Lewisburg Chronicle.

BY O. N. WORDEN & J. R. CORNELIUS

JUNE 8, 1855.

To Business Men.—The LEWISBURG CHRONICLE has the largest and best circulation of any Newspaper in Union County.

Correspondence of the Lewisburg Chronicle.

Notes on the Wing.

ATHENS, Pa., June 1, 1855.

Started from your goodly 'Burg at 11 this morning, leaving the New Berlin constable under the care of Richard Pross, Esq., serving papers on your 150 alleged fraudulent voters. The connection at Milton was in good time.

Shortly after leaving Williamsport, a cry was heard, "A brakeman off!" the cord was pulled, the train stopped, the engine reversed, and the train backed to find him. The alarm at sea, "A man overboard!" could not be more sympathetic, or cause more blanched cheeks, than did this alarm during the long moments the cars were going backward to find the missing brakeman. It was expected that his mangled remains would be found, and camphor bottles were brought into requisition. Happily, however, it was found that he had fallen out of the reach of the wheels, and striking upon his head, his face was covered with blood, but he was enabled to get along without assistance, and rode to Elmira. The persons employed about the cars suffer much more, and are far more liable to accidents, than passengers in their cosy seats.

There were fewer passengers on the road than I expected to find, but being the last of the week accounted for it, as I am told there are generally good and increasing loads.

Farmers wishing to see "a new country" need not 'go West,'—the trip from Williamsport to Elmira, up Lycoming creek and down South creek, gives every phase of country life—tangled forests, untouched by white or red men, dense forests thro' which fire has run, blackening every inch of ground, woods thinned of surplus brush, or of timber, saw-mills stocked with "lumber" in every form, trees cut and ready for "logging," logs and underbrush piled and ready for the grand burning frolick, grounds burnt over and preparing for the first crop, grounds with the first sod upon them, verdant meadows thickly studded with blackened stumps, young orchards, and every variety of dwellings from the rudest log hut to the stately white-house—all these you can see, with many a smiling village and hamlet, in a ride of 78 miles, and quite as satisfactorily as to go 2 or 3000 miles and see nothing more striking.

Passed through a good shower in Pennsylvania—got ahead of it in New York State, where everything was very dry and dusty, and streams extremely low—but returning again into Pennsylvania, found the same gentle and invigorating rain we had seen in the middle of the day.

The Pennsylvania Railroads I tried have not yet acquired the solidity and ease of locomotion to passengers, which the N. Y. & Erie has. Yet they are good—excellent—and what a variety of scenery and condition we encounter in half a day's ride!

"Through the mould and through the clay,
Through the corn and through the hay,
By the margin of the lake,
O'er the river, through the brake,
O'er the bleak and dreary moor,
On we hie with screech and roar,
Splashing! dashing!
Crashing! dashing!
Over ridges,
Gullies, bridges,
By the babbling rill—
And mill—
Highways,
By ways,
Hollow, hill—
Jumping! bumping!
Rocking! roaring,
Like 40,000 giants snoring!
By the lowly hut and mansion,
By the prairies wide expansion,
Where the factory chimney smokes,
Where the foundry bellows croaks—
Dash along!
Splash along!
Flash along!
On! on! with a jump,
And a bump,
And a roll,
Hies the fire-fiend on to its destined goal.
O'er the aqueduct and bog
On we fly with ceaseless jog,
Every instant something new,
Every instant lost to view,
Now a tavern, now a steeple,
Now a crowd of gaping people,
Now a hollow, now a ridge,
Now a cross-way, now a bridge!
Grumble, stumble,
Rumble, tumble.
Fretting, getting in a stew!
Church and steeple, gaping people,
Quick as thought are lost to view,
Everything that eye can survey,
Turns hurly-burly, topsy-turvy!
Each passenger is thumped and shaken,
Like physic is, when to be taken.
By the foundry, past the forge,
Through the plain and mountain gorge,
Where the tall trees rear their head,
Where repose the silent dead,
Monuments amid the grass
Flit like spectres as you pass!
If to hail a friend inclined,
Whish! whirl! he is gone—he's left behind!
Rumble, rumble, all the day—
Thus we pass the hours away.

And so we got *to* "home," *from* "home," after another four miles omnibussing, about 9, P. M., having accomplished 125 miles in 10 hours (about 3 hours, however, not on the move,). This is gratifying speed, compared with my *last* visit over the same route, which occupied part of *four* days, and prior visits from two to three, and at double the expense.

As far as I have yet observed, crops look well, but a week later than with you, and more suffering from drought.

INCOG.

NEW JERSEY STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.—The arrangements for the State Fair at Camden in September, are progressing with a degree of vigor highly creditable to its Managers, and we feel confident that the Exhibition will do credit to the agricultural resources of New Jersey. The Fair will take place on the 19th 20th, and 21st days of September, and all entries must be made before Monday, September 17th.

NEW ORLEANS, June 4.—The number f deaths during the past week have been 60, including 275 from Cholera.

The Contest.

According to the Oath of the New Berlin Contesters, it appears that they have made a gross blunder, or else they are as ignorant of our laws as Calmue Tartars are. They affirm that, "to the best of their knowledge and belief," all the persons named in the different specifications voted *for* Division. We should like to know how they found that out so certainly that they can make oath to it. Did the different election Boards make it their business to open the tickets as they were handed in and make their contents known? We rather think not. Had the election been viva voce, the matter would be very different, and there might be some reason for being thus positive; but in secret balloting, no man has any business to know how another voted. If he is thought to be an illegal voter, let him be tried, and if he is convicted, then is the time to inquire how he voted. This thing of swearing to *who* or *what* such and such men voted for, is a new law to us, and could have originated nowhere but in that verdant village.

Their infatuation has led them into some annoying blunders. For instance, in the 19th specification, they charge Jacob Zentmayer of having voted for Division in the North Ward, Lewisburg. Now be it known, that Mr. Z. died about eight years ago; that there is no man of that name in town; and that there was no such vote cast on the Division or any other question, in this town, at the last Spring election. Yet they are not content to malign and swear that some of our very best living citizens are fit subjects for the penitentiary, but must call up the memory of the silent dead for the purpose of fixing a stigma upon it, if they can.

In the same (19th) specification, they accuse one John Cornelius of having voted illegally for Division, in the same box. There being no person of that name in the North Ward, we are very modestly informed that it is intended for us, the junior, and we were consequently "spotted" by the law through the medium of the New Berliners, constable Schell, to appear and answer to the charge of voting without first consulting their august majesties. Well, we shall attend, of course; but recollect, accusers, that we can show the proof of our right to vote on Division or any other question, in five minutes' warning, any time it is demanded. This looks very much like making oath to a falsehood through wilful ignorance, for the least investigation would show them their error.

—It is our opinion that the whole thing is a miserable farce, gotten up merely for a gala day for New Berlin, and for the especial benefit of the tavern keepers, at the expense of the persons arraigned. We therefore suggest that none of the accused spend a red cent in New Berlin, even though it cost double to return home every night, or go to Mifflinburg.

To the Editors of the Lewisburg Chronicle:

GENTS: In your paper of last week there was an extract from the Hollidaysburg *Standard*, calling upon the citizens of that place to cleanse the streets and alleys, in view of the sudden appearance of Cholera, in Columbia, Pittsburg, and Mifflintown. Now, we wish to ask, what is the condition of the streets and alleys of Lewisburg, especially one important alley, viz: Cherry Alley, the first north of Market street, which serves as a sewer for nearly half of the town! Any one who will take the trouble to examine it, will find that the drain which should carry off the filthy water constantly pouring into it, is so much obstructed by the bridges and embankments thrown up by street alterations, (we will not call them improvements,) that green stagnant water is constantly lying in pools along its course, emiting an odor, which is already a fruitful source of disease. The Town Council have had their attention called to this subject again and again, and a petition signed by many of our most respectable citizens, calling their earliest attention to the subject, has been addressed to them; all seems in vain. Time, money, everything must succumb to the universal leveling system, a system which is acknowledged to be most prejudicial to health, and which greatly interferes with the beauty and variety of any place. Who would like to undertake the leveling of the streets in Washington, Baltimore and many other places we might mention? However, if the leveling must go on, let it be so; but let the necessary improvements also be attended to. One gentleman, the Rev. Dr. CLARK, has remarked, that they are obliged, during hot weather, to close the back doors and windows of their dwelling house many times in the evening, on account of the horrid odor proceeding from the drain, of which we have spoken. The hot weather will soon be here, and with it perhaps the Cholera.

Now, fellow citizens, all we have to ask you, is this state of things to remain? Can not some efficient measures be taken to protect the community? Health ought to be the primary consideration with every one; and whatever is to be done, ought to be done at once. Heretofore the salubrity of the place was notorious, but it is fast losing its reputation. The experience of many strangers who were here at Commencement last fall, attest this fact.

MANY.

For the Lewisburg Chronicle.

To kill Weevil in Wheat.

In considering the vast importance and the present bright prospect for the Wheat crop, the danger of its loss by Weevil will obtrude itself most painfully upon every observing mind. Any means to prevent its ravages, will be hailed with joy by millions.

A gentleman states that he last year prevented the ravages of Weevil by the following means: Just as the Wheat was *beginning to head out*, he sowed at the rate of one bushel slacked lime to the acre among his Wheat, or at least a portion of it. Wherever he sowed the lime, the wheat was not at all injured by the Weevil; wherever the lime was not sown, the Weevil was very destructive.

I submit to your readers whether this remedy does not seem to be reasonable, and so simple, as to be worth trying—remembering all the while that if it should fail, still the lime upon your land will not be lost, but will, in its benefit to future crops, pay costs. If not too late I hope your readers will TRY IT.

TO PREVENT THE FLY.

A former remedy successfully used in some sections to prevent the ravages of the Fly in Wheat, was as follows: Sow a peck of Oats in the Fall with every bushel of Wheat: the Oats will start first, grow fastest, and the Fly will be first attached to it. The frost will kill oats, fly, and all, and the decaying oats will act as a cover to the Wheat, and also afford it nutriment.

This, like the former experiment, is very easy, and wants very little of either labor or material, and might therefore be tried next Fall, to the satisfaction every one of himself.

"I tell it to you as 't was told to me.

Athens, Pa., June 4, 1855. W.

Arrival of the Africa.

HALIFAX, June 5.

The Cunard steamship Africa, from Liverpool, with dates to 26th ult., arrived here this afternoon.

A secret expedition is in preparation in the Crimea.

The state of the siege remains in all respects unchanged, and it is now confidently reported that Gen. Pellissier contemplates an attack upon the Russians in the field.

The motion of a want of confidence, in the House of Commons, had been unsuccessful.

The last engagement was before the Flag staff Battery, in which the French had succeeded in destroying some important Russian works.

It is reported that Austria has sent a secret circular to all the German Courts, insisting that each shall specify distinctly the line of conduct that it designs to follow.

Gen. Pellissier's appointment had proved immensely popular, and operations on an extended scale were confidently hoped for.

It is said that Omar Pacha has offered to take the hold of Simpherapol with the Turks if the French will support his advances.

The recent arrival of three French divisions makes the Allies' forces about 200,000, say French, 120,000; English, 30,000; Turks, 40,000; Sardinian, 11,000.

The correspondence from the English camp to the 8th of May says the army was well supplied with luxuries as well as necessaries. Some fever and cholera still prevailed.

A spirited engagement took place on the right attack of the Allies on the night of the 10th, in which the loss was considerable. It was repeated on the 11th.

On the 12th the Russians made a sortie against the left attack. The Russians charged up the British trenches, and some leaped over the parapets and were bayonetted. The loss was severe. The British lost a captain, and over one hundred men were put *hors du combat*.

On the 19th Gortschakoff telegraphs: "The enemy's fire is weak; our losses moderate; both sides repairing and erecting batteries. A severe battle has taken place before the walls."

Gen. Pellissier telegraphs on the 24th, that a very lively combat had occurred in front of his most important position, which lasted all the previous night. He says: "We obtained complete success. The Russian loss is enormous and ours has been considerable."

The Patrie gives further particulars and states that the French attacked the Russian entrenched camp, near the Quarantine Bastion on the night of the 22d, and again on the 23d, when it was carried by assault.

Official information had reached the British Consul at Elsinore, that the Russian Government had ordered all the Russian ships of war at Cronstadt to be sunk, except eight ships of the line.

The mortality in the Austrian army in Silicia continue to be very great. Fifteen thousand had died, and 23,000 were in the hospitals.

It was expected that by the 20th June, every available man in Great Britain, belonging to the infantry regiments will have embarked for the war.

The steamship Sarah Sands had been taken up for the conveyance of troops to the Crimea.

Queen Victoria visits Paris on the 16th August.

The market for breadstuffs is generally unchanged, but dull.

LANCASTER, June 5.—The Lancaster Savings Institution of this city has failed, and Boughter, the Treasurer, has been committed to prison for embezzlement. The deficit is stated at $300,000, and the assets at $120,000. The Institution is of course closed. Much excitement prevails among depositors and others interested.

WASHINGTON, June 5.—In our election yesterday, the Americans lost six Councilmen, and gained four Aldermen. They have a majority of 15 on joint ballot. The average Know Nothing majority on the general ticket was 553.

☞In getting up, for the Sheriff, the Special Court Proclamation, the New Berlin managers have carefully concealed the *names* of those who are put forward in the matter, and their *oath* is not given! The following we are assured is a correct copy from the original, and will supply those deficiencies:

Signers of the Petition.

R Swineford	H E Bause
W Roshong	Michael Clemmens
Jacob Wespuh	Philip Frank
Charles Kleckner	Samuel Swengle jr
S Harmany jr	J H Cornelius
Sem Schoch	Samuel Hunt
Manass Bartelott	C Heimbach
John P Seebold	Charles Cawley
J M Baum	Samuel S Aurand
H D Maize	W Renner
John Swineford	J Seebold
Joseph Kleckner	Charles D Roush
Benj S Winters	Michael Kleckner
W B Baum	D M Roush
J Quick	E Smith
A J Peters	F K Stauffer

The Oath or Affirmation.

UNION COUNTY SS.

Personally appeared before John Swineford Esq., a Justice of the Peace in and for said County, John Seebold, Joseph Kleckner, John M. Baum and Samuel S. Aurand, two and more of the foregoing petitioners, who being duly sworn and affirmed according to law, who ON OATH SAY THAT the FACTS stated IN THE FOREGOING PETITION ARE TRUE AND CORRECT to the best of their knowledge and belief.

Sworn and affirmed and subscribed before me this 12th day of May, AD 1855	J. Seebold Joseph Kleckner J M Baum Samuel S Aurand

JOHN SWINEFORD, J. P.

☞The substance of the *Petition* we suppose it is understood is embodied in the *Specifications* given in the Official Proclamation following.

Adjourned Court—Proclamation.

WHEREAS the Hon. A. S. Wilson, President Judge for the 20th Judical district, consisting of the counties of Union and Mifflin, and Jacob Wiltemuyer and James Marshall Esqrs. associate Judges of Union county, have issued their precept and order bearing date 24th day of May A. D. 1855, and to me directed, for the holding of an adjourned Court of Quarter sessions of the peace for said county to be held at the Court House in the Borough of New Berlin, on the 12th day of June, A. D. 1855, for hearing the petition and complaint of citizens of the county of Union complaining of an undue election and false return of the votes polled for and against a division of said county at the Spring Election held on the 16th day of March last, under the act of the General Assembly entitled "an act for the erection of a new county out of part of Union to be called Snyder and relative to the seat of justice of Union county," approved the 24 day of March last.

Notice is therefore hereby given to all the citizens of Union county, and to all persons interested therein, that they are hereby notified and required to be then and there attending at the time and place appointed as aforesaid: And agreeably to the order and direction of said Court the charges and specifications attached to the petition are made part of this notice, of which the following is a copy, to wit:

1st CHARGE—UNDUE ELECTION.

1st Specification.—The following named persons voted for division in the north Ward of the Borough of Lewisburg, who were not legally entitled to vote either for or against division for various reasons as aforesaid, and others to wit: Henry Neuer jr., Levi B. Herbst, John Waters, Wm. Rossell, John Smith, Wm. C. Moore, Henry Mathias, Mathias Mabus, Wm. V. Miller, Wm. Carothers, Samuel Grover, T. P. Colstan, John Shipton, Benj. H. Fisher, J. R. Loomis, Elisha Rutenhouse, John Owens, L. K. Evans, Miller Jones, Arther G. Thomas, Geo. A. Bell, Elias M'Laughlin, Eli Overpeck, Thompson Donachy, Isaac Hubler, Andrew Burger, Abraham Hubler, J. F. Beale, Sampson Miller, John A. Snell, Andrew Getz, James L. Lewis, Samuel Deatrick, Henry Manning, Wm. Rearick, H. D. Walker, M. M. King, Tho. Boon, J. W. Young, James Pattle, Joel C. Potter, Jacob Krow, Charles M'Grigor, Geo. Roland, John Miller, John T. Miller, Thomas Shoemaker, John Neshit, jr., Albert B. Barnes, G. A. Pelte, John D. Wallace, Simon P. Myers, Andrew Hutchison, Henry Bront, Peter Ammon, H. L. Gyeler, Wm. Johnston, Wm. Kline, John Lilly, Joseph Canter, James W. Taylor, Reuben Mabus, Samuel Wilson, O. S. Wood, John Wensel, Henry D. Frame, Thomas Quiddington, and others, as is believed.

2d *Specification.*—The following persons voted for division of said county in the South Ward of Lewisburg, who, for the reasons aforesaid, and others were not legally entitled to vote on that subject, to wit: Jasan Chappel, James Hamlin, John Thornton, Francis Keener, Henry Woolsy, Zachariah Stauch, David Newman, Isaac Dehaven, John Harken, James Houghton, John Lukens, C. P. Wheeler, Peter Cosier, Frederick Fries, Samuel Gift, Anson Taylor, John Beatly, Wm. G. Rake, Samuel Silly, Wm. Miller, William Moore, James Marty, Lewis Sucker, Dennis Pursell, John Gibson, Jacob Ike, David Ritenoyer, Wm. A. Schrever, L. M. Nesbit, George Bridge, Decater Milligan, Daniel Neil, Adam Wagner, Edward Evans, W. R. Wilson, John Shanefelt, A. F. Shanefelt, Jacob Bridge L. A. D. Bradway, John N. Lukens, Alr. Mowrey, Jacob Neyhart.

3d *Specification.*—The following persons voted for Division in the Township of East Buffaloe, who, for the reasons aforesaid, and others, were not entitled to vote, viz: Alfred Kneas, Jacob Dandore, Jacob Yoder, T. B. Williamson, John A. Seiser, Adam Sheeber, Daniel Thomas, A. J. Furman, John D. Frain, Wm. Cochran.

4th *Specification.*—The following voted for Division in the township of Kelly, who for the same reasons aforesaid, and others, were not legally entitled to vote, to wit: William Moyer, (son of Jacob) Geo. Washington Moyer, William Moore.

5th *Specification.*—The following voted for Division in Hartley township, who, for the same reasons, and others, were not legally entitled to vote, to wit: Jacob Latshaw, James Wilson, Edward Orwig, Hiram Border.

6th *Specification.*—The following named persons voted for division in the Borough of Selinsgrove, who, for the same reasons, and others, were not legally entitled to vote, to wit: Franklin Hehn, Jacob Wassinger, Washington Boulorf, I. Faustnaught Alfred Wareham, John Deitrich, jr., Edward M'Ginsey, Jacob Wise, David R. Duncan, Daniel Reighart, David Deitrich, jr., John Renn, John C. Womer, Frederick Bower, G. Aaron Hassinger, Charles Hunter, Isaac C. Fisher, Thomas Deal, Franklin Haupt.

7th *Specification.*—John M'Pherson voted for division, in Union township, and was not legally entitled to vote.

8th *Specification.*—That printed handbills and circulars with the names of William Cameron, John Chamberlin, James F. Linn, John Walls, William Prick, Eli Slifer, Thomas Hayes and George F. Miller thereto attached and signed, wherein and whereby they, the said subscribers did agree and pledge themselves that in consideration of the majority of the people of Union county voting in favor of its division, on the 16th inst., (March 1855) we will pay, or cause to be paid, the five hundred dollars tax upon new counties and also the sum required for transcribing the records for Snyder county as called for by the 20th section of the Act of 2d March, 1855, by individual subscriptions, without any cost to the Snyder county treasury. * * Dated March 14, 1855. And that the said subscribers did thereby attempt and endeavor to influence the voters of said Snyder county to vote for division by said offer and promise for the pecuniary benefit of said voters of Snyder county, and have no doubt many voters were thereby unduly influenced to vote for a division of Union county. The subscribers residing in that part of the county called Union.

9th *Specification.*—That other printed hand bills or circulars with the names of George Schure, Henry C. Eyer, Wm. Colsher, John App, Charles A. Moyer and Leonard App, thereto subscribed and attached, all of the Borough of Selinsgrove, did pledge themselves if a majority of the people of Union county will vote in favor of its division on the 16th inst., (March 1855) the five hundred dollars that must be paid to the State to obtain the charter, shall not cost the tax payers of Snyder county one dollar. We pledge ourselves that the money shall be paid by individual subscription, and also the money for transcribing the records for Snyder county, as called for by the 20th section of the division act.—Selinsgrove March 14, 1855. Thereby attempting to influence the voters of said Snyder county to vote for division by the said offer, pledge and promise, for the pecuniary benefit of the voters of the proposed new county of Snyder, and doubtless many voters were induced to vote for division by reason thereof; and still notwithstanding those undue influences, there were near six hundred majority of the voters in Snyder county polled at the election on the 16th of March last against the division of Union county.

10th *Specification.*—The proof was not produced nor demanded by the officers holding the election in the Borough of Lewisburg and Selinsgrove, the townships of White Deer and East Buffaloe, of all those electors whose names were not on the list of taxables as required by the 65th and 66th sections of the act of July 2, 1839, and the 29th section of he act of March 2, 1855, relative to the division of said county.

11th *Specification.*—The tickets, taller-papers, lists of voters, returns and all papers pertaining to the elections held in the Boroughs of Lewisburg and Selinsgrove, the townships of White Deer and East Buffaloe, are objected to, and the election held in said districts in the aforesaid specifications mentioned was an undue election on the subject of division, and therefore ask for a general count of the votes of said boxes respectively, and a full production and examination of all the said boxes and papers of said Boroughs and Townships.

12th *Specification.*—Neither the judge, inspectors or clerks, who held the election in White Deer township on the 16th of March last took and subscribed any oath or affirmation, as required by the 22d section of the General Election laws of July 2, 1839, and therefore an undue election. This box is objected to and contested.

13th *Specification.*—It is alleged that Joseph Reed No. 116 on the list of voters in the South ward of the Borough of Lewisburg, and who voted for division, is the same Joseph Reed who voted for division in said ward and numbered on the list of voters 199; and that Elkanah Fisher and T. H. Purdy also voted for division in said ward who were not legally qualified to vote either for or against division, which votes are therefore objected to.

14th *Specification.*—That Robert Dunlap, George Frear, Charles C. Collings and George Spratt voted for division in the North ward of the Borough of Lewisburg who were not legally entitled to vote either for or against division, which votes are therefore objected to.

15th *Specification*—That Samuel Mulhoff, Jacob Mook and Jonathan Bosert voted in Penns township for division, who were not entitled to vote on this subject, which votes thus illegally polled for the division of the county are objected to and of right ought to be rejected.

16th *Specification.*—That James Taylor, Joseph Hoff, Jr., John F. Fisher, Anthony Dennis, Keese Karr, David Deffendarfer, John Heigh, Henry Clouser, Michael Smith, David Robenold, Rudolph Prawand, David Hill, Moses Yoder, George Moyer, Jesse B. B. Raube, William B. Wallace and George R. Harbertson, who for the reasons aforesaid and others were not legally entitled to vote, but that they did on the said 16th of March last vote for division in the township of White Deer and are therefore objected to and ought to be rejected.

17th *Specification.*—That Andrew Mowrer voted against division in the Borough of Selinsgrove, whereas the list of voters shows that he did not vote either for or against division, showing that the returns is incorrect, which said vote of right ought to be added to the anti-division vote.

18th *Specification.*—That the following persons voted for division on the 16th day March last, in the South Ward of the Borough of Lewisburg, who for the reasons aforesaid, and other reasons, were not legally entitled to vote to wit: John Pross, Sen., Jacob Yoder, Peter Ritenuyer, George Bridge, I. R. Neshit, William Surls, William Shannon, John Egbert, Jr., John Donachy, I. F. Greer, Jacob Peters, Jeremiah Strickland, Joel C. Kelly, Samuel Strickland, Jacob Heitzman, Henry W. Johnston, Gallitzh Murphy and George Reitmyer Sen., and are therefore objected to and which said votes of right ought to be rejected.

19th *Specification.*—Also that the following persons voted for a division of Union county in the North Ward of the borough of Lewisburg, who were not legally entitled to vote, to wit: Stephen Chappel, George Roland, Benj. Angstatt, John Cornelius, Thomas Miller, Jno. P. Miller, Frederick Marsh, George M. Spratt, Henry Poeth, Benjamin Slough, Elias Beckel, William Bellman, Jacob Slifer, Geo. Bell, Isaiah Girton, Jacob or Jackson Leonard, Alexander Morrow and Jacob Zentmyer, which are also objected to and ought to be rejected.

20th *Specification.*—Also that Samuel McMurrie, Samuel Yoder jr. Adam Beck jr. Peter Beck, John Bohr jr. Jacob High (of Saml.) Samuel High, Thomas McMurrie and David Ranck voted for division in the Township of White Deer, who were not legally entitled to vote.

21st *Specification.*—That Elias Mook, Samuel Mook, Henry Mook and John Moog voted in West Buffaloe Township for Division, who were not legally entitled to vote, the votes therefore are objected to.

22d *Specification.*—That J. W. McRay, Peter B. Rush and Hiram Conrad voted for division in Washington Township, who were not legally entitled to vote, whose votes therefore ought to be rejected.

2d CHARGE—FALSE RETURNS.

1st *Specification.*—Whereas the law requires that the elections in and for the township of Chapman in said County shall be held at the house of Levi S. Herrold, now occupied by Isaac Rumfelt in said Township. That the return made by the Judge, Inspectors and Clerks of the election held in and for said township on the 16th day of March last, which said return shows that said election was then and there so held at the House of the said Isaac Rumfelt as required by law, whereas in truth and in fact the said election was not held at the house of said Levi S. Herrold occupied by Isaac Rumfelt as represented, nor even upon his premises. It being therefore a false return. This whole box is therefore objected to as illegal and void, and that the whole vote of right ought to be rejected.

2d *Specification.*—That neither the Judge, Inspectors, nor Clerks, who held the election in the township of White Deer on the 16th day of March last took and subscribed either oath or affirmation as required by law for the faithful performance of their duties respectively, making their returns and all their proceedings erroneous and false, and therefore this whole box and return for this and other reasons is objected to as illegal and void.

3d *Specification.*—The return made by the officers who held the election in East Buffaloe township, for the reasons aforesaid, relative to the election and return from said district, is a false return and undue election, and is objected to.

4th *Specification.*—That in addition to the said election for division being undue and the returns erroneous, the said Act of Assembly aforesaid approved March 2, 1855, under which the said election was held, is unconstitutional and void and all the proceedings had under it a nullity.

Given under my hand and seal at the Sheriff's Office, in New Berlin, the 26th day of May, A. D. 1855.

JOHN KESSLER, *Sheriff.*

The October Election.

For the Chronicle.

MESSRS. WORDEN & CORNELIUS—I would propose ALBERT E. VORSE of our Borough to the voters of Union County as a suitable candidate for the office of **Prosecuting Attorney** of said County at the ensuing Election. [481] A VOTER.

To the Voters of Union County.

FELLOW CITIZENS—I offer myself as a candidate for the Office of **Sheriff**, (subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention.) Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of said office with fidelity and impartiality.

DANIEL D. GULDEN.

Kelly Tp, May 17, 1855 tnpd

For the Lewisburg Chronicle.

MR. WORDEN—It appears to me that the time has come when the citizens of Union county should suggest suitable persons to fill the Offices of the county to be elected at the ensuing October election. By doing so in time, it will be more likely that those offices will be filled with the most competent Officers. As one of the people I would suggest JOHN V. BARBER, Esq., of West Buffaloe township, to the suffrages of the voters of Union county, for the office of **Associate Judge** of said county.

LEWISBURG.

May 25, 1855 tf.

Real Estate.

A desirable business Property for sale.

THE MILL CREEK Property, Huntingdon Co., Pa., will be sold at Public Sale, on Tuesday, 26th June next.

☞A Lithographic Diagram, with a description of the property, can be seen at the counting room of Messrs. Brooke, Tyson & Rein, and Humphreys, Hedman & Konigmacher, Philadelphia, also at the Lewisburg Chronicle' office.

Terms favorable.

KESSLER & BRO.

Mill Creek, Pa., May 10, 1855

A Valley Farm of Limestone Land,

COMPRISING about 163 Acres, for SALE. Said Farm is in one of the best Wheat-growing valleys in Central Pennsylvania, within two miles (over a Bridge) to a Railroad, accessible to Markets, in an eminently healthy neighborhood, near to Mills, Stores, Church and School Houses, and in the midst of an intelligent and respectable population.

The Improvements are a first-class BANK BARN 80 by 45 feet with a fair Mansion House, Wagon house, Corn house, and other requisite Outbuildings. It has a large Apple Orchard, and Peach and Pear trees &c., sufficient for ordinary use.

The Farm is all cleared except about one acre (and plenty of Woodland in the immediate vicinity), all of Limestone soil, and as the owner thinks is not surpassed for natural productive qualities by any in the State.

It will be sold whole, or a portion of 80 to 100 acres, as might suit a purchaser.

☞Any cash man wishing such a property can obtain further information by applying to O. N. WORDEN, *Chronicle* office, Lewisburg. 180

Estate of Abraham Aurand, dec'd.

NOTICE is hereby given that Letters Testamentary on the estate of Abraham Aurand, late of East Buffaloe township, dec'd, have been granted by the Register of Union county to the subscribers, resident in said township; and therefore all persons having claims or demands against the estate of said decedent are requested to make known the same without delay, and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment.

ABRAHAM AURAND,
JOHN AURAND,

Ex'rs of last will and test. of A. Aurand, dec'd.

East Buffaloe, Feb. 10, 1855.

NOTICE.

WE beg leave to introduce ourselves to the citizens of LEWISBURG and vicinity, as extensive Miners and Shippers of

White Ash Anthracite Coal,

At Lancaster Colliery, Northumberland Co. Pa.

where we have extensive improvements, and are prepared to offer to the public a very superior article, particularly suited to the manufacture of Iron and making Steam. Our sizes of Coal are—

LUMP } for Smelting purposes.
STEAMBOAT }
BROKEN }
EGG } for Family Use and Steam.
STOVE }
NUT }
PEA } for Limeburners and Steam.

Our Point of Shipping is SUNBURY, where arrangements are made to load Boats without any delay.

COCHRAN, PEALE & CO.

J. J. COCHRAN, Lancaster. | BENJ. BANKSON, Lancaster.
C. W. PEALE, Shamokin. | H. BUCHANAN, do.

☞Orders addressed to Shamokin or Sunbury will receive prompt attention. [1y565

GEORGE T. COLE,

DEALER in Pianos, Melodeons, and all kinds of **Musical Merchandise.** Keeps constantly on hand, Hallet & Davis, Boston; Lighte, Newton & Bradburys; and Bennett & Co., N. Y., PIANOS. Also, Princes & Co.'s celebrated MELODEONS, prices from $45 00 to $150 00.

Orders from a distance will meet with prompt attention. Second hand Pianos taken in exchange for new.

Room directly opposite the Court House, *Williamsport, Pa.* [April 4, '55—573m6

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that Elisha C. Marsh, one of the Members of the Firm of Geddes, Marsh & Co, by mutual consent has withdrawn from said Firm, and that the business will be continued at the old stand by Samuel Geddes, James S Marsh, Joseph W. Shriner, and Frederick Marsh, under the name of *Geddes, Marsh & Co.*

SAMUEL GEDDES,
JAMES S MARSH,
JOSEPH W. SHRINER,
FREDERICK MARSH,
ELISHA C MARSH.

Lewisburg, April 11, 1855

Notice is further given that the subscribers have purchased the interest of the said Elisha C. Marsh in the Union Furnace.

SAMUEL GEDDES,
J. S. MARSH.

Lewisburg, April 11, 1855.

DISSOLUTION.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between J. & F. SPYKER is this day dissolved, by mutual consent. The outstanding business will be settled by F. Spyker.

April 2, 1855. J. & F. SPYKER.

The business of the above firm will be carried on hereafter by the subscriber, who is determined to sell Hats, Caps, &c., lower than ever offered before in Lewisburg. Gentlemen, please give me a call. F. SPYKER.

Executor's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Letters Testamentary on the Estate of GEORGE WINKELPLECHT, late of Hartley township, Union county, dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Union county in due form of law; therefore, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having any just claims are also requested to present them legally authenticated for settlement.

DANIEL WEIDENSAUL,
April 20, 1855. Executor.

THIRD ANNUAL REPORT

OF the Union County Mutual Insurance Company. **Capital, $18,000.**

Abstract of the Third Annual Report of the Board of Directors of the Union County Mutual Insurance Company, made at their annual meeting on the first Monday of May, A. D. 1855.

Amount of property insured up to May 7, 1854	$[illegible]
Amount of property insured the past year to May 7, 1855	18,924 00
Am't of policies surrendered the past year	$[illegible] 18,710 00
Total am't of property insured to May 7, 1855	$[illegible]
Am't of premium notes in force May 1, 1854	$[illegible]
Am't of premium notes received the past year	1,308 18
	$[illegible]
Am't of pre'm notes surrendered the past year	1,062 19
Total am't of pre'm notes in force May 7, 1855	$[illegible]
Number of policies in force May 1, 1854	218
Number of policies issued past year	144
Number of policies surrendered the past year	18
Total number of policies in force May 7, 1855	344

Statement of the operation of the Company during the past year, viz:

Losses and Expenditures.

Am't of claim for losses	$1,[illegible]
" " compensation to Directors	[illegible]
" " Treasurer	[illegible]
" " commissions on Assessment No. 2	[illegible]
" " expense of collecting Assessment No. 2	[illegible]
" " incidental expenses for printing, &c.	[illegible]
" " office rent	[illegible]
" " President's salary	[illegible]
" " claim for making out Assessment No. 2, and postage	[illegible]
" " Treasurer's account	[illegible]
	$4,[illegible]
Am't received on premium notes the past year	$[illegible]
Am't of Assessment No. 2 charged to Treasurer	4,116 30
Am't due from Treasurer and agents May 1, 1854	[illegible]
Excess of liabilities over assets of the Company May 7, 1855	$[illegible]

Actual State of the Funds.

Amount outstanding on all policies are assessed	$[illegible]
Amount due on Assessment No. 2 not yet received	$1,[illegible]
Am't due from agents	[illegible]
Am't of funds May 7, 1855	$[illegible]

Statement of Losses the past year.

Nesbit, Hayes & Fichthorn, Lewisburg	$[illegible]

Directors.

Thomas Hayes	Lewisburg.
James Marshall	White Deer Tp.
John Weis	Hartley Tp.
[illegible]	Union Tp.
John Grove	East Buffaloe Tp.
John A. Maize	Lewisburg.
Hugh P. Sample	do.
Wm. M. Smith	Washington Tp.
Jonas Wolver	Chapman Tp.
John F. Wagenseller	Selinsgrove.
John Dreisbach	Kelly Tp.
Noah Zeigler	Buffaloe Tp.
Wm. Bossler	New Berlin.

Officers.

PRESIDENT—JOHN GUNDY.
VICE PRESIDENT—ISAAC EYER.
SECRETARY—J. A. MERTZ.
TREASURER—H. P. SHELLER.

Agents.

GEORGE HILL, Esq.,	Selinsgrove.
DANIEL WEIMER, Esq.,	Chapman.
DAVID WEIDENSAUL,	Hartley.
H. GUNDY,	East Buffaloe.
JOHN HERTZ,	Lewisburg.

JOHN GUNDY, President.
J. A. MERTZ, Secretary.

Attest:
Lewisburg, May 16, 1855.

LIST of Vendors of Merchandize, subject to License, within the County of UNION, for the year **1855.**

Names.	Class.	License Fees.	Names.	Class.	License Fees.
New Berlin.					
[illegible]	14	[illegible]	Charles D Roush	14	$[illegible]
[illegible]	14	[illegible]	Robert Satterfield	14	[illegible]
[illegible]	14	[illegible]	John H Crawford	14	[illegible]
[illegible]	14	[illegible]	F K Stauffer	14	[illegible]
Centreville.					
M Kleckner & Son	14	[illegible]	Elias Walter	14	[illegible]
Beaver Tp.					
Hy Smith, Tav L	14	[illegible]	Moses Speicht	14	[illegible]
[illegible]	14	[illegible]	Reuben Keller	14	[illegible]
Daniel Smith L	14	[illegible]	Weiss & Brothers L	14	[illegible]
Daniel Bergaman L	14	[illegible]			
West Beaver Tp.					
Reuben Keller L	14	[