WM. H. JACOBY, Editor.

W EDNESDAY, APRIL 22, 1868.

Democratic State Ticket. FOR AUDITOR GENERAL

HON. CHARLES E. BOYLE, OF PAYETTE COUNTY. FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL GÉN. WELLINGTON H. ENT, OF COLUMBIA COUNTY.

Call for the National Democratic Convention.

The National Democratic Committee, by virtue of the authority enforced upon them by the last National Democratic Convention at a meting held this day at Wasthington, , voted to hold the next Convention for the purpose of mominating candidates for president and Vice-President of the United States on the 4th day of July, 1868, at 12 o'clock M., in the City of New York.
The basis of representation, as fixed by the last National Democratic Convention, is double the number of Senators and Representatives in Congress of each State under the last apportinoment Each State is invited to send delegates

accordingly. AUGUST BELMONT, Chairman.

FREDRICK O. PRINCE, Secretary. Washington, February 22, 1868.

"To all Whom it may Concern."

All those of our patrons indebted to u either for job work or subscription to the DEMOCRAT, will please make payment be tween this and the first of May next. We have commenced a new volume, and it is our currest desire to have all back subscriptions settled up by the time above stated, and all who do not call and settle or remit their subscriptions will be charged two dollars and fifty cents. They have an opportunity now to save fifty cents, will they do it? This notice is intended to apply to those only scho are in arrears, and we do not wish any subscriber to take offence at it, but if he owes the printer, is a friend to the DEMO CRAT and its principles and desires to see the paper sustained, he will walk straight up to the Captain's office (asking no questions further than "what's the amount of my bill") and "fork over." Those who have too great a distance to walk will please remit by mail, in a registered letter, and we'll Office Iniquities. It is quite as "useless, be willing to take the risk of a safe delivery. The time has gone by when papers could be printed and trusted out year after year. We expect to shake the hands of several hundred of our patrons, many of whom we have not seen for two or three years. Come, gentlemen, do not leave us be disappointed. We don't only want our money, but we want to renew our acquaintance, besides better enable ourself by your visits to give you a larger and better paper.

"Impeachment." It is to be hoped that neither we nor our readers will much longer be distressed with the above heading. The grand farce at Washington is nearly at an end. With the close of the present week the curtain will probably fall; and be the result what it may, future generations will look upon the dison the boards of a National Theatre with wonder, at least, and, we fear, with disgust. if not horror. For, viewing the matter of the impeachment of the President in any of its aspects, we are a disgraced people. There is obvious weakness in high quarters; or else all this could not have happened. Imagine a Washington, a Jefferson, a Jackson "impeached" by a faction styling itself the House of Representatives of the United States, composed of such men as a Stevens, a Bingham, a Butler! The suggestion is sufficient; the picture which the implied contrast exhibits speaks for itself. It tells us that there is weakness as well as wickedness in high quarters; and the only hope of rational men is, that the American people will profit by this wearisone, sicken-ing display of wretched imbedity, and brazen-faced political villainy, and return to the customs of the fathers of the Republic, who saw to it that none but men with mental muscles of iron, and nerves of steel, and with minds as pure as they were strong, should occupy the halls of Legislation, or the chair of the chief magistrate of the Nation. No matter what the result of this endure in the way of fatigue, and filth, to lin's amendment to the Navy Appropriation trial may be, the lesson is the same. Let us profit by it.

On Saturday last the evidence for the President virtually closed. On that day an effort was made by his counsel to introduce the testimony of the Cabinet officers to prove that Mr. Johnson had consulted them on the subject of the tenure-of-office-bill, and as to how far Mr. Stanton came within its provisions; the object on the part of the President being to show that he had not acted unadvisedly in the matter of the removal of Stanton, but with the full concurrence of all his constitutional advisers, Stanton himself of course excepted. This evidence was ruled out, by a vote of 29 to 20, thus shutting off the light which might have been thrown upon the motives and intent of the President in the removal of Stanton. This ruling was in perfect accord with the previous conduct of the Radical Senate in the trial of this cause. No fair, open inquery into all the circumstances of the case. No manly willingness that "grave \$4.00 per year. Send and get it, if you and reverend" Senators should hear "the desire a first-class, tip-top Magazine. Frank and reverend Senators should hear "the desire a first-class, tip-top Magazine. Frank truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the Loslic, publisher, 172 Pearl st., New York. at Washington, will be an elegant Gethic edifice, costing \$200,000.

Bloomsburg Democrat. truth," but instead, we have the carpings Remarks of Hon. Chas. E. Boyle of a villiage attorney, and the pettifogging of a Tombs lawyer.

But the eyidence is closed, and nothing is to follow but the speeches of the counsel marks of our candidate for Auditor Generand managers, and-a verdict. What this al, which he delivered at his home in Unlatter will be, there is still no means of telling. The friends of the President are sanguino of success for him; so are his enemies of his overthrow. The present week will tell the tale.

It is said that Boutwell will make the opening speech on the part of the Managers. He will be followed by two of the President's counsel, and the summing up will be by Bingham of Ohio, for the Managers. Thirty-six are necessary to convict. and there are forty-two Republican Sena-

The Income Tax.

Those who are now engaged in preparing their returns of Income for taxation, says the Lancaster Daily Intelligencer, should remember that the whole product of the income tax does not pay one-half of the cost of the standing army; and that the sole employment of the army is to keep the people of the South in subjection to negroes and Yankee adventurers.

It is for this purpose only that the odious, inquisitorial and oppressive income tax is continued. Being peculiarly a war tax, it should have ended with the war; but it is prolonged because the expenses of the war are extended into a period of peace. This grinding tax is assessed upon the product of labor as well as of capital. It is levied upon the living of the people, and tolls the food that enters the mouth of the citizen. It confiscates the gross product of the twentieth year of every man's life to the government. The citizen must work one year of every twenty for the government, and find himself. And he must do this to contribute to the despotism in the South. The income tax is needed for no other purpose.

It has also been recently shown, by the opinion of an eminent New York lawyer, that this tax is unconstitutional. It is, if possible, even more clearly so than the Legal Tender, Reconstruction and Tenure-ofinconvenient and burthensome" to the people of the country. The fact is, that under an economical administration of government we should need no taxes, except customs, excises on liquors and tobacco, and stamps. These would furnish ample means to pay the interest on the debt and support the government as the fathers left it.

Grant as a Gardner,

Grant is decidedly a great man. He has seen much of the world; and among other sights he has had the good fortune to witness, was the vast array of dead "boys in blue," streaching from the Rapidan to, and government be preserved? 'swinging around' Richmond, which greeted his vision four short years ago. Grant has a peculiar love for the soldier. He knows the "boys in blue" are brave, for didn't he, on various and sundry occasions, tell them to assail imponetrable robel breastworks, and didn't they do so, to the delight of himself, and of Moloch, the prince of graceful drama which has been enacted up- blood? True, a hundred went, and ten came the wives and children of these dead men. How they would be gratified to know that their husbands and fathers went to their death at the command of this great and wise General! It is so sweet to die for ones country-especially when told to put yourself in a position to do so by an Illinois tanner who smokes cigars and talks hoss the while. But Grant is now given to peaceful ways He, or rather his soldiers, are to take to gardening. By an order recently issued by the dear, delightful, humane, gentlemanly General, the young men who went from us to put on the Eagles and the Blue of a United States Soldier are to be set to raising turnips and hoeing cabbages! Your young brother who expected that, although he would have to endure the hardships and fatigue incident to camps and marches, yet he would be allowed, nay expected to carry his musket, proudly in the presence of his friends, defiantly in the face of his enemies, saying to himself in the spirit of a true man, I am an American soldier-this brother of

yours is to hoe cabbages! Not that there is anything disgraceful in the employment itself, but for several reasons, it is disgraceful that such a task should be imposed on an American soldier. The soldier's life is, for all he is compelled to say nothing of submission to imperious authority, a proud life. He is to do no menial service. He can work at an entrenchment, or in the construction of a fort, for these are within the line of a soldier's duty. But to hoe cabbages! Bah! And this in the with their hands in their pockets! It will be

FRANK LESLIE'S MAGAZINE.—This excellent Magazine is constantly growing in popularity, and the secret of its success the conscientiousness with which it is conducted. It gives all, and more than all. that it promises. It strives to meet the wants of American women, and tells them what they want to know. It is not frivolous; its teachings are high, pure, and sound, characterized by good taste and common sense. Its departments of needlework, braiding, patterns, etc., are either one worth the price of subscription, which is only

In order that the readers of the DEMO-CRAT may understand the position occupied by one of the men selected as a standardbearer of the Democracy, we give the reiontown, in response to a serenade. With such men as representatives of our principles, we cannot fail to command success in October and November in the old Keystone State. After a few local remarks, specially designed, for his neighbors and friends he

Gentlemen, we stand upon the threshold of the most momentous political struggle in which the people of this country have ever been engaged. It differs from all that have preceded it in this; that while they involved questions of governmental policy, many of them, it is true, vastly important, upon the result of this depends the existence of the government itself. It is not now a question what the government shall do, but rather whether it shall be preserved from destruction. It is evident that the party which supports

Congress is carrying forward a revolution.

The Constitution of our fathers established a government of three distinct brancheseach supreme within its own domain, and each intended to operate as a balance to the other. The powers of each were clearly limited and defined; and until within a brief period, the rights of each were acrupuously respected by the others. But the party against which we are contending, fatally bent upon its destruction and aggrandizement, and finding itself unable to obtain control of two of the branches of the government, is attempting to concentrate in the one which it does control, all the power which should be distributed among the three. Congress enacts laws plainly unconstitutional, and then undertakes to deprive the courts of their clear rights to so declare them. It strips the President of powers conferred upon him by the Constitution, and assumes them itself, or bestows them upon its adherents. Not content with that. it perfers articles of Impeachment against him, puts him on trial for the commission of no offence, and not improbably will deprive him of his office and fill it with one of its own members. It has even been proposed to abolish the office altogether. It dissolves the Union by Act of Congress, after it was preserved by the best blood of the land. It destroys ten States, some of them of the original thirteen, and usurps the powers which belonged to them alone. It refuses admission to Senators and Representatives for the illegal commission of offenses, and immediately thereafter admits its own partisans, notoriously guilty of the same acts.

This, I say, is revolution—this destroys the government of the Constitution, and sets up another totally unlike it. Shall this revolution be consummated, or will the people arrest it, and restore and preserve the government of the fathers, the establishment of which has always been regarded as the grandest achievment of human wisdom? There are other great questions involved in this great struggle-none greater have ever been passed by the American people-but this one overshadows them all. Shall the

I wish to speak with no unnecessary asperity of those who huld opinions different from my own. There are good men, and honest men, and men who love their country devotedly, who do not view the coming struggle as we do. If we are right, let us hope that reflection will show them their error, and the evils likely to result therefrom, before it is to late.

Thanking you, gentlemen, for this manifestation of kindness toward myself, and for this evidence of devotion to the great party, one of whose humble representatives I am now, let me say that in this great struggle I feel confident you will be found where you have ever been-battling for the Constitution of your country, and bravely contending against the assailants, come whence they

Congress. Mr. Johnson presented to the Senate on Tuesday of last week, a petition signed by 2,000 freedmen of South Carolina, Georgia and Alabama, asking the government to aid them in immigrating to Liberia. The petition sets forth that the petitioners cannot obtain employment, that there is no hope of being able to overcome the prejudice that exists against their race, and therefore they desire to accept the advantages offered by Liberia to persons of color. The peti tion was referred to the Finance Committee. A resolution was adopted directing the Committee on Pensions to report an amendment to the Pension laws, providing that the marriage of a widow of a deceased soldier shall not work a forfeiture of pension. The bill to amend the Charter of the City of Washington was taken up and passed. Some debate then followed on Mr. Conkbill, proposing a reduction of the number of able-bodied seamen and apprentices The amendment was rejected, after which

the Senate soon adjourned.

A raw of the Democratic press in the country labor hard to show that Andrew presence of thousands of lazy negroes, who, Johnson has been and is endeavoring to carwhen not eating the rations furnished by the ry out "the lamented" Lincoln's policy and Freedman's Bureau, are standing around plan of reconstruction. Should this be the case would that entitle Johnson to the supit is more the intention of the Lieutenant the Democrat who approved of and sup-General to degrade him than elevate the port of the reconstruction plan of Lincoln? We should like to see him. The fact is, it matters nothing to the Democratsas a party whether Johnson is holding to Lincoln's plans or not; and it is, in our opinion, useess for the press to endeavor to prove that he is. If Johnson stands upon the platform of "the lamented" second Christ, it is very inconsistent in the Abolition party to oppose him; and especially after loving his predecesor as they loved their very lives. The President had it in his power to protect himself and the country and why did he not do it. It may now be to late. It can only be done now by a vigorous and se-vere fight with the common enemy.

-The New Methodist Church to be built

THE MORNING STANDARD, ably edited by our former townsman and voteran editor Col. LEVI L. TATE & C. D. EMEBY, in the city of Williamsport, has been received .-The first number appeared on Monday of this week. It is a handsome and well edited morning paper, of respectable size—ten columns, of good length-and filled to its utmost capacity, with sound political matter. besides a large amount of live and reliable local information. The advertising patronage looks encouraging, and with the Colonel's known sbility and energy we feel entirely sure of the success of the enterprise. In politics it is Democratic, and will remain so as long as Mr. Tate is connected with it. at all times and under all circumstances.

A BILL has been introduced at Washing ton for abolishing all nickle and ailver coins below and including the denomination of five cents, and providing for the issueing of five, three and one cent coins, to be made of nickle and of regularly increasing the size, the one cent being about a third less in diameter than the present; the head of Liberty on the obverse, and numerals L. III, and V, on the reverse of these cents, the numerals to be raised sufficiently to render the coins plainly distinct by touch, from gold and silver coins. It also proposes to abolish all ten cent notes, and lesser dominations for the future, but not allow coinage of ten cent pieces in anything but silver.

ERIE RAIL ROAD ACCIDENT.-Another terrible railroad accident occurred on the Eric Railway, New York, on last Wednesday. The passenger train going East and due at eight o'clock in the morning, was thrown from the track, twelve miles west of Port Jervis, and the four rear cars were thrown down an embankment fifty feet killing fifteen persons and wounding fortyfive others. One of the cars took fire and several dead bodies were burned. The acsident was caused by a defective rail

PETERSON'S MAGAZINE for the month of May has been received. To say that it s a capital number would not be saying enough. It is that and more. The steel plate "On the River," is splendid; the ashion plates are unsurpassed by any other Magazine: the "pattern for bed-spread in crochet," to say the least is handsome, and the engraving "who ran to help me when I fell" is expressive and natural. These things are alone worth the price of subscription, say nothing of the excellent reading that is found in each number. Send to Charles J. Peterson, 306 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia; price only two dollars.

THE LADY'S FRIEND FOR MAY .- A very beautiful steel engraving-"Marguerite Going to Church"-with Faust and Mephistopheles in the background-leads off the May number of the "Queen of the Monthlies." This charming engraving of itself many will consider worth the price of the number. Then there is a magnificent colored steel Fashion plate, which all the ladies will admire. "Sumer Time," another engraving, makes one wish that the snmmer days were here. The Music for this month is called the "Belles of Georgia Waltz." Then there are numerous engravings of the Fashions-Toilettes, Embroidery, Coiffures, &c. Among the literary contents, we note Evangeline in Prose," by Miss Muzzey: Ecce Homo," with an illustration; "A Dead Man's Rule," by Elizabeth Prescott; Until Death," a new poem by Florence Percy; "Going to Housekeeping," by Aunt Alice; "Edith's Pilgrimage," by Nettie Carlisle; an article on Violets. Fashionable Noveleties (illustrated), Editorials, Receipts, The Fashions &c.

Price (with engraving) \$2.50 a year; Four copies (with one engraving) \$6.00. One copy of Lady's Friend and one of that gress asking for recognition and for aid to popular weekly The Saturday Evening Post (and one engraving), \$4.00. Address Deacon & Peterson, 319 Walnut Street, Philadelphia. Sample copies, 15 cents.

"A SOCIAL NECESSITY." The Phrenological Journal for May contains the Portraits and Biographical Sketches of Rev. Samuel J. May, Dr. Lindley, the Botanist, Rev. Jabez Burns, of London, Mrs. H. A. Manville, Poet, King Theodore, the Abys sinian, Handel, Haydn, Mozart, Beethoven Bach, Mendelssohn, Rossina, Auber, besides papers on Mental Action, Duty, the Popular Idea, Unity in Division, Hard Times Cause and Cure, What is the Motive? The Origin of Man, Diversities of Gifts, Moral of a Cash Account, etc., with engraved illustrations. 30 cents a number. or \$3 a year. Address S. R. WELLS, Publishers, 389 Bradway New York.

HON. THOMAS CHALFANT, Member of the Legislature from this district, was handsomely caned by the Democratic members of the House, "as a lasting testimonial of the respect and esteem in which he is held by his brother members. The cane was presented by the Hon. Wm. Playford with a few remarks. The Capt. responded in his usual easy and happy style. The affair took place at the Bolton House, in Harrisburg, the evening before the adjournment of the Legislature.

PAYING THE PIPER .- We have a standing army of 56,000 men. We pay \$100,000, 000 for this luxury. That is to say, five times as much as Great British pays for the same number, and twenty-five times as much as France. Does the soldier get the money? a query with many a white soldier whether port of the Democratic party? Where is If not, who does? Besides, what do we want with so many in time of peace, unless it be to give pickings and stealings to military patrols and superintendants of freedman's bureaus.

PACKARD'S MONTHLY is the title of a new monthly magazine published in New York City. The first number contains several interesting and biographical and miscellaneous articles, suitable for both young and old .-Its articles are well written and will be read with a good deal of interest and satisfaction by every one. All who desire a first class literary magazine will send for Packard's, No. 937 Broadway, New York.

MASONIC .- There are 215 Masonic Lodger with 22.045 members in Pennsylvania. The assests of the Grad Lodge are valued at \$600,000, and the new temple in Philadelphia will cost \$750,000.

AN ACT,

To authorize the vestry of Saint Paul's Episcopal church, Bloomsburg, to remove Episcopal church, Bloomsburg, to remove bodies from burying ground and prevent interments therein hereafter: SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same: That the rector,

hurch wardens and vestry, of Saint Episcopal church, Bloomsburg, be and they are hereby authorized to locate and erect a new church building, on any part of the grounds attached to the present church building and now used as a burying ground, and for that purpose to disinter the bodies which may be buried within the spot so chosen for the new building, and to re-inter them in the same burying ground attached to the church, or in a lot to be provided by the said church wardens and vestry, in the Bloomsburg Rosemont Cemetery, at the option of the said vestry in as decent and proper a manner as the said bodies are now buried, and to defray the expenses of the removal, re-interment and lot, if one is pur-chased, out of the building fund of said church. Provided, That if the relatives or friends of the deceased desire to remove said bodies, they shall be allowed the privilege upon notice to the said vestry, if exercised within three weeks after request by the said vestry, and shall also be allowed for the expense of said removal and reinterment a sum not exceeding five dollars for each adult body and three dollars for each infant or minor. And provided fur-ther, That if the removal by the friends or the relatives is not made within the time specified, or if there be no known friends or relatives, it shall be entirely at the option of the church wardens and vestry, to re-inter the bodies in the same burying ground or in the said Cemetery, except that members of the same family shall not be separated. SEC. 2. That hereafter the church wardens

and vestry of the said church may prohibit the interment of bodies in the ground attached to the Saint Paul's Episco pal church, Bloomsburg. ELISHA W. DAVIS,

Speaker of the House of Reps. JAMES L. GRAHAM, Speaker of the Senate

Approved the 13th day of April, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eigh JOHN W. GEARY.

News Items.

-Gen. Scott's House at Elizabeth N. J. has been sold for \$11,900. -The Artemus Ward monument is to be placed in Central Park, New York.

-Judge Chase says Ben. Butler has turned the senate into a police court.

-The Providence Journal says there will be little or no opposition to the re-election of Senator Sprague. -The bishops of the Methodist Episco-

pal Church South will hold a conference in Louisville, Ky.; on the 7th of May. -An Iron freight car has been patented, which, it is said, is lighter, stronger and more durable than wood, besides being fire-

proof. -Dr. Chapin's salary is stated at \$12,000 and his congregation recently made him a present of the house he lives in, valued at \$38,000.

-Cornelius Vanderbuilt is supposed to be worth \$75,000,000. A large proportion of his means are invested in railroad stocks -Earl Derby, the British Premier, is

sixty-nine years old, and is the fortieth per-son of his family who has borne the title of Earl of Derby. -The Artesian well at Keokuk. Iowa. has proved a success, after making the depth

of 620 feet. The boring was commenced in November, 1866. -Mrs. Elizabeth Fuller died at the residence of her son, in Russel county, Va., a few days ago, at the extreme old age of one

hundred and four years. -Two whites and one negro were elected Commissioners in Davidson county, Tenn. on Saturday. They were on the Radical ticket, and had no opposition.

-A man named Sweeny, a convict in the West Virginia penitentiary, has fallen heir to a fortune of \$35,000 in Ireland. He has fourteen months yet to serve.

-The National Assembly of the Island of Crete have had an address laid before Con-

-Nitro-glycerine has of late been used in firing the blasts at the Hoosac tunnel, and with most satisfactory results. Its explosive force proves it to be five times greater than

gunpowder. -Lincoln, Illinois, says the Bloomington Pantegraph, boasts of a man with feet 152 inches long, 5 inches in width, and 16 inches around the ankle. Exclusive of the feet, the man weighs 130 pounds.

—A Richmond paper says a gentleman recently found a gold Louis d'or, valued at about \$14, and bearing date 1573, embed-ded in the shell of a York River oyster.— It is supposed to have been lost overboard from the French fleet during the siege of Yorktown.

-Radical Zach Chandler lives in a 40, 000 dollar mansion at Washington, and has liveried servants whose silver buttons are stamped with the letter "C." All he wants now, is the title of "My Lord Duke," and that will came as soon as the Rump conspirators complete their usurpation game.

OBITUARY. - At Racine College, Racine, Wis., on Sunday morning the 5th instant, William Ellis Lightner, son of Rev. Edwin N. Lightner, of Christ Church, Danville, Pa., aged about 22 years.

The deceased had been suffering for a little more than two weeks with inflammatory rheumatism, but the day before his death war considered quite out of dangerbeing able to walk a few steps in his room, and wrote a cheerful and hopeful letter to his parents. On Sunday morning at 2 o'clock, he was taken suddenly worse, the disease striking to his heart, and died in two hours. His many good qualities of heart had won for him hosts of friends, and the earnest and faithful discharge of his duties as teacher, made him to be loved and respected by all who knew him. His untimely death cast a gloom over the entire College. His remains were brought home for burial. - Muncy Luminary.

MORE RADICAL CONSISTENCY.-In the Radical county of Allegheny, which gives from eight to ten thousand majority for "equal rights for all men, a negro named Vashon was last week refused admission to the bar, on the sole ground that his skin is not white. The case has been under argu ment for several months, and the Radicals tried hard to get Vashon to withdraw his application, but he stood upon his dignity as "a man and brother," and utterly refused to compromise. Thus we have another instance of the beautiful consistency of Radicalism-making the negro the ruling race in the South, and refusing him the common rights of citizens in the North.-Easton Sentinel.

Throw physic to the dogs; I'll none of it. To make assurance doubly auro 'll take"-PLANTATION BITTERS."

They never fail.
This great Stomach Healer is Just wat the people need. It is a romedy they can rely on. For Dyspepsia, Hearthurn, Headache, Dissiness, Ague, Liver Complaints, Pains in the Side and Back, it has no equal; not the least among its virtues is its extreme pleasantness to the taste and immediate beneficial effect. Try it, suffering Dyspep-tics, and be cured. From the vast amount of this article sold, it must have great merit.

at Milivile Hotel,

Urango-Tuesday, May 19th, at Snyder's hetel,
Contro-Wednesday, May 19th, at Snyder's hetel,
Contro-Wednesday, May 19th, at Snif Way House,
Briarcreak and Berwich Boy.—Thursday, May 18th,
at the Owes House, Berwich:
Catavissa and Franklin-Friday, May 18th, a
Kister's hotel, Catawissa,
Locest and Rossingereek-Saturday, May 18th a
Yenger's hotel, Slabbows,
Conyapham and Centralite Bot --Monday, May 18th,
at Weidenesui's hotel, Cantralia, MAGNOLIA WATER. - A delightful toilet rticle—superior to Cologue and at half the

NO HEALTH WITHOUT VIGOR. The wear and tear of life tells upon us all more or less. What are we but machines? The vital principle is the motive power that keeps the human engine in motion; bu beams, pistons, connection pipes, condensers and boilers wear out, so do organs, muscles, tissues and all the compound parts of that marvellous piece of work called MAN.

The mechanism of the body requires to be repaired and strengthened just as much as the mechanism employed to grind corn, or spin cotton, or weave cloth. Steam cannot drive a broken shaft, or impel a drum or a wheel that is out of gear; neither car the vital force act through a paralyzed, limb, or an inert organ.
ARE YOU WEARING OUT? Do

you feel that any one of your organs-your stomach, liver, bowels, nervous systeu any other essential part of your organization falters in its work? If so, repair the damage with the most powerful, yet harmless, of invigorants, HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. Remember that debility Beginning of the End"-that the climax of all weakness is a universal paralysis of the system, and that such paralysis is the immediate precursor of DEATH. Don't wait for disease to commit its rava

ges before you commence the strengthening keep the whole body in a vigor ous condition by preventing, as far as possible, the inroads of decay. Repair the waste of nature with nature's best tonic. HOS-TETTER'S BITTERS. April 1st 1868.-1m.

MARRIED.

On the 10th ult., in Lancaster city, Pa.

by Rev. H. C. Knight, Edward Everett, M. D., of Orangeville, Pa., to Miss Lizzie A. McMichael, of Van Camp, Columbia co.

In Bloomsburg, on Sunday, the 19th inst.

after a lingering illness. BENJAMIN MERRIL aged 74 years and 2 days. The deceased was an ardent and faithful

member of the M. E. Church, and was respected and esteemed by all of his brothers and sisters in Christ. His remains were followed to their last resting place by a large concourse of relatives and friends. S. In Greenwood twp., Columbia county, on the 17th inst., William Kline, aged 83 years,

0 months and 9 days.

MARKET REPURT.		
Wheat per bushel,	2	4
Rye, "	1	2
Corn. "	ī	3
Buckwheat "	ī	0
Oats. "		8
Cloverseed "	7	ū
Flaxseed. "	2	5
Dri'd apples "	2	5
Potatoes, "	ī	2
Flour per barrel,	14	ō
Butter		4
Eggs per dozen		2
Tallow per pound,		1
Lard "		i
Hams, "		ī
Shoulders. "		î
Hay per ton,	al	ô
rray bor southern and a	.,	•
	-	-

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Extension.

THE time of receiving proposals for the erection f the Town Hall Block in Bloomsburg, is extended of the Town Hall Block in Bloomsburg, is extended until the first of May. The plans and specifications can be examined during one week previous to that date by calling upon the BUILDING COMMITTEE.

Bloomsburg, April 22, 1868-21.

Notice.

THERE will be an election held at the Isstitute, on the first Saturday of May next, between the hears of three and five o'clock in the afternoon, by the Stockbolders of the Stoomburg Literary Institute, to elect three Trustees to serve three years and one Trustee to serve one year, and for other imperiant business: Bloomeburg, April 22, 1868-18. TREPUBLICAN and COLUMBIAN please copy.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a promissory note, dated Septembor 14, 1807, due April 1, 1808, signed by John Walter, in favor of Henry Wanich, and by said Wanich assigned to Henry Ortwine, for one hundred and sixty-six dollars, and on which seventy dve dollars are endorsed, is lost or mislaid; and all persons are hereby cuttiened against purchasing or aggitating said note, as payment of the same has been stoped.

HUNEY ORTWINE,
Bloomsburg, April 27, 1868-31.

Removal of the Dead.

REMOVAL OR LINE DEBU.

IN pursuance of An Act of the Legislature, approved April 13th 1688, notice is hereby given to all persons having friends or relatives buried within the space of 180 feet on Main Street by 80 feet on Iron ritrect on the Southwest corner of St. Faul's Church Yard, Bloomsburg, that the bodies must be removed by the surviving friends or relatives, before the first day of June, 1868, or that they will be removed and se interred by the Vestry of said Church by authority hereof. By order of the Vestry.

J. J. BROWER, Fresident.

Attest: B. F. Hartens, Seretary. Attest: B. F. HARTHAN, Secretary, Bloomsburg, April 22, 1868-31.

Coopering! Coopering!! THE subscriber respectfully announces that he prepared to manufacture

BARRELS, TUBS, BUCKETS, CHURNS,

ad everything in the line of Coopering. REPAIRING DONE TO ORDER

and at short notice. C. His shop is located on Main Street, Bloomsburg, near the fron Company's railroad.

Bloomsburg, April 28, 1868.

M. S. WILLIAMS. LADIES' DRESS MAKING.

NEW AND FASHIONABLE SPRING GOODS.

THE undersigned would respectfully invite the attention of the citizens of this place and vicinity, to their new and fancy guode, at their stere on Main street, second door east of Joseph Barkley's Cabinet and Chair Rooms, where they are prepared to Furnish Goods & Make Up Dresses, Conts Ac., in the latest style. Also sell patterns for Ladies' Dresses and Coats, and for Children's wear. Give them a call. They have everything of the best in their line, and cheap for each of the best in their line. BARKLEY.

Bloomaburg, April 29, 1868-1m. NEW PLOUR. PROVISION AND GROCERY STORE

The subscriber has opened a Flour, Food, Provision and Grocery Store in the Shive Fullding, of this Street, Bloomaburg, Pa. He keeps su hand a FLOUR, FEED, FISH, DRIED BEEF

Bacon, Shoulders, Hams, BEANS, PEAS, GREEN VEGETABLES

their season, Fresh Shad and other Pish in quanties to suit customers, Cheese, Greenies, and eve rything in this line.

Prepared to sail ham and ment in elicae or by the pound to suit custombers. All goods de livered when desired. Prices as reasonable as cane be found in this market.

J. D. MARCHBANK.

Bloomsburg, April 29, 1868.

The Commissioners of Column.

Sitting an a "Board of Revision," will hold their ap-peal for said tousty on the following named iday? and places, commencing at ten s'efect a. m. of each

denical Susarios and Jackson—Friday. May 11st 1 A. J. Skelet's heately in tenton.

Fishingcreek—Skittfday, May M, at Unanget's heat Fishingcreek.

Montoir and Homisch—Wednesday, May 6th, at be Court House, in Biopinsburg.

Beoti—Thursday, May 7th, at the Court House, in

Hoomsburg. Bloom-Priday, May 8th, at the Court House, in

comeburg. Mount Piessante Saturday, May 19th, at Melick's

net. Frenwood, Pine and Madison—Rondsy, May 18th Millville Hotel.

Conyngnam and Centratia nor --monusy, may iom_e i Weidenaul's hotel, Centralia. Beaver--Wednesday, May 90th, at B. F. Zerr's ho-

Maine...Thursday, May Sist, at J. Longenberger's hotel Mainville... Miffinville...Priday, May 32d, at A. W. Hess's ho-lef, Miffinville.

WOLF & BARTON,

(SUCCESSORS TO S. C. SHIVE,)

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THE subscribers having leased the Plaining Mil-and Machine Shop formerly occupied by Simon (C Shive, will continue the business of man ufacturing

Doors, Sash, Blinds, Mouldings

Brackets, &c. They are also prepared to furnish

DRESSED FLOORING, SHINGLES,

and all other Lamber-required in the on netruction of buildings. All hinds of Turning done at short notice, Bills for Joint and other Frame Stuff filled with promptness and care. Orders respectfully solicited WOLF & BARTON.

HOW TO GET RICH, OR

"THE ROAD TO WEALTH,"

Bloomsburg, April 15, 1868-tf.

Attest : Wm. Krickbaum. April 15, 1868,

JOHN F. FOWLER, MONT. COLE, DAVID YEAGER, n. Commissions

Jost Published—A, NEW BOOK, by a Young Man, who commenced business with a capital of but \$15, and attained, in five years the handsome fortune of \$40,000. This book contains information by which a sufficiency of the world's goods maybe obtained in a fair and legal manner. It also shows the other side side of the picture—that of the inumerous echemes and dodges whereby thousands are yearly becoming wealthy without labor; together with information for the manufacture of articles which meet with a ready sale at all seasons of the year, whereby any one can clear at least \$5,000 annually. Also 35 secrets of business, never before published. We cannot attempt to give a full description of the cannot attempt to give a full description of the cannot attempt to give a full description of the cannot attempt to give a full description of the cannot attempt to give a full description of the cannot attempt to give a full description of the cannot attempt to give a full description of the cannot attempt to give a full description of the cannot attempt to give a full description of the cannot attempt to give a full description of the cannot attempt to give a full description of the cannot attempt to give a full description of the cannot attempt to give a full the scription of the cannot attempt to give a full description of the cannot attempt to give a full description of the cannot attempt to give a full the cannot attempt to give a full to give a full the cannot attempt to give a full to give a full the cannot attempt to give a full to give a full the cannot attempt to give a full to give a full the cannot attempt to give a full to give a full the cannot attempt to give a full the cannot at NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

Laid in building Apply to J. B. GROUL, & CO. April 15, 1868.

NOTICE TO COLLECTORS.

MOTICE is bereby given to the Collectors of Pasis and County Taxes for the County of Columbia, to pay into the Treasury of said County, the balance of their Duplicates on or before the next May Term of Court, or proper legal proceedings will have to be resorted to for the collection of the same.

JOHN F. FOWLER,

MONT COLE,

DAVID YEAGER,

Account Will Frickhamm.

Attest: Wm. Krickbaum, April 18, 1886. EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of John McHenry, sr., late of Ben-

ton township, Columbia county, dec d.
Lettors testamentary's a the estate of John McMenry, sr., late of Benton township Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county. to Rohr McHenry, of Senton township, and Lawson tugbes. of Sughesville, Lyconing county. All persons having claims against the estate will present them duly authenticated to gither of the Executors for settlement; and those indebted to the estate will make immediate payment to the undersigned executors.

LAWSON HUGHES,
April 15, 1866.

Executors. ton township, Columbia county, dec'd.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.

Estate of Edward McHenry, deceased. Letters of Administration on the estate of Edward MeHenry late of Orange township, Columbia county, deceased, has been granted by the Register of said county, to Thomas MeHenry, who both reside in Orange township and county aforesaid. All persons having claims or demands against the estate of the decodent are requested to present them to the administrators without delay, and all persons inducted are requested to make payment.

THOS. McHENRY.

Orange township, April 13, 1808.—6w.

OWEN HOUSE. BERWICK, PA.

Orange township, April 15, 18

T. Bent. Taylor, Proprietor.

The proprieto r begs leave to inform the public that The proprietor begs leave to inform the public that he has laken charge of this well known House, which has of late undergone a complete change in both its exterior and interior appearance, making the House in every respect more combrishle and inviting to the traveling public as well as its local patronage. The present proprietor will spare no pains to continue this House what it has been, vis a A well conducted House of entertainment for the traveling public and all others whose business transactions have made them guests. [April 15, 1866.

LATELY OPENED. THE undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of bloomsburg and vicinity, that he has just opened, a Shop on Iron street, between Main and Third, where he will follow the cabinet making business in all its branches. Orders for

Metalic or Other Coffins, stilled with promptness and despatch. Repairs cheapity made to all kinds of furniture, including the replatting of cane-bettomed chairs, upholstering, sofus,
and sofu bottom chairs. Patterns for castings madepeatity and expeditiously, and orders are solicited
either in person or by mail. Picture frames made to
order at short notice.

ROHERT DOAN

ROBERT ROAM. Bloomsburg, April 15, 1868.

Dissolution Notice. THE co-partnership heretofore existing between M. M. Brobat and Thomas C. Abbott, trading under the firm of M. M. Brobat & Cs., is this day (April les 1658) dissolved by mutual consent. The books and accounts are in the hands of M. M. Brobat for cettlement and collection.

THOS. C. ABBOTT. M. M. SEOBST.

Catawissa, April 8, 1868-31.

VALLEY CHIEF

Mower, Reaper, and Self-Raker, WITH SIDE DELIFERY, MANUFACTURED BY

J. S. MARSH & CO.,

LEWISBURG, UNION COUNTY, PENN'A. The undersigned has been appointed agent for Co-lumbia County, for the sale of the above Machine Also hand reapers and mowers, and other article manufactured by said company,

J. H. [KELER.

ESTRAY HEIFER.

Millville April 8, 1868-3m.

CAME to the premises of the subscribes, in C tre towaship. Columbia county, on or about the 1 of December last, a RED H RIPER, with white sy upon it, and a large wart, on right hind leg; heifer is supposed to be about two years old. owner is requested to come forward, prove properly charges and take her away, otherwise she be sold according to law.

ANDREW FREA Centre twp., April 1, 1868.

Auditor's Notice.

Bloomsburg, April 1, 1005.

MOOTI MOOTII MOOTIII CLOTH EXCHANGES FOR W

The undersigned will pay the highest main exchange for cloth either of his own man white Beer Mills. Williamsport, or City, our Wool to the Mount Plussant Mills. at wills. Fa. Bept. 4, 1809.