has told a tale,
That made another *Lincoln rail*,
That they can neither bend nor break,
Although their bones from labor ache.
They do quite well to trim their rack,
To feed and fatten *Little Mac*,
But they I need more Little Mac's than one,
To undo what Old Abe has done.
Then let them flaunt their banners high,
Be Mac of Mac's their battle cry.
Do what they will, we'll not refuse
To give their hero all his dues,
That ostentatious man of note
Who that great batch of nonsense wrote.

L.

☞ The following interesting statistics have been recently given as to the strength and cost of the standing armies of Europe: Russia's standing army is 1,000,000 men, costing annually 26,000,000 sterling, or 42 per cent. of the national budget; France has 573,000 men, costing 34,000,000, or 33 per cent., Austria, 467,000 men, costing 16,000,000, or 37 per cent., Turkey, 424,000 men; Italy, 314,000 men, costing 16,000,000; England, 300,000 men, costing 33,000,000, or 39 per cent., Prussia, 214,000 men, costing 7,500,000, or 30 per cent., Sweden, 67,000 men, costing 40 per cent., Denmark, 50,000 costing 37 per cent. The whole standing army of Europe is 3,815,847 men, costing annually 170,000,000 sterling

Soldier's Widows and Children.

We give below a couple of paragraphs which require no extended comment.—The suggestions they contain should find a response in the heart of every employer and every officer of the Government who has patronage to bestow. We are not so mindful of the wants of soldiers' widows and orphans as we should be. A greatful people should at least see to it that the families of those who have given their lives for the Union *shall never want.*

"The Senate has confirmed Mr. Lincoln's appointment of Mrs Smith, widow of Lieut. Col. Smith, of the 44th Illinois who was killed last summer, in one of the assaults upon Vicksburg, as Postmaster, or Postmistress, rather—of Rockford Ill. The country will indorse this appointment and the people will unite in saying there ought to be more of the same kind.—There are thousands of such positions that could and ought to be filled by the widows of our fallen braves, not of officers alone, but of private soldiers, who, in sacrificing their lives for the cause of the nation, have left destitute families behind them."

The foregoing is from the Washington correspondence of a Cincinnati cotemporary. The following is from the New York *Tribune:*

"We understand that Postmaster Wakman propises to take into the Postoffice a number of boys of sixteen years, whose fathers have lost their lives in the service of their country, thus aiding their widowed mothers, and introducing them into active and industrious employment. The idea is a praiseworthy one, and we have no doubt will be followed by many others of our citizens who have employment to bestow suitable for boys."—*Exchange.*

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

The mail from Butler to East Sandy, by way of Helyoke, Coulterville, Amandale, Murrinsville and Clintonville, 36 miles; leaves Butler on Monday and Friday of each week, at 6 o'clock, a. m; returns on Tuesday and Saturday of each week at 7 o'clock, p. m.

The mail from Butler to Salem Cross Roads, by way of Saxonburg, Sarversville, Freeport, Shearer's Cross Roads, McLaughlin's Store and Oakland Cross Roads, 43 miles; leaves Butler on Tuesday and Saturday of each week, at 5 o'clock, a. m.; returns on Friday and Monday of each week, at 8 o'clock, p. m,

The mail from Butler to New Castle, by way of Mount Chesnut, Prospect, Portersville and Princeton, 28 miles; leaves Butler on Monday and Thursday of each week, at 6 o'clock a. m.; returns on Tuesday and Friday of each week, at 5 o'clock, p. m.

The mail from Butler to Lawrenceburg, by way of North Oakland, Barnhart's Mills, Baldwin and Bruin, 25 miles, leavs Butler on Monday and Friday of each week, at 9 o'clock, a. m; returns oh Tuesday and Saturday of each week, at 9 o'clock, p. m.

The mail from Butler to New Brighton, by way of Petersburg, Break-Neck and Zelienople, 29 miles; with two additional trips between Break-Neck and Zelienople; leavs Butler on Wednesday of each week, at 7 o'clock, a. m.; returns on Thursday of each week, at 5 o'clock, p. m.

The mail from Butler to Pittsburg, by way of Glade Mills, Bakerstown, Tally Cavy, Etna, Dequesne and Allegheny City, 32 miles; leaves Butler every morning, except Sunday, at 7 o'clock, a. m.; arrives at Butler from Pittsburgh by the same route, every day, Sunday excepted, at 1 o'clock, p. m.

The mail from Butler to Mercer, by way of McCandless, Brownington, Slippery-Rock, North Liberty, Linden and Balm, 32 miles; leaves Butler every day, Sunday excepted, at 1 o'clock p. m.; returns by the same route, every day, Sunday excepted; arriving in Butler at 7 o'clock in the morning.

The mail from Butler to Indiana, by way of Coylesville, Worthington, Kittanning, Elderton and Shelocta, 48 miles; leaves Butler on Monday and Thursday of each week, at 4 o'clock, a. m.; returns on Tuesday and Friday of each week, at 7 o'clock, p. m.

The mail from Butler to Boydstown, 6 miles, leaves Boydstown on Friday morning of each week, arrives at Butler in the forenoon; departs for Boydstown same day after the arrival of the mail from Pittsburgh.

BUTLER MARKETS.

BUTLER, Pa. March 23, 1864

BUTTER—Fresh Roll, 28, cents per pound
BEANS—White, $2, 00 per bushel.
BEEF—Is bought from wagons at 4 and 5 cts per lb.
BARLEY—Spring, $1,00; Fall. $1,10.
BEESWAX—33 cents ser pound.
EGGS—15 cents per dozen.
FLOUR—Wheat, $3, 75 per hund.; Buckwheat $2,75; Rye 2,75.
FRUIT—Dried Apples, $1,75 and 2,00 per bushel; Dried Peaches, $3,50 to 4,00.
FEATHERS—45 cents per pound.
GRAIN—Wheat $1,25 @ $1,40 per bushel; Rye, 1,15. Oats, 70c; Corn, 100; Buckwheat, 75c.
GROCERIES—Coffee, Rio, 40c per pound; Java, 50c; Brown Sugar, 16c per pound; do. White, 20c; N. O. Molasses, 80 cents per gallon; Syrup 90c and $1.
HIDES—7½ cents per pound.
LARD—15 cents per pound.
NAILS—$7,00 per keg.
POTATOES—50 and 75c per bushel.
PORK—10 to 12 cents per pound.
RAGS—5 cents per pound.
RICE—12 cents per pound.
SEEDS—Clover, $8,00, and 8,25 per bushel; Timothy, $3,00; Flax, $2,40.
SALT—$3,00 per barrel.
TALLOW—10 cents per pound.
WOOL—70c per pound.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

CONNOQUENESSING LODGE, No. 278, I. O. of O. F. holds its stated meetings at the Hall, on Main Street, Butler Penna. every Monday evening, commencing at six o'clock. Brethren from sister Lodges are respectfully invited to attend. By order of the N. G.

A. Y. M.—Butler Lodge, No. 272, A. Y. M. holds its stated meetings in the Odd Fellows Hall, on Main Street, Butler Pa. on the first Wednesday of each month. Brethren from sister Lodges are respectfully invited to attend.

By order of the W. M.

EMPLOYMENT.

$75 A MONTH.—Agents wanted to sell Sewing Machines. We will give a commission on all Machines sold, or employ agents who will work for the above wages and all expenses paid.

For particulars address

BOYLAN & CO., Gen. Agents.
DETROIT MICH.

Jan. 20,

DIED:

On last Sabbath, Joseph, infant child, of Wm. H. and Belinda Johnston, aged 12 days.

On Saturday the 12th of March, in Butler township, Mrs. SARAH GRAHEM, wife of Mr. Robert Graham, in the 25th year of her age.

Mrs. Graham was the daughter of Mr. Wm. Cratty, of the same township. Some three weeks previous her infant, about a week old died, and Mrs. Graham had been very ill from the time of its birth; though the immediate cause of her death was diptheria. Mrs. Graham was an affectionate daughter and wife, and an humble christian, a member of the Presbyterian Church of Butler. She leaves a husband and one child, besides parents, brothers and sisters, to mourn their loss. They were all present at her funeral except her brother, Capt. Eli Cratty, of the 105d Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers. Her mission is ended; and her beautiful face will be seen no more till the resurrection morn unfolds it, arrayed in transcendent beauty and glory.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Witherspoon Institute.

THE Summer Term of Five Months will open on **the 19th of April.** Increased facilities are afforded to those wishing to become Teachers. Board and Tuition are as low as in other similar Institutions. For particulars, address, Rev. J. S. BOYD, Principal,

March 23, 1864:4t. Butler. Pa.

Teachers' Examinations.

TEACHERS' Examinations will be held as follows: commencing at 9 o'clock, A. M.

Cranberry tp., (Sample's School-house,)	Monday,	April 4th.
Zelienople,	Tuesday,	" 5th.
Prospect,	Wednesday	" 6th.
West Liberty,	Thursday,	" 7th.
Harrisville,	Friday,	" 8th.
Venango tp., (Mt. Pisgah School-house)	Saturday,	" 9th.
North Washington,	Monday,	" 11th.
Sunberry,	Tuesday,	" 12th.
Butler tp., (Bickel's School-house)	Wednesday	" 13th.
Saxonburg,	Thursday,	" 14th.
Glade Mill, (Thompson S. House,)	Friday,	" 15th.

Applicants must attend at those places nearest their residences, or the place nearest the district to which they are applying for schools. - *It is necessary that this requirement should be observed.*

The applicant will please come provided with pen, ink, paper, a stamped envelope enclosing last year's certificate, and a five cent Revenue stamp.

A. H. WATERS,
March 23, 1864. County Superintendent.

Horses and Mares Wanted.

THE undersigned will be in **Butler,** on *MONDAY* of each week, for the purpose of buying

HORSES AND MARES.

Bring them in and get your money.

March 23, 1864. BRACKENRIDGE & CO.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF BUTLER.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
Washington City, March 11, 1864.

WHEREAS, By satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the FIRST NATIONAL BANK of BUTLER, in the County of Butler and State of Pennsylvania, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress, entitled "an Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States Stocks, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved February 25th, 1863, and has complied with all the provisions of said Act required to be complied with before commencing the business of Banking.

Now, therefore, I, Hugh McCullough, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the said FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF BUTLER, County of Butler and State of Pennsylvania, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the act aforesaid.

In testimony whereof witness my hand and seal of office this 11th day of March, 1864.

[SEAL.] HUGH McCULLOUGH,
March 16, 1864. Comptroller of the Currency.

For Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, Bed Bugs, Moths in Furs, Woolens, &c., Insects on Plants, Fowls, Animals, &c.

Put up in 25c, 50c, and $1,00 Boxes, Bottles, and Flasks. $3 and $5 sizes for HOTELS, PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS, &c.

"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

☞ Sold wholesale in all large cities.
☞ Sold by all Druggists and Retailers everywhere.
☞ !!! Beware !!! of all worthless imitations.
☞ See that "COSTARS" name is on each Box, Bottle, and Flask, before you buy.
☞ Address, HENRY R. COSTAR.
☞ PRINCIPAL DEPOT, 482 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
☞ Sold by J. C. REDICK, & CO., ☞ Wholesale and Retail Agents,
March 23, 1864:6mo. ☞ Butler, Pa.

NOTICE.

WM. S. & A. G. BOYD, having sold out their entire stock of goods to George Weber and Adam Troutman, do recommend our customers to give them their patronage, as we feel confident they will do all in their power to give satisfaction.

All persons who know themselves indebted in any way to the undersigned, will please call and settle their accounts and lift their notes. Office in Boyd's Buildings.

March 23, 1864:2mo. WM. S. & A. G. BOYD.

NEW FIRM.

GEORGE WEBER. ADAM TROUTMAN.

THE subscribers having purchased the entire Stock of Goods of W. S. & A. G. Boyd, are now prepared to furnish purchasers with all articles in the *DRY GOODS* and *GROCERY* line.

The stock of goods now on hand having been

Recently Replenished,

is large and well assorted, containing nearly every article usually kept in a *Retail Store.*

The undersigned intend *replenishing* their Stock at an early day.

Those wishing to purchase, are invited to call with us, as it is our determination to sell all articles in our line, on as reasonable terms as any other establishment.

WEBER & TROUTMAN.

Butler, March 16, 1864:1y.

NEW MARBLE SHOP.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the public, that they have opened a new **Marble Shop,** and are now prepared to furnish in superior style,

Monuments and Grave Stones,

of all descriptions. We will always have on hand a large stock of

American and Italian Marble, Nos. 1 & 2.

All work made on the shortest notice, and in the latest style.

Call and examine our stock.

Shop on Washington street, near the English Lutheran Church, Butler, Pa.

JOHN KOPP,
CHRISTIAN ETTH.

Butler, March 16, 1864:3mo.

AMERICAN CITIZEN Job Printing Office!

Ornamental, Plain, Fancy, Card, Book AND GENERAL JOB PRINTING,

Corner of Main and Jefferson Streets,

Opposite Jack's Hotel,

Butler Pa.

WE ARE PREPARED TO PRINT, ON SHORT NOTICE, Bill Heads, Books, Druggist Labels, Programmes, Constitutions, Checks, Notes, Drafts, Blanks, Business Cards, Visiting Cards, Show Cards, Pamphlets, Posters, Bills of Fare, Order Books, Paper Books, Billets, Sale Bills, &c.

BEING FURNISHED WITH

The Most Approved Hand Presses AND THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF

Type, Borders, Ornaments, Rules, Cuts, &c.,

IN THE COUNTY,

We will execute everything in the line of PLAIN AND DECORATIVE PRINTING

NEATLY, PROMPTLY, AND AT REASONABLE RATES,

In a style to excel any establishment at home, and compete with any abroad.

Skilled Workmen

Are employed in every branch of the business, and we endeavor to meet the wants of the community, and to retain the honorable distinction which has been already conceded to this establishment, for

TASTE IN COMPOSITION AND Elegance in Press Work.

In all the essentials of Cheap Printing, Good Paper, Tasteful Composition, Beautiful Press Work, and DISPATCH, we invite comparison, from getting out a Card of a single line to an illuminated Poster, or a work of any number of pages.

Sheriff's Sales.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Venditioni Exponas, Alias Venditioni Exponas and Fieri Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Butler county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in the borough of Butler, on *Monday*, the 28th day of March, 1864, at 1 o'clock, p. m., the following described property, to wit:

All the right, title, interest and claim of John C. Easton, of, in and to the undivided ½ of seventy-five acres of land, more or less, situated in Cranberry township, Butler county, Pa., bounded north by Thomas Robinson; east by Robinson and Carrell; south by —— Dutille; west by Robinson and Savage; fifty acres cleared, twelve of which are meadow, farm house and log barn thereon erected.—Seized and taken in execution as the property of John C. Easton, at the suit of John Coulter.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of Thulemon Nordheim, of, in and to seventy-one acres of land, more or less, situated in Donegal and Oakland townships, Butler county, Pa., bounded north by Andrew Smith, east by John Lechner, south by —— Reiber, and west by John Wilt, frame house and log barn, spring house and granary thereon erected. Seized and taken in execution as the property of Thulemon Nordheim, at the suit of John M. Thompson, E. M'Junkin and Isaac Ash.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of John J. Miller, of, in and to two lots, Nos. 5 & 6, situated in the borough of Millerstown, Butler county, Pa., bounded north by Nicholas King, east by an alley, south by Wm. Rhilander, west by Mill street, one Plank frame house thereon erected. Seized and taken in execution as the property of John J. Miller, at the suit of James Wick.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of Henry Myrose and Mary Myrose, of, in and to two lots of ground, situate in the borough of Prospect, Butler county, Penna., bounded north by Mrs. M'Donnell, east by Widow Spear, south by same, west by Robert Peters, containing about ¾ of an acre, plank frame house, and frame Blacksmith shop, thereon erected. Seized and taken in execution as the property of Henry Myrose and Mary Myrose, at the suit of Andrew Miller.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of C. C. Gumper, of, in and to one lot, situated in the borough of Millerstown, Butler county, Pa., bounded north by Jacob Byers, east by an Alley, south by Bernard Frederick, west by Main street, Frame Tavern stand, and frame stable thereon erected. Seized and taken in execution as the property of C. C. Gumper, at the suit of James Wick.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of J. W. Taylor, of, in and to one lot of ground, situated in Martinsburg, Parker township, Butler county, Pa., bounded north by Church lot, east by Harvey Gibson, south by Solomon Fisher, west by Main street, containing about ¾ of an acre, plank frame house, and frame Blacksmith shop, thereon erected. Seized and taken in execution as the property of J. W. Taylor, at the suit of David Kelly.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of R. J. Gregg, of, in and to forty acres of land, more or less, situated in Buffalo township, Butler county, Pa., bounded north by David Hoover, east by R. J. Gregg, south by George Truby, west by Monroeville, about forty acres cleared, five of which are meadow. Seized and taken in execution as the property of R. J. Gregg, at the suit of John Cochran.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of John Gallaher, John Green, Daniel O'Donnell, Arthur O'Donnell, S. S. Christy, building Committee of the Young Men's Institute of Clearfield township, and reputed owners, of, in and to one half acre of land, more or less, situated in Clearfield township, Butler county, Pa., bounded north by old State road, from Butler to Kittanning east by lands of St. John's Church, south by same, west by same, frame house 30 by 50, or Institute, thereon erected. Seized and taken in execution as the property of John Galiaher, John Green, Daniel O'Donnell, Arthur O'Donnell, S. S. Christy, Building Committee of Institute, at the suit of A. O'Donnell & C. O'Donnell.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of M. F. White, of, in and to twenty acres of land, more or less, situated in Connoquenessing township, Butler county, Pa., bounded north by Thomas Alexander; east by Robert Martins heirs, south by a road west by George Beighley. All cleared, five acres meadow.

ALSO—One lot in the village of Whitestown, bounded as follows: North by Eli Henshaw, east by a street, south by a street, west by Franklin road. One brick Tavern thereon erected. Seized and taken in execution as the property of M. F. White, at the suit of Mercer & Robinson.

ALSO,

All the right, title interest and claim of Christopher Meals and Mary Ann Meals, of in and to Fifty acres of land, more or less, situated in Washington township, Butler county, Pa., bounded north by Bernard McAnnalan, east by Wm. Christy, south by same, west by James Grossman. Log house and log stable thereon erected.—Seized and taken in execution as the property of Christopher Meals, and Mary Ann Meals, at the suit of Joseph Eggert.

ALSO

All the right, title, interest and claim of Joseph Mealso, of in and to one lot of ground, situated in the village of North Washington, Butler county, Pa., bounded north by Hugh Young, west by main street, south by Hugh Young, west by an alley. Two story frame house and frame Blacksmith shop thereon erected. Seized and taken in execution as the property of Joseph Meals, at the suit of Allen Wilson.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of John Donnelly of in and to one hundred acres of land, more or less, situated in Cranberry township, Butler county, Pa., bounded north by Henderson Donnelly, east by Wm. Humes, south by George & Dan. Creps, west by Daniel Otto. Seventy acres cleared, 25 of which are meadow. Log house and log barn thereon erected. Seized and taken in execution as the property of John Donnelly, at the suit of James Rabinson.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of John Donnelly of in and to one hundred acres of land, more or less situated in Cranberry township, Butler county, Pa., bounded north by Hendersen Donnelly, east by Wm. Humes, south by George & Daniel Creps, west by Daniel Otto. Seventy acres cleared, 25 of which are meadow; log house and log barn thereon erected. Seized and taken in execution as the property of John Donnelly, at the suit of John Conlter. W. O. BRACKENRIDGE, Sheriff.

Butler, March 9, 1864.

NOTICE TO FARMERS!

THE subscribor respectfully informs the citizens of Butler County, and the public generally, that he is prepared to remove

Ring Bone and Bone Spavin,

with one airtight application, in from Six to Nine days, without injuring the Horse the least. The subscriber will so sell

TOWNSHIP RIGHTS

for the cure of the above diseases, for which a Copy Right was secured.

The Medicine is entirely safe—effectually removing the Ring Bone and Spavin, while it will not injure the Horse in any particular.

Persons calling on the undersigned will be shown horses that have been permanently cured by this application.

WM. VOGELEY.

Butler, March 9, 1864:tf.

LIST OF COLLECTORS Appointed for the Year, 1864.

Adams, P. D. Nicholas	Mercer, Andrew Hamilton.
Allegheny, Jos. Rosenberry,	Middlesex, James Fulton,
Buffalo, Josiah C. Watt,	Muddycreek, Wm. Graham,
Butler, Philip Bickel,	Oakland, Richasl Robison,
Brady, J. J. Croll,	Parker, John Say,
Centre, Daniel Fleeger,	Penn, J. Q. A. Kennedy,
Cherry, Jno. G. M'Candless,	Slippery'ck, Jno. M'Knight,
Clay, Wm. Crothers,	Summit, R. D. Stevenson,
Clearfield, Hugh M'Crea,	Venango, John Williams,
Clinton, John Ekis,	Washington, James Christy,
*Concord, Alex. Kuhn,	Winfield, John P. Bricker,
Connoques'g, Robert J. Ekin,	Worth, Robert Barron,
Cranberry, John P. Roll,	*Butler boro, Isaac Colbert,
Donegal, Timothy M'Keever,	Cent'ville bor. W. B. Christley
Fairview, Hugh M'Clymonds,	Harmony bor, Isaac Latshaw
Franklin, A. S. Thompson,	*Harrisv'lle bor, A. G. Stean
Forward, Thomas Martin,	*Millerst'wn bor, Sol. Fleeger
Jackson, James Jones,	Portersville bor, F. Brandon,
Jefferson, Herman Shaeffer,	Prospect bor., W. C. Dodds,
Lancaster, Jas. D. Lytle,	Zelienople bor, Eckert Bentel
Marion, James Kimes,	Saxonb'g bor, Christ. Michel.

Districts marked thus (*), had no names returned by Assessors.

HARVEY COLBERT, Cl'k.

Commissioner's office, Butler, Mar. 9, 1864:1mo.

Register's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested, that the following accounts have been passed and filed in Register's Office of Butler county, and will be presented for confirmation and allowance to the Orphans' Court, to be held in the borough of Butler, on Wednesday, March 30, 1864.

Final account of John Kennedy, Guardian of Sarah Burkhart, minor child of Powell Burkhart, now of Prarie Hall, Iowa, formerly of Butler township, Butler county, Pa.

Final account of John Kennedy, Guardian of Margaret Burkhart, minor child of Powell Burkhart, now of Prarie Hall, Iowa, formerly of Butler tp., Butler county, Pa.

Final account of John Kennedy, Guardian of Rebecca Burkhart, minor child of Powell Burkhart, now of Prarie Hall, Iowa, formerly of Butler tp., Butler county, Pa.

Final account of John Kennedy, Guardian of Maria Burkhart, minor child of Powell Burkhart, now of Prarie Hall, Iowa, formerly of Butler tp., Butler county, Pa.

Final account of John Kennedy, Guardian of Jacob Burkhart, minor child of Powell Burkhart, now of Prarie Hall, Iowa, formerly of Butler tp., Butler county, Pa.

Final account of John Kennedy, Guardian of Hiram Burkhart, minor child of Powell Burkhart, now of Prarie Hall, Iowa, formerly of Butler tp., Butler county, Pa.

Final account of John Kennedy, Guardian of William Burkhart, minor child of Powell Burkhart, now of Prarie Hall, Iowa, formerly of Butler tp., Butler county, Pa.

Final account of John M'Grath, Administrator of the estate of George M'Candless, late of Centre tp., dec'd.

Final account of J. Swartz and J. Latshaw, Executors of Ann Wilson, late of Jackson township, deceased.

Final account of John W. Mitchell, Administrator of the estate of John Jamison, late of Summit tp., dec'd.

Final account of John Goehring, Administrator of the estate of George Goehring, late of Cranberry tp., dec'd.

Final account of B. Allen and R. Jemison, Executors of the estate of Esther Duchess, late of Butler co., dec'd.

Final account of Joel Kirk, Administrator of the estate of Robert M'Candless, late of Middlesex tp., dec'd.

Final account of Daniel L. Kemerer, Administrator of the estate of Peter Kemerer, late of Fairview tp., dec'd.

Distribution account of Daniel L. Kemerer, Administrator of Peter Kemerer, late of Fairview tp., dec'd.

Partial account of John Sutton, Administrator appointed by the Court to make sale of the real estate of Samuel M'Coll, late of Franklin township, dec'd.

Final account of Ninean E. Neyman and Samuel Reep, Executors of Daniel Neyman, late of Slipperyrock township deceased.

Final account of Jesse B. Dodds, Executor of George Boyd, Jr., late of Penn tp., dec'd.

Final account of H. H. Bicker and George Freeling, Executors of John Gundlock, late of Winfield tp., dec'd.

Final account of W. S. Grant, Administrator of the estate of John C. Allen, late of Allegheny tp., dec'd.

Final account of Samuel Russel, Executor of Robert M'Callen, late