LEWISBURG CHRONICLE & WEST BRANCH FARMER.

LEWISBURG CHRONICLE

FEBRUARY 3, 1854.

☞ *Business News.*—The LEWISBURG CHRONICLE has considerably the largest circulation of any English newspaper in Union county.

Whig County Meeting.

The Whigs of Union county are requested to meet at the Court House in New Berlin, at 1, P.M., of Monday the 13th of February next, for the purpose of appointing Senatorial Conferees to meet Conferees from Juniata and Mifflin counties, who are to elect a Senatorial Delegate to the Whig State Convention: also to elect Conferees to meet Conferees from Juniata county for the purpose of electing a Representative Delegate to the said Convention.

W. F. WAGENSELLER.
Chair'n Whig Stand. Com. Union Co.
O. N. WORDEN, Sec'y. [Jan. 23, 1854

To the Whigs of Union County.

☞ The *Star* and *Volksfreund* have a call for a SECOND Whig meeting, to be held on Tuesday of Court week. It is signed "By the Standing Committee:

GEO. MERRILL, Ch'n."

As undisputed Secretary of that Committee, we state that Mr. Merrill is not its Chairman. Col. Wagenseller was fairly chosen its permanent Chairman, by a quorum of the Committee, called together by Mr. Merrill, the temporary chairman named by the county convention. All parliamentary laws confirm the natural rights of Committees to select their own permanent officers. No meeting of that Committee has since been called through its Officers, and Mr. Merrill has no authority to make an appointment for the Committee.

The call far the Monday meeting was made before, and without any knowledge of, Mr Merrill's disorganizing call.

O. N. WORDEN,
Secretary Whig Standing Com. Union Co.

Democratic County Meeting.

The Democratic voters of Union county will meet at the Court House in New Berlin on Tuesday the 21st of February next, to appoint a Delegate to the 8th of March Convention to meet at Harrisburg. By order of the Standing Committee.

C. D. ROUSH, Chairman.
New Berlin, Jan. 26, 1854

☞ We some time since refused to publish a "Gift Concert" Lottery for one Parham of New York. The laws took hold of the swindling concern, and the following advertisement in the New York papers finishes the history of another specimen country greenhorns by city sharpers:

THE PARHAM GIFTS.—Persons desirous to compromise for their tickets at seventy-five cents on the dollar, without incurring the penalties of the law, will call on the Committee in the course of next week, between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., at my office, No. 6, City Hall Place.

M. T. SIMONTON Authorized Auditor.

Aha! Is that the game, after selling 100,000 tickets for $100,000—to buy them back for $75,000, and pocket $25,000 by the operation, besides the use of the "pile" for several months without interest?

☞ Some depositions were taken last Friday, in the Bribery Cases, before Esq., Mertz, on the part of the Defendants, to be used at the February Court on the argument of the motions to quash the bills of indictment. Some important witnesses refused to attend, but will be examined at the Court. Others refused to answer material interrogatories—one in particular, an active agent in the prosecutions, repeatedly answered under oath "It is none of your business," "It is none of the defendants' business." Another witness deposed that he was called before the Grand Jury, but had no personal knowledge whatever of the offence charged against Messrs. Gundy, Eyer and Gutelius, but testified only to the *declarations* of George Heimbach secretly communicated some months before. When this was objected to by a Grand juror, as hearsay and therefore illegal testimony, and the opinion of witness, as a lawyer, solicited, answer was made that it was corroborative testimony and therefore legal—a monstrosity in legal doctrine, and an outrage in practice, capable of the most iniquitous and dangerous results. If such a course be legal, any irresponsible person may secretly hatch up any story that his cupidity or malevolence may instigate, charging penitentiary offences upon the most respectable and blameless men in the community, but carefully kept from their ears, then go before a grand jury and have his discredited statements "corroborated" by his *own declarations*—not under oath, and in the absence of the parties implicated, and bills found on the strength of the good character of the witnesses narrating them, when his own oath would not be received—as was the case in the present instance. Such a proceeding is too glaring for comment.

How many, if any, of the last grand jury had a pecuniary interest in the prosecution has not been developed. But it came out that some of the traverse jurors for the next Court had contributed money to carry on these prosecutions. Our readers can judge what chance these defendants have had to obtain a fair and honest trial. Messrs. Gundy and Eyer have been repeatedly told by persons concerned in the prosecution, "We have nothing against you and don't want to hurt you, but we must kill the bonds"! That is—'We know you are honest, upright men, and we don't want to injure you, but if you will be kind enough to suffer us to send you to the penitentiary for two or three years, why we can kill the railroad and the bonds, and we shall be much obliged to you for this little favor.' Verily, there is a refreshing *naiveté* about Union county State trials altogether unknown among the rest of mankind, and could only originate in such a political atmosphere as that of New Berlin.

☞ It was stated that the Councils of Philadelphia will not subscribe the Two Millions to the Sunbury & Erie Railroad, under the Presidency of Mr. COOPER. It was alleged they had not sufficient confidence in his financial or general business ability to manage such a work, however eminent he may be in law and general legislation. Mr. COOPER, however, recently addressed large meetings of the friends of the Company at Philadelphia, and made a very good impression. The meetings passed strong resolutions in his favor. The Annual Election for Officers of the Company, occurs next week.

WAKING UP.—The Northern Liberties of Philadelphia have taken $600,000 in stock of the North Pennsylvania Railroad Company which is designed to tap the New York & Erie Railroad at Athens, with a road running down the Susquehanna some 75 or 100 miles, then over to the Delaware and down to Philadelphia. This is a great work for Philadelphia interests, and we are glad to see them alive to its importance.

Common Schools.

From the Report (ending June, 1853) of the Superintendent of Common Schools in Pennsylvania, we compile the annexed table, showing the operations of all the public schools in Union and neighboring counties, with the aggregate results in the whole State, and some few comparisons with the State of New York:

	Center.	Lycoming.	Northumbd.	Union.	Pennsylvania.	New York.
No. of public schools now open	135	154	85	160	9,567	11,684
Average No. in each school required	10	13	1	7	671	
do do do learning German	41	43	67	40	42	
No. of months taught	43	108	105	436	11,121	
No. of male teachers	4	4	5	4	5	7m. 23 d
No. of female do	121	130	77	153	7,590	
Average pay of male teachers	16	11	14	14	3,610	
do do female do	$21.72	18.03	20.05	19.23	19.25	
No. of male scholars	$16.18	11.61	13.05	11.48	12.03	
No. of female do	3,813	3,759	2,510	4,617	260,269	1,031,970
Cost of teaching pr scholar pr m	3,131	3,360	2,102	3,685	214,286	
Amount of Tax levied	$0.51	40	40	31	43	
Amount State appropriation	$1,390	11,274	9,179	11,016	1,021,337	
Cost of instruction	1,959	1,163	2,481	2,480	182,200	692,358
Fuel and contingencies	$1,879	6,696	8,692	7,317	731,743	
Schoolhouses, repairs, &c.	$6,730	724	817	$1,158		1,968,818
	$1,187	1,852	2,503	856	147,516	
	1,702	2,503				

Complaints are made that these reports are not complete, but they are sufficiently exact. The total number of scholars in the four counties sums up as follows:

Center	6,943
Lycoming	7,019
Northumberland	4,612
Union	8,332

These returns show Union county to be far in advance of her sister counties in the number of pupils in schools. There has been a great increase in ten years in the number of scholars in public schools in Pennsylvania, as the following comparison will show:

No. reported in 1843	288,762
do 1853	474,555
Increase in ten years	185,793

The No. in German schools is decreasing, and English education—by private as well as public schools—and through the higher seminaries of learning, is rapidly gaining in Pennsylvania.

FOREIGN NEWS.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—The American steamship Atlantic, Captain West, arrived here this morning, with Liverpool dates to the 11th, being four days later than the previous advices.

A division of the combined fleets entered the Black Sea on the 30th of December.

Austria has demanded whether Russia would object to an European Protectorate over the Christians in Turkey. The Czar replied *that he would not permit any other power to meddle with the affairs of the Greek Church.*

Osman Pacha, who was made prisoner at Sinope, has died at Sebastapol of his wounds.

It was expected that the Russian Ambassadors would soon be withdrawn from London and Paris

It is reported that the Turkish cavalry from Kalafat had attacked two Russian battalions near Ossessan, but were repulsed with loss. Some were taken prisoners, and others killed.

Another report says that three engagements had taken place between the Turks and Russians near Kalafat, and that the Turks were successful in the whole three engagements.

The peasantry of Lesser Wallachia assisted by the Wallachian soldiers have risen against the Russians.

We learn from Warsaw to the 2d, that a decree had been published prohibiting the exportation of all kinds of breadstuffs from Poland from the 1st of January to the 1st of August.

The Paris *Moniteur* publishes a decree calling into active service all young soldiers available under the second portion of the contingent class of 1852.

Later---Turkish Victories!

New York, Jan. 31.—The Royal Mail Steamship Asia arrived this morning, at half past 11 o'clock, with Liverpool dates to the 15th, being three days later than previous advices.

Another serious battle had taken place, near Kalafat. The Russians were defeated, with a loss of 3000 men.

Several days previous, Omar Pascha had attacked in succession different Russian corps, apparently with varying success. At length the Turks intentionally fell back on their centre, and thus lured on the Russians as far as Kalafat, which position was now formidably entrenched, although it seemed, at a distance, to be abandoned.

The Turkish batteries were suddenly unmasked, causing great carnage among the Russians, while at the same time the Ottoman reserve, which had crossed the Danube by night, and were masked behind a wood, took them in flank and compelled them to retreat with great loss.

The inhabitants of Lesser Wallachia, who are manifesting themselves more openly in favor of the Turks, contributed not a little to the success of the manouvres.

The latest accounts state that Russia was determined to fight it out.

Omar Pascha has received orders to continue his military preparations.

No answer has yet been received from the Czar, relative to the last note of the four powers.

The Russian government has commanded all its vessels of war to return to Sebastopol.

The Russian Ambassadors to the Courts of France and England have not been withdrawn.

It is stated that 11,000 Russian soldiers are on the sick list in the Principalities.

The announcement of the defeat of the Russians had been officially communicated to the representatives of the four powers at Constantinople.

A despatch from St. Petersburgh states that great irritation prevails there against France and England.

The last accounts state that Persia had abandoned for the present her design of attacking Turkey. The report that Persia had resumed negotiations with England is confirmed.

Gen. Schmoyl, the famous Circassian leader, has informed the Sultan that he is prepared to act energetically against the Russians.

The Austrian government has seized and imprisoned the Rev. James Cook, of Richmond, America, on a charge of being a political propagandist.

Austria has taken offence against Russia, after having accepted her good offices, and afterwards insisting upon treating with the Porte alone.

THE FIRE RECORDER.

15 to 20 Lives Lost.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—About two o'clock yesterday afternoon, the building occupied as a factory for the making of ball cartridges, at Lower Ravenswood, Long Island, blew up with an explosion that shook the houses in the neighborhood for two miles around, and breaking the windows of all those buildings which were within six hundred feet of the place.

The number of persons employed in the factory is generally about thirty, being for the most part girls of the ages of ten to eighteen. So far as it is possible to learn not more than fifteen persons were actually killed. Several others lie in a precarious situation. One family—the father of which is Mr. Rhine, a gardener to a gentleman in the place—lost three girls; and scarcely a laboring family resides near the place that is not now wailing for the loss of some member of it.

Three young men named Andrew Carney, John Smith and Christopher Casey have been found, and are so seriously injured that they are not expected to live.

The scene at Ravenswood beggars description. The building occupied by Mr. French for the manufacture of his rifle cartridges was a one story wood building, twenty by twenty-five feet square, which was blown into fragments, and not a single stick could be found that a child could not lift.

The Coroner's Jury, in the case of the Ravenswood explosion, have brought in their verdict upon the fifteen bodies that were killed thereby. They found that a lamp fed by alcohol was used for heating grease in the same room where there were between 400 and 600 pounds of gunpowder at the same time; and they did not hesitate to say that the explosion was caused by carelessness in the use of the lamp. They found, too, that in the room there were 15 or 20 persons, mostly children, at work; that the room was much too small for the business carried on in it; that it was heated by a stove, about which was neither tin or zinc fender; that the proprietor was absent at the time, and that the female in charge was not sufficiently old or experienced for the grave trust put in her. With such a finding as that, the Coroner certainly could do no less than put Mr. French under bonds to appear before the next Grand Jury.—*Sun.*

New Orleans, Jan. 29.—The steamboat Georgia, from Montgomery, was destroyed by fire last night at the wharf.

By this sad disaster forty lives were lost—about one half of which were slaves. Twelve hundred bales were consumed. The boat and balance of the cargo is a total loss. The passengers lost were mostly from North Alabama and North Carolina, and were on their way to Texas.

The papers publish a list of the names of the passengers who perished. The officers and crew were saved. The wharf and warehouses, together with a large amount of merchandize, were also destroyed

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—The American Car Company's works in this city were destroyed by fire yesterday morning. The brass and iron foundry, and blacksmith and moulding shops, were entirely consumed. The loss is not yet ascertained, but is undoubtedly very large. The origin of the fire is unknown.

HARTFORD, Jan. 30.—The Hayward India Rubber Works, at Colchester, Conn., consisting of five buildings, were destroyed by fire on Saturday night. One of the overseers, named Geo. Stark, aged 31, perished in the flames.

Five hundred hands have been thrown out of employment by this calamity. The loss is very heavy, but is covered by insurance.

OSWEGO, Jan. 30.—A fire occurred in this city on Saturday night, destroying Curtis' coffin warehouse, Thornton's cabinet and chair warehouse, Fitzhugh's mill, and Wright's shop. Loss about $6 000; insured for $2.600 in the Etna Co, of Hartford.

☞ There are great apprehensions of Bread Riots in England, owing to the enormous rise in the prices of breadstuffs. At Topshal, mobs of women threatened the bakers in consequence of the latter raising the price of bread. At Crediton, also, bands of women and children paraded the streets, and attacked some of the bakers' shops, demolishing the doors and windows, and doing other damage. The market people were also molested, and their produce kicked about the streets. The police were unable to put down the disturbance, and it was not until the report that soldiers were coming that quiet was restored.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 30.—The Governor left here this morning for Erie, in company with Judge Knox, who is on his way home. It is known that Gov. Bigler has invited Gen. John Purviance, of Butler, and Gen. Wm. F. Packer, to accompany him to Erie, and to superintend the operations of the Franklin Canal Company, should arrangements be made to use the improvement until the Legislature takes further action on the subject. The engagements of the former gentleman prevent him from accepting the trust, nor is it certain that the latter can do so.

On Tuesday morning last a Welchman by the name of Thomas Powell, aged about 24 years, was killed in the sand tunnel of the Pa. Coal Co., by the falling of the roof. Mr. Powell, we are told, was an industrious man; he leaves a family to mourn his permature death.—*Pittston Gazette.*

The great contract for supplying forty millions of bricks for the Washington aqueduct has been given to W. H. Degges, of Washington City, and Francis H. Smith, of Baltimore, at eight dollars and seventy-five cents per thousand.

Maj. John Marshall Washington, was one of the best officers and most esteemed and accomplished men lost on board the San Francisco.

RELIEF NOTES.—The amount of "Relief Notes" originally issued was $3,243,015, of which $2,182,837 have been redeemed, leaving $475,639 still outstanding.

William Muthart, the noted horse thief, who made his escape from the Berks county prison some months ago, was re-captured in Philadelphia on Friday of last week.

A brute residing in Pottsville, while laboring under a fit of intoxication, on Wednesday last, deliberately cut off the nose of his little daughter.

The California papers adopt the English custom of publishing births, and add a truly American or 'Yankee' peculiarity, by giving the *weight* of the young citizen.

The Lebanon *Courier* of last week contains a strong communication in favor of Gen. William H. Keim, of Berks county, as the next Whig candidate for Governor.

Dr. Isaac A. Pennypacker, of Phœnixville, has consented to take the Professorship of Practise of Medicine in the Philad. College of Medicine.

Parks, the murderer of Beatson, of Akron, Ohio, has been found guilty of murder in the first degree, and is sentenced to be hung on the 20th of May next.

James Quinn the murderer of Mahala Wiggins, on board of a canal boat at Nanticoke, has been found guilty of Murder, and sentenced to death.

A STRIKING CONTRAST.—With all the energy the Romanists have shown in missionary operations 300 years, they have not translated the scriptures into any language for the use of the heathen. This, however, is one of the first works of Protestant missionaries.

Washington, Jan. 31.—It is believed that the Mexican treaty in its present form can not pass. It is undoubtedly objectionable.

☞ The Nebraska Question is the principal matter before Congress.

Land Sales.

House and Lot for Sale

FOR RENT.—Situated on North Fourth Street, between the residence of Rev. Mr. Hayhurst, and Jos. Bright. It is a two storey Brick house, 18 by 33 feet with a Kitchen 18 by 20, a good Barn on the premises, a Well, and a good lot of Fruit trees. The lot is 33 feet front and the usual depth.

LEWIS E. JONES, N. 3d St.
Lewisburg, Jan. 20, 1854.

Orphans' Court Sale.

BY virtue of an order from the Orphans' Court of Union county, the undersigned Administrators of SAMUEL WILSON, late of Kelly Tp. deceased, will sell at private sale the following REAL ESTATE to wit:

That valuable tract of land situated in the township and county aforesaid, within 1½ miles of the thriving village of Lewisburg, bounded by lands of the heirs of Tho's Wilson dec'd, David Meyer, Flavel Clingan, Joel Rover, Philip Shook, and others, containing **225 Acres** or thereabouts, **180** acres cleared, having thereon erected a two story Frame House and Kitchen, a Frame Barn, a Spring House (and a never failing Spring of Water,) and all other out-buildings necessary for the comfort and convenience of a Farm. There is also a good Apple Orchard, with a variety of Fruit Trees. The cleared land is in a high state of cultivation and abounds with Limestone for all necessary purposes.

The above property will answer to divide into TWO or THREE FARMS, and will be sold to suit purchasers.

For terms of sale apply to either of the subscribers, or to THOMAS WILSON, on the premises.

ROBT. H. LAIRD,
WM. WILSON Jr.
Sept 13, 1853. *Administrators.*

FOR SALE,
A large Brick Foundry,

BUILT six years ago, situate in the Borough of Lewisburg, Union Co., Pa., in a very favorable location, 80 by 60 feet and two stories high, with one Eight Horse Engine, Scouring Mill, Charcoal Mill, and Machine Shop attached, all in good condition, and a never-failing Well of Water in the Foundry.

Also a large WARE-ROOM, 40 by 30 feet, two stories high, with an OFFICE 16 by 20 feet attached thereto. L. B. CHRIST.
Lewisburg, July 28, 1853

For Sale.

THAT large and desirable property on the corner of Market and Water Sts., well situated for a residence, for business, or for a residence and place of business.

There is a large BRICK House containing 4 large rooms on the first floor, 6 bed rooms on the second floor, and two large finished rooms on the third. A Kitchen and Washhouse adjoins, and it has also a large cement Cistern, a Pump and Well of good water, and all the necessary outbuildings.

For terms &c. apply to GEO. F. MILLER Esq. S. E. DAVIS.
Lewisburg, Sept. 23, 1853

DAGUERREOTYPES!

SPYKER & HAWN would inform the public that they have fitted up a

Room expressly for Daguerreotyping,

in the New Building over Dr. Thornton's Drug Store—entrance at the *first door*, up stairs—where they are prepared to perform any work in their line in the best style of the art. We can take pictures at almost any hour in the day. Children taken as well as adults—and other pictures copied.

As we have now a permanent location, fitted up purposely and exclusively for Daguerreotyping, we think we can render entire satisfaction, and respectfully tender our services.

F. SPYKER.
Lewisburg, Aug. 1, 1853 J. L. HAWN.

NEW FIRM.
CABINET MAKING.

DONACHY & ELDER having today entered into a Co-Partnership in the above business, would respectfully invite their former customers, and the public in general, to give them a call at DONACHY'S old stand on North FOURTH street, where they are prepared to do all work in their line with the utmost despatch and on the most reasonable terms.

DISSOLUTION.

THE Partnership heretofore existing under the Firm of CHRIST & FRICK between Levi B. Christ and George A. Frick in the Foundry Business, is this 24th day of June 1853 dissolved by limitation. Geo. A. Frick is alone authorized to settle the business of the Firm, except in case of his absence from home when L. B. Christ will attend to the same.

L. B. CHRIST.
GEO. A. FRICK.

N. B. All persons indebted to said Firm are requested to make payment of the same by the 1st day of October next—after which time all accounts will be left with a Justice for immediate collection. 480

WHOLESALE
BOOK AND STATIONERY HOUSE,

IN NEW-YORK,
ON THE CASH PLAN.

☞ Extensive Sales and No Losses, make it profitable to sell at very Low Prices. ☜

Mason Brothers,

23 PARK ROW (opposite the Astor House) NEW YORK,

OFFER one of the most extensive stocks and complete assortments in the country of

BOOKS & STATIONERY
FOR CASH ONLY.

The amount of goods in our line purchased by country merchants is usually quite small compared with their dry goods, hardware and other bills; and this circumstance absolutely compels jobbers in the book business, who sell on time, to get larger profits in order to make up for the losses and extra expenses necessarily involved in a credit business of small amounts. It is also easy for the merchant to make arrangements to buy his book-bill for cash; though it might not be so convenient for him to purchase his larger bills in this way.

These considerations have led us to adopt in our business, from this date—January, 1854—the following principles, viz. SMALL PROFITS, UNVARYING PRICES, AND TERMS ALWAYS CASH.

Being ourselves sole publishers of a number of leading and most extensively-selling School Books in the country, as well as works in other departments, our facilities are unsurpassed.

Call upon us, or send an order, and judge for yourselves if the saving you can make by buying of us for cash is worth while.

Our location is very central, and easily found. Stand on the Astor House steps, and look straight forward across the corner of the Park, and you can not avoid seeing our signs. REMEMBER, THE NAME IS

MASON BROTHERS.

WATCH DEPOT,
LEWISBURG, PA.

A. L. HATFIELD, has on hand a large and splendid assortment of WATCHES, SILVERWARE and JEWELRY, just received from the best Importing and Manufacturing Houses in Philadelphia and New York, and consequently more lower than if purchased from those Retailers who pretend to be Wholesalers.

Gold Patent Levers, full jeweled, 18k	$40 00 to $125 00
do do do 5 jewels, 18k	45 00 " 50 00
do do do full jeweled, 14k	40 00 " 65 00
do do do 5 jewels, 18k	30 00 " 60 00
do Anchors, full jeweled, 18k	30 00 " 60 00
do do do do 18k	25 00 " 50 00
do Lepines, 4 to 8 jewels, 18k	20 00 " 35 00
do do 4 jewels, 18k	18 00 " 28 00
do English and French Watches, 18k	12 00 " 25 00
Silver Patent Levers, full jeweled,	20 00 " 35 00
do do do 5 jewels,	14 00 " 25 00
do Hunting do jeweled,	20 00 " 25 00
do Anchors, full jeweled,	14 00 " 20 00
do Lepines, 4 to 8 jewels,	11 00 " 16 00
German silver Lepines, 4 jewels,	7 00 " 10 00
Silver Quarters,	5 00 " 10 00
German silver & second hand Watches,	2 50 " 12 00
Gold Guard Chains,	8 00 " 20 00
do Ladies' Fob Chains,	12 00 " 18 00
do Gentlemen's Fob Chains,	14 00 " 35 00
do Vest Chains,	8 00 " 17 00
Gold Ladies' Breast Pins, latest styles, such as Mourning, Box and Glass, Cameos, Clusters, Scroll, Branch, &c.	1 00 " 9 00
Gold Gentlemen's Breast Pins,	75 " 20 00
do Cuff Pins, different styles,	1 25 " 2 50
do Finger Rings,	37 " 5 00
Gold Ear Rings, such as Hoops, Drops, Jenny Linds, Corn, Wheat, Strawberry, Cluster, Scroll, Branch, &c.,	1 00 " 8 00
Gold Watch seals,	3 50 " 7 00
do do Keys,	50 " 5 00
do Pencils,	1 25 " 10 00
do Pens,	1 10 " 2 00
do pencils,	6 75 " 10 00
do Hunting Lockets, (Medalins)	2 00 " 12 00
do Bracelets,	2 50 " 12 00
Silver pens, Teas, Tables, Desert, and Salt,	1 00 " 20 00
Silver spectacles,	1 00 " 2 50

And a variety of fine goods, latest styles, neatly got up, at prices to suit the times ☞ and warranted to be what sold for. Also a great variety of gilt and plated goods—Chains, Pins, Spoons, Lockets, Spectacles, Cases, Baskets, Ear Rings, Shawl Pins, Hair Pins, Coral Beads, Steel Beads, Purses, &c., &c., &c.—Also

Brass 8-day spring and weight Clocks	5 00 " 10 00
do 30 hour do do do	2 50 " 4 00
8-day wood and gilt Time Pieces,	7 00 " 8 00
Month Clocks,	15 00 " 28 00
Alabaster Parlor Clocks,	10 00 " 28 00
Patent Lever (or Marine) Clocks,	8 00
French Accordeons, 8 keys,	2 50
do do 10½ "	3 50 " 7 50
Polka do 10½ "	10 00 " 15 00
Music Boxes,	3 00 " 25 00

And hundreds of articles not mentioned.

Watches, Clk and Jewelry carefully repaired and warranted. Call and see

March 1852 1y416

HUSSEY'S GRAIN REAPER,
for cutting both Grain and Grass.

MANUFACTURED and for sale at the Lewisburg Foundry by

GEDDES, MARSH & Co

STILL MORE NEWS CONCERNING

THE SUSQUEHANNA RAIL-ROAD

which is to be extended from Lewisburg to Lewistown on the Juniata

through by Mifflinburg!!

IT is a fact that **D. H. Bissel** has got ahead of all the Companies, and has now opened one of the best and largest stocks of

FALL & WINTER GOODS

ever opened in this country, and of such styles and qualities as will give satisfaction to all.

DRY GOODS of all kinds,
GROCERIES,

Coffee, Tea, Spices, Sugar, Molasses, Rice, Cheese, Crackers, Soap, Candles, Tobacco, Segars, &c.

Also Hardware, Queensware, Cedarware, Boots and Shoes, Hats,

and Caps of the latest style and best quality Umbrellas, Brushes, Brooms, Paints ground and dry, Oils of all kinds and other articles too numerous to mention—all of which will be sold at prices so low as to astonish purchasers.

All kinds of Country PRODUCE taken in exchange for Goods.

☞ Please give me a call before purchasing elsewhere, as I charge nothing for looking at my Goods. D. H. BISSEL.

Mifflinburg, Oct 28 1852

The Far-Famed Medicine!

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

These Pills being composed entirely of medicinal herbs, are of a most harmless nature, while the extraordinary virtues they possess have rendered them universally popular in nearly every part of the world. The immense success they have met with throughout the States is most extraordinary, owing, it is presumed, to their wonderful efficacy in the cure of Bilious complaints and disorders of the Liver and Stomach. Persons who persevere in using them according to directions, seldom fail in being restored to health.

Weakness and Debility.—Restoration to Health of a Gentleman, aged 45, when at Death's door.

Copy of a Letter from the Rev Charles Smith, dated Norton, St. Philips, near Bath, Somersetshire, 17 Aug. 1853.

To PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY,

SIR—A Mr. JOSEPH PAXTON, formerly a resident of this place, had been in a declining state of health for upwards of three years, gradually wasting away to a shadow by nightly perspirations and want of appetite, which caused great uneasiness to his friends, as he had consulted various medical men in Bath without effect. He at last used your Pills, and under Providence was restored to health by their means. He lately emigrated to New York, and has just written to say, that he was never better in health, and desired me to acquaint you with the circumstance. I ought also to mention, that my wife has derived great benefit from the use of your Pills.

I remain, Sir, yours respectfully,
CHARLES SMITH, Dissenting Minister.

A permanent Cure of a diseased Liver of many Years' duration.

Copy of a Letter from Mr. Gamis, Chemist, Yeovil, to Professor Holloway.

Dear Sir—In this district your Pills command a more extensive sale than any other proprietary medicine before the public. As a proof of their efficacy in Liver and Bilious Complaints I may mention the following case. A lady of this town with whom I am personally acquainted, for years was a severe sufferer from disease of the Liver and Digestive organs; her medical attendant assured her that he could do nothing to relieve her sufferings, and it was not likely she could survive many months. This announcement naturally caused great alarm among her friends and relations, and they induced her to make a trial of your Pills, which so improved her general health that she was induced to continue them until she received a perfect cure. This is twelve months ago, and she has not experienced any symptoms of relapse, and often declares that your Pills have been the means of saving her life.

I remain, Dear Sir, yours truly,
July 23d, 1853. (Signed) J. GAMIS.

These celebrated Pills are wonderfully efficacious in the following complaints:

Ague	Dropsy	Jaundice	Secondary
Asthma	Dysentery	Liver Complnts	Symptoms
Bilious Complaints	Erysipelas	Lumbago	Tic Douloureux
	Female Irreg-ularities	Piles	Tumors
Blotches on the Skin		Rheumatism	Ulcers
	Fevers of all kinds	Retention of Urine	Venereal Affections
Bowel Cmpl'ts			
Colics	Fits	Scrofula, or King's Evil	Worms of all kinds
Constipat'n of the Bowels	Gout		
	Head-ache	Sore Throats	Weakness frm any cause
Consumption	Indigestion	Stone	
Debility	Inflamation	Gravel	&c. &c.

Sold at the Establishment of Professor HOLLOWAY, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar, London,) and also at his house in New York. Orders for Medicine in the States, addressed "*Professor Holloway, New York,*" will receive due attention. Sold also by all respectable Druggists and dealers in Medicines throughout the United States, in Boxes at 37½ cts. 87 cts. and $1.50, each. To be had Wholesale of the principal Drug houses in the Union.

☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the larger Boxes.—N. B. Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder, are affixed to each Box. 1y504

☞ For sale by Dr. KEMPER, Mifflinburg

$2,000
Worth of CABINET FURNITURE,

For sale at the large Brick Warerooms of

Donachy & Elder,
(Fourth St. one door from Bloser's Hotel.)

OUR stock comprises Rosewood, Mahogany, Walnut and Cottage Dressing BUREAUS—Plain and Fancy Mahogany Bureaus—SECRETARIES and BOOK CASES in endless variety.

SOFAS, OTTOMANS, DIVANS, Mahogany Chairs and Whatnots—Card, Pier, Center, Sofa, Dining, and Breakfast Tables—Grecian, French, Octagon, Cottage, and Common BEDSTEADS—Rosewood, Walnut, Mahogany and Cottage WASHSTANDS, and various other articles.

All work WARRANTED to be well made, and on the most reasonable terms. Cash, Produce and Lumber taken in payment.

F. A. DONACHY,
A. D. ELDER.
Lewisburg, Oct. 5, 1853

Dissolution.

THE Partnership between the subscribers has been dissolved by mutual consent. The accounts are to be settled by Ranslow Furrey, and the business continued by Mathias Hate.

MATHIAS HATE.
RANSLOW FURREY.
Lewisburg, Oct. 6, 1853

Perfect Fits!

JOHN B. MILLER carries on the Tailoring business, on his own book, at his old stand on North Third Street, (sign of the Striped Coat) where he will attend to Making and Cutting as usual. The FALL FASHIONS for 1853, received from New York.

All work done in the best style and on the most reasonable terms. Produce received at Market prices. [Lewisburg, Sept. 3, 1853

JOHN B. MILLER.

Fresh Meat!

THE undersigned respectfully announces that his **Butcher Shop** in the rear of his residence (on South THIRD street) is again in operation, and *Beef, Veal, Mutton, &c.* will be regularly supplied to his friends and the public, TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY mornings, on cheap and accommodating terms.

FRANCIS ZELLERS.
Lewisburg, May 12, 1853

MELODEONS.

JUST received an assortment of fine tone rosewood Melodeons, from Geo. A. Prince & Co.'s celebrated establishment, Buffalo, N. Y.

4 octave Melodeons from	C to C		$45
4½	do	do C to F	65
5	do	do F to F	75
Large 5	do	F to F, Piano style,	100

A. L. HATFIELD, Lewisburg

Protestant America's Book for the Times.

Dr. Dowling's History of Romanism.

JUST published—A NEW AND ENLARGED EDITION of Dr. DOWLING'S HISTORY OF ROMANISM.—This popular and valuable work (which is Protestant but otherwise unsectarian) has been pronounced by all Protestant denominations the *Standard History* of the subject of which it treats.

In consequence of the late fire in the Publisher's establishment, he has been unable for the last few months to supply the frequent orders for this work. He has now the pleasure to announce that Dr. Dowling has prepared an extensive and valuable Supplement of about 150 pages, including all the recent events of interest in relation to Pope Pius IX., the struggle for liberty in Rome, the Madiai, Gavazzi, etc. etc.; and that the enlarged work (making a noble volume of 815 pages) is now ready and will be supplied to agents, booksellers and the public *without any advance of price* upon the old editions.

Hundreds of testimonials from distinguished clergymen, scholars, presidents of colleges and others, have been received, testifying to the fidelity and value of this History. A single one of these, from the pen of that eminent Protestant scholar, the Rev. Geo. B. Cheever, D.D., is given as a specimen of the whole:

"This extensive and resonant work," says Dr. Cheever, "possesses many and very strong claims for popular favor, and we do not doubt that it is destined to have an extraordinary sale. It is one of the most elegantly embellished and executed works we have ever seen issued from the American press; containing a large number of highly finished engravings, illustrative of the ceremonies, superstitions, persecutions, and incidents of Romanism, which give it a most eloquent tale, and are of real utility as well as highly ornamental. The work itself is characterized by great research, and a comprehensive and scriptural view of the nature and history of the Papish system. It presents a succinct but sufficiently full history of the rise, progress, errors, cruelties, and present condition of the Papacy, neither healed by reference to the most undeniable historic sources, related in a spirited, engaging style, but reasonably cheap, and arranged in the most lucid manner. It abounds in facts and incidents, and, with its beautiful illustrations, is better adapted to furnish a vivid and impressive portraiture of Romanism as it is, than any other book we know of. It supplies a great lack in our theological literature; and now that a conflict with Rome is forced upon us, and is seen to become the business of the age, clergy and laity, a work so richly stored with facts and strong arguments will be most timely and useful. We shall be glad to see it in every family, and adorning every centre table in the land."

☞ Agents for the above work, to whom valuable inducements will be offered, wanted in every State of the Union. Apply to

EDWARD WALKER, Publisher.
May, 1853. 114 Fulton St. New York.

TAKE NOTICE!

The undersigned, would respectfully announce to the citizens of Lewisburg and its vicinity, that they are prepared to do all kinds **Blacksmithing** at their Shop on the corner of North 4th street and the Buffaloe road.

Horse Shoeing, Wagon Work and all kinds of Repairing done to order.

Coal, Iron and Grain taken in exchange for work. C. & H. Fisher.
May 1, 1853

A NEW STOCK OF
Boots and Shoes, **Books and Stationery.**

THE subscriber announces to his friends and the public generally that he has just received from Philadelphia a large and excellent assortment of

BOOTS AND SHOES

comprising every kind and variety of Gentlemen's Boots, Gaiters, Monroes, Ties, Slippers &c.

Ladies' Fine Gaiter Boots, Buskins, Jenny Linds, and Ties of the latest and most approved styles.

Boys', Misses', and Children's Boots, Lace Boots, Gaiters and Shoes of every style and variety now worn—also a choice selection of the School and Classical

BOOKS

now in use in our Academies and Schools, together with a good assortment of **Stationery,** etc.

The above goods have been carefully selected and will be sold at very reduced prices.

The undersigned also continues to manufacture Boots and Shoes of every description to order, and from his long experience and a determination to spare no effort or expense to please, he hopes to merit and receive a liberal share of business. JOHN HOUGHTON.
Lewisburg, May 8, 1853