# Lewisburg Chronicle.

BY O. N. WORDEN & J. R. CORNELIUS.

H. C. HICKOK, CORRESPONDING EDITOR.

FEB. 22, 1856.

*To Business Men.*—The LEWISBURG CHRONICLE, published on the Cash System, has the largest and best circulation of any Newspaper in Union County.


☞ The American National Council, to nominate candidates for President and Vice President, meets at PHILADELPHIA, Friday, Feb. 22, 1856.

☞ Pennsylvania Democratic State Convention, to nominate candidates for Canal Commissioner, Surveyor General, and Auditor General, HARRISBURG, Tuesday, March 4, 1856.

☞ Democratic National Convention, to nominate President and Vice President, CINCINNATI, Monday, June 2, 1856.

## UNION OF FREEMEN for the Sake of the Union.

*Anti-National Administration State Convention.*

The undersigned, Members of the Legislature of Pennsylvania, having been solicited by their fellow-citizens, in different parts of the Commonwealth, to devise a plan of united action, by which all opposed to the destructive policy and principles of the National Administration may co-operate in the support of a State Ticket, respectfully invite all who are in favor of such a movement, to assemble in City and County Conventions *on the 19th March next*, to elect Delegates equal in number to their representation in the State Senate and House of Representatives, to a Convention to be held at Harrisburg, *on the 26th of the same month*, for the purpose of nominating candidates for Auditor-General, Canal Commissioner and Surveyor-General, to be supported at the ensuing fall election, and to take such political action as may be necessary to the crisis.

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|---|---|
| R. B. M'Comb, | J. Dock, |
| J. W. Killinger, | C. L. Hunsecker, |
| James J. Lewis, | Jno. M. Gibboney, |
| John Ferguson, | R. B. Moorhead, |
| David Taggart, | Delorma Imbrie, |
| J. G. Shuman, | Jno. Wright, |
| L. Reed, | A. W. Crawford, |
| P. W. Housekeeper, | Jno. Henry Wintrode, |
| Jacob Struble, | Jonas Augustine, |
| F. Jordan, | G. J. Ball, |
| E Joy Morris, | T. L. Baldwin, |
| Philip Clover, | W. A. Barry, |
| W. E. Frazer, | D. Phelps, |
| Andrew Gregg, | Daniel Lott, |
| D. A. Finney, | David Mumma, Jr., |
| Henry Souther, | James M. Sellers, |
| Henry C. Pratt, | Jno. C. Flenniken, |
| Samuel Kerr, | David Mellinger, |
| K. Haines, | H. Gaylord, |
| William Hamilton, | J. Brown, |
| Sam'l Caldwell, | S. P. M'Calmont. |

HARRISBURG, February 13, 1856.

Correspondence of the Lewisburg Chronicle.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 20, 1856.

I observe you have little Harrisburg correspondence, out of all the Lewisburg delegation. The duties of your Corresponding Editor require his whole attention, so you could not reasonably expect anything of him at present. Mr. Slifer is also kept very busy; he labors incessantly. It is no small matter to discharge the duties of one of these public offices, and render entire satisfaction.

It has been quite dull here since last Saturday, in consequence of the Legislature having adjourned over until to-day at 3 o'clock, P. M.

Last Wednesday we were honored with a visit from Messrs. Cameron, Musser, Frick and Graham, of Lewisburg, and had quite a pleasant interview with them. We were also visited by a delegation from New Berlin, but as they happened here about the time of the adjournment, they also adjourned, but we look for them back in a few days.

The weather has been extremely cold here this winter, and there has been much suffering among the poor. I have visited families myself who were so poor that they really had nothing to eat, or fuel to warm the miserable shanties in which they live. This is not the case with but two or three families, as you might suppose, but it is general among the poorer districts of the town. True, there is a poor-house near town for the county of Dauphin, but it is already filled to its utmost capacity. There has been a general waking up on the part of the citizens in behalf the poor, for the last few days, and they are being better provided for.

There are said to be about twenty cases of the small-pox in town, but as that is nothing new here, there is but little said about it.

We had a fine market this morning, and the sleighing has a tendency to keep produce at reasonable prices. I saw the best beef offered at 7½ cts. in the quarter all round, and 12½ by the lb. for the best pieces. Pork is dear, and can not be got for less than 9 cts. by the carcass. Corn sold for 62½ by the single bushel. Potatoes range from 60 to 80 cts.; Apples are quite a drug at 50 cts. and 75 for the best quality. Butter is plenty at 25 cts. for the regular market pound rolls, and 22 cts. by the lot. Turkeys are quite plenty at 12½ cts. a lb., dressed. Chickens fetch 40 cts. a pair, dressed. Ducks range at 40 and 50 cts. per pair. Geese from 50 to 60 cts. a piece. Cabbage, turnips, soup beans, and sourkrout range at very low rates. All kinds of dried fruit are plenty, and cheap, within the reach of all.

Yours, &c., ***.

[Shall be glad to hear from our friend again.—EDS.]

☞ Henry M. Fuller has been at home, eating a dinner with a select party composed of some of his old friends and some of his own opponents. It is no trouble to get up a big dinner—set oceans of wine drunk—and "save the Union," in Wilkes-Barre; but whether Fuller can get sent back to Congress is a question that the people of four counties have to settle; and which the wine cup won't decide.

## Pennsylvania Legislature.

In the Senate proceedings of the 9th inst., we find that Mr. Welsh, from the committee on new counties, reported, as committed, a supplement to the act erecting the county of Snyder.

In the proceedings of the House of the 11th, we find that Mr. Strouse presented a petition from citizens of Snyder county, asking for the passage a law to prevent cattle from running at large on certain islands in the Susquehanna river.

FRIDAY, Feb. 15.

Mr. Sellers, Senate bill No. 256, supplement to the act of March 2, 1855, erecting the new county of Snyder. Passed its several readings.

Mr. Strouse moved that the bill relative to changing the boundary line of Union and Snyder counties, be re-committed to the committee on new counties; which was agreed to.

For the Lewisburg Chronicle.

We had the pleasure, on Wednesday evening, of listening to a Concert of vocal music, given under the direction of WM. C. PAINTER, of this place, in the basement of the German Reformed Church, by two classes which he has at present under his instruction—one from this place, and the other from Kelly township. I do not recollect of ever listening to better music from classes, which had been under such a short term of instruction, and which must speak very favorably for their teacher, who spares no pains or trouble to make them as perfect in the delightful art of music as he possibly can. The classes, each having different books, the one from Kelly using the Shawm, and the class of this place, the Hallelujah. They took turn about in singing, and thus gave the spectators a chance to judge of the merits of Country vs. Town; and to allow me to judge, in my humble opinion I must say that both did exceedingly well. But if one class did better than another, and if I were one of a jury of twelve to decide on their merits, I should hold out day and night for the class from Kelly; and without flattering, you don't often see a finer *looking* set of young ladies and gentlemen from the "rural districts."

The evening's entertainment closed by the two classes uniting in singing a piece, which was executed in a style seldom equaled. After which the parties retired, all well pleased; the girls and boys from the country in their fine sleighs, and the girls and boys of town retired as they usually do when they get a chance, and as the "critters" we read of did at the time of the immense "moving" into Noah's ark, viz: two by two. SPECTATOR.

## Congressional.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.

HOUSE.—Mr. Hickman, from the Committee on Elections, offered a resolution empowering it to send for persons and papers in relation to the Kansas contested election cases.

Mr. Phelps thought that the attempt to exercise such a power would be an act of usurpation, as Mr. Reeder does not claim to be elected by virtue of a law passed by the Kansas Legislature. He defended his constituents from the charge of being border ruffians. He condemned earnestly the anti slavery men of Kansas, and claimed that the Missourians' desire was not to shed blood but to sustain the laws.

Mr. Washburn, of Maine, regretted that Mr. Phelps had indulged in such remarks, which were exceedingly exciting, not to say inflammatory. A large majority of the people of this country believe in their hearts that there was no Legislature of Kansas, no law, nor nothing having the vigor or effect of law under which the election was held, and by which Mr. Whitfield claims his seat as a delegate. This matter should be investigated, and how is this to be done unless power is granted to the Committee to send for persons and papers?

Mr. Stephens remarked that Gov. Reeder himself commissioned the members of the legislative assembly who passed the law under which Mr. Whitfield was elected, the validity of which Gov. Reeder now called on the House to investigate. Out of his own mouth, therefore, Gov. Reeder had estopped further proceedings by his own official act.

Mr. Campbell, of Ohio, in reply, said i was a well settled principle of law that any statute may be violated by fraud, which forms the subject for a thorough investigation. The House should be satisfied on this point. He desired something more than mere newspaper report and telegraphic despatches on which to form a judgment.

Mr. Hickman thought the newspaper reports had exaggerated or magnified one or the other side of the question, and therefore the importance of an investigation by the means proposed. Gov. Reeder had done all the act of Congress required of him in the premises.

The question was then taken on Mr. Stephens' motion that the resolution be referred back to the Committee on Elections, with instructions to report the grounds on which they ask power to send for persons and papers, and negatived by the casting vote of the Speaker.

Pending the question on the resolution, the House adjourned.

☞ The National American Council at Philad., we see it stated, have abolished the anti-Catholic and pro-Slavery tests of their order; and it is believed will abolish all secresy, oaths, &c.

To-day, the Nominating Council meet to elect candidates for President and Vice President. A postponement of this, however, is very strongly urged.

ICE HEAVING.—The Salem Register remarks: "The accumulation of ice in the docks, in connection with a very high course of tides, illustrates, on a small scale, to be sure, some of the powerful operations in the Arctic regions. Some of the buildings over the water, in different localities in this city, have been raised six, eight and ten feet, by the pressure of the ice; in some, chimneys have been thrown down and floors forced up; and, in several instances, heavy spires on which they rested have been drawn up out of the mud by the action of the ice and tide.—We understand, also, that some of the smaller bridges in the vicinity have been similarly affected. Nature works with silent but tremendous power. The bridge of the Gloucester Branch Railroad, over the river near the Gloucester terminus, was raised several inches, so that trains were obliged to stop at West Parish, and passengers were transported around in carriages, after Friday."

## Our National Defences.

The aggregate of Appropriations by the last Congress for the Military and Naval service of the current year, after deducting the charges for ocean mails and other items not properly belonging in this category, were substantially as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| For Army service, | $12,000,000 |
| Fortifications and arms, | 2,000,000 |
| Military roads, | 100,000 |
| New steam ships of war, | 3,250,000 |
| Increase and equipment of Navy | 2,800,000 |
| Regular Naval service, | 11,400,000 |
| Total for Naval defences | $31,550,000 |

Being fully twice and a half the entire annual expenses of the Government under the Presidency of John Quincy Adams.

HORRIBLE RETRIBUTION.—In the early part of September last, a man living in Kemper county, in this State, whose name was Greenbery O'Neal, killed in an affray a man whose name we heard but have now forgotten. He was arrested and carried before the proper authorities and by them admitted to bail. A few nights since, while himself and family were seated around the fire an unknown person approached his dwelling and placing a gun through a crack in the wall, discharged its contents at him, which entering his head scattered his brains upon the floor, killing him instantly. An effort was made, we learn, to find the perpetrators of this horrible deed, and bring them to justice, but at last accounts no traces of them could be found.—*Macon (Miss.) Star.*

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—The Supreme Court will affirm the judgement of the District Court of this District, in the case of Wells, who was sentenced to death in 1852, and whose sentence was commuted by President Fillmore to imprisonment for life—thus settling the question that the President has the power to commute as well as to pardon. The minority of the Court will dissent.

That was a good sentiment given by George W. Bentley, at the editors' and printers' supper in Worcester, last 17th of January:

"Franklin—To-day making lights for Boston's lampless lanterns—to morrow enlightening the world; one day stirring the cauldron of the tallow chandler, and the next rocking the iron cradle of the mightiest democracy on the globe; the apprentice boy to-day, the revered of kings to-morrow; the "poor Ben" of his mother to-day, the immortal Franklin forever!"

TONGUE FROZEN FAST.—In Cincinnati, on the 10th inst., one boy induced another to put his tongue against a fluted iron lamp post—the thermometer at that time indicating a temperature far below zero.—The tongue stuck fast, of course, and the poor boy suffering great agony. Several passers endeavored to release him, in vain. Matters were in this situation, for over five minutes, when a man named Taylor went into the Telegraph house and brought some hot water and whiskey with which he bathed the tongue of the suffering boy, finally liberating about one half leaving the other sticking to the post, where it remained the ballance of the day, a warning to youngsters how they recklessly lick cold iron in freezing weather. The luckless boy was taken to his home in extreme agony.

PROPOSED CHANGE IN THE LAW OF LIBEL.—Mr. Getz has reported in the House at Harrisburg an Act which provides that on the trial of indictments of writing or publishing a libel, the truth of the matter charged as libellous, may be given in evidence; and if the jury in any such case shall find that the act was induced by good motives, and with no malicious intent, and that the matter so charged is true, it shall operate to the acquital of the defendant or defendants.

A letter from Fort Snelling (Minnesota), dated 25th of January, says that from 20th of December to 15th of January, the thermometer ranged from 27 to 33 degrees below zero, and that the troops were completely frozen in. One man of Company I, Tenth regiment of infantry, was frozen to death, and as many as eight or ten other soldiers had their fingers frozen one morning while mounting guard.

FARM STEAM ENGINE.—They have a farm steam engine in operation in Ohio, which will thrash and clean from 500 to 600 bushels per day. The boiler is tubular, the cylinder is of six inches bore and twelve inch stroke. It makes 175 revolutions per minute with steam at 40 pounds pressure, and does more work than any common threshing machine driven by eight horses.

RELICS OF THE REVOLUTION.—Gun barrels have lately been found on the field of Hubbardton battle, in Vermont, some of which after being buried more than seventy-five years, contain cartridges that exploded with considerable violence, when the barrel was heated in the fire.

JUDGE LYNCH IN CONNECTICUT.—A justice of the peace in Warren, who had been over to Kent to try a liquor case recently, was seized on his way home by a mob of drunken men, and tarred and feathered.

COWPER'S CAUTION TO AUTHORS.—"An author by profession has need narrowly to watch his pen, lest a lie should escape it which by possibility may do mischief when he has been long dead and burried."

In the United States there are six thousand brokers and six thousand barbers, but the census does not tell which class does the most shaving.

The Legislature of New York has passed resolutions complimentary of Dr. Kane, and also made an appropriation for the bestowal of a gold medal.

## RECEIPTS & EXPENDITURES of UNION County, by the Commissioners and Treasurer of said County, from the first day of January, 1855, to the first day of January, 1856—Henry Solomon, Esq., Treasurer.

*County Rates & Levies for the year 1855, showing the amount Charged, the amount Received, Abatement on State Tax, Commissions, Exonerations or Allowances, and Balance due.*

| DISTRICTS. | COLLECTORS. | Amount Charged. State Tax. | Amount Charged. County. | Abate't Rec'ved. State. | Abate't Rec'ved. County. | Commissions. State. | Commissions. County. | Exonerations. State. | Exonerations. County. | Balances Due State. | Balances Due County. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Beaver Tp—Reuben Kline | | $1140.61 | 290.91 | 21.64 | 651.00 | 210.60 | 57.64 | 29.86 | 30.48 | 16.18 | 400.48 |
| West Beaver—Simon Kerstetter | | 643.30 | 236.87 | 10.08 | 337.50 | 191.00 | 51.16 | 16.81 | 9.73 | 6.14 | 254.23 |
| Buffaloe—Samuel Barta | | 1926.21 | 974.37 | 54.89 | 1447.80 | 719.00 | 26.31 | 45.73 | 6.19 | 8.65 | 329.05 |
| East Buffaloe—Roj Winegarden | | 1083.34 | 555.19 | 20.97 | 901.67 | 427.88 | 24.16 | 27.77 | 2.51 | 2.81 | |
| West Buffaloe—O P. Katherman | | 809.42 | 455.26 | 59.37 | 771.23 | 293.44 | 46.47 | 22.76 | 10.35 | 11.84 | |
| Center—Daniel Showers | | 425.52 | 206.76 | 8.50 | 237.00 | 91.00 | 20.27 | 11.05 | 1.13 | 2.93 | 156.08 |
| Chapman—C. Kerstetter | | 637.40 | 310.95 | 29.13 | 297.15 | 250.00 | 26.87 | 15.44 | 5.04 | 9.06 | 199.00 |
| Franklin—Israel Bannisman | | 882.02 | 434.19 | 22.12 | 786.35 | 372.00 | 44.10 | 22.03 | 10.50 | 8.06 | 17.85 |
| Hartley—J. T. Smith | | 1459.89 | 765.34 | 51.95 | 1164.54 | 546.37 | 72.99 | 38.26 | | | 170.32 |
| Jackson—Michael Gill | | 711.81 | 368.21 | 22.73 | 558.32 | 250.00 | 35.59 | 18.16 | 61 | 1.67 | 114.54 |
| Kelly—Wm. Nagle | | 1241.92 | 609.22 | 52.00 | 1081.67 | 503.22 | 60.99 | 30.46 | 17.36 | 11.64 | |
| Lewisburg, N W.—A. Kennedy | | 518.25 | 298.44 | 24.67 | 465.87 | 272.66 | 25.91 | 14.82 | 1.00 | 8.97 | |
| do S W.— do | | 533.99 | 278.81 | 24.67 | 475.34 | 250.15 | 26.79 | 13.94 | 9.10 | 8.44 | |
| Limestone—Thos V. Barber | | 775.82 | 390.27 | 36.73 | 696.22 | 324.77 | 38.77 | 19.56 | 4.77 | 4.21 | |
| Middlecreek—Joel Biliger | | 348.52 | 180.47 | 13.37 | 292.17 | 162.00 | 17.27 | 9.02 | 3 | 47 | 22.88 |
| Mifflinburg—A. B. Gotshall | | 324.16 | 170.14 | 11.35 | 285.65 | 178.00 | 19.70 | 10.05 | 2.63 | 3.64 | 17.40 |
| New Berlin—Jacob Herlacher | | 425.84 | 226.80 | 14.43 | 328.55 | 163.00 | 21.29 | 10.54 | | 1.44 | 40.81 |
| Penns—Jacob Bailey | | 1705.04 | 882.08 | 59.31 | 1351.60 | 557.81 | 85.15 | 44.10 | 4.88 | 3.71 | 21.88 |
| Perry—John Krebbs | | 654.68 | 251.17 | 15.75 | 365.00 | 220.00 | 32.88 | 17.59 | 60 | 1.53 | 27.64 |
| Selinsgrove—Jer. Clauss | | 610.62 | 342.09 | 12.41 | 246.50 | 88.00 | 32.03 | 17.14 | | | 305.08 |
| Union—Jos Engle | | 622.90 | 327.42 | 21.26 | 570.00 | 277.62 | 31.12 | 16.27 | 12 | 2.10 | |
| Washington—Ludwig Arbogast | | 526.14 | 424.87 | 22.91 | 510.00 | 150.00 | 41.30 | 21.79 | 63 | 2.59 | 271.02 |
| White Deer—David Meckley | | 925.28 | 479.75 | 17.58 | 365.00 | 125.31 | 46.26 | 23.98 | 5.37 | 6.38 | 431.07 |
| | | $19,235.80 | 10,048.99 | 509.62 | 14,364.24 | 6188.40 | 967.71 | 502.35 | 132.20 | 121.83 | 3197.72 |

*Delinquent Collectors.*

| Districts. | Collectors. | Year. | State T. | County T. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| New Berlin—George Boehl* | | 1851 | | $27.51 |
| Union—Wm. M'Cheron | do | 43.92 | | 155.94 |
| West Buffaloe—Hayes jr W. Buhl | | 1853 | 8.98 | 6.96 |
| Hartley—Wm Fisher | do | 269.20 | | 222.80 |
| Perry—Peter Troup | do | 30.42 | | 5.11 |
| White Deer—Joel Bansh* | do | 182.22 | | 166.75 |
| East Buffaloe—Henry Mertz* | | 1854 | | 272.51 |
| West Buffaloe—Wm. Rule | do | | | 17.06 |
| Center—Henry Musser | do | 145.13 | | 26.66 |
| Washington—Henry Summers | do | 83.64 | | 120.78 |
| White Deer—Aaron Smith | do | | | 36.27 |
| *Since paid in part. | | | $792.91 | 1060.46 |

## FOREIGN NEWS.

### Arrival of the Canada.

BOSTON, Feb. 19.—The steamship Canada did not arrive at her dock till 5 o'clock, in consequence of the ice. Her mails will leave to-morrow morning for the south.

Capt. Long knows nothing about the report of the Pacific having put back.

Russia is said to have made it a condition, previous to the acceptance of the propositions, that no indemnification is to be demanded, and no cession of territory exacted except that required for rectification, which being conceded, she agrees not to fortify the Oland Isles.

It is reported that Austria will propose to the Germanic diet to adhere to the peace preliminaries, in order that Germany may be admitted to the Conference.

Amongst other rumors are the following: That Russia has selected Paris for the conference, in order to slight Austria, and that the Austrian Cabinet is offended therewith; that Russia intended, at the last moment, to demand, in the name of the general interests of Europe, and in accordance with article five, that England be forbidden to fortify Hellgoland, and restrict her to peace purposes only.

Holland and other neutral powers, it is said, demands a voice in the Conference.

Iron-coated floating batteries, similar to those of the allied forces, are being constructed for the defence of Cronstadt.

A forced loan of 600,000 silver roubles has been imposed on Finland for its defence.

France and England do not slacken in their preparations for the continuance of the war.

The Queen's speech opens with eulogium upon the taking of Sebastopol; refers to the preparations for a vigorous prosecution of the war; alludes to the acceptance of the offer of mediation made by Austria, and the acceptance by Russia of certain conditions which it was hoped would be the foundation of the treaty of peace; but, that during the negotiations, there will be no relaxation of the warlike preparations. The speech also alludes to the conclusion of treaty with Sweden and Norway, containing defensive engagements applicable to these dominions, tending to preserve the balance of power in that section. The conclusion of a treaty of amity and commerce with Chili is announced. The estimates are framed for the exigencies of war, and a reliance upon the country is expressed to continue the support hitherto so cheerfully yielded. The balance of the speech is devoted to domestic affairs, without reference to America.

### Slavery wants More!

The slave-holding power seems to think itself so sure of Kansas and Nebraska, as to begin to indicate an appetite for more conquests, Texas-ward. The New Orleans *Courier*—the leading Democratic paper of Louisiana—coolly reveals the fact, in some learned discussions upon the convulsions of Mexico, that it is the ultimate design of Slave-holders at the South, TO ADD MEXICO to their sway. Nothing else will enable them to long maintain their power over the growing numbers and increasing strength of the Freemen of the North, East, and West.

Reader! you have seen Slavery add to itself Louisiana, Missouri, Florida, and Texas—all Slave holding—but you never saw her allow a foot of Free Soil to be added to our domains, except when California very unexpectedly came in with a Free State Constitution. Slavery raged and foamed at that, and threatened to dissolve the Union, with various other alarming things: but OLD ZACK and HARRY CLAY were not to be scared, and California came in free, as Kansas should. By fraud, falsehood, and bloodshed, backed by Executive power, they think they have Kansas and Nebraska secure; and away down there is an intimation, not intended to be circulated at the North, that by next Fall's election, Slavery will (under the name of "Democracy," "Americans," or some other favorite title) be laying plans for annexing the whole of Mexico, with its eight or ten millions of amalgamated races of ignorant Romanists. Slavery is never satisfied, and give it Kansas it will next claim Mexico, Cuba, or some other land to extend Slavery over.

Mrs. Caroline Lee Hentz, the authoress, died at Marianna, Florida, on the 11th inst.

# Items of Expenditure &c., next week.

A MISSOURI HEROINE IN OREGON.—The accounts received some time ago from the Indian war in Oregon mentioned the heroic defence of herself and child, by a Mrs. Harris, against the Indians, after her husband had been slain. Her husband was killed by the first fire of the Indians, and Mrs. Harris, with her daughter, who, also, was severely wounded, undismayed by the fearful odds against them, barred the doors of their cabin, and, loading and firing their guns, in sight of the husband and father's weltering corpse, fought the savages for eight hours, when they were relieved by the arrival of a friendly party. She killed several of the red devils, and kept up such a hot fire on the rest as to prevent them from approaching near enough to set the cabin on fire, which they repeatedly attempted to do.

This heroic woman was the daughter of James Young, an old settler of Layfayette county, Missouri, whence she moved, with her husband, to Oregon in 1852. Such a heroine deserves all the honor that can be awarded to her, and Congress should grant her a handsome pension for life.—*St. Louis News Feb. 8.*

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—Gov. Shannon will leave this afternoon direct for St. Louis, and from thence will proceed to Kansas. He will immediately remove his office from the Shawnee Mission to Lecompton, the centre of the prevailing difficulties. Orders will be issued by the War Department this afternoon, and will probably be conveyed to Col. Sumner by Gov. Shannon. They will, no doubt, be in accordance with the President's views expressed in his special message and his recent proclamation, with the design firmly to enforce them. There are 800 troops at Fort Leavenworth and 400 at Fort Riley, all of which are to be called out if the circumstances demand a resort to extreme measures.

Gov. Shannon before leaving this afternoon for Kansas, received full instructions relative to enforcing "order" and maintaining "the laws" in Kansas. Every lawful expedient must be exhausted, before resorting to the necessity of the employment of the Federal troops.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—The Republican Association of this city, are making strenuous efforts to establish similar societies in every city, town and village throughout the Union, in order, as the circular issued says, "To rally the people and inspire them with confidence and enthusiasm, and furnish the information necessary to expose and fairly meet the sophistry of the Pro-slavery demagogues, and making the issue of slavery or freedom in the coming Presidential campaign." The design is to scatter broad cast the documents and speeches upon the subject. The Association have always prepared 162,000 copies in English, and 20,000 in German, of the speeches and writings of Messrs. Seward, Hale, and others.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—Letters continue to be received from Kansas repeating the determination of each party in the Territory to carry out its purposes, and predicting a collision, unless the Federal government interfered promptly.

A LEGAL QUESTION.—Thomas E. Franklin, Esq., Attorney General of Pennsylvania, to whom was submitted the question whether the State of New York has a right, by the construction of a dam across the Chemung river to supply with water the Chemung canal, one of the public improvements of that State, and thus divert the water from the natural channel of the Chemung river into the Seneca lake, thereby materially diminishing the capacity of that river to supply the North Branch canal in this State—has given his opinion, founded on the law of nations, that such right does not exist, and that one State or nation cannot divert the water of a public river from their natural channel, to the detriment of the State or nation below.—*Daily News.*

DISTRESSING SITUAION.—On Wednesday morning the new and beautiful cottage residence of ex-Lieutenant Governor Leake, at Madison Court-house, was destroyed by fire. The family—all ladies and girls—barely escaped in their night dresses, and were forced to walk in bare feet through snow twenty inches deep to a neighbor's house. Nothing of value was saved from the burning building. Loss $5,000.—*Richmond Dispatch.*


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SPECTACLES

of every variety, size and quality.

A new invention of Spectacles, for distant or close reading, with gold, silver, steel and tortoise-shell frames, and a new and improved assortment of perifocal ground flat Glasses of his own manufacture. He would particularly call the attention of the public to his Spectacles for **near-sighted persons**, and for persons who have been operated upon for the cataract of the eye, and to his new kind of Glasses and Conservers of the sight made of the best flint and smoke Glasses. Good Glasses may be known by their clear, exact center, sharp and highly polished surfaces. These qualities are to be found to a high degree in his glasses.

Also *MICROSCOPES, SPY and QUIZZING GLASSES*, of every size and quality. *Daguerreotype materials and cases* at the lowest cash prices, together with every variety of articles in the optical line not mentioned.

☞ OPTICAL and other Instruments and Glasses carefully repaired at short notice. He can always select Glasses to suit the vision of the person, as he sees them, upon the first trial. He will remain in Lewisburg DURING FEBRUARY COURT, and those in want of the above articles will please give him a call.

☞ He will, if required, go to any respectable house where his services may be wanted.

☞ The very best EYE-WATER always for sale. ☞ 4w615

James B. Hamlin,

ATTORNEY at LAW.

☞ Office on Second St. west side, two doors south of Market. Lewisburg.

6m593 Union Co. Pa.

# Real Estate.

TO those who wish FARMS.—To have fertile land at a cheap price and on easy terms, your attention is called to the *RIDGWAY LAND & COAL COMPANY.* Twenty-five acres, or more in proportion, are given for $200, payable in instalments of $1 per week or $4 per month. It is located in Elk county, Pennsylvania, and has one of the best markets for its produce in the State. The soil is a rich loam, and is not to be surpassed for farming, as examination will show. It has the best elements of prosperity, being underlaid by two rich veins of Coal, and will shortly be intersected by four Railroads. The Timber is of the most valuable kind; Title unexceptionably good, and warrantee deeds are given. It presents a good and substantial opportunity to commence farming, providing for one's children, or making an investment. Further particulars can be had from the pamphlets, which are sent to inquirers. Letters answered promptly. Apply or address SAM'L W. CATTELL, Secretary, 135 Walnut street, north side between Fourth and Fifth streets, *Philadelphia.* Full information is contained in the pamphlets 3m618

FOR RENT.

☞ My new three storey Brick Dwelling HOUSE, on University Avenue, at the River bend. Possession given April 1st, 1856. For further particulars, enquire at the house, or by letter of me at Northumberland.

Dec. 27, 1855 JOSEPH P. TUSTIN.

Woodlots and Small Farm for Sale.

*To suit purchasers, on reasonable terms.*

THERE are 9 lots of Woodland, situate in White Deer Tp., on Little Buffaloe Creek, about a mile above Guldin's store, ranging from 14 to 21 acres each, well timbered with various kinds of Oak, Pine, Poplar, and Chesnut.

The Farm contains about 55 acres, of which 18 are cleared, and has on it a Two Story Log House, a Log Stable, Spring of Water, and Fruit trees of various kinds. It adjoins lands of John Hummel and Jacob Hartman, about 1½ mile from Guldin's Store, in White Deer tp., Union Co., Pa.

The above property is offered at Private Sale, by the subscriber.

GEORGE MEIXELL.

Kelly Tp., Aug. 10, '55.

A Valley Farm of Limestone Land,

COMPRISING about 163 Acres, for SALE. Said Farm is in one of the best Wheat-growing vallies in Central Pennsylvania, within two miles (over a Bridge) to a Railroad, accessible to Markets, in an eminently healthy neighborhood, near to Mills, Stores, Church and School Houses, and in the midst of an intelligent and respectable population.

The Improvements are a first-class BANK BARN 80 by 45 feet, with a fair Mansion House, Wagon house, Corn house, and other suitable Outbuildings. It has a large Apple Orchard, and Peach and Pear trees &c. sufficient for ordinary use.

The Farm is all cleared except about one acre (and plenty of Woodland in the immediate vicinity,) all of Limestone soil, and as the owner thinks is not surpassed for natural productive qualities by any in the State.

It will be sold wholly, or a portion of 80 to 100 acres, as might suit a purchaser.

☞ Any cash man wishing such a property can obtain further information by applying to O. N. WORDEN, *Chronicle* office, Lewisburg. [480

FOR SALE.

That large and desirable property on the corner of Market and Water streets, well calculated for a residence, for business, or for a residence and place of business.

There is a large BRICK House containing 4 large rooms on the first floor, 6 bed-rooms on the second floor, and 2 large finished rooms on the third. A Kitchen and Washhouse adjoins. There are also a spacious Cellar, large Cement Cistern, a Pump, and Well of good water, a Stable, and all necessary Outbuildings.

For terms &c. apply to Geo. F. Miller, Esq.

S. E. DAVIS.

Lewisburg, Sept. 23 1850

CARPETS.—A very large and well selected lot of cotton and all wool Carpets, from 25 cts. to $1.25 per yard. A portion of these Carpets were bought at auction, others direct from the manufactors, at prices that we can sell them very low. Those in want of Carpet we invite to call and look before buying elsewhere. J. S. CHREYER & SON.

mar 1, 1855.

BLANKS for Justices and Constables, for sale or printed to order, at the Chronicle Office

A Marvelous Remedy!

*For a Marvelous Age!*

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

*The Grand External Remedy.*

By the aid of a microscope, we see millions of little openings on the surface of our bodies. Through these this Ointment, when rubbed on the skin, is carried to any organ or inward part. Diseases of the Kidneys, disorders of the Liver, affections of the heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Asthmas, Coughs and Colds, are by its means effectually cured. Every householder knows that salt passes easily through tubes or meat of any thickness. This healing Ointment by same readily penetrates through any bone or fleshy part of the living body, curing the most dangerous inward complaints, that can not be reached by other means.

*Erysipelas, Salt Rheum & Scorbutic Humours.*

No remedy has ever done so much for the cure of diseases of the skin, whatever form they may assume, as this ointment. In cases of Salt Rheum, Scurvy, Scrofula, Sore Heads, or Erysipelas, can long withstand its influence. The inventor has travelled over many parts of the globe, visiting the principal hospitals, dispensing this Ointment, giving advice as to its application, and has thus been the means of restoring countless numbers to health.

*Sore Legs, Sore Breasts, Wounds and Ulcers.*

Some of the most scientific surgeons now rely solely on the use of this wonderful Ointment, when having to cope with the worst cases of sores, wounds, ulcers, glandular swellings, and tumors. Professor Holloway has, by command of the Allied Governments, dispatched to the hospitals of the East, large shipments of this Ointment, to be used under the direction of the Medical Staff, in the worst cases of wounds. It will cure any ulcer, glandular swelling, stiffness or contraction of the joints, even of 20 years' standing.

*Piles and Fistulas.*

These and other similar distressing complaints can be effectually cured if the Ointment be well rubbed in over the parts affected, and by otherwise following the printed directions around each pot.

*Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bunions | Piles | Sore Legs |
| Burns | Rheumatism | Sores of all kinds |
| Chapped Hands | Salt Rheum | Sprains |
| Chilblains | Skin Diseases | Scalds |
| Fistulas | Sore Breasts | Swelled Glands |
| Gout | Sore Heads | Ulcers |
| Lumbago | Stiff Joints | Venereal Sores |
| Mercurial Eruptions | Wounds | Worms, all kinds |

☞ Sold at the Manufactories of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and 244 Strand, London, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers of Medicines throughout the United States, and the civilized world, in Pots, at 25 cents, 62 cents, and $1 each.

☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the largest sizes.

N. B. Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot.

AYER'S

CHERRY PECTORAL

For the Cure of

COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING-COUGH, CROUP, ASTHMA, AND CONSUMPTION.

*TO CURE A COLD, WITH HEADACHE AND SORENESS OF THE BODY*—take the Cherry Pectoral on going to bed, and wrap up warm, to sweat during the night.

*FOR A COLD AND COUGH*, take it morning, noon and evening, according to directions on the bottle, and the difficulty will soon be removed. None will long suffer from this when they find it can be so readily cured. Persons afflicted with a seated cough, which breaks them of their rest at night, will find by taking the Cherry Pectoral on going to bed, they may be sure of sound unbroken sleep, and consequent refreshing rest. Great relief from suffering and an ultimate cure, is offered to thousands who are thus afflicted, by this invaluable remedy.

From its agreeable effects in these cases, many find themselves unwilling to forgo its use when the necessity for it has ceased.

*TO SINGERS AND PUBLIC SPEAKERS* this remedy is invaluable, as by its action on the throat and lungs, when taken in small quantities, it removes all hoarseness in a few hours, and wonderfully increases the power and flexibility of the voice.

*ASTHMA* is generally much relieved, and often wholly cured by Cherry Pectoral. But there are some cases so obstinate as to yield entirely to no medicine. Cherry Pectoral will cure them if they can be cured.

*BRONCHITIS*, or irritation of the throat and upper portion of the lungs, may be cured by taking Cherry Pectoral in small and frequent doses. The uncomfortable impression is soon relieved.

*FOR CROUP*, give an emetic of antimony, to be followed by large and frequent doses of the Cherry Pectoral until it subdues the disease. If taken in season, it will not fail to cure.

*WHOOPING COUGH* may be broken up and soon cured, by the use of Cherry Pectoral.

*THE INFLUENZA* is speedily removed by this remedy. Numerous instances have been noticed where whole families were protected from any serious consequences, while their neighbors without the Cherry Pectoral