

WEST BRANCH FARMER

PUBLIC SALE

of valuable Real Estate. WILL be sold at Public Sale, on WEDNESDAY the 12th day of JUNE next, the following valuable Real Estate, late the estate of JOHN KAUFMAN, who died intestate, to wit:

A certain Tract of Land, situate in Buffalo township, Union county, containing about

112 acres,

adjoining lands of John Byler, Jas. McGee, Daniel Banger and others, nearly all cleared and in a good state of cultivation, about 10 acres of which are excellent meadow. On said farm is a large Orchard of choice fruit, a large Barn, two Dwelling Houses, a Cider Press, and other outbuildings. There is a never failing Spring of Water and Well near the buildings.

Also, a Tract of good Timber Land, consisting of Oak, Pine, Chesnut, &c., situate in West Buffalo township, Union county, about two miles from the above described farm, adjoining lands of Jeremiah Anderson, Susanna McGee, Benevise Reish, and others, containing about

One Hundred Acres.

Said Timber Land will be sold in lots to suit purchasers.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., of said day, on the premises, when the conditions will be made known by

THE HEIRS of said John Kaufman, deceased. May 16, 1850.

HOUSE and Small FARM

FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers that valuable property in this township, situate at the intersection of St. Anthony and Fourth streets, on the main road leading from Philadelphia to Pittsburgh and Erie. The Dwelling-House is a large two-story frame, with new frame barn, and other necessary outbuildings. The land comprises 6 Acres and 60 perches, all in a high state of cultivation. There is a variety of choice Fruit Trees, &c. The place is well situated for public business, and is well adapted for a small family, or can be held out to the

JOHN BEBER, Lewisburg, May 15, 1849

Orphans' Court Sale.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Lycoming county, the undersigned, Administrators of the estate of Dr. Wm. H. LITTLE, late of the Borough of Lewisburg, Union county, deceased, will offer for sale, at public outcry, on

Tuesday the 4th day of June next,

encompassing all that certain FARM situated in the township of Washington, county of Lycoming, about 2 miles north-west from Uniontown, and about 2 1/2 miles from the River, adjoining lands of Matthew Brown, B. F. Pauling, John Bender, and others—containing 94 acres and 78 perches neat measure, whereon is erected a Dwelling-House, a Barn, and other outbuildings, also a well of water, an excellent orchard, and plenty of limestone. The above described premises is all clear, under good fence, and in a high state of cultivation.

Also at the same time and place, a certain tract of TIMBERLAND, also situated in the township of Washington aforesaid, adjoining lands of Dr. C. A. Ludwig and others, containing 73 acres and 28 perches neat measure, all well timbered, and will be sold in one tract, or in lots to suit purchasers.

Sale to be held on the first above described premises, and to commence at 11 o'clock, A. M., said day, when due attendance will be given, and terms of sale made known by

JOHN SHRACK, JAMES MOORE, JR., Adms'rs of W. H. Ludwig, dec'd. Lewisburg, May 4, 1850

From Shiner's "Plough, Loam and Aweil." The Corn-Worm—How to prevent its Ravages.

James H. Gill says, in the Ohio Cultivator: "I have never been troubled with this worm much. My plan for defeating them is, to stir the ground as soon as the corn is up and keep at it, from day to day, until it is too large for these destructive. I generally, after getting the corn say four inches high, try to have it ploughed every ten days, until it begins to tassle—if the soil is very rich, say about eight days. I never stop plowing for drought, and never plow when wet. My method of planting is, to have two of the best and most reliable hands that I can get, to drop for one plow, and three next best to cover after them. I generally drop four grains on an average to the hill—if the ground is moist cover about three inches; if dry, about four inches. My object in having so many hands follow one plow is, that they can take their time, and do their work just as I tell them. I never have any occasion to re-plant.

I scarcely ever hill my corn more than is sufficient to smother the weeds. You have noticed, no doubt, that there is a short joint near the ground, almost as hard as wood. My opinion is, that nature designed this for the special purpose of supporting the stalk and ear above it; and from observations that I have made, I think it a very bad policy to cover it up with soil.

"This system of managing pays well, though it may seem to cost more than the usual methods.

To kill ants, send them with hot water, or dry spirits of turpentine into their run s

Successful Farming.

A worthy clergyman informed us recently, that he purchased seven acres of miserable, sandy land in the neighborhood of Saratoga, a few years since, which, by manuring and judicious cultivation, he brought up to such condition, that from three acres and half an only, he produced green fodder throughout the season, for three cows, one bull, one horse, and seven sheep; and cut all the hay consumed by them in the winter. The hay, however, was pierced out by the use of grain, roots, and straw, taken from the remaining half of the seven acres. When the land sold, he received over \$100 an acre, for what a few years previously, was bought for as many shillings.

We have kept a good lookout for successful farming, for the last few years, and have invariably found, that intelligence and a careful investigation of the experiments and best practices of others, furnished the ground work for the superiority of every one who has attained to eminence in agriculture. So much for book farming.—[American Agriculturist.

From the New York Working Farmer.

ORCHARD.—Attack the caterpillars by burning them with the camphine lamp described in a former number. As caterpillars leave their nests at about eight o'clock A. M., and return to them at five P. M., they should be attacked before or after those hours. Boiling water poured into the haunts of ants will destroy them.

If your trees were properly soaked in early spring, they will not be hide-bound now. Treat sluggish grape vines as recommended in Mr. Galbraith's paper in a former number. Sow a very slight quantity of fine salt around plum and other fruit trees, and trim off shoots from the roots.

A correspondent from Sussex Co., N. J., says: "The effect of the sub-soil plow was to double my corn crop; i. e. the produce was double that of any crop previously raised on the same ground. While my neighbors' corn was suffering from excessive moisture, and at other times with its loss and excessive heat, mine was healthy and prosperous and produced a return which had not been anticipated. Nothing but the ordinary treatment and cultivation was applied, except the use of the sub-soil plow."

The Horticultural Society of Cincinnati are about to issue certificates or premiums upon samples of superior wine produced in that State.

A large meeting, without distinction of party, was held in Nashville, on Monday last, to consider the propriety of appointing delegates to the Southern Convention. The meeting by an overwhelming majority, declared it inexpedient to appoint delegates.

In Houston (Ga.) Superior Court, a few days since, a case was tried for slander, in which the jury rendered a verdict of \$5,000 damages. The parties were Vincent Calhoun (in behalf of his daughter, Martha Calhoun) vs. Wm. Miller.

St. Louis, May 13. A gentleman from Council Bluffs, reports the small pox among the California emigrants, six had died.

A gold mine has been discovered in Berks county, which yield fifty per cent. of pure metal, part gold, part silver. The migration of part holders to that region has not yet put the inhabitants to any inconvenience, or raised the price of provisions.

Chas. J. McCurdy, of Lyme, Conn., has been appointed Minister to Austria.

Rhode Island is a model State, for promptness and economy. The General Assembly just adjourned at Newport, were in session but four days.

The annual consumption of sugar is estimated in the report of the Patent office at one million tons.

Ground rents can not hereafter be made perpetual; but may at all times be paid off. The new law is excellent, and not one word can be uttered against its propriety in a republican country.—[Tunkhannock Democrat.

Henry Metcalf, Esq., has been appointed by the Attorney General, Deputy Prosecuting Attorney, for Sullivan county.

The recent fire on the steamer Belle of the West, is supposed to have originated from a box of locofoco matches in the hold. About eighty lives were lost.

The London Literary Gazette states that it has been proposed by the United States Government that the Industrial Exhibition shall, after its close there, be removed to New York.

A despatch from Buffalo, in the N. Y. Herald, says the town of Milan, Ohio, was nearly destroyed by fire, the 5th inst. Milan is a flourishing little town of about 1800 or 2000 inhabitants.

There never was a time, we believe, when freights were so ruinously depressed as at the present moment. Several thousand bales of cotton have been shipped to Liverpool, in British vessels, lately, at an eighth of a penny per pound.—[N. O. Delta, 5th ult.

The New Orleans papers are acknowledging the receipt of early corn.

A considerable amount of sickness is at present prevailing on board the steamers on the Western rivers.

News & Notions.

Prof. Webster.—The Boston Journal of Monday says: So far as external appearances indicate, this unfortunate man has become reconciled to his fate—calm and thankful, and occupying the greater part of his time in reading.

The Whig State Convention meets at Philadelphia on the 19th of June.

The name of the Post-Office called Boston, in Northumberland county, has been changed to "Kautinchunk."

C. R. Bucklew, Esq., of Bloomsburg, and C. E. Wright, Esq., of Doylestown, are the Commissioners to investigate the affairs of the late Susquehanna County Bank.

The possibility of melting charcoal has at length been satisfactorily proved by the experiments of M. Despretz, of Paris.

The receipts of the N. Y. & Erie R. R. for April of this year were more than double those of April in last year.

That was a true remark of an old lady, that "those who know but little, will not have to account for much."

A huge Indian skeleton was lately dug up at Harisus, N. J., among the oyster shell strata. It measured eight feet in length. The skull measured two feet in circumference, and 15 inches over the top.

In the valley of the Blackstone river from Pawtucket to Milbury, a distance of thirty miles, there are 115 cotton and woolen factories, and 11 other large manufacturing establishments. What a world of wealth and mine of employment!

An apter's festival, old bachelors were teased as "Quads"—only fit to fill out the blank lines of society."

Mr. O'Reilly proposes a Telegraph line from St. Louis to San Francisco.—Government to establish a line of stockades, which shall serve as Telegraph stations, afford protection to Emigrants, and facilitate the transmission of the Mail. [Grade a route for a Rail Road, first.]

Ruche, a French grout, recently made an ascent at Bordeaux, but his balloon hit a chimney, upset the car, and threw him into the street, where he was picked up with one broken arm and two broken legs.

The cure for timidity, is knowledge. Hard Cash—A key to everything in life, except health and happiness.

We observe several of the cumbersome and unsightly stoops on Market St., undergoing the process of removal, preparatory to lighter and more graceful awnings. Remove also the pumps and boxes, finish the pavements, and plant a few more shade trees; and in three years, what inland town will have as pleasant a walk as the main street of Lewisburg?

The Whig papers of this District unite in urging upon Mr. Casey to consent to become a candidate for re-election to Congress. The Whigs of Union county (vide their proceedings in another column) have expressed the same desire.

On the other hand, the Editor of this paper is brought forward in the Democratic organ of the county as a candidate for nomination by his party. In his absence, and without his knowledge, the Publisher would add that no better man could be put in nomination—no one would more faithfully and creditably represent the old 13th Cong. District. Much as we should personally prefer his aid and society at home, we sincerely hope the chance of success may be accorded by his party to HENRY C. HICKOK.

A writer in the Pennsylvania gives notice that three propositions are to come before the Democratic State Convention at Williamsport, next week.

1. That the time and place for holding State Conventions be fixed, permanently, and uniformly.

2. To dispense with Senatorial Delegates, and give each county a certain number of Delegates in proportion to the number of Democratic voters in it, each county having at least one Delegate.

3. That the Delegates be chosen within three or four months of the day of meeting of the Convention.

The reasons for the propositions are good, and if to them could be added the Single District plan of electing Delegates, we should consider it a system worthy the adoption of all parties. The Single District system works well in the election of Congressmen, and in the election of Legislators in New York State, and is quite as Republican in the manner of the nomination as in the election of officers.

Prothonotary. This is the most lucrative office within the gift of the people of Union county next Fall, and we learn there are several candidates training for the prize. It has been customary with the dominant party, in Columbia and Northumberland as well as in Union, to give Prothonotaries and Registers who have done well, a re-election. These are important offices in rich agricultural districts, and demand tried clerks. The present incumbent has not announced his desire for a re-nomination, but if he wish it, we are assured he will receive the support of many who opposed him in the prior race. Mr. Haus has been tested, and it is conceded, both by members of the bar and the people generally, has proved himself an obliging and competent and faithful officer. The only objection we hear urged against him is, that he is a radical partisan: we wish he were less so: but as county officers do not come within Old Zach's power, this will be no serious bar in "old Whig Union" to the continuance of a good, acceptable officer.

THE CHRONICLE.

H. C. HICKOK, Editor. O. H. WOODEN, Publisher. At \$1.50 cash in advance, \$1.75 in three months, \$2 paid within the year, and \$2.50 at the end of the year. Agents in Philadelphia—V. B. Palmer and E. W. Carr.

Lewisburg, Pa.

Wednesday Morning, May 22.

ADVERTISE.—Executors, Administrators, Public Officers, City and Country Merchants, Manufacturers, Mechanics, Business Men—all who wish to procure or to dispose of anything,—would do well to give notice of the same through the "Lewisburg Chronicle." This paper has a good and increasing circulation in a community containing as large a proportion of active, solvent producers, consumers, and dealers, as any other in the State.

As the Editor is still at Court, all the good in this Chronicle must be charged to the Printer.

Thanks to—the name is not legible—of the Treasury Department, for the Report on the Finances for 1849—50.

Rev. DANIEL Y. HEISLER, late of Columbia, Pa., (of Mercersburg College,) has been installed as Pastor of the German Reformed Church at Lewisburg, Pa.

A slight frost Sunday morning, but not enough to blast the unprecedented large amount of fruit in blossom. The weather continues uncommonly cold, and the season backward. The Wheat and Rye crop is everywhere promising.

Recommendations of Candidates.

In this paper must be paid for as advertisements, by the person sending or handing them in. We can not give credit: for some of those named must fail, and it is often as hard work to obtain pay for a candidate who is the choice of the minority, as for a "dead horse."

LAND SALES.—We desire information of sales of Real Estate in this neighborhood, as a matter of interest abroad, and for comparison with older counties.

The land of Mr. Noll in Kelly Tp. sold we are told for \$70 per acre. It was a de titute of buildings.

A Buffalo Farm and Wood land for sale in this paper, first column inside.

We observe several of the cumbersome and unsightly stoops on Market St., undergoing the process of removal, preparatory to lighter and more graceful awnings. Remove also the pumps and boxes, finish the pavements, and plant a few more shade trees; and in three years, what inland town will have as pleasant a walk as the main street of Lewisburg?

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PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

This body adjourned, finally, at noon of Wednesday last, after a long session, and having transacted a large amount of local business.

The Forrest and Wetherill divorce cases failed. May we "never look upon their like again?"

The bill for an Appropriation to the Sugar Valley Road was taken up in the House on motion of Col. Slifer, and lost by one vote.

We believe all the old Banks applying, (except Easton) were re chartered, but no new ones created.

In the Apportionment Bill, which we give this week, we have incorporated a list of the Taxables in the several counties. This table is worth preserving for future reference. It will be seen that Union and Juniata Counties have but one Representative, while Cumberland, Crawford, and other smaller districts have two. This is rank injustice to this county, and our members opposed it as long as opposition would do any good. The loss, however, is made up in the Senatorial District.

The Apportionment Bill is a curiosity. Those who voted for it, protest against it; those who voted against it, protest; and the Governor signed it with a protest. Notwithstanding all the dissenting voices, the fatherless bill (barring the double Representative districts) is as fair as any passed within our knowledge.

Thirteen Democrats voted against the usual expression of courtesy towards their Speaker, Mr. McCalmont of the House.

Maxwell McCaslin, of Greene, (Dem.) was elected Speaker of the Senate on the last day of the session. Mr. Best voted for Mr. Ives. Mr. Crabb was the Whig candidate, and defeated by several Whig Senators refusing to vote for him on the 6th or 7th ballot.

We have not seen the Appropriation Bill, but understand it provides, conditionally, a small sum for the continuation of the North Branch Canal.

The late Legislature have also increased the salaries of the State Treasurer, and Auditor General: they also increased the pay of the Canal Commissioners from \$3 to \$4 per day, and provided extra pay for freight, (to which, we see it stated, they were entitled by reason of its being the Apportionment year.)

U. S. CONGRESS.

A motion in Senate to detach California from all other issues, was lost by four votes—Messrs. Cooper and Webster we rejoice to see voting for a division of the question. Mr. Clay, has made a labored speech in defence of his scheme. From all appearances, he will go to his grave, arguing for liberty, in the abstract, but in reality taxing all his masterly powers to confirm and rivet the chains of human bondage.

Mr. Wilmot has made a speech upon the great question, far superior to Mr. Clay's.

The Slaveocracy are determined nothing shall be done until they have exacted new guarantees for their National Nuisance. The bride of millions of dollars proposed to be paid to Texas for giving up New Mexico, it is hinted is relied upon to buy up Congressmen, if enough can not be driven.

Anthony E. Roberts, of Lancaster, was confirmed as Marshal of East. Dist. of Pa.

Position of the Slavery Issue.

The recent intelligence from California, that its people, tired of the infamous cavils of the Slaveocracy, talked of an Independent Government, has created as much joy in the ranks of the moral traitors in Congress, as we may imagine the Fall of Man did in Pandemonium. At the same time, it is truly stated that several thousand men, (whether "pirates" or "heroes") will depend upon their success) of all nations and castes, are preparing to attack the Spanish Island of Cuba, and "annex" it to the Union, altho' we are at peace with that nation. Pres. Taylor has exerted himself to prevent any such movement from our shores, but the slave interest is so intent upon getting another State to offset California, that it will break the rules of nations and the faith of treaties with as little compunction as it does the laws of humanity and God.

A bill has been reported to the U.S. Senate, from the committee on Agriculture, providing for the establishment of an Agricultural Bureau, as follows: A Commissioner, with a salary of \$3,000 a year; a Chemist, with \$2,000; a Secretary, with \$1,600; a Recording Clerk, with \$1,000, and a Messenger, with \$700. There is no interest more deserving of the patronage of Government, than Agriculture.

Smoking Statistics.—In the year 1848, eight millions one thousand four hundred and forty-nine pounds one shilling and four pence were spent by the people of this kingdom in tobacco! If the tobacco had been worked into pigtail half an inch thick, it would have formed a line 99,470 miles long—long enough to go nearly four times around the world.—[English Paper.

Abraham Straub and Isaiah B. Davis of Milton, and David Rockefeller of Sunbury, Commissioners, were to commence running the Montour county line, yesterday.

Messrs. Frick & Slifer of Lewisburg advertise for Fifteen Thousand Dollars worth of Boat Knees and Ribs.

The Apportionment for 1850.

The following is the bill as it passed both Houses—in Senate 20 to 12, and in the House by 48 to 42. [Ratio—1,965 Taxables for 1 Representative.]

Table with columns for County, Taxables, and Representatives. Includes Adams, Allegheny, Bedford, Berks, Bucks, Beaver, Blair, Bradford, Chester, Cumberland, Centre, Clearfield, Clarion, Columbia, Dauphin, Delaware, Erie, Washington, Greene, Franklin, Indiana, Lycoming, Lancaster, Lebanon, Lehigh, Luzerne, Monroe, Mercer, Montgomery, Northampton, Northumberland, Perry, Philadelphia, Schuylkill, Somerset, Susquehanna, Tioga, Wayne, Westmoreland, Union, York.

Of the Representatives elected by this arrangement, 48 are conceded as sure for the Democrats, 34 to the Whigs, and 18 doubtful, viz. Philad. County, Schuylkill, Bucks, and Washington.

Of the 33 Senators in the following list, 14 are claimed by the Democrats, 12 by the Whigs, and 6 doubtful, viz. Philad. County, Bucks, Schuylkill, and Dauphin and Northumberland.

Table with columns for County, Taxables, and Senators. Includes Philadelphia City, Philadelphia County, Montgomery, Chester and Delaware, Berks, Lancaster and Lebanon, Dauphin and Northumberland, Northampton and Lehigh, Carbon, Monroe, Wayne, Adams and Franklin, York, Cumberland and Perry, Lycoming, Sullivan, Centre, Clinton, Blair, Cambria, Huntingdon, Luzerne, Columbia, Montour, Bradford, Susquehanna, Wyoming, Tioga, Potter, M'Kean, Elk, Clearfield, Jefferson, Mercer, Venango and Warren, Erie and Crawford, Butler, Beaver, Lawrence, Allegheny, Washington and Greene, Bedford and Somerset, Armstrong, Indiana, Clarion, Juniata, Mifflin, Union, Westmoreland and Fayette, Schuylkill.

New Laws.

Among the Acts passed by the Legislature and signed by the Governor, are the following:

[Relative to Ground Rents.] That from and after the passage of this act, whenever a deed or other instrument of writing, shall contain a reservation of ground rent to become perpetual upon the failure of the purchaser to comply with the conditions therein contained, no such covenant or condition shall be so construed as to make the said ground rent a perpetual incumbrance upon the said real estate, but it shall and may be lawful for the purchaser thereof, at any time after the said ground rent shall have fallen due, to pay the full amount of the same, and such payment shall be a complete discharge of such real estate from the incumbrance aforesaid.

[The Rights of Married Women.] That the true intent and the meaning of the act of Assembly, to secure the rights of married woman, passed the 11th day of April, A. D. 1848, is and hereafter shall be the real estate of any married woman in this Commonwealth, shall not be subject to execution for any debt against her husband, on account of any interest he may have, or may have had therein, as tenant by the courtesy, but the same shall be exempt from levy and sale for such debt during the life of the said wife.

[Relative to Aldermen and Justices.] That every Alderman and justice of the peace, and every person exercising or holding any office of public trust, who shall be guilty of wilful and malicious oppression, partiality, misconduct, or abuse of authority or under color of his office, shall, on conviction thereof in any Court of Quarter Sessions in this Commonwealth, be adjudged guilty of a misdemeanor in office, be punished by imprisonment in the county jail for a term not exceeding one year, and a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars.

Also that a Constable may serve process on a Sheriff where there is no Coroner in commission.

Union County Whig Meeting.

Pursuant to a call of the Standing Committee, a large and enthusiastic Whig meeting assembled in the Court House at New Berlin, on Tuesday, May 14, 1850. The meeting was organized by appointing the following officers:

JACOB McCULLY, President; Wm. Kelley, James Harbin, and Solomon Engle, Vice Presidents; M. H. Taggart, and John Haas, Secretaries.

D. W. Woods, Esq., stated the object of the meeting, and on his motion the President appointed a Committee of seven to draft resolutions, viz:

D. W. Woods, Michael Peters, John Datesman, W. F. Wagenseller, Ner. M. Gieswarth, John Haines, John A. Vanvazah.

The Committee, after a short absence, returned and made the following report. Whereas, we are on the eve of a political campaign in which are to be decided issues pregnant with important results to the best interests of our common country: Therefore,

1. Resolved, That the attachment of the Whig party to the great cardinal principle of republicanism, remains firm and unchanged.

2. That the recommendation of Pres. Taylor, in his annual message, in favor of protecting all the various branches of American Industry, and the able and masterly report of Mr. Meredith, Secretary of the Treasury, sustaining the same views, meet with our cordial and hearty approval.

3. That we are in favor of the immediate admission of California into the Union as a State, as a separate and distinct measure, and unconnected with any other matter.

4. That we, as Whigs, while we respect and will sustain the compromise of the Constitution, are utterly opposed to the extension of Slavery to territory now free.

5. That we are opposed to Congress passing any law for the recapture of fugitive slaves, which shall not guarantee to the alleged fugitive a trial by jury in the State, which he may be captured.

6. That we have increased confidence in the purity, ability, and patriotism of Gen. Taylor, and that the malignity and persecution of his enemies will utterly fail to injure the old soldier with the people, who raised him to the first office in the nation's gift.

7. That Gov. Johnston has evinced distinguished ability and patriotism in the administration of our State government, and that his veto of the unjust and impudent Apportionment bill, passed by the "broken down old staggers" of the Locofoco party, will be sustained by the honest and upright of all parties.

8. That we have unabated confidence in our distinguished Representative in Congress, Hon. Joseph Casey; our Senator, Jonathan J. Cunningham; and our Representatives, Eli Slifer and John M. Laughlin.

9. That the conduct of the Locofoco in the Legislature, in prolonging the session, and squandering the public money, by voting for themselves \$3 per day during the session, deserves the severest censure of an indignant people, and we call upon Gov. Johnston to veto it.

10. That the investigation of the official conduct of Gibson J. Ball, our late admirable State Treasurer, by the Legislative committee, has resulted, as we anticipated, in his course being unanimously sustained in the implied censure of his unscrupulous enemies.

11. That Union county concurs in the election of A. K. McClure, of Juniata, as our Senatorial Delegate to the State Convention to meet at Philadelphia on the 19th of June next.

12. That Robert V. Glover is hereby appointed our Representative Delegate to the Philadelphia State Convention.

13. That we request the Whig Standing Committee of Union county to call a Convention at an early date to nominate a candidate for Congress, and for other officers.

On motion of H. W. Snyder, Esq., Resolved that our Senatorial and Representative Delegates be, and they are hereby instructed to present the name of Gibson J. Ball to the State Convention, and support him as the Whig candidate for Auditor General.

On motion of M. H. Taggart, Resolved that the only grounds of compromise we will sustain in regard to the question of Slavery in the Territories, is the course marked out by the President in his communication to Congress on that subject.

On motion of John Wilt, Esq., Resolved that a Committee be appointed to request Mr. Casey to re-consider his determination expressed in his letter not to be again a candidate for Congress.

The committee consists of Jno. Wilt, Esq., Hon. Ner. Middleswarth, and Geo. F. Miller,