

## PASSENGER DIES ON THE TRAIN

The Pennsylvania passenger train, west, due to arrive at South Danville at 4:31 o'clock, Monday eve was the scene of much excitement caused by the sudden death of one of the passengers, who breathed his last just after the train had passed Creasy.

The man that died was James Dodson, of Nazareth, who was on his way to Bloomsburg to visit relatives. After leaving Hazleton the man was taken ill and during the wait of over an hour at Nescopeck, he called upon Dr. Myers, a physician at that place, who administered to him.

When the train arrived he felt better and resumed his journey. As the train sped on its way it was observed that he was quite ill. He was nearing his destination, however, and it would only be a short time until he was in the hands of his friends. Meanwhile the passengers did what they could to relieve him. The train had just passed Creasy when he suddenly expired.

That the death caused quite a shock among the passengers goes without saying. The man's identity was revealed by a letter in his pocket from his sister, Miss Mary Dodson, of Bloomsburg. It was Miss Dodson and another sister, Mrs. Emma Buck, of Bloomsburg, that had set out to visit when death overtook him on the journey.

The body was removed from the train at East Bloomsburg and the relatives in Bloomsburg were notified. Miss Dodson and Miss Buck were not expecting their brother Monday and when the news came that he had died on the train and his dead body awaited them their surprise and grief cannot easily be imagined. The deceased was 65 years of age and was a widower.

## Diphtheria in East Danville.

Diphtheria in East Danville seems to hang on with remarkable persistence and to defy all efforts to stamp it out. At present it seems to have gained a new impetus and a prominent physician is authority for the statement that there are four comparatively new cases in three different families.

The physician in question feels that there is a lamentable lack of precaution in the township and is apprehensive that unless the residents awake to the full sense of their responsibility there is no telling how many more cases may develop in the near future.

There seems to be a common source of infection and whether this is the public school or some other source an effort should be made immediately to find out where it is and to apply the proper remedy. Fumigation is always in order and if there are no disease germs to kill there is nothing lost, while should infection be present the omission of such a precaution might be followed with deplorable results.

Either owing to inattention or lack of information the most common precautions to prevent outbreak seem to be omitted in many families. According to the physician quoted one fact that all have not yet learned or at least have not acted upon is that deadly germs of diphtheria are likely to lurk in household effects, and thus we have the spectacle of the disease recurring in the same family after intervals of greater or less duration and that, too, after the household has changed its residence, showing that some agency other than the dwelling has carried the disease.

It is hoped that the pleasant community of East Danville will soon unite upon some measure that will effectively stamp out diphtheria. Until this is accomplished there will be suffering and probably much sorrow among the families there and a condition of affairs will exist that must expose surrounding communities to the danger of infection.

## Trainmen Upset House Car.

What would seem to be one of the most awkward accidents possible in railroad work took place at South Danville, Monday evening. An empty house car together with several loaded cars stood on the siding. It became necessary to run these further ahead and to accomplish the task the usual plan was adopted of moving them by means of a stout pole or piece of timber inserted between a locomotive on the main track and the cars on the siding. Ordinarily the cars are pushed ahead in this way without any difficulty. Monday, the conditions were somewhat unusual and an unexpected mishap occurred. The pole was inserted between the locomotive and the empty house car, which in turn was expected to shove the three loaded cars ahead of it. To propel the heavy load the engine moved forward with a rush, but unfortunately the loaded coal cars were too heavy, the empty house car could not move them and unable to resist the force exerted by the engine it fell over on its side.

This indeed was a bad state of affairs. Nothing short of the steam crane would suffice to put the car right side up and place it on the track. The wrecking outfit was accordingly sent for and it arrived at South Danville during the evening. The lifting of the car back upon the track was the work of only a few minutes.

## CAN'T REGULATE SPEED.

Judge Doty, of the Westmoreland county court, has just handed down an opinion in which he decided that a municipality has no authority to make regulations as to the speed of fast trains through its borders. We have not seen the opinion, but unless it is reversed by the higher courts, then a municipality has no right to limit the speed of automobiles or of fast horses traveling through its limits and is absolutely powerless for the protection of its inhabitants against these constantly increasing modern perils.

## Entertained at Dinner.

Mrs. Martha Y. Gearhart entertained at a chicken and waffle dinner at her home on East Front street last evening in honor of her guest, Mrs. Martha McCollum, of Espy. The guests were Mr. and Mrs. W. Fred Jacobs, Mr. and Mrs. Sam A. McCoy, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. McCollum, of Espy.

## MAKE UP OF NEXT LEGISLATURE

Revised returns of Tuesday's election in the State show the following composition of the next legislature:

**THE SENATE.**  
Republicans..... 33  
Democrats..... 29  
Total..... 62  
Republican majority..... 28

**THE HOUSE.**  
Republicans..... 145  
Democrats..... 87  
Liberals..... 8  
City Party..... 1  
United Labor..... 1  
Total..... 243  
Republican majority..... 80

Twenty-four of the twenty-five hold over senators are Republicans and one is a Democrat. Of the newly elected senators, fifteen are Republicans, four are straight Democrats and six are Democrats with the Lincoln party endorsement. This is a gain of one for the Democrats.

Of the Lincolnites in the house, two, John Geysler and J. Penrose Moore, of Chester county, had Democratic endorsement. The other is Frederick C. Ehrhardt, of the Third Lackawanna district, who was a Republican member of the last house, and against whom the Republicans failed to nominate a candidate. Andrew J. Pfaff, of the Seventeenth Philadelphia district, was the only successful City Party nominee, and John J. Casey, of Wilkes-Barre, is the United Labor member. Many of the fifty-seven "Democrats" were elected on Fusion tickets, and some may vote with the Republicans on purely political questions.

The last house consisted of 185 Republicans and nineteen Democrats. Three new districts have been formed, increasing the total number of members to 207. The result of the election shows a loss of forty seats to the Republicans, as compared with the last house's membership of 204.

## Patients Out of a Job.

The big crop of corn on the hospital farm is all husked and the small army of patients who delight in knocking around out of doors and who took hold of corn husking with a vim are now out of a very congenial job.

There is no work on the big farm that the insane men take so much delight in as corn husking. Nearly a hundred might have been seen at work at one time, not a few of them being very expert. The completion of this job, which practically winds up the work of the farm, deprives the patients of the healthful exercise and diversion that proves so beneficial. During the winter, of course, the patients who work in the summer are taken out daily for exercise, but it is only a short airing and no manner of a substitute for the recreation of easy and healthful employment on the farm. With the privilege of working in the fields, confinement at the hospital for the insane loses much of its tedium and horror. Besides, those who so labor have the advantage of being furnished with tobacco free and can indulge in the weed without restraint. Although they while at work in the fields the insane men frequently enjoy their happiest moods.

## A Heart to Heart Talk With The Women and Girls of Pennsylvania.

Why a woman's page? Must women be fed on special and diluted diet? Can they not read as men read?

They do read as men read—and all that men read—and add the woman's page to it.

Rightly conducted, it is the earnest journalistic attempt to instruct rather than to amuse; well edited, it is a clear of the encyclopedia and the boudoir.

It should be all that a well-rounded, interesting, helpful woman is ready to put out a strong guiding hand wherever it is needed.

It must take itself seriously. It must be honest. It must reflect what really is, and suggest from experience what might be.

A great class turns to the woman's page for council, for advice, for suggestion. The ready made conventions of one set of people would be a misfit on another set, so why tell a woman who has to cook and wash for a husband and six children how to instruct a footman to receive the cards of callers?

A woman's page should be all things to all women.

No woman's page deserves success that does not give to its least reader a respectful hearing and the best advice in its scope. It must be kindly. It must inspire confidence.

It must enter into all the homely duties of the housewife with zest and enthusiasm. It must hold the affectionate friendship of its women readers.

All these things the woman's page "THE PHILADELPHIA DAILY PRESS" is and does—it is beyond doubt the most practical and truly and helpful woman's page ever offered Pennsylvania women. You cannot afford to miss even one day.

ANNE RITTENHOUSE.

## Dr. Smith in a New Field.

Dr. Gilbert T. Smith, formerly assistant physician at the hospital for the insane at this place, and widely known and well liked among the people of Danville, has been appointed assistant medical superintendent at Dr. Barnes' sanitarium for nervous and mental diseases at Stamford, Connecticut.

Dr. Smith has been engaged for years in his chosen specialty among the insane. For the past five and a half years he was assistant physician at the Danville hospital, and prior to his appointment here he served the States of Indiana and South Dakota as a member of the medical staffs of the Northern Indiana and South Dakota hospitals for the insane.

Praterity is growing in every part of the globe.

## TOTAL COST OF ELECTION

The November election cost Montour county a total of \$302.32. This includes the pay of all election officers, the cost of printing ballots and election supplies, ground rent for booths, room rent, ect.

But two townships of the county have voting booths, Mahoning and West Hemlock. Three townships vote at hotels—Valley township at Mansfield; Liberty, at Moersburg; and Derry at Washingtonville. Washingtonville borough also votes at a hotel. Derry and Limestone townships each vote at a grange hall.

There are still two townships of Montour county that hold election in school houses, which is a matter of much regret to the county commission, who are trying to bring about a sentiment that will disfavor holding election in the school houses. The time was not many years ago when even the school buildings of Danville were used for the purpose of holding elections. The custom proved wholly objectionable and except in the First ward, where the court house is used, booths were erected. It is evident that the townships are falling in line with the borough and the time can not come too soon when every school will be in session on election day and the voting done elsewhere.

## Excursions Are Popular.

The penny-a-mile excursions to Harrisburg still continue in unabated popularity. On Saturday the crowd exceeded that of the previous Saturday by several thousand. Over 15,000 excursionists invaded the city of Harrisburg and swarmed through the new capitol from cellar to dome. No accidents were reported and everybody had a fine time.

There were 131 tickets sold at the South Danville station and among those who took in the trip from this city and vicinity were: Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Fry, Mr. and Mrs. Clarke Kerbs, Mr. and Mrs. Seth Lerner and son Gordon, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Love, Mr. and Mrs. William Rudy, Mr. and Mrs. Judson Still, Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Mann, Mrs. William Childs, Mrs. Martha Ross, Mrs. Mary Ross, Mrs. Mary Lynn, Mrs. W. K. Linger and son Curtis, Mrs. Martha Gearhart and friend Mrs. Grace Embury, of Espy, Mrs. F. H. Yarnum and friends the Misses Eaton, of Scranton, Mrs. W. J. Williams and daughter Lois, Mrs. Rebecca Hess, Mrs. J. H. Jones, Mrs. Lattinere Ammerman, Mrs. James Murray, Mrs. Mary Mowrer, Mrs. Herbert Myerly, the Misses Watkins, Misses Bessie Hess, Margaret Williams, Sadie Everett, Mary Pfahler, Blanche Campbell, Berntha Jones, Minnie Esterbrook, Emma Reifsnider, Stella Sandel, Martha Sandel, Annie Reifsnider, Odessa Roundley, Sadie Keer, Olive Linger, Margaret Geringer, Anna Ammerman, Sadie Shooley, Carrie Confee, Messrs. A. C. Root, William Reed, Bert Gill, Frank McCaffrey, Frank Graham, F. G. Robbins, David Roderick, Lincoln Daniels, Samuel Mottern, William Mowrer, Strawbridge Roundley, Harris Edmondson, Clyde Dyer, Charles Hart, Robert M. Jacobs, Harry Koons, D. N. Diefenbacher, C. C. Ritter, Thomas Mills and son James, William Minter, Harry Minter, Charles Gardner, Alfred Esterbrook, Robert McCoy, Wilbur Jacobs, Grier Mann.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Cook, John Hughes and Ida Churn, of Valley township; Victor and Walter Vincent and Elmer Feister, of Liberty township; Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Barrett, of Grovania; William Fry and son Harry, Roy Mausteller, Miss Ethel Deightmiller and Miss Mae Mansteler, of Buckhorn, the Misses Gertrude and Rheda Eckman, Miss Olive Wertz, Charles Gulick, Paul Eckert and Harold Bassett, of Rushtown.

Members of the State board of trade when asked concerning the wisdom of the Pennsylvania Railroad company adopting two-cent fares before the Ramsey lines get through from Chicago to divert the traffic from the New Jersey coast resorts to the New England resorts, were unanimously of the opinion that all of the railroads of the State could not make the cut too soon.

"It would be a good thing," said A. M. Howes, of Erie, "for all the railroads to cut the rate regardless of what other lines are going to do in the future. It might do away with the necessity for legislation on the subject, and lighten the burden of the coming legislature. It would not only be a safe thing for the New Jersey coast resorts, but also for the merchants in the big eastern cities."

Secretary S. M. Williams thought the law compelling railroad companies to fix a two-cent rate should be passed no matter if the companies should announce a cut before the legislature meets. "It will help travel for the east on Pennsylvania lines," said Mr. Williams, "and what is more it would greatly increase travel. Look at the great crowd of thousands who travel to Harrisburg to see the capitol, all because of the low rates. It would be a good thing for the railroads."

H. D. Burlingame, of Altoona, said that the board is not antagonizing the railroads in advocating the cut rate, but proposes to help them. If the competition from the west comes before the cut, it might hurt Pennsylvania railroads.

## Twelfth Makes Good Showing.

General orders have been issued from headquarters of the national guard of Pennsylvania announcing the result of the annual inspection of the troops at the division encampment at Gettysburg last July. The orders contain a report of Inspector General Sweeney in which he states that never in its history has the guard presented a better front than at this inspection, and that the troops are better clothed and equipped than at any time in the existence of the guard.

The twelfth regiment, commanded by Colonel C. M. Clement, of Sunbury, was seventh in the list of averages. It was almost tied with the eighth, tenth, thirteenth and sixteenth regiments. The twelfth always ranks well, and is generally regarded as one of the best regiments in the State.

Following are the general averages of the seven highest regiments in the division:

First regiment.....	98.21
Third regiment.....	97.38
Thirteenth regiment.....	97.14
Eighth regiment.....	96.98
Tenth regiment.....	96.74
Sixteenth regiment.....	96.59
Twelfth regiment.....	96.57

The orders state that the cavalry was inspected by the inspector general in person and made most excellent showing. No inspection drills were required and the inspection was limited merely to personal appearances and clothing.

## Berwick Odd Fellows Will Build.

The Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Berwick, at a big meeting held Saturday evening decided to purchase a plot of ground and erect a building. In the erection of the building it is estimated that \$15,000 will be expended. It will be three stories with pressed brick front. On the first floor will be business places, the second floor will be given over to office rooms and the third floor will be devoted to lodge rooms.

## His 77th Vote.

On Tuesday, J. G. Grotz, of Bloomsburg, one of Columbia county's oldest citizens, voted at his 77th. fall election. In all the years that he has been able to cast his ballot he has not missed one opportunity to do so.

## STATE BOARD COMPLETES WORK

When the State board of trade met Saturday afternoon, with Vice President D. C. Shaw, of Pittsburg, in the chair, Secretary S. M. Williams announced that he had received pledges from seventy-five per cent of the legislators elected last Tuesday that they will vote for two-cent passenger rates on railroads and to permit trolley lines to carry freight. "We may consider the fight as won," said Secretary Williams, "but we will not so announce it until the pledges are fulfilled."

For obvious reason the names of the pledged legislators are not made public. The bill relating to passenger rates provides not to exceed two cents a mile, although they may charge as much less as they please. The trolley freight bill is of simple construction and its meaning is conveyed in the title, which provides that carrying companies of all kinds may carry freight.

The board endorsed a resolution asking for a garnishment law which will attach ten per cent of a debtor's wages monthly, or its equivalent, in the hands of the employer, until the debt is paid, and declared for a revision of the pure food law to conform with the national laws.

A resolution was adopted favoring a uniform system of public accounts and a better system of investing public funds, the object being to secure a uniform system of municipal book-keeping and an investment of public funds for the benefit of the municipalities.

The following officers were elected. President—E. Z. Gross, Harrisburg. First Vice President—C. A. Geesty, York.

Second Vice President—F. H. McIntire, Philadelphia.

Third Vice President—A. M. Howse, Erie.

Treasurer—W. R. Brinton, Lancaster.

Secretary—S. M. Williams, Pittsburg.

Directors—H. D. Burlingame, Altoona; William T. Creasy, Catawissa; J. C. Smith, Harrisburg; C. S. Seaman, Scranton; S. N. Williams, Williamsport; D. C. Shaw, Pittsburg.

A vice president for each county will be elected by the local organizations of each district.

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## UNIFORM PRIMARY LAW NOW IN FORCE

The uniform primary law is now in operation in every election district in the State. Under this new system of making nominations, county voters of all parties will vote direct and on the same day for their choice of candidates.

With uniform primaries in force, the time honored county and city convention is a thing of the past. State making by political bosses becomes exceedingly difficult if not impossible. The law was framed with the object in view of affording the people the means for determining for themselves who shall be their candidates.

The holding of such primaries to choose candidates to be voted for at the February election will mark the first practical test of the new law in the State at large.

The uniform primary law was one of the several election reform measures passed at the special session of the legislature. It provides that there shall be two primary elections held each year. For the coming February election the primary shall be held on the fourth Saturday preceding election day, which will be January 26. For November elections the primary shall be held on the first Saturday in June, except when a president is to be elected, when the primary shall be held on the second Saturday in April. That for February elections is termed a winter primary, and for the November elections, the spring primary.

Heretofore, the several parties have held their primaries on separate days. Under the new law one primary will be held for all parties between the hours of 2 o'clock and 5 o'clock p. m. The primary will be held at the regular election polling place in each district, and will be conducted by the regular election officers.

In the first place any number of persons may be voted for at the primary for an office to be filled at the next succeeding election. The law provides that there shall be an official ballot for the primary. This will be alike in size and color for all parties. All official ballots will be printed on white paper. Each party will, however, have its own ballot. At the top of each ballot there will be found a printed line designating which party it is for, and full explanation as to how to properly mark the same.

If a candidate for mayor, for instance, desired his name printed on the Republican primary ballot, this will be done upon the filing of a petition with the county commissioners signed by fifty Republicans. If a Democrat wishes his name printed on the Democratic primary ballot as a candidate for mayor he may have this done by having filed a petition signed by fifty Democrats. Likewise a member of any other regularly constituted party.

For candidates for councils who wish their names printed on the primary ballot, petitions need be signed by but ten members of the party designated.

MUST FILE NAMES EARLY.

These petitions must be filed with the county commissioners at least three weeks prior to the primary, or in this instance, not later than January 5. At least once each week during these three weeks the county commissioners must advertise in two newspapers within the county the names of all offices for which nominations are to be made. At the expiration of the time fixed by law for receiving petitions the county commissioners are required to take these in hand and proceed to the preparation of the ballot for the party. After names are prepared they must be kept on file and open to public inspection in the commissioners' office for at least one week preceding the primary.

When the voter goes to the primary on January 26 he must ask for the ballot of his party. Unless his right to participate is challenged he will find printed the names of all candidates arranged in alphabetical order under the respective offices.

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## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson

Auten Displays Great Wisdom.

Judge Auten, by his latest judicial decision, has good grounds for the title of a modern Solomon.

It is now almost a year since a young Shalomkin couple, Harry and Mary Schneider, mutually decided that the peace and happiness of the family could be preserved only by maintaining a wide space between the respective members. And so Harry took up his abode in one end of the town and Mary at the other. There would have been no further trouble had it not been for their two-year-old daughter, Hilda, whom Mary took as her own exclusive property. Harry resented this, and seized an opportunity to kidnap the little girl.

The case came before court and arguments were heard last Monday. Judge Auten took several days to think it over and has finally announced his decision. Mary is to have the child one week and Harry the next. Neither shall have any authority whatsoever over her while she is in the possession of the other. Should the child get sick over Sunday a reconciliation of the family might be unfortunately necessitated. It is just possible that the judge had such a contingency in mind when he made the decision.

Down in Cumberland.

Down in Cumberland some of the farmers are decidedly inhospitable toward their neighbors who undertake to borrow chickens and other food products. The other night, for instance, a farmer detested a man making free with the manna of his chicken coop, armed himself with a shot gun, got after the chap and actually put a load of shot in his back.

## THE TEACHERS' INSTITUTE

The Montour county teachers' institute will be held on the first week of December, commencing in the high school room on Monday, December 3rd.

County Superintendent C. W. Derr was in this city Monday afternoon and gave out information to the above effect. There has been considerable delay, Mr. Derr explained, as he was disappointed by one of the speakers and thus, at the last moment, had to cast about for another instructor. The program is not fully arranged, but it will be given to the printer next week.

Meanwhile the teachers of the county will be interested to learn what instructors have been engaged. Prominent among the speakers will be Dr. T. S. London, of Worcester, Mass., an institute instructor of great note, strongly recommended by our State superintendent, Dr. N. C. Schaeffer; County Superintendent Taylor, of Lackawanna county and Superintendent Walburn, of Snyder county.

On Monday and Tuesday D. J. W. Howarth will be present. Dr. Howarth is an all around institute man and is very highly recommended. He will be followed by Superintendent Lose, of Williamsport, who will remain the rest of the week. Superintendent Lose is no stranger in Danville, where on several occasions he has appeared before teachers and directors. He is a widely known and practical school man and under his supervision the schools of Williamsport have attained a prominence that makes them second to none in the State. The program will probably show some special features in the form of elocution, which may come on about Thursday.

The music of the institute will be in the hands of Professor Diefenbacher, of the local high school, and will be a strong feature.

## SKETCH OF EX-MAYOR STUART

From errand boy to governor of the great Commonwealth of Pennsylvania is an advancement in life that comes to but few men, and the friends and neighbors of Edwin S. Stuart have not tired of showering him with congratulations since the result of last Tuesday's election became known. Aside from this reason for congratulation is found in the fact that when he is inducted into his high office early in the coming year Mr. Stuart will enjoy the distinction of being the first native born Philadelphian elevated to the governorship in many years.

Edwin S. Stuart

The life story of the man who will in January become chief executive of Pennsylvania is in many respects similar to that of many other citizens who have risen from the most humble of circumstances to become managers and owners of important business establishments through their own untiring efforts. Starting life as an errand boy in Leary's old book store in Philadelphia at the early age of 13 years, this rise from that lowly position through successive stages until he became a member of the firm, owning the store of the floors of which he used to sweep clean after the day's business was ended, was a rapid one. All the while that he was gaining knowledge of the business his cheery disposition and rugged honesty were making for him friends of men in the higher walks of life both politically and socially, with whom he was continually brought in contact. These influential friends later elected him president of the Union League, of Philadelphia, which position of honor he occupies at the present time. His political affiliations earned for him a seat in the Philadelphia select council, and later he became the mayor of his native city.

Now that the election is over, Mr. Stuart takes his latest honor just as calmly and coolly as he did the lesser ones which preceded it. He is more than ever the friend of the neighbors of his South Broad street home, and has not changed one iota from his usual genial self, nor is he one bit less approachable than in the past.

DEVOTED TO HIS HOME.

Ex-Mayor Stuart is pre-eminently a lover of home life and home comforts. He has devoted much time and attention to securing articles of beauty for his residence at No. 1338 South Broad street, Philadelphia, over which his sister, Miss Cora A. Stuart, has ruled since the death of his mother some years ago. Having never married, he, after the death of his parents, took as far as possible their place to his younger brothers and sisters, who even now look up to him as their best friend and counselor. These brothers and sisters were not at all anxious that he should make the campaign through which he has just successfully passed, and now that he is elected and will have to move to Harrisburg, the prospect of giving up his comfortable home in Philadelphia and leaving the friends for whom he has the most affection is not entirely pleasing to him, although

## He appreciates the honor the people of the State have done him.

In speaking of the coming change of residence Mayor Stuart said: "My sisters are not anxious to make the change, but I suppose, of course, we will have to move to Harrisburg. Why, we have just gotten moved in from our summer quarters at Oak Lane, and we have hardly had our house fixed up for the winter."

AIMS AT QUIET LIFE.

Asked if he expects to do much entertaining in a social way at Harrisburg, the next governor replied: "I don't think that we will have to go about much. I hope not. It seems to me that a governor, if he chooses, live a quiet retired life. Any how, that is what I am going to try to do. Of course I don't mean to be a hermit, but big functions don't appeal to me, and when possible, I most likely will avoid them."

Speaking of the handsome and valuable collection of books which he has in his home library, he said: "Although I sell books, I am not particularly literary in my tastes. My library is made up largely of the works of standard authors and reference books. My library at the store is a valuable one, but would not be of interest to most people because nearly every book in it is a work on books themselves. Just now, however, I have no time for reading, as it will be all that I can do to catch up with my correspondence before leaving for a short rest at some quiet spot the latter part of next week. I have some 10,000 letters from friends and well-wishers to reply to, which in itself, I assure you, is no little task. I expect now to answer these letters myself, so you can see that I will be very busy for some days to come. Many of these notes are from men whom I have known all my life, and they have given me the greatest pleasure."

DAILY ROUTINE OF LIFE.

While speaking Mayor Stuart was sitting before his big rolltop desk in his library, preparing to delve into his mass of correspondence