THE AMERICAN CITIZEN.

Butler, Pa., Wednesday, Dec. 23. 1863.

☞ Entrance to the AMERICAN CITIZEN Printing Office from the South, on Jefferson street.

☞ There will be no paper issued from this office next week.

AS THE HOLIDAYS are near at hand, you should call at H. C. Heineman's Book and Variety store, on Main street, opposite the Lowry House, and examine his choice selection of Gift Books, Toys, Trinkets, etc. Our country friends will not forget when they are in town, to call and supply themselves with gifts for their children and friends.

LOVERS OF GOOD MUSIC will have an opportunity on the 29th inst., of listening to a first class concert given at the Court House. An entertainment so rare in this place should be appreciated.

The performers are all first class musicians, and some have had many years of experience. Mr. Jerome Staley, the leader, is a young man of extraordinary musical talent and ability. He performs on several musical instruments with equal skill and expression—has adopted music as his profession—and, as this is his debut, we hope it may be a success.

Arthur's Home Magazine.

Arthur's Home Magazine, for January, has been received. As usual, it abounds with rare and elegant attractions. The fashion plates and engravings, as well as its literary articles, are of a character that would honor any Magazine in the country. We bespeak for it a wide circulation. It should be read by every lady in the country. See advertisement in another column.

BUTLER.

BUTLER TOWN is pleasantly situated on the North bank of Connoquenessing creek, in a bend thereof, on an eminence that commands an extensive and picturesque view of the surrounding country, and is thirty-three miles *via* the Plank-road North of Pittsburgh. The town contains the usual county buildings; a good and substantial brick and stone Court-House, erected in 1853; the Jail is built of stone, and, as far as the name is concerned, does very well; but past occurrences show that it is not very well calculated to hold any one who has a strong inclination to escape from "durance vile." The town was laid out in A. D. 1800, and was incorporated as a borough Feb. 26, 1817. Population, in 1830, 580; in 1840, 861, and in 1860 it contained over 1,300. Within the limits of the town there are seven churches, one Academy, the Witherspoon Institute, and two school-houses. The latter cannot be spoken very highly of. Their architecture and furniture are not such as they should be. In our humble opinion there is nothing that can be called attractive either in the architecture or furniture of these buildings; and it is very self-evident to the most superficial observer that there is nothing about the exterior, or grounds connected with these buildings, of an attractive nature or character; but we will not dwell on this matter at present.

The town is well supplied with hotels; of these there are six. There are at present ten eating-houses, or restaurants, with a very fair prospect of at least one more. We have eight dry-goods and grocery-stores, three jewelry establishments, two drug-stores, one book and variety store, nine shoe-shops doing a flourishing business in protecting the *soles* of the people; six blacksmith shops—those engaged in this trade should remember to "strike while the iron is hot;"—three wagon and carriage shops, two plow shops, five cabinet shops, three saddle and harness shops, three printing offices, one clothing store, four tailor shops and two tanneries. Just outside the borough limits there are two machine shops, a woollen factory and two large steam grist-mills.

The town does not improve very rapidly; in explanation of which many reasons might be assigned, but we will not enumerate at present, as we may have occasion to refer to these matters more at length on some future occasion. During the past season, the Presbyterian congregation of this place have completed a very fine building on the site formerly occupied by the old church. This new place of worship is very elegantly and tastefully furnished.

The new brick dwelling house of Chas. M'Candless, Esq., situated on the S. W. corner of the Diamond, when fully completed, will be a decided improvement in the architecture of the place, and will reflect credit on the owner and the architects—Messrs. S. G. Purvis & Son. In this connection we would also mention the new, large and fine brick building, on Main street, erected by William Vogeley, and now occupied by him as a hotel. It is a very fine building, and one that does credit to the owner.

During the past fall, a very extensive and substantial improvement was made in the condition of Main Street. It was very much needed; and, while it is commendable and praiseworthy to keep the main street in good condition, would it not be well to bestow a little more labor on the back and cross streets, and also the alleys? Of course we do not wish to be understood as dictating to the worthy authorities who have the supervision and control of these matters, but merely as suggesting the propriety of distributing the work and repairs equitably in the different parts of our borough. The mall, or board walk, leading to the Cemetery, on the North of the borough, which was made during the last season, was very much needed, and is highly appreciated, especially by those who, from locality and business, frequent the same.

Of the professions, there are eight ministers, four doctors, two dentists, 1 professor, four teachers, three justices of the peace, and only seventeen lawyers. We have an industrious population; with but few, if any, who can be called *loafers* or *idlers*. All are engaged in some useful calling or occupation; each is, in his particular sphere, endeavoring to make an honest living.

Evening Party.

DO NOT FAIL to attend the evening party at the LOWRY HOUSE on New Years Eve. The object is one which commends itself to every patriot, and we hope that there will be a general attendance; who will not give for the purpose of relieving the wants of the soldier's family? Certainly there are none but what will be eager to contribute towards so laudable an object, as the relief of the wives and children of our brave soldiers who have periled their lives in defence of our government. It is unnecessary for us to say anything with regard to the manner in which the proprietor will serve up the supper; everybody knows that he understands his calling, and will do everything for the comfort and pleasure of his guests.

BROKE JAIL.—On Wednesday evening of last week, Dr. P. Dockaleer, better known as the *French Doctor*, contrived, during the absence of the Jailor—Capt. Brackenridge—to effect his escape from "durance vile." By watching his opportunity he managed to pass out at the door while one of the females of the Jailor's household was replenishing his cell or room with fuel. Notice was immediately given to Sheriff Scott, who, in company with his son, Columbus, gave chase; and as it was snowing at the time, they were enabled to get on the track of the fugitive, who had taken the road leading from Butler to Harmony. After a smart chase of an hour or two through the woods and fields—to which he had taken—they succeeded in re-capturing and bringing him back to his old quarters, where he is now confined to serve out the remainder of his apprenticeship and sentence given him on the first Monday of the last Court. Truly, "The way of the transgressor is hard."

TREES AND SHRUBBERY.—The attention of growers of fruit, ornamental trees and shrubbery is directed to the advertisement of R. C. Sharp, which may be found in another column of this paper. Every farmer should endeavor to have a good orchard on his plantation. Choice fruits always command the highest prices.—"A good tree, will produce good fruit," and Mr. Sharp is prepared to furnish the choicest fruit trees of all varieties and on as liberal terms as the heart of man could desire. Do not fail to read the advertisement and supply yourselves with a choice lot of fruit trees and shrubbery, and in after years, when

"Chill November's surly blast,
Makes field and forest bare"

you will then have reason to be thankful that in the course of human events you were so fortunate as to improve the rare opportunities offered to you now.

Proceedings of Court.

QUARTER SESSIONS.

Commonwealth vs. Thos. Rodgers,—Selling liquor without license: prosecutor, constables return. Ignoramus, county to pay costs.

Com'th vs Mary Ramsey—first count infanticide; ignored. Second count, concealing the death of her male infant bastard child: prosecutor, Coroners inquest. True bill. This case certified into court of Oyer and Terminer, the prisoner being in court Dec. 17, 1863, was arraigned for trial and plead, not guilty. Jury sworn, Dec. 17, 1863, prisoner present in court, jury find a verdict—Not guilty in manner and form as she stands indicted. Court discharged def't.

Same vs Anthony Hoon and Daniel Convery—misdemeanor in office, in refusing to receive a qualified and legal vote. Verdict of not guilty and def'ts pay the costs.

Same vs John Cooper—assault and battery; prosecutrix, Salina J. Smith; verdict, Guilty—def't to pay fine of $10,00 and costs of prosecution.

Same vs August Acher and Henry Roenigk—misdemeanor in office, in refusing to recieve qualified and legal votes. On motion the court quashed the indictment, on the application of the District Atty. and the court grant leave to send up another bill before the Grand Jury.

COMMON PLEAS.

Amanda J. Patterson, Adm'x with the will annexed, of Samuel Patterson, dec'd vs George Patterson—Summons in assumpsit for money had and received and loaned by Samuel Patterson to defendant. Def't pleads non assumpsit, payment with leave etc. Dec. 17, 1863, Jury sworn, verdict given Dec. 18, 1863, for the Plff. $207,73.

Manasses Dougan vs Patrick and Daniel McLaughlin—Summons in trespass, quare clausum frigit. Def'ts plead not guilty and liberum tenementum, Dec. 15, 1863. This case settled as per writing filed in the cases.

Alex Scott vs John M. Orr—Sci. fa. sur Mortgage, recorded in Mortgage Book No. 2 page 202 of Butler county, dated Dec. 5, 1857, with notice to J. E. Brown and Hugh Campbell terre tenants. Defendants and terre tenants plead payment with leave to alter etc., def'ts add the plea of sett off. Dec. 18, 1863, on application of J. B. Fullerton, his name was stricken from the record in this case as Atty. Jury sworn Dec. 19, 1863, verdict $1349,56 for the plff. Dec. 19, 1863, motion for new trial entered and reasons filed.

Manasses Dougan vs John McLaughlin, Daniel McLauglin, Patrick McLaughlin, Wm. McCrea—Summons trespass quare clausum frigit, throwing down fence and plowing up grain and taking away rails. Def'ts plead not guilty, lib. ten. Dec. 15, 1863, this case settled as per paper filed in the case.

Wm. Crocker for use of Wm. McKnight now for use of Mellon & Henry now for use of George W. Stillwagon vs Henry Wolford. On motion of C. McCandless Esq. court grant a Rule on the plaintiff to show cause why a credit for usurious interest paid to plaintiff, should not be entered as a credit thereon, and why the execution and proceedings shall not be set aside, a tender having been made in the legal currency of the country before the execution was issued. Dec. 16 1863, Rule made absolute upon consent of parties, and court allowed the money in this and the other cases, to-wit: Nos. 16, 17 and 18 of Dec. Term 1860, be paid by I. J. Cummings, depositee, to E. M. Bredin, Esq., Plffs. counsel in all of said cases. By the court.

☞ The following letter from WILLIAM HAZLETT to his father, has been handed to us for publication. Mr. Hazlett has four sons in the army of the Union, and was himself, a member of Capt. Jas G. Campbell's Militia company, that went from our county at the time that Lee and his rebel horde made their first raid into "My Maryland."

CAMP, 6TH U. S. CAVALRY, }
VIRGINIA, Dec. 11, 1863. }

DEAR FATHER:

I received your letter safe at hand, and was very glad to hear from you, and to hear that you were well. I am well at present. We have just returned from over the Rapidan river; we had some very smart skirmishing for three days, when Lee, the Confederate commander, found an almost impregnable position, on high ground, suited for all his artillery, and a deep run or stream, called Mine River, between us and him, where he fortified himself, where he appeared sure of a victory. But Gen. Meade, our commander, was not to be fooled, he just fell back to his old position: he merely went over to let old Lee see, that if he sent reinforcements to Bragg, in the South West, he might expect to get well whipped by the operation. We have very cold weather, and our Infantry suffered considerably from the cold and rain, while lying on the cold, wet ground without fires, in the battle line; but now we are all pretty snugly fixed, in the woods, with good camp fires, although we have got no orders to prepare winter quarters. The army is now taking things very easy, enjoying themselves on soft bread and beef steak. I think we will do no more this winter, without the rebels actually come to visit us in our camp. I think in the spring, with the three hundred thousand men of reinforcements, we will be able to get hold of the rebel capitol. The rebels are loosing heart, and begin to weep a little. They are beginning to see the folly of their ways. They have now lost the whole of Tennessee, where their main supplies for their army came from, and as time flies on, their cause looks more hopeless and cloudy; while our Army and Navy gets stronger and braver. The leaders of the rebellion have ruined their country, and they know it, for the desolation it has caused is awful. But they still stick to it; they must fight till the last man; but they had better cover their heads with sack-cloth and ashes, and repent of their folly, and confess their error, and not murder and destroy the balance of their unfortunate population. The charges against the leaders of this rebellion, and the punishment which will be meted out to them, will be hard indeed. But I hope and trust that peace and prosperity will soon be in every homestead both North and South. Give my best respects to all enquiring friends and acquaintances.

From your affectionate son,
WM. HAZLETT.

DON'T SWEAR.—Profanity is one of the most offensive and disgusting habits to which unredeemed humanity is given. To say nothing of its sinfuness, (which every one of course understands) profane swearing is a vile vulgar, low-bred habit, from the indulgence of which a proper self respect should restrain a man, even if he has no regard for the dictates of religion. It is a habit too which increases with fearful rapidity when once given way to; and we have known instances where men who were once highly respectable, but who unfortunately contracted this habit, have sunk so low as to use profane language in their own families, and even to swear at their wives and children.

WHY is a deputy sheriff like the first Roman Emperor! Because he's a "seizer."

Our Mercies of Re-Occupation.

A few years since a magnificent specimen of Young North America—physically and morally—appeared in Philadelphia, from Boston. He became the Rector of the Church of the Holy Trinity in the city of Philadelphia—and very shortly filled this new church organization to its utmost capacity. Among his pewholders was George W. Woodward, who, in December 1860, expounded not only constitutional law, but indulged quite largely in that species of Theology known as the Bible argument in behalf of slavery. The Rev, Phillip Brooks has the slightest possible reverence for the Bible Argument in behalf of slavery, and so frequently expressed himself on this subject that the said George W. Woodward, in disgust, ordered his pew to be sold and left Mr. B's church. The preacher has not in the least lowered his tone since his church suffered the calamity of the Judge's withdrawal.

A friend has just sent a Thanksgiving Sermon preached by the said Reverend Brooks, under the title at the head of this article. His text is the 14th and 15th verses of the 16th chapter of Jeremiah. We append a few sentences as specimen bricks—on page 9:

When this war began, you know how heavy the air was with gloomy prophecies of the ruin that was to come upon us here at home, in the derangement of labor, in the scarceness of supplies, in the stoppage of business, in the insecurity of property. The war is almost three years old, and industry was never richer, homes were never happier, trade never paid so well, harvests never crowded the bursting barns more fully than in the abundant prosperity of this battle-autumn. What shall we do? Is it the part of earnest men just to come up to our churches and thank God for the corn-field and the busy stores, and say nothing about the war, under whose red glare the sickle does its peaceful battle with the grain, and the quick dollars pile themselves upon your desk. I think not. I think no gratitude is loyal or reasonable that does not carry the earnestness and solemnity of all our present life into every thanksgiving that it has to pay.

On page 11, he says:

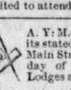
It seems to me every dollar made in these war times ought to be sacred. I should think every man who is staying at home and making a fortune now, would want to take at least one poor man who has been to the war and been disabled; and, counting him his substitute; provide for him and his for life. A man who is coining money out of his country's agony, and keeping it to spend upon himself, must feel so like a very Gehazi. "Is it a time to receive money and to receive garments, and oliveyards, and vineyards, and sheep, and oxen?" When those whose duty to be there is no more than ours, are putting every comfort by and standing between us and the traitors, camping in the wretchedness of the cold open corn field, fighting the front ranks of our thinned armies, suffering in the solitude of far-off hospitals, starving in that loathsome prison which is going to make Southern civilization the everlasting by-word of the nineteenth century—what right have we to occupy the prosperity, under whose groaning portals we enter in with thanks to-day, save as the guardian holds his solemn trust, sacred from common use, ready to answer to the last demand of those for whom he holds it, to whom it all belongs.

On pages 23, 24 and 25, he thus sketches his views of Bishop Hopkin's argument on slavery. The fifty-five Democratic members of Congress who voted for the Bishop for Chaplain must have estimated it more highly than did Mr. B.:

I should do great injustice to ourselves and to the day, if it did not commemorate another great re-occupation of this past year, whereby not only the people but the church has entered in and repossessed the old land that the Lord gave to her fathers. Christianity, I believe, will never cease to sorrow that the Church of Christ was led and not leading in the crusade against human slavery in the United States. The future historian of the Church will look back and wonder at the sight he sees.—Year after year the Church stood back, while they who fought the battle went out from her, and the whole movement against slavery became not only unchurchly but openly infidel, disowning all interest in every presentation of that Christianity of whose spirit and operation it was nevertheless itself the legitimate result. The child Philanthropy not merely deserted its mother Religion, but disowned her. But like many another lost child in the world's moral history, its inherited birth-marks, the brow and eyes it took from her, would keep speaking out its parentage in its own despite. If in this year the recreant mother has at all come out and claimed her child; if in this year the Christian Church has taken among us an irrevocable position of his hostility to human slavery in every shape, let us thank the Lord. I rejoice in every symptom tending that way I rejoice in this last struggle whereby it is fighting its way into its dishonored grave, of that old miserable creature, the most foolish of all follies, if it had not been the most impious of all impieties, which has been dignified so many years with the name of "The Bible Argument for Slavery." I cannot tell you the half of my joy—some of you will understand it by your own—when in this most conservative of all conservatisms, the Episcopal Church, the reassertion of a Bishop of this same old so-called Bible Argument for Slavery, stirred the ministry of this diocese to an utterance which no man can mistake, of utter enmity to slavery and whatever has anything to do with it. It is of very little importance in the world; it is of very little importance in the land; but it is of very great importance in the Episcopal Church, that, for the first time in her history, she has set herself flatly, fairly, unmistakbly against the sin of the nation. As name after name added to that protest; as the assent came in so unanimously from every direction—from the mission chapels in the hills, from the cathedral-churches in the city, from the seats of our schools and our seminary, and above all, thank God, from the honored dignity of the Bishop's chair, made dear love for him, who we pray may long sit in it to do true things like this—it seemed to me as if every new assent wiped from the vesture of the church we love some stain of her long compliance, and gave promise of the day when she shall stand up in her perfect and unsullied excellence, and, wreathing her venerable beauty with an ever-fresh and verdant love for all God's truth, be such a church as there is not in the land.—*Pittsburgh Commercial.*

SPECIAL NOTICES.

CONNOQUENESSING LODGE, No. 258, I. O. of O. F. holds its stated meetings at the Hall, on Main Street, Butler Penna. every Monday evening, commencing at six o'clock. Brethren from sister Lodges are respectfully invited to attend. By order of the N. G.



A. Y. M.—Butler Lodge, No. 272, A. Y. M. holds its stated meetings in the Odd Fellows Hall, on Main Street, Butler Pa. on the first Wednesday of each month. Brethren from sister Lodges are respectfully invited to attend.

By order of the W. M.

DIED:

Died of lung fever, Dec. 14, HARRIET ROSALIE, daughter of Samuel L. and Mary A. Riddle, of Fairview township, aged 3 years 6 mo. and 6 days.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AN EVENING PARTY.

WILL be given at the LOWRY HOUSE on New Year's Eve., Thursday Dec, 31st, 1863, for the benefit of the families of Our Soldiers.

A fitting entertainment will be given. Social games and calisthenics allowed, subject to the strictest rules of decorum.

A string band of experienced Artists will be in attendance.

MANAGERS:

Capt. Jerome M'Bride, Capt. Edwin Lyon,
R. M. M'Lure, R. C. Sharp.
George Purviance, Isaac Ash,
Capt. W. M. Clark.
Boss—L. Z. Mitchell, Cus.—Wm. Campbell.

MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT.

By JEROME STALEY, JOS. STEHLEY, & Others

Will be given at the Court House on Tuesday, Dec. 29, at 7 o'clock, P. M. Consisting of

OVERTURE—WALTZES, POLKAS, QUICK STEPS, SONGS—Sentimental and Comic, selected from the best authors.

☞ Tickets for sale at Drug and Book Stores. ☜

Dec. 23, 1:w

Stray Sheep.

STRAYED from the residence of the subscriber in Penn township, on or about the 1st of July, 1863, Fourteen head of SHEEP, to wit: eight Ewes and six lambs, five of the ewes were marked as follows: Two crops off and slit in the right ear, and three not marked; Lambs marked—a crop off the left ear, and the letter G. on the side of all.—Information that will lead to the recovery of the above strays will be thankfully received at the office of the "CITIZEN," or the residence of the subscriber.

Dec. 23, 3:t. JOHN GRAY,

Stray Steer.

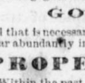
CAME to the residence of the subscriber in Washington township, about the first of June last a BROWN STEER, with crop off the right ear and sprekled face, one year old last spring; no other marks perceivable.—The owner is requested to come forward, prove property pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be disposed of according to law. DAVID SHIRA.

Dec. 23, 3t.

R. C. SHARP,

DEALER IN

FRUIT & ORNAMENTAL TREES.



IS now prepared to fill orders for the Spring planting on terms with which no other Fruit Agent can compete for

FRESHNESS,
VIGOR,
SIZE AND
SYMMETRY

His trees will stand the test with those of the *Best Nurseries* in the Union.

He engages to deliver them in proper season, and in

GOOD ORDER.

All that is necessary to ensure them to grow thriftily, and bear abundantly in a few seasons is

PROPER PLANTING.

Within the past two years, he has sold in this county THOUSANDS OF TREES of every description; nearly all of which are now in a thriving condition.

Some of his Dwarf Apples and Pears were this year

LOADED WITH LUCIOUS FRUIT.

It costs but little to start a new orchard, while in a few years it is the most profitable spot on the farm. It will pay to cut off the old orchards of common fruit, and replace them with choice selections from the Nursery.—In a few years after, as the farmer looks upon his thrifty trees, burdened down with blushing fruit, apples as large as

Tin Cups.

he will say to himself with a self satisfied expression of countenance, "I've made one good investment in my life, any how."

For particulars, address, R. C. SHARP, Butler, Pa.

The following well known gentlemen, have kindly permitted him to refer to them, as to his reliability as well as the quality of the trees:

Judge Stephenson, Centreville; John T. Bard, Centreville; John Pisor, Worth. tp.; John Bingham, Slipperyrock; Wm. M'Cafferty, Fairview tp.; Wm. Megary, Fairview tp; Ab'm. Zeigler, Henry F. Muntz Harmony; Col. A. Lowry, E. M'Junkin, Cap. Jacob Zeigler, I. J. Cummings, Butler; John Green, John M'Creay, Coylsville, Henry Buhl, Forward township.

Dec. 23, 3:m.

Arthur's Home Magazine

For 1864. Edited by

T. S. ARTHUR AND VIRGINIA F. TOWNSEND.

VOLUMES XXIII. AND XXIV.

The HOME MAGAZINE for 1864 will be conducted in the same spirit that has distinguished it from the commencement; and continue to unite in one periodical the attractions and excellencies of both the Ladies', or Fashion Magazines as they are called, and the graver literary monthlies. *Our arrangements for 1864 include*

THREE ORIGINAL SERIAL STORIES, written expressly for the Home Magazine One of these will be by Miss Virginia F. Townsend, and commence in the January number. Another will be by T. S. ARTHUR. And the third from the pen of MRS. M. A. DENISON, a writer who has long been a favorite with the public.

Besides these, OUR LARGE CORPS OF TALENTED WRITERS will continue to enrich the Home Magazine with shorter stories, poems, essays, and sketches of life and character, written with the aim of blending literary excellence with the higher teachings of morality and religion.

ELEGANT ENGRAVINGS appear in every number, including choice pictures, groups and characters, prevailing fashions, and a large variety of patterns for garments, embroidery, etc. etc

PREMIUMS FOR GETTING UP CLUBS—Our Premium Plates for 1864 are large and beautiful Photographs of "EVANGELINE" and "THE MITHERLESS BAIRN."

TERMS—$2 a year in advance Two copies for $3. Three for $4. Four for $5. Eight, and one extra copy to getter up of club, $10. Twelve and one extra, $15. Seventeen, and one extra, $20. PREMIUM—one to every $2 subscribers; and one to getter-up of $3, $4, $5 or $10 club.—Both premiums sent to getter-up of $15 and $20 clubs.

☞ In ordering premiums send three red stamps, to pre-pay postage on same.

Address, T. S. ARTHUR & CO.,
323 Walnut St. Philadelphia.

WAVERLY MAGAZINE.

FOR FAMILY AMUSEMENT AND INSTRUCTION.

Edited by Moses A. Dow.

This paper is the largest Weekly ever published in the country. Its contents are such as will be approved in the most fastidious circles—nothing immoral being admitted into its pages. It will afford as much reading matter as almost any one can find time to peruse, consisting of Tales History, Biography, together with Music and Poetry.—The paper contains no ultra sentiments, and meddles neither with politics nor religion, but it is characterized by a high moral tone. It circulates all over the country, from Maine to California.

TERMS.—The Waverly Magazine is published weekly by Moses A. Dow, No. 5, Lindall Street, Boston, Mass. Two editions are printed, one on thick paper, for Periodical Dealers, at 8 cents a copy, and an edition for mail subscribers (on a little thiner paper, so as to come within the low postage law.)

One copy for 12 months,	$3,00
One copy for 8 months,	2,00
One copy for 4 months,	1,00
One copy for 6 months,	1,50
Two copies for 12 months,	5,00
Four copies for 6 months,	5,00

All additions to the clubs at the same rates. All monies received will be credited according to the above terms. Paper stopped when the last number paid for is sent. No subscriptions taken for less than four months. All clubs must be sent by mail. A name must be given for each paper in the club.

A new volume commences every July and January.—But if a person commences at any number in the volume, and pays for six months, he will have a complete book, with a title-page.

When a subscriber orders a renewal of his subscription he should tell us what was the last number he received, then we shall know what number to renew it without hunting over our books. Otherwise we shall begin when the money is received. Persons writing for the paper must write their name, post office, county and state very distinctly. Those who wish their paper changed should tell where it has previously been sent. Postage on this paper is twenty cents a year, payable in advance at the office where taken out.

Clubs must always be sent at one time to get the benefit of the low price. We cannot send them at the club price unless received all together, as it is too much trouble to look over our books or keep an account with each one getting them up.

Monthly Parts—$4 a year, in all cases.

Any one sending us Five Dollars can have the weekly "Waverly Magazine," and either of the following works for one year by mail: "Peterson's Ladies' Magazine," "Harper's Magazine," Godey's Lady's Book," "Ladies Gazette of Fashion," "Atlantic Monthly."

All letters and communications concerning the paper must be addressed to the publisher.

THE WAY TO SUBSCRIBE.—The proper mode to subscribe for a paper is to enclose the money in a letter and address the publisher direct, giving individual name, with the post office, county and state very plainly written, as postmarks are often illegible.

Address MOSES A. DOW, Boston, Mass.

Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Pittsburgh,

Brought into the very midst of the

QUIET TOWN of BUTLER.

THE undersigned, at the earnest solicitation of his numerous friends and patrons, consented to become chairman of the committee for procuring articles necessary for the comfort and enjoyment of his fellow citizens, "in and about" Butler county and elsewhere. In "pursuance of his appointment," he left Butler, and during the "rainy season," was busily engaged, toiling, taxing every point of the compass, in order to accomplish the object of his mission. He has the satisfaction of reporting himself once more at home, accompanied with some of the tallest specimens of articles in his line of business, that was ever concentrated at any point in Butler county, or any where else in this decidedly great country. All he asks in return, of his fellow citizens, for his arduous labors, is simply that they will give him a call, and examine for themselves, his fine stock of

Tobacco, Snuff and Cigars.

Though republics are generally ungrateful, and the people, though "sovereigns," are not always exactly in the right track, yet he feels a kind of confidence in them that they will not hesitate to pronounce judgment in his favor, when they shall have "investigated" his stock. In order to make an intelligent report, it will be necessary for all interested in the "use and abuse" of Tobacco, in all its varieties, to call and try for themselves. The committee begs leave to be discharged from further consideration of this subject. GEORGE VOGELEY, Jr.

Dec. 9, 1863::3mo.

SAM'L M. LANE............J. LYNN M'ABOY............ELI YETTER.

LANE, M'ABOY & CO.

DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND

DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,

No. 140, Federal Street,

(SECOND DOOR BELOW NEW MARKET HOUSE.)

Allegheny City, Pa.

Dec. 9, 1863::tf.

REDICK'S DRUG STORE,

Opposite Stine's Store,

DRUGS,
DRUGS,
DRUGS,

MEDICINES, MEDICINES,
MEDICINES, MEDICINES,
MEDICINES, MEDICINES,

DYES,
DYES,
DYES,

PAINTS, PAINTS PAINTS,

Pure Liquors for Medical use only.

Soda, Cream Tarter etc. etc.

French and American Perfumery, and Toilet articles.—Brushes, Trusses and all articles in the Drug line, of the best quality and at fairest rates.

Dec. 9, 1863.

Watches, Clocks & Jewelry.

IF you want a good Watch, Clock, or set of good Jewelry, go to Griebs, where you can get the very best the market affords. He keeps on hand, a large assortment of Jewelry of all styles, and in fact everything usually kept in a Jewelry Store. Repairing done on short notice.

Dec. 9, 1863::tf. FRANCIS X. GRIEB.

Notice to Builders.

SEALED proposals will be received for the building of two frame School Houses, in Slipperyrock School District at the Hotel of W. G. Christley, in the borough of Centreville, on Saturnay the 26th day of December.—Plans and specifications may be seen at said Hotel on and after the 15th inst.

By order of the Board.

JESSE KEISTER, Pres.

E. D. DEWOLF, Sec'y.

Dec. 9, 1863.

NEW HARNESS SHOP.

SADDLES & HARNESS

J. A. SEDWICK and P. BROWN.

THE above firm have just opened a new Harness Shop, opposite Boyds Buildings, Butler Pa., where they keep constantly on hand, a large assortment of Saddles, Harness and every thing in their line of business, which they offer at prices to suit the times. Work of all kinds manufactured to order, and repairing done on short notice.

Dec. 9, 1863::tf SEDWICK & BROWN.

1863 NEW GOODS, 1863.

FROM NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA.

AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST.

AND AS GOOD AS THE BEST.

R. C. & J. L. M'ABOY.

Have just received at their establishment,

ON MAIN STREET, BUTLER, PA.,

A large and well selected stock of

SEASONABLE GOODS,

which they are selling at verry low rates.

READ THE FOLLOWING CATALOGUE AND PROFIT THEREBY.

FOR THE LADIES.

Always on hand a large stock of Ladies goods, such as

COBERG CLOTH, ALPACAS, DE LANES, GINGHAMS, PRINTS, KERCHIEFS, NUBIES, GLOVES, &c.

FOR GENTLEMEN.

Always on hand Black Cloths, Fancy and Black Cassimeres, Satinetts, Cassinets, Tweeds, Plain and fancy Vestings, Shirting, etc., etc., etc.,

READY MADE CLOTHING.

Such as COATS, PANTS, VESTS and other garments.

Boots and Shoes,

HATS, CAPS & NECKTIES,

and a variety of other articles

HOUSEHOLD GOODS,

Such as Unbleached and Bleached Muslins, Linen and Cotton, Table Cloths, Oil Cloths, Linen and Hemp Towels, Carpets, Curtains, Fringe, etc.

HARDWARE, &C.

If you want Nails or Spikes, Manure or other forks, Saw-Mill or other saws, Smoothing Irons, Locks, Hinges, etc., go to M'Aboy's, where you can buy them cheap.

IF YOU WANT Good Extra Family Flour, White or Brown Sugar, Rio or Java Coffee, Imperial, Young Hyson or Black Tea, go to M'Aboy's.

IF You WANT GROCERIES

of a superior quality, at as low rates as they can be had elsewhere in the county, go to the store of

Dec. 9, 1863. R. C. & J. L. M'ABOY.

CHARLES McCANDLESS...................HUGH C. GRAHAM.

McCANDLESS & GRAHAM,

Attorney's at Law.

Office on the South-west corner of the Diamond, Butler, Pa

Also, CLAIM AGENTS for securing *Pensions, Arrears of Pay* and *Bounty Money*, for Soldiers, or if they are dead, for their legal representatives. In prosecuting Soldier's Claims, or those of their Representatives, no charge until collected.

Dec. 9, 1863::tf.

ISAAC ASH...................EDWIN LYON.

ASH & LYON,

Attorney's

WILL attend to the prosecution of all claims for BOUNTY, BACK PAY, PENSIONS.

Information by letter or otherwise, will be cheerfully given, gratis. No charge in any case until the money is made. They have already received and paid over to applicants, thousands of dollars; having drawn up their applications with such ease and precision that they are uniformly successful.

Pensions should be applied for within one year from death or discharge.

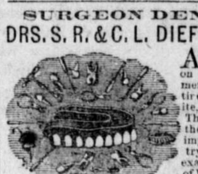
FARMS BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Office on Main Street, opposite the Post Office, Butler.

Dec. 9, 1863.:::3m

SURGEON DENTIST'S.

DRS. S. R. & C. L. DIEFFENBACHER,



ARE prepared to insert artificial dentures on the latest improvement from one to an entire set on Vulcanite, Coralite, Gold, Silver Platina. Those desirous to avail themselves of the latest improvements in dentistry, should not fail to examine their new styles of Vulcanite and Coralite work. Filling, cleaning, extracting and adjusting the teeth done with the best materials and in the best manner. Particular attention paid to children's teeth. As mechanics, they defy competition; as operators they rank among the best. Charges moderate. Advice free of charge. Office—In Boyds Building Jefferson Street, Butler Pa.

Dec. 9, 1863,:::tf.

CHEAP DRUG STORE.

Dr. James H. Bell,

Boyd's Building, Butler, Pa.

DEALER in all kinds of Drugs and Chemicals Oils, Paints and Varnish. Also, Benzole, Tar and Axle Grease.

Also, all kinds of Brushes. All kinds o Lamps, Lamp Shades and Chimneys.

Also, a full assortment of Groceries, Tabacco and Cigars of the very best brands.

Also, a full assortment of Confectionaries and Nuts. Also Green and Dried fruit. Also a great variety of notions. Liquors of all kinds for Medical and Sacrimenial purposes. Also Stationery, consisting of Paper, Envelops, Pens' Pencils, Blank Books, Pass Book, Slates &c. &c.

Dec. 9, 1863—tf.

MARTIN REIDER...................GEO. WHITBECKER.

STOVES AND PLOUGHS.

WECKBECKER & REIBER.—Founders—Foundry North of the borough of Butler, where Stoves, Ploughs and other castings are made on short notice. Their ware-room is on Main Street first door North of Jack's Hotel, where you will find Stoves of all sizes and patrons. They also keep on hand a large stock of Ploughs, which they sell as cheap as they can be bought at any other establishment in the county.

Dec. 9, 1863::tf

Letters of Administration.

LETTERS of Administration on the estate of FRANCIS M'ALLISTER, late of the township of Buffalo, deceased have been duly granted to the subscriber, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of the said deceased, will make known the same, without delay to

MARGARET M'ALLISTER,
Butler, Dec. 9, 1863::6t. Administratrix.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the undersigned, on the estate of JOHN BYERS, Esq., late of Donegal township, deceased, all persons having claims against said estate, will present them duly authenticated for settlement, and all indebted will make immediate payment to the subscribers in Millerstown, Butler county, Pa.

THEODORE CRAIG,
WM. B. BYERS,
Dec. 9, 1863::6t. Administrators.

Administrator's Notice,

LETTERS of Administration on the estate of George Christly, late of Centreville, dec'd., have this day been granted to the undersigned; therefore, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

LEAH CHRISTLEY,

Dec. 9, 1863.

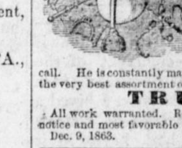
NEW HOTEL.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the public generally, that he has erected a large and commodious brick building, on the site of the old and well known house, formerly occupied by him as a Tavern Stand. He has been at great expense in erecting and furnishing his new house, and flatters himself that he is now prepared to accommodate all who may desire to give him a call.—Having ample house room for one hundred persons, and stabling for at least fifty horses.

Thankful for past patronage, he would ask a continuance of the same. WM. VOGELEY.

Dec. 9, 1863::tf.

HAVE YOU SEEN THIS?



THE subscriber, grateful to his old friends and customers for past favors, would announce to the public that he has a large stock of SADDLES, HARNESS WHIPS &c.

At his old stand, where he will be ready at all times to serve those who may favor him with a call. He is constantly manufacturing, and keeps on hand the very best assortment of

TRUNKS.

All work warranted. Repairing done on the shortest notice and most favorable tesms.

Dec. 9, 1863. J. J. SEDWICK.

Buggy for Sale.

THE undersigned has for sale, a New Top Buggy, which he offers cheaper than a Buggy of the same kind can be got up at the present prices. For further particulars, enquire of J. J. SEDWICK.

Dec. 9, 1863::tf.

A. M. NEYMAN, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon.

Office immediately opposite Walker's buildings,

Butler Pa.

Dec. 9, 1863::tf.

JAMES G. CAMPBELL...................WM. CAMPBELL.

Stoves! Stoves!! Stoves!!!

WM. & JAS. G. CAMPBELL.—FOUNDERS.—Foundry South of the borough of Butler, where Stoves, Ploughs and other castings are made. A large supply constantly on hand and for sale at reasonable rates.

Dec. 9, 1863:::tf.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS,

CALL AT

Heineman's Book Store,

And buy OSGOOD'S Serries of School Books at Publiseers pricer. Always on hand, a full supply of Stationery and Envelops, at wholesale and retail, cheap for cash. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. No trouble to show Goods.

Dec. 9, 1863::tf.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF ENROLLMENT, }
23d *District of Pennsylvania* }
Allegheny City, Dec. 5, 1863. }

THE IMPENDING DRAFT.—In pursuance of the requirements of Circular No. 101, "War Department, Provost Marshall General's office, Washington, D. C., November 17, 1863," we have printed copies of the enrollment of each sub-district within this District, and have caused the same to be put up in the most public places in each Ward, Township and Borough for the purpose of correcting any errors that may exist in the enrollment as made in June last.

Any person enrolled before the Board at any time between the 10th and 20th days of December, 1863, and claim to have his name stricken off the list, if he can show to the satisfaction of the Board that he is not and will not be at the time fixed for the next draft, liable to military duty on account of

1. ALIENAGE.
2. NON-RESIDENCE.
3. UNSUITABLENESS OF AGE.
4. MANIFEST PERMANENT PHYSICAL DISABILITY.

Persons who may be cognizant of any other persons liable to military duty, whose names do not appear on these Printed enrollment lists are requested to notify the Board of Enrollment, who will thereupon direct the enrolling officer of the sub-district in which the parties reside, to ascertain the facts and enroll the person so reported, if they are found to be subject to enrollment, or they may communicate the information directly to the Enrolling Officer, who is hereby directed to make the inquiry above specified and enroll the person, if found subject to enrollment. All persons so enrolled may avail themselves of the privilege of appearing as specified above, as if they had been originally enrolled.

Applications for election by parents, in accordance with the act of March 3, 1863, must be made before the 20th of December. No election can be made after the Draft.

No other claims for exemption will be considered by the Board, except those above mentioned until after the Draft. The quotas for the several sub-districts will be published as soon as they are received, and any sub-district that may furnish its quota by volunteering will be exempt from the Draft, or if they furnish part of their quota by volunteering they will be exempt to that extent.

Office hours from 9 to 12, and from 1 to 5.

J. W. KIRKER, Provost Marshal,
JOSIAH COPLEY, Commissioner,
Dec. 9, 1863. A. PERCHMENT, M. D., Surgeon.