Lewisburg Chronicle.

BY O. N. WORDEN & J. R. CORNELIUS.

JUNE 15, 1855.

To Business Men.—The LEWISBURG CHRONICLE as the largest and best circulation of any Newspaper Union County.

Editorial Correspondence of Lewisburg Chronicle.

HARRISBURG, June 13, 1855.

The regular volume of all the laws passed at the late session of the legislature and approved by the Governor, is now printed and ready for distribution. They will be sent out as soon as they can be boxed and delivered to the contractor. An advance copy has been sent to the Prothonotary of each county in the State, in order that the Bar and the public might, to that extent, derive the earliest benefit of the publication.

The Supreme Court has adjourned. The Beale case was argued before them, but no opinion has yet been delivered.

The weather is quite cool—the river high—town quiet and dull—no local news, and no time for my hands to tell it, if there was.

Hope the Junior enjoys his polite visit to the county seat. [Well, we did enjoy it, Major!—JR.] H. C. H.

[For the Chronicle.

MESSRS. EDITORS: The great agony is over.....In obedience to the mandate of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Union County, issued at the instance of some twenty New Berlin men, petitioners and "affidavit makers," the "citizens of Union county, and all persons interested therein," (and the rest of mankind) appeared at the Court House, on last Tuesday morning.

When the Court was opened, they were confronted by the above petitioners, &c., headed by Old NER in the pigeon hole, and assisted by eminent counsel, the Hon. A. G. Parker, from Juniata, and J. W. Comly, of Montour, and all the New Berlin bar except Charley, who had an engagement in the camp. The citizens, however, nothing abashed, entered their appearance by Messrs. Casey, Miller, Hill, Simpson, Packer and Linn. After the complaint was presented by the contestants, Mr. Casey, on behalf of the respondants, moved to quash the whole proceeding, reading to the Court specific exceptions showing that the allegations of the petition and specifications were *indefinite, frivolous, and unfounded*, and showing no reason, even if true, for the Court to go into an investigation of the *falsehood, frauds and erroneous proceedings* of some hundred of sworn officers who held the election. The question was argued all day by Messrs. Miller and Casey for the motion, and Messrs. Comly and Parker against it. The counsel for the contestants gave up the constitutional question on the ground that if the act was unconstitutional, they had no right to petition the Court under an unconstitutional law, and I may add, if the question had been raised and decided by the Court in their favor, the result would be no better; as the only point that can be considered unconstitutional (and that is not) is the clause submitting the repeal of the law to the people. If that was so declared, then the law stands perfect in itself, cleared of the unconstitutional excrescence put upon it by the "affidavit makers" themselves.

After argument, the Court adjourned till next morning, when the Court (Wilson, P. J.) delivered a very logical and well written opinion, declaring in substance what was so ably contended for by the counsel for the people—that there was in a legal form only thirty-six voters specified to be illegal, into which an investigation could be gone, and as that would not change the result of the election, the Court did not feel authorized to put the county to any further costs, in detaining the people any longer at the Metropolis.

After the decision was announced, Mr. Weirick, without making a motion, preached the funeral sermon on the text of the Chapman box, alleging that seventy voters *had been deprived of voting* by not finding the election house, as the election officers sat in a school house that stands on the opposite side of a fifteen feet alley from the house of Isaac Rumfelt, *at* which the election is authorized to be held.

After the sermon was over, Mr. Parker moved that the specification be amended so as to say the election was not held *in* the house of Isaac Rumfelt, but in the school house, which the Court permitted, then decided that *that* was still insufficient.

Mr. Casey then moved that the Court certify, under the act of Assembly, that the complaint was frivolous and unfounded, which would authorize the Commissioners to collect the costs from the "affidavit makers." When this motion was made, Mr. Slenker, who had not heretofore said anything in the case, leaving all the labor on the foreign counsel, turned red and white, and uttered an elaborate speech, showing most conclusively that the "affidavit makers" of New Berlin were the most patriotic men in Union county; that their labors were purely *pro bono publico*, and ought not to be mulcted in the costs, but *the costs should all be paid by the county*, amounting (one of the Commissioners says) to $1,000, the eloquence of which speech induced Judges Wilson and Wittenmyer (Marshall dissenting) to do accordingly. SPECTATOR.

☞ So far as our observation extends, the fruit crop in this region promises well. It was thought that the continued cold weather and heavy frosts had damaged the earlier species, but there will probably be an average crop of all sorts.

☞ The Jersey Shore *News Letter* has picture in it which they say is a portrait of "Sam." Can hardly believe he is so queer a looking chap, but presume the editors have seen him, and, therefore, know how he looks. The 'pictur' has a striking resemblance to the amiable junior of that paper as he appeared to us, once upon a time, when, with one eye closed and a black 'clout' over his head, he drew a bead on our phiz through a camera obscura.

HYDROPHOBIA.—A correspondent of the New York *Tribune* says, that the account of the recent melancholy death by hydrophobia in the City Hospital has excited some little interest in the community, so that it will not be out of place to state that this formidable disease may be cured, and that there are remedies for this affection as near specifics as there are in the catalogue of medicines.

Since Dr. Griscom has stated in his recent communication that "unhappily there is yet no known antidote to this mysterious poison, and the symptoms can only be treated on general principles," we feel disposed to say that there has been quite a number of cases cured, even after the spasm have continued some time, by the use of the *lobelia inflata* and the vapor bath.

The tincture or the decoction of this plant may be administered in large doses and continued for some hours or days as the spasms continue or decrease. In the name of humanity, let these remedies be tried if another case occurs in this city.—*Philada. Daily News.*

LIABILITIES OF INSURANCE COMPANIES.—A suit has just been decided in New York, which touches the liabilities of insurance companies. Harper & Brothers publishers, had their publication office destroyed last year. The fire was supposed to have originated in the room where rollers were cleaned with camphene. A company resisted the payment of their policy on the ground that the use of camphene was prohibited. The use of camphene was merely incidental in the mechanical department, and the plaintiffs contended was not such as was intended to be prohibited. The Jury sustained this view and rendered a verdict of $1,472, with costs.

NEW ORLEANS, June 12.—The steamship Orizaba, arrived to-day from Vera Cruz, bringing dates from the city of Mexico to the 2d inst.

Santa Anna had taken possession of Zamora, which the Insurgents left on his approach. The fugitives were pursued and completely routed, not less than two thousand prisoners having been captured.

Santa Anna returned to Morelia on the 21st of May, and left again on the 23d for Aves, where another party of Insurgents, numbering 2500 men, were posted. Several smaller bands of Revolutionists have also been routed by the Government troops.

☞ The weather is still cool for the season.

Arrival of the Atlantic.

NEW YORK, June 13.—The steamship Atlantic, Capt. West, arrived at 9 o'clock this morning, with Liverpool dates to the 3d inst., one week later than before received.

She brings intelligence that the Allies have captured Kertch, in the sea of Azoff, and also the Russian Camp on Tebernays, besides being successful in a number of brilliant actions before Sebastopol.

The news from the seat of war is the most important since the intelligence of the battle of Alma.

The news comprises three distinct successes by the Allies:

Firstly.—The French, in a series of sanguinary conflicts, lasting the whole nights of the 22d and 23d of May, took and retained an important position of defence, the Place d' Armee, before Sebastopol.

Not fewer than 8,000 men were killed or wounded mostly by the bayonet.

Secondly. The Allies made a rapid advance, and seized and retained the Russian lines on the Tebernoya, without much loss. The Russians retreating to the hills.

Thirdly. The secret expedition of the Allies has obtained easy possession of Kertsch, and thus commands the Sea of Azoff, in which are now fourteen Allied Steamers.

The Russians on the approach of the Allies blew up the forts and burned four steamers, thirty transports, and half a million sacks of breadstuffs.

France and England have declined any further conferences at Vienna.

The French have established a camp at Tchourgoun, and it is said that Belgium will furnish twenty thousand men.

By the previous arrival we had a brief announcement of the French having driven the Russians from a strong position of defence, the Place d' Armee, before Sebastopol, which occurred during the nights of the 22d and 23d.

It was a most sanguinary affair, the position being defended by nearly the entire garrison. The total loss on both sides in killed and wounded, is set down at 8,000.

Gen. Pelissier says the Russian loss is enormous, and that of his own troops considerable, though much less. The French still retain their position.

The sanitary condition of the army is good.

It is rumored in Paris that Gen. Pelissier has attacked and routed the Russian army under Gen. Liprandi. Gen. Canrobert is also reported to have been wounded, and another General killed. The rumor is regarded as doubtful.

A despatch from Lord Reglan on the 30th, says that letters from General Brown and Admiral Lyons, dated the 29th, announce the destruction by the enemy of four Russian war steamers and large depots of corn.

The allied ships have succeeded in blowing up and destroying about 100 merchant vessels. Only one Russian steamship remained in Azoff.

Seven hundred and forty-six Russian prisoners are in the hands of the English, while the Russians have but 108 privates and 10 officers belonging to the British No returns of the French prisoners.

For the Lewisburg Chronicle.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—While reading the last number of your interesting paper, my attention was arrested by a very learned and able communication from our citizens "Many," in regard to the health of our people generally, and especially those living along "Cherry Alley." The facts therein set forth are of a startling character, and show plainly, that our Town Council have been guilty of a great wrong, and ought to be arraigned before the public, and made to show cause why the sentence of political death should not be forthwith pronounced upon them; for what right have they to devote their time and attention mainly to the fixing of one or two streets each year? Why not fix all the streets and alleys at once, in a single year? What if it did cost fifteen or twenty thousand dollars to do it? Who cares for expense, when health is at jeopardy? But no, this would not answer their purpose, for they know very well, that if they were to pursue that course, that the work would soon all be done and that the people would find they had no further use for them, and then their *fat salaries* would be stopped, and they would not sit at their ease, and smoke their Havanas at the public's expense, but we'd have to buy their own tobacco, or do without it; so we need not hope for any such reform.

I know of more than forty places in town, that needs fixing very much; besides the people living in the vicinity of each are willing and anxious to have it done; not only so, but I have no doubt they would be willing to affirm that their respective locality is in a worse condition than any place in town; and they would be willing, too, to sign a petition setting forth their greviances if they thought it would do any good; but then, others have tried that; and still things remain the same. It is altogether too provoking to have our wishes thus disregarded, by those who are indebted to us for their elevation to place and power. But so it is, and has been, for more than thirty years. I would suggest to "Many," as the only chance I see, of changing this state of things, to meet together and hold an indignation meeting, and pass a lot of resolutions that would come down on the Council and that *body* that does their leveling, like a thousand of brick. It seems to me, that would bring them to their feelings, if any thing would. What say you? shall we try the experiment? Should you conclude on this course, please let me know in time, for I have on hand any quantity of *indignation* all ready for the occasion, and I think I can manifest it in a way that will do honor to the whole party.

Yours in trouble, ONE.

P. S. Since writing the above, I have thought the matter over more *coolly*, and as a natural consequence, have came to a different conclusion. I now see plainly that the whole difficulty has arisen from a mistake on the part of nature, in having two hills so near the centre of a large and flourishing town like this! with a hollow between them, right where "Cherry Alley" is located, and that, too, without sufficient fall to carry off the water freely, that would naturally collect there. Now if these two hills, had been made, without any hollow between them, "Cherry Alley" would have been high and dry, and the present difficulty entirely obviated. Not only so, but if water had been so constituted, that it would have run up hill, as well as down, (when it was desirable to have it do so,) then we could have had as many of these hills and hollows, (so beautiful in the eyes of some folks) as we chose and, still, drain them all completely, without any reference to fall. In either case it is plain, that the cause of complaint could not have existed a single hour beyond our pleasure. I know, many people think Nature never makes any mistakes. But I feel confident, they cannot fail to see, from what has already been said, that there is at least, some reason, to doubt the correctness of such a position. But the greatest mistake of all, consists in so forming the human nose, that we never can smell any thing offensive or disagreable, so long as it is on our own premises; nor, until it gets into the public Street, or "Alley", when it suddenly becomes exceedingly obnoxious, and even dangerous, as a source of contagion and disease. Now it is a well known fact, to "many" citizens from other parts of the town, who have visited the said ally, that a number of tributaries, emanating, to all appearance, from with n the inclosures of sundry persons in the vicinity, smell quite as bad, if not worse, than the alley itself; and they further think it could hardly be expected that a pure stream would flow from an impure fountain. It is a source of regret to "many" outsiders, that those insiders can not discover how offensive they are, until they reach the alley. But then they are all afraid to say any thing about it, for fear of giving offence; hence "Many" think it much easier and safer, to whip them over the Council's shoulders, and thus produce the desired change, without incurring any risk in fact they are not to blame, if the focal distance of their olfactory organs is too great, for how could they help it? If some one could get them to distribute a little unslacked lime along near the fountain heads occasionally, it would doubtless have a purifying effect on both sides of the fence; but I can hardly expect that the opinion of One would accomplish much among so "Many"

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Union County Agricultural Society, held at the office of G. F. Miller, Esq., in Lewisburg, on the 26th day of May, 1855, the following List of Premiums was arranged, end adopted.

PREMIUMS FOR 1855.

Horses.

For best Stallion—to be paid when he has been kept within the limits of the Society one service season	$9 00
2d best, same conditions	3 00
best Breeding Mare, one or more of her colts to be shown	3 00
2d best, same conditions	2 00
best Gelding Horse, not over 7 years	3 00
2d best	2 00
best 3 years old Colt	2 00
2d best do.	1 00
best 2 years old Colt	2 00
2d best do.	1 00
best sucking Horse Colt	1 50
2d best do.	1 00
best sucking Mare Colt	1 50
2d best do.	1 00

Plowing Match.

best Plowing, regard being had to the the skill of workmen and discipline of teams as well as execution of the work, rather than time, provided it be done within a reasonable time	3 00
2d best	2 00
best done by a boy under 20 years of age	2 00
2d best	1 00

Neat Cattle.

best Bull, not under 2 nor over 5 years old, kept within the limits of the Society one service season	3 00
2d best, same conditions	2 00
best Bull Calf	2 00
best Cow for all purposes, 2 of her calves to be shown as evidence of her breeding, and full statements in writing of her Dairy qualities	3 00
2d best, same conditions	2 00
best 2 or more Dairy Cows, owned and kept by one person, written statements of age, breed, yield, &c., to be rendered, "Penn'a Farm Journal" one year, or	2 00
best 2 year old Heifer, F. J. and	1 00
2d best, F. J.	
Cow giving greatest amount of Butter	2 00
2d best, F. J.	
best Cow for stock	2 00
2d best, F. J.	
best 1 year old Heifer	1 50
2d best, F. J.	
best stock of Neat Cattle belonging to one farm, not less than 10 head, F. J. and	1 50
2d best, F. J.	

Oxen and Steers.

best pair of oxen, 4 years old or more	3 00
2d best	2 00
best yoke Steer Calves, J. or	1 00

Teams.

best team of oxen from any one township 8 pairs or more 4 years old or more	8 00
best span of working Horses	4 00
2d best	2 00
best span of Matched Horses	3 00
2d best $1 and F. J.	

Sheep.

best French Merino Buck, kept within the Society limits 2 years	5 00
best Buck of any other breed	2 00
best 6 Ewe Sheep, J. and $1 or	2 00
best 6 Lambs	2 00

Swine.

best Boar	3 00
2d best	2 00
best Sow, with one or more of her pigs to be shown, F. J. and $2 or	3 00
2d best, F. J. and $1 or	2 00
best 5 or more pigs, 2 to 10 weeks old F. J. and $1 or	2 00
2d best	1 00
best 2 pigs, F. J. and $1 or	2 00
3d best, F. J. or	1 00

Poultry.

best pair Shanghai Chickens	75
2d best	25
best pair Chittagongs	75
2d best	25
best pair Cochin Chinas	75
2d best	25
best pair Polish	75
2d best	25
best pair of any other breed	75
2d best	25
best pair Turkeys	1 00
2d best	50

Crops.

best 5 acres Winter Wheat	5,00
2d best, J. and	3,00
3d best	2,00
best bushel Wheat	1,50
2d best	50
best acre Spring Wheat	1 50
best 5 acres Rye	3 00
2d best	2 00
best 5 acres Indian Corn	5 00
2d best	3 00
3d best	2 00
best acre do do F. J. and	50
2d best F. J.	
best bushel Corn in ears	1 00
2d best	50
best 5 acres Oats	2 00
2d best	1 00
best bushel Oats	50
best bushel Buckwheat	50
best 3 acres Barley	2 00
2d best	1 00
best crop Potatoes, not under ½ acre	3 00
2d best	2 00
best bushel Sweet Potatoes	1 00
do Common Potatoes	50
best 2 acres Turnips	2 00
best bushel Turnips	50
best ½ acre Carrots	2 00
best ½ acre Beets	2 00
best bushel Beets	50
best ½ acre Ruta Baga Turnips	2 00
best ½ acre Beans, F. J. and	50
2d best	1 00
best peck Beans	50
best peck Peas	50
best lot Cabbage	50
best 2 Pumpkins	1 00

Fruit.

best lot Winter Apples, not under 4 kinds, a peck of each kind, all raised by the person presenting J. &	1 00
2d best J.	
best variety Apples not under 10 kinds or less than 2 bushels in all, J. and	1 00
best ½ bushel Apples	1 00
best specimens Pears	1 00
best specimens Plums 3 or more kinds	1 00
best peck Quinces	1 00
best peck Peaches	1 00
best lot Grapes, 5 lbs. or more	1 00

Dairy Products.

best 10 lbs. or more Butter, a silver butter knife and	2 00
2d best	
best Cheese, 25 lbs. or more	2 00
best lot Honey, 25 lbs. or more	1 00

Flour and Bread.

best Barrel of Wheat Flour	1 00
best 50 lbs. Buckwheat Flour	1 00
best specimen of Flour Bread, with written statement of manner of making it	1 00
best Rye and Indian, same conditions.	1 00

Household Manufactures.

best Fulled Cloth, 10 yards or more.	2 00
2d best	1 00
best Wool Flannel, 10 yards or more	1 00
2d best	50
best Cotton and Wool do ten yards or more	1 00
best Woolen Yarn Carpeting five yards or more	2 00
2d best	1 00
best Rag Carpeting, 6 yards or more	1 00
2d best	50
best Hearth Rug	1 00
best ½ doz. pairs Men's Woolen Half Hose	50
best Woolen Shawl	1 00
2d best	50
best pound Woolen Yarn	50
best Quilt	2 00
2d best	1 00
best Bedspread	1 00
2d best	50
best specimen Needlework	1 00
2d best	50
best Lame Mat	50
best hook Tippet	50
best Wrought Shoes	50
best 2 pairs Mittens	50
best specimen raised Worsted work	50
best straw Hats, 6 or more	1 00
best Specimen Soap, 5 lbs. or more	1 00

Manufactured Articles.

best single Wagon	3 00
best specimen Cabinet Work	2 00
best Dress Coat	2 00
best Vest	50
best Wagon Harness	1 00
best ½ doz. Calf Skins finished	1 00
best ½ doz. Rip Skins	1 00
best ½ doz. other Sole Leather	1 00
best lot finished Leather any other kind	1 00
best ½ doz. pairs Thick Boots	1 00
best 2 pairs pegged Calf Boots	1 00
best 2 pairs ladies' Kid Shoes	1 00

Agricultural Implements.

best improved Sward Plow	3 00
2d best	1 00
best improved Seed Plow	2 00
2d best	1 00
best Subsoil Plow	1 00
best Grain Reaper	2 00
best Grass Cutter	2 00
best Grain Drill	2 00
best Corn Drill	1 00
best Fanning Mill	1 00
best Cultivator	1 00
best Harrow	50
best Roller	1 00
best four-wheel Horse Rake	1 00
best Hay Spreader	2 00
best portable Cider Mill	1,00
best portable Clover Huller	2 00
best doz. Scythes	1 00
best doz. Hay Forks	1 00
best ½ doz. Manure Forks	1 00
best ½ doz. Shovels	1 00
best ½ doz. Hoes	1 00
best ½ doz. Narrow Axes	1 00
any new and useful improvement in any farm machine, or implement, from $1 to $5, according to its value, at the discretion of the Committee.	
any new and useful improvement in any household machine, implement or article of furniture calculated to lighten the labor of females from $1 to $5.	

Manure.

two 1 horse loads composed Manure, best quality, prepared at a least expense, by any new process, a statement in writing to be given of materials used, mode of preparation, expense, &c., a specimen to be exhibited at the Fair 4 00

2d best 3 00

Farm Accounts.

best account of Farm Operations for the season, giving the management of stock, crops, any improvement in fencing, plowing, seeding, cultivating and harvesting crops, together with expense and income of the farm, to be presented to the Committee on Crops on or before the first Monday in January next, and premium awarded by them 3 00

greatest profits from any acre of land in any crop or crops, full statement in writing of expense of labor, manure, &c., with true value of crop, certified under oath, J. and 2 00

2d best 2 00

The same animal or article shall take the same premium in the same class but once, nor be allowed to take a lower premium in rank than has previously been taken by the same.

The several Committees shall have liberty to recommend Honorary Premiums, to be paid by the Executive Committee as they may deem the funds of they society will warrant, and also to award Diplomas to such contributors as they may deem worthy of that notice.

Editors who publish these proceedings to be Honorary Members, and exempted from the payment of any admission fee.

The October Election.

MESSRS. EDITORS: In selecting a candidate for County Commissioner, to be elected next October, allow me to suggest the name of JOHN SCHRACK, Esq., of East Buffaloe township, as a suitable man. All who know him are aware that there is no person in the county better qualified for filling that station. [June 15.] KELLY.

TO the Voters of Union County: As a Sheriff is to be elected in this county, allow me to recommend as a candidate, Mr. L. P. ALBRIGHT, of White Deer township. Mr. A. is well qualified in every respect for that station, as all who know him will attest; and should he be elected, he will assuredly be a popular officer. [June 15.] WHITE DEER.

To the Voters of Union County.

FELLOW CITIZENS—I offer myself as a candidate for the Office of **Sheriff**, (subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention.) Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of said office with fidelity and impartiality.

DANIEL D. GULDEN.

Kelly Tp, May 17, 1855 tmpd

For the Lewisburg Chronicle.

MR. WORDEN—It appears to me that the time has come when the citizens of Union county should suggest suitable persons to fill the Offices of the county to be elected at the ensuing October election. By doing so in time, it will be more likely that those offices will be filled with the most competent Officers. As one of the people I would suggest JOHN V. BARBER, Esq., of West Buffaloe township, to the suffrages of the voters of Union county, for the office of **Associate Judge** of said county. LEWISBURG.

May 25, 1855 tf.

Proclamation to the Citizens of

Lewisburg and Vicinity.

Pulvermacher's Hydro-Electric Voltaic Chains,

CONSTRUCTED to be worn next to the skin, producing a constant current of electro magnetism, effecting *immediate relief from all acute pains*, and a

Permanent Cure of all Neuralgic Diseases.

PULVERMACHER'S ELECTRIC CHAINS

Were first used in France, three years since, for the cure of nervous diseases, so far after being submitted to the most thorough trial in every hospital in Paris by the most learned Professors in that city, they were recommended to the Government of France, which granted a patent for the discovery. During the year 1853-4, they were introduced in Germany, Austria, Prussia and England, and one year since introduced and patented by the U. S. Government.

Most astonishing cures of

Rheumatism,	St. Vitus' Dance,
Painful and swelled Joints,	Palpitation of the Heart,
Neuralgia of the Face,	Partial or Total Blindness,
Deafness, Blindness,	Pains from Indigestion,
Hysterics, Dyspepsia,	Uterine Pains,

Every Disease, called Nervous,

is quickly and rapidly cured, by simply wearing the Chain for a few hours each day.

The Chains were first introduced in the city of New York, where they were exhibited to Profs. Valentine Mott, Van Buren, Post, Cunningham, who readily discovered that they possessed

Strange and Singular Powers of

INSTANTLY RELIEVING PAINS,

whenever applied, and by their recommendation and influence they were introduced into the different hospitals of New York, and are now in daily use in those Institutions in the treatment of the cure of the above-named diseases.

No Other Medical Agent

in the world can produce so many well authenticated certificates of cure from Scientific Physicians and Intelligent Patients as may be found in each pamphlet, which may be obtained (gratis) at the Drug Store of Tuno S. Canter, who is sole agent for Mifflinburg and vicinity, and who will explain the manner of use to any one who may apply.

In the city of New York, at the General Office, 568 Broadway, there are daily being sold from 40 to 60 chains and the sale and demand in Boston is as great in proportion to the population, although they have only been introduced three months.

The Chains are easily worn, and are equally applicable to all classes of persons—the child as well as the adult, and are always ready for use—never get out of repair, and as much an article of ornament as they are of a valuable means of cure.

The Chains can be sent by mail to any part of the U. States, and can be obtained in all the principal cities in the Union. Physicians are requested to examine them.

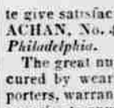
CAUTION TO LADIES.—Ladies who are enceinte are requested not to use them only for a few moments at each time of applying, for by long continued use, miscarriage is frequently produced.

JOSEPH STEWART, Gen. Agent, 568 Broadway, New York.

CHRIST & CALDWELL, Agents, Lewisburg, Union Co. Pa.

1y522d8]

Trusses, Supporters,



LACE STOCKINGS, Shoulder Braces, and all other Surgical Apparatus and Bandages, applied and warranted to give satisfaction, by Dr. and Mrs. M'CLENACHAN, No. 44 North SEVENTH Street, *Philadelphia.*

The great number of Females relieved and cured by wearing Mrs. M'Clenachan's Supporters, warrants her in commending them as superior to anything of the kind ever offered to the public [1y517d5d]

C. W. SCHAFFLE'S

WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Drug and Chemical Emporium,

Market Street - - - Lewisburg, Pa.

Real Estate.

A desirable business Property for sale.

THE MILL CREEK Property, Huntingdon Co., Pa., will be sold at Public Sale, on TUESDAY, 28th June next.

☞ A Lithographic Diagram, with a description of the property, can be seen at the counting room of Messrs. Brooke, Tyson & Rein, and Humphreys, Hoffman & Rouse, Philadelphia, also at the 'Lewisburg Chronicle' office.

Terms favorable.

KESSLER & BRO.

Mill Creek, Pa., May 10, 1855

A Valley Farm of Limestone Land,

COMPRISING about 163 ACRES, for SALE. Said Farm is in one of the best Wheat-growing valleys in Central Pennsylvania, within two miles (over a Bridge) to a Railroad, accessible to Markets, in an eminently healthy neighborhood, near to Mills, Stores, Church and School Houses, and in the midst of an intelligent and respectable population.

The Improvements are a first-class BANK BARN 80 by 45 feet, with a fair Mansion House, Wagon house, Corn house, and all other suitable Outbuildings. It has a large Apple Orchard, and Peach and Pear trees &c., sufficient for ordinary use.

The Farm is all cleared except about one acre (and plenty of Woodland in the immediate vicinity,) all of Limestone soil, and as the owner thinks is not surpassed for natural productive qualities by any in the State.

It will be sold wholly, or a portion of 80 to 100 acres, as might suit a purchaser.

☞ Any cash man wishing such a property can obtain further information by applying to O. N. WORDEN, *Chronicle* office, Lewisburg. 1480

Estate of Abraham Aurand, dec'd.

NOTICE is hereby given that Letters Testamentary on the estate of Abraham Aurand, late of East Buffaloe township, dec'd, have been granted by the Register of Union county to the subscribers, resident in said township; and therefore all persons having claims or demands against the estate of said decedent are requested to make known the same without delay, and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment.

ABRAHAM AURAND,
JOHN AURAND,
Ex'rs of last will and test. of A. Aurand, dec'd.

East Buffaloe, Feb. 10, 1855

NOTICE.

WE beg leave to introduce ourselves to the citizens of LEWISBURG and vicinity, as extensive Miners and Shippers of

White Ash Anthracite Coal,

At Lancaster Colliery, Northumberland Co. Pa.

where we have extensive improvements, and are prepared to offer to the public a very superior article, particularly suited to the manufacture of Iron and making Steam. Our sizes of Coal are—

LUMP } for Smelting purposes.
STEAMBOAT } for do. and Steamboats.
BROKEN }
EGG } for Family Use and Steam.
STOVE }
NUT }
PEA } for Lumeburners and Steam.

Our Point of Shipping is SUNBURY, where arrangements are made to load Boats without any delay.

COCHRAN, PEALE & CO.

J. J. Cochran, Lancaster — Ezra Sturgis, Lancaster
C. W. Peale, Shamokin — H. Rheinstreit, do

☞ Orders addressed to Shamokin or Sunbury will receive prompt attention. [1y505

GEORGE T. COLE,

DEALER in Pianos, Melodeons, and all kinds of **Musical Merchandise.** Keeps constantly on hand, Hallet & Davis, Boston; Lighte, Newton & Bradburys, and Bennett & Co. N. Y., PIANOS. Also, Princes & Co.'s celebrated MELODEONS, prices from $35 00 to $150 00.

Orders from a distance will meet with prompt attention. Second hand Pianos taken in exchange for new.

Room directly opposite the Court House, *Williamsport, Pa.* [April 4, '55—512m6

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that Elisha C. Marsh, one of the Members of the Firm of Geddes, Marsh & Co, by mutual consent has withdrawn from said Firm, and that the business will be continued at the old stand by Samuel Geddes, James S Marsh, Joseph W Shriner, and Frederick Marsh, under the name of *Geddes, Marsh & Co.*

SAMUEL GEDDES,
JAMES S MARSH,
JOSEPH W SHRINER,
FREDERICK MARSH,
ELISHA C MARSH.

Lewisburg, April 11, 1855

Notice is further given that the subscribers have purchased the interest of the said Elisha C. Marsh in the Union Furnace.

SAMUEL GEDDES,
J. S. MARSH.

Lewisburg, April 11, 1855.

DISSOLUTION.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between J. & F. SPYKER in this day dissolved, by mutual consent. The outstanding business will be settled by F. Spyker.

April 2, 1855. J. & F. SPYKER.

The business of the above firm will be carried on hereafter by the subscriber, who is determined to sell Hats, Caps, &c., lower than ever offered before in Lewisburg. Gentlemen, please give me a call. F. SPYKER.

Executor's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Letters Testamentary on the Estate of GEORGE WINKELPLECHT, late of Hartley township, Union county, dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Union county in due form of law; therefore, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having any just claims are also requested to present them legally authenticated for settlement.

DANIEL WEIDENSAUL.

April 20, 1855. Executor.

To Persons out of Employment.

AGENTS WANTED in every section of the United States.—The most Elegant and Useful Volume of the Year—*Sears' great Work on Russia.*

Just published, an Illustrated Description of the RUSSIAN EMPIRE, being a physical and political History of its Governments and Provinces, productions, resources, imperial government, commerce, literature, educational means, religion, people, manners, customs, antiquities, &c. &c., from the latest and most authentic sources—embellished with about 200 Engravings and Maps of European and Asiatic Russia. The whole complete in one large octavo volume of about 700 pages, elegantly and substantially bound. Retail price, $3.

This work has been several years in preparation, and will, it is believed, meet, in the fullest acceptation of the word, the want so universally felt for reliable information on the history and internal resources of a country occupying so large a portion of the Eastern hemisphere, and holding so formidable a position at the present time to the rest of Europe and Asia, but of which far less is known than of any other Europ an nation.

II.

☞ Also, a deeply interesting volume, entitled "*THE REMARKABLE ADVENTURES OF CELEBRATED PERSONS,*" embracing the romantic Incidents and Adventures in the lives of Sovereigns, Statesmen, Generals, Princes, Warriors, Travelers, Adventurers, Voyagers, &c., eminent in the history of Europe and America, including sketches of over fifty celebrated heroic characters. Beautifully illustrated with numerous engravings. One vol. 400 pages, royal 12mo, cloth, gilt: $1.25.

☞ The subscriber publishes a number of most valuable Pictorial Books, very popular, and of such a moral and religious influence that while good men may safely engage in their circulation, they will confer a public benefit, and receive a fair compensation for their labor. To men of enterprise and tact, this business offers a opportunity for profitable employment seldom to be met with.

☞ Persons wishing to engage in their sale will receive prompt by mail a Circular containing full particulars, with "Directions to persons disposed to act as Agents," together with terms on which they will be furnished, by addressing, post paid, ROBERT SEARS, Publisher, 181 William St. New York

THIRD ANNUAL REPORT

OF the Union County Mutual Insurance Company. **Capital, $18,000.**

Abstract of the Third Annual Report of the Board of Directors of the Union County Mutual Insurance Company, made at their annual meeting on the first Monday of May, A. D. 1855.

Amount of property insured up to May 1, 1854	$278,286 33	
Amount of property insured the past year to May 7, 1855	15,912 50	
	$294,198 83	
Am't of policies surrendered the past year	16,710 66	
Total am't of property insured to May 7, 1855	$278,488 17	
Am't of premium notes in force May 1, 1854	$6,581 42	
Am't of premium notes received the past year	1,908 16	
	$8,489 58	
Am't of premium notes surrendered the past year	1,416 33	
Total am't of premium notes in force May 7, 1855	$6,073 25	
Number of policies in force May 1, 1854	218	
Number of policies issued past year	34	
Number of policies surrendered the past year	11	23
Total number of policies in force May 7, 1855		241

Statement of the operation of the Company during the past year, viz:

Losses and Expenditures.

Am't of claim for losses	$4,000 00	
" compensation to Directors	39 22	
" " Treasurer	10 00	
" commissions on Assessment No. 2	221 19	
" expenses of collecting Assessment No. 2	99 94	
" incidental expenses for printing, &c.	23 85	
" office rent	40 00	
" President's salary	3 00	
" claim for making out Assessment No. 2, and postage	24 50	
" Treasurer's account	5 38	
		$4,463 18
Am't received on premium notes the past year	$516 42	
Am't of Assessment No. 2 charged to Treasurer	4,116 30	
Am't due from Treasurer and agents May 1, 1854	208 85	$4,433 57
Excess of liabilities over assets of the Company May 7, 1855		$29 61

Actual State of the Funds.

Am't of unpaid claims on which orders are issued	$1037 91	
Am't due on Assessment No. 2 as yet uncollected	$1,209 67	
Am't due to agents	20 25	$1,229 92
Am't of deficit May 7, 1855		$29 61

Statement of Losses the past year.

Nesbit, Hayes & Fichthorn, Lewisburg $4,000 00

Directors.

Thomas Hayes	Lewisburg.
James Marshall	White Deer Tp.
John Wirt	Hartley Tp.
Isaac Eyer	Union Tp.
John Gundy	East Buffaloe Tp.
John A. Mertz	Lewisburg.
Henry P. Schriver	do.
Wm. M. Swineford	Washington Tp.
Robert Wilson	Chapman Tp.
Wm. F. Wagenseller	Selinsgrove.
John Dreisbach	Kelly Tp.
Moses Swartz	Beaver Tp.
Wm. Robinson	New Berlin.

Officers.

PRESIDENT—JOHN GUNDY.
VICE PRESIDENT—ISAAC EYER.
SECRETARY—J. A. MERTZ.
TREAS