

Danville Intelligencer
Established in 1828.
D. AUST LUCE
Editor and Proprietor
DANVILLE, PA., MAY 19, '05.
Published every Friday at Danville, the county seat of Montour county, Pa., at \$1.00 a year in advance or \$1.25 if not paid in advance; and no paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.
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ANNOUNCEMENTS
We are authorized to announce the name of G. W. MILLER, as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner, subject to the regular rules of the Democratic party of Montour county.
We are authorized to announce the name of HENRY COOPER as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner, subject to the regular rules of the Democratic party of Montour county.
We are authorized to announce the name of CLARENCE W. MILLER, of Washington, Pa., as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner, subject to the regular rules of the Democratic party of Montour county.

Democratic County Convention.
By authority of the Democratic County Committee the Democratic County Convention will meet in Danville in the Court House, on Monday, June 5th, 1905, at 10 o'clock in the morning of said day.
The primaries will be held on Saturday, June 3rd, 1905, between the hours of 2 and 6 p. m., at the usual place in each election district. Each district is entitled to two delegates. The following will be nominated at the primaries:
One person for Associate Judge.
One person for District Attorney.
Two persons for County Commissioners.
Two persons for County Auditors.
HORACE C. BIER, Chairman,
JOSEPH E. PATTON, Secretary.

Democratic State Convention.
Democratic State Committee Rooms, Harrisburg, Pa., May 9, 1905.
In obedience to the action of the Democratic State Central Committee at its annual meeting, held in the city of Harrisburg on Wednesday, April 19, 1905, notice is hereby given that the Democratic State Convention will be called to order at 12 o'clock, noon, in the Lyceum Theatre, at Harrisburg, Wednesday, May 24th, 1905.
The business for which the Convention is called will be to place in nomination Three, (or a less number if the Convention may so decide) candidates for Superior Court Judge;
One candidate for State Treasurer,
to act upon and determine such other matters, pertaining to the welfare and success of the Democratic party in Pennsylvania, as may be properly brought before it.
P. GRAY MEER, Secretary.
J. K. P. HALL, Chairman.

KNOWLEDGE IS NOT WISDOM.
WISDOM is knowledge put to practice. This is the best definition to the word we know. There are many men who have knowledge but are not wise.
A man may be learned in the sciences, arts, trades, professions, but if he does not exert his knowledge upon wisdom what benefit does he derive?
Often we see persons of great knowledge act and do very foolish things—the wisdom is lacking.
Edgar Allen Poe, one of the greatest intellects ever known, died a drunkard in the gutter. His knowledge lacked the greatest essential of making him a great man.
Man cannot be perfect, but those who have exercised their talents upon wisdom cannot fail but to succeed. We, therefore, caution you to be wise.
On the tribunals of our courts of justice we endeavor to seat men who have knowledge, are honest, sincere and consequently should be wise to their ability. Likewise, we should nominate and elect associates of like character.
If the office of Associate Judge is of any consequence it is our duty to see that some good, honest, straightforward man be nominated on the Democratic ticket for this Fall's election; if the office counts for naught, why not endeavor to abolish it?
There is one person now announced for that elevated position on our ticket, and we regret to say is not a fit or capable candidate for the same. He may (?) have knowledge but lacks wisdom. For more than one year we know of a case in which he deliberately insists in subjecting himself to the ravages of the law, and as the publisher of the representative county paper, we deem it our duty to say that whether the man is honest or not he is INCAPABLE of serving us. If he is honest (?) he is TOO careless to care for our country's needs.

Here is Relief for Women
Mother Gray, a nurse in New York, discovered an aromatic pleasant herb drink from women's ills, called AUSTRALIAN-LEAF. It is the only certain monthly regulator. Cures female weakness and Backache, Kidney, Bladder and Urinary troubles. At all druggists or by mail 50 cents, Sample FREE. Address, The Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, N. Y.

VACANT HOMES.
Houses That Are Neither For Sale Nor For Rent.
"Do you know that there are several hundred houses in Philadelphia the owners of which keep them idle because of the death therein of a member of the family?" said a real estate dealer.
"In the territory where I do such business I can show you fifty houses that have been idle from one to ten years for which you cannot rent for love or money. Many of them were deserted soon after the death of a member of the family and were left completely furnished, the owners even going to the expense of renting another house to live in."
"A beautiful home belonging to an eccentric old lady whom I know was abandoned by her and her children because of the husband's death five years ago. Several times I endeavored to induce her to rent it, but my efforts were unavailing. The interior of the house, I understand, still contains the beautiful furnishings it possessed when the family moved away. In fact, you can see the lace curtains at some of the windows. They have been turned yellow by the sun."
"Neither can you purchase the homes referred to unless you possess such families to dispose of them. Death alone holds the key of entrance."—Philadelphia Telegraph.

DOUGLAS JERROLD.
Some of the Caustic Remarks Made by the Famous Wit.
When a prosy old bore stopped Douglas Jerrold, who was hurrying on urgent business along Regent street, with the question, "Well, Jerrold, my dear boy, why is a going on?" "I am," retorted Jerrold, "shooting past like an arrow from a bow."
Asked to contribute to a third subscription which was being got up for a reckless grub street writer, Jerrold cried impatiently, "How much does the fellow want this time?" "Well, this time I think just four and two naughts will put him straight." "Put me down for one of the naughts!"
A lawyer, replying to the toast of his health drunk at a dinner of artists, stammered out that he did not expect the honor, as law could hardly be considered one of the arts, whereupon Jerrold interjected one word only, "Black!"
A clergyman who was indecorously and uncharitably denouncing the poor folk for the number of children they bred wound up with the opinion that the real evil of the times was "the surplus population." Jerrold nodded a hearty assent. "Certainly, the surplus population."
"There's one song in the Prodigal," cried a musical bore to Jerrold, "which always carries me away." "Would I could sing it!" ejaculated Jerrold.

BREAKING OF THE VOICE.
It is Caused by an Organic Change in the Larynx.
The peculiar physiological causes of what is called the breaking of the voice are not quite understood, but it is known to depend immediately upon an organic change in the larynx, the organ of the voice, which occurs in the male sex between the ages of fourteen and sixteen. Before that the larynx of boys resembles that of girls, but when the voice begins to break the vocal chords become lengthened at least one third, the angle of the thyroid cartilage becomes enlarged, and the muscles which connect the organs of the voice with the hyoid bone and the base of the tongue become elongated.
While the change of form is taking place the voice is unfitted for singing and should be used only with great care. In other words, the breaking of the voice begins to break the hand in development of the larynx, which takes place at certain ages and which leads to a change in the range of the voice. The peculiar harshness of the voice when it is thus breaking seems to be due to the temporary congestion and swollen condition of the mucous membrane of the vocal chords accompanying the active growth of the whole larynx.

ENGLISH CRIMINAL LAW.
The Difference Between Hard Labor and Penal Servitude.
The difference between the British between hard labor and penal servitude is one of period and treatment. Hard labor varies as to period from a few days to two years, and however well a prisoner behaves himself the sentence is never reduced in any way. There are two classes of hard labor.
In the first class the punishment administered consists of six to ten hours work at the treadmill, the crank or the capstan, or at stonebreaking or shot drill, in the second class the hard labor really consists of such punishments as may be decided by the justices in session.
Penal servitude is the modern substitute for transportation beyond the seas.
A term of penal servitude begins with nine months' hard labor in a convict prison, and after that the convict is employed on public works in a reformatory. The work is comparatively light, and in most prisons a well behaved man gets off pretty easily. In addition to this, by virtue of a system of marks for good behavior, he has always before him the possibility of reducing his sentence by at most about one year in five.

AN ODD PUZZLE.
The Cryptic Inscription That Ornamented the Tomb.
A picturesque tower is the oldest part of the Swiss church at Champery, a village which lies in a valley under the shadow of the towering Dent du Midi.
Dedicated to St. Theobald, this church was built in 1226 on the site of an ancient chapel. The tower, with its unique pierced crown, carries a gilt statuette of the patron saint, a quaint old clock and the following cryptic inscription, which has puzzled many travelers.
QUOD AN TRIS MULCE PA
GIBS TI DINE VIT
HOC SAN CHIBS DULCE LA
By taking the syllables above and below with those in the middle it reads:
Quod angustis tristis maledicte pavit.
Hoc angustis tristis maledicte pavit, which may be freely rendered:
That which the serpent with sad charm imbued.
The blood of Christ with sweetness has renewed.—London Telegraph.

Accidental Discharge of a Gun.
A capital pun may arise by pure accident, as recorded in Bucke's "Book of Fables Talk."
"A Mr. Alexander Gun was dismissed from a post in the customs of Edinburgh for circulating some false rumor. The dismissal is said to have been thus noted in the customs book at the time, "A. Gun discharged for making a false report."

ST. SWITHIN'S DAY.
The Venerable Superstition That is Associated With July 15.
St. Swithin's day falls on July 15, and in England there is a superstition that if it rains on that date the succeeding forty days will be wet, and if, on the contrary, St. Swithin's day be fair, then the succeeding twoscore days will likewise be pleasant. The superstition is venerable, for one of its historians remarks that "St. Swithin, a holy bishop of Winchester, about the year 800 was called the weeping St. Swithin, for that about his feast Praesepe and Asell, rainy constellations, arise comically and commonly cause rain."
Another version of the story is that the good bishop left orders at his death that his tomb should be the open churchyard and not in the chancel. The monks, however, disobeyed the wishes of their dead and laid him to rest on July 15 within the minister, whereupon rain fell heavily and continually till on the fortieth day the fending preells became alarmed and hastened to fulfill their dead bishop's request.
Statistics furnished by the officials at Greenwich observatory disprove the accuracy of the whole tale. The figures for one period of twenty years even show that the greater number of rainy days after St. Swithin's day followed a dry July 15.

A PAINTER'S ARTIFICE.
The Secret of the Color in One of Turner's Pictures.
The late Mr. Horsley, R. A., has recorded that at one time he studied almost daily one of Turner's finest works, called "The Snowdon Range," admiring especially the tender warmth of the light clouds encircling the moon.
He tried all sorts of glasses to see if he could discover how the particular glow was gained, but without success.
"Chance revealed the secret. The picture began to buckle from its mount, and its owner, Sir Seymour Hayden, put it into the hands of a noted expert to be remounted. When he had successfully removed it from its old mount the expert sent for the owner to show him what he had discovered. A circle of orange vermilion had been plastered on the back with an ivory palette knife where the artist wanted the effect, and then worked off sufficiently far through the pores of the previously wetted paper to give the show of color, while retaining the smooth surface, without a trace of workmanship on the right side.
This may have led Mr. Horsley himself to use, as he did, brilliant orange as the foundation for a white muslin dress.

THE CHRYSANTHEMUM.
The first chrysanthemum show was held in Norwich, England, in 1829.
The Philadelphia Horticultural society held the first chrysanthemum show in England in 1883.
The first chrysanthemums brought to Europe were taken from China by skippers of the tea trading ships.
After the chrysanthemum is potted leave it for a little time in the shade. Then give it all the sun that is possible.
The chrysanthemum was introduced into England 200 years ago from China. It was grown first in Holland after its emigration.
The chrysanthemum is one of the easiest of garden flowers to grow, but it needs careful tending after it is brought into the house in pots when the frost comes.

The Change of a Name.
How family names change in the course of many years is illustrated by the transition of "Botivelle" into "Thynne." An English deed bearing date in the closing days of the fifteenth century shows three brothers then flourishing—John Botivelle and Thomas and William Botivelle. The first are distinguished from all others by young ladies in 1776, about the time when Maria Edgeworth was a school-girl. In a biography of the first great Irish novelist, Mrs. Edgeworth says that these devices were not deemed sufficient in Maria's case. For her special benefit one more had to be added, one which even the judicious family biographer seems to have regarded as rather severe. When she was fourteen years old she was betrothed to a young man with no little disapproval by the members of her family. The Edgeworths had always been a well grown race, and her lack both of height and of good looks was a blot on the reputation of the family. To obviate one of her deficiencies not only were all the usual exercises resorted to, but also one which Mrs. Edgeworth herself characterized as "unusual"—that, namely, of "being swung by the neck to draw out the neck and to increase the growth." Unfortunately it was of no avail. Short she was and short she was destined to be.—Youth's Companion.

He Was His Own Grandfather.
Of all the biological curiosities the one set forth below is probably the oddest—a singular piece of reasoning to prove that a man may be his own grandfather! Here it is: There was a widow (Anne) and her daughter (Jane) and a man (George) and his son (Henry). This widow married the son, and the daughter married the father. The widow was therefore mother (in law) to her husband's father and grandmother to her own husband. By this husband she had a son (David), to whom she was of course, great-grandmother. Now, the son of a great-grandmother must be grandfather or granduncle to the person to whom his mother was or is great-grandmother, but in this instance the name was great-grandmother to him (David); therefore David could not be other than his own grandfather.

Prodigality of Life in Ancient Egypt.
The reckless prodigality with which in ancient Egypt the upper classes squandered away the labor and lives of the people is perfectly startling. In this respect, as the monuments yet remaining abundantly prove, they stand alone and without a rival. We may form some idea of the almost incredible waste when we hear that 2,000 men were occupied for three years in carrying a single stone from Elephantine to Thebes, that the canal of the Red sea alone cost the lives of 120,000 Egyptians and that to build one of the pyramids required the labor of 360,000 men for twenty years.

As Always.
"What is your occupation, may I ask?" inquired the passenger with the skullcap.
"Map maker," said the passenger in the long linen nister.
"Publisher, eh?"
"No, soldier."—Chicago Tribune.

Preserving the Spell.
Nell—He seems to be devoted to you, Felie—Yes. Nell—Why don't you marry him? Belle—Oh, I like to have him devoted to me.—Philadelphia Ledger.

W. M. SEIDEL,
344 Mill Street.

SEND US A GOW,
Steer, Bull or Horse Hide, Calf skin, Dog skin, or any other kind of hide or skin, and let us tan it with the hair on, soft, light, odorless and moth-proof, for robe, rug, coat or gloves.
But first get our Catalogue, giving prices, and our shipping tags and instructions, so as to avoid mistakes. We also buy new furs and ginsams.
THE CROSBY FRISIAN FUR COMPANY,
116 Mill Street, Rochester, N. Y.

WAR CORRESPONDENTS.
Some of Their Famous Feats of Physical Endurance.
One of the finest achievements of a war correspondent was that of Holt White, a representative of the New York Tribune, in the Franco-Prussian war. He witnessed the battle of Sedan from the Prussian headquarters on Thursday, Sept. 1, 1870. At its conclusion he rode to Brussels, but there the postoffice of the whole tale. The figures for one period of twenty years even show that the greater number of rainy days after St. Swithin's day followed a dry July 15.

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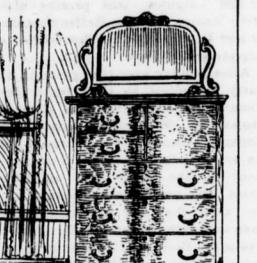
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FURNITURE!
Especially Interesting for the Spring Season.....
Never before have we had such an extensive assortment of everything in Furniture at such Wonderfully Low Prices

We are unusually well stocked with BED ROOM FURNITURE in Oak, Mahogany and Birds-Eye Maple.



OUR LINE OF PARLOR & DINING-ROOM FURNITURE is very complete at very low prices.



Don't miss this opportunity to purchase your FURNITURE.

There is no need of buying your FURNITURE of mail order houses as we can give you much better values and deliver right at your door.

Our assortment is such that you cannot help but to be pleased. It will pay you to come quite a distance to see what we are offering.

What selections you make now the goods will be held until wanted.

We Deliver Goods Anywhere in the Country by Buying from Us
...WE CARRY...
The Largest Stock IN CENTRAL PENN'A
J. Doster's Sons
298-300 Mill St., DANVILLE, PENN'A

CALIFORNIA
Do you want to live where the climate is mild the year round—where labor is never oppressed by stress of weather, and where animal vitality is never lost by mere conflict with cold?
Do you want to live in a region where the resources are more varied than in any other equal area in the world, where the division of great ranches affords a fine opportunity to get a small farm that will assure you a competence?
Do you want to live where, with a minimum of labor, you can grow profitable crops of grapes and small fruit, oranges, lemons, olives, prunes and almonds, alfalfa and grain, where crops are sure, business is good and capital easily finds profitable investment?
Then go to California, where both health and opportunity await your coming.

The Chicago, Union Pacific and North-Western Line
is the most direct route to the Pacific Coast, and there are two fast through trains daily via this line, over the famous double-track railway between Chicago and the Missouri River. One-way Colonist tickets are on sale daily, March 1 to May 15, at the rate of \$33.00 from Chicago, with correspondingly low rates from all points, give you an unusual chance to make the trip.

\$33
These tickets are good on daily and personally conducted excursions, on which a double berth in a Pullman tourist sleeping car from Chicago costs only \$7.00. Round-trip tickets are always on sale from all points at reduced rates via the

Chicago & North-Western, Union Pacific and Southern Pacific Railways.
W. B. KNISKERN,
P. T. M. C. & N.-W. Ry., Chicago, Ill.
Please mail free to my address, California booklets, maps and full particulars concerning rates and train service.

FARMERS AND DAIRYMEN! ATTENTION!
Orders will be taken for a guaranteed 43 cent. Protein Brand of Cotton Seed Meal, delivered off the car at Pottsgrove, at a reduced price.
Send inquiries and orders by mail Pottsgrove. Persons having orders will be notified on arrival of the car.
C. H. McMahan & Bros.
DEALER IN
Special Dairy Foods and Dairy Supplies, HAY AND FEED
Pottsgrove, Northumberland Co., Pa.

A \$45 Machine for \$20 IF YOU NEED A SEWING MACHINE
IT WILL BE WISE OF YOU TO CALL AT THE OFFICE OF THE INTELLIGENCER. WE CAN FURNISH YOU WITH ONE OF THE VERY LATEST STYLES AND MAKES, STRAIGHT FROM THE FACTORY OF THE "NEW HOME" PEOPLE.
The Woodwork is of Fine Quartered Oak Finish. Drop Head. Ball Bearing. Five Drawers. Will Sell at Wholesale Prices. Drop us a Postal Card.

THEBES GLASS WORKERS.
The High Art That Flourished Over Forty Centuries Ago.
The glassblowers of ancient Thebes are known to have been equally as proficient in that particular art as is the most scientific craftsman of the same trade of the present day, after a lapse of over forty centuries of so called "progress." They were well acquainted with the art of staining glass and are known to have produced that commodity in great profusion and perfection. Rosellini gives an illustration of a piece of stained glass which he says was made in Thebes and which he says was of 4,000 years old, which displayed artistic taste of high order, both in tint and design.
The priests of Ptah at Memphis were adepts in the glassmaker's art, and not only did they have factories for manufacturing the common crystal variety, but they had learned the vitrifying of the different colors and of imitating precious stones to perfection. Their imitations of the amethyst and of the various other colored gems were so true to nature that even now, after they have lain in the desert sands from 2,000 to 4,000 years, it takes an expert to distinguish the genuine articles from the spurious. It has been shown that, being experts in glassmaking and coloring, they also used the diamond in cutting and engraving. In the British museum there is a beautiful piece of stained glass with an engraved emblematism of the monarch, Thothmes III., who lived 3,400 years ago.

Neuralgia And Other Pain.
All pain in any disease is nerve pain, the result of a turbulent condition of the nerves. The stabbing, lacerating, darting, burning, agonizing pain that comes from the prominent nerve branches, or sensory nerves, is neuralgia, and is the "big brother" of all the other pains.
Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills rarely ever fail to relieve these pains by soothing these larger nerves, and restoring their tranquility.
Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills leave no bad after-effects, and are a reliable remedy for every kind of pain, such as headache, backache, stomachache, sciatica, rheumatism and neuralgia. They also relieve Dizziness, Sleeplessness, Nervousness, Car-Sickness, and Distress after eating.
"For many years I have been a constant sufferer from neuralgia and headache, and have never been able to obtain any relief from various headache powders and capsules, until I tried Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills. They always cure me in five minutes time." FRED R. SWINGLBY, Cashier Nat. Bank, Atkinson, Neb.
Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that they will relieve your pain. If he fails he will return your money. 25 cents, 50 cents. Never sold in bulk.
Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

NOT IN ANY TRUST
Many newspapers have lately given currency to reports by irresponsible parties to the effect that the NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO. had entered a trust or combination; we wish to assure the public that there is no truth in such reports. We have been manufacturing sewing machines for over a quarter of a century, and have established a reputation for ourselves and our machines that the envy of all others. Our "New Home" machine has never been sold at a lower price than you can purchase elsewhere. If there is no dealer near you, write direct to us.
THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.
ORANGE, MASS.
New York, Chicago, Ill., St. Louis, Mo., Dallas, Tex., San Francisco, Cal.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD
The Standard Railway of the Continent
PROTECTED THROUGHOUT BY THE Interlocking Switch & Block Signal System
Schedule in Effect Nov. 29, 1903

STATIONS	A. M.	P. M.
Scranton	Leave 8:00	8:30
King's Grove	8:15	8:45
Waynesboro	8:30	9:00
Klips Hill	8:45	9:15
Danville	9:00	9:30
Boyd	9:15	9:45
Reading Creek	9:30	10:00
Catawissa	9:45	10:15
East Blooming	10:00	10:30
Blooming	10:15	10:45
Waynesboro	10:30	11:00
Stonyton Ferry	10:45	11:15
Cross	11:00	11:30
Nesqueh	11:15	11:45
Nesqueh	Leave 8:21	8:51
Beach Haven Ferry	8:36	9:06
Waynesboro	8:51	9:21
Pond Hill	9:06	9:36
Mechanic	9:21	9:51
Shickling	9:36	10:06
Reading	9:51	10:21
Nanticoke	10:06	10:36
Plymouth	10:21	10:51
South Westfield	10:36	11:06
Hazle	10:51	11:21
Wilkes-Barre	11:06	11:36

STATIONS	A. M.	P. M.
Wilkes-Barre	Leave 7:20	7:50
Hazle	7:35	8:05
South Westfield	7:50	8:20
Plymouth	8:05	8:35
Reading	8:20	8:50
Nanticoke	8:35	9:05
Shickling	8:50	9:20
Reading	9:05	9:35
Pond Hill	9:20	9:50
Beach Haven Ferry	9:35	10:05
Nesqueh	9:50	10:20
Nesqueh	Leave 8:15	8:45
Beach Haven Ferry	8:30	9:00
Waynesboro	8:45	9:15
Stonyton Ferry	9:00	9:30
Boyd	9:15	9:45
Blooming	9:30	10:00
East Blooming	9:45	10:15
Catawissa	10:00	10:30
Reading Creek	10:15	10:45
Danville	10:30	11:00
Klips Hill	10:45	11:15
Waynesboro	11:00	11:30
King's Grove	11:15	11:45
Scranton	11:30	12:00

Trains leave South Danville as follows:
For Pittston and Scranton, 7:11 a. m. and 2:11 p. m. weekdays.
For Pottsville, Reading and Philadelphia, 7:11 a. m. and 2:11 p. m. weekdays.
For Hazleton, 7:11 a. m. and 2:11 p. m. weekdays.
For Lewisburg, Milton, Williamsport, Lock Haven, Remov and Kane, 12:30 p. m. weekdays.
Lock Haven only, 9:11 a. m. and 4:11 p. m. weekdays.
For Pottsville, Reading and Philadelphia, 7:11 a. m. and 2:11 p. m. weekdays.
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For Lewisburg, Milton, Williamsport, Lock Haven, Remov and Kane, 12:30 p. m. weekdays.
Lock Haven only, 9:11 a. m. and 4:11 p. m. weekdays.
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