JULY 13, 1855.

ARNOLD PLUMER, of Venango Co.

Political Organizations,

Probably pever, since the formation by the hypocritical cry of "Peace ! peace !" the question of Slavery is becoming the Great, the Practical Question of the Day; and must not be hindered and Slavery or Freedom must triumph.

There is the same confusion in State politics. Half-a-dozen organizations exist Democratic Convention adjourned in confusion with but a half-digested platform. The Americans had a secession from their Council, and the same Slave question is rending them into antagonistic factions. And the Whigs have had no distinct assemblage whatever, this season.

One good result of the recent political revolution has been to break the yoke of mere party caucuses, and leave Freemen to act, as they ever should act, without being bound to any faction or party, but free to put forward and to support just such men and such measures as they individually believe will be best for the country. Henceforth, let us hope that no party will be so strong as to carry any measure because it is a party measure-so strong as to elect any man because he is its nominee. Let every measure stand or fall upon its own worthiness; every candidate be elected because of his personal merit 200 were enthusiastically united against or fitness. Then every party would strive the aggressive Slave power. to advance only just and wise principlesto select the best and most deserving of

for County Officers?

Independent Nominations are propose by some; and it is urged, that as in the the Votes, or the party can not have one !! new county of Union all men likely to become candidates are sufficiently well known, no convention is necessary, and candidates can each run upon their own strength.

Others propose to carry out the will of the people for Division as expressed last was chosen President. the decision then made, that it may not be thwarted by designing men inimical to the project of Division. This, it is urged, Arnold Piumer, of Venango Co. is only the right of those who accomplished | Wm. S. Campbell, of Allegany | George Scott, of Columbia that result.

Others again are in favor of having each or every party bring out their best men, and let the people choose. They wish to take the advice of Hon. Joseph Casey, and let the unpleasant controversy give such pledge against Know Nothings about Division be buried with all its faults as the State Committee may prescribe. and all its errors-maintaining, however, that none should be elected who would olutions, submitted the following, which not honestly and manfully acquiesce in were read amid loud applause: carry out their will in all good faith. They need not, on old and settled issues, to de believe that an honest opponent of Division, who took no undue means to oppose Democracy of the Union, and recognize troversy now decided, would not be pro- as in our power we will maintain the Conductive of good to the county interests or stitutional rights of every State, with promote the friendly feeling which should uniform fidelity, and recognize in its widprevail among us as fellow citizens. However we may disagree on National or

heard expressed. We give them for public his own selection, and should do him neiconsideration, without any indication of ther good nor harm, his religion is between be passed to punish the tampering with our own preferences. A friend has kindly himself and his God, and should be left to proposed one of the conductors of this his own judgment, conscience and responpaper for a county office, but he does not sibility.

Resolved, That we regard the secret wish to be considered as a candidate by ple to take the whole matter fairly into A Sheriff, Judge, three Commissioners, just and manly American sentiment. Treasurer, Surveyor, Auditors, and Coro-

townships and boroughs begin to confer with one another on the subject. Those who prefer the Volunteer System,

should announce their candidates.

Those who advise a continuation of the might therefore elect every officer to be the government of our country. chosen, yet in Snyder county there was ral triumph.

The American Party on Slavery. As was to be expected from the intolerant nature of Slavery, the new Know-

Nothing or American party were required To Exercise of The Lawrentino Controllers the National Council held in Philadelphia. gates each from all the States and the District of Columbia. The New York Council at its organization fell into the

hands of the Slaveocrats, who still keep it. New York and the District of Columour Federal Constitution, were National bia gave the power to the South. New and State parties so much disintegrated, as York and the Southern States have never they are at this day. Following in the carried the American ticket, while all the wake of the division of the largest Reli- other Free States have. Yet those States gious denominations in the Union, Parties | where the party has been always defeated, are also divided. The subject of Slavery created the platform, against the protests lies at the basis of all these dissensions, of the States where all the votes are to and in spite of the efforts of Union savers come from to elect an American President! to hush opposition to Slavery-graspings The platform thus fraudulently forced upon the party is briefly this : Slavery shall have all it has, may get all it can,

All the Northern States except New York-States giving a majority of the Electoral Votes-protested against that in some States. In Pennsylvania, the plank, and declared that Slavery was a sectional interest, not to be interfered with by any outside the States respectively, but that Liberty should be restored in Kansas and Nebraska, and that the National Government where it has the power should use it against and not in favor of Slavery

extension. The State Council of Pennsylvania met at Reading last week, about 200 members in attendance, and ratified all except the Slavery plank in the platform. They put in an Anti-Slavery instead of Pro-Slavery plank, and called a National Council to meet in Cincinnati on the 8th January next, to devise means to elect, at the National Council on the 22d Feb., candidates for President and Vice President opposed to Slavery extension.

Ten delegates seceded from the Pennsylvania Council (all from Philadelphia and Montgomery,) and endorsed the Slavery platform, but the remainder of the

Throughout the country in the Free States, there is almost a unanimous oppomen for office, and thereby to win the favor | sition to the Pro-Slavery platform, although in some of the larger cities are to be found In Union county, the Whigs and Dem- adherents of Arnold Douglas, who still norats are divided into two parties each, bow to the South, in hope of promotion with four Standing Committees. The by that hitherto almost omnipotent oli-Division question has run its ploughshare garchy. These openly assert that they through the old parties-but, that issue will not and dare not have an opinion of being virtually and we understand con- their own contrary to the decision of the fessedly decided, the question arises, What unfairly-constituted body, which had an shall be the manner of selecting candidates unjust majority of delegates who did not represent one Electoral Vote! Those who protested against the Platform, must give

Democratic State Convention.

The Democratic State Convention of inst., 128 delegates being present. Hon. J. GLANCY JONES, of Berks county,

Spring, and elect to office men in favor of Proceeded to nominate and vote for a

John P. Hoover, of Center Scattering

ARNOLD PLUMER of Venange was then unanimously declared the nominee. It was resolved that the nominee should

Mr. Black from the Committee on Res-

the decision of the people last Spring, and Resolved, That the Democratic party clare its principles in detail. It is sufficient for us to say that we belong to the that measure, is not to be therefore for no geographical lines between the North ever shut out from all offices of trust or and South. The interests of all parts of profit; and that the keeping up of a con- the country are the same to us, and so far

Resolved, That every one who makes State politics, local controversy it is desir- our country his home, and loves the Conable should be closed as soon as possible. * stitution, the laws and the liberty of the -These are the different views we have Union, is in its largest sense, a True

order, commonly called "Know Nothings," any act of his own. We desire the peoperity and peace of the country. We conconsideration. The choice of nearly all sider its designs as unconstitutional and the County Officers next fall, is a matter void of patriotism; being at once opposed of great importance to every tax-payer. to the spirit of true Christianity, and a

Resolved, That the Democratic party ner are to be elected. Competent and reiterate and reassert their confidence in, worthy men should be chosen, whether and adherence to the political creed pro-with or without party nominations. mulgated by Thomas Jefferson in his first In less than three months, the work is inaugural address, and practiced by Madito be accomplished, and it is therefore ex- | son, Mouroe, Jackson, Van Buren, Polk, pedient that the voters in the several and Pierce, in their administrations-that these principles require no concealment, and that experience has fully determined their applicability to all the interests of

the American people.

Resolved, That we have undiminished Division controversy, will remember that confidence in the ability and integrity of while they had 600 majority in Union, and Franklin Pierce, and his administration of

690 majority against Division, and the of the present State Administration, as possible. He then desired to know if estion raised there would defeat embodied in the acts passed by the recent all the friends who aided us in the gene- Legislature, and approved by the Governor, by which the interests of the State And those who are for reviving the two have been or are proposed to be seriously Whig parties and their Chairmen Messrs. and injuriously affected, contrast strongly Marshall and Merrill, and the two Demo- with the wise and judicious managemen eratic parties and their Chairmen Messrs. of the Government by Gov. Bigler, and Crotzer and Roush, must remember that tend to show the danger of entrusting the "Sam" could defeat four parties quite as control of the Commonwealth to the hands easily as he could two, and arrange accor- of men who are swayed by fanaticism and governed by prejudice

and united efforts to the election of Arnold Plumer, the candidate for Canal Commissioner, whom we have this day nominated without a dissenting voice.

Mr. Wright offered the following : Resolved, That every new State ought to be admitted into the Union with such a Constitution as a majority of the citizens thereof shall adopt, provided there is nothing therein conflicting with the Constitution of the United States; and whether such State shall have adopted or rejected slavery is not a matter of inquiry by the general Government. The adoption of any measure which would defeat this, is direct encroachment upon the popular sovereignty of such a State. That under these views which we believe to be correct, the bill enacting Kansas and Nebraska Territories, leaving the question of slavery with the people, was not only constitutional, but expedient and proper; and that we do hereby endorse and approve the same. On this amendment the year and mays were called to

On this amoudment the yeas and mays were called for, and resulted as follows:

Yas-Mesers, Adams, Anderson, Butler, Bowen, M. P. Boyer, R. Boyer, Blair, M. Crawford, G. A. Crawford, Offorth, Duffield, Finnery, Guthrie, Hammond, Hartzel, Houver, Hippla, Hays, J. G. Jones, Kester, Keenan, Lurd, Loomis, Mayuire, Maywell, J. S. Miller, P. K. Miller, Meylert, Maitland, Mayer, M'Carthy, M'Kinney, M'Barron, Palmer, Piath, Rutter, B. Reibly, Reed, Schell, J. M. Sherry, Scaright, Withington, Wheelet, Weaver, Wright, —46.

Sherry, Scaright, Withington, Wheeler, Weaver, Wright,

-16.

NAIN—Mesers Africks, Beidleman, Black Barnitz, Bare,
Baker, Brodhend, Bellis, Bowman, Brasken, Brawley,
Brooks, Beneali Burkholder, Clark, Chase, Carter, Danner, Ennis, Evans, Groham, Guetneey, Honceck, Hotter,
Hugus, Balloweil, Hager, Hotektor, Hubbeil Holiman,
Johnson, (Burks, Johnson, Christata, J. R. Jones, H. J.
Jones, I. James, B. W. C. James, Rerr, Ludlow, Lippin

ettl. Longenecker, Lathrop, Lippenfelter, Lockbart, D. R.
Miller, M.Knight, Orr. Pester, Rambo, Kankin, Smith,
Simon, Swart, Shriner, Wolf, Weiser, Worley, Yorkes—65.

So the amendment was not agreed to. Mr. Chase offered the following resolu-

Resolved, That the taking possession of the poils at the election for the organization of the Territory of Kansas by large bodies of men from Missouri, for the purof the Territory, was a gross infraction of the laws, and an outrage that calls for the severest reprobation of the American people, and we therefore most heartily enthe people of Kansas from violence and

A motion was made to lay the resolution on the table, and being put, was agreed

Mr. McKinney-I have the following resolution to offer:

Resolved, That the temperance question s one of morality solely, and morality must be educated not legislated into the mind. That the last Know Nothing Legislature in passing what is properly denominated the "jug law" did legislate upon a moral question, which deserves no place in our statute books and we therefore call for its unconditional repeal.

Mr. Johnson moved to lay the resoluion on the table.

Mr. Wright called for the yeas and nays on the motion, and they were ordered, and being taken resulted yeas 59, pays 35. Mr. Blair offered the following resolu-

Resolved. That in endorsing the Nebraska Kansas bill, the Democracy of Pennsyl-Pennsylvania was held in Harrisburg, 4th vania did not commit themselves to accept the lawless acts of armed and organized bands from adjoining States as an illustration of the doctrine of popular sovereignty, but intended only to affirm the great princandidate for Canal Commissioner, and on settlers of the territories to regulate their the nominations three votes were taken: own domestic affairs in their own way without interference from any quarter.

Before any action was taken on the redie, without electing a State Central Com-

The Outrage on Governor Reeder of Kansas.

pondence of the N. Y. Journal of Com KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 28, 1855. of intense excitement, by the attempted rey, being sick and confined to his room conversation, in which he dilated upon the influence and control he would have over the present Legislature, and the great excitement existing in Missouri against other duties pertaining to their offices.

None but sworn assistants should be altered the Governor—one being that the Governor—one being the Govern slaves in the Territory, or the uttering of abolition sentiments, and the other that he recommend in his message that the Legislature adjourn to Shawnee Mission, on the border of Missouri.

The Governor replied, that, although in favor of a free State, he was willing and thought it quite proper that temporary protection be given to slave property in the Territory, until the question be properly decided; but that he could not promise to sanction a bill he had never seen, and much less could be agree to a bill making the penalty for minor offences death, as he had heard proposed, and that he would not officially recommend the Legislature to adjourn to Shawnee Mission. At this the General became much excited, and endeavored to get up a quarperted to have been used by Gov. R. He was told that the use of such language Resolved. That the views and principles had been disavowed, and that as early as Gov. R. had represented Kansas as being conquered and subjugated by the citizens of Missouri; to which the Governor replied that he had. Stringfellow then inquired further, if the Governor had intended to charge him with any unlawful or dishonorable act, to which the Governor

in answer to another question by String- Joseph Glass & Samuel Slifer, Overseers produced the present state of things; and fellow, said that he considered such a course of conduct as unlawful and dis-

By this time, the excitement of Stringellow became very great, so much so as o attract several persons standing in front Am't expense of the door; and he on the spot gave the Governor a verbal challenge, which was mmediately declined, the Governor sayng that he was no subscriber to the dueling code. At this time the Governor was carelessly sitting with his chair balanced upon the two bind legs. Stringfellow advanced, and by putting his hand upon his shoulder, pushed him over, at the his feet, both gentlemen drawing their pistols, when Stringfellow was seized by Attorney General. his feet, both gentlemen drawing their pistols, when Stringfellow was seized by Attorney General Isaacks and Mr. Halderman, and the Governor dropped the muzule of his weapon, saying that he seorned busing Both.

Zele of his weapon, saying that he seorned busing Both.

E Trace Joeish defending. By the interference of the two gentlemen, the matter was calmed two gentlemen, the matter was calmed the grinspie were two gentlemen, the matter was calmed lown, and Stringfellow left.

To yourselves and your readers, I leave Hillseman Jacob E Hallowell Charles Hear Thomas Kilne Phebe E. Knettle Jonathan down, and Stringfellow left.

all comment on this most unparalleled Kine Daniel outrage, merely stating further, that E karr Daniel Stringfellow, who thus begins by attempting to intimidate the Governor of Kansas Territory, and failing in that personally assaults him, is a resident of Weston, Mo., Cash pd Treasurer of the work do Cash pd Treasurer of the 1874 of Nov. 18, 1864 and makes no pretence of living in the territory. It is generally believed that Bills for work a receipts do Cash pd the Treasurer Dec. 19 1854 pose of overawing the bona fide residents the Missourians have discovered that they Cash pd Tre will be unable to manage two-thirds of the Legislature, and thus avoid the Governors veto; and therefore, the conduct dorse the course pursued by the Hon. A. of the r acknowledged leader. During
H. Reeder, in his patriotic efforts to enforce the laws and protect the rights of the people of Kansas from violence and of the'r acknowledged leader. During and the friends of order and his friends

are very thankful that he refrained; for

are very thankful that he refrained; for are very thankful that he refrained; for had any injury, even the slightest, occur- Jun red to Stringfellow, in two hours a crowd would have been raised on the border against which resistance would have been useless, and no one can imagine what would have been the ultimate consequence. Respectfully yours, TRAVELER.

> we give in another column the roceedings of the recent Democratic State

The nominee, Mr. PLUMER, is of the Buchanan wing of the party—an inveterate old hunker and office-seeker—and not E lichars John supposed, from his location, to have any practical knowledge of the public works.

The platform presented, is very similar to that of last year. On the prominent E Glisty leght E Glistyle Wm.

to that of last year. On the prominent national question of Nebraskaism, and on Hittesman Jacob E Hallowell Charles the local issue of the Liquor law of last session, it refused to adopt any plain and decided resolutions, pro or con, but chose to present resolutions which-like those with which Gov. Bigler fell-may be interpreted to suit public opinion in various quarters. They even refused to denounce the ciple of the right of the actual bona fide infamous outrages by gangs of secret, oath- July 23. To cash reed of J Glass, collector, on dubound ruffians, upon the people of Kansas and a Pennsylvania Governor-acts of National and of State concern; but very solution, the Convention adjourned sine courageously adopted one against allowing colored men to vote in Pennsylvania!

Cautions to Postmasters.

[The Washington Union publishes the following gentle hints to Postmasters :) Delivery of Letters, de.-We understand frequent complaints against the de-The country is again thrown into a state partment grow out of the fact that postmasters too often, trusting only to their perpetration of an outrage upon the per- memories, tell persons there is no mail son of Gov. Reeder, at his quarters at matter for them when a subsequent example of J Glass mutation proves that there was. If post-Shawnee Mission, about nine miles from mination proves that there was. If postthis place. The facts, as I am able to masters would adhere strictly to the rule give them, are undoubtedly reliable. It of making a personal search every time appears that the Governor was sitting letters and papers are inquired for, there

alone in his office, his Secretary, Mr. Low- would be more despatch in their delivery. March 27, 1854. By Balance due Treasmer Postmasters' Asssistants to be Sworn .at the time, when the well-known Gen. Postmasters at small offices, we learn, are Stringfellow entered. He was courteously too much in the habit of permitting inreceived, and after a general preliminary competent members of their families, and

Loaning Newspapers.—Subscribers to sgainst Borough.

20. Sundry Bills per Supervisor rec. of Col.

21. Sundry Bills per Supervisor rec. of Col.

22. Jan. 1, 1855, Bal. of Frick & Siffers note pd by do Loaning Newspapers .- Subscribers to newspapers make complaint of the nonarrival of their papers, and in some instances intimate that the loss is coccasioned by the fact of the postmaster loaning to his neighbor the papers of others for perusal. The papers fail to be returned to their proper place, and hence the dissatisfaction. Postmasters are strictly forbidden to loan newspapers that are in their office for delivery.

The recent evidences that valuable letters sometimes are accidently thrown

ters sometimes are accidently thrown among the waste paper of the post offices, have induced Postmaster General CAM-PELL to issue an order directing a careful examination of all rubbish before the ffices are swept out. He charges Postmasters also to use all the wapping paper second time, if possible, for economy

New York, July 10 .- Captain Smith, late of the brig Julia Moulton, who pleaded guilty on the last indictment, on charge of serving on board a vessel engaged in transporting slaves from one foreign port to another, was sentenced this forenoon, to two years imprisonment from April last, (the time he pleaded guilty,) and to pay a fine of \$1000.

President Pierce, Ex-President Tyler, and Secretary Marcy, have all received Land Warrants for military services. The replied, that he believed and had said, that first was in the Mexican war, and the Gen. S. was mainly instrumental in creat- others in the war of 1812.

Resolved, That we pledge our party ing the excitement in Missouri which had Borough Settlement --- 1854.

By amount expended for support of Edw. O. Do
up to March 10, 1855
Am't expended for support of John Egbert Jr.
do Rebecca Hond
de Rebecca Hond
de Rebecca Hond
de Repert Jr.
do reiefof J. Smith
de do J. Leisenring
de support Sarah Kingan
de do Sarah Machamer
de do Marth Illies
do do Marth Illies
do do Hontah Illies
do do Louisa Hamen
presido for transient paupers
do cash pd for memorandum Boe
Bill pd Dr. Win Leiser for E. Donachy's child
Fose pd G. F. Miller, Esq., for atvice &c.
Uverseers salary for services for 1854
Exonerations on poer tax duplicate for 1854
Per centage of collecting do of 1854
To Balance due the Uverseers By amount expended for support of Edw. O. I up to March 10, 1855

on For tax for 1594.

30 Koon Francis

63 Let enring Joseph

44 Morton Namey Estate

22 E Milligan Wm.

22 Neuman John

23 Pose Joan Sent.

23 Poseth Henry

24 Reichley Jacob

2 Strickland Samuel

25 E Strickland Jeremia 2. Serickland Samuel
3. 6. Strickland Jerem
2. 6. Snyder Daniel
2. Smith Jemes
2. Smith Jemes
3. Spotts Michael
2. E. Stewart Wm. H.
2. Town Robert
2. Welsh C. dee'd.
4. E. Wilson Amand
2. Yest Harman
4. E. Zeiger Samuel

Joseph Glass, Collector-DR.

do Rall of Nose a time parasset 22 Cal. pd Treasurer
June 7 Ritt pd J. P. Ross by collector
Buil for work on alley pd Mrs. Metager
Am't tax per S. Shriner pd by collector
Am't de per Wm. Whiting do
Cash pd Treasurer
Exemenations on duplicate for 1854
or contact for collecting duslicate

E Adams John

13 Mann C B.
Angstath Golden dee'd

Berkley Matlida

E Breyman Mahlon

1 5 E Mosery James

Bowes C E Mrs.

1 40 E Mazwell Robb

Bell George

1 50 E Miligan Wm.

John Houghton, Treasurer-DR. " J Wolf 's receipt for repairs of bridge rec'd

rec'd of J Glass, collector

Nor. 18. "cash ree'd of J Ghass, collector

"sundry bills work reed "
cash ree'd of J Ghass "
"sandry bills work reed of "
29. "cash ree'd of J Ghass "
"sundry bills work ree'd "
Jan'y 1, 1855. Bal. of note and int. paid Frick, riller & Co. by collector
"bill paid David Ginter by collector
5. "sundry bills work, &c. ree'd of collector cash ree'd of J Ghass, collector "
"order paid O. N. Worden, ree'd of "
"bill paid Jos. Mabus, by "
Feb. 5. "cash ree'd of J Ghass "

Feb. 5. "cash ree'd of J Ghass "
16

sundry bills work ree'd of

April 26 By cash paid Jona. Nesbit note & int. sc 212 Ti April 2 by Cash pas Cash pas Cash pd S. S. Barton per receipt to Burgess 20 09 Cash pd H. C. Hickok per receipt to do 40 25 00 2 Memerandum Books for tax dublicates 62 May 26, Making out Berough tax duplicate for 1854 2 50 July 28, Cash pd L. Savings Institution to renew

1732 47 We the undersigned Auditors of the Borough of Lew jeburg do hereby certify that we have examined the foregoing accounts of the Borough for the year A. D. 1854 and find the same to be correct. Witness our hands the 7th day of June A. D. 1855.

JOHN B. 1855. JOHN WALLS, BEYERS AMMONS,

July 13, 1865 Adrift.

OTICE is hereby given that George J. Swarts, John Kimbell and John W. ner did on the 13th day of June, 1855, at New Columbia in Union county, take up owner, and the public in general, will please take notice. ROBERT CANDOR, J.P. White Deer Mills, June 26, 1855

WOOD FOR SALE. PPLY to A. K. Bell or John Chalfant. Full cords delivered. [May 10, 1865.

NOTICE is hereby given, that appli-located in the Borough of Selinsgrove, Snyder county, (lately part of Union) with general powers of discount and deposit, with a capital of one hundred thousand dollars, and power to increase the same to two hundred.

Jy6,'55] CITIZENS OF SELINSGROVE.

NOTICE.

A PPLICATION will be made to the next Legislature to change the name of the "Lewisburg Savings Institution," located at Lewisburg in the county of Union, to "THE LEWISBURG BANK," with One Hundred Thousand Dollars additional capital, and authority to issue their own notes for circulations. tion; subject to the provisions of the general banking laws of this Commonwealth.

By order of the Directors:
DAVID REBER, Treasurer.
Lewisburg, Pa., June 8, 1855.

The October Election.

LT Please bring out the name of our old friend Maj. Augustan Tuowas, of Winfield, for the consideration of our good people of Union county, for County Commissioner. We have to elect an entire Board, and as Maj. T. have to elect an entire Board, and as Maj. T. has had ample experience in the office his knowledge would be essential (with a new Clerk) in would be essential (with a new Part of the Clerk). Clerk) in getting matters well under weigh. We do not know as he wants any office, but consider it to be to our interest to elect him. PRIENDS.

Messrs. Editors-I have seen as yet but a few names suggested for the important office of County Commissioners, For two of those Commissioners, I would propose JACOB GUNDY and MARK HALFPENNY. Both are very competent and very worthy men, and both stood up for the people's rights at their own loss in the day of trial. The right has triumphed, and I know of no one I would sooner see elevated to an honorable and use-ful position.

M ESSRS. EDITORS: Permit me, through the columns of your paper, to recommend Mr. Hugh Wilson, of Miffinburg, as a suitable candidate at our next election for the office of Associate Judge. As Mr. Wilson is generally known throughout the county, it is unnecessary for me to press his claims, or dilate upon his fitness, but merely mention name, and leave the issue with the freemen of the county. [June 29] BUFFALOE. 1 o the Voters of Union County: As a can-

election in October next, we take pleasure in recommending Capt. George Schoch, of Mifflinburg, as a man qualified and worthy for that office. [June 28.] EAST BUFFALO.

County Treasurer.

T is to be presumed that after Division, the ancient Metropolis will no longer be able, y balancing Middlecreek against Buffalce, to get for her a monopoly of the County Offices.

Especially, it is thought, some Offices may be enjoyed hereafter by other Towns; and every Can obtain further information by applying to O.N. Wonner, Chronicle office, Lewisburg, ets one Office when New Berlin with 145 to 150 voters gets ten—may be entitled to an equal 150 voters gets ten-may be entitled to an equal share in those luxuries. It is also most probable that Lewisburg, as the residence of the Trensurer, would be most convenient to the Tax-Payers; and I would therefore recom-mend Mr. O. N. WORDEN for the office of County Treasurer. He has "suffered" in his long and arduous combatting of Metropolitan the third. A Kitchen and Washhouse adjoins. insolence, and is entitled to some remuneration.

June 20, '55—1wpd DIVISION.

MESSRS. EDITORS: In selecting a cardidate for County Commissioner, to be elected next October, allow me to suggest the name of JOHN SCHRACK, Esq., of East Buffaloe township, as a suitable man. All who know him are aware that there is no person in the county better qualified for filling that station. [June 15.] KELLY. 2 00 station.

100 the Voters of Union County: As a Sheriff is to be elected in this county, allow ALBRIGHT, of White Deer township. station, as all who know him will attest; and should he be elected, he will assuredly be a popular officer. [June 15.] WHITE DEER.

> To the Voters of Union County. LIELLOW CITIZENS-I offer myself as a

candidate for the Office of Sheriff. (subject to the decision of the Whig County, (subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention.) Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of said office with fidelity and impartiality.

DANIEL D. GULDIN, Kelly Tp, May 17, 1855 inpd

Mn. Wonner-It appears to me that the time has come when the citizens of Union county should suggest suitable persons to fill To balance due the Borough by the Treasurer \$12.95 filled with the most competent Officers. As one of the people I would suggest JOHN V. BARBER, Esq., of West Buffaloe township, to the suffrages of the voters of Union county, for



C. W. SCHAFFLE'S WHOLESALE and RETAIL Drug and Chemical Emporium, Market Street - - Lewisburg, Pa.

GEORGE T. COLE, DEALER in Pianos, Melodeons, and

all kinds of Musical Merchandise. Keeps constantly on hand, Hallet & Davis, Boston ; Lighte, Newton & Bradburys; and Bennett & Co., N. Y., PIANOS. Als Princes & Co.'s celebrated MELODEONS, prices from \$45 00 to \$150 00. Orders from a distance will meet with prompt attention. Second hand Pianos taken in ex-

Room directly opposite the Court House [April 4, '55-573m6

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

MOTICE is hereby given, that Letters of Administration on the estate of James signed, by the Register of Union county, in due form of law; therefore all persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment; and those having just claims are also requested to present them properly authenticated for settle

Washington Tp. Lycoming Co., JOHN SCHRACK.

Map of Union and Snyder Counties.

WARNISHED, with Wooden Rollers, and on Muslin, ready to be hung up. will be sent by the subscriber, postage paid: Township map, colored, for Geological "

The Division line is drawn on this Map, also FLAT of fifty feet six inches in length and hirteen feet one inch in width. Of which the principal Roads, and shows comparative distances, and the public in general, will please tances, it should be studied by all who are to vote on the location of the Seat of Justice. The Geological Map shows the strata of the

For cheaper copies of the Map. address Lewisburg, May 18, 1855.

Real Estate

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of Vend. Ex. isseed out of the Court of Common Pleas
of Union county, will be exposed to Public
Sale on the premises in White Deer Tp., Union Co., Pa., on Tuesday, the 7th day of August next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following
described property, to wit:
The undivided one-fifth part of a certain
tract of land structs in White Deer township.

tract of land situate in White Deer township, Union county, containing twenty acres, more or less, bounded on the east by Dr. W.H. Marr, on the north by H. M'Clufe, and on the west and south by H. High, wherein is erected a five storcy frame Woolen Factory, with

the appurtenances. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of AARON MESSINGER.

JOHN KESSLER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, New Berlin, July 9, 1855.

A FARM AT PRIVATE SALE. A FARM belonging to the Helrs of URIAH SILSBY deceased, containing

about 215 Acres of good land, situated in Kelly township, Union county, adjoining lands of Laird Howard, Isaac Kling and others, on which is erected a Two Storey Frame Duelling House, a large Bank Barn and all necessary Out-buildings, with several Springs of never-failing good water near the

ples, Peaches, &c. &c.
The land woold suit very well to divide in

Two Farms, as a good proportion of Meadow can be allotted to each Farm. Le Terms can be made easy, as One-Third

of the amount may remain on the property.

For further particulars, you are referred to John Walls, Lewisburg; Thomas Clingan, near the premises, or to Robert Hayes, near Milton, Northumberland county.

12 The above described property, if not

sold before Tuesday, the 2d day of October next, will then be offered at Public Sale on the premises at 10 o'clock of said day.
ROBERT HAYES, one of the Ezr's. June 29, 1855.

A Valley Farm of Limestone Land, COMPRISING about 163 Acres, for BALE. Said Farm is in one of the best Wheat-growing vallies in Central Pennsylva-nia, within two miles (over a Bridge) to a Rail-

road, accessible to Markets, in an eminently healthy neighborhood, near to Mills, Stores, Church and School Houses, and in the midst of an intelligent and respectable population.
The Improvements are a first-class BANK
BARN 80 by 45 feet, with a fair Mansion
House, Wagon house, Corn house, and

cther (suitable Outbuildings. It has a large Apple Orchard, and Peach and Pear trees &c. sufficient for ordinary use.

The Farm is all cleated except about one acre (and pienty of Woodland in the immedi-ate vicinity.) all of Limestone soil, and as the owner thinks is not surpaised for natural productive qualities by any in the State.

That large and desirable property on the corner of Market and Water streets, well calculated for a residence, for business, or for a residence and place of business.

There is a large BRICK House containing 4 large rooms on the first floor, 6 bed-rooms on the second floor, and 2 large finished rooms on

There are also a spacious Cellar, large Cement Cistern, a Pump, and Well of good water, a Stable, and all necessary Outbuildings.

For terms &c. apply to Geo. P. Miller, Esq. Lewisburg, Sept. 28 1880 8. E.DAVIS

AYER'S PILLS. L'OR all the purposes of a

FAMILY PHYSIC. THERE has long existed a public demand for an flective purgative pill which could be relied on as ure and perfectly safe in its operation. This has een prepared to meet that demand, and an extensure and perfectly safe in its operation. This has been prepared to meet that demand, and an extensive trial of its virtues has conclusively shown with what success it accomplishes the purpose designed. It is easy to make a physical pill, but not easy to make the best of all pills — one which should have none of the objections, but all the advantages, of every other. This has been attempted here, and with what success we would respectfully submit to the public decision. It has been unfertunate for the patient hitherto that almost every purgative medicine is acrimonious and irritating to the bowels. This is not. Many of them produce so mach griping pain and revulsion in the system as to more than counterbalance the good to be derived from them. These pills produce no irritation or pain, unless it arise from a previously caisting obstruction or derangement in the bowels. Being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity; but it is better that any medicine should be taken judiciously. Minute directions for their use in the several diseases to which they are applicable are given on the box. Among the complaints which have been speedily cured by them, we may mention liver Complaint, in its various forms of Jaundice, Indigestion, Languer and Loss of Appetite, Listlessness, Irritability, Bilious Headache, Bilious Fever, Fever and Ague, Pain in the Side and Loins; for, in truth, all these are but the consequence of diseased action in the Ever. As an aperient, they afford prompt and sure relief in Contiveness, Piles, Colic, Dysentery, Humors, Scrottla and Scurry, Colds with soreness of the body Ulcers and impurity of the blood; in short, any and every case where a purgative is required.

They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Brysipelas, Palpitation of the Heart, Pains in the Black, Stomach, and Side. They should be freely taken in the suring of the year, to purify the blood and prepare the system for the change of seasons. An occasional dose

necessary dosing should never be carried too far, as every purgative medicine reduces the strength, when taken to excess. The thousand cases in which a physic is required cannot be enumerated here, but they suggest themselves to the reason of every body; and it is confidently believed this pill will answer a better purpose than any thing which has hitherto been available to mankind. When their virtues are once known, the public will no longer doubt what remedy to employ when in need of a cathartic medicine.

JAMES C. AYER, Practical and Analytical Chemist, Lowell, Mass.
Price 25 Cents per Box. Five Boxes for \$1.

AVER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, For the cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Whooping-Cough, Croup, Asthma,

and Consumption. Twin remedy has won for itself such not This remedy has won for itself such notoriety from its cures of every variety of pulmonary disease, that it is entirely unnecessary to recount the cridences of its virtues in any community where it has been employed. So wide is the field of its used the same of the cases of its cure, that almost every section of the country abounds in persons publicly known, who have been restored from alarming and even desperate diseases of the lungs by its use. When once tried its superiority over every other medicine of its kind is too apparent to escape observation, and where its virtues are anown, the public no longer heartate what antidote to employ for the distressing and dangerous affections of the pulmonary organs which are incident to employ for the distressing and danger incident to employ for the distressing and danger incident to our climate. And not only in formidable at-tacks upon the lungs, but for the milder varieties of Collis, Corons, Hoarsness, &c.; and for CHILDREN it is the pleasuntest and safest modicine that can be obtained.

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D ply of Oranges, Lemons, Raisins, Pigs,ete
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