GENERAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS, in and by an Act of the General Assembly of this State, entitled "An Act to regulate the general elections of this Commonwealth," enacted on the 2nd day of July, 1839, it is enjoined on me to give public notice of such election to be held, and to enumerate in such notice what officers are to be elected—I, DANIEL D. GULDIN, High Sheriff of the county of Union, do therefore hereby make and give this public notice to the Electors of the said county of Union, that a General Election will be held in said county on the SECOND TUESDAY OF OCTOBER next, (being the 14th day of the said month,) at the several districts composed of the following townships and boroughs, viz:

I district, at the Commissioner's office in and for New Berlin borough.

II district, at the house of Henry Gibson, in and for Union township.

III district, at the house of James Adams, in and for White Deer township.

IV district, at the house of James Lawson, in and for Kelly township.

V district, at the house of George Wolfe, in and for East Buffaloe township.

VI district, at the house of James M'Creight, in and for Buffaloe township.

VII district, at the house of Jacob Deckard, in Mifflinburg, for West Buffaloe township.

VIII district, at the new public school house in and for the North Ward in the borough of Lewisburg.

IX district, at the house of Jonathan Spyker, in and for the South Ward, in the borough of Lewisburg.

X district, at the house of Charles Crotzer, in and for Mifflinburg borough.

XI district, at the house of William Edert, in and for Hartley township.

XII district, at the house of Peter Wehr, in and for Limestone township.

XIII district, at the school house, in [illegible] No. 10, in New Berlin, [illegible]

At [illegible] and place there will be elected [illegible]

[illegible]

One person as Auditor General of the Commonwealth;

One person as Surveyor General of this Commonwealth;

One person to represent Union, Snyder, Dauphin, and Lebanon counties, and Lower Mahanoy township in Northumberland county, in the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States;

One person as Representative of Union, Snyder and Juniata counties in the General Assembly of this Commonwealth;

One person as Associate Judge of Union county;

One person as Prothonotary and Clerk of the several Courts of Union county;

One person as District Attorney for Union county;

One person as County Commissioner; and

One person as County Auditor.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

"That every person, excepting Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the United States, or of this State, or any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or judiciary department of this State or of the United States, or of any incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioner of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time, the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no inspector, judge, or any officer of such election shall be eligible to be then voted for.

And the said Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act relating to elections of this Commonwealth," passed July 2nd, 1839, further provides as follows, to wit:

"That the inspectors and judges [illegible] respective places appointed [illegible] districts to which they respectively [illegible] clock in the morning of the [illegible] toter, and each of said [illegible] clock, who shall be qualified voters of [illegible]

"In case the person [illegible] and highest number of votes [illegible] tend on the day [illegible] shall have received the [illegible] for judge at the next [illegible] spector in his place [illegible] have received [illegible] shall not attend [illegible] an inspector [illegible] judge shall [illegible] the high [illegible] his place [illegible] one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the qualified voters of the township, ward or district for which such officer shall have been elected, present at the place of election, shall elect one of their number to fill such vacancy.

I also hereby make known and give notice that the following Act of Assembly passed by the general Assembly of this Commonwealth on the 27th of February, A. D. 1849, to wit:

"An act relative to voting at elections in the counties of Adams, Dauphin, York, Lancaster, Franklin, Cumberland, Center, Greene, Bradford and Erie.

"Sec. 1. Be it enacted, &c. That it shall be lawful for the qualified voters of the counties of Adams, [illegible] Lancaster, York, Franklin, Cumberland, Center, Greene, Bradford and Erie, from and after the passage of this act, to vote for all the candidates for the various offices to be filled at any election on one slip or ticket: [illegible] ded, That office for which every candidate is voted for, shall be designated, as required by the existing [illegible] this Commonwealth.—Sec. 2. That any fraud committed by any person voting in the manner above prescribed, shall be punished as similar frauds are directed to be punished by the existing laws of this Commonwealth.

"That by the 5th section of an act passed by the said General Assembly, on the 9th of April, 1844, entitled 'An Act relative to Supervisors in Franklin county,' &c. it is provided: 'That the Act passed the present session of the Legislature, approved the 27th day of Feb. '49, authorizing the qualified voters of Adams and other counties, to vote by general ticket, be extended to Mifflin, Union, Crawford, Bedford, Monroe, Warren and Northumberland counties, so far as relates to voting at the general elections.

For the information of the electors of Union county, I publish the following, being the 4th section of the act of the General Assembly of the session of 1851, entitled "An Act to provide for the election of Judges of the several courts of this Commonwealth, and to regulate certain Judicial districts:"

Sec. 4. That the election for Judges shall be held and conducted in the several election districts in the same manner and in all respects as [illegible] tives are or shall be [illegible] same judges, inspectors [illegible] visions of the act of the [illegible] Act relating to the elections of [illegible] proved the second day of July [illegible] ... [illegible]

It was [illegible] the electors of Union [illegible] required to vote for Canal Commissioner [illegible] and all County officers, on one piece of paper, or the voter may cast his ballot for each office separately, if he prefers it.

"It shall be the duty of the several Assessors respectively to attend at the place of holding every general, special or township election, during the whole time said election is kept open, for the purpose of giving information to the inspectors and judge when called on, in relation to the right of any person assessed by them to vote at such election, or such other matters in relation to the assessment of voters as the said inspectors or either of them shall from time to time require.

"No person shall be permitted to vote at any election as aforesaid, than a white freeman of the age of twenty one years or more, who shall have resided in this state at least one year, and in the election district where he offers to vote at least ten days immediately preceding such election, and within two years paid a State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election. But a citizen of the United States who has previously been a qualified voter of this State, and removed therefrom and returned, and who has resided in the election district and paid taxes as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote after residing in this State six months: Provided, That the white freemen, citizens of the United States, between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two years, and have resided in the election district as aforesaid ten days, shall be entitled to vote, although they shall not have paid taxes.

"No person shall be permitted to vote whose name is not contained in the list of taxable inhabitants furnished by the Commissioners, unless, First, he produces a receipt for the payment within two years of a State or county tax assessed agreeably to the Constitution, and give satisfactory evidence either on his own oath or affirmation or the oath or affirmation of another that he has paid such tax, or on failure to produce a receipt shall make oath to the payment thereof, or Second, if he claim a right to vote by being an elector between the age of twenty-one and twenty-two years he shall depose on oath or affirmation that he has resided in the State at least one year before his application and make such proof of residence in the district as is required by this act, and that he does verily believe from the accounts given him that he is of the age aforesaid, and give such other evidence as is required by this act, whereupon the name of the person so admitted to vote shall be [illegible] ... [illegible] by reason of such age, shall be called out to the [illegible] make the like notes in the lists of voters [illegible] them.

[illegible] where the name of the person claiming to vote is found on the list furnished by the commissioners and assessor, or his right to vote whether found thereon or not is objected to by any qualified citizen, it shall be the duty of the inspectors to examine such person on oath as to his qualifications, and if he claims to have resided within the state for one year or more his oath shall be sufficient proof thereof, but he shall make proof by at least one competent witness who shall be a qualified elector that he has resided within the district for more than ten days next preceding said election, and he shall also himself swear that his bona fide residence in pursuance of his lawful calling is within the district, that he did not remove into said district for the purpose of voting therein.

"Every person qualified as aforesaid and who shall make due proof if required of his residence and payment of taxes aforesaid, shall be admitted to vote in the township, ward or district in which he shall reside."

"If any person shall prevent or attempt to prevent any officer of any election under this act from holding such election or use or threaten any violence to any such officer, or shall interrupt or improperly interfere with him in the execution of his duty, or shall block up the window or avenue to any window where the same may be holding, or riotously disturb the peace at such election or shall use or practice any intimidating threats, force or violence, with design to influence unduly or overawe any elector or to prevent him from voting or to restrain the freedom of choice, such person on conviction shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars and imprisoned for any time not less than three nor more than twelve months, and if it shall be shown to the court where the trial of such offence shall be had, that the person so offending was not a resident of the city, ward, district or township where the said offence was committed and not entitled to vote therein, then on conviction he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred nor more than one thousand dollars and be imprisoned not less than six months nor more than two years.

"If any person or persons shall make any bet or wager upon the result of any election in this Commonwealth or shall offer to make any such bet or wager, either by verbal proclamation thereof or by any written or printed advertisement or challenge or invite any person to make such bet or wager, upon conviction thereof he or they shall forfeit and pay three times the amount so bet or offered to be bet.

"If any person not by law qualified shall fraudulently vote at any election in this Commonwealth, or being otherwise qualified shall vote out of his proper district, or if any person knowing the want of such qualification shall aid or procure such person to vote, the person on conviction shall be fined in any sum not exceeding two hundred dollars and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three months.

"If any person shall vote at more than one election district, or otherwise fraudulently vote more than once on the same day, or shall fraudulently fold and deliver to the inspector two tickets together with the intent illegally to vote or advise and procure another so to do he or they so offending shall on conviction be fined in any sum not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars and be imprisoned not less than three nor more than twelve months.

"If any person not qualified to vote in this Commonwealth, agreeably to law, (except the sons of qualified [illegible]) shall appear at any place of election for the purpose of issuing tickets or of influencing the citizens qualified to vote, he shall on conviction forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars for every such offence, and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three months."

Agreeably to the provisions of the sixty-first section of said act "every General and special election shall be opened between the hours of eight and ten in the forenoon, and shall continue until seven o'clock in the evening, when the polls shall be closed."

The Return Judges of the several districts will meet in the Court House at Lewisburg, on the third day after the election, (being Friday, the 17th day of October,) to do and perform those duties enjoined on them by law.

The Return Judges of Union, Snyder and Juniata counties are required to meet at the Court House in the borough of Lewisburg on the 20th of October, to make out returns for the member of Assembly.

Dated at Lewisburg, this 10th day of Sept. A. D. one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six. DANIEL D GULDIN, *Sh'ff.*

Sheriff's Office, Lewisburg, Sept 10, 1856.

William VanGezer,

ATTORNEY at Law,

Lewisburg, Union Co., Pa.

☞Office on South Second St., recently by H C Hickok, Esq. 574

Great Improvements!

Hussey's American Reaper & Mower

FOR 1856....This Machine was put in successful operation in 1833, and continued to be the only Reaper and Mowing Machine in the World of any pratical value up to 1845—twelve years after its introduction. Other Reapers are now offered with glowing Advertisements and Certificates of Gold and Silver Medals. But the Farmer, in search of the best Reaper, and not posted in the matter, must go a little further. One of the other Reapers took the great medal in [illegible] at the premature trial in 1851; before the close of the harvest of the same year, however it was totally beaten by a HUSSEY REAPER, which received the unanimous award of an impartial Jury of twelve English farmers. The fact is that Hussey's machine is achieving a series of triumphs in England, and rapidly obtaining that pre-eminent position there, which it has already secured in the land of its origin.

If there is any value in 23 years' experience in building Reapers, and using them in the harvest field, OBED HUSSEY, the Father of R[illegible]. All who are satisfied with the BEST REAPER AND MOWER can be suplied by sending their orders early in the season, as the crops indicate a large demand, and we can not have over 200 Reapers ready for the vast harvest of 1856.

We would refer to the following gentlemen, who have used Hussey's machines for several [illegible] to the [illegible]:

UNION AND SNYDER COUNTY.

[illegible] John [illegible] Samuel [illegible] Brown, Abram Aurand, Thomas Clingan, George Klockner, David [illegible], Wm. Kleckner, George [illegible], John Gundy, [illegible], Joseph [illegible], William Wilson, Abram Wolf, W. G. Harrold, Charles Kuhl, George Kepner, John [illegible], Abram Fetter, Emanuel Peeling, [illegible] Hull, [illegible], Wm. C. Moore, John Chamberlin, William Lee, John Van Buskirk, Flavel Clingan.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Samuel M'Mahan, John M'Mahan, William [illegible], Jacob [illegible], George Kimble, George Brecius, George Good, John B. Heller, William Steedy, William [illegible], George [illegible], Thomas [illegible], James Nesbit, Joseph M. Nesbit, A. E. Kase, J. B. Priestly, Thomas Johnston, John & Wm. Hammer, Robert Curry, James H. Russel, Amos Vastine, J. S. & D. Hursh, Isaac Campbell, Jacob Reed, Meller & Shuman, Anthony & Wm. Snyder, John Cooper, Jesse C. Horton, Geo. Conrad.

MONTOUR COUNTY.

Jacob Shultz, Mayberry Goodhart, David Clark, Jacob Sechler, Jr. Wm. [illegible], Peter Wright, Sam. Yorks, William Mench, Roberts & Bethel, Jacob Snyder, A. F. Russel, [illegible], Jacob Sechler, Sr., Wm Yorks, P. Heimbach, Wm. Foresman.

COLUMBIA COUNTY.

[illegible] ... Lewis, John Neybert, John Wolf.

LYCOMING COUNTY.

George Crist, Hiram T Grey, Benjamin Bear, Peter [illegible], Frederick App, Samuel [illegible], Henry Shoemaker, Peter Fentz, Thomas Davis, Chas. Tallman, David Bear, John H. Fool, Charles Lloyd, D. W Foresman, Robert Gibson.

CLINTON COUNTY.

Wm. Dunn, James Welsh, Robert M'Cormick, James Carskadden, Joseph Haines, Robert Holmes.

CENTER COUNTY.

Wm. M'Farland, Wm. Reed, W. A. Johnston, Joseph Ritner, Wm. Dietz, David Ross, Joseph Myers, Jacob Harter, John Hoy, Jr. Wm Foster, Adam Bear.

The subscribers have the exclusive rightin the following counties: Union, Snyder, Northumberland, Montour, Columbia, Luzerne, Perry, Mifflin, Centre, Clinton, and Lycoming. All orders thankfully received and promptly to. GEDDES, MARSH & CO.

Lewisburg, Union Co. Pa., April 24, 1856.

NOVELTY IRON WORKS.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Union county and all in want of **good Machinery**, that he is now prepared to manufacture Steam Engines of any required power—Blast Furnace, Rolling, Grist, and Saw Mill Machinery—Pumps, Coal Breakers and Winding Drums for Mining purposes—Castings of every description neatly executed to order. With a very extensive variety of Patterns and great facilities for doing work, he flatters himself that he can compete with any establishment in the country, both in price and quality of work. Persons in want of Machinery will find it to their advantage to give him a call. The facilities of shipments to different parts of the country, must be familiar to all.

J. R. JONES.

Harrisburg, June 24, 1856. 6m

To Constables—Court Returns and other Blanks sold at the *Chronicle Office.*

RESOLUTION

PROPOSING Amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendments are proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof.

FIRST AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional article to said constitution, to be designated as article eleven, as follows:

ARTICLE XI.

OF PUBLIC DEBTS.

SECTION 1. The state may contract debts, to supply casual deficits or failures in revenue, or to meet expenses not otherwise provided for; but the aggregate amount of such debts, direct and contingent, whether contracted by virtue of one or more acts of the general assembly, or at different periods of time, shall never exceed seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and the money arising from the creation of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was obtained, or to repay the debts so contracted, and to no other purpose whatever.

SECTION 2. In addition to the above limited power, the state may contract debts to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the state in war, or to redeem the present outstanding indebtedness of the state; but the money arising from the contraction of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was raised, or to repay such debts, and to no other purpose whatever.

SECTION 3. Except the debts above specified in sections one and two of this article, no debt whatever shall be created by or on behalf of the state.

SECTION 4. To provide for the payment of the present debt, and any additional debt contracted as aforesaid, the legislature shall, at its first session after the adoption of this amendment, create a sinking fund, which shall be sufficient to pay the accruing interest on such debt, and annually to reduce the principal thereof by a sum not less than two hundred and fifty thousand dollars; which sinking fund shall consist of the net annual income of the public works, from time to time owned by the state, or the proceeds of the sale of the same or any part thereof, and of the income or proceeds of sale of stocks owned by the state, together with other funds or resources that may be designated by law. The said sinking fund may be increased, from time to time, by assigning to it any part of the taxes, or other revenues of the state, not required for the ordinary and current expenses of government; and unless in case of war, invasion, or insurrection, no part of the said sinking fund shall be used or applied otherwise than in extinguishment of the public debt until the amount of such debt is reduced below the sum of five millions of dollars.

SECTION 5. The credit of the commonwealth shall not in any manner or event be pledged or loaned to any individual, company, corporation, or association; nor shall the commonwealth hereafter become a joint owner or stockholder in any company, association or corporation.

SECTION 6. The commonwealth shall not assume the debt, or any part thereof, of any county, city, borough or township; unless such debt shall have been contracted to enable the state to repel invasion, suppress domestic insurrection, defend itself in time of war, or to assist the state in the discharge of any portion of its present indebtedness.

SECTION 7. The legislature shall not authorize any county, city, borough, township, or incorporated district, by virtue of a vote of its citizens or otherwise, to become a stockholder in any company, association or corporation, or to obtain money for or loan its credit to any corporation, association, institution or party.

SECOND AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional article to said constitution, to be designated as article twelve, as follows:

ARTICLE XII.

OF NEW COUNTIES.

No county shall be divided by a line cutting off over one-tenth of its population, (either to form a new county or otherwise,) without the express assent of such county, by a vote of the electors thereof; nor shall any new county be established, containing less than four hundred square miles.

THIRD AMENDMENT.

From section two of the first article of the constitution, strike out the words, "*of the city of Philadelphia, and of each county respectively;*" from section five, same article, strike out the words, "*of Philadelphia and of the several counties;*" from section seven, same article, strike out the words, "*neither the city of Philadelphia nor any,*" and insert in lieu thereof the words, "*and no;*" and strike out section four, same article, and in lieu thereof insert the following:

"SECTION 4. In the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and in every seventh year thereafter, representatives, to the number of one hundred, shall be apportioned and distributed equally throughout the state by districts, in proportion to the number of taxable inhabitants in the several parts thereof; except that any county containing at least three thousand five hundred taxables may be allowed a separate representation; but no more than three counties shall be joined, and no county shall be divided, in the formation of a district. Any city containing a sufficient number of taxables to entitle it to at least two representatives, shall have a separate representation assigned it, and shall be divided into convenient districts of contiguous territory, of equal taxable population as near as may be, each of which districts shall elect one representative."

At the end of section seven, same article, insert these words, "*the city of Philadelphia shall be divided into single senatorial districts, of contiguous territory as nearly equal in taxable population as possible; but no ward shall be divided in the formation thereof.*"

The legislature, at its first session after the adoption of this amendment, shall divide the city of Philadelphia into senatorial and representative districts, in the manner above provided; such districts to remain unchanged until the apportionment in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

FOURTH AMENDMENT.

To be Section XXVI, Article I.

The legislature shall have the power to alter, revoke or annul any charter of incorporation hereafter conferred by, or under any special or general law, whenever in their opinion it may be injurious to the citizens of the commonwealth; in such manner, however, that no injustice shall be done to the corporators.

IN SENATE, April 21, 1856.

Resolved, That this resolution pass. On the first amendment, yeas 24, nays 7. On the second amendment, yeas 19, nays 7. On the third amendment, yeas 28, nays 1. On the fourth amendment, yeas 23, nays 4.

Extract from the Journal.

THOMAS A. MAGUIRE, *Clerk.*

IN HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, April 21, 1856.

Resolved, That this resolution pass. On the first amendment, yeas 72, nays 24. On the second amendment, yeas 63, nays 25. On the third amendment, yeas 64, nays 25, and on the fourth amendment, yeas 63, nays 16.

Extract from the Journal.

WILLIAM JACK, *Clerk.*

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, Filed April 24, 1856.

A. G. CURTIN, *Secretary of the Commonwealth.*

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, HARRISBURG, June 27, 1856.

Pennsylvania, SS:

I do certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the original "Resolution relative to an Amendment of the Constitution," as the same remains on file in this office.

[L. S.] In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the seal of the Secretary's office, the day and year above written.

A. G. CURTIN, *Secretary of the Commonwealth.*

IN SENATE, April 21, 1856.

Resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, being under consideration,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the first amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Browne, Buckalew, Cresswell, Evans, Ferguson, Flenniken, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, M'Clintock, Price, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Straub, Taggart, Walton, Welsh, Wherry, Wilkins and Platt (*Speaker*)—24.

NAYS—Messrs. Crabb, Gregg, Jordan, Mellinger, and Pratt—5.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the second amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Browne, Buckalew, Cresswell, Evans, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, M'Clintock, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Straub, Walton, Welsh, Wherry and Wilkins—19.

NAYS—Messrs. Crabb, Ferguson, Gregg, Pratt, Price and Platt (*Speaker*)—6.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the third amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Browne, Buckalew, Crabb, Cresswell, Evans, Ferguson, Flenniken, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Jordan, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, M'Clintock, Mellinger, Pratt, Price, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Straub, Taggart, Walton, Welsh, Wherry, Wilkins and Platt (*Speaker*)—28.

NAYS—Mr. Gregg—1.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the fourth amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Browne, Buckalew, Cresswell, Evans, Flenniken, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Jordan, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, M'Clintock, Price, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Straub, Walton, Welsh, Wherry, Wilkins and Platt (*Speaker*)—23.

NAYS—Messrs. Crabb, Gregg, Mellinger and Pratt—4.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, April 21, 1856.

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and on the first proposed amendment were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck (Lycoming,) Beck (York,) Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Brush, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Crawford, Craig, Dowdall, Edinger, Fausold, Foster, Getz, Haines, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hipple, Holcomb, Hunsecker, Imbrie, Ingham, Innis, Irwin, Johns, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Carthy, M'Comb, Mangle, Menear, Miller, Montgomery, Moorhead, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Phelps, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith (Allegheny,) Smith (Cambria,) Smith (Wyoming,) Strouse, Thompson, Vail, Whallon, Wright (Dauphin,) Wright (Luzerne,) Zimmerman and Wright (*Speaker*)—72.

NAYS—Messrs. Augustine, Barry, Clover, Cobourn, Dock, Fry, Fulton, Gaylord, Gibboney, Hamilton, Hancock, Householder, Huneker, Leisenring, Magee, Manley, Morris, Mumma, Patterson, Salisbury, Smith (Philadelphia,) Walter, Wintrode and Yearsley—24.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the second amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck (Lycoming,) Beck (York,) Bernhard, Boyd, Brown, Brush, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig, Fausold, Foster, Getz, Haines, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hill, Hibbs, Hillegas, Hipple, Holcomb, Hunsecker, Imbrie, Ingham, Innis, Irwin, Johns, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Carthy, M'Comb, Mangle, Menear, Miller, Montgomery, Moorhead, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith (Allegheny,) Strouse, Vail, Whallon, Wright (Luzerne,) Zimmerman and Wright (*Speaker*)—63.

NAYS—Messrs. Augustine, Barry, Clover, Edinger, Fry, Fulton, Gaylord, Gibboney, Hamilton, Hancock, Householder, Leisenring, Magee, Manley, Morris, Mumma, Patterson, Phelps, Salisbury, Smith (Cambria,) Thompson, Walter, Wintrode, Wright (Dauphin) and Yearsley—25.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the third amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck (Lycoming,) Beck (York,) Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Brush, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig, Crawford, Dowdall, Edinger, Fausold, Foster, Fry, Getz, Haines, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hipple, Holcomb, Householder, Imbrie, Ingham, Innis, Irwin, John, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Comb, Mangle, Menear, Miller, Montgomery, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Phelps, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Riddle, Shenk, Smith (Cambria,) Smith (Wyoming,) Thompson, Whallon, Wright (Dauphin,) Wright (Luzerne) and Zimmerman—61.

NAYS—Messrs. Barry, Clover, Cobourn, Dock, Dowdall, Fulton, Gaylord, Gibboney, Hamilton, Hancock, Hunsecker, Leisenring, M'Carthy, Magee, Manley, Moorhead, Morris, Patterson, Reinhold, Roberts, Salisbury, Walter, Wintrode, Yearsley and Wright (*Speaker*)—25.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the fourth amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Ball, Beck (Lycoming,) Beck (York,) Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Brush, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig, Crawford, Dowdall, Fausold, Foster, Fry, Getz, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hipple, Holcomb, Householder, Hunsecker, Imbrie, Innis, Irwin, Johns, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Carthy, M'Comb, Mangle, Menear, Miller, Montgomery, Moorhead, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Phelps, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith (Cambria,) Smith (Wyoming,) Thompson, Vail, Walter, Whallon, Wright (Luzerne,) Yearsley, Zimmerman and Wright (*Speaker*)—69.

NAYS—Messrs. Barry, Clover, Cobourn, Fulton, Gibboney, Haines, Hancock, Huneker, Ingham, Leisenring, Magee, Manley, Morris, Patterson, Salisbury and Wintrode—16.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, HARRISBURG, June 27, 1856.

Pennsylvania, SS:

I do certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the "Yeas" and "Nays" taken on the Resolution proposing Amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, as the same appears on the Journals of the two Houses of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth for the session of 1856.

[L. S.] Witness my hand and the seal of said office, this twenty seventh day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six.

A. G. CURTIN, *Secretary of the Commonwealth.*

6m9

Educational.

FREEBURG ACADEMY

THE Principal and Friends of this Institution, thankful for and encouraged by the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon it, are determined that no exertion on their part shall be spared to render it still more worthy of encouragement and support. The course of instruction embraces all the branches of an English Classical and Mathematical education and is accompanied by frequent Lectures and Illustrations. The Languages are taught by the Rev. C. G. Erlenmyer, a thorough and accomplished Linguist. A TEACHERS' Department will be established for the benefit of those wishing to prepare for the profession of Teaching.

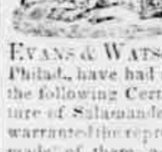
The Academic year is divided into two sessions of 22 weeks each. The first commences on the last Monday of July; the second, on the first Monday of January.

TERMS—Tuition, per quarter of 11 weeks, $2.50 to $8. Board etc. $1.50 to $2 pr week.

For Circulars &c. address

GEO. F. M'FARLAND, Principal

Philadelphia.



FIRE PROOFS!

The Salamander Safes, of Philadelphia, against the World!

EVANS & WATSON, No. 26 S. Fourth St., Philad., have had the surest demonstration in the following Certificates, that their manufacture of Salamander Safes has at length fully warranted the representation which have been made of them, as rendering an undoubted security against the terrific element:

PHILADELPHIA, April 12, 1856.

MESSRS. EVANS & WATSON—Gents:—It affords us the highest satisfaction to state to you, that owing to the very protective qualities of two of the Salamander Safes which we purchased of you some few months since, we saved a large portion of our Jewelry, Books, Papers, &c. exposed to the calamitous fire in Ranstead Place, on the morning of the 11th inst.

When we reflect that these Safes were located in the fourth story of the building we occupied, and that they fell subsequently into a heap of burning ruins, where the vast concentration of heat caused the brass plates to melt, we cannot but regard the preservation of the valuable contents as most convincing proof of the great security afforded by your Safes.

We shall take much pleasure in recommending them to men of business as a sure reliance against fire.

GEORGE W. SIMONS & BRO.

PHILADELPHIA, April 12, 1856.

MESSRS. EVANS & WATSON—I have to offer you my testimony in favor of the great security afforded to my valuable stock of jewelry, books, papers, &c., during the recent disastrous conflagration in Ranstead place, from the fact that the same were contained in two of the Salamanders manufactured by you.

Having fallen from the fifth story of the Artisan Building, where they were previously placed, and exposed to a vast heat for a long time, the preservation of the valuable deposits seemed to every one who witnessed the opening and interior examination, a matter of profound astonishment.

To all who may require a perfect protection from the ravages of fire, I shall not hesitate to recommend the use of your safes, as I consider they have now undergone the most trying test.

N. E. MORGAN.

PHILADELPHIA, April 14, 1856.

MESSRS. EVANS & WATSON—Gentlemen—No doubt you will be deeply gratified to learn the good condition in which I discovered my book, policy of insurance, certificates of stock, and other valuable documents, when on Friday last I opened the safe made by your firm.

With my knowledge of its great exposure, both to the intensity of the heat from so hot a fire as that which destroyed the Artisan Building, as also from the force of the fall from its former elevated position in the third story, I could entertain but slender hopes prior to its interior inspection, that the contents which I once so highly prized would ever be of any service to me. But as these fears are now happily removed, I feel it only due to say to you, that I can henceforth recommend the use of your Safes to all who may wish to feel a confidence in the perfect security which such means provides against so frightful an element.

EDWARD GASKILL, Bookbinder.

☞Constantly on hand, Patent Powder and Thief Proof Locks, for Banks, Stores, etc. [1y625

Engraving and Seal Cutting

OF all kinds, at 201, Chesnut Street, PHILAD. Visiting and other CARDS, Corporation and other SEALS, and everything in our line of business, promptly attended to, in good style, and on reasonable terms. Orders from City and Country solicited.

S. H. FULTON. } W. G. MASON.

Herring's Safe again the Champion!!

The only Safe which, in every instance, preserved their entire contents in the late Extensive Fires.

AT the burning of the Artizan Buildings, on the 10th of April, and in the GREAT FIRE in Market Street, May 1st, 1856, the genuine HERRING SAFE preserved the Jewelry of Geo. W. Simons & Bro.; Books, Papers, &c., of Fisher & Bro., and Edward Seimans & Co., after remaining exposed in the burning ruins for nearly *FORTY HOURS,* and proving conclusively what we have always claimed for them, their great superiority over all securities now known.

In these fires, the **Herring's Safe,** standing side by side with those advertised as "warranted to stand 10 per cent. more fire than Herring's," came forth the acknowledged victor, not only preserving their contents in excellent order, but being themselves in a condition to go through another ordeal, while the boasted "Salamanders" of other makers were badly used up in every instance, and in some cases their entire contents completely destroyed.

To the public we would simply say, that, during the fourteen years the Herring's Safe has been before them, more than two hundred have passed through accidental fires without the occurrence of a single loss.

We would, therefore, caution purchasers against the misrepresentation of interested parties. The Herring's Patent is the only Fire proof Safe made in this city which is protected by a Patent Right, and we will guarantee it to resist more than double the amount of heat of any other Safe now known.

Farrels & Herring,

Sole Manufacturers in this State of

"Herring's Patent Champion Safes,"

34 Walnut St., PHILADA.

N. B.—"Evans & Watson's Improved Salamanders," "Oliver Evan's," "C J. Gayler's," and "Scott's Asbestos," Iron Chests, (a large assortment having been taken in part payment for "Herring's,") will be sold at low prices.

June 6, 1856y1

Pennsylvania Wire Works.

NO. 56 ARCH St. between 2d and 3d, (opposite Broad St.)

PHILADELPHIA.—Sieves, Riddles, Screens, Woven Wire of all meshes and widths, with all kinds of plain and fancy Wire Work.

Heavy twilled Wire for spark catchers, coal sand and gravel Screens, paper makers Wire, cylinder and dandy Rolls covered in the best manner, Wire and Wire Fencing.

A very superior article of Heavy Founders Sieves. All kinds Iron Ore Wires and Sieves.

BAYLISS, DARBY & LYNN.

Mount Vernon House,

NO. 95, North 2d St., Philadelphia.—This old and well established house is admirably situated for persons visiting the city on business or pleasure. The continued patronage of the public (and of West Branch friends in particular) is respectfully invited.

I. L. BARRETT,

Philad., March 1, 1856. Proprietor.

Fishing Tackle,

AND GUNS...The subscribers invite attention to their stock of Fish Hooks and Tackle of every description—

Cane Reeds, Sea Grass, Trout Flies, Lines, &c.

Also, fine English and German Guns, Revolving Pistols, Percussion Caps, and Sporting Apparatus generally.

For sale at lowest *Cash Prices,* Wholesale and Retail.

JOHN M. HEYBERGER & BRO.

624] No. 47 N. Second St., *Philadelphia*

Free of Charge!

TWO Splendid Parlor Engravings, entitled "Bolton Abbey in the Olden Times," a splendid steel engraving from the celebrated painting by Landseer, and the "Departure of the Israelites from Egypt," a large and beautiful engraving from a painting by D. Roberts.

The retail price of the above engravings is $3 per copy, but will be sent FREE OF CHARGE as follows:

The subscribers have established a BOOK AGENCY in Philadelphia, and will furnish any book or publication at the retail price of any of the $3 Magazines, such as Harpers', Godey's, Putnam's, Graham's, Frank Leslie's Fashions, &c., will receive the magazines for one year and a copy of either of the above beautiful engravings, free of charge, or if subscribing to a $2, and a $1 Magazine, such as Paterson's, and Challen's Ladie's Christian Annual, they will receive both magazines and a copy of either of the above engravings.

Every description of engraving on wood executed with neatness and dispatch. Views of Buildings, Newspaper Headings, Views of Machinery, Book Illustrations, Lodge Certificates, Business Cards, &c. All orders sent by mail promptly attended to. Persons wishing views of their buildings engraved can send a Daguerreotype or sketch of the buildings by mail or express.

Persons at a distance having sealable articles would find it to their advantage to address the subscribers, as we would act as agents for the sale of the same.

BYRAM & PIERCE.

50, SOUTH THIRD STREET, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

J. H. BYRAM. [1y107] T. MAY PIERCE.

"The Good Time Coming."

BY T. S. Arthur...Those who wish to hear something of that long-expected day, should read this book.

It is having an immense sale; 5,000 copies were ordered in advance of publication.

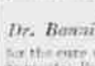
We send a copy by mail, post-paid, on the receipt of the price, $1.

J. W. BRADLEY, Publisher,

48 North Fourth St. *Philadelphia, Pa.*

N.B. Agents wanted to sell this and other popular books in all parts of the United States. Send for our List and Terms to Agents.

Trusses—Trusses—Trusses!



C. H. NEEDLES,

TRUSS AND BRACE ESTABLISHMENT,

S.W. Cor. of Twelfth and Race Sts.

PHILADELPHIA.

Importers of fine FRENCH TRUSSES, combining *extreme lightness,* ease, and durability, with correct construction.

Hernial or Ruptured patients can be suited by remitting amounts, as below:—Sending number of inches around the hips, and stating side affected.

Cost of Single Truss—$2, 3, 4, 5. Double—$5, 6, 8, 10.

Instructions as to wear, and how to affect a cure, when possible, sent with the Truss.

Also for sale, in great variety,

Dr. Banning's Improved Patent Body Brace,

for the cure of Prolapsus Uteri; also Spinal Props and Supports, Patent Shoulder Braces, Chest Expanders and Erector Braces, adapted to all with Stoop Shoulders and Weak Lungs; English Elastic Abdominal Belts, Suspensories; Syringes, male and female.

☞Ladies' Rooms, with Lady attendants. [1y590

WOOD'S

ORNAMENTAL Iron Works, Ridge Avenue, PHILADELPHIA.—The attention of the public is invited to the extensive Manufactory and Wareroom of the subscriber, who is prepared to furnish, at the shortest notice, Iron Railing of every description for Cemeteries, Public and Private Buildings, also Verandahs, Balconies, Fountains, Settees, Chairs, Lions, Dogs, &c., and other ornamental Iron Work of a decorative character, all of which is executed with the express view of pleasing the taste, while they combine all the requisites of beauty and substantial construction.

Purchasers may rely on having all articles carefully boxed and shipped to their place of destination.

A book of designs will be sent to those who wish to make a selection.

ROBERT WOOD.

Ridge Avenue below Spring Garden St. Phila

George Sturges,

SOLE Manufacturer of the Improved **Spiral Spring Matresses, No. 92** Walnut St. Philadelphia.

FIVE SILVER MEDALS awarded, viz.

Two by the American Institute, New York, Oct.) 1851

do Franklin Institute, Philadelphia, Nov.) and

One at the Maryland Institute, Baltimore. Nov.) 1852

The peculiar improvement in the construction of this Matress is, that all the *clumsy and heavy wooden frame work* is entirely dispensed with, and its place supplied by a lighter and much more durable frame, the springs are all connected by harness-leather hinges, securely riveted, rendering it impossible for a single spring to fall down or get out of place, and making a Bed so elastic that any part may be raised or bent up, and is thus admirably fitted to the wants of the sick or asthmatic who may require a sitting posture, having the luxurious softness of the best Feather Bed with the lightness and facility of handling of the common Hair Mattress.

These improved Spring Beds are *invariably* made of the best materials, and will last many years without repairs.

Persons having Hair Matresses, can have them altered into Spring Beds.

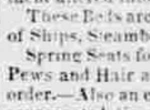
These Beds are well adapted for Hotels, berths of Ships, Steamboats and Hospitals.

Spring Seats for Chairs, Carriages or Church Pews and Hair and Husk Matresses made to order.—Also an extensive assortment of highly ornamented (in enamel) and plain finished

CAST IRON FURNITURE,

consisting in part of Bedsteads, Hat and Coat Racks, Cane and Umbrella Stands, Garden Chairs, Settees, &c. &c.

Philadelphia, April 20, 1855 1y575



Express Office!

The undersigned have been appointed Agents for HOWARD & CO.'S EXPRESS LINE, and are now prepared to forward, *daily,* Packages, Specie, Bank Notes &c. to Philadelphia, New York, Boston, Albany, Baltimore, and intermediate points, also to the other Northern and Eastern cities.

The public are respectfully invited to patronize the above line, as it is the quickest and safest method of transportation between the cities and Lewisburg.

Packages received by or before 9 A. M. will arrive in Philadelphia the same day, and be delivered early in the following morning.

Receipts given for time and price.

Philadelphia Office—41 & 43, South Third St

Oct. 26. CHRIST & CALDWELL.

SCHOOL ORDERS neatly printed and for sale at the *Chronicle* Office

---

HARRISBURG BINDERY

J. J. Clyde & F. L. Hutter,

Successors to W. O. Hickok & Co.

BOOK BINDERS AND STATIONERS, AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURERS,

Harrisburg, Pa.

MOST respectfully inform their friends that they are engaged in the above business ☞directly opposite Herr's Hotel.☜ They flatter themselves, by careful attention to their business, to receive a continuance of the patronage so liberally enjoyed by the old firm.

BLANK BOOKS for Banks, County Offices, Merchants, and private individuals, and every variety of full and half-bound constantly on hand. Paper ruled to any pattern. Old Books, Periodicals, Magazines, Law Books, Newspapers, Bibles, Music, works issued in Nos., &c., bound in any style, plain or extra. All work warranted, and done cheaply.

Please give us a call. C. & H.

☞Books &c. to be bound may be left with he Editor of the Chronicle. 509

IRON! IRON!! IRON!!!

23,478 LBS. just received at the Hardware Store of *REYNOLDS & McFADDEN.* Farmers and Blacksmiths, call and see the *largest and best* assortment of Iron ever offered on the West Branch. Having the *exclusive* control of the celebrated VALENTINE'S Centre county Iron, we are enabled to *warrant* every bar. All sizes Tire, Scollop, Round and Square; Horse Shoe, Nail Rods, &c., at CASH prices to all. Call and see the Hardware Store of

JOS. M'FADDEN.

Lewisburg, May 10, 1855.

NOTICE.

WE beg leave to introduce ourselves to the citizens of LEWISBURG and vicinity, as extensive Miners and Shippers of

White Ash Anthracite Coal.

At Lancaster Colliery, Northumberland Co. Pa.

where we have extensive improvements, and are prepared to offer to the public a very superior article, particularly suited to the manufacture of Iron and making Steam. Our sizes of Coal are—

LUMP } for Smelting purposes.
STEAMBOAT } for do. and Steamboats.
BROKEN, EGG, STOVE } for Family Use and Steam.
NUT, PEA } for Limeburners and Steam.

Our Point of Shipping is SUNBURY, where arrangements are made to load Boats without any delay.

COCHRAN, PEALE & CO.

J. J. COCHRAN, Lancaster. | BENJ. REYNOLDS, Lancaster.
C. W. PEALE, Shamokin. | H. BAUMGARDNER do

☞Orders addressed to Shamokin or Sunbury will receive prompt attention. [1y565

Lewisburg Savings Institution,

IS now open and ready to do business. The regular Discount days are Wednesdays. The following named persons are the

Directors—Mr. JOHNSON WALLS.
Mr. BERRS AMMONS.
Mr. JAMES M'CREIGHT.
Mr. THOMAS HAYES.
Mr. WILLIAM FRICK.
Mr. J. G. L. SHINDEL.
Mr. JAS. MAXWELL.

OFFICERS—WILLIAM FRICK, *President.*
DAVID REBER, *Treasurer.*

Four per cent. per annum will be allowed on all deposits over six months; and *three* per cent. less than six and over three months.

DAVID REBER, Treasurer.

Lewisburg, Sept. 19, 1853

Winfield Woolen Factory,

Near Hartleton, Union County.

THIS establishment is now in the best order. The machinery being nearly all new, and none but the best of workmen employed, the subscriber feels safe in saying that his work shall not be surpassed by any establishment in this or the adjoining counties.

His waggons will be around as usual, and those wishing to patronize his establishment, will please avail themselves of that opportunity.

☞I have also on hand, and intend keeping a choice assortment of **Goods,** such as *Cloths, Satinetts, Cashmeres, Tweeds, Blankets, Yarns, &c.,* which I will sell low for cash, or exchange for Wool and Country Produce generally. MARK HALFPENNY.

Hartleton, April 22, 1853—tf

Lithographic Printing, &c.

KARL VOLKMAR is now located on North Fourth street, near D. Phillips' Blacksmith Shop, where LITHOGRAPHIC Views, Maps &c are made to order.

PICTURES for Framing, and for Drawing Teachers.

The German and French Languages, Drawing, Painting and Draughting, taught by Mr Volkmar. Lewisburg, April, 1855

Improvement in Daguerreotyping!

SPYKER & HAWN announce to the public that they have newly fitted up and greatly improved their Rooms and Apparatus, and are prepared to take **Likenesses** superior to any in this place heretofore. Pictures copied, or taken from life, and inserted in Medallions, Breastpins, Fingerrings, Watchseals, &c., and warranted true. We annex a list of our superior Cases: Papier Mache, Souvenir, Jenny Lind, Jewel, Union, Sontag, Oval, Velvet and Shell. Pictures taken at $1 and upwards. Rooms at the old stand over Dr. Thornton & Co.'s Drug store, opposite the Telegraph office.

Lewisburg, Feb. 22, 1855

FOR SALE—A first-rate Outfit, all complete and ready for use, which we will sell to any person, with full instructions in the business, for less than first cost.

New Firm and New Goods!

AT the Mammoth Drug & Chemical Emporium of

CHRIST & CALDWELL.

The undersigned having purchased the entire Mammoth Drug Store formerly kept by *Dr Thornton & Co.,* are now ready to fill Orders and Prescriptions at a moment's notice. We have a large and well selected stock of fresh and pure *DRUGS, MEDICINES,* Chemicals Dyestuffs, Oils, Paints, Glass, Putty and

DRUGGISTS' GLASSWARE,

All kinds of Patent Medicines,

Fruit and Confectionery,

Tobacco, Snuff, and Imported Cigars of the choicest brands,

Fancy Notions and Toilet Articles,

Fine Toilet Soaps & Perfumery of all kinds,

BRUSHES AND COMBS OF EVERY VARIETY.

Books and Stationery,

a general variety of Literary and School Books

Pine Oil, Lard and Fluid Lamps of every description; fresh Pine Oil and Patent Burning Fluid always on hand.

PURE WINES and LIQUORS of all kinds for Medicinal uses.

Fire Proof and Zinc Paints.

Preserving and Pickling Jars, &c.

☞Customers will find our stock complete, comprising many articles it is impossible here to enumerate, and all sold at moderate prices

Call and see us, one and all, and see our stock; and if we can't sell you cheap goods, we will not ask you to buy.

We are always on hand to wait on customers.

Remember the Mammoth Drug Store!

THEO. S. CHRIST,
F. S. CALDWELL.

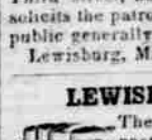
Lewisburg, Union Co. Pa. 668

BOUNTY LAND WARRANT blanks for all engaged in the service of the U. S in the War of 1812, and for their Widows, at the Office of the Lewisburg Chronicle.

THE subscriber continues to carry on the **Livery Business** at the Old Stand on North Third street, near Market, and respectfully solicits the patronage of his friends and the public generally. CHARLES F. HESS.

Lewisburg, May 22, 1850

LEWISBURG FOUNDRY.



The subscribers, thankful for past patronage, would inform the public that they continue to manufacture all kinds of MILL GEARING and other Castings. Thrashing Machines and other Machinery repaired in the best manner. Castings warranted to be of good material, and at prices that can not fail to please. GEDDES, MARSH & CO.

Lewisburg, Feb. 1851

COOKING Stoves, of various patterns and sizes, for Coal or Wood, for sale at the Lewisburg Foundry by

Geddes, Marsh & Co.

STOVES—Parlor, Wood, and Coal Stoves, various patterns, for sale at the Lewisburg Foundry. Geddes, Marsh & Co.

WIARD'S Patent Gang Plow, a superior article, for sale at the Lewisburg Foundry by Geddes, Marsh & Co.

GRAIN or Seed Drills—Ross' Patent—decidedly the *best* and most *durable* Grain Drill now in use, for sale at the Lewisburg Foundry by Geddes, Marsh & Co.

Hussey's Grain Reaper.

for cutting both Grain and Grass

MANUFACTURED and for sale at the Lewisburg Foundry by

GEDDES, MARSH & CO.

Lightning Rods.

AFTER many years' close investigation and numerous experiments, the Patentee takes pleasure in informing the public that he has arrived at the true principle of protecting families, dwellings and property from the destructive influence of LIGHTNING. The calamities that every City, Town, Village and Country falls victim to annually, thro' the gross negligence of its inhabitants, is beyond calculation, especially when the remedy is so easy to obtain—this is found in

ARMITAGE'S

Patent Magnetic Lightning Rods,

and in this alone. This Rod has been examined by the most scientific gentlemen in the world—Professors M'Murtrie, Johnson, Wallor and man others that have examined them, recommend and speak of them in the highest terms of approbation, and have pronounced them the only safe rods in use in this or any other country for the protection of Lives and Property. One advantage is to divide and throwback a part of the electric fluid harmless to the clouds; in time of a stroke this enables the rod to conduct that portion of fluid that belong to the earth without the slightest danger of leaving the conductor. This rod has many other advantages over the old one. The only place of manufacturing is in

Vine St. 3 doors above 12th, Philadelphia,

where all persons are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves. For sale Wholesale or Retail by THO'S ARMITAGE.

Orders promptly attended to. Terms cash.

These rods have been purchased and successfully used by the following individuals, companies and corporations, whose names are cheerfully submitted:

In and near Philadelphia—A. & S. Roberts, George Pardsinger, Judge Bouvier, Judge Conrad, J. Mulford, John Reiner, C. C. Clamey, J. Brenner, G. Oakley, Conrad Imperial, the Blockley Alms house, Anderson & brothers, Rev J. L. Grant, John Notman, Thos. Grover, Bate & Reese, A. R. Gianders, R. Simmons, Thos. Nott & Co., Mr Downing, J. F. Greer, J. W. Watson, C. Humphreys, J. Ripley & Co., J. Nyman, R. Fatten, J. Ovenshire, G. Pepper, Mr. Sharpless, Mr. Martin, S. Dorley, J. Brinsley, Mr. Baldwin, Dr. Paul, P. H. Powers & Co., J. Winepenny, H. Miller, the Red Bank Hotel, the U. S. Arsenal, the Spring Garden Commissioners' Hall.

In the State of New Jersey—George Crispin, Judge M'Call, Judge Boyton, John Notman, Dr. H. M'Murtrie, Benj. Roberts, Mr. J. Downing.

IN UNION COUNTY.

Hartley Tp.—Mark Halfpenny, Wm. Foster, John Hass, Michael Fetzle, Jacob Smith, David Pitman, Reuben Mench, George Kleckner. *New Berlin*—Court House, and Commissioners' Office. *Limestone Tp.*—John Reber. *Union Tp.*—Dr. Charles Wilson. *Washington Tp.*—John Kuntz, Simon Kuntz. *Penn Tp.*—Isaac Couldron. *White Deer Tp.*—Michael Hoffman.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

FRITATA, Aug 13, 1847.

I have this day carefully inspected a conductor or Lightning Rod, with vane and points, erected by Mr. Thomas Armitage, on Bellevue House, Gloucester, and have no hesitation in saying that it is not only the best I have ever seen, but that it is the only one I have yet examined that is constructed on strictly scientific principles. It is with much pleasure that I recommend his conductor to the attention of owners of buildings.

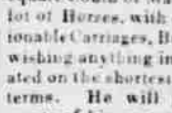
H. McMURTRIE.

I am well satisfied that the Magnetic Lightning Rod manufactured by Mr. Thomas Armitage, of Philadelphia is the best that has ever been made. I have spent several years in the study of the laws of electricity and magnetism, and have no hesitation in saying that these Rods are constructed upon the only principle of safety. The electric shock is received and dispersed by the magnet at the top of the rod, and it would be impossible, according to the laws of attraction and repulsion, for a building to be injured by a stroke of lightning when protected by one of these rods. I have been acquainted with Mr. Armitage for several years, and before he commenced the manufacture of these rods I examined the principle on which they are constructed, and felt convinced that their adopting would be attended with complete success. The increasing demand for these rods, and the extensive sales in all parts of the country, is ample commendation of their utility and superiority. TRACY E. WALLER, M. D.

Rising Sun, Philad. Co., April 16, 1852.

☞S. C. WILT and SAMUEL HOOVER, *Hartleton, Union Co. Pa* are Agents for Union and adjoining Counties and will furnish the Rods on the same terms and in the same manner as the Proprietor.

Opposition is the Life of Business!



NEW LIVERY AND EXCHANGE STABLE.

The subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Lewisburg and the traveling community generally, that he has opened a new Livery and Exchange Stable on FOURTH street half a square South of Market, and has provided a good lot of Horses, with entirely new good and fashionable Carriages, Buggies, Sleighs, &c. where a wishing anything in his line may be accommodated on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms. He will pay every attention to the wants of his customers, and hopes by so doing to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage. WILLIAM MOORE.

Lewisburg Dec 30, 1851

NOTICE.—Having been appointed the SEXTON to the Lewisburg Cemetery, the subscriber would state that he is prepared to perform all duties connected with the burial of the dead, on short notice. Also that he will attend to the re-interment of deceased persons, under the direction of their surviving friends. Residence in the Lodge at the Gate of the Cemetery. GEORGE DONACHY.

Lewisburg, May 30, 1854

A Retired Physician,

WHOSE sands of life have nearly run out, discovered while living in the East Indies, a certain cure for consumption, bronchitis, coughs, colds, and general debility. Wishing to do as much good as possible, he will send to such of his afflicted fellow beings as request it, this recipe, with full and explicit directions for making it up and successfully using it. He requires each applicant to enclose him one shilling: three cents to be returned as postage on the recipe, and the remainder to be applied to the payment of this advertisement. Address DR. H. JAMES, Jersey City, N. J. [3m634

JEWELRY of the latest pattern of all qualities or sale at the lowest City prices by J. L. YODER.

COOK and other STOVES just received by BEAVER & KREMER