

LEWISBURG CHRONICLE & WEST BRANCH FARMER.

Michigan Double Plough.
Mr. Spangler:—Permit us to call the attention of Farmers to the Michigan Double Plough. We gave it a thorough trial, with three of the best patterns of ploughs in our neighborhood, having spent a full day in testing its qualities in loam, heavy clay and strong soil, and have no hesitation in saying that in any soil the work is more thoroughly and better done, than by any plough we have seen in use. The surface has more the appearance of being scraped than ploughed, and the furrows are scarcely distinguishable.

For the satisfaction of those who have not seen the plough or a draft of it, we give the description of the Patent. The plough consists of two ploughs, placed one before the other, on the same beam. The forward one takes a furrow from 3 to 6 inches deep, separating the roots of the grass or vegetable matter, and lays its slice surface down in the bottom of the previous furrow: and the hind one furrows from 5 to 6 inches deeper, and raises and deposits its slice on the top of the former one.

We thought before trying it, there might be a difficulty in the hinder mould-board raising the ground sufficiently to mellow, and at the same time to clear the first furrow slice, and leave a clean furrow for the next round. We were agreeably disappointed. The second furrow in the subsoil, by the construction of the mould board is raised sharply, and broken and mellowed, and spread loosely and evenly over the first furrow; then leaving a fine and clean soil on which to plant or drill, and burying grass, sorrel or weeds at a depth we think sufficient to destroy vegetation.

Although we had not the Dynamometer in the field, it was the opinion of all, that the draft was no greater than the lightest running plough tried in competition. The one we tried was right-handed, while ourselves, our men and horses were accustomed to left hand, a disadvantage to the Double Plough in a trial of quality, that will be realized by every farmer.

Left hand ploughs on the same principle are now being manufactured by Mr. Henry Gilbert of Harrisburg, and if got up as true as the one we tried, they must, both as a soil and stubble plough, supersede the best in use in our neighborhood.

A. O. HEISTER.

Recipe for Making Beer.

Take one pint of corn and boil it until it is a little soft, add to it one pint of molasses and one gallon of water; shake them well together, and set it by the fire, and in twenty-four hours the beer will be excellent. When all the beer in the jug is used, just add more molasses and water. The same corn will answer for six months, and the beer will be fit for use in 12 hours, by keeping the jug which contains it warm. In this way the whole ingredients used in making a gallon of beer, will not cost exceeding four cents, and it is better and more wholesome than cider.—*Paulding (Mix.) Clarion*

If this is not "cheap beer," we would like the most noted miser in the country, to give us his receipt.—*Germantown Telegraph*.

NEW POTATOES.—On Monday last, our very considerable friend, LLOYD THOMAS Esq., of Franklin township, in this county, sent us a large mess of fine new potatoes, grown by himself on his own farm, for which we tender our devout acknowledgements. They were of excellent quality, and as good as any new potatoes we ever saw in the early season of the year. Who, North of Mason and Dixon's line, can come up to this? If there is any body, we should like to hear of him.—*Danville Democrat*.

Improved Plow.

Mr. George Sheldon, of Millersburg, Holmes Co., O., has taken measures to secure a patent for an improvement in plows which he has recently invented. The improvement consists in applying a series of conical rollers so arranged as to throw off the mould on the land side of the plow instead of employing the ordinary mould board. The conical rollers revolve while the plow is in motion, consequently there is less friction on the said rollers, than on the rigid "mould board."—*Scientific American*.

Machine for Flocking Cloth.

Messrs. D. & R. Pratt, of Elmira, Chemung Co., N. Y., have invented a machine whereby they will be enabled to use flecks in woolen cloth, and to work them into the cloth before it goes to the falling stocks. This will be a saving in wool, as the flecks are so much cheaper. Measures have been taken to secure a patent.—*Id.*

TO DESTROY THE CATERPILLAR.—In answer to many inquiries for the best mode of destroying caterpillars on trees, which have caused such havoc of our hopes the present year, I would say that three drops of lamp oil poured into their nest will effectually destroy them.—*Albany Cultivator*.

One cow well fed will be of more profit than two kept on the same fodder. This will also apply to other stock.

One ton of hay cut when the grass begins to blossom will produce as much milk as two tons cut when the seed is ripe.

New Agricultural Society.

A Northumberland county Agricultural Society was organized at Sunbury, on Saturday week. A Constitution was adopted, and the following officers elected for the ensuing year: President, Capt. SAMUEL HUNTER; Vice Presidents, James Cameron, J. R. Priestly, Geo. C. Welker, Jacob Seasholtz, Wm. B. Kipp, Jacob Hilbish, John Montgomery. Recording Secretary, Wm. I. Greenough; Corresponding Secy, David Taggart; Treasurer, Wm. L. Dewart; Librarian, Wm. McCarty. Committees were appointed for each township to obtain members to the Society. The committee for Chillisqueague are John H. Vincent, Wm. Nesbit, Reuben Troxel, John Voris, James Cameron.

The following persons were then elected Managers for the ensuing year: James Eckman, Samuel John, Peter Oederoff, George Conrad, Wm. Fegely, Wm. Deppen, Beneville Holshoe, Michael Lenker, Isaac Baker, Geo. Long, Alexander Jordan, A. E. Kapp, Jesse C. Horton, John B. Heller, Henry J. Reader, Charles Riddle, Samuel Shannon, Hon. James Pollock.

The Society adjourned to meet again at the Court House in Sunbury, on the 1st Monday in August, next, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

Indian Bread.

Receipt for making the celebrated St. Charles Indian Bread as prepared at the St. Charles Hotel, New Orleans:

Beat two eggs very light, mix alternate with them one pint of sour milk or buttermilk and one pint of fine Indian meal, melt one table-spoonful of butter and add to the mixture, dissolve one table-spoonful of soda or saleratus &c., in a small portion of the milk and add to the mixture the last thing, beat very hard and bake in a pan in a quick oven.

The above receipt, Mr. Editor, was sent by a lady friend in South Carolina, to the lady of a neighbor of mine, in the upper end of our county. I have eaten of the bread, and unhesitatingly pronounce it the very *ne plus ultra* of Indian Bread.—*Germantown Telegraph*.

We saw the farmer, a few days since, out south, that couldn't afford to take a county paper. He was selling a load of the best quality of russet apples for three brought a dollar in the city. Reason—

he thought it more economical to take a large Philadelphia story paper, than to patronize a local paper, that would keep him accurately advised of the general market prices.—*Central New-Yorker*.

The Bald Eagle Plank Road.

Twenty miles of this road were let on the 20th inst.,—ten miles west from Fleming, and ten miles east from Tyrone,—and it is now a fixed fact that the work will go on. The completion of this road will prove of immense benefit to the people of the Bald Eagle valley, as it will afford them a good road to market and be the means of improving large bodies of lands that otherwise might lay for years uncultivated, beside making their valley a general thoroughfare for travelers.—*Bellefonte Whig*.

The quantity of ashes left by a ton of wheat is sometimes as much as three hundred and sixty pounds.

The New Dress for Females.

Quite a stir is made in some sections of the Union in regard to a new fashioned dress adopted by some females, resembling that now used by Turkish ladies. It consists of a skirt reaching a little below the knees, and a pair of broad legged trousers, fastened around the ankles. Now it is not very often that we pay much attention to the peculiar fashion of a female's dress, but on this important question we would say that if the adoption of the Turkish dress will do away with corsets, and whalebone, and tight lacing, let it come, and the sooner the better. We could tolerate the wearing of the breeches by the fairer part of creation, if it should be attended with the above-named reforms.—We have seen so much suffering by disease, brought on by the tight lacing system, that we shall welcome any decent fashion that will bring about the reverse. We like Mary Sumpit's notions on this subject. Mary Sumpit was a hearty, broad-shouldered, copper-colored lassie, of the Penobscot tribe; and she strode along the streets as straight and as majestic as a Norway pine.

One day she called at the house of one of our citizens, with some baskets to sell. The lady of the house, pleased with her frank and honest demeanor and healthy appearance, after purchasing some of her wares, offered to make her a present of a silk gown of fine texture, and but very little worn. Mary took it in her hand and examined it with great care; she held it up before her for a time, and admired its fineness and beauty, and then, after laying it down, and measuring the breadth of the waist by her hands, very politely handed it back to the lady, thanked her for her kindness, and declined taking it.

"White squaw dress," said she, "no fit um Penobscot squaw—not plenty big—choke um body too tight—sartin kill um very quick, all same as hang um." Mary was right. There has many a beautiful

girl been murdered by tight lacing, who, if she had practiced Mary Sumpit's philosophy, would have been living now.—*Maine Farmer*.

A DREADFUL RIOT occurred at Hoboken, opposite New York, on Monday week. It seems the Germans of New York, accompanied by their wives and children, to the number of ten or twelve thousand, went over to Hoboken last Monday, to celebrate their annual May festival. In the afternoon, while partaking of a picnic on the grass, a disturbance took place between them and some young men of Hoboken and New York, whom the Germans describe as Rock Boys and Short Boys, and allege that they seized their sausages and drank their beer. The Germans repulsed them, beating them severely, but the rowdies afterwards were reinforced in large numbers by the Irish, and a terrible riot ensued, in which several persons were killed and a number severely wounded—among the latter a justice of the peace, who was trying to maintain order.

SHOCKING DEATH BY HANGING.—We learn from the *Canton Weekly Register*, that a little girl at school, near Macomb, in McDonough county, Ill., came to a sudden and most shocking death last week, by her school mistress putting a handkerchief around her neck and raising her from the floor until her neck was dislocated. The teacher had accused the child of stealing a piece of money, and threatened to hang her if she did not confess the crime. The child persisted in its innocence, she proceeded to put her threat into execution, with the above mentioned result.

Last week, says the *Hollidaysburg Standard*, Mr. Henry Crawford and family, consisting of five persons, left his residence in Martinsburg, in this county, in a carriage, to visit Franklin county. On the very steepest part of Siding Hill some part of the harness broke and the horse became unable to hold the vehicle and went over a rocky precipice into a ravine about forty feet in depth, falling on the stump of a locust tree and was instantly killed. The carriage was also precipitated over the precipice and fell to the bottom among rocks and fallen trees, and was dashed to pieces, and yet, strange as it may seem, not one of the five persons in the carriage received either the slightest bruise or scratch!

The northwestern portion of Blair county was visited with one of the most violent hail storms on record on Thursday evening last. It commenced about dusk, and passed over parts of Logan and Antea townships, leaving in its wake desolation and destruction, not unlike the simoon of the Arabian deserts. In the neighborhood of Altoona, the barn of John Hamilton was blown down and his house unroofed. His loss is about \$2000. Mr. Hamilton's orchard, together with a number of others, was completely desolated, and for some two or three miles, both east and west of Altoona, nearly all the trees were stripped of their foliage. Whole fields of grain were cut down as low as if the sickle of the reaper had passed over it, and fences were prostrated for miles—immense trees were torn out of the ground, and even some of the telegraph posts were missing! In the vicinity of Collinsville the storm was very severe, and the amount of damage done is very great. The storm was of very short duration, but it left behind it a greater wreck of matter than any storm that has ever occurred in Blair county.—*Hollidaysburg Standard*.

SEVERE STORM.—The storm of Thursday week was very severe about three miles north of this place, taking in Hughesville in its course. We learn that the Bridge across Muncy Creek near that place was raised from its foundation and thrown into the Creek—the gable end of the new brick Lutheran Church, was sprung in about eight inches at the top—the large barn of Mr. Ball was moved on its foundation about eight or ten inches—Buildings were unroofed—and forest and fruit trees, and fences, to a great extent were torn up by the wind throughout the whole course of the storm.—*Muncy Lum*.

The most terrific storm of rain and hail witnessed in that section of country for many years, says the *Sentinel*, passed over Indianapolis week before last.

In Huntington county the grain, fruit trees, &c., sustained serious injury. In the vicinity of M'Veytown, Miffin county, some outbuildings were unroofed, and the grain and fruit trees much cut up by hail of unusual size. In Ferguson and Harris townships, Centre county, the hail was also very destructive to the grain and fruit.

A tremendous hail storm, destroying or damaging much of the crops and fruit in its course passed over Meadville, Pa. lately. Another destructive hail storm passed over St. Louis only a day or two previous. Worcester, Mass., May 14.—A very severe and destructive hail storm occurred here last night. The hail stones were as large as bullets and came down in torrents. The storm was of nearly an hour's duration.

In Washington county, Pa., a hail storm demolished crops, scattered fences, and tore up orchards. A sheep was carried up and burst open by the fall and killed.

The two Brothers.

It is not many years since, says the Pennsylvanian, two young men, without means, started in life. They were both Democrats, and both printers. Both were their profession—after having earned public confidence in the editorial chair—and since they have pursued almost the same career, and, though resident in different States, seem to have gone together, filling nearly the same public positions, and winning all hearts by the gentle suavity and steady consistency of their character and conduct. Both are still very young men; and yet it is more than probable that both will in a few months rise to the gubernatorial chairs of Pennsylvania, the California of the Atlantic, and California, the Pennsylvania of the Pacific. The brothers allude to, are WILLIAM and JOHN BIGLER, now the conceded favorites for the highest honors of their respective States, and the admitted choice of the Democratic party in each. The parallel will no doubt be completed when each is, as each will be, chosen to fill the posts for which they are candidates. Their past history is a guarantee that they will go on, with equal march, and unflinching devotion, in the fulfillment of their high duties.

There is in this picture much of encouragement to "poor young men." Both of these Brothers BIGLER started life without money, and almost without friends. No academic honors crowned their earlier manhood—no luxurious habits enervated their frames—no wealthy friends encouraged their first essays in life. In the battle of the world they fought with no weapons but those furnished by their own indomitable energies. In the struggles for subsistence, they gleaned more knowledge from men than from books; while in the acquisition of money, came also the golden opinion of troops of friends. Let the young man, who would respond over his own future, take heart from this example, and try to imitate the two brothers.

Foreign News.

Boston, May 28.—The steamship Canada reached her wharf at half-past five o'clock this morning, after a run of less than eleven days from Liverpool, and 31 hours from Halifax.

ENGLAND.

Victor Pontz, a cotton importer in London, has failed. His liabilities are set down at \$200,000.

Another cotton house in Liverpool, has temporarily stopped.

It is stated that the honor of Knighthood is to be conferred on Mr. Joseph Paxton, the designer of the Crystal Palace.

SPAIN.

A copy of the Concordat recently settled with the Court of Rome has made its appearance in Madrid, and will not fail to produce general disgust throughout the country. The number of bishops is reduced by four; the education of the country is placed under Church control; the introduction into Spain, or reprinting of such books as they may not approve—namely, all those calculated to enlighten or instruct the people—is left to the clergy. No other than the Roman Catholic religion is to be tolerated.

The re-establishment of the monastic orders of San Vincente de Paul, San Felipe Neri, and one of those sanctioned by the Pope, is provided for, so that we shall return to the old times of unparalleled immorality.

GERMANY.

The Berlin correspondent of the Daily News says that "Russia, Austria and Prussia, will act as one man at the Frankfurt Diet, and that this trio of the great Northern Powers, headed by Russia, will deliberate really on one subject only, viz: the most effective means of extinguishing liberty all over the world."

TURKEY.

According to letters of the 2d from the Bosnian frontier, the revolution is completely crushed. Almost all the insurgent leaders are in safe keeping in Austrian Croatia. Terrible excesses have been committed by the victors. The houses of the Moslems, in the neighborhood of Bilace, have been sacked and burnt.

ITALY.

Letters from Rome, of the 3d, in the *Corriers Mercantile*, state that a spirit of personal animosity not only exists between the inhabitants and the French troops, but between the Roman troops and the French, which produces almost daily collisions and loss of life.

The Roman correspondent of the Morning Chronicle thus describes the state of affairs in the Eternal City: "The unsettled state of France and Germany, the uncertain fate of the Ecclesiastical Bill in England, and the deep rooted hatred of the Romans to Papal temporal dominion, have spread a heavy gloom over the ministers of Pio IX., who now well know their dangerous position, and which they might have averted by substituting clemency for vengeance. In the meanwhile the Mazzini party openly avows its intentions, and prepares for the shock with men, arms, and money; but their hope of subverting the government rests upon the chaos now reigning in France and Germany."

A letter from Rome states that the Papal Government intends sending a nuncio to Mexico, where his Holiness has not been hitherto permanently represented.

The reported death of the King of Naples has not been confirmed.

IRELAND.

It is said that the census, nearly completed, shows a diminution of two millions of inhabitants in Ireland since 1841.

PORTUGAL.

Intrigue is rife among all parties at Lisbon, and even the resignation of the Queen in favor of her son has been spoken of.

Large quantities of chestnuts are being imported into London from New York.

THE CHRONICLE.

H. C. HICKOK, Editor. J. O. N. WORDEN, Printer.

At \$1.50 cash in advance, \$1.75 in three months, \$2 paid within the year, and \$2.50 at the end of the year.

Agents in Philadelphia—V. B. Falmer and E. W. Carr.

Lewisburg, Pa.

Wednesday Morning, June 4, 1851.

ADVERTISE.—Executors, Administrators, Public Auctioneers, Business Men—all who wish to procure or dispose of anything—would do well to give notice of the same through the "Lewisburg Chronicle." This paper has a good and increasing circulation in a community containing as large a proportion of active, solvent producers, consumers, and dealers, as any other in the State.

Democratic State Gubernatorial Convention—Reading, 4th June.

Democratic State Judicial Convention—Harrisburg, 11th June.

Whig State Convention—Lancaster, 24th June.

County Papers Free.

We hope all our friends will bear in mind that after the first of July next the Chronicle will circulate anywhere in the county FREE OF POSTAGE, and out of the county, within fifty miles of this place, for only five cents per quarter.

There is now every inducement for persons to take their own county papers in preference to those published at a distance. COME ONE, COME ALL; send us your names for the Chronicle.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

The lines of our Bloomsburg friend shall appear next week.

"M." is welcome. Shall appear soon.

"Ineg." Too late, entirely, for this week. Will our friend E. Geneva, Wis., please send us a duplicate copy of his Report on "usury"?

The wires of the Telegraph were deranged at Hazleton, by the storm on Thursday last, and compelled to be idle for a day or two. But the line is now in excellent working order, and likely to remain so. The office at this place has been doing an excellent business this week. Our business men, and citizens generally, are beginning to realize its immense advantages in the transmission of intelligence; and every day's experience will enhance its value.

We learn from Dr. Goell, the energetic President of the Company, that sufficient stock has been taken to continue the line from Milton to M'Wensville; and the route is staked off, and the timber for posts contracted for. The next points in that direction will be Muncy and Williamsport. The Sunbury office will be open a day or two.

In another column we give some account of the recent remarkable storms in different parts of the country, including however only a few that have fallen under our notice in our exchanges. This county has also suffered some.

On Tuesday of last week a destructive hail storm swept over the Beaver townships, from the south west, upsetting barns, and beating down the grain level with the ground. A school house in Adamsburg was also struck by lightning and much injured. No person was in it at the time.

We are informed that during the storm of Thursday last, apple trees were uprooted, and fences blown down, on the farm of Mr. William Young, between Miffinburg and Hartleton.

A large tree by the side of the turnpike, a mile west of this place, was shattered by lightning the same afternoon. Two of our citizens made a narrow escape, as they were passing at the moment in a buggy, within a few rods of the tree.

About the same time and in the same vicinity, Mr. William Halfpenny, of Hartley township, received a severe shock. He was riding in a buggy, but stopped and unhitched his horse while the storm was at its height. While putting the horse in the shafts again, the lightning struck some trees about 150 feet distant. The shock prostrated Mr. Halfpenny, and he felt its effects quite seriously for several days. The horse gave a single leap of about twenty feet, as the report was heard, and would have run off, but Mr. H. was fortunately able to retain his hold of the lines, and stop him.

The Democratic State Convention meets at Reading to-day to nominate candidates for Governor and Canal Commissioner. Col. William Bigler, will doubtless be nominated for Governor by acclamation.

The people of Maryland also vote to-day for the adoption or rejection of a New Constitution.

The new three cent pieces have made their appearance in town. They will prove a very useful coin. The only complaint here is that they are not sufficiently plentiful as yet.

Mr. John Wise, the Aeronaut, made a brilliant balloon ascension from Bath, N. Y., on May 14th.

DETESTABLE—a snake in the grass.

Railroad Convention at New Berlin.

The object of this meeting was to show the propriety of crossing the river at Sunbury, and passing up the West Branch, through Union county, to Williamsport. We are not acquainted with the ground, but from an examination of the map it does not appear that an advantage would be had by crossing the Susquehanna here. By continuing the road to the northern limit of our county, and then passing over and running up White Deer Hole Creek, something might be gained in reaching Williamsport.—*Sunbury Gazette*.

Greatly obliged to you, Mr. Gazette, for your accommodating suggestion. But you will excuse us for intimating that its magnanimity and profound wisdom are not as favorably appreciated in this region, as might be supposed. We imagine the people on the west side of the West Branch will take care to put themselves in a position, at the proper time, to exert a controlling influence in the location of the road. And that the nearest and cheapest route will be selected; especially when five hundred square miles of the most fertile and important country on the line, can be accommodated at the same time, and its wealthy trade added to the revenues of the road. We shall have more to say on this subject hereafter.

A meeting of the friends of Agriculture was held in the Court House, on Wednesday of last week. Whether the meeting appointed a committee to draft a Constitution and By-Laws for such an Association, we are not able to say, as we have not been furnished with a copy of the proceedings. Rumor has it that the proceedings were sent travelling in the upper part of the county wrapped up in a blanket.—*Union Star*.

Exactly so, and a cradle blanket at that, to wit, a rusty copy of the Union Star; which serves such purposes, very well—Some New Berlin Editors, with plenty of "nothing else to do" on their hands, cant afford to lift up the light of their countenance in the public meetings which occasionally enliven their sylvan village, and relieve the tedium of their snail-paced courts. Much less do they think of noting the proceedings for themselves and their readers; but with refreshing *any* frolic wait for the secretaries to make out copies for each of the thousand and one "blankets," which vegetate in that mushroom soil. But will they do it? Well they went.

We regret to learn that the wheat crop throughout the West Branch country is beginning to suffer seriously from the ravages of the riy. We have been told of many fields in various directions that are likely to prove an almost total failure.

We understand that Mr. Thomas Howard has presented a large fragment of the tusk of a mastodon, recently discovered on his farm in Kelly township, to the Museum of the "Society of Inquiry" of the University at Lewisburg. The piece sent in is a splendid specimen, about two feet in length, with an average diameter of about eight inches, and in an excellent state of preservation. It is well worth a visit to the Hill.

We learn that the illumination of the clouds in the north east, which attracted the attention of our citizens during the storm on Tuesday evening, of last week, was occasioned by the burning of a barn belonging to Mrs. Margaret Follmer, situate on Muddy Run, in Turbet township, Northumberland county; which was struck by lightning about half past 8 o'clock, and totally destroyed, together with about 40 bushels of wheat, 100 bushels of corn, 2 buggies, 20 head of sheep, one cow and calf, 2 heifers, and a quantity of meat. No insurance.

We managed, for once, to reach the Hill in time, on Sabbath afternoon, and listened to a well digested, and interesting Report on the Island of Madagascar, by Mr. Barnhurst. The Society for Moral Inquiry is doing good service by its excellent Reports, which attract attentive and appreciating audiences.

We find on our table the numbers of the "United States Law Magazine" for March, May and June. They present an attractive table of contents of great interest and value to the professional reader.—The March No. is embellished with a portrait of Hon. JOHN B. GIBSON, Chief Justice of Pennsylvania. The general outline of his features are given with tolerable accuracy; but the eye is a complete failure, and gives no idea whatever of the penetrating glance of one of the greatest judicial intellects that this or any other country has ever produced; and whose place on the Supreme Bench cannot be supplied from the ranks of the profession in the entire State.

The proprietor, John Livingston, Esq., deserves much credit, and large patronage for the enterprise and ability displayed in getting up this Magazine. \$5 a year.—157 Broadway, N. Y.

The 3d No. of the Pennsylvania Farm Journal has come to hand, (the 1st No. was not sent us.) This periodical is one of superior merit, and eminently worthy of liberal patronage. \$1 a year. A. M. Spangler, Lancaster.

ABSENT.—The Publisher of the Chronicle, on a visit to the upper North Branch country.

See New Advertisements.

We learn from the Clinton Demo-

crat that a Mr. Geo. W. Babb, started from Lock Haven, for the Sinnemahoning on Tuesday morning, May 13th, to go to the Mushannon to transact some business at the place where Phelps, Dodge & Co., for whom he was agent, are about erecting a new mill, near Frenchville, since which time there has been nothing heard of him. A man who was to assist him in surveying started from the same place about an hour later and tried to overtake him, but did not, nor could he hear of any tidings of him. He had some \$600, in money with him to pay off some hands, and it is believed that he has been murdered.

We learn that Albert Swineford's Hotel, in Middleburg, took fire on Saturday night about 12 o'clock, and was entirely consumed with its contents, except a few articles in one room. Loss \$2,000. No insurance.

We'll take that "best hat in town," Mr. "Cotemporary."

No change in the Lewisburg Markets since last week.

News & Notions.

The Independent German Reformed Synod of Pennsylvania, and neighboring States, will hold its next annual session in the old German Reformed Church, Pottsville, on 14th of June inst.

The barn of Mr. Christian Eby, about a mile from Campbellstown, Lebanon Co., was struck by lightning on Tuesday of last week and entirely consumed.

Dudley Chamberlain, a student of Franklin Academy, Harford, Pa., accidentally shot himself through the head, on the 10th ult., while hunting squirrels.

The Canal Enlargement Election in New York State, has resulted, from present appearances, in the choice of seven enlargement and five anti-enlargement Senators.

New Haven, Ct., May 28.—Leonard Woodward of Plainfield, was gored to death by a cow on Saturday last. He leaves property estimated at a half a million.

Portland, Me., May 28.—Mrs. Preble, widow of Com. Edw. Preble, died in this city last evening, aged 84. Few women have done so much in unostentatious benevolence as she did. She has left quite a large amount of property.

Under a new law in Boston, a boy has been committed to the House of Reform for one month, for playing truant habitually from school.

A large Barn, belonging to Samuel Griesemer, in Amity township, Bucks Co., was struck by lightning, in the storm of Thursday night, set on fire and entirely consumed with all its contents.

The residence of Gen. Cass at Detroit, narrowly escaped destruction by fire a few days since.

For the Lewisburg Chronicle.

Associate Judge.

TO THE PEOPLE OF UNION COUNTY.—Under our new law, we no longer are to have men pleaced over us by the will of one man acting under the wishes of a clique or cliques who have his ear. President and Associate Judges are now to be elected by us. It is therefore essential that we cast our vote for the best men. I have heard no one mentioned for Associate Judge, and therefore name the old friend and acquaintance, GEORGE F. MILLER, Esq., of Union county, as being the best man in the county. His qualifications are of Beaver township. His New Middleburg address, in truth, no man could do better in that office, especially as he understands both the English and German languages perfectly. I say, then, no one could sit on the bench with more satisfaction to all classes of people than "Old Ned." BUFFALO, May 27, 1851.—2w.

Next State Senator.

MR. BARTON: It is generally if not universally conceded that the office of Senator now belongs to Union county, as Miffin has just had his term, and Junata can not by any fair appointment claim it, so long as she asks the Representative and we feel willing to concede it. Junata gave 2304 votes for Governor, and Union gave 4819 for President—more than two to one. Miffin and Union having the Senator alternately, and Junata having the Representative when Union has the Senator, would be "equal and exact justice" as between Union and Junata.

Several names have been recommended for the Longtown papers, for Senator, but none which strikes me more favorably than that of Mr. James Moore, Jr., of East Buffalo township. Mr. M., unlike the others named, has never held any office of profit. He has long been known to the people of Union county as an enterprising and useful citizen, and would as faithfully and honorably represent us in Harrisburg, as any other citizen. Although a firm and uncompromising Whig, he is not an ultra, unscrupulous partisan politician. He is a thorough-going business man, and no one would be better calculated to attend to the interests of the District, than Mr. M. I hope he may be taken up, and sustained by all.

For the Lewisburg Chronicle.

President Judge.

TO THE CITIZENS OF UNION AND MIDDLEBURY COUNTIES: Permit me to be recommended to your friendly attention, GEORGE F. MILLER, Esq., for the office of President Judge of this District. Miffin county now has the Judgeship, and is filled many Judgeships. Union county (alibi) much the larger) has never been honored with a Judgeship, and we are sure it will be conceded to her provided she brings forward a proper man as candidate. Col. Miller's abilities and integrity are un doubted and unquestioned. He never asked for or held any office of profit. He is a self-made man, and knows the wants and feelings of all classes of citizens. He is a public-spirited citizen and good neighbor, and just such a man as the people delight to honor. He is well entitled to a share of official distinction, and will be found as faithful and vigilant a Judge, as he has been distinguished as an advocate. [2w.] VOX POPULI.

ANOTHER SCIENTIFIC WONDER!