Democratic State Ticket. FOR AUDITOR GENERAL, HON, CHARLES E. BOYLE.

of PATRITE COUNTY. BOD EURVEYOR GENERAL

GEN. WELLINGTON H. ENT. OF COLUMBIA COURTY.

Call for the National Democrat ic Convention.

The National Democratic Committee, b virtus of the authority enforced upon them by the last National Democratic Convention at a meting held this day at Wasthington, D. C., voted to hold the next Convention for the purpose of nominating candidates for president and Vice-President of the United States on the 4th day of July, 1868, at 12 o'clock M., in the City of New York. The basis of representation as fixed by the last National Democratic Convention, i double the number of Senators and Repre sentatives in Congress of each State under the last apportinement.

Each State is invited to send delegates

accordingly.

August Belmont, Chairman.

FREDRICK O. PRINCE, Secretary. Washington, February 22, 1868.

"To all Whom it may Concern."

All those of our patrons indebted to u either for job work or subscription to the DEMOCRAT, will please make payment besween this and the first of April next. We have commenced a new volume, and it is our carnest desire to have all back subscriptions settled up by the time above stated, and all who do not call and settle or remit their subscriptions will be charged two dollars and fifty cents. They have an opportunity now to save fifty cents, will they do it? This notice is intended to apply to those only scho are in arrears, and we do not wish any subscriber to take offence at it, but if he owes the printer, is a friend to the DEMO-CRAT and its principles and desires to see the paper sustained, he will walk straight up to the Captain's office (asking no questions further than "what's the amount of my bill") and "fork over." Those who have too great a distance to walk will please re- Suppose the bread and butter is forestalled, mit by mail, in a registered letter, and we'll be willing to take the risk of a safe delivery. The time has gone by when papers could be printed and trusted out year after year. We expect to shake the hands of several hundred of our patrons, many of whom we have not seen for two or three years. Come, gentlemen, do not leave us be disappointed. We don't only want our money, but we want to renew our acquaintance, besides better enable ourself by your visits to give you a larger and better paper. We think we hear

some one at the door-down goes the pen-"IMPEACEMENT."

Although our readers, like ourself, may be somewhat disgusted with the above stale heading, it is nevertheless necessary to keep it up as long as the farce of the "High Court" continues. Sickening as the whole matter is, scandalous and disgraceful to the Washington may be, our readers must be kept informed of the ignominy to which we are all subjected. A President of the United States powerless in the hands of a small but powerful faction through such

saw before! All we can say in the way of news is, that on Monday the beast, (Butler,) was expected to make the opening speech against the President: and it seems to have been conceeded that the whole day should be devoted to the business of allowing this concentration of nastiness to empty himself. Conscquently we have little else to give to our readers on the subject of impeachment than the above. Butler will have made his speech at the time mentioned, and the Senate will then proceed to take the testimony. It is now expected that the proceeding will be a short one, as it seems to be the determination of the Senate to be consistent with itself and remove the President in accordance with what is commonly believed to be a concocted plan on the part of the impeachers and his enemies in the upper house. As fast as we are able to furnish our readers with the news they will receive it. No further time is expected to be allowed the President, and the trial is likely to continue from day to day until the play

TRIAL OF JEFFERSON DAVIS .- The trial of Jefferson Davis has been put off until the 14th of May next. It was to have taken place on the 23rd of March, but Chief Justice Chase has written that on account of the Imperchment trial he could not be present. It is confidently expected that the month of April will be occupied with the trial at Washington. Doubtless too Chief Justice Chase, would be glad not to preside at the Davis trial at all.

On Sunday pight last, the office of William G. Hurley, Esq., of this town, was entered by burglars and robbed of several dollars worth of Postage stamps, three pairs of boots, and one neck tie; at least this is all we learned that he missed. An entrance was effected through a window by prying open the shutters. Mr. Hurley taken his loss very philosophically, but it will not be well for the thieves if he ever gets hold of them; they will be made, as they should. to pay the full penalty of their orime.

Another "Exposition."

The Columbian of week before last under the Committee of Week before last under the caption of "An Exposurio" made an attempt to do someody good and some the bedies injury. It was furn as present the property with the Emocratic Constitution of University and Conclusion of University and of some gentlemen, named in their article. and at the same breath magnify the soul of Capt. B., the individual "we," in whose columns the article is published. We made a candid and calm reply, in our last issue, to the Exposition, and placed the matter fairly before our readers with the facts. We seived only 190 votes; being 57 votes less had supposed our petulant neighber would than that of Mr. Hendershott. Mr. Peahave been estisfied, and if not satisfied, we cock had 211 and Mr. Evans 61, making in at all events thought the great interest of all 272 votes, being 25 votes more than the the Democratic party for which the gentle- highest number for any Democratic candimen of that sheet claim so much carnest. date. Mr Edgar, the Republican candidate ness of feeling, would have led them to for School Director, had 162 votes, being think discretion the better part of valor, 28 votes less than the Republican vote for They seem to have lost eight of this however, Judge of elections. Now, what is the con-and to make the matter plain to the people elusion? Is it not perfectly plain that the we suggest to them the propriety of an men connected with the Columbian, bargainnouncing to their readers in their next, that | ed with the Radicals for the express purthey are Democrats and have now deter pose of defeating Mr. Evans who is opposed mined to remain with the party, having no because he is a Democrat who does not turn White House inside of sixty days. hopes of establishing a new party. (See saide for Radicals nor for Conservatives, call for the Philadelphia National Union and in that bargain the Columbians traded Convention held in August, 1866; and the off two good and honest Democratic candinames of parties making the call). If how-dates for Constables for one Republican ever the readers of the "red hot Democratic School Director? paper" (?) should occasionally find an article not wholly conducive to the bealth of the Columbian was 247, Mr. Billmeyer who the Democratic party, we hope no one will seriously complain, but pass it over with tenderness, remembering that sometimes even the lest practical doctors mistake the disease of the patient. The Columbian could not rest under the burden of facts put upon them by our last issue, and avoiding all previous statements, they unload another these figures further and show more scratchinfantile charge. And this, they have the effrontery to give the title of "GLORIOUS lumbians or Conservatives, (if they desire VICTORY IN BLOOM TOWNSHIP." This the name,) and Radicale, but we think this title is supposed to proclaim a Democratic victory, though it does not say so. The first town Captains.

sentence says "the Domoeratic and Conservatire citizens of Bloom township, on last Friday achieved a signal victory over the Radicals." Understand that it is not claimed as a purely Democratic victory. Conservatism is an element: (see again National Union Convention call above referred to;) this is the element of strength recognized by our cotemporary; and we concede that it should have strength, as it is founded on bread and butter; nothing is botter for the preservation and continuance of strength. then what about Conservatism? Where the strength? Even now some of the special Johnson Conservatives of "the corner" are crying for impeachment. The great object of the article is not

to announce a Democratic victory but to get off some vindictive expressions against Democrate whose known principles in politics are so well understood that it is not necessary for us to say they are Democrata, "Bulters" bargain with Radicals, is the cry of these hungry office seekers. Now let us see how this stands. One year ago the fusion styled "Columbians" chose and selected a ticket made up of Democrats, Democratic Conservatives, Republican Conservatives, and Radicals. This ticket was not at all pleasing to a large number of Democrats; inasmuch as some of the candidates elected then were publicly announcing themselves as the most extreme Radicals: others again claimed to be Conservative Republicans; but of these there were those, who, like our cotemporary, were engaged a few years ago in watching now the result of the infamous efassaulting honest citizens because it might forts which are being made to eject the Nation as the conduct of our rulers at seem fit for them to wear a pin on which | President from office, and to set up Wade the "Copperhead pin"; and perhaps a certain aged Democrat of Pine Township may remember being invited by a bantling soldier pretending then with great difficience to be a Democrat when in Democratic company. imbecility and corruption as the world never but at the same time, writing loyal letters to Dr. John's Republican. That ticket was supported by the Democrats! This same soldier now would make us believe he has received Democratic inspiration from the great God, and has the impudence to talk of making bargains with Radicals! The regular Democratic meeting to nominate a ticket for this spring election was held on the third of March. The ticket then nominated was a Democratic ticket. The meeting held afterward in the Register's office was called for the express purpose of striking out Democrats, and, as was said by our Columbians, to "recognize the corner." Now while speaking of this, we are very sorry that the Columbian has seen fit to draw the name of our very worthy townsman, WM. PEACOCK. into the squabble. We believe Mr. PEA-COCK is a perfect gentleman, and believe he will make a first-class School Director. We capacity. We have entire confidence in him, and believe he will work as an officer with no other object than to do the best for our public schools; but we ask the men who were so anxions to vote for him, whether it was good taste, as Democrats, for them to strike the name of Mr. Evans, who is an equally good and capable man, from a Democratic ticket and insert the name of a Republican. We ask them to publish that which they stood in the rain and snow of the election day to assert, to wit: that "Mr. PEACOCK is a Democrat." Again, if it was necessary to vote for a Republican in order to carry a Democratic ticket, why call the man a Democrat? We venture to say and do positively say that, first, Mr. PRACOCK never desired them to place him in the position he was placed; and further he never

gave them perinission to electioneer for him by calling him a Democrat. We have yerr good authority to say that there are papers filed at Harrisburg not exactly consistent with the declarations of our Conservative Demogratic neighbors One thing more and we will let the Columbian electric escape. What do the figures of our late elections show about bargains. There were 436 votes polled. And says the Columbian a majority over the Rudicals of 67, yet the Radical Constables were elected. Why is shis? The Columbian bounts of

having defeated the combined force of 'Bol-

ters," (which in plain language means Dem-

ocrate, not Conservatives) and Radicals.

The vote of the Democratic candidate for Judge, Mr. Hendershott, was 247, and this is the highest pote piled for any one Mr. Hendrahous received to full Democratic bratic POTY-The

and Democratic meeting of the 3d of March, in Barkley and Ikelor's office, and there is no question but that every Domocrat voted for declared guilty and turned out of office.ing to do with Conservatives. Yet they re-

Again the Demogratic vote as stated by they say bargained with Radicals, received 227 votes, while the Radical candidate received 199 votes, 9 more than were cast against the Judge. Evidently Mr. Billmeyer did not get Republican votes, but the Columbians scratched his name from the ticket and voted for Radicals. We might follow ing, trading, and bargaining between Cosufficient to show the policy of our down

The Duty of Democrats.

We adopt the language of the Baltimore Gazette, "Expediency is a very good thing in its way, and there are times when it is our duty to take counsel of it. But these are times also when it becomes us to consult higher principles, and to endeavor to vindicate the right at whatever cost. That it is expedient, and properly so, to equiesce in some wrongs, no one doubts. It is equally clear that others ought to be vigorously and sternly resisted. We believe that the Radiical party owes its present strength altogether to the fact that it has definitely and energetically trampled over every obstacle that stood between it and the ends it aimed at. We are satisfied that the present supineness of the Democratic and Conservative element of the country has been superinduced by the habit contracted of late years of finding it expedient to accept the situation, no matter what that might be. The consequence has been that the Radical faction has generally managed in the end to make the situation to suit itself. The Democratic party of the North thought it better some years ago to tolerate the arbitrary arrest of citizens living peaceably hundreds of miles away from the seat of war and the suppression of freedom of speech on the borders of Canada. It has done little more than murmur ngainst each new and violent infraction of the Constitutionally Congress since the close of the war, and it is rather calmly n his place. Mr. Johnson, with the lav the Constitution, and, we believe the majority of the people on his side, has been listening solely to what he takes to be the dictates of expediency. He kept thousands of men in office who were daily endeavoring to thwart the only policy by which he thought the country and the Constitution could be saved. He retained as his confidential advisers, politicians whom he did not trust, and whom were but so many spies in the interest of the Radical party. He carried out law after law, which he and every honest citizen knew to be to glaringly unconstitutional to be decently defended, and, generally, when he removed one extremeist on account of his lawless proceedings. he put another and a worse one in his place, Aud now, while mad revolutionists are battering down the last barrier which stands between the people and the arbitrary and absolute domination of the Rump Congress in Washington—while the voice of their leaders has proclaimed in the Capitol that they are 'acting outside of the Constitution,' President is obediently enforcing their illegal and despotic decrees; is paying from have not a word to say against him in any the public treasury large sums of money on the requisition of their creature who claims to be Secretary of War but has not the faintest right to act as such, and is talking as confidently about a quo warranto, a man-

damus and a habeas corpus, as old Mr. Weller did about an alibi. We do not mean to jest or to denounce. We are in no mood for either. But we must speak in such language as we beleive the exigencies of the times demand, and we feel that we have herein spoken only the sad, but necessary truth. Recognizing the fact that the country can be saved only through the Democratic party we would aid in the work of exciting it to life and action. The New York tribune and the other leading Radical journals are already pointing to the spathetic attitude of the great Domocratic party in the North as conclusive evidence that the people are in accord with Congress, or are at least indifferent to its usurpations. Daily and hourly are the extremists urged on to the completion of their dosigns by the assurance that no matter what they may do they will meet with no scrious resistance. That there is something in the aspect of affairs to warrant this confidence of the Radicals, who can gain-say? If the Democratic party hopes to stay the current of revolution it must meet it, and at surges sometimes in from the ceesn sad

"expedient" and the "right" are in alliance

now and both call for action.

What Comes After Wade! We how the good people of this country have made up their minds what will be the result of the imposed meht fares now in course of progress at washington. They should do this as about they will not be so much shooked when the resulties announced. There can be but one determination to the trial, and this sessiviction. Andrew John-There can be been cone determined to the trial, and that is surjection. Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, will be We is improbed for this purpose, and the court, like a military communion, is organized

to service. Of course he will not be convicted because he is guilty, for every man woman and child who knows anything at all, knows that he is entirely innocent of either high crimes or misdemeanors. It will be done simply because the revolutionary plan of the Radical leaders makes it necessary that he be thrust aside and Mr. Wade put In his place. To fail in doing this would be tantamount to an entire failure in their plans, and want of success at this stage of the business would be death to them and their party. We believe thre is a moral certainty that Ben Wade will be the occupant of the It is pertinent to inquire what then?-

What will come after Wade? We will tell

our readers what will come to pass then.

When Wade becomes the President, by the

overthrow of the Constitutional Executive,

he means to enjoy all the privileges of Pres ident. He will be commander-in-chief of the army and navy-he will make appointments to, and removals from office, and will discharge all, and singular the rights and duties that the Constitution devolves upon the President. All acts of Congress that obstruct or hinder his full enjoyment of the Executive prerogatives will be wiped from the statute books instanter. In the first place the acts which makes it necessary for all orders of the President, to the army, to pass through General Grant, will be repealed, for the Radicals have no confidence in Grant, and with the law out of the way the army can be manipulated at pleasure. Next, the Tenure-of-Office law will be repealed, and there will be a general turning out of office of all men who are not in favor of the Revolutionary platform. This will give wade the benefit of all she official influence in the country to carry out the edicts of Congress. Then they will complete their reconstruction of the Supreme Court, so as to reduce it to a condition "of harmony" with Congress and the Executive .-The number of Judges will be so increased as to make it largely Radical, or else its powers will be so emasculoted and crippled that it will not be able to render a decision adverse to the wish of the Radical majority. With the Supreme Court fixed up, all the departments of the government will be as much under their controll as though they had a natural right to them. They will not

hesitate to use all their power to perpetuate their dynasty. We have often remarked in our columns, hat the Radicals have struck for Empire in this country, and we are still of this opinion. To attain it, they will use all the means that unblushing impudence and love of tyranical power may suggest. Their bject is to elect the next President at all hazards, and they will not scruple at the means. They do not intend the people shall have a fair ballot if they can prevent t, and they will take the propper means to prevent it. They know that they stand in langer of loosing the vote of the majority Henry E. Clark; Supervisors, Jacob Lorof the Northern States unless the ballot is given to the negroes. The measure is now before Congress, and we expect to see it has before the adjournment. This bill enranchises the negroes in all the States where they do not already vote, and they hope thereby to secure New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, and other States. Refore the present session of Congress adjourns, a test oath bill will be passed, in some shape or other, which will exclude from voting enough Democrats to give the Radicals a majority in all the close districts. This will enable them to carry every State and gain a twothirds majority in Congress . Our friends nust not argue that the Radicals will not lare to do such outrageous things, they will be afraid and all that. They dare do anything that becomes necessary to secure them in power, and which is proved by the history of the past six years. None of the acts I have specified as likely to be done by them in the future are more monstrous than what they have already done. What so outrageous, and in such clear violation of the Constitution as the establishment of military despotism in ten States? It will be no greater stretch of power to disfranchise a few hundred thousand Damocrats in the North, than to do the same thing in the South and enfranchise nearly a million of

Some one may ask whether the people will stand all this? Stand it? Yes, and more too. They have stood worse things and why not this? The Radicals will obtain permanent power by it, and we cannot expect them to offer any resistance, while the Democrats will not resist. We are satisfied of this. A few will bluster but it will not come to anything. The experience of the past few years has convinced us that no considerable portion of the Northern people will fight to preserve constitutional liberty to themselves and their posterity. They have lost that keen relish for free govern ment that distinguished their ancestors .-As long as they are left free to pursue their daily avocations and to reap and enjoy the fruit of their own labor, they really care but little about the government, or who manages it. This is the feeling of the majority, while, no doubt, there is a considerable minority who are ardent lovers of liberty, and who would suffer and sacrifice much for it.

When Wade comes into the White House and assumes the reius of government, Democrats may expect to feel the full weight of Radical power. If we cannot overthrow this tyranny at the ballot box, we see no once, with a mighty counter tide such as other course than to submit. These conaiderations which we believe the political drowns out the clamor of a neigr river. The situation justifies, make the coming contest of more than usual importance. - Doylestown Democrat.

Election Returns

Beaver Justice of the Peace, Mann; Supervisors, Reuben Hons, I Bredscade; Contesto, Thousand

Breibender, John Samuel Appleman,

Benton—Constable, Samuel Appleman,
School Directors, John C. Wenner, John Keeler; Judge, Charles Gibbons; Supervisors, John R. Davis, Thomas Davis; Auditor, John R. Davis, Thomas Davis; Auditor, John Bruser; School Directors, & hilton, John Bruser; School Directors, & hilton, John F. Watts, Joseph Sweeny; Overseers, John Lore, John Bruser; School Directors, & hilton, John F. Watts, Joseph Sweeny; Overseers, John Lore, John Bruser; School Directors, & hilton, John F. Watts, Joseph Sweeny; Overseers, John Lore, John Bruser; School Directors, & hilton, John F. Watts, Joseph Sweeny; Overseers, John Lore, John Bruser; School Directors, & hilton, John F. Watts, Joseph Sweeny; Overseers, John Lore, John Bruser; School Directors, John G. Watts, Joseph Sweeny; Overseers, John Lore, John Bruser; School Directors, John F. Watts, Joseph Sweeny; Overseers, John Koeler; John R. Lore, John Bruser; School Directors, John F. Watts, Joseph Sweeny; Overseers, John Lore, John Bruser; School Directors, Indiana, John Bruser; School Directors, Lore, John Bruser; School Directors, Lore, John Bruser; School Directors, Lore, John Bruser; School Directors, John F. Watts, Joseph Sweeny; Overseers, John Koeler; John Bruser; School Directors, John Bruser; John Bruser; School Directors, John Bruser; School Directors, John Bruser; Jo

Bloom-Judge, Aaron Hendershott; Inspector, Peter H. Freese; Assessor, Leon-ard B. Rupert, Auditor, Michael F. Everly; School Directors, Wesley Wirt, William Peacock; Poor Overscorn Josiah H. Furman, Stephen Knorr; Supervisors, Peter Billmeyer, Charles Thomas, Mathias Shaffer; Constables, Jacob S. Evans, James K.

Bor. Berwick-Chief Burgess, Silas E. Walton; Assistant Burgess, William Ross; Town Council, Seth B. Bowman, William H. Woodin, Hudson Owen, William Herrin DeWitt, C. McHenry, Judge, Ralph H. Eaton; Inspectors, Leroy T. Thomas, Lev Eaton; Inspectors, Leroy T, Thomas, Levi Bredbender; Poor Overseers, Gilbert Fowl-er, Jacob Moyer; Constable, John McAn-all; High Constable, Isadore Chamberlin; Assessor, Nathan W. Stecker; School Di-rectors, DeWitt C. McHonry, Jacob W. Deitrick.

Briarcreek .- Judge, William Laman; Inspectors, Isaac Bower, Albert Smith: Su pervisors. Emor Deiterick. J. C. Smith; School Directors, Levi Shaffer, George W. Miller; Poon Overseers, George Evans; William Klinetob; Constable, Adam Sult; Assessor, C. L. Steel; Auditor, William

Catawissa. - Judge, George H. Willetts Assessor, Cliston Ellis, School Directors, James Regder, L. D. Reinard, Poor Overseers, Abel Thomas, Stephen Baldy, Supervisors, John Keiffer, John Strouse, Anditor, George S. Gilbert; Constable, Peter G.

Conyngham—Justices, Charles G. Mur-phy, Richard Thornton; Constable, John Gunning; Road Supervisor, Patrick Egan; School Directors, Martin Loughin three-years, Richard Thornton 3 years, Hen-physics are Lough Branner 2 years ry Durkin 2 years, James Brennan 2 years, Lawrence Keenaughan I year, Michael ligan 1 year; Overseers, Thomas Killker, Daniel T. McKierman, Auditor, S. P. Ryan two years, and C. G. Murphy three years; Judge, James Dewey; Inspectors, James Brennan, Jacob Hunlauf; Assessor, James Dewey; Town Clerk, Martin Flanagan, Treasurer, Richard Thornton.

Centralia Borough-Chief Burgess, Thos. O'Conner; Town Council, Martin Cain, Philip Heffron, Brien Farrell, John Mc-Donnell, Patrick Burke; High Constable, Patrick Killeen; School Directors, John P. Hannon, John Killeen; Judge, J. J. Coughlin; Inspectors, Patrick Monahan, W. D. Mellick; Justice, James Kealy; Overseers, Thomas Gerretty, Anthony Mo Donnell; Assessor, Thomas Gorey; Auditor, Patrick Fogarty; Constable, Patrick Killeen.

Centre-Judge, John Hill; Inspectors, Lafayette Creasy, Jeremish Hagenbuch, Supervisors, Samuel Hagenbuch, Stephen Hutton; School Directors, Edward Hartman John Kelchner, Hiram A. Schweppenheiser Jose Hoffman; Constable, Henry D. Knorr; Assessor, Mahlen B. Hicks; Auditor, Levi A. Hutchison; Town Clerk, Samuel Ney-

Fishingcreek—Judge, Silas McHenry; Inspectors, Isaac Labour, A. T. Creveling; School Directors, William Long, J. F. Mo-Henry; Overseera, Charles Ash, E. M. Iaubach; Auditor, J. J. Campbell; Asses-sor, Cyrus Robbins; Constable, Thomas J. Hutchison, Supervisors, Philip Appleman,

Michael Lamon; Town Clerk, John Sutton. Franklin-Justice, Hiram J. Reeder; ndge. Clinton Mendenhall; Constable man. Jacob Kostenbauder; Overseers, Jonathan Fortner, Sam'l M. Hoagland; School Directors, Joseph Hartman, H. F. Clark; Auditor, James Kester, Assessor, William Teple: Inspectors, Daniel Zarr, Michael Mensch.

Greenwood-Judge, A. J. Albertson;
Inspectors, Geo. W. Hoffman, Nicholas
Kindt; Supervisors, William F. Robbins,
Peter Girton; Constable, Paxton Kline;
School Directors, A. P. Young, John C.
Lemon, Assessor Jacob S. Evans; Overseers
James Vanhorn, Benj. McHenry; Auditor,
J. H. Ikolov J. H. Ikeler.

Jockson.-Constable, Wilson Albertso Auditor, Silas W. McHenry; Judge, Michael Remley: School Directors, Abraham Knouse, William Parks, Hugh Shultz, two last tie; Supervisor, Ephraim McHenry, Joseph Yorks; Overseers, George Hirleman, William Parks; Assessor, Wm. Young; In-spectors, Alex, Knouse; Town Clork, David

Hemlock-Judge, George W. Hittle; In-spectors, Iliram D. Appleman, Mathias G. Girton; Constable, Daniel Neyhard; Supervisors, Daniel Vocum, David B. Wagner; School Directors, Juo. M. Reynolds, Mathias A. Girton; Overseers, Posswell Folk, Eli Ohl; Assessor, John H. Faust; Auditor, N. P. Moore.

Locust-Constable, Solomon Fetterman; Supervisors, Peter Bittner, John Kline; School Directors, Lucas Fahringer, Peter Rhodes, Harmon Fahringer, Judge, Jones Price, Inspectors, Simon Fetterman, Lewis Lee; Auditor, Rolandus Herbein; Overseers. Christian Small, Jonas Helwig; Asse Gera Hower, Town Clerk, Dvaid S. Hel-

Madison-School Directors, Andrew J. Carr, Jacob Shoemaker, Overseers, Richard Demott, Silas Welliver, Supervisors, John Smith, George Beagle, Judge, James Dildine; Inspectors, Samuel Johnson, John Shultz; Assessor, Samuel S. Lowry; Con-stable, Isaac McBride; Auditor, Jacob A. Swisher.

Maine-Justice, Jos. R. Jamison; Constable, Rudolph Shuman; Judge, D. V. Critz; Supervisors, William Longenberger, John M. Nuss; Overseers, Nathan Miller, Samuel Drum; Assessor, J. R. Jamison; School Directors, Harmon G. John, D. B. Fetterolf; Inspectors, F. Fleming, Elias Shuman; Auditor, John M. Nuss; Town Clerk, Jacob Shuman.

Mt. Pleasant,—Constable Joseph Ikeler;

Supervisors, Peter Hippensteel, Nathan Gilbert; Judge, William J. Ikeler; Over-seers, David R. Applemen, Samuel John-son; Inspectors, William Oman, Andrew J. Crawford: Assessor, John Kline; School Directors, John C. Mordan, John Hippen-steel; Auditor, William Miller.

Millin.—Justice, Samuel Creasy; Constable, Peter G. Lants; Supervisors, Peter Michael, Lewis Creasy; Overseers, John R. Yohe, Lewis Eckroth; Judge, Benj. Yohe; Inspectors, Philip Croasy, Abraham Mos-teller; Assessor, D. A. Hess; Auditor, D. H. Montgomery; School Directors, Thomas Aten, Lawrence Waters.

Aten, Lawrence Waters.

Montour.—Justice, John G. Quick: Constable, Peter Heimbach, sen., Michael Rauch; Overseers, Joseph Monser, Elias Giger, Behool Directors John B. Weaver, Jacob Guitt; Judge, Evan Welliver, Inspectors, Peter M. Karshner, James T. Farnsworth: Assessor, John Q. Barkley: Auditor, John G. Quick.

orange—Judge, John Megargell; Inspectors, John Van Liew, Wesley Bowman;
Constable, Michael Keller; Supervisors,
Daniel Kline, Reuben Bellas; School Dimothers of the County of the C

spectors, George Welliver, Ender Fox; Constable, Thomas Harlan; Supervisors, Moses Watts, Joseph Sweeny; Overseers, John Lore, John Bruser; School Directors, 2 hiljp Hartman, Enoch Fox; Auditor, John F.

Levan Overseen, Abraham Victor, Levan School Directors, John D. Houck, Elias Baris, Abdide, Schit D. Houck, Charles Dyer, tie; Assessor, Nathan Dreis-bach; Judge, Abraham Witner, Impentors,

Owen Hougland, Samuel Stoufer.

Scott. Under Thomas Couveling: Inspectors, Wm. A. Barton, John W. Keller, Overseers, David Whitmover. O. P. Ent; School Directors, I. K. Faus, John Kressler; Auditor, R. S. Howell; Assessor, Wm. Christman; Supervisors, Lawrence Marr, William Marr; Constable, Samuel Kressler. Sugarloof—Constable, William A. Kile, Judge, John Lewis Inspectors, Jesse Hart-man, Alexander Hess; Auditor, W. B. Peterman; School Directors, Mont. Cole, S. L. Hess, Overseers, Elias Frits, S. L. Hess, Supervisors, James F. Kile, Jesse Hartman, Assessor, Jesse Frits.

-West Point has furnished twenty-siz college Presidents and thirty-five railroad Presidents. -It is stated that Congressman Morris-

sey has gone to the Askansas hot springs to get rid of the umatism # 2013 -A tax question, having been in litiga-

tion 48 years in an Ohio court, has just been -After three trials for the murder of

Mary Geary, in Boston, McAvena was yesterday discharged from custody. The latest advices from Mexico report the rebellion at Mazatlan to be gaining ground. The rebels have several towns.

-The Mexican Government has removed its prohibition on imports, and all goods may now enter Mexico on equal terms. -The heaviest snow storm that ever vis

ted Colorado and New Mexico fell recently there. -Gov. Brownlow has appointed James Sumner Commissioner of Claims for David-son county, and H. W. Key for Sumner

county, Tenn., both are negroes. -Mr. John Norris, 96 years of age, died in Urbana, Ohio, on Monday of last week,

and on Thursday his widow, aged 88 followed him. They had been married 58 years: -The contract for the iron railroad bridge over the Illinois river at La Selle has been granted. The bridge will be manufactured

at Phoenixville, Pa. -The special inspector of New York City, on Tuesday, made several seizures of distilleries for violating the law. A conflict has arisen in the matter with a deputy colector, who claims to have made a prior seizure of one of the rum mills. No settle-ment of the difficulty has been reached.

MARRIED.

On the 26th ult, by the Roy. William J. Eyer, Mr. I. H. Fahringer, to Miss Emma erson, both of Centralia Pa. On the same day, by the same, Mr.

Isaiah Mensch, of Locust township, to Misa Emma Michael, of Mifflinville, Pa. On the 27th ult., by the Rev., J. A. Gere, Perry D. Black of Rohrsburg, to Miss Lizzie Swayze of Mahanoy city.

On Saturday evening the 21st ult., by the Rev. H. Peuben, at Wilkesbarre, Mr. Julius Greenbaum of Bloomsburg, Pa., to Miss Pauline Ullman of Baltimore, Md

On the 8th ult., by John Lore Esq., Mr. Lloyd Watts, to Miss Susannah Whitmoyer both of rine Township.

At the Parsonage in Orangeville, by the Rev. N. Spear, on the 28th ult., Alfred Heacock, of Greenwood township, to Miss Mary E. Ruckle, of Mt. Pleasant.

In Authory township, Montour county, on the 14th ult., Mr. Jacob Strouse, late of Monroe county, Pa., aged 92 years, 6 mos. and 28 days.

In Adams Township, Scales County, Ohio, on the 21st ult., G. R. Kline, aged 39 years, 11 months and 1 day.

The deceased was born in Fishingereek Township, Columbia county, Pa., and leaves a wife and four children.

Why should we mourn for parting friens, Or shake at deaths alarms, Tis but the voice that Jesus sends

To Call them to his arms. On the 13th sult., in Centre Township, Peter Miller, aged 68 years, 10 months and

days. In Williamsport, on Wednesday evening March 4th 1868, Rev. Charles Nash, aged

about 65 years. In Sugarloaf on the 20th ult., Minor, in fant son of John W. and Hester A Kline,

aged 3 months and 20 days. O weeping friends, called thus to mourn, The breaking of the tender tie. Turn thou thy thoughts from earth to heaver Seek thou the solace from on high.

The darling one thus torn from thee, He is not last but gone before, That much loved form again you'll see, Again you'll meet on heaven a bright shore.

MARKET REPORT.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Hay per ton,...... 16 00

BOTRAY HEIFER.

CAME to the premises of the subscribes, in Can-tre township. Columbia county, on or about the 18th of December last, a.E.D. HEIFER with white apote upon it, and a large wart on right blue begy ship befor is supposed to be about two years old. The höffer is supposed to so most in a prove property, owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise the will Tentre wp. April 1, 1988.

Auditor's Notice.

Boomsbury, April, 1986

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Furs and Skine Grain, Wool, Game,

Poultry, Naval Stores. Hope, Ginseng Feathers, Hemp, Provisions, Oils

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BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A. James Cadman:

Respectfully informs the citizens of this town and icinity, that he has at his Parniture Rooms, chairs sicinity, that he has a this Furniture Rooms, chairs of every description, Bureaus, Dining Table5 large and small. Bed steads of the latest styles. Card and Follet, Sides, Esoking Glades, besides many other pritteles of surniture of first class manufacture. The public are cordially, savited to call and eximine his stock. He will sell upon reasonable terms.

C. Present assented will be said to repair ing all inds of furniture, cheap for cash.

April 1. 1000 hours of the control of t

PLASTER FOR SALE. THE undersigned [bave] fitted up a Plaster Mil at the PENN PURNACE MILLS, and will offer to the public ONE HUNDRED TONS REST.

Novia Scotia, White Plaster

prepared ready for use fir quantities to wit purchas-irs, at any time from the first of April, Catawissa, April I. 1809,1

WALL PAPERS. PARER HANGINGS!

AN IMMENSE STOCK OF WALL PAPERS.

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Corner of Fourth and Market Streets,
Apri'62-3m. Pathabanana

New barber enop. The understaned respectfully announces that be

The undersigned respectfully announces that he ina reflitted is shop, one door below Nayer's Drug Blore, in the Exchaige Block, where he is prepared to conduct the barbering business in all its branches. The art of coloring whishers and moustaches is practiced by him most skillfully. He also cleans ciching, making them took nearly as goodss new, upon the most reasonable terms. Having procured the services of a fashionable hair dresser he is prepared to visit families in cases where it is desirable to put up or cut hair upon reasonable terms.

17. Hair Tunic of the very best quality, used for cleaning hair, kept constantly on hand, andfor sale.

26. C. CULLINS.

We beg to inform; you that we jaret prepared to offer for your inspection our usual assortment of MILINERY GGODS
Consisting of the newest-shap we in Straw Silk and GIMP Hate, Bonnets, &c. Velvels, 'Silk Good Ribbons, Flowers, Festhers, Ruches, Urapes, Jondes, Fraids, or romanufa, &c. &c. We shall be happy to wait on you at our Store, or receive your orders—Prices low for Cash. Yours, &c. H. WARD.
March 18, -1mo, Nos. 103, 105 & 107 North Second Street Philadelphia. PHILADELPHIA, Murch 14, 1946.

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Mrs.
Teacher of Vocal Music.
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HOOP SKIRTS. WM. T. HOPKIN'S "own make" of "Reys tone 'kirts." are the best and 'cheapest low priced hoop hirts in the market; Teshi shirts: 25 springs. \$1: 30 springs, \$1:30; and 45 springs, \$1:45. Flain shirts. 5 springs, \$1:5; and 35 springs, \$1:35. Warranted in year respect.

every respect.

"Our own make" of "Third Barts," eleven tape trails, from 30 to 50 springs, \$1.30. de\$2.50 Plais, sixtapes, 30 to 50 springs, from 95 cents to 32 50—These sixtapes, 30 to 50 springs, from 95 cents to 32 50—These states are better than-hose soldy other enablishments as first class goods, and at much lower

prices.

"Our own make" of "champlon skirts" are in sy-ery way superior to all other Hoop Skirts before the public, and only have to be examined or worst to con-wine every one of the fact. Manufactured of the best lines fluished Kaglish steel springs, very super-trop tapes, and the style of the metalic instability and magnet of secuting them surpass for durability and excellence any suffer after in this growth, and are lighter, more clastical will wear longer, give more an issuction, and are really excepter than all others. Every ludy should left, them: They, are being sold extensively a Merchants throughout this and the adjoining Butter at very moderate spices. If you want the heat ask for "Hope left thempion Ekirt." If you do not find them, get the men heat of the word of the men of soul and want the constitution of a sufficient of them for from, or come or send the rect to us. Merchants will find our different eighter of akirtsexactly what they mead, and we especially askirtsexactly what they mead, and we especially askirtsexactly what they mead, and we especially askirtsexactly wind of the recatt trade generally ask is who length of the manufacturer only, to whom all orders should be addressed. Manufactory and salespoon, con Arch street, between the and the street, The manufacture in an all the street, The manufacture with and the street, The manufacture which the trade generally ask is who length arch arch street, between the and the street, The manufacture with and the street, The manufacture with and the street, The manufacture when the street were the street. and excellence any suffer all retails the thickness for durability and excellence any suffer all retails in thickness try, and

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Lancaster, Fa. 77

WELL DIGGING.

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Bloomsburg June. 18, 1867. WILLIAM ROGBER.