The Compiler.

GETTYSBURG, PA.:
Monday Morning, May 22, 1865.

FOR GOVERNOR,

HON. HIESTER CLYMER,

OF BERKS COUNTY.

NEW TYPE.

We think it safe to anticipate that the new type upon which the COMPILER is to-day printed will please every one of our numerous readers. It is clear and full as the most fastidious could wish, and will certainly be grateful to old eyes.

But whilst it is large and beautiful in the face, it is smaller in the body than that previously used, thus enabling us to give more matter, and in a style more pleasant to the sight.

The purchase of smaller type for our reading department has been rendered necessary by the encroachments which a large and increasing influx of advertising has made and is still making upon that department. Now, however, we can accommodate our advertising friends to the full extent they may desire, and yet be able to give a satisfactory amount of miscellaneous reading. Beside saving space in this way, we gain something by avoiding an unnecessary and generally untasteful display in advertisements—by setting special notices, marriages and deaths, in smaller letter—and by a new arrangement of the title-head of the paper. In the latter a very marked improvement is claimed.

It will be noticed that we have added the name of our town to the head, making it the "GETTYSBURG COMPILER." This addition we have long thought of making, and delayed carrying out the idea only because we preferred doing it at a time when we could give the paper a general typographical "brushing up." Both have now been accomplished, and the reader will no doubt as readily appreciate the one as the other. The great local propriety of this addition to the title will strike every one at a glance.

— The materials with which these improvements are made were procured at the celebrated Type Foundry of L. Johnson & Co., Philadelphia, who, in the finish and beauty of the type manufactured by them, are not excelled by any similar establishment in this or any other country. We take this occasion to thank them for so satisfactorily filling our orders.

But we have not only procured new type for the paper. Our Jobbing department has been much improved. Old and unfashionable type have been thrown out, and the newest and prettiest styles introduced in their stead, thus materially increasing our facilities for executing handsomely all kinds of work in the printing line.

— There may be some who will wonder how printers can "afford" such outlays—and this is not a light one. Our reply to the inquiry is that we have not yet "afforded" it, but have incurred the risk with the firm trust that when our delinquent patrons see what we are doing for their satisfaction, they will at once—without the delay of a single day—pay us all they owe, with "a year ahead," and thus enable us to meet our obligations with L. Johnson & Co. so promptly as not to compromise our reputation (if we have any) for prompt payment. Shall we be disappointed in this controlling hope?

— We have reason to be thankful for the patronage enjoyed during the nearly twenty-one years in which the COMPILER has been published by us, and to all who have contributed to its prosperity we here and now express our sincere acknowledgments. We have tried to deserve it, and will strive by faithfulness and earnestness in our calling to merit a not diminished share in the future.

Democrats of Adams, you can help us and the "GOOD OLD CAUSE" at the same time. Though large, our circulation should be increased, and this can best and most speedily be done by every Democrat constituting himself a committee to procure and send us new subscribers, not forgetting, of course, the last of the "golden rules," ADVANCE PAYMENT. A little individual effort will do it; but it should be done at once. "Delays are dangerous."

ORGANIZATION.

There never was a time when the Democracy of Pennsylvania needed more thorough organization than now. The Chairman of the Democratic State Committee is a gentleman of great ability and indomitable industry, and is doing all in his power to marshal the whole Democratic and Conservative army into line. We agree with the *Age* that perhaps no one could be found in the State who is more competent to direct the business he has undertaken than Mr. Wallace, and we feel confident that nothing will be left undone by him to secure the object so much to be desired. But there is something more needed than vigor and capacity on the part of the Chairman. There must be hearty co-operation among the masses. The people must work in their own immediate localities. Every man must consider himself enlisted for the campaign from this day until the battle has been fought in October next. Are our friends awake to the importance of complete organization? If the masses arouse themselves and do their duty in the pending contest, the Disunionists, with Geary at their head, will be swept like chaff before the wind in the October gale which is to overwhelm the Rumps with utter destruction.

☞ Thirteen of the most prominent Democrats of Somerset publish a card in the *Democrat*, in which they present the name of J. McDowell Sharpe, Esq., of Franklin, for Congress. The editor endorses the movement, and says that Somerset having had four years, ought not to ask the next nomination.

In the same paper a card appears announcing Hon. A. H. Coffroth for renomination.

☞ Read Gov. Swann's letter, on our first page. It is a very large bombshell thrown into the Radical camp. He is squarely with President Johnson and the white race.

Ex-Gov. Bradford has also published a card, in which he says that his name was announced as a speaker for the Hagerstown meeting *"without authority."*

☞ The Johnson ticket was elected at Cumberland, Md., last week.

ANOTHER VETO!

President Johnson has vetoed the Colorado bill. He takes the ground that the erection of Colorado as a State is at present unnecessary for the welfare of the people, nor is it clearly established that the majority desire or are prepared for such a change. The population is insufficient and has diminished rather than increased. In addition to these and other reasons, the President says caution should be exercised in the admission of new States, especially as eleven of the States are now without representation, and all should be consulted in deciding who shall become members of the Union.

President Johnson deserves the thanks of the whole country for the stand he has so manfully taken against the unconstitutional schemes of the Radicals. But for him, they would soon change the character of our institutions, giving us a central despotism instead of the beneficent government framed by the fathers of the Revolution. It is the duty of patriotism to stand by him in this trying emergency.

NEGRO SUFFRAGE.

The House, at Washington, on Tuesday, passed a bill to amend the organic acts of the Territories of Nebraska, Colorado, Dacota, Montana, Washington, Idaho, Arizona, Utah and New Mexico, the ninth section of which provides:

That within the Territories aforesaid their shall be no denial of the elective franchise to citizens of the United States because of race or color, and all persons shall be equal before the law. And all acts or parts of acts, either of Congress or of the legislative assemblies of the Territories aforesaid inconsistent with the provisions of this act, are hereby declared null and void.

The bill was passed by a strict party vote. The Democrats resisted it, of course, but were not strong enough to defeat it. The Republicans by their votes on this measure stand committed in favor of negro suffrage.

FREEDMAN'S BUREAU.

The following extract from a letter received by the editor of the *World*, from an old New-Yorker, now residing in Little Rock, Arkansas, is worth reading by those who have seen with what a fine coating of philanthropy the Freedman's Bureau people cover their swindle:

"Sub-agencies of the Freedman's Bureau are considered worth more than the President's salary. But few, if any, of the planters can get hands, unless they subsidize the government agents in some way—either as silent partners, or a per centage on the profits of the crop. An honest, straightforward man stands no chance to get help. Some agents are reported to be interested in five to twenty cotton plantations.

"If the government will send a detective through this State, revelations will be made to astonish the public."

☞ The disunionists are terribly annoyed at the course pursued by Senator Cowan. Why do they put such men into position? There is Johnson, Cowan, Doolittle, Dixon, Seward, Welles, and a host of others, in and out of the Cabinet and Congress, who are all the same. Notwithstanding their anger at these men, they now are supporting a man for Governor, who less than a year ago declared himself a "Democrat without perfix or affix."

The Democrats do not want Geary because he is not fit for Governor, and because like a weather cock he always shapes himself to the wind, without much regard to principle.

☞ "The Hon. Mr. Culver," the enterprising Yankee Disunionist who squatted in Venango county a few years ago and soon persuaded the gullible Pennsylvanians of that district to elect him to Congress, has played a sharp game on the Meadville College. He donated to it a piece of land and erected thereon a College building that cost $50,000. Greateful for apparent generosity the institution not only gave him its influence for Congress, but also invested $30,000 of its funds in one of his Banks. Unfortunately the "Hon. Mr. Culver" *forgot* to transfer the title to the College property, which now appears among his assets, whilst the thirty thousand dollar deposit may be reckoned a dead loss.

☞ The Milwaukie (Wis.) *Herald* states in a late issue, that at the late City election held on the 3d of April last, three negroes were allowed to vote, and that the Deputy Sheriff of the county followed them to the polls and obtained their names for the Jury list he was preparing, on the ground that, by a single exercise of the elective franchise, they became full citizens of the State and entitled to the right of serving on the Jury. They were accordingly served with notices and appeared at the next court among the "white trash," but the indignation of some of the other jurymen (Republicans, too) was so great, that the Judge of the Court was compelled to inform the "darks," that they were excused from further attendance at Court; although, it is stated, that they were enrolled as Jurors by the Sheriff at the instance of the Judge himself.

☞ The Washington correspondent of the Boston *Traveller* (Republican) says: If all the Republican Senators would show the disposition that is exhibited by Messrs. Wilson, Fessenden and Sherman, there would be no trouble in preparing an issue for the autumnal canvass which would carry the country. But the prospect at present for such a result is very poor indeed. The House will agree to something, but the Senate probably will not. We shall soon be able to see. The prospect is dark. If Congress adjourns without doing *anything* it is plain that the President will carry the next House. Yet some of the insane extremists in Congress urge a do-nothing policy. It is precisely what the President wants, and he shows his sagacity in it. *He* has a policy; so far Congress has not. If he can keep Congress in this attitude before the country he is safe.

☞ The benches of the Rump Congress are beginning to look slim. Many of the members have gone home temporarily, and if the session is prolonged it will be difficult to keep a quorum together. It is the hope of all good citizens that this incongruous gathering will get through as soon as possible. It does mischief every day it sits. Let it hurry through the proposed reduction of taxation; we are all in favor of that; and then adjourn to, await the verdict of the people at the fall elections on the various topics raised since last December.

HEAR BOTH SIDES.

It is the bounden duty of every citizen living under a Republican form of government to examine all public questions, and to vote and act as he thinks the best interests of his country demand. He is criminally negligent who refuses to act in accordance with his honest conviction of right, and before acting he is bound to inform himself in regard to the questions at issue. There is no excuse in this country for ignorance. All men may inform themselves if they will. In the newspapers of the day every great question is so fully discussed that no man who can read need be left in doubt as to his duty. The great trouble is that party prejudice prevents many from reading more than one side. If such people could realize the utter silliness of their conduct, they could not help being heartily ashamed of it.

In the pending political contest in this State the Democratic party asks to be heard. If it can secure the ear of the masses it is sure of a glorious triumph. The great principles which it advocates are as immutable as truth itself. Its candidate for Governor is one of the purest and most upright statesmen of his day. Will the people hear both sides in the present campaign? We believe they will. The times are such as to create a willingness to listen to argument. Believing this we regard the defeat of Geary, who is the representative of the radical disunionists in Congress, as a foregone conclusion. No right thinking man can vote for him. All we ask is that every voter shall hear both sides.

GLORIOUS VICTORY!

The Democratic victory at Quincy, Illinois, turns out to have been greater than the telegraph reported it. A letter from there says:

"We have elected our entire ticket, from Alpha to Omega, by the overwhelming majority of 900—a gain of nearly 1,000 votes in the short space of six months.—The Republican nominee for Mayor was ex-Gov-ex-Col. John Wood, undoubtedly the strongest man in their ranks.—The city is alive with enthusiasm over the result. Flags are floating from every quarter. One hundred guns have been fired, and a grand torch light procession and illumination in honor of our victory will take place soon."

☞ The same men who, ten years ago, joined oath-bound secret societies for the purpose of ostracising those whom they called "the dirty Dutch and ignorant whisky Irish," are now foremost in demanding that the stupidly ignorant negroes must be allowed to vote. Those fellows pretended to be virtuously conscientious then and affect to be so now; but, like Thad Stevens in 1863, they long ago resolved to "throw conscience to the devil"—if ever they had any to throw.

☞ There is a Senatorial "hitch" in the Connecticut Legislature. The Radicals in caucus nominated Gen. Ferry over Senator Foster; but when it came to elect, three Foster men in the Senate joined the Democrats against going into an election, and it was postponed for a week.—The Radicals at Washington are considerably excited about the matter.

☞ A bill of indictment for treason against Jeff. Davis has been found in Judge Underwood's court at Norfolk. It is thought that Chief Justice Chase will not be in a hurry to try him, whilst it is said that Davis is anxious for trial.

☞ A despatch from Hamilton, Ohio, states that Hon. Lewis D. Campbell was serenaded by a large number of his fellow-citizens on Wednesday night. He made a lengthy speech, in which he denounced the Radicals and declared his firm and determined support of President Johnson and his policy.

☞ Senator Cresswell, of Maryland, one of the violent Disunion maligners of the President, was the author of the resolutions of secession passed at Elkton in 1861. It seems he still manages to be consistent in disunion. His Present tallies with his Past.

☞ The Washington correspondent of the Detroit *Free Press* says that Ingersoll, Disunionist, of Illinois, was drunk when he made his abusive speech on President Johnson. What an immensity of blackguardism poor whiskey has to father!

Death by Starvation.—A young lady named Klinefelter, residing in Mifflin township, Cumberland county, died lately of voluntary starvation, having for 12 days and nights refused to taste food.—Cause, disappointment in marriage.

NEWS ITEMS.

— The Florence (Alabama) *Journal* reports that while negro troops were passing by rail they behaved in a most outrageous manner, firing guns and exhibiting other barbarous conduct. Mrs. Oswald King, while standing at her door, was shot in the hand and arm.

— Captain A. Catesby Jones, formerly lieutenant in the United States navy, and during the late war captain in the confederate naval service, has been appointed by the Peruvian government chief of ordnance in the navy of that country.

— Mrs. Davis is still at Fortress Monroe. No limit is placed upon the length of her visit, but she is restricted in her conversation with her husband to the hours between reveille and sunset.

— Charles R. Hollenbeck, one of the most respected citizens of Hudson, N. Y., committed suicide by hanging himself, lately.

— A new steam wagon for common roads has just been tried at Quincy, Ill., the papers say, with fair promise of success.

— A disastrous fire occurred in Boston on Monday evening, destroying property to the amout of $100,000.

— Richard H. Rousseau, of Kentucky, has been confirmed as Minister Resident at Honduras.

— The body of the lamented Preston King, late Collector of Customs for the port of New York, was found floating in the Atlantic basin early on Monday morning, and identified beyond doubt.

— A magnificent horse has arrived in Washington, as a present from the Mexican Gen. Carvajal to Gen. Grant.

— This spring has been the driest, excepting that of 1865, for thirty years.—The average fall of rain in April has been 4¼ inches; this year it has been less than 1 inch.

— Mrs. John Libby, of Bradford, Massachusetts, sewed five hundred dollars into her dress on Monday, and went to Boston to invest it, but somebody stole it all from her as she was riding in a horse car.

— Generals Steadman and Fullerton, in their report of affairs in Virginia and North Carolina, censure the conduct of the Freedmen's Bureau agents in those States, and recommend their removal.

— Six persons were burned to death at a fire in New Orleans on Saturday night.

— The Mexican Legation at Washington say that Santa Anna, who has arrived at New York, is a French spy.

TOWN AND COUNTY AFFAIRS.

OUR OUTSIDE.—The ringing music in "The Bells of Shandon," on our first page, is charming. The contribution on Lime is well written, and contains many valuable thoughts. The card of Gov. Swann is "elegant," considering the antecedents of the writer; whilst the letter of Hiester Clymer is the frank and manly avowal of an honest and candid man. Political and other items on the fourth page.

☞ Hon. A. J. Glossbrenner and Hon. A. H. Coffroth, of the House at Washington, have our thanks for Congressional favors.

KILLED ON THE N. C. RAILROAD.—A despatch was received here, on Friday, which announced that George Chritzman, (son of Capt. Henry Chritzman,) a brakesman on the Northern Central Railroad, was instantly killed that morning, at Harrisburg, whilst uncoupling cars. His remains will arrive here to-day for interment.

THE NEW LICENSE LAW.—The Harrisburg *Telegraph* says that the bill changing the mode of granting licenses to restaurants, which we published a few weeks ago, failed to pass the Senate, and did not become a law.

BARN BURNT.—The barn of Mr. John Dubs, on the Carlisle Turnpike, 1½ miles west of Hanover, was destroyed by fire on Thursday evening, with a quantity of hay, some farming implements, and a calf. The fire is supposed to have occurred in some accidental way. Mr. Dubs is nearly or quite fully insured.

MONUMENT MEETING.—Don't forget that on Saturday next, the 20th, a meeting of officers and soldiers, and others, throughout the county, will be held at the Court-house, to inaugurate steps for the erection of a monument to our deceased soldiers, in the Public Square of this place. The object should secure a large attendance, and we have no doubt will. The meeting will commence at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

RAILROAD ELECTION.—At an election held by the stockholders of the Hanover Branch Railroad Company, on Monday, for officers to control the affairs of the road for the ensuing year, the following gentlemen were elected without opposition:

President—Capt. A. W. Eichelberger.
Managers—John L. Jenkins, Joseph Althoff, Henry Wirt, Reuben Young, Joseph Dellone, David Wortz.

BORING FOR OIL NEAR HAMPTON.—We paid a visit on Friday, to the Harman farm, near Hampton, in this county, where boring for oil is now in progress. Major Dyke, who is managing the operation, informed us that a depth of fifty-five feet had been reached, which he looked upon as slow work, resulting from the extraordinary stubbornness of the granite rock which met him almost at the beginning. He is working two sets of hands, (day and night,) and *does* expect to find oil. The job is too expensive to be undertaken merely "for the fun of the thing."

We understand that parties at New Oxford, in connection with Major Dyke, have concluded a lease with Mr. Nicholas Heltzel, on the York Turnpike, about seven miles east of Gettysburg, with a view of boring for oil there. The surface indications are said to be the best in the county.

THE HOMESTEAD.—At a meeting, at the Court-house, on Thursday evening week, the following thirteen ladies and thirteen gentlemen were appointed a Home Board for the Orphans' Homestead about to be established here: Mrs. Rev. Dr. Krauth, Mrs. Dr. Robert Horner, Mrs. D. A. Buehler, Mrs. Rev. Dr. Baugher, Mrs. John S. Crawford, Mrs. D. Wills, Mrs. John Culp, Mrs. Rev. Breidenbaugh, Mrs. R. G. Harper, Mrs. W. A. Duncan, Mrs. Sarah Monfort, Miss Annie Danner, and Miss Margaret Dœrsom; Prof. F. A. Muhlenberg, Rev. D. T. Carnahan, A. D. Buehler, Esq., R. G. McCreary, Esq., J. L. Schick, Rev. Dr. C. A. Hay, H. J. Fahnestock, John Winebrenner, Chas. J. Tyson, Wm. C. Stallsmith, Emanuel Bushman, John Rupp, and D. McConaughy.

"ACROSS THE LINE."—About the middle of April, Wm. Reynolds and Templeton Little were arrested in this county, for stealing horses near Martinsburg, Va. They were lodged in jail here, and on Wednesday last Sheriff John W. Pitzer, of Berkely county, took them "across the line," on a requisition from the Governor. John Wade, charged with the same offence, was arrested at Harrisburg, about two weeks ago, by officer Rouzer, and also lodged in our jail, but the fact not having been known to the authorities of Berkely county, his name was not embraced in the requisition. Sheriff Pitzer expects to return for him on another requisition. The horses were recovered and taken back to Virginia soon after the first arrests were made.

DEATH OF THE LAST SURVIVOR OF THE WYOMING MASSACRE.—A correspondent of the Baltimore *Sun*, in a letter dated York Springs, May 12th, says:

The death took place yesterday of Samuel Kennedy, near York Springs, Adams county, Pa., in the 93d year of his age. He was the last survivor of the Wyoming massacre. His mother brought him away when five years old, in her flight from that inhuman slaughter. She with her son Samuel, settled in Menallen township, then York, and now Adams county, where he has resided until his death, surrounded by his children, grand and great grandchildren, a respected citizen, without an enemy, beloved by all who knew him. His father, John Kennedy, with his two brothers, Samuel and Thomas, settled in the Wyoming settlement some time before its destruction by the Indians. Samuel was killed, and his wife and six children taken prisoners and never heard of after the massacre, but John's wife and three children, the eldest being the boy Samuel, just deceased, after hiding in a wheat field surrounded by Indians all night, finally escaped. John was absent at the time, having gone to Penn's Valley to assist in guarding the people there from the Indians. Two of his wife's brothers were killed in the massacre. The other Kennedy (Thomas) was a single man at the time, and was uninjured. The deceased was born the 6th December, 1773, in Northumberland county, Pa.

☞ Rev. Adam Long, a graduate of the College and the Seminary, so well known to many of our citizens, died in India, on the 5th of March. He leaves a wife and three children.

☞ Mr. Samuel S. Hersh, of York, sold his pair of match horses, last week, to a gentleman in Baltimore, for the sum of sixteen hundred dollars.

BARNUM ON ADVERTISING.—P. T. Barnum, the great showman, in the autobiography which he gave to the world, showed conclusively that he knew one thing well. He was and still is a master of the art of money-making. No man in the country more completely understands the secrets of business success. He advertised extensively, and coined gold out of printers' ink. He not only advertises himself, but he patronizes those who do. He says, "I never patronize a business man that don't advertise, for the reason that I invariably get cheated if I do. The penurious principle that prevents a man from keeping his business before the public, will prevent him from selling cheap." What Barnum has noticed any man of discernment will find to be true. Invariably the best store to buy at is the one which advertises most largely. Keep your eyes on our advertising columns if you want bargains. You will find it to your advantage to buy of those who advertise most liberally. Take our word for that and you will be sure to save money.

PATENT ISSUED.—In glancing over the list of patents issued from the United States Patent Office for the week ending May 1, 1866, we find the following:—Joseph Martin, of New Oxford, for improvement in gates.

☞ On Saturday night week at attempt was made to burn the Second Presbyterian Church at Carlisle, but the fire was discovered before much damage was done. The people of that place are in constant fear of arson and robbery.

A PLAIN CONFESSION.

We find the following in a Republican journal:

"Senator Morrill introduced yesterday a bill to repeal the city charters of Washington and Georgetown. *This is intended to take the place of negro suffrage.* The radicals have abandoned the suffrage scheme, it is said, at the solicitation of the members of the House *who are afraid to go before the people next fall upon such an issue.*"

Here stands confessed what we have repeatedly charged—that the Disunionists would resort to tricks and subterfuges to secure negro suffrage, when fearful of the verdict or wrath of the people. The people can rely upon it, however, that whether it be made paramount or subordinate, negro suffrage will continue to command the thoughts by day and dreams by night of the whole circle of Disunion leaders. It is their only hope for the future. Without it their power is gone—their shaggy manes, their claws and their terrible roar will all pass away. Hence, when they find, as they *have* found, that the people are opposed to it, they are attempting to "snake" it upon them. Let the people beware.—*Patriot & Union.*

American Manufactures—the American Watch Co. of Waltham, Mass.

Every one knows that the mechanism of the best manufactories of this country is unequalled in any other part of the world. The genius of American mechanics produced the cotton-gin, the mechanical reaper and mower, the sewing machine, and last but not the least, the wonderful machinery of the American Watch Company of Waltham. This Company was established in 1850, and has grown in proportions which entitle it to a first rank among the manufacturing enterprizes of the New World. It employs between 900 and 1,000 artizans of superior skill and character, and a large and thriving town has grown up in its vicinity. The factory covers over three acres of ground, and as an illustration of its extent, we may mention that it is supplied with more than 60 miles of iron pipes and produces an aggregate of nearly 75,000 watches per annum. The founders of this Company believed that the same delicate mechanical processes which had produced such remarkably perfect results in larger machines, might be applied with even greater advantage to the production of the watch. The foreign time-pieces are made principally by hand, and except when of high cost, an imperfect article, often out of repair, and of little value, is the result. Abroad, these mysterious and infinitesimal organs which, when aggregated, produce the watch, are the fruit of slow and toilsome manual processes. In the results, there must of course be lack of that perfect uniformity which is indispensable for correct time-keeping. The constituent parts of the American watch, on the other hand, are fashioned by the most delicate and accurate machinery.—Wheels, pinions, springs, screws, absolutely uniform in weight, circumference, dimensions, and in every possible particular, are turned out in myriads by unerring fingers of steel, and their proper combination and adjustment by skillful workmen have given the Company its high reputation. Its watches no only *go* with the trade and *go* in the pockets of 200,000 people, but they *go* right and *go* everywhere.—*Exchange.*

☞ It is reported that Secretary Stanton will take an early opportunity of making a speech endorsing President Johnson's policy of restoration, and *denouncing that of Congress.*

The Removal of Postmasters.—There are some twenty thousand postmasters in the United States, of whom but eight or nine hundred require confirmation by the Senate. There are to be vigorous removals among those who are denouncing the administration. Their dismissals are being made out at the Post Office Department.

To be Arrested.—The President has issued an order directing the arrest of all officers of the Freedmen's Bureau interested, directly or indirectly, in the cultivation of farms in the Southern States.—Good! *very* good!

☞ It is believed by well-informed members of each House that no bill limiting or abridging the President's power of appointment to office will be passed this session. Considerable reaction on the subject has taken place within the past week. The general opposition from all parts of the country to the perpetration of such an outrage, for mere political purposes, is having its weight even with the present lawless Congress.

"Still Harping on My Daughter."—A special telegram to the *Press* last week made the following harrowing announcement:

It is generally believed here that there is shortly to be a large decapitation of postmasters who are inimical to the President's policy. Your State will hear more of this.

Horses Killed by Lightning.—During a recent thunder storm, the barn of Mr. Emanuel Throne, in Frankford township, Cumberland county, was struck by lightning, and two valuable horses were killed. The barn was not materially injured.

☞ While a carriage containing six negroes, was passing through the streets of Memphis on the 4th inst., two days after the riots, one of the occupants drew a pistol and fired at the captain of an engine company standing on the sidewalk, barely missing his head.

☞ Henry Ward Beecher compares the Disunionists in Congress to monkeys in a cocoanut tree—pelting the President at a safe distance. That's hard on the monkeys.

☞ Wendell Phillips, the old Abolitionist and repudiator of the National debt, is likely to be sent to Congress from Massachusetts.

AN IMPORTANT CASE.

An important case has just been decided in Wayne County, in this State. Previous to the October election of last year, the Radical papers announced that election officers throughout the Commonwealth were bound to reject the votes of all persons who had failed to respond to drafts during the war. Under this state of circumstances, the District Attorney of Wayne County prepared an opinion in response to questions propounded to him by officers of the election, in which he set forth their duties as clearly defined by the laws of Pennsylvania, and gave due notice that all violations of said law would be prosecuted. This opinion and notice were forwarded to the several election districts of the county. They failed, however, to reach some of the more remote townships, and in two of them the votes of alleged deserters were rejected, and the individuals thus deprived of their rights instituted suits against the offending parties.

The case came up for determination during the present term of the Court, and Judge Barrett charged the jury in the most emphatic and unmistakable language as to the law bearing upon the point at issue. He pronounced the act of Congress disfranchising so-called deserters null and void, and distinctly gave it as his opinion that the parties so designated were as much entitled to a vote as the judges and inspectors of elections themselves. This he declared to be the law of the land in Wayne county until reversed by a Superior Court, and as such he gave notice that any violations of it hereafter would be regarded as willful misdemeanor and punished accordingly.

The only question submitted to the jury was the *intention* of the election boards to commit an offense against the laws.—Upon that they could not agree. Ten were for conviction, two for acquittal.—There was no disagreement as to the Judge's opinion of the act of Congress under which the defendants professed to have acted, and which was cited as a defense in this case, nor as to the rights of the prosecutors to participate in the elections in that county. These points were both conceded after the charge of Judge Barrett.

Thus, one by one, the cases of injustice under the color of law are being reached and disposed of by the judiciary. The action of the Supreme Court of the United States in the military tribunal cases was a step in the right direction, and the Wayne County proceeding is a kindred movement in vindication of the Constitutional rights of freemen in Pennsylvania.—*Age.*

The five-cent Piece.—Mr. Kasson's bill, which has just passed both Houses, provides for a new five-cent coin, which shall weigh five grains of the metric system. Three of them will weigh about half an ounce, or the weight of one single letter. It will also serve for weights at apothecaries and elsewhere. The act requires the withdrawal of all fractional notes of less denomination than ten cents.

Special Notice Column.

A Single Box of Brandreth's Pills

Contains more vegetable extractive matter than twenty boxes of any pills in the world besides; fifty-five hundred physicians use them in their practice to the exclusion of other purgatives. The first letter of their value is yet scarcely appreciated. When they are better known, sudden death and continued sickness will be of the past. Let those who know them speak right out in their favor. It is a duty which will save life.

Our race are subject to a redundancy of vitiated bile at this season, and it is as dangerous as it is prevalent; but Brandreth's Pills afford an invaluable and efficient protection. By their occasional use we prevent the collection of those impurities which, when in sufficient quantities, cause so much danger to the body's health. They soon cure Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Pain in the Head, Heartburn, Pain in the Breastbone, Sudden Faintness and Costiveness. Sold by all respectable Dealers in Medicines.

May 21, '66.—1m

Cholera, Diarrhœa, and Dysentery!

A cure is warranted by DR. TOBIAS' celebrated VENETIAN LINIMENT, if used when first taken by persons of temperate habits. This medicine has been known in the United States over 20 years. Thousands have used it, and found it never failed to cure any complaint for which it was recommended, and all those who first tried it, are now never without it. In the Cholera of 1848, Dr. Tobias attended 40 cases and lost 4, being called in too late to do any good.

DIRECTIONS.—Take a teaspoonful in a wineglass of water every half hour for two hours, and rub the abdomen and extremities well with the Liniment. To allay the thirst, take a lump of ice in the mouth, about the size of a marble every ten minutes. It is warranted perfectly innocent to take internally. Sold by all druggists, price 40 and 80 cents. Depot, 56 Courtland St., New York.

Dead Heads,

Or, in other words, heads whose once glorious locks have WITHERED AND WHITENED, can in a few moments be re-clothed with all their YOUTHFUL ATTRACTIONS, by a single application of that wonderful talisman,

CHRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE.

Grizzled whiskers and moustaches, ladies' curls into which the snow of age has prematurely drifted, and red, sandy, or whitey-brown hair, receive, as if by magic, the rarest shades of black or brown from this harmless botanical hair-darkener.—Manufactured by J. CHRISTADORO, 6 Astor House, New York. Sold by Druggists. Applied by all Hair Dressers. [May 21, '66. 1m

Lyon's Periodical Drops!

THE GREAT FEMALE REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES.—These Drops are a scientifically compounded fluid preparation, and better than any Pills, Powders or Nostrums. Being liquid, their action is direct and positive, rendering them a reliable, speedy and certain specific for the cure of all obstructions and suppressions of nature. Their popularity is indicated by the fact that over 100,000 bottles are annually consumed by the ladies of the United States, every one of whom speaks in the strongest terms of praise of their great merits. They are rapidly taking the place of every other Female Remedy, and are considered by all who know what of them, as the surest, safest, and most infallible preparation in the world, for the cure of all female complaints, the removal of all obstructions of nature, and the promotion of health, regularity and strength.—Explicit directions stating when they may be used, and explaining when and why they should not, nor could not be used without producing effects contrary to nature's laws, will be found carefully folded around each bottle, with the written signature of JOHN L. LYON, without which none are genuine.

Prepared by Dr. JOHN L. LYON, 195 Chapel Street, New Haven, Conn., who can be consulted either personally, or by mail, (enclosing stamp,) concerning all private diseases and female weaknesses. Sold by Druggists everywhere.

C. G. CLARK & CO.,
Gen'l Agents for U. S. and Canadas.

Nov 6, 1865. 1y

Terrible Disclosures.

SECRETS FOR THE MILLION!—A most valuable and wonderful publication. A work of 400 pages, and 30 colored Engravings. DR. HUNTER'S VADE MECUM, an original and popular treatise on Man and Woman, their Physiology, Functions, and Sexual disorders of every kind, with Never-Failing Remedies for their speedy cure. The practice of DR. HUNTER has long been, and still is, unbounded, but at the earnest solicitation of numerous persons, he has been induced to extend his medical usefulness through the medium of his "VADE MECUM." It is a volume that should be in the hands of every family in the land, as a preventive of secret vices, or as a guide for the alleviation of one of the awful and destructive scourges that ever visited mankind. One copy, securely enveloped, will be forwarded free of postage to any part of the United States for 50 cents in P. O. stamps. Address, post paid, DR. HUNTER, No. 3 Division St., New York. [Sept. 25. 1y

Errors of Youth.

A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful Indiscretion, will for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing

JOHN B. OGDEN,
No. 13 Chambers st., New York.

Mar. 5, 1866. 1y

Eye and Ear!

PROF. J. ISAACS, M. D., Oculist and Aurist, formerly of Layden, Holland, is located at No. 519 PINE Street, PHILADELPHIA, where persons afflicted with diseases of the EYE or EAR, will be scientifically treated and cured, if curable. N. B. —ARTIFICIAL EYES inserted without pain.—No charges made for examinations. The medical faculty is invited, as he has no secret in his mode of treatment. [July 17, 1865. 1y

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THOS. F. CHAPMAN,
May 5, '66. 1y 361 Broadway, N. Y.

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DR. JUAN DELAMARRE'S
CELEBRATED SPECIFIC PILLS,
Prepared from a prescription of Dr. Juan Delamarre, Chief Physician of the Hospital du Nord ou Lariboisiere of Paris.

This invaluable medicine is no imposition, but is unfailing in the cure of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness. Every species of Genital or Urinary Irritability, Involuntary or Nightly Seminal Emissions from whatever cause produced, or however severe, will be speedily relieved and the organs restored to healthy action.

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R. A. BEAUREPAIRE, M. D.
G. D. DELAMARRE, M. D.
JEAN LE LECHRE, M. D.
Paris, May 5th, 1863."

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The genuine Pills are sold by all the principal Druggists throughout the World. Price One Dollar per Box, or six Boxes for Five Dollars.

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One Dollar enclosed to any authorized Agent, will insure a box by return mail, securely sealed from all observation; six boxes for five dollars.

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Dec. 18, 1865. 1y

Dr. Marshall's Catarrh Snuff.

This snuff has thoroughly proved itself to be the best article known for curing the Catarrh, Cold in the Head and Headache. It has been found an excellent remedy in many cases of Sore Eyes.—Deafness has been removed by it, and Hearing has often been greatly improved by its use.

It is fragrant and agreeable, and GIVES IMMEDIATE RELIEF to the dull heavy pains caused by diseases of the head. The sensations after using it are delightful and invigorating. It opens and purges out all obstructions, strengthens the glands, and gives a healthy action to the parts affected.

More than Thirty Years of sale and use of "Dr. Marshall's Catarrh and Headache Snuff," has proved its great value for all the common diseases of the head, and at this moment stands higher than ever before.

It is recommended by many of the best physicians, and is used with great success and satisfaction everywhere.

Read the Certificates of Wholesale Druggists in 1851: The undersigned, having for many years been acquainted with "Dr. Marshall's Catarrh and Headache Snuff," and sold it in our wholesale trade, cheerfully state, that we believe it to be equal, in every respect, to the recommendations given of it for the cure of Catarrhal Affections, and that it is decidedly the best article we have ever known for all common diseases of the Head.

Burr & Perry, Boston; Read, Auston & Co., Boston; Brown, Lamson & Co., Boston; Seth W. Fowle, Boston; Wilson, Fairbank & Co., Boston; Henshaw, Edmund & Co., Boston; H. H. Hay, Portland, Me.; Barnes & Park, New York; A. B. & D. Sands, New York; Stephen Paul & Co., New York; Israel Minor & Co., New York; McKesson & Robbins, New York; A. L. Scovill & Co., New York; M. Ward, Close & Co., New York; Bush & Gale, New York. ☞ For sale by all Druggists.—Try it.

[Dec. 18, 1865. 1y

Why Are They so Popular?

Why are Radway's regulating Pills so popular? Nobody asks such a question who has ever used them; for who praises not the bridge which has carried him safely over the yawning gulf of disease. Strangers may inquire, but their surprise vanishes when they learn that Dr. Radway's Pills are the only vegetable substitute for calomel, mercury, and antimony; that they are composed of extracts of roots, herbs, plants, gums, and balsams, prepared, not in the common way, but IN VACUO; that only the curative active principle of these ingredients enters into the production of these pills. Instead of crude drugs, one-half the substance of which is inert matter; that, being thus highly concentrated, from two to four pills evacuate the bowels more thoroughly, and exercise a more healthful influence on the spleen, the liver, the kidneys, and so on, than eight to ten of the ordinary purgative or alterative pills in general use. Are not these substantial reasons for the popularity of Dr. Radway's Pills? They are not merely laxative but aperient; not merely tonic but stimulant; not merely sudorific but counter-irritant. They have often procured the desired discharge from the bowels when Croton oil, Harlem oil, Elaterium, Podophyllin, etc., have all failed. Besides this, the weak as well as the strong can take Dr. Radway's Pills with comfort and success. The dyspeptic, the sufferer from biliousness, from liver derangements, and from spleen and kidney difficulties, all may rely with equal confidence upon the curative properties of these pills, for they never fail. Add to this the dainty form in which they are put, the perfect tastelessness which their gum covering effects, and their low price, 25 cents per box, and we may easily account for the popularity of Radway's Regulating Pills. Sold by all Druggists.

N. B.—DYSPEPSIA C