Lewisburg Chronicle.

O. H. WORDEN & J. R. CORNELIUS.

To Business Men.—The LEWISBURG CHRONICLE, published on the Cash System, has the largest and best circulation of any Newspaper in Union County.

Independence Day.

☞TO-MORROW is the ever memorable 4th of July, and should the weather prove favorable we anticipate a large and pleasant celebration in Lewisburg. Judge Kelley expects to be here this evening.

We have been asked for the meaning of the term, "Mechanics' Celebration," and whether it is exclusive? It means in the present case, simply a Celebration got up and controlled by Mechanics, which they invite "all the world and the rest of mankind" to attend and participate in.

Trial of Reapers.

We the undersigned farmers of Montour and adjoining counties, were at the trial of Mowers on the 22d of June, 1857, on the farm of Mr. John Mowber in Mahoning township, Montour county. Three Machines were brought into the fields, namely: Hussey's improved Reaper and Mower, manufactured by Geddes, Marsh, & Co., of Lewisburg, Pa.; Manny's Patent, manufactured at Hoosick Falls, N.Y.; and Ketcham's manufactured at Reading by Boas & Spangler. The machines were worked by the owners or agents. After seeing the operation of the three machines, we give our preference to the Hussey Reaper and Mower, for the following reasons:

1. We think it is the most durable machine.
2. It costs less than the Manny's and the Ketcham's.
3. It is very simple in its construction, and not liable to get out of order.
4. It is manufactured in this section of the country.

And we would say to our neighbors, that if you want a good, durable and reliable Reaper and Mower, get one of the Hussey's Improved Machines.

Wm. Yorks,	G. W. Rishel,
Samuel Yorks,	Stephen F. Roberts,
David Roberts,	Peter Rishel,
Jacob Sechler, Sr.,	Mathias Appleman,
David Davis,	Solomon Rishel,
David Clark,	John Gearheart,
Peter Heinbach,	J. Stanley Gearheart,
Mayberry Gearheart,	Wm. Sechler,
Lafayette Sechler,	A. B. Cummings.

On Thursday of last week a trial of Manny's, Atkins', and Hussey's Reapers took place at the old Simon Follmer farm, near Milton. We know of no report rendered by any competent person.

On Friday last, from 125 to 175 persons assembled at Beale's farm, about 3½ miles from Lewisburg, and witnessed a trial between Hussey's and Manny's Reapers and Mowers. It was an animated contest. Messrs. Adam Young, David Herbst and James Lawson were appointed a Committee to report. They made a verbal report only, (after going through some light grass) in substance as follows, "That Manny's Reaper was preferable in having less side draft, easier on horses, and cutting closer; but that Hussey's was stronger and more durable in all respects." Hussey's was afterwards adapted to a lower cut, and worked as well as the Manny in that respect. Each cut about half an acre in 17 minutes.

BOSTON, June 20.—The 13th of July has been appointed by the President of the U. S. Agricultural Society for the national trial of reapers and mowers, at Syracuse, New York. Seventy machines have already entered for competition.

☞Judge Woodward "stopped" his *Pennsylvanian* because the Editor half-way approves the sale of the Main Line. (A *very* small potato is that Woodward.) The *Pennsylvanian* administers the following scorching rebuke, in reply to an attack upon it by Ellis B. Schnabel, the relative by marriage and the alleged spokesman of Gen. Packer:

"We shall not bandy words with this Schnabel as to character. Where we were born, have lived, and done business, our reputation stands unimpeached; where he lives, and where he has sojourned temporarily, he has acquired renown only for licentiousness and a reckless disregard of all the decencies of life."

There is a pretty fight about this Main Line and some other matters, which may overthrow the Democracy as it was in 1835. We see it stated that FORNEY is getting back into the *Pennsylvanian*—perhaps to repay the party which took him up to drop him!

SLOW GOING.—The attempt of the "side door" faction to elect Packer, does not work well. Jacob Broom of course accepts the nomination, as would be expected of a man who had the vanity to run for President in 1852, and get a few thousand votes; and in Congress, was a most obsequious tool of the slave power. Linderman it was stated positively refused to be used as a cats paw to aid in defeating Wilmot, but has at last—like Hazlehurst—been coaxed to make the "sacrifice"!—How much are these men paid for unwillingly assuming the position they do? and who pay them for the ignominious political pillory "sufferings" and "martyrdom" they endure?

ANOTHER VICTIM.—The *Globe*, of Huntingdon, is one of the most efficient papers in the Democratic ranks. Its Editor, Wm. Lewis, however, took a notion to be honest, and favored the sale of the Main Line of the Public Works, arguing that it would be for the interest of the people that it belong to business men instead of State fed politicians. For this manly independence, he is by the Canal Democracy denounced, ousted from the Post Office he filled, and a Mr. Colon put in his place. Mr. COLON, however, can't put a *period* to the Globe's favoring the policy of divorcing the State from that great work.

Col. Benton has declared himself in favor of the election of Col. Rollins, the American candidate for Governor of Missouri, because he is a Union man. He opposes Stewart, the Democratic nominee, because he is a sectionalist. Whichever must suits the Emancipationists, doubtless will be elected.

Lewisburg Bank, organized.

At the first election for Directors of this Institution, on Saturday last, the following Board was chosen:

William Cameron, William Frick, John Gundy, John D. Bogar, Robert M. Frick, James M'Creight, Joseph Meixell, John Walls, A. B. Warford, Byers Ammons, J. G. L. Shindel, Gideon Biehl, and John Datesman.

On Thursday, at an Election for Officers, William Cameron, Esq., of Lewisburg was elected President; Fleming W. Pollock, of Milton, Cashier; David Reber, Teller; J. Brown M'Laughlin, Clerk.

News Items from Other Counties.

Robert Lambert, in default of bail, was committed to Sunbury Jail by Esq. Bound on charge of passing a $5 counterfeit of the Philad. Bank, upon J. F. Gauger, merchant tailor, of Milton. (We are told Mr. L. has since obtained bail.)

Wm. J. Clark, charged with poisoning his wife at Danville, and committed for trial at the September Court, the *American* says, has been put in irons by the Sheriff, after learning that Clark had offered money to others to aid him in his escape.

NEW BELL.—Last week, a new bell weighing 670 pounds was placed in the cupola of the Episcopal church, at Williamsport. This is the largest bell in the place, and has a very fine tone.

CONTENNIAL.—The congregation of the First Presbyterian Church, Carlisle, proposed to celebrate by a festival, the hundreth anniversary of the establishment of the church, on the 1st of July.

RUN OFF.—Mrs. Kelley, residing in the country, came to Danville on Friday last, in a buggey. On Mill street, her horse took fright and ran up Mulbury street at a furious rate. Her marketing was scattered in every direction, but she kept her seat and held heroically to the lines, at the same time holding in her arms her little boy. Some gentleman stopped the horse at Pine street, when it was found that the buggey and the animal were considerably injured, but the lady and her little boy very fortunately escaped unhurt.—*American.*

AN OLD CITIZEN GONE.—Rudolph Sechler, the oldest inhabitant of Danville, was buried on Sunday last. He came to that place more than sixty years ago, and died at the age of 85 years, 4 months and 4 days, beloved and respected by those around him, and by many who have long slept in the dust.

Counterfeit Five Dollar Bills on the Exchange Bank of Pittsburg, are in circulation.

Desperate—Locofoco plunderers on account of the sale of the Public Works.

Thomas Wilson, residing above Mine Hill Gap, Schuylkill county, was shot by his son last week, while engaged in beating his wife; his recovery is doubtful. Served him right, the brute.

There are some twenty-five or thirty applications for new banks, increase of capital, &c. in this State.

A second instalment of $10 per share is called for by the Bellefonte & Tyrone Railroad Company.

John M'Alarney has removed his thrashing Machine shop from Stormstown to Bellefonte.

The Fourth of July is to be celebrated in Boalsburg, Centre county.

Strohecker, Hoover, and other leading Democrats of Centre county give notice of their application for a new Bank—the Anti-Bank patriots!

A special term of the Supreme Court will be held under the act of April 26, 1855, at Williamsport, to commence on the first Tuesday of October next, for the purpose of hearing arguments on writs of error, appeals, &c., from the counties of Lycoming, Northumberland and Montour, and such other cases from the counties embracing the Northern District.

The President will leave the Capitol for the Bedford Springs, Pennsylvania, about the middle of July, and on his return will remove to his summer residence, the Soldier's Home, about four miles from Washington.

Col. Jos. Paxton will give a bountiful dinner to his friends on the coming Fourth. A delegation of some twenty-five or thirty from Pottsville and Tamaqua is coming to enjoy the day at Cattawissa.

Col. John G. Freeze has resigned the Postmastership at Towanda, surrendered up the *Times* newspaper to its owners, and will return to Bloomsburg in a week or two.

Full ten acres of the old mines worked by the Baltimore company, near Wilksbarre, fell in one day last week, injuring a number of workmen. Erantz Klinghammer, a German, died soon after he was taken home. No one was working where the roof fell, but the air forced through the mines by the descent of such a mass of rock and slate, prostrated the workmen in another part of the mine, making a wreck of cars on the railroad track.

Three men have been fined and sent to prison, one year, for their participation in the late election riot at Washington city.

The Mesdville *Journal* expresses the belief that the Republican majority in Crawford county this year will equal, and probably exceed, that of last year. We feel authorized to give similar assurances in regard to Erie county. Wilmot's majority will be *twenty-five hundred*, and perhaps *three thousand.*—*Erie Gazette.*

The *Clarion Banner*, some time in doubt, has, since the Lancaster convention, come out boldly for the Wilmot ticket.

John L. Gibon, late Secretary to Gov. Geary, has published (in Philadelphia) an account of their official sojourn in Kansas. It is entitled, "*Gov. Geary's Administration in Kansas, with a complete History of the Territory until June, 1857.*" The author draws from Official Documents, and from personal knowledge, for his facts. The Kansas *Herald of Freedom* thinks it will be "the most authentic publication" relative to Kansas affairs. It is published at N. E. corner of Chestnut and Fifth Sts, Philada. by J. H. C. WHITING: the price is not stated in the Circular.

Matthew T. Miller, who published the Philadelphia *Bicknell's Reporter* about twenty years, announces the suspension of that paper.

The *Aurora* of Lewistown tried to kick against the Wilmot ticket, but finding it "no go" has changed hands and became a neutral journal.

The Hiawathian's of Muncy have a public exhibition this evening at Peterman's Hotel.

An unknown man was discovered on the railroad track, on Thursday morning a week, a few miles below Lewistown, having been apparently struck by the cowcatcher of one of the night trains, from the effects of which he died. An inquest was held over the body; no clue was obtained as to his name, business, destination or where from.

Last week, says the Bedford Inquirer, Mr. Sipes, of Hopewell Tp, Bedford Co. with three daughters were in the field planting corn. A thunder storm arose, and they all sought protection under a large tree, when they were struck by lightning. One of the daughters was instantly killed, and the father and other daughters were insensible for some time afterwards.

The Jersey Shore Bank stock had not all been taken on Wednesday.

A religious revival is in progress at Dickinson Seminary with encouraging prospects.—*Williamsport Press.*

There was a great rush to take stock in the Pottstown Bank.

About 150 members of the Masonic fraternity assembled in Williamsport, 25th ult. and were addressed by Mr. Perkins. Gen. Packer was in the ranks.

The weevil complaint is again very general—how great its ravages are, can not be accurately ascertained until after harvest. Can't tell always by what the "croakers" say.

Col. John S. M'Curdy, of Juniata county, is recommended as candidate for Assembly, on the opposition ticket, by a correspondent of the *Sentinel.*

One hundred and sixty cars loaded with stock, passed over the Penna. R. R. on Friday evening a week. This is the heaviest amount of stock that has ever passed over the road in one day.

The Scott farm, located above Sunbury, was up at Sheriff's Sale on last Thursday. It was told to John Silver, a heavy capitalist from Philadelphia, for the sum of $6527.

The Banks and business houses generally will be closed on the 4th of July.

Henry Frysinger, Editor of the Lewistown *Democrat*, has got a $1200 Clerkship in the Department of the Interior, Washington City. Right!

Difficulty is experienced in Philadelphia in getting the stock of the new banks taken.

Something That Never Fails.

DO YOU DOUBT IT!

Do you doubt that our graveyards and cemeteries are filled with the bodies of the young and the middle-aged, who, if they had been wise, or had been wisely counselled, might have rejoiced in a hale old age? Whether you doubt or believe, it is nevertheless, true. For Holloway's Medicines never fail.

Do you doubt that multitudes die daily from the consequences or their own evil appetites? Does not intemperence, for instance, burry thousands to a premature and dishonored grave! But it is true that the disease which results even from the grosset form of intemperence may be effectually cured. For Holloway's Medicines never fail.

Do you doubt that any disease, whatever its origin, may be cured by following the advice of that most skillful of physicians, and that perfect health and long life may be secured to the invalid! Whether you doubt or believe, it is quite true. For Holloway's Medicines never fail.

Do you doubt that the most stubborn maladies, which have defied the treatment of the medical schools and colleges, both of the old and new world; which reduce the patient to a skeleton, and torture him with the most excruciating pains; which makes existence a curse to him and death a positive blessing—do you believe that they may not be relieved merely, but totally extirpated from the system, though they have taken hold of the most vital parts! Doubt or believe as you please, but it is still true. For Holloway's Medicines never fail.

The fond hope of relations,—the beautiful being around whose life so many holy bonds of affection are wound,—the beloved daughter and sister, whose girlish charms were just ripening into womanhood, whose step made music as she walked, whose voice was melody, whose smile was sunshine, whose presence irradiated the household, and have happiness to every heart—must she be taken away and her place know her no more! By no means, if her friends are wise. *Do you doubt* that the destroyer may be repelled, and her cheeks and eyes once more resume the glow and brilliance of perfect health! Whether you believe or not, it is true. For Holloway's Medicines never fail.

The fond wife and mother, on whom the seal of death seems to be surely set—shall the distracted husband, and the terrified and inconsolable children, wait from hour to hour for the anguish of her last heart-braking farewell! Oh! keep the Angel of Death from that dwelling. Let the dart be stayed and give not to the tomb all that enshrines so many ardent affections! Do you doubt whether she may live or die! It is for her friends to decide, for Holloway's Medicines never fail.

The reader may ask the reason why they never fail. We would simply answer that having ransacked the whole pharmacopœia of medical art, he finally sought instruction at the brink of the well of nature's truth, as the old Greek philosophers sought it, and received the required information. He gained her secret. And we regard him as a man of original and profound genius, for his system puts to shame the accumulated medical dogmas of two thousand years.—*N. Y. Sunday Courier.*

BR. J. C. AYER, the world renowned Chemist of New England, is now stopping at the Burnet house in this city. He has been making a tour of the Western States, with his scientific associates, to investigate their remedial productions, or such as he can make remedial. We notice he has been received with marked distinction by our leading citizens of the West, and are rejoiced to find they have shown a proper estimate of the man who has perhaps done more the relief of human ills than any other American.—*Daily Journal Cincinnatti O.*

RESOLUTION

PROPOSING Amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendments are proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof.

FIRST AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional article to said constitution, to be designated as article eleven, as follows:

ARTICLE XI.

OF PUBLIC DEBTS.

SECTION 1. The state may contract debts, to supply causal deficits or failures in revenue, or to meet expenses not otherwise provided for; but the aggregate amount of such debts, direct and contingent, whether contracted by virtue of one or more acts of the general assembly, or at different periods of time, shall never exceed seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and the money arising from the creation of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was obtained, or to repay the debts so contracted, and to no other purpose whatever.

SECTION 2. In addition to the above limited power, the state may contract debts to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the state in war, or to redeem the present outstanding indebtedness of the state; but the money arising from the contraction of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was raised, or to repay such debts, and to no other purpose whatever.

SECTION 3. Except the debts above specified in sections one and two of this article, no debt whatever shall be created by or on behalf of the state.

SECTION 4. To provide for the payment of the present debt, and any additional debt contracted as aforesaid, the legislature shall, at its first session after the adoption of this amendment, create a sinking fund, which shall be sufficient to pay the accruing interest on such debt, and annually to reduce the principal thereof by a sum not less than two hundred and fifty thousand dollars; which sinking fund shall consist of the net annual income of the public works, from time to time owned by the state, or the proceeds of the sale of the same or any part thereof, and of the income or proceeds of sale of stocks owned by the state, together with other funds or resources that may be designated by law. The said sinking fund may be increased, from time to time, by assigning to it any part of the taxes, or other revenues of the state, not required for the ordinary and current expenses of government; and unless in case of war, invasion, or insurrection, no part of the said sinking fund shall be used or applied otherwise than in extinguishment of the public debt until the amount of such debt is reduced below the sum of five millions of dollars.

SECTION 5. The credit of the commonwealth shall not in any manner or event be pledged or loaned to any individual, company, corporation, or association; nor shall the commonwealth hereafter become a joint owner or stockholder in any company, association or corporation.

SECTION 6. The commonwealth shall not assume the debt, or any part thereof, of any county, city, borough or township, or of any corporation or association, unless such debt shall have been contracted to enable the state to repel invasion, suppress domestic insurrection, defend itself in time of war, or to assist the state in the discharge of any portion of its present indebtedness.

SECTION 7. The legislature shall not authorize any county, city, borough, township, or incorporated district, by virtue of a vote of its citizens or otherwise, to become a stockholder in any company, association or corporation, or to obtain money for or loan its credit to any corporation, association, institution or party.

SECOND AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional article to said constitution, to be designated as article eleven, as follows:

ARTICLE XII.

OF NEW COUNTIES.

No county shall be divided by a line cutting off over one tenth of its population, (either to form a new county or otherwise,) without the express assent of such county, by a vote of the electors thereof; nor shall any new county be established, containing less than four hundred square miles.

THIRD AMENDMENT.

From section two of the first article of the constitution, strike out the words, "*of the city of Philadelphia, and of each county respectively;*" from section five, same article, strike out the words, "*of Philadelphia and of the several counties;*" from section seven, same article, strike out the words, "*neither the city of Philadelphia, nor any,*" and insert in lieu thereof the words "*and no;*" and strike out section four, same article, and in lieu thereof insert the following:

"SECTION 4. In the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and in every seventh year thereafter, representatives shall be apportioned throughout the state by districts, in proportion to the number of taxable inhabitants in the several parts thereof, except that any county containing at least three thousand five hundred taxables may be allowed a separate representation; but no more than three counties shall be joined, and no county shall be divided, in the formation of a district. Any city containing a sufficient number of taxables to entitle it to at least two representatives, shall have a separate representation assigned it, and shall be divided into convenient districts of contiguous territory, of equal taxable population as near as may be, each of which districts shall elect one representative."

At the end of section seven, same article, insert these words, "*the city of Philadelphia shall be divided into single senatorial districts, of contiguous territory as nearly equal in taxable population as possible; but no ward shall be divided in the formation thereof.*"

The legislature, at its first session after the adoption of this amendment, shall divide the city of Philadelphia into senatorial and representative districts, in the manner above provided; such districts to remain unchanged until the apportionment in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

FOURTH AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional section to the first article of said constitution, which shall be numbered and read as follows:

To be Section XXVI, *Article* I.

The legislature shall have the power to alter, revoke or annul any charter of incorporation hereafter conferred by or under any special or general law, whenever in their opinion it may be injurious to the citizens of the commonwealth; in such manner, however, that no injustice shall be done to the corporators.

IN SENATE, March 27, 1857.

Resolved, That this resolution pass. On the first amendment, yeas 24, nays 7. On the second amendment, yeas 23, nays 8. On the third amendment, yeas 24, nays 4. On the fourth amendment, yeas 23, nays 4.

Extract from the Journal:

GEO. W. HAMERSLEY, *Clerk.*

IN HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, April 29, 1857

Resolved, That this resolution pass. On the first amendment, yeas 78, nays 12. On the second amendment, yeas 57, nays 34. On the third amendment, yeas 72, nays 34; and on the fourth amendment, yeas 83, nays 7.

Extract from the Journal:

JACOB ZIEGLER, *Clerk.*

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, Filed May 2, 1857.

A. G. CURTIN, *Secretary of the Commonwealth.*

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, HARRISBURG, June 22, 1857.

Pennsylvania, SS:

I do certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the original "Resolution relative to an Amendment of the Constitution," as the same remains on file in this office.

(L. S.) In testmony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the seal of the Secretary's Office, the day and year above written.

A. G. CURTIN, *Secretary of the Commonwealth.*

IN SENATE, March 27, 1857.

Resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, being under consideration,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the first amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—*Messrs. Brewer Browne Coffey Ely Evans Fetter Flemmken Fraser Ingram Jordon Killinger Knox Laubach Lewis Myer Scofield Sellers Shuman Steele Straub Welsh Wilkins Wright and Taggart (Speaker)*—24.

NAYS—*Messrs. Crabb Cresswell Finney Gregg Harris Penrose and Souther*—7.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the second amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—*Messrs. Brewer Browne Cresswell Ely Evans Fetter Finney Flemmken Ingram Jordon Knox Laubach Lewis Myer Sellers Shuman Souther Steele Straub Welsh Wilkins Wright and Taggart (Speaker)*—23.

NAYS—*Messrs. Coffey Crabb Fraser Gregg Harris Killinger Penrose and Scofield*—8.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the third amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—*Messrs. Brewer Browne Crabb Cresswell Ely Evans Flemmken Fraser Ingram Jordon Killinger Knox Laubach Lewis Myer Scofield Sellers Shuman Souther Steele Straub Welsh Wilkins and Wright*—23.

NAYS—*Messrs. Coffey Gregg Harris and Penrose*—4.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the fourth amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeable to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—*Messrs. Brewer Browne Coffey Cresswell Ely Evans Flemmken Fraser Ingram Killinger Knox Laubach Lewis Myer Scofield Sellers Shuman Souther Steele Straub Welsh Wilkins and Wright*—23.

NAYS—*Messrs. Crabb Finney Jordan and Penrose*—4.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, April 28, 1857.

The resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth being under consideration,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the first amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—*Messrs. Anderson Arthur Buckhouse Ball Beck Bishop Bower Brown Calhoun Campbell Chase Clover Crawford Dickey Ent Fyster Funsold Foster Gibbony Gildea Hamel Harper Heins Hiestand Hill Hillegas Hoffman of Berks Imbrie Innes Jacobs Jenkins Johns Johnson Kauffman Kerr Knight Leisenring Longaker Lovett Monsor Maugle M'Calmont M'Ilvain Mamma Musselman Nichols Nicholson Nunemacher Pearson Peters Petriken Pownall Purcell Ramsey of Philadelphia Ramsey of York Reamer Reed Roberts Rupp Shaw Sloan Smith of Cambria Smith of Centre Stevenson Tolan Vail Vaneworhis Vickers Voghley Wagoneller Westbrook Wharton Williston Witherow Zimmerman and Getz (Speaker)*—83.

NAYS—*Messrs. Dock Hamilton Hancock Struthers Thorn Wintrode and Wright*—7.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, HARRISBURG, June 22, 1857.

Pennsylvania, SS:

I do certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the "Yeas" and "Nays" taken on the Resolution proposing Amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, as the same appears on the Journals of the Two Houses of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth for the session of 1857.

(L. S.) Witness my hand and the seal of said office, this twenty-second day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven.

A. G. CURTIN, *Secretary of the Commonwealth*

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Real Estate.

VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY

FOR SALE.---The Trustees of the Lewisburg Presbyterian Congregation will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, commencing at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of

Tuesday, July 28, 1857,

TWO LOTS, No's 314 and 315, situated on the corner of Front and St. Louis streets, on which are the Presbyterian church building formerly used, and the Session House—both, Brick Buildings, in good repair.

Also **Lot No. 48**, on Market street, on which is erected a School House.

The School House will also be sold, separate from the Lot.

Terms made known at sale.

WILLIAM NESBIT, President.
T. H. WILSON, Secretary. [July 3, '57.

VALUABLE FARM AND MILL PROPERTY

Near WILLIAMSPORT, Pa.,

FOR SALE!—The undersigned, surviving partner of the firm of J. R. & W. B. HULING, offers for sale all that Valuable Property situated on the South side of the Susquehanna River, 6 miles from Williamsport, and 3 miles from the line of the Sunbury & Erie Railroad. The Pennsylvania Canal passes on the opposite side of the river. This tract contains **660 Acres**, with 6 per cent. allowance. 200 acres are cleared, and in a good state of cultivation. There is a large amount of valuable TIMBER on the premises; a good stream of Water, and a SAW MILL. The Mill is new, being built in 1856.

The other improvements consist of Five GOBO DWELLING HOUSES, with Out-Buildings thereto. Two large BARNS, one of which is first class, with a large Shed attached.

The above property will be offered at Public Sale at the Court House, in Williamsport, on **Wednesday, the 19th of August** next, at 1 o'clock P. M.

A portion of the purchase money in Cash, the balance made easy, with interest, and approved security.

Terms made known on day of Sale.

Further particulars can be obtained by addressing WILLIAM B HULING.

Surviving Partner of J. R. & W. B. HULING.
Williamsport, Pa., June 30, 1857.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

AGREEABLY to an order of the Orphans' Court of Union county, will be exposed to public sale, on the premises on

Saturday, the 1st day of August next,

all that messuage and tract of land situate in White Deer township, Union county, adjoining lands of David Ramsey, Joseph Spotts, Adam Beck, and David Moyer, containing

24 Acres and 42 perches,

more or less. The Improvements are a small frame House and Stable, and the land under cultivation.

Also a piece of Woodland situated in Buffaloe township, adjoining lands of John Bennage, Francis Wilson and others, containing four acres more or less.

According to the decree of the Court, the premises will be sold at private before the public sale, if a sufficient price is offered.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A.M., when terms of sale will be made known by

EDWARD RANCK,
CONRAD SWARTZLENDER,
Executors of JACOB SPERCE, deceased

By the Court:
SAMUEL ROUSH, Clerk.—May 21, 1857

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of Vend. Ex. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Union county and to me directed, I will expose to Public Sale or outcry, at the Public house of David Herr, in Lewisburg, on FRIDAY, July 10th 1857, commencing at 10 o'clock, A. M., of said day, the following property, to wit:

A certain tract of land, situate in Union township, Union county, adjoining on the north and east, lands of Mary Jenkins; on the west, lands of John Phillips; and on the south, lands of John Phillips, John Youngman, and Jesse M. Walter. Containing SEVENTY ACRES, more or less, with the appurtenances. The above tract of land contains a large quantity of **IRON ORE**—the improvements for taking out the ore are made, the veins opened, and everything arranged for mining purposes.

Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of *Horatio G. Taggart, Josiah H. Furman, and Elisha C. Barton.*

DANIEL D. GULDIN, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Lewisburg, June 9, 1857

FOR RENT!

THE large and commodious **ROOM** heretofore occupied by F. M. ZIEGLER in printing the *Union Argus*, in Frick's Building, near the corner of Third and Market streets. Possession given immediately.

Apply to JOHN B. LINN,
April 29, 1857. Attorney for WM. FRICK

AUCTION SALE!!

A PUBLIC Sale of VALUABLE LOTS at Port Trevorton, the shipping port of the Trevorton **Coal & R. R. Company**, also the terminus of the TREVORTON RAILROAD, and junction with

THE NEW BRIDGE,

crossing the Susquehanna to the present terminus of the **Northern Central R. R.**

The said lots will be offered for sale at Port Trevorton on

Saturday, the 25th of July, 1857,

at eleven o'clock, A. M., to the highest bidder. The Lots embrace some of the best building and business locations in the village.

Port Trevorton is destined to grow very fast, and has among other advantages those to be derived from the completion of the Northern Central Railroad, and its connection with the Railroad of the Trevorton Coal and Railroad Company leading to their extensive mines, which will make it one of the largest coal shipping ports above the Junction. It has also the business growing out of the Canal and Basin, and the Bridge across the Susquehanna; the Bridge offering the only facilities for miles up and down the river for forwarding country produce to Southern and Eastern markets by Railroad. Port Trevorton has the further advantage of being sustained by a rich, and extensive agricultural country in the vicinity.

TERMS OF SALE.—Purchasers will pay ten per cent. cash, the balance in three instalments at one, two, and three years, with interest annually on the amounts unpaid; improvements valued at two hundred dollars to be put on each lot within eighteen months from the day of purchase. GEORGE MOWTON, Sup't.

Port Trevorton, June 13, 1857

Ho! Farmers—Chance for a Bargain!

FOR SALE, near Lewisburg, a Tract of almost **100 Acres** of good Farming Land, limestone soil. It will be sold on reasonable terms at private sale for Cash. Inquire at the Office of the *Chronicle*.——June 10, '57

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale his Residence on the west side of South Second street in the Borough of Lewisburg, between Market and St. Louis streets, consisting of near a lot and a half of ground, making a front of 99 feet on said Second street, and in length 157 feet, 6 inches. The improvements are a commodious three storey BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, of pressed brick, 47 feet front by 36 feet deep—well finished—with a marble base, marble sills and lintels in front—a fire-proof roof—with a Wing attached of 23 by 19 feet—an Out Kitchen—a Well of excellent water, with a Pump in, under roof—a large Cistern also under roof—a large new Stable—an Ice House—and other necessary out-buildings. There are also on said Lot choice Fruit Trees and Shrubbery.

The location is a desirable one either for a private residence or public business. It is on the most elevated part of the Borough, near the Court House, and but a short distance from Market street.—Terms will be made easy.

June 9, 1857. G. F. MILLER.

PUBLIC SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned, Trustees, will sell at auction, in pursuance to and by virtue of an Act of Assembly approved the 18th day of April, A. D. 1857, on SATURDAY the 18th day of July, A. D. 1857, at the premises in the Borough of New Berlin, the Jail, Court House and all other Public Buildings and Lands, situate in said Borough, belonging to the County of Union prior to the erection of the new county out of part of Union, bounded and described as follows, viz:

Five lots adjoining each other, and bounded on the west by Vine street, north by Market street, east by Plumb street and south by an Alley, whereon the **Court House and County Offices** are erected.

Also a certain lot adjoining Plumb street on the east, Market street on the south, lot of John Seebold's on the west and an Alley on the north, whereon the **Jail** is erected.

Said lots will be sold separate, together with the appurtenances.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M., of said day, when and where the terms and conditions of sale will be made known by the undersigned, duly appointed by said Act for that purpose.

NER MIDDLESWARTH,
HENRY C. EYER,
June 3, 1857. JOHN V. BARBER.

TO THOSE WHO WANT FARMS

A Farm within the reach of every Man.

THE RIDGWAY FARM COMPANY has made arrangements by which all who desire to settle or purchase a home can do so.

The Farms consist of the best limestone soil of the most superior quality for farming, in a rapidly improving place, into which an extensive emigration is now pouring. The property is located in Elk County, Pennsylvania, in the midst of a thriving population of one 10,000. The climate is perfectly healthy, and the terrible plague of the west, fever, is unknown. It also has an abundance of the best quality of Coal and Iron. The price to buy it out is from $3 to $20 per acre, payable by instalments, to be located at the time of purchasing, or a share of 25 acres entitling to locate the same for $300, payable $6 per month for 12½ acres payable $4 per month. Discount for every sum of $100 and under, paid in advance, a discount of 5 per cent. will be allowed, and for over $100 discount of 10 per cent.

In considering the advantages of emigrating to this locality the following are presented:

First—The soil is a rich limestone, capable of raising the heaviest crops, owing to which this settlement has attained its present great prosperity.

Second—It is the centre of the great North West Coal Basin, and is destined soon to become one of the greatest business places in the State. It will supply the great Lake market, (according to population and travel the greatest in the Union.) It has five workable veins of the best Bituminous Coal, amounting in the aggregate to over 22 feet, which makes 22,000 tons of coal under each acre. This will make the land of inestimable value.

The eminent state geologist, Dr. Chas. T. Jackson of Boston, has made a geological survey of the land, and analysed the coal, the iron ore and the limestone. This report together with maps will be furnished to inquirers.

Fourth—Three railroads are laid out through this property. The Sunbury & Erie Railroad gives us a market for our coal to the lakes—it runs from Erie to Philad'a. A large part of this road has been finished, and is now in running order. A heavy force is now working from Erie towards our land in the western direction, the means for the completion of which has been raised—it will soon be finished. The Allegheny Valley Railroad connects us with New York, Boston and Pittsburg. The Venango Road connects us with the West.

There are already good Turnpike Roads running thro' this property, various other roads have been opened to accommodate the emigration and settlement which has already taken place.

There is no opportunity equal to it now offered to the man who wants to provide himself a home in an easy way, and make a settlement where he can live in prosperity and independence in a climate PERFECTLY HEALTHY.

No case of the fever ever having been known to occur in this settlement. It is not like going to the backwoods of the West, among perhaps intolerant people, where there is no society, churches or schools, where the price of land is high, and where the emigrant, after being used to the healthiest climate in the world, has to endure sickness and pain, and perhaps ruins his health and that of his family. But here is a thriving settlement having three towns, containing churches, schools, hotels, stores, saw mills, grist mills, and everything desired. There is a cash market at hand. The lumber trade last year amounted to over two hundred million feet of lumber. In a short time, owing to the coal, it will become still more valuable, as a number of iron works and manufactories will soon be started; they are at present starting them extensively at Warren. Even for those who do not wish to go there, the payments are such that they can easily buy a farm to save their rising families from want in the future, or to gain a competence by the rise which take place in the value of lands. By an outlay scarcely missed, a substantial provision can be made.

Persons should make early application, apply or write to E. Jefferies, Secretary, No. 135 Walnut Street, below Fifth, Philadelphia. Letters carefully answered giving full information.

Shares or tracts of land can be bought or secured by letter enclosing the first instalment of five dollars, when the subscriber will be furnished with books, maps, &c.—Warrantee Deeds given. Persons can also purchase from our Agents.

Route from Philadelphia to Tyrone on the Pennsylvania Central Railroad, and thence by Stage to the land. This is a delightful season to visit St. Mary's—the best hotel accommodation is afforded. Enquire for E C Schultz, Esq., the Agent for the property at St. Mary's. [2m587

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS

FOR SALE.—One lot on South Third street, a square and a half from Market. Also

THREE LOTS

on South Fourth street only two squares from Market.

☞The above are level Lots, well located and adapted to building purposes.

W. H. ARMSTRONG,
Acting Ex'r of Wm. Armstrong, dec'd
Lewisburg, March 12, 1857

ISN'T IT SO!

Fresh Fruit IN WINTER BETTER THAN Sweetmeats.

Use ARTHUR'S Celebrated Self-Sealing Cans and Jars, and you will have fresh fruit all the year at Summer prices.

Full directions for putting up all kinds of Fruit and Tomatoes, accompany these cans and jars.

They are made of Tin, Glass, Queensware, and Fire and Jar proof Stone Ware. The cans are from pints to gallons. The cans and jars are entirely open at the tops, and near, to secure easy in transportation.

For sale by Storekeepers throughout the United States.

Descriptive circulars sent on application. ☞Orders from the trade solicited.

Be sure to ask for "Arthur's." It has stood the test of ten years, having been used by hundred of thousands of families, hotel and boarding-house keepers.

We are now making them in the million.

Arthur, Burnham & Gilray, Manufacturers under the patent, Nos. 117 & 119, S. Tenth St. (cor. Georgo.)

2m588 PHILADELPHIA.

A Beautiful Head of RICH GLOSSY HAIR,

COMPLETELY PRESERVED

TO THE GREATEST AGE.

And who that is gray would not have it restored to former color; or bald, but would have the growth restored, or troubled with dandruff and itching but would have it removed, or troubled with scrofula, scald head, or other eruptions, but would be cured, or with sick headache (neuralgia) but would be cured. It will also remove all pimples from the face and skin. Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative will do all this, see circular and the following:

ANN HARBOR, November 3, 1856.

PROF. O. J. WOOD—Dear Sir: