Lewisburg Chronicle.

BY O. N. WORDEN & J. R. CORNELIUS.

SEPTEMBER 19, 1856.

To Business Men.—The LEWISBURG CHRONICLE, published on the Cash System, has the largest and best circulation of any Newspaper in Union County.

MASS MEETINGS!

Mifflinburg,

SATURDAY, 1 P.M. Sept. 20.
John C. Kunkel and others.

Middleburg,

WEDNESDAY, at 1 P.M. Sept. 24.
John A. Fisher, of Harrisburg, and others.

New Berlin,

for UNION and SNYDER Counties,
TUESDAY, at 1, P.M., Sept. 30.
Thaddeus Stephens engaged,
John C. Kunkel & others expected.

Whigs, Democrats, Americans, Republicans One & All---COME & HEAR !!

☞Tuesday and Wednesday of this week, have been busy days for Lewisburg. For several weeks previous, in the Buchanan papers of this and neighboring counties, the following notice has appeared in bold and staring type:

Democratic Mass Meeting.

The Democracy of Union and adjoining counties in favor of preserving the union of the States, now seriously endangered by a sectional organization, led and controlled by the open enemies of Federal Constitution, and conducted upon the alarming ideas of repudiating nearly one-half of the States of this Union, are respectfully notified that a Mass Meeting will be held by the friends of BUCHANAN, BRECKENRIDGE, and the nominees for State Offices, in the Borough of

Lewisburg, on Tuesday, September 16,'56.

The following distinguished speakers will be present to address the meetings in the afternoon and evening:

Hon. WM. BIGLER.
" JOSIAH RANDALL, of Phila.
" WM. WITTE, "
GEO. A. COFFEE, Esq. "
C. W. CARRIGAN, Esq. "
E. B. SCHNABLE, Esq., of Williamsport.
And the
Hon. JOHN VAN BUREN, of N. Y.
Hon. JOHN W. FORNEY, of Phila.
DANIEL DOUGHERTY, Esq. of Phila.
Col. SAM BLACK, of Pittsburg, and
Hon. C. R. BUCKALEW, of Bloomsburg are expected.

By order of the State Central Committee.

Every effort was made by Circular, Letters and in papers of the Democratic faith, to secure a 'tremendous outpouring' of their masses into this 'black, infected' Lewisburg—this 'hole of niggerism' Union County—this Republican stronghold. And a very fair assemblage they had of it. The Collectors, &c., on the Canals, the Post Masters, &c., from all quarters, rallied; whole Clubs came organized; and by printed designations, Elmira, Williamsport, Montoursville, Muncy, Hughesville, Milton, Chillisquaque, Danville, Northumberland, and Sunbury, were formally represented, besides Union and Snyder counties. Never was such a conclave of politicians and office-holders here assembled. With four bands of music, banners, fife and drum, they presented a fine appearance, and were in the best of spirits.

In the afternoon, a procession variously counted from 650 to 750, proceeded to the grove, where a good stand and numerous seats were prepared by the joint efforts of the two parties. The first speaker was Robert Tyler, Esq., of Philad., formerly from Virginia, as he informed us. He was followed by Ex-Gov. Wm. Bigler. In the evening, the crowd before Herr's was addressed by J. Glancy Jones, of Berks Co., John Petriken, of Muncy, Robert B. Barber, of Limestone, and John Swineford, of North'd. The speeches are represented to us as the best possible efforts, to sustain a wrong and sinking cause, that could be made—after the Maine election. If the Buchanan men are *satisfied at all*, the Fremont men *are more so*. We are not in the habit of idle boasting, but we believe if the issue had been passed upon after the speeches, Fremont would have been 50 votes stronger, here, by the efforts to defame him. Music, banners, marches, countermarches, hurras, "spirituous" excitement, were not wanting; but the *arguments* were sadly deficient, as many thoughtful Democrats we are sure felt in their hearts.

—Beyond a bare announcement, and bills nine days out, we are not aware that any efforts were made to swell our meeting. There was to be one each for the three following days, in the nearest neighboring towns, which would of course detract from ours; and we had had one large assemblage already. Whatever number therefore came in from abroad, would be an honest, unbiassed expression—the spontaneous movement of the masses. And most agreeably were we surprised to hear the response. Early Wednesday morning, a delegation of nearly 100 came from Williamsport, Turbutville, &c., sent one nearly as large; but from other towns only a scattering delegation. But the people came from all quarters, individually, making as many, we should suppose, as on the preceding day.

After dinner, a procession was organized by the following Officers, on horseback:

Chief Marshal—ABNER M. LAWSHE
Assistants—Thomas Graham, Augustus Schreyer.

The speakers came first, followed by the Turbutville and Williamsport Brass Bands, a cavalcade of ladies from Williamsport and gentlemen from Lewisburg, and citizens generally, the whole as they entered the grounds numbering (as several informed us) over 800. Neither procession included a quarter of those in attendance, who were estimated at from 2500 to 3000 each day. At the stand, the assembly was called to order by Col. Eli Slifer, and the following Officers appointed:

President—Col. JAMES MOORE.

Vice Presidents—Francis Wilson, Buffaloe; James Simonton, Sr., Buffaloe; Michael Brown, E. Buffaloe; Thos. Penny, E. Buffaloe; Flavel Cingan; John Noll, Kelly; Samuel Marshall, White Deer; Jacob M'Curley, White Deer; Isaac Eyer, Jr., Jesse Walter, Union; Michael Kleckner, Michael Clemens, New Berlin; Geo Chambers, Frederick Bolender, Limestone; Samuel Wilt, Shem Spiegelmoyer, Hartley; Jacob Deckard, Wm. Gutelius, Mifflinburg; David Watson, Jacob Hildebrand, W. Buffaloe; Jno. Guyer, John Moyer, Jackson; Wm. Wilson, Thos. Nesbit, Lewisburg, S. W.; Joseph Glass, James Harris, Lewisburg, N. W.

Secretaries—R. G. Orwig, O. N. Worden, George Merrill, John Schrack.

Judge WILMOT spoke first, in a plain, candid, but feeling manner, that commanded universal acceptance. A song from the Lewisburg Glee Club was followed by a masterly speech from Hon. JOHN C. KUNKEL, which was applauded to the echo. It was announced that Mr. Burlingame was unable to attend, being worn out by speaking; but had "sent a hand" in his place worthy of himself—Hon. CHARLES A. PHELPS, Speaker of the House of Representatives of Massachusetts, who followed in a series of witty, stirring, and eloquent remarks, that raised still higher the enthusiasm of the audience. The three speakers were received with the best of attention, and honored by boquets of flowers from the very large number of ladies in attendance. *The sun was down*, yet the audience lingered almost unbroken, and cries of "go on! go on!" showed how deep the interest felt in the great cause so ably, so honorably, and so eloquently handled by the speakers.—Altogether, we have heard many say that it was the most remarkable out-door political meeting they had ever witnessed.

No sooner was supper despatched, than a crowd gathered at the Third St. Liberty Pole, to hear more of "the same sort." Mr. W. H. KNAPP, of Williamsport, odened the evening's entertainment by a speech worthy of the occasion, and which won universal applause. Mr. Knapp is entered for the campaign and will do the best service. He was followed by Mr. PHELPS, again; Hon. JOSEPH CASEY; JAMES AIKEN; Mr. KUNKEL, again; and Rev. JOSHUA KELLY, being found in the crowd, was compelled to tell his old neighbors how he stood—he was heart and soul for Freedom and Fremont. Songs from the Glee Club intermingled, and the orderly and good humored assemblage was loth to disperse, after 10 o'clock.

—Of the SIX speakers positively promised by the Buchanan party, ONE only came, and NO ONE of the five "expected." Of the THREE promised by the Fremont party, one only was prevented from coming, and he sent as efficient a substitute; and we had four good speakers extra.

—We had almost forgotten to mention the superior number of ornaments which the example of the Tuesday meeting brought out on Wednesday, almost entirely from the efforts of the ladies and the young men. There were 20 or 25 flags and banners adorned in various ways, stretched across the streets; 75 or 100 smaller house flags and banners; a large number of wreaths and devices; streamers on telegraph posts and the spire of the unfinished church steeple; and hand flags, banners and badges by the hundreds in the service of the rising generation. Assuredly, it was a day which for show and animation will long be remembered; accidents were few, and drunkenness almost unobservable; and altogether, OUR SIDE IS ABUNDANTLY SATISFIED, SATISFIED WITH THEMSELVES, THEIR SPEAKERS, AND THEIR VISITERS.

☞Gen. Wm. H. Irwin of Lewistown is the Union candidate for Congress in the Lycoming district. He was pledged to Freedom for Kansas.

GENERAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS, in and by an Act of the General Assembly of this State, entitled "An Act to regulate the general elections of this Commonwealth," enacted on the 2nd day of July, 1839, it is enjoined on me to give public notice of such election to be held, and to enumerate in such notice what officers are to be elected—I, DANIEL D. GULDIN, High Sheriff of the county of Union, do therefore hereby make and give this public notice to the Electors of the said county of Union, that a General Election will be held in said county on the SECOND TUESDAY OF OCTOBER next, (being the 14th day of the said month,) at the several districts composed of the following townships and boroughs, viz:

I district, at the Commissioner's office in and for New Berlin borough.

II district, at the house of Henry Gibson, in and for Union township.

III district, at the house of James Adams, in and for White Deer township.

IV district, at the house of James Lawson, in and for Kelly township.

V district, at the house of George Wolfe, in and for East Buffaloe township.

VI district, at the house of James M'Creight, in and for Buffaloe township.

VII district, at the house of Jacob Deckard, in Mifflinburg, for West Buffaloe township.

VIII district, at the new public school house in and for the North Ward in the borough of Lewisburg.

IX district, at the house of Jonathan Spyker, in and for the South Ward, in the borough of Lewisburg.

X district, at the house of Charles Crotzer, in and for Mifflinburg borough.

XI district, at the house of William Eilert, in and for Hartley township.

XII district, at the house of Peter Wehr, in and for Limestone township.

XIII district, at the school house, on lot No. 19, in New Berlin, in and for Jackson tp.

At which time and places there will be elected by ballot—

One person as Canal Commissioner of this Commonwealth;

One person as Auditor General of this Commonwealth;

One person as Surveyor General of this Commonwealth;

One person to represent Union, Snyder, Dauphin, and Lebanon counties, and Lower Mahanoy township in Northumberland county, in the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States;

One person as Representative of Union, Snyder and Juniata counties in the General Assembly of this Commonwealth;

One person as Associate Judge of Union county;

One person as Prothonotary and Clerk of the several Courts of Union county;

One person as District Attorney for Union county;

One person as County Commissioner; and

One person as County Auditor.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

"That every person, excepting Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the United States, or of this State, or any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the legislative, executive, or judiciary department of this State or of the United States, or of any incorporated district; and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioner of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time, the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no inspector, judge, or any officer of such election shall be eligible to be then voted for.

And the said Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act relating to elections of this Commonwealth," passed July 2nd, 1839, further provides as follows, to wit:

"That the inspectors and judges shall meet at the respective places appointed for holding the election in the districts to which they respectively belong, before 9 o'clock in the morning of the said second Tuesday of October, and each of said inspectors shall appoint one clerk, who shall be qualified voters of such district.

"In case the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for inspector, shall not attend on the day of any election, then the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for judge at the next preceding election, shall act as inspector in his place. And in case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend, the person elected judge shall appoint an inspector in his place, and in case the person elected judge shall not attend, then the inspector who received the highest number of votes, shall appoint a judge in his place; or if any vacancy shall continue in the board one hour after the time by law fixed for the opening of the election, the qualified voters of the township, ward or district for which such officer shall have been elected, present at the place of election, shall elect one of their number to fill such vacancy."

I also hereby make known and give notice that the following Act of Assembly was passed by the general Assembly of this Commonwealth on the 27th of February, A. D. 1849, to wit:

"An act relative to voting at elections in the counties of Adams, Dauphin, York, Lancaster, Franklin, Cumberland, Center, Greene, Bradford and Erie

"SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That it shall be lawful for the qualified voters of the counties of Adams, Dauphin, Lancaster, York, Franklin, Cumberland, Center, Greene, Bradford and Erie, from and after the passage of this act, to vote for all the candidates for the various offices to be filled at any election on one slip or ticket: Provided, That office for which every candidate is voted for, shall be designated, as required by the existing laws of this Commonwealth.—SEC. 2. That any fraud committed by any person, resident in the manner above prescribed, shall be punished as similar frauds are directed to be punished by the existing laws of this Commonwealth.

"That by the 5th section of an act passed by the said General Assembly, on the 8th of April, 1840, entitled 'An Act relative to supervisors in Franklin county,' &c., it is provided: 'That the Act passed the present session of the Legislature, approved the 27th day of Feb. 49, authorizing the qualified voters of Adams and other counties, to vote by general ticket, be extended to Mifflin, Union, Crawford, Bedford, Monroe, Warren and Northumberland counties, in reference to voting at the general elections.'

For the information of the electors of Union county, I publish the following, being the 4th section of the act of the General Assembly of the session of 1851, entitled "An Act to provide for the election of Judges of the several courts of this Commonwealth, and to regulate certain Judicial districts"

SEC. 4. That the election for Judges shall be held and conducted in the several election districts, in the same manner and in all respects as for representatives, and shall be held [illegible] at the same time, by the same judges, inspectors and [illegible], and the provisions of the act of the general assembly, entitled 'An Act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth,' approved the second day of July 1839, and its several supplements shall apply to and govern the election, so far as the same shall be in force and applicable shall be deemed and taken to apply to the elections for Judges: Provided, That the aforesaid electors shall vote for Judges of the Supreme Court on a separate piece of paper, and for all other Judges required to be learned in the law, on another separate piece of paper."

It will thus be seen that the electors of Union county are required to vote for Canal Commissioner, Assembly, and all County officers, on one piece of paper, or the voter may cast his ballot for each office seperately, if he prefers it.

"It shall be the duty of the several Assessors respectively to attend at the place of holding every general, special or township election, during the whole time said election is kept open, for the purpose of giving information to the inspectors and judges when called on, in relation to any matter or fact concerning such election, and shall also attend at any place assigned by them to vote at such election, or such other matters in relation to the assessment of voters as the said inspectors or either of them shall from time to time require.

"No person shall be permitted to vote at any election as aforesaid, than a white freeman of the age of twenty one years or more, who shall have resided in this State at least one year, and in the election district where he offers to vote at least ten days immediately preceding such election, and within two years paid a State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election. But a citizen of the United States who has previously been a qualified voter of this State, and removed therefrom and returned, and who has resided in the election district and paid taxes as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote after residing in this State six months: Provided, That the white freemen, citizens of the United States, between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two years, and have resided in the election district as aforesaid ten days, shall be entitled to vote, although they shall not have paid taxes.

"No person shall be permitted to vote whose name is not contained in the list of taxable inhabitants furnished by the commissioners, unless he shall produce a receipt for the payment within the two years of a State or county tax assessed agreeably to the Constitution, and give satisfactory evidence either on his own oath or affirmation or the oath or affirmation of another that he has paid such tax, or on failure to produce a receipt shall make oath to the payment thereof, or second if he claim a right to vote by being an apprentice or minor, between the ages of twenty and twenty-two years he shall depose on oath or affirmation that he has resided in the State at least one year before his application and make such proof of residence in the district as is required by this act, and that he does verily believe that the amount required from him shall be collected in the ensuing year, and give such other evidence as is required by law; and the name of the person so admitted to vote shall be inserted in the alphabetical list by the inspectors and note made opposite thereto by writing the word tax if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of having paid tax, or the word age if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of such age, shall be called out to the clerks who shall make the like notes in the lists of voters kept by them.

"In all cases where the name of the person claiming to vote is found on the list furnished by the commissioners and assessors, or his right to vote whether found thereon or not is objected to by any qualified citizen, it shall be the duty of the inspectors to examine such person on oath as to his qualifications, and if he claims to have resided within the state for one year or more his oath shall be sufficient proof thereof, but he shall make proof by at least one competent witness who shall be a qualified voter that he has resided within the district ten days next preceding said election, and he shall also himself swear that his home fide residence in pursuance of his lawful calling is within the district, that he did not remove into said district for the purpose of voting therein.

"Every person qualified as aforesaid and who shall make due proof if required of his residence and payment of taxes aforesaid, shall be admitted to vote in the township, ward or district in which he shall reside."

"If any person shall prevent or attempt to prevent any officer of any election under this act from holding such election or use or threaten any violence to any such officer, or shall interrupt or improperly interfere with him in the execution of his duty, or shall block up the window or avenue to any window where the same may be holding, or riotously disturb the peace at such election or shall use or practice any intimidating threats, force or violence, with design to influence unduly or overawe any elector or to prevent him from voting or to restrain the freedom of choice, such person on conviction shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars and imprisoned for any time not less than three nor more than twelve months, and if it shall be shown to the court where the trial of such offence shall be had that the person so offending was at a period of the city, ward, district or township where the said offence was committed and not entitled to vote therein, then on conviction he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred nor more than one thousand dollars and be imprisoned not less than six months nor more than two years.

"If any person or persons shall make any bet or wager upon the result of any election in this Commonwealth, or shall offer to make any such bet or wager, either by verbal proclamation thereof or by any written or printed advertisement or challenge or invite any person to make such bet or wager, upon conviction thereof he or they shall forfeit and pay three times the amount so bet or offered to be bet.

"If any person not by law qualified shall fraudulently vote at any election in this Commonwealth, or being otherwise qualified shall vote out of his proper district, or if any person knowing the want of such qualification shall aid or procure such person to vote, the person on conviction shall be fined in any sum not exceeding two hundred dollars and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three months.

"If any person shall vote at more than one election district or otherwise fraudulently vote more than once on the same day, or shall fraudulently hold and deliver to the inspector two tickets together with the intent illegally to vote or advise and procure another so to do, he or they offending shall on conviction be fined in any sum not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars and be imprisoned not less than three nor more than twelve months.

"If any person not qualified to vote in this Commonwealth, agreeably to law, (except the sons of qualified citizens,) shall appear at any place of election for the purpose of housing tickets or of influencing the citizens qualified to vote, he shall on conviction, forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars for every such offence, and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three months."

Agreeably to the provisions of the sixty-first section of said act "every General and Special election shall be opened between the hours of eight and ten in the forenoon, and shall continue until seven o'clock in the evening, when the polls shall be closed."

The Return Judges of the several districts will meet in the Court House at Lewisburg, on the third day after the election, (being Friday, the 17th day of October,) to do and perform those duties enjoined on them by law.

The Return Judges of Union, Snyder and Juniata counties are required to meet at the Court House in the borough of Lewisburg on the 20th of October, to make out returns for the member of Assembly.

Dated at Lewisburg, this 10th day of Sept. A. D. one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six. DANIED D. GULDIN, *Shff.*

Sheriff's Office, Lewisburg, Sept. 10, 1856.

Whig, American & Republican UNION TICKETS.

"Liberty and Union, now and for ever, one and inseparable."—DANIEL WEBSTER.

"The Constitution of the United States is an instrument not of immediate but of ultimate and universal Freedom. It was so contemplated by the great Men who framed it, and the World has so regarded it. The National Flag, that is its symbol, is the banner of LIBERTY—its white and red folds symbols of Revolutionary trials, of the crests of Victory, and the blood of Sacrifice. MAY ITS STARRY UNION FOR EVER STAND as a lustrous and impeachable as the golden fires of God's firmament!"—N. P. BANKS, Jr.

"*I repeat that I never can, and never will, vote, and no earthly power will ever make me vote, to extend Slavery over territory where it does not exist.*"—HENRY CLAY.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
Thomas E. Cochran, of York Co
FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,
Darwin Phelps, of Armstrong Co
FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,
Barth'w Laporte, of Bradford Co

For Congress,
JOHN C. KUNKEL, of Harrisburg
For Representative,
M. H. TAGGART of Union Co.
For Associate Judge,
JOHN W. SIMONTON, of Buffaloe
For Prothonotary, &c.
JAMES W. SANDS, of Mifflinburg
For County Commissioner,
WILLIAM RUHL, of West Buffaloe
For District Attorney,
JAMES B. HAMLIN, of Lewisburg N.W
For County Auditor,
JOHN D. BOGAR, of New Berlin

Pennsylvania Democratic Ticket.

Resolved, That in the repeal of the act known as the Missouri compromise act, and the passage of the act organizing the Territories of Kansas and Nebraska, free from unconstitutional restrictions, the last Congress PERFORMED A WORK OF PATRIOTIC SACRIFICE in meeting the demands of sectional excitement by unshaken adherence to the fundamental law.

Resolved, That we fully endorse the administration of President PIERCE as NATIONAL, FAITHFUL, AND EFFICIENT—fully equal to all the important emergencies which the country has had to encounter, and that he has worthily maintained her interests and honor at home and abroad.

[*The foregoing is a portion of the Platform of the Convention which nominated the following Candidates:*]

Canal Commissioner—GEORGE SCOTT, of Columbia Co.
Auditor General—JACOB FRY, of Montgomery Co.
Surveyor General—JOHN ROWE, of Franklin Co.

Commissioner.—At the urgent request of my friends, I offer myself as a Volunteer Candidate for re-election to the office of Commissioner of Union county at the next election.
July 21 GEO. SCHOCH.

Please announce JOHN M. C. RANCK Esq. of Mifflinburg as a Volunteer candidate for the office of **District Attorney** at the October Election. He is a native of our county, of large and respectable family connections, of good character and attainments, and has had that experience in the practice of the Law which is indispensably necessary for a safe execution of the delicate duties of that important Office. WEST BUFFALOE

To the Voters of Union County:

FELLOW CITIZENS—I offer myself as a candidate for re-election to the office of **Prothonotary** and Clerk of the several Courts of Union county. Should I be elected, I flatter myself that the discharge of the duties of said offices heretofore by me, is sufficient pledge of my prompt attention to and discharge of the duties of said offices with fidelity.
Lewisburg, July 8. SAMUEL ROUSH.

AYER'S Cathartic Pills,
(SUGAR COATED,)
ARE MADE TO
CLEANSE THE BLOOD AND CURE THE SICK
Invalids, Fathers, Mothers, Physicians, Philanthropists, read their Effects, and judge of their Virtues.
FOR THE CURE OF
Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.
PITTSBURG, PA., May 1, 1855.
DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst headache any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once. If they will cure others as they do me, the fact is worth knowing.
Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE,
Clerk of Steamer Clarion.

Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
WASHINGTON, D. C., 7 Feb., 1856.
SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the *liver* is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of bilious disease so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them.
Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D.,
Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentery, Relax, and Worms.
POST OFFICE, HARTLAND, LIV. CO., MICH., Nov. 16, 1855.
DR. AYER: Your Pills are the perfection of medicine. They have done my wife more good than I can tell you. She had been sick and pining away for months. Went off to be doctored at great expense, but got no better. She then commenced taking your Pills, which soon cured her, by expelling large quantities of worms (dead) from her body. They afterwards cured her and our two children of bloody dysentery. One of our neighbors had it bad, and my wife cured him with two doses of your Pills, while others around us paid from five to twenty dollars doctors' bills, and lost much time, without being cured entirely even then. Such a medicine as yours, which is actually good and honest, will be prized here.
GEO. J. GRIFFIN, *Postmaster.*

Indigestion and Impurity of the Blood.
From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.
DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.
WARSAW, WYOMING CO., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.
DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and purify the fountain of the blood.
JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Erysipelas, Scrofula, King's Evil, Tetter, Tumors, and Salt Rheum.
From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.
DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her. ASA MORGRIDGE.

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and Gout.
From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Met'odist Episc. Church.
PULASKI HOUSE, SAVANNAH, GA., Jan. 6, 1856.
HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating neuralgic pains, which ended in chronic rheumatism. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until, by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them I am now entirely well.
SENATE CHAMBER, BATON ROUGE, LA., 5 Dec., 1855.
DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured by your Pills of Rheumatic Gout—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

For Dropsy, Plethora, or kindred Complaints, requiring an active purge, they are an excellent remedy.

For Costiveness or Constipation, and as a Dinner Pill, they are agreeable and effectual.

Fits, Suppression, Paralysis, Inflammation, and even **Deafness**, and **Partial Blindness**, have been cured by the alterative action of these Pills.

Most of the pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL
FOR THE RAPID CURE OF
COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, INFLUENZA, BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING COUGH, CROUP, ASTHMA, INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION,
and for the relief of consumptive patients in advanced stages of the disease.

We need not speak to the public of its virtues. Throughout every town, and almost every hamlet of the American States, its wonderful cures of pulmonary complaints have made it already known. Nay, few are the families in any civilized country on this continent without some personal experience of its effects; and fewer yet the communities any where which have not among them some living trophy of its victory over the subtle and dangerous disease of the throat and lungs. While it is the most powerful antidote yet known to man for the formidable and dangerous diseases of the pulmonary organs, it is also the pleasantest and safest remedy that can be employed for infants and young persons. Parents should have it in store against the insidious enemy that steals upon them unprepared. We have abundant grounds to believe the CHERRY PECTORAL saves more lives by the consumptions it prevents than those it cures. Keep it by you, and cure your colds while they are curable, not neglect them until no human skill can master the inexorable canker that, fastened on the vitals, eats your life away. All know the dreadful fatality of lung disorders, and as they know too the virtues of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them it is still made the best it can be. We spare no cost, no care, no toil to produce it the most perfect possible, and thus afford those who rely on it the best agent which our skill can furnish for their cure.

PREPARED BY DR. J. C. AYER,
Practical and Analytical Chemist, Lowell, Mass.
AND SOLD BY
C. W. SCHAFFLE, and CHRIST & CALDWELL, Lewisburg; MAUL & BOBENRITE, Mifflinburg; J. P. CASTLE, Milton

J. GOLDSMITH & BROS. have just rec'd a new and fashionable assortment of Silk, Fur and Wool HATS; also, CAPS of the latest style, which will be sold at the LOWEST Philadelphia prices. Come and see.
Lewisburg, Sept. 12, 1856.

Assembly.—At the request of numerous friends, JOHN WILT, of Hartley township, will be an Independent Candidate for Representative of this District in the General Assembly of this State, at the coming October Election.—Sept. 11, 1856.

Singing Classes.
MR. J. W. ALEXANDER intends to resume his appointments in Lewisburg, THIS WEEK, Thursday, Sept. 18th—
Junior Class at 5½ P. M.
Regular classes in the evening—
☞At Ammons' Hall. To be continued during the Fall and Winter. All favorable to improvement, are invited to join in sustaining the effort. [Lewisburg, Sept. 12, '56.]

UNIVERSITY SCHOOLS!

THE Winter Session of all the Schools of the University will open with a full corps of Teachers, on **Thursday, September 25, 1856.**

Theological Department—Tuition Free.

Collegiate	"	"	$30 per annum.
Academic	"	Classical $20	"
"	"	English $15	"
Female Institute	"	Regular course $30	"
"	"	Primary $20	"

Sept. 9, 1856.

Dr. I. Brugger,
HOMŒOPATHIC Physician,
corner of Market and Fourth streets,
6m640 *LEWISBURG, PA*

Pamphlet Laws.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Quota of the Pamphlet Laws of the last Session of the Legislature have been received at the Prothonotary's office of Union County for distribution to those entitled to the same.
SAMUEL ROUSH, Proth'y.
Prothonotary's office Lewisburg Aug. 14, '56

$1,150 MORTGAGE FOR SALE.
Will be sold at a discount is well secured. Property near Lewisburg. Inquire at the "Chronicle" office.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to all concerned, that the following named persons have settled their accounts in the Register's Office at Lewisburg, Union county, and that the said accounts will be presented for confirmation and allowance at the Orphans' Court, to be held at LEWISBURG, for the county of Union, on the third Friday of SEPT. next, being the 19th day of said month, viz:

1. The account of Zacheus Gordon, Executor of Willis Gordon, late of Perry township, dec'd.
2. The account of Jacob Reichley, Administrator de bonis non with the will annexed of Henry Thomas, late of Beaver tp, dec'd.
3. The final account of George Beaver, Administrator of Ludwig Benfor, late of Jackson tp, dec'd.
4. The account of John Smith, Administrator with the will annexed of Leonard Smith, late of Hartley tp, dec'd.
5. The account of John Benner and George Benner, Executors of John Benner, late of Union county, dec'd.
6. The account of Jacob Broucher and Samuel Wilt, Executors of John Brown, late of Hartley, dec'd.
7. The account of David Kline and Wm. Smith, Executors of John Kline, late of West Beaver tp, dec'd.
8. The final account of Samuel Marshall and David Ramsey, Executors of Dan. Ranck, late of White Deer tp, dec'd.
9. The account Alexander Penny and J. H. Knox, Exectors of Hugh Penny, late of East Buffaloe, dec'd.
10. The account of William Elliot, Administrator of Robert Logan, late of East Buffaloe tp, dec'd.
11. The first account of B. F. Van Boskirk, Administrator of Richard Van Boskirk, late of Mifflinburg, dec'd.
12. The account of Mark Halfpenny, surviving Executor of William Foster, late of Hartley tp. dec'd.
13. The account of Daniel Smoaker, Guardian of Barbara Kennegy and others, minor children of Absolem Kennegy, late of West Buffaloe, dec'd.
14. The account of Daniel S. Miller, Guardian of Mary Ellen Iddings and others, minor children of Henry Iddings, late of West Buffaloe tp, dec'd.
15. The account of Catharine Wolfe, Guardian of Samuel L. Wolfe and others, minor children of Samuel Wolfe, late of the Borough of Lewisburg, dec'd.
16. The account of Catharine Wolfe, Committee of James Wolfe, a son of Samuel Wolfe late of Lewisburg, dec'd.
17. The second account of Abner M. Lawshe, Guardian of Mary Ellen and W. H. Wolfe, two of the children of Samuel Wolfe, late of the Borough of Lewisburg, dec'd.

J. W. PENNINGTON, *Reg'r.*
Register's Office, Lewisburg, August 18, 1856

M. H. Dersham, M. D.,

HAVING permanently located in Lewisburg, Pa., respectfully tenders his Professional Services to the citizens of this town and vicinity, hoping by prompt attention to the duties of his profession to merit a share of their patronage. Attention will also be paid to Chronic Diseases of every name, and treated with unparalleled success.

DR. DERSHAM graduated at the renowned American Electic Medical College, Cincinnati, having first studied the Old or Allopathic system of medicine, and attended Lectures in one of the Old School Medical Colleges of Philadelphia; but becoming convinced of the superiority of the New or American Eclectic system, he commenced its study, and attended two courses of Lectures in the Reformed or American Eclectic Medical College of the Queen City of the West. This Institution, although yet in its infancy, has no superior in the Great West, and has already annually more Students than the four other Medical Colleges of Cincinnati combined. It is sending physicians to all parts of our globe, and in Ohio, Indiana, &c., they will soon be more numerous than any other class of physicians.

The principal difference between the Reformed (new) or Eclectic, and the old Allopathic system of medicine, is this: the New School uses no medicinal agent that is in any way injurious to the human system, such as Calomel, Arsenic, Antimony, &c.; for superior and harmless agents have of late years been discovered, (by the ever liberal and progressive physicians of the New School,) that are complete substitutes for those deleterious medicines, (Calomel, &c.,) therefore we have no need for them. With these valuable new agents, and all those of the Old or Allopathic school except the few poisons mentioned above, and all the improvements of every other system of medicine, (as the Homœpathic, Hydropathic, Thomsonian, &c.) many diseases are now curable that were once considered impossible, and that too without breaking down the constitution, and creating other diseases, as Debility, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Liver Disease, Ulcerated Sore Throat, Diseased Bones, premature Loss of Teeth, &c.

The New School certainly claims a great superiority in the treatment of all diseases. It has been proved by Clinical reports that the mortality—taking all diseases together—is less than 2 per cent; that of Asiatic Cholera is only 5 per cent.

This is an age of progress and improvements, and the New School is always progressing, not being bound down by despotic creeds and antiquated theories.

N.B. OFFICE at the lower end of Market St. [616

Portrait of John C. Fremont.

The most correct likeness ever made; executed in the highest style of Art, and printed on fine India paper, published and for sale, Wholesale and Retail, by

L. N. Rosenthal, Lithographer,

N.W. corner Fifth and Chestnut Streets, Philadelphia. Size of paper, 17x26. Retail price, $1. A liberal discount will be allowed those wishing to sell again.

☞AGENTS WANTED.☜

Real Estate.

For Sale.

A VALUABLE PROPERTY on North Front street, near Market, Lewisburg. A good BRICK HOUSE and suitable Out-Buildings are erected. Enquire at THIS OFFICE.—Lewisburg, Sept. 12, 1856w4.

University Lots for Sale.

WILL be offered on Friday, October **24, 1856,** at Public Sale, some

20 BUILDING LOTS.

The sale will take place on the grounds at 10 o'clock A. M. commencing on Brown street, or Selinsgrove road, near John Donachy's. Terms made known at the sale.
A. K. BELL,
Gen. Ag't &c., University at Lewisburg.
Sept. 9, 1856.

VALUABLE FARMS

AT Private Sale....The subscriber offers at Private Sale the following valuable Farms:

No. I. Situate in Turbett township, Juniata county, containing **200 Acres,** about 175 acres of which are cleared and in a high state of good cultivation—the balance well set with Timber. The improvements are a good Log Dwelling House, BANK BARN, and other necessary Outbuildings There is also an excellent Apple Orchard on the premises. Several Springs of fine Water are convenient to the improvements.

No. II. On which the subscriber resides, situate in Beale township, county aforesaid, containing **213 Acres,** about Two Hundred of which are cleared, and the balance well-timbered. The improvements on this Farm are a good FRAME HOUSE, BANK BARN, and all other necessary out-buildings—in good condition. There are two other Dwelling Houses on this property. Also—two ORCHARDS of choice, grafted fruit, comprising Apple, Pear, Peach, Cherry, Plum, &c., of the very best varieties, all in good bearing condition. Several springs of Water are convenient on the premises. This farm is in a very high state of cultivation, and under good fence.

The above Farms are within 8 miles of the Pennsylvania Railroad and Canal, and are among the best in Tuscarora Valley. Their location is a very healthy one, and they are convenient to Churches, Schools, Mills, &c. Persons in want of a desirable property would do well to call and examine the above, as I am determined to sell. WILLIAM OKESON.
Sept. 12, 1856w3

First Class Limestone Farm

FOR Sale, in White Deer Valley, Lycoming County, two miles from the Canal and Railroad, on the road from Lewisburg to Jers