PEACE DECLARED!

IMPORTANT PROCLAMATION FROM ANDREW JOHNSON, PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Insurrection Declared to be at an End, and the Supremacy of the National Government Fully Established.

WASHINGTON, April 2.

By the President of the United States of America.

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, By proclamation of the 15th and 19th of April, 1861, the President of the United States, in virtue of the power vested in him by the Constitution and the laws, declared that the laws of the United States were opposed, and the execution thereof obstructed, in the States of South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Florida, Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas, by combinations too powerful to be suppressed by the ordinary course of judicial proceedings, or by the powers vested in the marshals by law;

And whereas, By another proclamation made on the 16th day of August, in the same year, in pursuance of an act of Congress, approved July 24th, 1861, the inhabitants of the States of Georgia, South Carolina, Virginia, North Carolina, Tennessee, Alabama, Louisiana, Texas, Arkansas, Mississippi and Florida, except the inhabitants of that part of the State of Virginia lying west of the Allegheny mountains, and such other parts of that State and the other States before named, as might maintain a loyal adhesion to the Union and the Constitution, or might be from time to time occupied and controlled by forces of the United States engaged in the suppression of the insurgents, were declared to be in a state of insurrection against the United States;

And whereas, By another proclamation of the first day of July, 1862, issued in pursuance of an act of Congress, approved June 7, in the same year, the insurrection was declared to be still existing in the States aforesaid, with the exception of specified counties in the State of Virginia;

And whereas, By another proclamation made on the second day of April, 1865, in pursuance of the act of Congress of July 13, 1861, the exceptions named in the proclamation of August 16th, 1861, were revoked, and the inhabitants of the States of Georgia, South Carolina, North Carolina, Tennessee, Alabama, Louisiana, Texas, Arkansas, Mississippi, Florida and Virginia, except the forty-eight counties of Virginia designated as West Virginia, and the ports of New Orleans, Key West, Port Royal, and Beaufort, South Carolina, were declared to be still in a state of insurrection against the United States;

And whereas, The House of Representatives on the 22d day of July, 1861, adopted a resolution in the words following, namely:

Resolved, By the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States, that the present deplorable civil war has been forced upon the country by the disunionists of the Southern States, now in revolt against the Constitutional Government, and in arms around the Capital; that in this National emergency, Congress banishing all feelings of mere passion and resentment will recollect only its duty to the whole country; that this war is not waged on our part in any spirit of oppression, nor for any purpose of conquest or subjugation, nor purpose of overthrowing or interfering with the rights or established institutions of these States, but to maintain and defend the supremacy of the Constitution, and to preserve the Union with all the dignity, equality, and rights of the several States unimpaired; and that as soon as these objects are accomplished the war ought to close;

And whereas, The Senate of the United States on the 25th day of July, 1861, adopted a resolution in the words following, to wit:

Resolved, That the present deplorable civil war has been forced upon the country by the disunionists of the Southern States, now in revolt against the constitutional Government, and in arms around the Capital; that in this National emergency Congress, banishing all feelings of mere passion and resentment, will recollect only its duty to the whole country; that this war is not prosecuted on our part in any spirit of oppression, nor for any purpose of conquest or subjugation, nor purpose of overthrowing or interfering with the rights or established institutions of those States, but to defend and maintain the supremacy of the Constitution and the laws made in pursuance thereof, and to preserve the Union *with all the dignity, equality and rights* of the several States unimpaired; as soon as these objects are accomplished the war ought to cease;

And whereas, These resolutions, though not joint or concurrent in their form, are substantially identical, and as such may be regarded as having expressed the sense of Congress upon the subject to which they relate;

And whereas, By my proclamation of the 13th day of June last, the insurrection in the State of Tennessee was declared to have been suppressed, the authority of the United States therein to be undisputed, and such United States officers as had been duly commissioned, to be in the undisputed exercise of their official functions;

And whereas, There now exists no organized armed resistance of misguided citizens or others to the authority of the United States in the States of Georgia, South Carolina, Virginia, North Carolina, Tennessee, Alabama, Louisiana, Arkansas, Mississippi and Florida, and the laws can be sustained and enforced therein by the proper civil authority, State or Federal, and the people of the said States are well and loyally disposed, and have conformed, or will conform in their legislation to the condition of affairs growing out of the amendment to the Constitution of the United States *prohibiting* slavery within the limits and jurisdiction of the United States;

And whereas, In view of the before recited premises, it is the manifest determination of the American people that no State, of its own will, has the right or the power to go out of or separate itself from or be separated from the American Union, and that, therefore, each State ought to remain and constitute an integral part of the United States;

And whereas, The people of the several before-mentioned States have in the manner aforesaid given satisfactory evidence that they acquiesce in this sovereign and important resolution of national unity;

And whereas, It is believed to be a fundamental principal of Government that people who have revolted and who have been overcome and subdued, must either be dealt with so as to induce them voluntarily to become friends or else they must be held by absolute military power, or devastated so as to prevent them from ever again doing harm as enemies, which last named policy is abhorrent to humanity and freedom;

And whereas, The Constitution of the United States provides for constitutional communities only as States, and not as territories, dependencies, provinces or protectorates;

And whereas, Such constituent States must necessarily be and, by the Constitution and laws of the United States, are made equals and placed upon a like footing as to political rights, immunities, dignity and power with the several States with which they are united;

And whereas, The observance of political equality as a principle of right and justice is well calculated to encourage the people of the aforesaid States to be and become more and more constant and persevering in their renewed allegiance;

And whereas; Standing armies, military occupation, military tribunals and the suspension of the privileges of the writ of habeas corpus, are in time of peace dangerous to public liberty, incompatible with the individual rights of the citizens, contrary to the genius and spirit of our free institutions and exhaustive of the national resources, and ought not, therefore, to be sanctioned or allowed except in cases of actual necessity for repelling invasion or suppressing insurrection or rebellion;

And whereas, The policy of the Government of the United States, from the beginning of the insurrection to its overthrow and final suppression, has been in conformity with the principles herein set forth and enumerated;

Now, therefore, I, Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, do hereby proclaim and declare that the insurrection which heretofore existed in the States of Georgia, South Carolina, Virginia, North Carolina, Tennessee, Alabama, Louisiana, Arkansas, Mississippi and Florida is at an end, and is henceforth to be so regarded.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington, the second day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and of the independence of the United States of America the ninetieth.

ANDREW JOHNSON.

By the President:
WILLIAM H. SEWARD, Secretary of State.

The Compiler.

Gettysburg, Monday Morning, April 9 1866.

H. J. STAHLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

FOR GOVERNOR,
Hon. HIESTER CLYMER,
of Berks County.

IMMENSE DEMOCRATIC GAINS IN CONNECTICUT!

The Connecticut election took place on Monday last. The contest was short, but active, and had it continued a single day longer, would have resulted in the success of the Democratic nominee for Governor. As it is, the result is full of cheer for the cause of the Union and Right.

A year ago the Republicans carried the State by *over eleven thousand majority.* On Monday last they elected their Governor by but 599—exhibiting A FALLING OFF OF BETWEEN TEN AND ELEVEN THOUSAND IN A SINGLE YEAR! This, *in a New England, State,* is certainly cheering, and henceforth Connecticut may safely be placed in the Democratic column.

The Democrats have gained eight Senators and fifteen members of the House. They have also carried two of the four Congressional districts, so that had the election for Congressmen been held on that day, a gain of two members would likewise have resulted.

The campaign lasted only twelve or fifteen days. The Republicans had in their favor the *prestige* of success, and enormous amounts of money—added to which was the fanaticism so long controlling the New England mind. But the Democracy took heart from the *true* Union position of President Johnson, and went into the contest, late as it was, with genuine enthusiasm, striking blow upon blow for the restoration of all the States, in opposition to the *disunion* schemes of Stevens and Sumner and those who back them. The result is, enormous Democratic gains—giving assurance that the "party of great moral ideas" will soon be in as hopeless a minority in Connecticut as it will find itself next fall in Pennsylvania.

IMPORTANT PROCLAMATION.

President Johnson has issued a most important proclamation. He, by virtue of his position as the Chief Executive of the United States, declares the war at an end and peace restored. This state paper is of more significance than the cursory reader may at first suppose, as it carries with it the restoration of all the States to their legitimate places, and impliedly says that the ravings of the Radicals will not cause the President to swerve one hair's breadth from the line he has adopted for the early and permanent building up of fraternal relations between the people of the different sections of the Union.

The proclamation will be found in our columns to-day, and we ask that it be read by all parties. The subscribers to Republican country papers find few or none of the President's patriotic productions in their own journals, the editors, very naturally, fearing that should their readers come to a full understanding of his position, they would cut loose from the lead of such negro fanatics as Sumner and Stevens, and support him. These Republicans should read Democratic papers, at least to the extent of making themselves acquainted with the ground occupied by a President who owes his position to their own party.

OPPOSED TO PEACE.

In the House, at Harrisburg, on Wednesday, Mr. Markley, Democrat, offered a preamble announcing the President's proclamation declaring the rebellion at an end; and a resolution hailing the return of peace, and embodying a request from the Representatives that the Governor cause a salute of thirty-six guns to be fired in honor of the event. *The House refused to have the resolution considered!* EVERY VOTE AGAINST THE RESOLUTION WAS CAST BY REPUBLICANS! *Every vote endorsing the proclamation and hailing the return of peace,* WAS CAST BY DEMOCRATS!

Is more evidence needed to prove that the so-called Republican leaders *are opposed to a return of peace?* Do they not, by such action, declare most unmistakably that they are *hostile to a restoration of the Union?* Nothing more *is* wanted to show to the people of Pennsylvania the disunion proclivities of the leaders who are now running John W. Geary as their candidate for Governor. Will the intelligent people of Pennsylvania follow in the wake of such creatures, who, though having subsisted on the plunder of war for five years, are not yet satisfied? We hope not.

THADDEUS CAUGHT!

Immediately after the expulsion of U. S. Senator Stockton, Thaddeus Stevens wrote to Mr. Scovel, the Speaker of the New Jersey Senate, as follows:

WASHINGTON, March 29, 1866.

HON. JAMES M. SCOVEL, &c., &c.:

DEAR SIR—By all means hurry up your election. Give us no conservative. A radical like yourself or nothing. A copperhead is better than a twaddler.

THADDEUS STEVENS.

Mr. Scovel made old Thad's letter public, and then announced himself as a friend of President Johnston!

☞ If in the small State of Connecticut, in fanatical New England, the Democrats can gain upwards of ten thousand in one year, cannot the Democrats of Pennsylvania gain thirty to forty thousand in the same time? The latter is quite as easy as the former.

IMPEACHMENT OF THE PRESIDENT.

The Chicago *Tribune,* the leading Radical paper of the West, advocates, in a vehement and acrimonious manner, the impeachment of President Johnson, and his removal from office. The Radicals are mad enough to attempt anything—especially now, when they feel their power waning—but the impeachment of the President would bring down upon them a tornado which even their heavy majority in Congress would not shield them from. We pray that the country may be spared so terrible a shock; but if it *must* come, let those who provoke it "stand from under." The Radicals may wage war upon President Johnson in any shape they will, but as the defender of the Union, the Constitution, and the White Race, HE IS BOUND TO WIN.

IMPORTANT DECISION.

The Supreme Court of the United States has decided that the Court Martial which tried the three old men, Messrs. Milligan, Bowles and Horsey, in Indiana, for "disloyalty," had no legal jurisdiction, and that the prisoners ought to be released.

This is a most righteous decision, and puts an end to the infamous system of trying civilians by military courts—but it does not restore the losses, in health and business, sustained by the thousands of innocent victims of shoddy military rule. Still, we believe that the day is not far distant when the "loyal" spies and pimps who were at the bottom of these villainous tyrannies, will be properly despised. There are a few in these parts who should never be forgotten.

RADICAL DOINGS IN CONGRESS.

The United States Senate, on Friday, passed the Civil Rights bill over the President's veto, by the necessary two-thirds—33 yeas, to 15 nays. It was then sent to the House.

The House, on the same day, voted Mr. Brooks, Dem., of New York, out of his seat, and gave it to Mr. Dodge, Rep. This is one of the most bare-faced and unjustifiable outrages yet committed by the Radicals in Congress. They will have a terrible account to settle when the day of reckoning comes—*and come it surely will.*

Twenty Republican members voted against Dodge, so clearly were they convinced that he had not a shadow of right to the seat.

THE WORK GOES BRAVELY ON!

At the recent election in St. Louis, the issue was squarely made between Radicalism and Conservatism. The Conservatives were successful by 3000 majority on the general ticket, and they elected 23 members of the City Councils to 7 Radicals. A glorious victory!

In Cincinnati the Republican majority was reduced to less than 3000.

At Dayton, Ohio, the Democrats elected the Mayor—a great gain.

The elections in the State of New York have resulted very favorably to the Democrats. The skies are everywhere brightening.

☞ Senator Wright, of New Jersey, who has been ill for some time, reached Washington last Tuesday. Senator Dixon is also getting better, and may soon be able to appear in his seat. They both sustain the President.

The Governor of Vermont has appointed Geo. F. Edmunds U. S. Senator in place of Mr. Foote. We suppose Mr. Edmunds to be a Radical.

The "dead lock" in the New Jersey Legislature on the U. S. Senatorial question continues.

☞ The proclamation of peace will put new life into the country—morally, materially, and every other way, unless the Rump disunionists unhappily succeed in stirring up more strife, as they seem firmly bent upon doing. Why will people, in any portion of the land, endorse and uphold disunion and anarchy, when it is so easy to have Union, peace, prosperity and happiness?

☞ The Abolition Convention which nominated John W. Geary, refused to endorse President Johnson's policy, and compelled Mr. Carnahan, of Pittsburg, to withdraw his resolution expressing confidence in the President. How, then, can any friend of the President vote for Geary, on an anti-Johnson platform? We put *that* question to the Government office-holders hereabouts.

☞ A. Watkins, Esq., editor of the Greene county *Republican,* has retired from that paper, and in his valedictory gives as the reason for so doing that he cannot go with his party in the effort to exalt the negro and debase the white man—neither is he willing to oppose the wise policy of President Johnson.

☞ A mass meeting of the friends and supporters of President Johnson was held in Washington on Wednesday night.—Among the speakers were Senator Cowan, of Pennsylvania, and Representative Smith, of Kentucky—both Republicans.

THE CAUSE.

Mr. Culver, of the firm of Culver, Penn & Co., of New York, came to this State about three or four years ago, an itinerant Yankee, and settled about Franklin, Pennsylvania, and commenced dabbling in oil. He was of that class of persons who use religion as a means to accomplish selfish ends, and by such false pretences and no doubt the use of money, obtained the Republican nomination for Congress in that district over such men as Finney and Myers and Judge M'Cormick, who were born in the district. Of course he was elected, and his election gave him political as well as personal position. What is the consequence? Six banks have gone down, whose deposits have been used without stint, and nobody can tell how many oil men will go down with them. The indignation, we understand, in that quarter, is intense, and the result no one can anticipate. We hope the people of Pennsylvania will learn some sense after awhile, and treat these speculating, itinerant Yankees as they deserve.—*Patriot & Union.*

☞ Another great fire occurred in the oil region on Saturday week. It began on the Hyde and Egbert farms, near Petroleum Center. Thirty wells, besides tanks, including 25,000 barrels of oil, were burned; also engine houses, machinery, dwellings and boats on Oil creek. The loss is about $125,000.

☞ While a portion of the so-called Republican press are asserting that the President is in opposition to Mr. Clymer, the radical Pittsburg *Gazette* says that "Mr. Clymer has been a frequent and welcome visitor at the White House during the last six months."

☞ Hon. Alexander H. Stevens, of Georgia, is on a visit to Washington.

☞ The suspension of the Clearfield Bank is denied.

ADDRESS OF THE DEMOCRATIC STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE ROOMS,
HARRISBURG, PA., March 27, 1866.

TO THE PEOPLE OF PENNSYLVANIA:

A civic contest, laden with grave results, has just been entered upon.

The great political organizations of the State have announced their platforms and presented to you their candidates.

The Democracy distinctly avow their purpose to restore the Union and to maintain the superiority of the white man.

Their opponents refuse to restore the Union, treat with silent contempt the policy of the President, and again attempt to deceive you in regard to negro suffrage.

The restoration of the Union is an issue embracing and overshadowing all others.

If it be postponed, and agitation continued, you will deny that the war was "a war for the Union;" you will shake your form of Government to its very base; jeopardize the security of your national debt; incur the hazard of financial revulsion; fetter the development of your industrial resources; make a desert of the fairest portion of the republic, and aid in elevating the negro at the expense of the white man.

The period of reaction after great national exertion is oftener fatal to free institutions, than the severest throes of civil warfare, and radical disunionists seize the hour to consolidate your government by amending the Constitution, and to perpetuate their power through the political equality of the negro.

Prolonged agitation or prompt restoration are the alternatives presented.

MEN OF THE KEYSTONE:

Look back upon your history, and in the light of that retrospect determine whether you will be led to your ruin by a reckless disturber of the peace of your Common-wealth, or will follow the President by the paths of the Constitution to the haven of peace, order and security.

The Democracy present to you with pride their candidate for Governor; a Pennsylvanian by birth; of revolutionary family; pure, honest, capable; possessed of large experience, and gifted with the rarest qualities of the head and of the heart. No man need blush to follow where HIESTER CLYMER leads the way.

DEMOCRATS OF PENNSYLVANIA:

All is well; your candidate will be sustained; trifling personalities give way before the onward march of great principles. Be assured of success and Labor to deserve it.

By order of the Democratic State Committee.

WILLIAM A. WALLACE,
Chairman.

BANK PANIC.

During the past ten days, some excitement pervaded business circles in consequence of the failure of a number of Banks in the Oil region and the rumored failure of others in different localities. The notes of the following are placed on the rejected list in the Banks of Philadelphia:

- Crawford County Bank, Meadville.
- Oil City Bank, Oil City, Pa.
- Venango Bank, Franklin, Pa.
- Petroleum Bank, Titusville, Pa.
- Tioga County Bank, Tioga, Pa.
- Lawrence County Bank, Newcastle, Pa.
- Clearfield County Bank, Clearfield, Pa.
- Kittanning Bank, Kittanning, Pa.
- Octorara Bank, Oxford, Pa.
- Diamond State Bank, Seaford, Del.

The suspension of the Banking House of Culver, Penn & Co., at New York, is given as the cause of the discredit of the Banks in the Oil region. What is wrong with the others we are unable to say. We have it on official authority that the notes of the Venango Bank and Petroleum Bank are secured by United States 7-30 bonds, deposited in the Auditor General's office at Harrisburg, in pursuance of the provisions of the free banking law of the State.

☞ "What the country needs," says the *Journal of Commerce,* "is a distinct drawing of the line between the supporters of the President and the supporters of the Radical disunionists. It is no day for men to sustain mere political gamblers, who have no interest in the great questions of the day, except their own power and to distribute the spoils of office. It is the duty of every man to demand of the candidate who asks his vote, 'Will you sustain the principles of the President's veto message, or will you sustain the doctrines which in that message he condemns?' The President, of course, desires the defeat of every candidate who refuses to stand by him, and at this time neglect is equivalent to refusal."

That's the whole truth, in a nut-shell.—NATIONAL ASSESSORS, COLLECTORS, and POST-MASTERS, must not expect to keep their places by "carrying water on both shoulders." To be for Johnson, open and outspoken support must be given him and his policy.

Take sides squarely, gentlemen. Remember, that "at this time neglect" to sustain the policy of the President "is equivalent to refusal." You cannot humbug him by a milk and water course. Talk out—or *walk out!*

☞ Berger, who was tried and convicted for the murder of Miss Watt of Germantown, died in his cell in the Philadelphia prison last week.

☞ Gen. Burnside has been elected Governor of Rhode Island without opposition.

MARRIED.

April 1st, near Hunterstown, by Rev. D. M. Blackwelder, Mr. PETER A. McINTIRE to Miss SARAH E. RINEHART, both of Straban twp.

On the 29th inst., at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. F. Bonner, Mr. J. THOMAS CROUSE, of Adams county, Pa., to Miss MARGARET CROUSE, of Frederick, Md.

On the 22nd ult., by Rev. Mr. Smith, JACOB LOTT, of Adams county, to Miss JOANNA HOUGHTELIN, of Chambersburg.

At Graceham, on the 15th Feb., by Rev. J. Steiner, Mr. ABRAHAM WAYBRIGHT to Miss ANNIE M. RHODES, both of Pennsylvania.

On the 29th ult., by Rev. J. R. Warner, Mr. DAVID Y. LITTLE to Miss HANNAH M. HALDEMAN, both of Highland township.

DIED.

☞ Obituary notices 3 cents per line for all over four lines—cash to accompany notice.

On the 1st inst., at the house of her father, Mrs. LOU. W., wife of Asa S. Hardman, and daughter of Elias and Mary Sheads, of this place.

On the 30th of March, after a short illness, of pneumonia, ELIZA LEHN, daughter of Andrew and Sarah Ann McKinney, of Taneytown, Md., aged 3 years 1 month and 15 days.

On Thursday morning last, at the Alms-house, Mr. FRANCIS DISH, at an advanced age.

In Northumberland co., Pa., on the 25th of March, LEWIS FRANKLIN, infant son of D. F. and Harriet Wagner, aged 8 months and 11 days.

In Middletown, Ohio, on the 22d ult., LIZZIE, aged 12 years, daughter of P. P. and E. La Tourette.

Communicated.

On the 31st of March, of consumption, Mrs. SARAH IRVIN, wife of Levi Irvin, of Buchanan Valley, aged 57 years 9 months and 5 days.

Weep no more; she is not dead,
But our mother only sleepeth,
And her soul has fled to heaven,
Where there is no eye that weepeth.

There in that bright world above
All her sins are now forgiven,
Singing to her Savior's love,
We could not wish her back again.

Mother no more will join our number,
Nor no more our toils shall know,
And our souls will join her at last
And dwell in perfect love,
May she rest in peace!

TOWN AND COUNTY.

Items Solicited from all Parts of the County.

☞ Several communications on hand will receive attention next week.

☞ Major H. S. Benner and Wm. E. Biddle have entered into partnership in the Grain, Produce and Forwarding business, at the old stand of W. E. Biddle & Co. Their advertisement will appear next week.

APRIL COURT will commence next Monday, and doubtless continue throughout the week. A large amount of criminal business has accumulated, and there will be at least the ordinary amount of Common Pleas work to do.

Many of our patrons who usually pay up in the Spring, have not as yet done so. Opportunities to send us money will be afforded such in many instances during the coming Court, and it is hoped they will avail themselves of them. We are not yet through with our April obligations; and, besides, it requires no small amount of money to prevent bills for paper, &c., from getting the "swing" of us. There is little made by the business at best, and printers can only get along by receiving payments as promptly as they are compelled to make them.

Subscribers at a distance are requested to remit by mail WITHOUT DELAY.

THE FAIR, at McSherrystown, for the benefit of the orphans at St. Joseph's, commenced on Monday, and we suppose continued throughout the week. We visited it on Wednesday, and were much pleased with the large variety of useful and ornamental articles exhibited. The ladies of Conowago deserve much credit for the taste and enterprise manifested in getting it up. The sales were quite encouraging up to the time we left, and doubt not that by the end of the week the ladies realized all their anticipations. The dinner on Wednesday, which was had at the residence of Esquire Michael Reily, was a splendid one, the table fairly groaning beneath its weight of substantials and delicacies. We need not say that it was enjoyed with an honest relish. The visitors spent the day pleasantly, and left with the regret that the declining sun admonished them to "take up their line of march" homeward.

DAN RICE'S GREAT SHOW.—The public will be glad to know that Dan Rice's Great Show, embracing Circus and Menagerie, each unrivalled, will exhibit in Gettysburg, on Wednesday week, the 18th inst. Dan's success in this business has never been approached in this country, and each succeeding year he comes out with something newer and better. His present combination embraces a variety of talent and objects more attractive than any ever before offered, and we doubt not that his success will be commensurate with his extraordinary efforts to please the show-going public. The many new and striking features presented will be found detailed in another column, to which it is only necessary to call attention in order to insure full houses. Of course, town and country will turn out en masse to see and hear Dan and his Great Show.

REMOVALS AND IMPROVEMENTS.—Mr. Michael Spangler has removed his Dry Goods Store to the southeast corner of the Diamond, lately occupied by John L. Holtzworth. The store room has been fitted up in the most approved style.

Mr. Holtzworth has removed his Boot and Shoe Store to the room, in the same building, recently occupied by John Minnigh.

John Minnigh has consolidated with E. H. Minnigh, in Chambersburg street. They have added a large and fine stock of groceries, teas, &c.

Dr. R. Horner has added an attractive show window to his already handsome Drug Store.

Isaac G. Tyson, some time since, had a very neat store room fitted up adjoining his residence, in York street, which is occupied by J. A. Grimes, with groceries, fruits, notions, &c.

Strickhouser & Wisotzkey have removed to the west side of Baltimore street, nearly opposite the COMPILER office, where they will continue to keep full stocks of oysters, fresh and salt fish, bacon, fruits, &c.

John Warner will remove to the stand lately occupied by Strickhouser & Wisotzkey, after Dr. Fahnestock, the owner of the building, shall have completed some very decided improvements.—The work is now in progress, and we hope the Dr. will not stop short of making the building as attractive in its exterior appearance as he means to make it convenient in the interior.

Solomon Welty is about enlarging his residence, and when finished it will be much of an improvement to that end of the town.

George C. Cress has put up a comfortable dwelling in West Middle street, and we understand that during the summer more will go up in the same street.

The town needs many new houses, and it is hoped that not a few will be erected before Fall. Our population cannot increase without an increase of dwellings.

GOOD TEMPLARS.—A branch of the Good Templars, (a Temperance organization,) was started at Fairfield, in this county, a few weeks ago, with sixty signers the first evening. The following persons were chosen officers: President, J. S. Witherow; Vice Presidents, Henry M. Landis and J. W. Sullivan; Secretary, A. C. Musselman; Treasurer, George W. Wortz.

SCHOOL EXHIBITION.—The School taught by Mr. John W. McConnell, at Fairfield, gave a public Exhibition, on Saturday evening week, to a crowded house. We learn that the exercises were of a very interesting character, the different parts having been judiciously distributed and well performed—the whole highly complimentary to teacher and pupils.

LEGISLATIVE.—The bogus Senator has introduced a supplement to the act incorporating the Gettysburg Battle-field Association.

Also a bill authorizing the School Directors of Latimore township to levy and collect a tax to pay monies advanced as bounties to volunteers.

Also a bill changing the time for holding the election in the Borough of Berwick.

☞ An important letter will be found on our fourth page—interesting political matter also on the first page. Our Agricultural and Domestic column should likewise receive general attention, its suggestions always being fresh and useful. All in all, we think we may, without egotism, claim for the COMPILER the character of a "live newspaper"—and the constant influx of new subscribers goes far towards backing up the claim.

☞ Cornelius Hartzell has purchased 21 acres and 40 perches of land from R. F. McIlhenny, being a portion of the mill property on Marsh creek, without improvements, for $637 50.

David Kitzmiller has purchased the property of Andrew Woods, on Baltimore street, for $1000 cash.

☞ James A. Grimes requests us to say that he has just returned from the city with a large stock of new groceries, hosiery, notions, &c., &c., which he asks buyers to call and see before purchasing elsewhere. He feels entirely certain that goods and prices will be satisfactory.

RECORD YOUR DEEDS.—The attention of parties holding unrecorded Deeds is directed to the provisions of the Act of Assembly, which require that—

"All deeds and conveyances for real estate in this Commonwealth, shall be recorded in the office for Recording Deeds in the county where the lands lie, WITHIN SIX MONTHS after the execution of such deeds and conveyance; and every such deed and conveyance not recorded as aforesaid, shall be adjudged FRAUDULENT AND VOID against any subsequent purchaser for a valuable consideration, unless such deeds be recorded before the recording of the deed or conveyance under which such a subsequent purchaser or mortgagee shall claim."

This is a very important notice, and those holding unrecorded deeds will see the importance of having them recorded without further delay.

CHANGE IN MANNER OF VOTING.—The following act regulating the manner of voting, has passed both the Senate and House:

"That the qualified voters of the several counties of the Commonwealth, at all general, township, borough and special elections are hereby hereafter authorized and required to vote by tickets printed or written, or partly printed and partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all judges of courts voted for, and to be labelled outside "judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace the names of State officers voted for, and be labelled "State;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all county officers voted for, including office of Senator and member of Congress, if voted for, and be labelled "county;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for and be labelled "township;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for, and be labelled "borough," and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot-boxes."

SHADE TREES.—As spring approaches, people naturally have something to say about shade trees. We would advise our friends, who love a cool, refreshing shade in summer, to plant trees at once. The cost is trifling. Every person whether in town or country, having an unoccupied space around their dwellings, should improve it by planting either fruit, shade or ornamental trees.

☞ The State Legislature has passed a resolution to adjourn on Thursday next.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Are You Stout and Full Blooded?

If you are stout, fleshy, of a full blooded or plethoric habit, you are probably subject to headaches, vertigo, dizziness, a rush of blood to the head, and congestive diseases generally. At any rate, you are more likely to be afflicted in that manner than people of a more lean habit. Now you, above all other persons in the world, should have constantly on hand a box of Radway's Regulating Pills. If you never have to use them, so much the better. The 25 cents they cost will be a cheap investment if it succeeds in frightening away disease. It will be a cheaper one if, in a sudden attack, when no other medical aid be convenient, it rescue you from the grave. Because you are stout and plethoric, people will tell you to get bled. Commit no such act of folly. Let Dr. Radway's Pills be your only protector. The difficulty, if you are attacked by a rush of blood to the head, is caused by a disturbed circulation of the blood and not by a too great quantity of it in your system. It is occasioned by an irregular action of your heart and liver, and bleeding will only increase, not diminish, that irregularity. What you need is something to restore the organs to a natural and regular action, and thus equalize the circulation of the blood. That is precisely the effect of a dose or two of Radway's Regulating Pills. They do not merely purge. They "regulate" the liver, the bowels, the spleen, the kidneys, and so on. They expel from the body the injurious matter, and search out for that purpose all diseased humors and deposits wherever hidden. In this manner they restore a healthy action to the heart, the brain, and the lungs, as well as the stomach, render the circulation of the blood even, and keep your head as clear as though you had never possessed an ounce of superfluous flesh. Such are Radway's Pills. *Sold by Druggists.*

N. B.—Radway's Pills are elegantly coated with gum, which renders them perfectly tasteless and free from smell. They can be swallowed by children as easily as sugar plums—They are the most pleasant medicine in the form of pills in general use. They purge thoroughly yet mildly. Principal office, 87 Maiden Lane, New York. RADWAY & Co.

April 2, 1866. 2w

The Great English Remedy.

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS. Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen. This invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excesses and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on.

To Married Ladies it is peculiarly suited—It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

Each bottle, price One Dollar, bears the Government Stamp of Great Britain, to prevent counterfeits.

CAUTION.—These Pills should not be taken by Females during the FIRST THREE MONTHS of Pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on Miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pains in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics, and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

Sold by all Druggists. Sole Agent for the United States and Canada,

JOB MOSES, 27 Cortlandt St., N. Y.

N. B.—$1,00 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized Agent, will insure a bottle, containing 50 Pills, by return mail. Sold by A. D. Buehler. [Dec. 18, 1865. 1y

Lyon's Periodical Drops!

The Great Female Remedy for Irregularities.

These Drops are a scientifically compounded fluid preparation, and better than any Pills, Powders or Nostrums. Being liquid, their action is direct and positive, rendering them a reliable, speedy and certain specific for the cure of all obstructions and suppressions of nature. Their popularity is indicated by the fact that over 100,000 bottles are annually sold and consumed by the ladies of the United States, every one of whom speak in the strongest terms of praise of their great merits. They are rapidly taking the place of every other Female Remedy, and are considered by all who know aught of them, as the surest, safest, and most infallible preparation in the world, for the cure of all female complaints, the removal of all obstructions of nature, and the promotion of health, regularity and strength. Explicit directions stating when they may be used, and explaining when and why they should not, nor could not be used without producing effects contrary to nature's chosen laws, will be found carefully folded around each bottle, with the written signature of JOHN L. LYON, without which none are genuine.

Prepared by DR. JOHN L. LYON, 195 Chapel Street, New Haven, Conn., who can be consulted either personally, or by mail, (enclosing stamp,) concerning all private diseases and female weaknesses. Sold by Druggists everywhere.

C. G. CLARK & CO.,
Gen'l Agents for U. S. and Canadas.

Nov. 6, 1865. 1y

Allcock's Porous Plasters.

A celebrated physician says he was amazed at the great *number of beneficial indications* produced by one of these plasters. He affirms that *headache* is cured by one worn just below the breast-bone; that one placed over the navel will cure hysterics, as well as dysentery, and affections of the bowels."

CURE OF VARICOSE VEINS.

City Point, Va., Jan. 24, 1865.

T. Allcock & Co.—Seeing your notice in the Police Gazette, I got four of your Porous Plasters and placed them on the parts where the pains were most severe, and in less than twelve hours could walk as well as ever. I could hardly believe it, I was so well pleased. I wanted to see if the lameness would come back on me or not, so I did more walking that day than I had done in a week. The next day I had some pain in my hip, but I put on a plaster there and in two hours the pain was all gone, nor have I felt it since. Certainly they are the best application for the relief and cure of pains in the joints and back, and for varicose or enlarged veins, I have ever known, and I would not be without them on any account. Yours, truly,

Mar. 12. 1m JOSEPH GATEWOOD.

Terrible Disclosures.

SECRETS FOR THE MILLION!—A most valuable and wonderful publication. A work of 400 pages, and 30 colored Engravings. DR. HUNTER'S VADE MECUM, an original and popular treatise on Man and Woman, their Physiology, Functions, and *Sexual disorders* of every kind, with Never-Failing Remedies for their speedy cure. The practice of DR. HUNTER has long been, and still is, unbounded, but at the earnest solicitation of numerous persons, he has been induced to extend his medical usefulness through the medium of his "VADE MECUM." It is a volume that should be in the hands of every family in the land, as a preventive of secret vices, or as a guide for the alleviation of one of the most awful and destructive scourges that ever visited mankind. One copy, securely enveloped, will be forwarded free of postage to any part of the United States for 50 cents in P. O. stamps. Address, post paid, DR. HUNTER, No. 3 Division St., New York. [Sept. 25. 1y

To Die in a Bad Cause

as those who fall in the rebel ranks undoubtedly do, is foolish. But on the other hand

DYEING FOR A GOOD CAUSE

as those who are wise and prudent enough to remedy the defects of nature with

CHRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE,

are doing every day, in every City of the Union, is eminently praiseworthy. This peaceful revolution is going on throughout the whole land, and thus beauty and harmony supplant homeliness and incongruity. Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, No. 6 Astor House, New York. Sold by Druggists. Applied by all Hair Dressers. [May 8. 1m

Errors of Youth.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing

JOHN B. OGDEN,
No. 13 Chambers St., New York.

Mar. 5, 1866. 1y

LIFE—HEALTH—STRENGTH.
LIFE—HEALTH—STRENGTH.
LIFE—HEALTH—STRENGTH.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY.

DR. JUAN DELAMARRE'S
CELEBRATED SPECIFIC PILLS,

Prepared from a prescription of Dr. Juan Delamarre, Chief Physician of the Hospital *du Nord ou Lariboisiere* of Paris.

This invaluable medicine is no imposition, but is unfailing in the cure of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness. Every species of Genital or Urinary Irritability, Involuntary or Nightly Seminal Emissions from whatever cause produced, or however severe, will be speedily relieved and the organs restored to healthy action.

Read the following opinions of eminent French physicians:

"We have used the Specific Pills prepared by Garanciere & Dupont, No. 214 Rue Lombard, from the prescription of Dr. Juan Delamarre, in our private practice with uniform success, and we believe there is no other medicine so well calculated to cure all persons suffering from Involuntary Emissions or any other weakness of the Sexual Organs, whether caused by a sedentary mode of living, excesses, or abuse.

R. A. BEAUREPARIE, M. D.
G. D. DUJARDIN, M. D.
JEAN LE LEUCHRE, M. D.

Paris, May 5th, 1863."

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

The Genuine Pills are sold by all the principal Druggists throughout the World. Price One Dollar per Box, or Six Boxes for Five Dollars.

GARANCIERE & DUPONT, Sole Proprietors,
No. 214 Rue Lombard, Paris.

One Dollar enclosed to any authorised Agent, will insure a box by return mail, securely sealed from all observation; six boxes for five dollars.

Sole General Agents for America,
OSCAR G. MOSES & CO.,
27 Cortlandt st., N. Y.

N. B.—French, German, Spanish and English Pamphlets, containing full particulars and directions for use, sent free to every address.

A. D. Buehler, Agent for Gettysburg.
Dec. 18, 1865. 1y

Dr. Marshall's Catarrh Snuff.

This Snuff has thoroughly proved itself to be the best article known for curing the Catarrh, Cold in the Head and Headache. It has been found an excellent remedy in many cases of Sore Eyes. Deafness has been removed by it, and Hearing has often been greatly improved by its use.

It is fragrant and agreeable, and GIVES IMMEDIATE RELIEF to the dull heavy pains caused by diseases of the head. The sensations after using it are delightful and invigorating. It opens and purges out all obstructions, strengthens the glands, and gives a healthy action to the parts affected.

More than Thirty Years' of sale and use of "Dr. Marshall's Catarrh and Headache Snuff," has proved its great value for all the common diseases of the head, and at this moment stands higher than ever before.

It is recommended by many of the best physicians, and is used with great success and satisfaction everywhere.

Read the Certificates of Wholesale Druggists in 1854. The undersigned, having for many years been acquainted with "Dr. Marshall's Catarrh and Headache Snuff," and sold it in our wholesale trade, cheerfully state, that we believe it to be equal, in every respect, to the recommendations given of it for the cure of Catarrhal Affections, and that it is decidedly the best article we have ever known for all common diseases of the Head.

Burr & Perry, Boston; Reed, Auston & Co., Boston; Brown, Lamson & Co., Boston; Reed, Cutler & Co., Boston; Seth W. Fowle, Boston; Wilson, Fairbank & Co., Boston; Henshaw, Edmand & Co., Boston; H. H. Hay, Portland, Me.; Barnes & Park, New York; A. B. & D. Sands, New York; Stephen Paul & Co., New York; Israel Minor & Co., New York; McKesson & Robbins, New York; A. L. Scovill & Co., New York; M. Ward, Close & Co., New York; Bush & Gale, New York.

For sale by all Druggists. Try it.

Dec. 18, 1865. 1y

Dr. Tobias' Venetian Liniment.

It cures Cholera, when first taken, in a few hours; Dysentery in half an hour; Toothache in five minutes. It is perfectly innocent to take internally, and is recommended by the most eminent Physicians in the United States. Price 40 and 80 cents.

Tonawanda, Pa., Aug. 6, 1859.

Dr. S. I. Tobias, New York. Dear Sir—I have used your Venetian Liniment with great success, both as an internal as well as an external medicine. In cases of Bilious Colic and Cholera Morbus I regard it as a sovereign remedy. Your Venetian Horse Liniment stands unrivalled as a horse medicine amongst farriers and boatmen on this canal.

WM. LEWIS,
Sup't North Branch Canal.

Sold by all Druggists. Office, No. 56 Cortlandt st., New York. [Mar. 12. 1m

To Consumptives.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (*free of charge*) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE FOR CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, and all Throat and Lung Affections.—The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription, FREE, by return mail, will please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings co., New York.

Mar. 5, 1866. 1y

Strange, but True.

Every young lady and gentleman in the United States can hear something very much to their advantage by return mail (free of charge,) by addressing the undersigned.—Those having fears of being humbugged will oblige by not noticing this card. All others will please address their obedient servant,

THOS. F. CHAPMAN,
Mar. 5, '66. 1y 831 Broadway, N. Y.

☞ Our charge for announcing candidates is three dollars CASH.

SHERIFFALTY.

AT the solicitation of numerous friends, I offer myself as a candidate for SHERIFF at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be happily ordered for, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability.

PHILIP HANN.

Straban tp., April 9, 1866. tc

SHERIFFALTY.

ENCOURAGED by numerous friends throughout the county, I offer myself as a candidate for SHERIFF at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be so fortunate as to be nominated and elected, I promise to discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability.

JACOB KLUNK.

Germany tp., April 9, 1866. tc

Trusses.

"SEELEY'S HARD RUBBER TRUSS" cures RUPTURE, frees the cord from pressure; *will never rust,* break, limber, chafe or become filthy, (the fine steel spring being coated with hard rubber); spring made any power required; used in bathing, fitted to form; requires no strapping; cleanest, lightest, easiest, and best Truss known. Send for pamphlet.

L. B. SEELEY, Sole Proprietor,
1347 Chestnut St., Philada., Pa.

April 9, 1866. 1m

INSURE AGAINST ACCIDENTS in the TRAVELLERS INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD. It has a *paid-up* capital of half a million, and a cash surplus of over a hundred thousand, to pay losses.

PRICES REDUCED.—Picking is selling his Business Coats at extremely low rates.

GOLD, SILVER, STEEL, and other SPECTACLES, to suit all ages, always on hand, and fitted to sight.

J. BEVAN,
Opposite the Bank, Gettysburg.