

The Compiler.

W. J. STABLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
GETTYSBURG, PA.
MONDAY MORNING, NOV. 6, 1865.

PROFIT SETTLEMENTS.

The publication of *The Compiler* costs more than double now what it did before the war, whilst every dollar's worth of material required must be paid cash. Having but a limited "working capital," we are compelled to seek profit settlements. Such is the rule in business matters generally, and it should be especially so in the newspaper line. No other branches suffer more by protracted credit, because in none other are the accounts so widely scattered.

Paper is again going up—indeed, has already reached an enormous figure—and no matter how high it may go, we must have it. Whilst we are, then, sparing no expense to meet the wants of our patrons, it is unreasonable that we ask payments as promptly as we are compelled to make them. "Dunning" is always unpleasant, but the large daily demands upon us leave no other course. All who owe us for subscriptions, advertising and jobbing, will be performing a duty, and conferring a favor, by paying up without delay.

State Committee Meeting.

The Democratic State Central Committee will meet at the Bueler House, in Harrisburg, on the 21st inst. A full attendance is specially requested. This looks like going to work early and in earnest, which we are glad to see.

An Early Convention and Thorough Organization.

The *Age* advocates the holding of the Democratic State Convention, for the nomination of a candidate for Governor, on the 4th of March next. We "second the motion." Give the party time for thorough organization, and it will carry the State. Let us have an active canvass—a general stirring up—reaching the popular mind and the popular heart everywhere. The Convention in March, should be followed by a great State Mass Meeting, at some central point, in June, or on the fourth of July, to ratify the nomination, and from this gathering that enthusiasm which always leads to activity, would go out and spread, bringing up the whole Commonwealth, and leading to victory in October. So believing, we urge this, or a similar course, upon the attention of the State Central Committee.

Thanksgiving.

President Johnson has appointed Thursday, the 7th of December, as a day of National Thanksgiving. The proclamation of the President meets with universal approval, and already have several of the Governors of the States named the same day. The rest will doubtless follow—a course which should always be taken.

Important from Washington.

A special Washington dispatch in Friday's *Sun* says Stanton must soon go out of the Cabinet—and that a number of radicals who visited Washington to lampoon the President into their crazy measures, have gone home in great rage. Good!

The Border Sufferers.

The following, from the *Lancaster Intelligencer*, will afford rather odd comfort to such of the Border Sufferers as allowed themselves to be influenced by Republican promises at the late election:

Before the election, Hon. Thaddeus Stevens went over to Gettysburg and made a speech in favor of paying the border people for the losses they sustained during the war. He did this to secure votes for the Republican candidates, and we do not doubt that his speech produced much effect. Now that the election is over, the *Express*, one of Mr. Stevens' organs in Lancaster, publishes an article on the subject of "War Damages" in which it is said that "Congress must set its face as flint against them all."

The worst feature of this article in the *Express* is its reflection on the patriotism and courage of the people of Pennsylvania. It injures them by denying them the right to compensation for damages, and then insults them in the following terms:—"It was the misfortune of the Pennsylvanians that they lived where Lee could get at them, not to say their fault that they sat tamely down and awaited his coming, with little or no preparation for resistance."

It affords us much pleasure to publish the fact that our friend Wm. S. Stenger, Esq., has been re-elected District Attorney of Franklin county. His majority on the home vote was 8, which the soldier vote reduced to 3. He was sworn in on Wednesday.

Brig. Gen. Charles T. Campbell, of Chambersburg, who was mustered out under the order promulgated some time ago, honorably discharging a large number of general officers, has been reinstated by order of the War Department.

At a recent sale of the personal property of the estate of Maria Eichelberger, dec'd., in Hanover, 72 shares of stock in the Hanover Savings Fund Society were sold at prices ranging from \$18.25 to \$18.50. The par value is \$10.00.

The Democratic gain in five States is about one hundred thousand votes this year. This will go to begin with. Another hundred thousand gain next year will elect a conservative Congress and place the country "all right."

The most outrageous persecution of Catholic priests is going on in Missouri, under the rule of the godless radicals. A number of priests, who have bravely preached politics nor sympathized with the rebellion, have been arrested: Some have been held to bail, some fined, and others imprisoned among burglars and other vile characters, for merely refusing to obtain, from the radical infidels, a license to preach the gospel!

In Montgomery county, Md., the Democrats have adopted resolutions in favor of sustaining President Johnson's re-election policy, opposing negro outrages, thanking Hon. M. Blair and E. P. Blair, Esq., for their open, active and absolute denunciation of the Registry law, and its friends and supporters.

The rebel Gen. Longstreet passed through Harrisburg on his way to Washington, the other day.

GROSS OFFRAGE.

Infamous Republican Fraud in Philadelphia.

A most shameless fraud has been perpetrated by Republicans in Philadelphia in the return of soldier votes. The *Age* gives the particulars, as follows:

The returns of the so-called army vote in the election for City Commissioners bear upon them the most unmistakable evidence of fraud, and yet the election of John Given by that vote has been certified by a majority of the Return Judges.

Let us examine some of the circumstances connected with these alleged returns of votes from the army. In the first place, returns are said to have been received from eight companies of the 19th Pennsylvania Cavalry. Now, this regiment was consolidated into a battalion more than six months since, and hence there are not now eight companies from which returns could be received. This is the first place, the number of votes said to have been cast in many of the companies forbids the idea that the returns are genuine. One company is set down as having polled 86 votes, another company in the same force is credited with 70, while many 1, best artillery, is marked as having deposited 78 votes. Now, no one who has the slightest knowledge of the number in which these companies have been reduced in active service will believe that they polled anything like this number of votes. The fraud here is beyond question.

Again, the manner of making the returns shows that the whole thing is a duplicate of the celebrated "Schimmelpenninck fraud" of 1861. The envelopes in which the alleged returns were received are all of the same size and pattern, and the address is written in the same hand, although some purport to have been made up in Virginia and some in Louisiana. More than this, they bear the postmarks of Washington and New York alone, and the date is the 25th of October. Now, no steamer from New Orleans or any Southern port that could bring returns from the regiments stationed at or near Baton Rouge arrived at New York on that day, or within three days preceding the date of the mailing of these alleged returns. Here is additional and conclusive evidence of fraud.

This is one of the most shameless attempts to set at naught the will of the people and trample on the elective franchise that we have ever known. The certificate has been awarded to Mr. Given, but the whole matter will undergo an investigation before a Justice of the Peace, and the address will be discovered and properly punished. An example must be made, if we wish to preserve the purity of the franchise, and thus maintain our free institutions.

This fraud is so bold and glaring as to startle even Republicans themselves. Several of the journals of that party, seeing no hope of its justification, denounce it in the strongest terms.

That the Democracy have been cheated in this way for several years, we have always believed—and believe it now more fixedly than ever.

Continued Agitation.

"Abolish slavery," the radicals used to say, "and agitation about the negro will cease." A great many good natured, credulous people believed them, but have at length found out their mistake. The radicals declare that "slavery is dead," but they dish up Sumner, as a subject of agitation, in a new form. They now want to make him a voter, and threaten to prolong "the irrepressible conflict" unless this scheme to degrade the white man and the white man's ballot is carried out. But they would not rest content with even that. "We must admit the negro to the Senate and the Social Circle," exclaimed S. S. Foster, at an Abolition meeting recently held in Boston. This is what the radicals are aiming at, and, as soon as they can succeed thus far in their programme, the next step in order will be amalgamation and miscegenation. So we go from bad to worse.

The House Clerk's Position Defined.

By the law passed at the last session of Congress, the Clerk of the House, holding over from the last Congress, on reading the roll of members qualified to go into the election of a Speaker, is restricted to "those only who shall have been regularly elected under the laws of Congress or the several States." It is now said, upon radical Republican authority, that Mr. McPherson, the Clerk of the last Congress, upon whom will devolve the initial authority, as its presiding officer, in the organization of the new House, has declared that he will not place upon the official list of members, any person claiming to be elected from a State that has been in rebellion against the Government, inasmuch as he regards any such person as not coming within the pale of the foresaid law. If such is the decision of Mr. McPherson, we know where he belongs, and that he is the radical candidate for a re-election.—*N. Y. Herald.*

"Coming Out from the Foul Party!"

The World gives the following list of distinguished gentlemen, principally citizens of the State of New York, who have abandoned the so-called "Union party" and are now acting with the only true Union party in the country, the Democratic party:

- MONTGOMERY BLAIR, late Postmaster General under President Lincoln.
- DAVID E. SICKLES, Major General U. S. Army.
- MARTIN GROVER, Supreme Court Justice.
- HENRY W. SLOCUM, Major General U. S. Army.
- JOHN COCHRANE, present Attorney General of the State of New York.
- DAVID E. SICKLES, Major General U. S. Army.
- JOHN W. EDMONDS, of New York, late Judge Supreme Court.
- Judge BARKOL, of Madison, ex-State Senator.
- ROBERT CAMPBELL, of Steubon, late Republican Lieutenant Governor of New York.
- Hon. THOMAS B. CARROLL, of Rensselaer, ex-Senator and Canal Appraiser.
- D. D. TOMPKINS MARSHALL, late Naval Officer, New York.

If the leaders thus abandon the Republicans, what is to become of the rank and file?

Emerson Eberidge, of Tennessee, has been acquitted of whatever it was that was laid to his charge. The *New York Tribune*, surprising as it may seem, says "we are heartily glad of it. Eberidge is a sorcerer and a Copperhead, but he has done nothing deserving of conviction and punishment. Henceforth, we treat our military straps will curb their propensity to play 'fantastic tricks.' The priest is fast, and arbitrary arrests of civilians are (or should be) piled up."

The boiler of a steamboat exploded at New York on Sunday morning, by which fifteen persons lost their lives. The scene is described as heart-rending in the extreme.

Hon. Jas. L. Orr has been elected Governor of South Carolina by 500 majority. Governor Perry has been chosen Senator for the long term.

A Prediction.

Governor Brownlow, of Tennessee, in a recent letter to the *Knnoxville Whig*, expresses the opinion that illness, starvation and disease will remove from the sphere of mortal existence the majority of the negroes of this generation, and that the whole race, in this country, will gradually melt away and become extinct, like the Indians.

This has been the opinion of all sensible men, who looked at the question from a conservative standpoint, for the last two or three years, and our only marvel is that Parson Brownlow, who has been so badly afflicted with "nigger on the brain," should have got his eyes opened at last. That the poor negroes will be the greatest sufferers in the long run, from forced emancipation, is just as certain as that night follows day. Indescribable taking care of themselves, their race is destined to dwindle and perish before the superior civilization, intelligence and energy of the white man. This has been the history of man in all ages of the world, and it is scarcely possible for the American negro to form an exception to the general rule.

As confirmatory of this view of the probable extinction of the negro by disease and starvation, we may give the following from the *New York Tribune* in relation to the negro in the District of Columbia:

"The most frightful mortality exists, as many as 30 negroes per week being furnished by the Quartermaster's Department, most of which are children. In the opinion of physicians practicing among them, and of other close observers, that three-fourths of these children die from neglect and want. In the family of a soldier, who lost his life in battle, five out of ten children have died since March, 1865, from the above causes. In another, three out of seven children, of a soldier, drafted in December last, have starved to death within the last three weeks."

A Few Plain Facts.

In the following tables of prices is shown the "advantage" of the present condition of things as compared with what it was prior to the war. In 1860 you could go to a store and buy a bill of goods, and the storekeeper would make out your account as follows:

- 1 piece of muslin, 32 yards, at 12c..... \$4.00
- 1 lb. coffee at 12c..... 12
- 24 yds. calico at 10c..... 2.40
- 1 lb. pepper, at 10c..... 10
- 10 lbs. sugar at 20c..... 2.00
- 1 yd. Canton flannel at 75c..... 75
- 1 silk handkerchief..... 1.00

Total.....\$9.80

In 1865 you make another purchase, and buy the same quantities and qualities of goods at the same store, and the storekeeper makes out another bill, as follows:

- 1 piece of muslin, 32 yards, at 60c.....\$19.20
- 1 lb. coffee at 50c..... 50
- 24 yds. calico at 35c..... 8.40
- 1 lb. pepper at 35c..... 35
- 10 lbs. sugar at 20c..... 2.00
- 1 yd. Canton flannel at 75c..... 75
- 1 silk handkerchief..... 3.00

Total.....\$30.30

Deduct bill of 1860.....\$9.80

Difference.....\$20.50

This difference of \$20.50 you have now to pay because a fanatical and unprincipled party got the power of the Government into their hands—a party which rules only to ruin.

That's it!—In an article upon "Ridicule in a Quindary," the *Cleveland Plaindealer* settles the position of the Democracy and the President, and lays out the Reds, in the following brief and pungent septuaginta:

"We do not claim him as our man, nor are we to be committed to his uncomprehending support. We shall not stop to bawly words with small politicians as to whether Mr. Johnson has come to us, or we have gone to him. Johnson, it is enough for us to know that he is the uncompromising foe of red-mouthed radicalism, and enough for us to believe that he is too wise to be subservient to their wishes, and too firm to be turned from his purposes by their balful influence."

Editorial and Other Briefs.

The Chicago *Tribune* is anxious to have a Speaker of the next Congress who "will resist any encroachment by the Executive."

The election of Congressmen in South Carolina will be held on November 15.

A steam-tug exploded her boilers on Sunday at Norfolk, Va., killing five men.

The construction of railroads is rapidly progressing in Mexico.

The double track of the Northern Central Railway Company is being laid with rapidity. In a very short time it will be completed as far as Suburg.

Ex-Gov. Neil S. Brown, of Tennessee, and Ex-Governor and ex-rebel Gen. Bonham, of South Carolina, have been pardoned.

Gov. Wells is organizing the State militia in Louisiana.

National Thanksgiving Day.

President Johnson has issued the following proclamation, appointing Thursday, December 7, as a day of National Thanksgiving:

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, I have pleased Almighty God during the year which is now coming to an end, to relieve our beloved country from the fearful scourge of civil war, and to permit us to secure the blessings of peace, unity, and harmony, with a great enlargement of civil liberty; and

Whereas, Our Heavenly Father has also during the year graciously averted from us the calamities of foreign war, pestilence and famine, while our granaries are full of the fruits of an abundant season; and

Whereas, "Righteousness exalteth a nation, while sin is a reproach to any people,"

Now, therefore, be it known that I, Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, do hereby recommend to the people that they do apart and observe the first Thursday of December next as a day of National Thanksgiving to the Creator of the Universe for these deliverances and blessings.

And I do further recommend that on that occasion the whole people unite in confession of our sins against His infinite goodness, and with one heart and one mind implore the Divine blessing in the ways of national virtue and holiness.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington, this 28th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and of the independence of the United States the sixtieth.

ANDREW JOHNSON.

By the President: Wm. H. SEWARD, Secretary of State.

The *Next Congress*—A Washington correspondent of the *Ledger* says an old politician in the Federal City gives him the following estimate of the "make up" of Congress, based upon the supposition that the Southern Representatives will be admitted, which he says "there is daily less and less doubt will be the case," viz: *House*—Opponents of the President 127; supporters of his policy 121; oppositio majority 6—*Senate*—Opponents 38; supporters 34; oppositio majority 4.

Judge Birlow, of Madison county, New York, has written a letter in support of the Democratic State ticket. Until recently he had been a prominent member of the Republican party, but like many others he realized that the party with which he was connected was rapidly disintegrating and passing away. Its obnoxious principles are driving men from its ranks continually.

The *N. Y. Observer*, a religious paper, says it is painful to observe papers now opposing the measures of the Government, which formerly made support of the Government a test of loyalty. It certainly is a painful truth, but the *Observer* should be patient; the Democracy are whipping them in, and may eventually be able to make them mind their manners and perform their duty.

It cannot be successfully disguised that it is the deliberate purpose of the Radical leaders to open a head-on collision with the writer upon President Johnson, all the more to be deplored because at this period, of all others, harmony should prevail for the more suspicious result of the critical experiment now pending. If it was disloyal to criticize the policy of the President while war was raging, it is not the less so to do it now; and more especially to organize an open opposition to that policy which is the only present pledge of hope of practical reunion that we have.—*Boston Post.*

The Hon. C. L. Vallandigham (telegrams to the *New York Daily News*) that the Democratic gain in Ohio in the recent election, as compared with the vote for Governor Brough, is seventy-six thousand, and since last fall thirty-five thousand, with double the number of Democratic Senators and Representatives in the State Legislature.

Solid Voting—Monroe county must be the paradise of Democrats. The following are a few examples of the way her people voted at the late election: Coulbanch township, 59 for Davis, 6 for Hantrant; Eldred township, 137 for Davis, none for Hantrant; Middle Smithfield township, 213 for Davis, 10 for Hantrant.

Wm. H. Post, Republican Postmaster at Yonkers, N. Y., has been removed, and L. P. Post, straight-out Democrat appointed in his place. Look out for the locomotive when the bell rings.

Election officers who may have received the votes of deserters and non-reporting drafted men can rest easy about the howlings of the negro press about their prosecution. They did right if they qualified the ballots of such persons—when qualified under State laws—and disregarded the "votes" of "disfranchisement" men. These officers, however, who refused the votes of deserters and conscripts who were qualified under State laws, are liable to punishment for their refusal, and they cannot take refuge behind the act of Congress. Congress can make nothing out of this, and they must stand by their own laws and elections. Bear these facts in mind, and bring the centralized despotism violators of our State laws to condign punishment at once.—*Patriot & Union.*

The steamer City of B'oton brings foreign news to the 19th ult. Lord Palmerston died on the 18th, at his residence in London, in his 81st year. Earl Russell was generally regarded as his successor in the Cabinet. The deaths from cholera in Paris were said to average 200 per day.

The *New York Express* states that Havana advices confirm the previous accounts of the breaking out of a negro insurrection in Jamaica. Many revolting murders are said to have been perpetrated—on one instance a white magistrate had been killed, and his fingers and toes cut off and his bowels ripped open by negro women. The greatest alarm prevailed on the island, and the insurrection was reported to be spreading.

The Toronto correspondent of the *New York Herald* states that the Canadian Government is organizing an army of fifty thousand men to be stationed along the entire frontier, from Quebec to Toronto, in contemplation of a Fenian invasion. A panic is also said to prevail, and depopulators are withdrawing their funds from the banks.

Two men were murdered and robbed at Albany, N. Y., on Saturday week.

The Provost Marshal's Courts for Freedmen in New York on Sunday morning, by which fifteen persons lost their lives. The scene is described as heart-rending in the extreme.

Hon. Jas. L. Orr has been elected Governor of South Carolina by 500 majority. Governor Perry has been chosen Senator for the long term.

The rebel Gen. Longstreet passed through Harrisburg on his way to Washington, the other day.

John & County.

WOOD!—WOOD!—Such of our subscribers as intend paying for the *Compiler* with wood, are requested to deliver it soon. The necessity for warm stoves is already upon us.

LECTURE FOR THE BENEFIT OF EVERGREEN CEMETERY.—The Managers of Evergreen Cemetery are engaged in an effort to raise means to pay the debt of the Association and further improve the grounds. In aid of this object, the Rev. J. R. WASSER has consented to deliver his very interesting and popular Lecture on the "BATTLE OF GETTYSBURG," on Tuesday evening, the 28th of November last. It is hoped that the citizens of town and country generally will avail themselves of this opportunity of enjoying a rich intellectual treat, and aiding the Association in an enterprise, in which all are so deeply interested.

SENATORIAL.—The District Return Judges met at Chambersburg on Friday last, and gave the certificate of election to C. M. Duncan, Esq., his majority over McConaughey being 25 on the whole vote.

McConaughey runs 135 behind the Republican State ticket in the District, and is, by considerable odds, the lowest man on the ticket in this (his own) county. This fact is hardly conoling to his vanity, especially when it is considered that his opponent resides in another county.

It is reported that McConaughey has 70 majority in the 7th Regiment, whilst many of its members say no election was held in the Regiment. Look out for FRAUD!

PROPERTY SALES.—James J. Wills has sold his farm, in Cyparhess township, to T. Bender, of Hanover, for \$6,000.

Isaac R. Smith has sold his farm, in Highland township, to Daniel N. Knouse—235 acres, at \$3,300.

The farm of Thomas Orr, deceased, in Highland township, has been purchased by Frederick Stoelcker—240 acres, at \$33 per acre.

George L. dy, an Administrator, recently sold the farm of Henry Herber, deceased, in Highland township, to Charles Starn—154 acres, at \$23 3/4 per acre.

Michael Spangler has purchased Mr. Cannon's share in the corner property, formerly owned by Himes & Stevens, at \$1700 cash.

Mr. Cairn has purchased the corner property opposite the Court House, from Dr. E. G. Falmesworth, at \$3,000 cash.

John Wilson has sold his house and lot on Chambersburg street, to Geo. Stover, at \$1,250 cash.

The property of Geo. W. Schriver, dec'd., on Baltimore street, has been purchased by Daniel Trimmer, at \$3,225.

On Wednesday last, Mr. Samuel Welch, now County Commissioner, entered upon his duties as a member of the Board. Mr. Welch, in the most acceptable manner—with credit to himself and to the county. A better Commissioner is seldom or never found.

The Board organized by appointing Mr. March as Clerk. J. M. Walter was re-appointed President, E. B. Durler, Esq., Counsel, and M. Lee, Rapp Court-house Keeper.

The Board now consists of Messrs. Samuel Welch, Abraham Kiese, of A., and Samuel Wolf.

The Foundation of the Soldiers' National Monument has been completed. It is 25 feet square at the bottom, and 23 feet at the top—10 feet high, with 6 feet under ground. It is laid in good cement mortar, and is very substantial.

The headstones are nearly finished—the avenues are being landscaped, and more trees planted. The Cemetery promises to be one of the most attractive spots in the county.

The list of Premiums awarded at the recent Fair of the Adams County Agricultural Society, will be found in our Agricultural Department, on the fourth page. The proceedings of the Teachers' Institute are given on the first page. Both papers are interesting.

The address, charge, obligator, delivered at Christ Church, at the Inauguration of Rev. J. A. Brown, D. D., Professor of Didactic Theology in the Theological Seminary at this place, has been published in pamphlet form, and are for sale at the Book Store of Mr. A. D. Niebler.

There are now growing upon the two farms of Col. J. Kuhn, near East Berlin, this county, between two and three miles of Orange Orange Hedge, a good position already turning stock. The Colonel's success in this matter should stimulate others to a similar effort.

We are gratified to learn that our friend Andrew Dellone, Esq., formerly of East Berlin, this county, Nebraska, has been elected Sheriff of Douglas county, Nebraska. This is one of the most populous counties in the Territory, and includes Nebraska City, a thriving place of 8,000 inhabitants.

THE MARKETS.

GETTYSBURG—SATURDAY LAST.	
Flour.....	9 25 to 10 00
White Wheat.....	2 10 to 2 50
Red Wheat.....	2 00 to 2 15
Corn.....	50 to 75
Oats.....	37
Suckwheat.....	1 00
Timothy Seed.....	2 50 to 4 00
Flax Seed.....	1 75 to 2 00
Clover Seed.....	6 50 to 7 00

BALTIMORE—FRIDAY LAST.	
Flour.....	9 75 to 10 10
White Wheat.....	2 00 to 2 50
Red Wheat.....	1 85 to 2 00
Corn.....	65 to 85
Oats.....	47 to 50
Suckwheat.....	1 00
Timothy Seed.....	2 50 to 4 00
Flax Seed.....	1 75 to 2 00
Clover Seed.....	6 50 to 7 00

SPECIAL NOTICES.

LYON'S PERIODICAL DROPS.
The Great Female Remedy for Irregularities.
These Drops are a scientifically compounded and highly prepared medicine, known as PINKETTS, or LYON'S PERIODICAL DROPS. Being liquid, their action is direct and positive, rendering them a reliable, speedy and certain specific for the cure of all obstructions and suppressions of nature. Their popularity is indicated by the fact that over 100,000 bottles are annually sold and consumed by the ladies of the United States, every one of whom speak in the strongest terms of praise of their great merits. They are equally efficacious in the treatment of Female Hemorrhage, and are considered by all who know ought of them, as the surest, safest, and most infallible preparation in the world, for the cure of all female complaints, the removal of all obstructions of nature, and the promotion of health, regularity and strength. Explicit directions stating when they may be used, and explaining when and why they should not, nor could not be used without nature. 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