Bloomsburg Democrat.

WM. H. JACOBY, Editor.

Wednesday, Jan. 15, 1868.

☞ JUDGE BUSTEED, lately of New York, and not of enviable reputation there, now a *practicing* Judge in Alabama, was shot by District Attorney Martin, another eminent loyalist. Martin had been concerned in some Whiskey frauds, and, a presentment having been made by the Grand Jury, the case was to come up before Busteed. Two shots were fired, both taking effect—one below the breast bone, the other in the leg. The shooting occurred last week. We know this man Busteed and if he is a no better Judge than he was a soldier, he must be a very poor one, and the sooner he is "put out of the way" the better for the country. He would like to have played the hand of SHERIDAN, but Congress would not confirm him as Brigadier General and after his rejection by the Senate, "the late lamented LINCOLN" made him Judge.

SENTENCE OF A COLORED FRIEND.—We learn from an exchange, that a colored man named JONES was convicted of rape upon a white woman in Frederick city, Maryland, and was sentenced to be hung. In passing sentence the Judge said, that recent legislation (referring to the civil rights bill passed by Congress) rendered it necessary to execute State laws with the utmost rigor. The crime was committed a few days previous to the late election. We have not yet learned whether P. John and his man Friday in Orangeville have applied to the Governor of that State for a pardon for this "American citizen of African decent" or not. The "darkie" no doubt has the sympathies of all the "loyal" people in the country whether white or black.

☞ We are pained to announce the death of Mr. Calvin Achenbach, son-in-law of Mr. Cathcart of this place. He died at the residence of his father, in Orangeville, on Friday evening last. At the time of his death he was a member of the firm of J. T. Funston & Co., in the Mercantile business at Muncy. He was a three year's soldier in the late war; received a very severe wound, and served his time faithfully. He was an intelligent young man and possessed excellent business qualifications. His disease has been pronounced *consumption*; and it is supposed he contracted it while in the army. Everybody who knew him, knew him but to love him. "Peace to his ashes."

☞ The Bedford *Gazette's* first choice for Vice President, if that office is to be filled by a Pennsylvanian, is EDGAR COWAN, formerly United States Senator. Mr. COWAN proved himself to be a very good man while in the Senate—was a respector of law and order—stuck close to the Constitution, and opposed many measures that were ruinous and wicked; but the Democratic party had no hand or lot in electing him to the Senate nor never claimed him, and while there he did no more than his duty, as an honest and faithful Representative of his constituents, having due regard for the obligation taken upon himself. Guess EDGAR can't be taken up *this time*, by the Democracy. There are men of our party of long standing, in whom the Democracy are yet willing to place confidence; hence it is not necessary that we should follow in the footsteps of the Republican party and take up men and place them upon our tickets who are known as "renegades". It will not answer. The Democracy will not endorse that kind of "policy."

THE NEXT DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.—At a meeting of the Democratic State Committee of this State, held at Harrisburg, on Tuesday evening, it was resolved to hold the next Democratic State Convention, to nominate candidates for Auditor General and Surveyor General, and choose delegates to the next National Convention, at Harrisburg, on the 4th of March next. There was a very full attendance of the Committee, and as this was the first meeting since the glorious achievements at the last fall elections, many happy congratulations were exchanged.

☞ A Convention of the friends of Temperance will be held in Harrisburg, beginning on Tuesday, the 18th of February next, at 10 o'clock in the morning. All persons who desire earnestly to combat the vice of intemperance whether delegates to this Convention or not, are cordially invited to be present. The State Temperance Union is advertised to hold its annual session in Harrisburg during the same week for the selection of officers and managers for the present year.

☞ The Norristown *Register*, the oldest and leading Democratic organ in Montgomery County, came out last week in a new and neat dress. We are pleased to see such evidences of prosperity. Quite a number of our Democratic exchanges have been dressing up their columns within the past few weeks. They are making timely preparation for the Presidential campaign so near at hand. Success to them as well as our cause.

☞ The Pittsburg *Daily Post* came to us last week, containing a lengthy editorial, strongly declaring in favor of the nomination of the Hon. GEORGE H. PENDLETON, of Ohio, for President, as the only out-spoken representative for paying the national debt in national money—greenbacks for bonds and equal taxation. The *Post* is the leading Democratic organ in the Western part of this State. Our people could and would support Pendleton with a hearty good will. He is no time-server.

☞ The exact weight of all ponderable bodies may be truthfully ascertained by FAIRBANKS' STANDARD SCALES, to which the highest premium was awarded at the Paris Exposition.

☞ The Legislature is fully organized at last; just as we expected, without much delay. In the Senate everything moved along smoothly. JAMES T. GRAHAM, of Allegheny, was chosen Speaker. He has served his present constituents in the Senate four years, to their satisfaction if his radical views have suited them. George W. Hamersly, of Philadelphia, was re-elected Chief Clerk of the Senate for the fifth or sixth time to the best of our recollection.

In the House E. W. DAVIS, of Philadelphia, was not elected Speaker on the first day, as was announced in our last, but was chosen to the Chair after some twenty odd ballots, on the fourth day. It seems that there were some nine Republican Members who refused to go into the caucus with their party friends and support Mr. DAVIS. They gave their votes to MCCAMANT of Blair County, and continued their opposition to the caucus nominee of their party until, as they alleged, Mr. DAVIS gave them such "pledges and assurances" as they were aiming at. The bolters held that Mr. DAVIS was not favorable to the passage of a Free Railroad Law, and that he was identified with legislation last winter that had been very ruinous to their party in the late election. All these charges were wiped out, and those men will, no doubt receive favorable positions on certain Committees.

The Republicans elected all the officers, of course. James L. Selfridge, of Northampton, was elected Chief Clerk, and Edward G. Lee, (an old Member from Philadelphia,) Assistant.

The Democrats voted for Richard L. Jones, son of Hon. J. Glancy Jones and the youngest and best looking Member in the House, for Speaker; and for Chief Clerk, John McFadden, of Philadelphia.

The House, after receiving a lot of vetoes from the Governor, appointing a Committee to contract for the printing of the *Record*, and a squabble over a copy of Purdon's Digest for each Member, adjourned to meet on Monday evening last.

The Senate adjourned on Thursday last until Monday.

REVIVAL DISTURBED BY BLASPHEMOUS YOUTH.—A revival has been in progress at a church in Wayne County, Indiana, and twelve converts had been taken into the fold, when a company of rude and reckless young men disguised themselves in the shape of horses, and, with sleigh bells and harness attached, broke into the house of worship just as the minister was opening the service by an appeal to the throne of grace. The scene presented was decidedly fantastic.—Horses, with pasteboard heads, flowing manes and bushy tails of flax, and necks covered with bells, sprang over the seats and rushed up the aisles in a most threatening manner. The minister broke off the thread of his discourse to the throne, and besought the intruders to leave the house. They left, but the services were no sooner resumed, than they again entered and set up a hideous neighing and pawing, mingled with such a requiem of jingling bells as was never before heard in such a place. At this second intrusion the preacher became utterly disgusted, dismissed his congregation, and left the scene of his discomfiture.

A SAD CASE.—Early on Sunday morning a week last a woman's dress, wrapped around a pair of shoes, was found on the river bank, below the dam, at Lewisburg. The same morning Susan, wife of Wm. Gibbony, of that place, was missed from her home, and it is stated left behind all her clothing except the articles found at the river. It is feared that while in a fit of melancholy she committed suicide by drowning herself induced by causes, it is rumored, that may herafter be investigated. She had always borne a good character. Any information of her whereabouts, or of the discovery of her body, addressed to Nicholas Ernst, Chillisquaque P. O., Northumberland County Pa., will be thankfully received by her friends.—*Sunbury American of the 11th inst.*

☞ We learn from the Allentown *Democrat* that a man by the name of HENRY PEARSON, of that town, became tired of life, and on Friday, the 3d instant, went to the Lehigh and drowned himself. It is said that the cause of this rash act was brought about by his having been unfortunate in business, to the extent of a complete failure some years ago; and unable to recover, or see any prospects of recovering, to the scale of his accustomed mode of life, coupled with family separation, legal involvements, sickness and poverty, he chose this mode of putting an end to his troubles. He was 48 years of age.

☞ The prospectus of *The Age*, the leading Democratic paper of the State, is published in this week's DEMOCRAT. The attention of our *eighteen hundred* readers is directed to it. This journal deserves the encouragement of all democratic and conservative people in the country. It has stood up fearlessly for the RIGHT in the face of tyranny and despotism, never swaying to the right or left, but pursuing one straight-forward course, upon a "constitutional line." The proprietors get up a most capital weekly for $2.00 a year.

☞ The Democracy of Ohio held their State Convention last week and appointed Delegates to the National Convention with instructions to support Hon. GEORGE H. PENDLETON, of that State, as their choice, for the next President. This suits us pretty well. It is the work of the old fashioned Democracy. Mr. PENDLETON is one of the best men in the Democratic party and if nominated by the National Convention that party will find votes enough to elect.

ENLARGED.—The *Bellefonte Watchman* has been considerably enlarged and changed into a quarto form. We are pleased to see that the business of that establishment warranted this expensive improvement.—Mr. MEEK publishes one of the most radically Democratic papers in the State. He deserves success. The Democracy of Centre elected him to the Legislature last fall by a handsome majority.

☞ The Democratic party is not dead! Neither is it ready to become Johnsonized. Couldn't afford that just now.

A New Literary Enterprise.

Great liberality on the part of the publishers.—$160,000 to be awarded to the subscribers.—Novel plan to induce a large circulation.

We have been favored with advance sheets of a new monthly magazine, issued on an entirely new plan by Messrs. Evans & Co., publishers.

From our knowledge of the parties engaged in this enterprise, we feel justified in asserting that their undertaking will be a success, and in all respects satisfactory to the public.

In addition to the attractions of a fresh and interesting monthly, containing articles from the best authors in this country and Europe, as the title indicates, the publishers draw upon the whole world for topics of interst, and offer as inducements, (if such were needed,) a "dividend system" of an entirely original character, in which all their patrons will participate. This department is under the personal supervision and exclusive control of Mr. George G. Evans, long and favorably known as a gentleman of experience, capability, enterprise and probity. We commend to all a perusal of the "prospectus," wherein the distinctive features of the enterprise are fully set forth, feeling satisfied that the result will be an immense circulation of their new monthly, "The World at Home." Full particulars are sent free. Address Publishers "The World at Home," 814 Chestnut street, Phila.

State offices.

We have already announced the fact that Hon. C. E. Boyle, of Fayette county, has been proposed for nomination for Auditor General. Two other candidates for State offices have since been named, and we presume a dozen others will soon be added to the list.

Gen. W. W. H. Davis, of Bucks county, who was the Democratic candidate for Auditor General in 1865, has written a letter expressing his willingness to accept a renomination. Gen. Davis served his country gallantly during the rebellion, and he continues the battle for the Union against the traitors at the Northern end of the line.—He has all the needful qualifications for a successful discharge of the important duties of Auditor General.

Mr. J. M. Cooper, whose name is pretty well known to the readers of this paper, is recommended by the *Lancaster Intelligencer* for the Democratic nomination for Surveyor General. It refers to his long and active service in the Democratic ranks as editor, and to his experience in the Land Office, as reason in favor of his nomination.—*Valley Spirit.*

Bold Robbery of a Bank.

At half-past four o'clock in the afternoon of the 30th ult., the cashier and clerk of the First National Bank of Independence, Mo., were sitting by the stove near the back door of the bank building, conversing, having just closed the front door and windows preparatory for closing up for the evening.—Suddenly the latch of this door turned, and two men entered side by side, with pistols in their hands. One of them said, as they entered, in a low but very firm voice, "Not a word, men, or you will never see your families again." The larger man of the two held a pistol in each hand, nearly touching the head of the two officers, while the other proceeded to close the side windows and pocket the cash. He did this very deliberately, and after cleaning the vault, as he thought, turned and ordered the officers to enter the vault, which order they, of course obeyed. The scoundrels then closed the outer door of the vault and left, locking the back door of the building after them, taking both the vault and door keys with them.—The house and vault both being closed, it was some time before the prisoners could make themselves heard. The clerk's wife, who was up stairs in the bank building, becoming impatient about her husband's delay went to the back door two or three times.—She at last prevailed on a gentleman to go with her, and on reaching the door they heard a noise inside, which proved to be the two prisoners striking the door with a bank seal that happened to be in the vault. The alarm was then given, the door of the building forced open, and the situation of the cashier and clerk made known. The cashier had a key at his residence belonging to the vault, which was quickly brought and the door opened, to the great relief of the pent-up prisoners, who was suffering greatly from suffocation. The loss of the bank is about $11,000 and with private funds and special deposits, it is supposed that the robbers got about 17,000 altogether, about $2,000 of which was in gold.

Attempt to Break into a Bank.

One night last week an attempt was made by some scoundrels to break into the Phillipsburg National Bank. Three of the iron bars at the cellar window were wrenched off, through which they effected an entrance into the cellar. They then undertook to undermine the foundation of the safe, and failing in this they attempted to get up through the hatchway, by boring out a piece of the door, but whilst at this they must have been disturbed for they absquatulated leaving most of their tools behind.—*Easton Sentinel of the 9th inst.*

SOUTHERN SOCIETY.—This is the name of a literary journal lately started at Baltimore. It is issued weekly, and its terms are as follows: One copy, one year, $4.00; six months, $2.50; to clubs of ten or more, $3.50 a year, and to clubs of ten or more, for six months, $2.00 each. Address:—"Southern Society," No. 226 West Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Md. ☞ Specimen copies sent on application.

☞ The Philadelphia *Daily News* has donned a complete dress of new type, and comes to us looking as gay as a butterfly. It is one of the ablest edited papers in the city, and although not as pretentious as some of its more important rivals, it generally manages to say some of the best things that are said. The *News* is a Johnson paper, but on all the great questions, it is in full accord with the Democratic party.

☞ The bondholders name Johnson for President and Hancock for Vice President.

FROM WASHINGTON.

JANUARY 8, 1868.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Nothing of special interest occurred in either house or Congress to-day. The Senate was engaged principally with a joint resolution relative to the transfer of the proceeds of sales of abandoned property, &c. In the House, a resolution was introduced calling for Executive interference in the case of Father McMahon, now imprisoned in Canada for alleged participation in the Fenian raid.

CONTESTED ELECTION REPORTS.

The report of the majority of the Election Committee recommending the exclusion of Mr. Brown, a Representative elect from the State of Kentucky, is signed by Messrs. Dawes, Upson, Shellaber, McClurg, and Cook—all Radicals. The minority report in favor of the admission of Mr. Brown will be signed by Messrs. Kerr and Chandler, Democrats, and Scofield and Poland, Radicals. Both reports will probably be made to-morrow.

THE STANTON CASE.

The Senate Military Committee this morning heard the report prepared by Mr. Howard in the case of ex-Secretary Stanton, but adjourned without taking any definite action thereon. There is no doubt that it will be adopted by the committee in its present shape.

CANE PRESENTED TO THE PRESIDENT.

At the charitable fair recently held at Carroll Hall, a gold headed cane was put up by subscription, to be given to the person having the largest vote. The vote for Andrew Johnson was the largest. To-night Hon. William E. Robinson, of Brooklyn at the request of the Managers, presented the cane with some appropriate remarks. The President, accompanied by Colonel Moore, was present, and received the cane, making a brief speech, which was received with frequent applause.

BANKRUPTCY ACT.

Mr. TRUMBULL, of Illinois, from the Judiciary Committee, in the Senate reported a bill amending the bankruptcy act, recommending its indefinite postponement. Adopted.

THE NEGRO BILL.

Mr. Edmunds offered a resolution of inquiry, which was adopted, calling upon the President for information whether the bill for the further security of equal rights in the District of Columbia, passed by both houses, has been delivered to the Secretary of State and become a law; more than ten days having elapsed since its passage.

DISABLED SOLDIERS.

Mr. Shenck, of Ohio, offered a resolution calling the attention of the Committee on Military Affairs and of the Board of Managers of the National Asylum for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers to the idea of making provision at the Central Asylum and its branches for furnishing and repairing hereafter artificial limbs, free of cost, to disabled soldiers, the work to be done by mechanics who are inmates of the asylum. Adopted.

JANUARY 9, 1868.

It is understood that a determined effort is being made by all the Democratic members of the Pennsylvania delegation, for the removal of the present Collector of the Port of Philadelphia. Several prominent gentlemen have been mentioned for the position. Among them are Stephen D. Anderson, John G. Brenner, John W. Linn, and one or two others.

THE ANTI-CONTRACTION BILL.

The Finance Committee's bill to repeal the law allowing the Secretary of the Treasury to retire or cancel United States notes, came up in the Senate to-day, and was debated until near four o'clock, when an executive session was ordered. Mr. Fessenden delivered rather a strong speech in opposition to the measure, which had the effect, at least, of preventing a vote to-day.

COLLECTION OF THE WHISKEY TAX.

The Senate to-day concurred in the House bill providing for the collection of the tax on whiskey at the "still," and abolishing the class "B" of bonded ware houses. It was amended in one or two particulars, but the amendments are not considered important.

RECONSTRUCTION.

On motion of Mr. Morton, of Indiana, the Senate took up his resolution to instruct the Judiciary Committee to report and to abrogate existing State governments in the South, and provide provisional governments in their stead.

THE CURRENCY.

Pending the further consideration of the resolution, the special order, the bill to prevent a further reduction of the currency, was taken up.

The question was on the amendment, that after the passage of the act the authority of the Secretary of the Treasury to cancel notes, etc., shall be suspended.

Mr. Sherman, after some general remarks on the state of the country, and presenting some statistics of bank circulation, &c., advocated the passage of the bill on the ground that it would satisfy the public mind that no further contraction will be made, and quiet the apprehension felt by many that it would restore to Congress power too important to be delegated to any single officer of the government. That it would place the entire responsibility or management of this question, now overshadowing all others, on Congress, where it properly belongs.

PROTECTION OF WITNESSES.

Mr. Wilson, of Iowa, introduced a bill for the protection in certain cases of persons making disclosures as defendant or testifying as witnesses. Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

The bill provides that no answer or other pleading of any party, and no discovery or evidence obtained by means of any judicial proceeding from any party or witness in this or any foreign country, shall be given in evidence, or used against such party or witness, or his property or estate, in any court of the United States.

JANUARY 10.

SO-CALLED RECONSTRUCTION COMMITTEE.

The so-called Reconstruction Committee have had two meetings this week, and will no doubt report a new bill at an early day, continuing the provisions contemplated by the resolutions introduced on Monday last by Messrs. Boutwell and Upson. It is stated on reliable authority that the Radical members of the committee have fully determined that the management of the so-called reconstruction scheme must be put more directly into the hands or under the control of General Grant.

THE PHILADELPHIA COLLECTORSHIP.

It is reported that Messrs. Randall, Boyer, Glossbrenner, Gets, Van Auken, and Woodward, of the Pennsylvania delegation, waited on the President and the Secretary of the Treasury to-day in relation to the removal of the present Collector of the Port of Philadelphia. The result of their interview has not yet transpired.

NOMINATED.

The President sent to the Senate to-day the nomination of Col. Charles G. Greene, of the Boston *Post*, to be Assistant Treasurer of the United States at Boston. Colonel Greene is a well-known Democrat.

ATTEMPTED MURDER IN COURT.

In the Criminal Court, to-day, a man, who had just been convicted of theft was sentenced to the penitentiary for two years and a half, drew a knife and made a lunge with it at a boy, twelve years old, whom he had used as an assistant in his clothes stealing operations and who was the principal witness against the accused. The boy avoided the intended blow by dropping under the table and escaping at the other end of it. The officers had some difficulty in disarming the convict and placing him in irons. The prisoner was remanded to jail, when Judge Olin requested the Attorney-General to send witnesses before the Grad Jury, in order that the man might be indicted for assault and battery with intent to kill.

DEPUTY POSTMASTERS.

Mr. Harlan, of Iowa, introduced a bill in the Senate, providing that the appointments of all deputy postmasters, for offices where the compensation allowed to the postmaster amounts to $500, and of all railway clerks and paid agents whose compensation amounts to $500 per annum, shall be made by the President, with the advice and conset of the Senate, all such commissions and appointments now held shall cease and determine within thirty days after the passage of this act, provided they have not heretofore been confirmed by the Senate.

CURRENCY BILL.

The morning hour having expired, the especial order being the bill to prevent further contraction of the currency came up.

Mr. Edmunds, of New York, moved to amend by adding at the end of the bill the following:

Provided, That nothing contained in this act, or any other act of Congress, shall authorize an increase of United States notes or other lawful money beyond the amount thereof now outstanding.

Mr. Sherman said the amendment was unnecessary, as the volume of currency, could not be increased but for a particular purpose, for the reserve authorized to meet temporary liabilities.

Mr. Edmonds, of Vermont, said the amendment was offered for the purpose of ascertaining whether the Fiannce Committee contemplated a further increase of the dishonored paper of the government. The inference apparently intended to be left in the mind of the Senate was that the policy of the bill was only to suspend the reduction of the volume of currency.

Mr. Sherman argued that there was no law authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to issue a dollar of legal tender notes, except as he had stated.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Mr. Stevens of Pennsylvania, reported a bill to establish a system of schools for the District of Columbia, that shall serve as a model for similar institutions throughout the nation. Postponed, and made the special order for Wednesday next, and until disposed of, and ordered to be printed.

BOUNTIES.

Mr. Farnsworth, of Illinois, introduced a joint resolution in reference to bounties, to the widows, children, parents of soldiers who have died since the 23th of July, 1866. Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

JANUARY 12.

NEW RECONSTRUCTION BILL.

The so-called Reconstruction Committee will to-morrow report a bill, which if enacted, must inevitably bring on a collision between the President and the officer designated to execute its provisions. The first section provides that the civil State governments of the excluded States shall not be recognized as valid or legal, either by Executive or Judicial power, or authority of the United States. The second section attempts to confer upon General Grant the powers of "Commander-in-Chief of the army," which by the Constitution are vested exclusively in the President.

ANOTHER OUTRAGE CONTEMPLATED.

The House Judiciary Committee have agreed to, and will to-morrow report the Senate bill defining a quorum of the Supreme Court, with an amendment providing that the concurrence of two-thirds of the judges of the Court shall be necessary before any law of Congress shall be pronounced unconstitutional. The object of this measure is to prevent judicial interference with the so-called reconstruction acts.

PAPER FOR PUBLIC PRINTING.

The joint committee of the two houses on printing, will to-morrow award contracts for furnishing 61,487 reams of paper for the public printing during the current year.—The bids do not show a very material decline in the price of the article.

Mr. Van Winkle, of West Virginia, presented a petition of citizens of Parkersburg, West Virginia, for the interposition of the United States government in behalf of persons held for trials as Fenians.

Mr. Sumner, of Massachusetts, introduced a joint resolution, that

Whereas, The amendment to the Constitution proposed by the Thirty-ninth Congress, known as Article 14, has already been adopted by the Legislatures of twenty-two States (reciting their names); and

Whereas, By the Constitution, an amendment duly proposed and ratified by three-fourths of the States, is declared valid; therefore

Resolved, That said amendment, having received the requisite ratification, is valid to all intents and purposes.

Mr. Sumner said it seems important that the country should know whether that article is valid as a part of the Constitution or not. He thought there was no question of its validity. He hoped Congress would declare so without delay, and that it was their duty rather than that of any other branch of the government. It has been the custom heretofore for the Secretary of State to certify the ratification. In his opinion it came properly within the cognizance of Congress.

The joint resolution was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Doolittle, of Wisconsin, gave notice that when Mr. Morton's resolution to invalidate the existing governments of the South was again called up, he would move to amend by instructing the Committee on the Judiciary, in any bill for reconstruction reported by them, to insert a proviso that in any election of officers, or for the ratification of the Constitution, persons voting must be possessed of one of three qualifications:

First. To have served in the army one year or more.

Second. Sufficient education to read the Constitution of the United States and subscribe his name.

Third. To be possessed of freehold property to the amount of $250.

The proposed amendment, which is substantially the resolution heretofore offered by him, was ordered to be printed.

Mr. Barnes, of the House addressad the Committee at length on the question of the national finances.

Mr. Kerr next addressed the Committee, and proceeded to discuss the principles involved in the question of American citizenship, which was now justly agitating the public mind.

100,000 SHINGLES & A LARGE LOT OF FENCING BOARDS FOR sale. The undersigned offers for sale upon the most reasonable terms, at his place of business, in BENTON, COLUMBIA COUNTY, one hundred thousand shingles and a large lot of fencing boards, of the very best quality, both pine and hemlock.

J. J. McHENRY.

Benton, May 9, 1866.

☞ DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS AND CATARRH treated with the utmost success by J. ISAACS, M. D., Oculist and Aurist (formerly of Leyden, Holland), No. 906 Arch Street, Philadelphia. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in city and country can be seen at his office. The Medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice, ARTIFICIAL EYES inserted without pain. No charge for examination. Nov. 13, 1867.—1y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LUNACY.

The first and final account of S. H. Miller, Committee of Rebecca Vanderslice, a lunatic, is filed in the Prothonotary's Office of Columbia County and that the said account will be presented to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of said County for examination, on Tuesday, February fourth, 1868.

JESSE COLEMAN, Prothonotary.

Bloomsburg Jan. 8, 1868.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of David W. Clark, late of Montour Twp., deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of David W. Clark, late of Montour Township, Columbia County, deceased have been granted by the Register of said County, to J. S. Shuman, in Catawissa, Col. County. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them to the administrator for settlement, and those knowing themselves indebted to the estate will make immediate payment to the undersigned.

J. S. SHUMAN, Administrator.

Catawissa, Jan. 8, 1868—6w.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the Orphans' Court in and for the County of Columbia. In the matter of the estate of William Hughes, late of Bloom Towhship in said county, deceased. The undersigned, Auditor appointed by the Court to make distribution of the balance in the hands of the administrator of said, decedent, will meet the parties interested for the purpose of his appointment at the office of Robert F. Clark Esq. in Bloomsburg on Saturday the first day of February, 1868, at 10 o'clock a. m. All parties interested are requested to attend on that day and present their claims, or be forever excluded from any part or share of said fund.

GEO. S. COLEMAN, Auditor.

January 8, 1868—6w.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the Hon. WILLIAM ELWELL, President Judge of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace and Court of Common Pleas and Orphan's Court in the 26th Judicial District, compored of the counties of Columbia, Sullivan and Wyoming and the Hon. Ivan Derr and Peter K. Herbein, Associate Judges of Columbia Co., have issued their precept, bearing date the 23d day of Dec., in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, to me directed for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail delivery, General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Common Pleas and Orphan's Court, in Bloomsburg, in the county of Columbia, on the first Monday, (being the 3d day) of February next, to continue two weeks.

Notice is hereby given, to the Coroner, the Justices of the Peace and Constables of the said county of Columbia that they be then and there in their proper person at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day with their records, inquisitions and other remembrance to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done. And those that are bound by recognizance, to prosecute against the prisoners that are or may be in the Jail of said county of Columbia to be then and there to prosecute them as shall be just. Jurors are requested to be punctual in their attendance, agreeably to their notices.

L. S. Dated at Bloomsburg, the 23d day of Dec. in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty seven and in the ninetieth year of the Independence of the United States of America. (GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH.)

MORDECAI MILLARD, Sheriff.

Bloomsburg, January 8, 1868.

GRAND JURORS, FOR FEB. TERM.

BLOOM—Jacob Schuyler, Phenias Delly.
BENTON—Jacob Ogden.
BEAVER—George P. Driesbach.
BERWICK BORO—John Donk, Hiram Smithers, Lewis Enke.
CONYNGHAM—Jenks Dyer.
CATAWISSA—Jacob Shugars, John Sharpless.
FISHINGCREEK—James Campbell.
FRANKKIN—Hamilton Clark.
GREENWOOD—Joseph Redline.
LOCUST—Peter Yorum.
MADISON—Henry Wagner, Jacob M. Girton, Geo. W. Supplee.
MONTOUR—Michael Rouch.
MAINE—Harman John.
ORANGE—D. K. Sloan.
PINE—Elisha Fullmer.
SCOTT—Moore Crossling.
SUGARLOAF—George Fritz, Christian L. Moore.

TRAVERSE JURORS, FOR FEBRUARY TERM, 1868.

Bloom—John K. Gretz, Samuel Jacoby.
Benton—Parvin Masters.
Centre—Aaron Fullmer.
Catawissa—George Gilbert, Jacob Swank.
Centralia Boro—Joseph Snyder.
Fishingcreek—James S. Patterson, Hiram Hess.
Franklin—William Roarbach.
Greenwood—George Greenly, Nicholas Kindt, John Dollman, William Thomas.
Hemlock—Nehemiah Reece.
Jackson—John J. Mettancy.
Mt. Pleasant—William Howell.
Madison—Robert Johnson, Nehemiah Welliver.
Millim—John P. Brown.
Orange—George W. Appleman, James S. Woods.
Roaringcreek—Samuel Hauck, Nathan Driesbach, Asa Gregg.
Scott—Charles Lee, Joseph Lilley, William A. Barton, M. C. McCollum, William G. Campbell, Jacob Terwilliger, John Kressler, Thomas Dollman.
Sugarloaf—James Seward, Andrew Laubach.
Berwick Boro—John Eggert.

JURORS FOR COURT OF COMMON PLEAS, FEBRUARY 10th, 1868.

Bloom—Martin U. Woodward, Newton W. Barton, Thomas Knorr, John Wolf.
Berwick Boro—John McAnall, Isaiah Bower.
Briarcreek—John W. Smith, Daniel Kelchner.
Catawissa—Samuel Kostenbauder, John Keifer, George H. Willetts, Lewis Yetter.
Centre—Sohn Hill, Isaac Hess, Mahlon B. Hicks.
Conyngham—Daniel T. McKinnon.
Fishingcreek—Joseph Coleman, Thomas J. Hutchison.
Franklin—Samuel Hoagland.
Hemlock—Wm. Leidy, John Appleman, John Williams, William McMichael, James W. Eder.
Locust—Wm. Fetterman, Wm. Hughes, James A. Fox, Perry Mears.
Madison—Joseph Zeisloff.
Maine—Alfred Yeters.
Mifflin—Elish B. Brown, Lewis Creasy.
Orange—John Welsh.
Pine—Luther A. Garman, Joseph Treiblebis.
Scott—James Lake.

TRIAL LIST, FOR FEB. TERM, 1868.

1 Mary E. Greene vs. Robert Howell, et, al
2 [illegible] vs. C. Dewitt, et al.
3 William A. Mann James Dyke.
4 [illegible] vs. Silas D. Edgar.
5 James Gannon vs. Michael Greene, et. al.
6 Tilman Fanz vs. Sylvester J. Fanz,
7 Samuel Waters vs. George Willetts.
8 Samuel Waters vs. George Willetts,
9 John Trembly & Co. vs. Mary S. Green.
10 John McDonald vs. Lewis Bower, et al.
11 West Branch Insurance Co vs Simon C. Shive.
12 Edward McCall et al. vs John Swecney.
14 Peter Werkheiser, Adam Rost, et al.
15 F. H. Person vs Andrew Freas.
16 F. H. Person vs John Cain.
17 James McVickar vs N. L. Campbell.
18 Gideon Arndt vs John U. Leiby.
19 William Ikeler vs John Savage, et al.
20 Daniel G. Eut's adm'r, vs. James W. Sankey.
21 Charles S. Miller vs. the Township of Bloom.
22 Daniel Yetter vs. Isaac Yetter, et. al.
23 Josiah Thomas use vs Henry C. Freas.
24 John U. Leiby vs. Gideon Arndt.
25 Catharine Bingley vs. Stephen Michael.
26 Henry Yost, et al vs. George Hawkart, et, al.
27 J. S. Hazleton vs. Henry C. Hartman.
28 Henry Knapp vs. Michael Stine.
29 William Clark vs. Robert C. Clark.
30 David Helwig vs David S. Helwig.
31 John Cooper vs Daniel Hower, et al
32 Mary McCrearty vs Robert Gorrell, & Co.
33 Joseph Hess vs. Samuel Everett.

JESSE COLEMAN, Proth'y.

Bloomsburg Jan. 8, 1868.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the Court of Common Pleas in and for the County of Columbia. In the matter of the sale of the real estate of John Perry by the Sheriff. The undersigned auditor appointed by the Court to make distribution of the fund in Court, among the lien creditors of John Perry, will meet the parties interested for the purpose of his appointment, at his office in Bloomsburg, in said County, on Monday the 27th day of January, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day. All the parties interested are requested to attend on that day or be forever debarred from coming in for a part or share of said fund.

E. R. IKELER, Auditor.

Bloomsburg, Dec. 25, 1867.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF COLUMBIA COUNTY. Estate of William E. Roberts' late of Jackson township, Columbia County. The undersigned, audit or appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia County, to settle and adjust the rates and proportions of the assets of the decedent, in the hands of Abraham Young, administrator of William E. Roberts, deceased, to and among the creditors in the order established by law, will meet the creditors of the decedent, and all other persons interested, at the office of the Recorder of Deeds in Bloomsburg, in and for said County for the purpose of his appointment, on Saturday, the 25th day of January, 1868 at 10 o'clock, a. m., of said day. All parties interested are requested to attend on that day and present their claims or be forever debarred from coming in for a part or share of said fund.

JOHN G. FREEZE, Auditor.

Bloomsburg, Dec. 11, 1867.—4w.

PLASTER FOR SALE.

The undersigned is about fitting up a

PLASTER MILL

at the PENN FURNACE MILLS, and will offer to the public ONE HUNDRED TONS BEST

Novin Scotia White Plaster,

prepared ready for use in quantities to suit purchasers, at any time from the first of March next.

J. G. McNINCH.

Catawissa, Jan. 23, 1867.

PUBLIC SALE

of Valuable

REAL ESTATE

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia County, Pa., on

THURSDAY, JAN. 9th, 1868,

at 1 o'clock, p. m., Cyrus Reichard and Sylvester Richard, Administrators of Isaac Reichard, late of Madison Township, in said County, deceased, will expose to sale, by public vendue, on the premises, the following described Real Estate to wit: all that certain

TRACT OF LAND,

situate in Madison township, Columbia County, bounded on the east by lands of Isacher Tittle and Amos Riffedifie, on the north by land of George Breese and John Stauffer, on the west by land of Jacob Geiser and Joseph Wise, containing

SEVENTY-FIVE ACRES,

more or less, on which are erected a two story frame dwelling house, bank barn and other outbuildings, a good spring and well of water near the the door, good apple and peach orchard, and fifteen acres of which is good timbered land; late the estate of said deceased, situate in the Township of Madison and County aforesaid.

JESSE COLEMAN, Clerk.

Bloomsburg, Dec. 6, 1867.

CONDITIONS.—One-third of the purchase money to be secured on the premises during the life-time of the widow of Isaac Reichard, deceased, the interest on the same to be paid annually on the 1st day of April, and the principal at her death to the heirs of said deceased. Ten per cent. of one-fourth of the purchase money shall be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation absolute, and the remaining three-fourth in one year thereafter, with interest from the confirmation nisi. ☞ Attendance given by the undersigned.

CYRUS REICHARD,
SYLVESTER REICHARD, Adm'rs.

Madison, December 25, 1867.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

The public should bear in mind that

H. W. CREASY & C.

have constantly on hand

THE LARGEST AND BEST SELECTED STOCK OF FALL AND WINTER GOODS IN

LIGHT STREET.

All kinds of good Goods CHEAP for cash or country produce.

H. W. CREASY & Co.

Light Street, Nov. 6, 1867.

NEW MILLINERY GOODS AND FANCY TRIMMINGS.

The undersigned most respectfully informs her Lady customers, and the public in general, that she has just added to her already large and varied assortment of

FANCY MILLINERY GOODS

A NEW SUPPLY, well and tastefully selected for the present and coming season. Her NEW BONNETS AND HATS are calculated to take the lead in this place and vicinity. She has everything found in first-class

Millinery & Fancy Stores,

and makes up and sells her goods upon the most reasonable terms. Give her a call and examine her new stock of goods.

LIZZIE BARKLEY.

STORE, Main Street, (Ramsey Building.)

October 23, 1867. Bloomsburg.

NEW OYSTER SALOON,

in the basement of the

AMERICAN HOUSE,

BALTZER LEASCOCK, SOPT.

Fresh Oysters served up in every style and at all hours; with all the other "Rains" found in first class Restaurants.

XX Ale constantly on hand, together with choice Liquors of every brand.

Everything in tip-top order about this Saloon. Rowdyism not tolerated. Step in and try my Saloon in clean neat order.

Bloomsburg, Nov. 13, 1867—3m.

LADIES' FANCY FURS!

AT JOHN FAREIRA'S

Old Established FUR Manufactory,

NO. 718 ARCH STREET, above 7th, PHILADELPHIA.

Have now in Store of my own importation and Manufacture, one of the largest and most beautiful selections of

FANCY FURS

for Ladies' and Children's Wear in the City. Also a fine assortment of Gent's Fur Gloves and Collars. I am enabled to dispose of my goods at very reasonable prices, and I would therefore solicit a call from my friends of Columbia County and vicinity.

Remember the Name, Number and Street!

JOHN F