ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the usual rates Jos Printing done with neatness and dispatch.

Orrice in South Baltimore street, nearly opposite Wamplers' Tinning Establishment -"COMPILER PRINTING OFFICE" on the sign.

## Professional cards.

Law Partnership. A. DUNCAN & J. H. WHITE,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Will promptly attend to all legal business
entrulted to them, including the procuring of
Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, and all other
claims against the United States and State Office in North West Corner of Diamond, Gettysburg, Penn'a. April 3, 1865. tf

A. J. Cover.

A TTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to Collections and all other business entrusted to him. Office between Fahnestocks' and Dunner & Ziegler's Stores, Baltimore street Gettysburg, Pa. [Sept. 5, 1859. Edward B. Buehler.

TTORNEY AT LAW, will faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to him. He speaks the German language.— Office at the same place, in South Baltimore Office at the same place, in South Baltimore Franklin,) Baltimore, where freight will be street, near Forney's drug store, and nearly received at any time. He invites the attention of the public to his line, assuring them that Gettysburg, March 20.,

J. C. Neely, A TTORNEY AT LAW.—Particular attention paid to collection of Pensions, Bounty, and Back-pay. Office in the S. E. lished his place of tusiness there, where he asks those having anything to do in his line. Gettysburg, April 6, 1863. tf

D. McConaughy, TTORNEY AT LAW, (office one door west of Buehler's drug and book store, Chumriburg street,) ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR FOR PATENTS AND PERSIONS. Bounty Land Warrants, Buck-pay suspended Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Wash-ington, D. C.; also American Claims in England. and Warrants located and sold, or bought, and afgliest prices given. Agents engaged in lo-citing warrants in lowa, Illinois and other western States De Apply to him personally Gettysburg, Nov. 21, '53.

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D. A S his office one door west of the Chambershurg street, and opposite Picking's stere, where those wishing to have any Dental Coccion performed are respontfully invited to care Regranges Drs. Horner, Rev. C. P. Kruta, D. D., Rev. H.-L. Baugher, D. D., Rev. Prot. M. Jacobs, Prof. M. L. Stever. Getty sburg, April 11, '53.

Dr. D. S. Peffer, A BBOTTSTOWN, Adams county, continues the plactice of his profession in all its ranches, and would respectfully invite all rooms offlicted with any old standing disses to call and consult him. Oct. 3, 1864. If

Dr. J. W. C. O'N ear's

FFICE and Dwelling, N. E. corner of Baltimore and fligh streets, near Presbyterian
Church, Gettysburg, Par.

Linear style of the art.

April 17, 1865. tf

Removals.

ME undersioned, being the authorized person to make removals into Ever Green Cemetery, hopes that such as contemplate the removal of the remains of deceased relatives or friends will avail themselves of this season of the year to it we it done. Removals made with promptness—terms low, and so effort spared to please.

EETER THORN, March 12, '60. Keeper of the Confetery:

The Great Discovery

Rheumatism can be cured by using H. L. MILLER'S CELEBRATED RHEUMATIC MIX-TURE. Many prominent citizens of this, and the adjoining countries, have testified to its the adjoining counties, have testified to its great utility. Its success in Rheamatic affections, has been hitherto unparalleled by any specific, infraduced to the public. Price 50 rents per bottle. For sale by all druggist and klasskeepars. Prepared only by H. L. MILLEO, Wholesale and Retail Druggist, East Berlin, Adams county, Par., dealer in Drugg, Chemicals, Oils, Varnish, Spirits, Paints, Dye-stuffs, bottled Oils, Eastences and Tinctures, Window Glass, Perlumery, Patent Medicines, &c., &c., and T. D. Buehler is the Agent in Gettysburg for M. L. Miller's Celebrated Rheumatic, Mixture." [June 3, 1861. tf

Hardware and Groceries. THE subscribers have just returned from the cities with an immense supply of HARDWARE & GROCERIES, which they are differing at their old stand in Baltimore street. at prices to suit the times. Our stock consists BUILDING MATERIALS.

CARPENTER'S TOOLS, BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS, COACH FINDINGS

SHOE FINDINGS. CABINET MAKER'S TOOLS, HOUSEKEEPER'S FIXTURES,

ALL KINDS OF HEOM, &c. GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS, OILS, PAINTS, &c., &c. There is no article ficluded in the several departments mentioned above but what can be had at this Store.— Every class of Mechanics can be accommodated here with tools and findings, and Housekeepers can find every article in their line. Give us a call, as we are prepared to sell as low for cash

as any house out of the city.

JOLL B. DANNER,

DAVID ZIEGLER. Gettysburg, May 16, 1864.

Grain and Produce, AVING taken the large and commodious Warehouse recently occupied by Frank

INDNEW OXFORD, we are prepared to pay the highest prices for all kinds of PRODUCE. Also, sell at the low-est prices, LUMBER, COAL and GROCEBIES, of every description.
A. P. MYELS & WIERMAN.

New Oxford, Aug. 10, 1863. tf

Young Men

ND OLD MEN, do not allow your mothers A and your wives to wear out their precious lives over the old Wash-tub longer, but like true men and benefactors, present them with an EXCELSIOR WASHER, and instead of frowns and cross words on wash days, depend i upon it, cheerful faces will greet you.

TYSON BROTHERS, Gettysburg, Pa. Dec. 14, 1863.

Battle-field Views.

FULL set of our Photographic Views of A the Battle-field of Gettysburg, form a splendid gift for the Holidays. The finest yet published can be seen at the Excelsior Gallery.

TYSON BROTHERS, Gettysburg.

MABD PHOTOGRAPHS of distinguished individuals, including a number of our prominent Generals, and the old hero John L. Burns, for sale at the counter of the Excelsior Gallery, Gettysburg.
TYSON BROTHERS.

Western Lands.

FIME subscriber has some valuable WEST-ERN LANDS, which he will trade for one or more FARMS in this county. The lands are well located, and vely desirable for farm-fag, Early application desired. JACOB BRINKERHOFF. Gettysburg, April 3, 1866. u

DEMOCRATIC AND FAMILY JOURNAL.

Br H. J. STAHLE.

"TRUTH IS MIGHTY AND WILL PREVAIL."

TWO DOLLARS A-YEAR.

47th Year.

GETTYSBURG, PA., MONDAY, JUNE 5, 1865.

Herbst's Line Still Running.

HANGE OF DEPOT The undersigned would inform the public that he is still running a line of FREIGHT CARS from Gettysburg to Baltimore every week. He is pre-pared to convey Freight either way, in any quantity. He will attend, if desired, to the making of purchases in the city, and deliver-ing the goods promptly at Gettysburg. His cars now run to the Warehouse of STEVEN-SON & SONS, 165 North Howard street, (near

he will spare no effort to accommodate all who may patronize him.

Having purchased the building and lot on

May purchased as beretofore.
SAMUEL HERBST.
April 24, 1865. . \$5\*

Moro Phillips' NENUINE IMPROVED SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME.

FOR SALE AT
MANUFACTURER'S DEPOTS,
N. Front Street, Philadelphia, and No

BALTIMORE.

any quantities.
The universal satisfiction this article has to greatly enlarge my capacity for its mannfacture, and have been induced to establish a branch house in the city of Bultimore. I trust

branch house in the city of Baltimore. I trust that I will be able to fill all orders during the season. Yet my rule is inst come first served.

Discount to Dealers.

LEFFOR sale by W. E. BITTLE & CO., and McCURDY & DIEHL, Gettyshurg.

MORO PHILLIPS,

Sole Proprietor and Magufacturer. Mar. 20, 1865. 6m

Cannon's ARBLE WORKS outh-east Corner of the Diamond and Baltimore street, nearly opposite the Star office, - GETTYSBURG, PA.

I. K. Stauffer, North SECOND Street, corner of Quarry, PHILADEL-PHIA. An assortment of WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER & PLATED WARE, constantly on hand,

CHARLES M. STIEFF,

MANUPACTURER OF GRAND AND SQUARE PIANO FORTES, Manufactory 103, 105 & 107 Franklin street, . Wareroom, No. 7 North Liberty street. Constantly a large number of PIANOS of my own Manufacture on hand, with the Full telegraphed from Cumberland, who gave from Frame and Over-strung. Every Instru-ment warranted for five years, with the privi-robbing him of any of his natural ornaments. lege of exchange within twelve months if not entirely satisfactory.

\*\*Exp Second-hand Pianos always on hand at

prices from \$50.40 \$200.
Baltimore, Sept. 5, 1864. 1y 3m\*

Notice to Tax-payers. THE County Commissioners take this method allow abatement for early payment of State

Mr. Simpson, near Cheviot, in this county.

Taxes—but add five per eval. to the quots of each county that aces not pay by the 1st of each county that aces not pay by the 1st of August. The Commissioners therefore give notice that in order to meet this demand, Tax-nayers throughout this county will be ex
notice that in order to meet this demand, Tax-nayers throughout this county will be ex
conviction that the children had died an end in many instances greeted them with Tax-payers throughout this county will be expected to pay on or before the 15TH DAY OF JULY NEXT—otherwise five per cent. must

be added by the Collectors in all cases.

By order of Commissioners,

J. M. WALTER, Clerk,

April 24, 1865. td

Fresh Confectionery ND ICE CREAM SALOON.

The subscriber respectfully informs the citi-zens of Gettysburg and vicinity that he has a Confectionery Establishment, one door east of the Eagle Hotel, on Chambersburg street, to which he would invite their attention. which he would invite their attention.

Cakes, Candies, and every description of Confections, together with Nuts, Oranges, and all kinds of fruits, always on hand.

Parties, public and private, as well as families, will be furnished with all kinds of Cakes, lies, will be furnished with all kinds of Cakes, Cream, (in pyramidal form or otherwise,) and other refreshments at their houses, upon

thort, notice.

Having spent a life-time at the business, he flatters himself that he understands it and that he is able to render entire satisfaction. e is able to renuer chart.

Call and see his Confectionery.

April 24, 1865. tf JOHN GRUEL.

Bark Wanted.

OAK, delivered at his Tannery in Gettysburg. May 22, 1865. 3t JOHN RUPP. Revenue Stamps OF any denomination constantly on hand and for sale at the First National Bank of Gettysburg. GEO. ARNOLD, Cashier. Gettysburg, Nov. 14, 1864.

Last Chance. TOR SALE by C. B. Hanes, 8 of G. W. Tol-hurst's Washers, manufactured by S. S.

Sherfy. Apply soon. May 22, 1865. 2t\* C. B. HANES. A TTRACTING ATTENTION.—The superior Pictures taken at MUMPER'S SKY-LIGHT GALLERY, on West Middle st., are attracting universal attention. Good judges pronounce them superior to any ever taken in

this place. Call and examine for yourselves.

Jan. 16, 1865. F YOU SHAVE YOURSELF You will find half the labor done if you buy one of those sperior Ragors for sale by BOW & WOODS.

WE have just received a new assortment of Queensware, to which we invite the attention of buyers.

A. SCOTT & SON.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!-Plenty of new goods just opened. Also Boots, Shoes Hats, &c. &c., all cheen at BRINKERHOFF'S POETRY.

"PA HAS STRUCK ILE." once was unknown by the happy and gay, And the friends that I sought did all turn away; Our dwelling was plain and simple our fare, And nothing inviting of course could be there. But now what a change! car house is so grand, Not one is so fine throughout the whole land, And we can now live in the very best style,

'Tis strange what attention a fortune does bring At home or abroad how friends to one cling; And now even strangers are courteous and bland When before, on a walk, if a neighbor I'd meet Cold was the look and quick his retreat; But now in my carriage he greets with a smile, And it's simply because my "Pa has struck ile."

And now if to church Thappen to stray, The sexton is ready to show me the way, Or if to a concert I fancy to go, I find plenty there with smiles to bestow. The world is no more a wilderness drear, "With none to caress and no one to chee Wherever I am there is much to beguild

## MISCELLANY

DEATH OF HANNIBAL, THE BIG ELE-

The subscriber begs leave to inform Dealers and Consumers that he is now prepared to "Old Hannibul," who for almost half a centrol MORO PHILLIPS' GENUINE IM14ROVED SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME, in any quantities.

The world-renowned performing animal, soon he would be with God.

"Old Hannibul," who for almost half a centruly has been the greatest wonder of the sweetness of his features and the sad spectrum of the superficient spectrum of the same sp was 11 feet 8 inches, and his weight was ascertained to be 15,000 pounds/or seven and "Yes, please," he said, "tell my mother,"
one-half tons. He consumed 300 pounds of whose name and residence he gave, "that
hay, 3 bushels of oats, and 40 gallons of wal died happy; and tell her to meet me in. ter per day. He was supposed to be in his Heaven." He appeared composed.

Jean to bushess of oats, and 46 gallons of wall died happy; and tell her to meet me in the per day. He was supposed to be in his Heaven." He appeared composed.

Jeans he traversed this/continent at the period of the period

The watchman who spent the last night kindness to one wao had lately been ar-I. K. Stauffer,

WATCHMAKER & JEWELER, No. 148

North SECOND Street, corner of Quarry, PHILADEL An assortment of WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER & PLATED WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER & PLATED WARE, constantly on hand,

> A Negro Mother Poisons her two Children with Strychnine.

[From the Cincinnati Inquirer of 20th.] About a week ago last Sunday, two col-Notice to Tax-payers.

"HE County Commissioners take this method of informing the Tax-payers of Adams aged two years and four months, and Wm. Henry Graves, aged one year and two unity that the State Authorities no longer months, died suddenly at the residence of

unnatural death. was put under arrest, and an inquest was held. A post mortem examination was held, and the manifest presence of poison was discovered. The jurors returned their verdict yesterday, viz: "That Grenville and William Henry Graves came to their deaths from the effects of strychnine administration." ministered by their mother, wilfully and intentionally, and thereby procuring their

death.' This unfortunate woman was about nine months ago a slave, and belonged to Ex-Senstor Graves, a resident of Boone county, dren, for the purpose of getting them out of her way, and under the pretense, as she alleges, that they would be better off. She is now confined in the County jail awaiting

with one night by a noble young specimen of the true American, with scissors in his yest pocket—I mean a dry goods clerk—and the young gal's mother hearin suthin THE subscriber will pay EIGHT DOLLARS
PER CORD for Rock Cak Bark, and FOUR
BULLARS AND FIFTY CENTS FOR BLACK

Output

The subscriber will pay EIGHT DOLLARS
POP, rose from her couch under the impression that her eldest boy was holding a wild revel on the root beer in the west room. But, on opening the door, she dis-kivered it was huggin' and kissin' which awakened her from her peaceful repose.

"My daughter, oh my daughter," this

fond parint did cry; "oh, that I should live to see this doins in my own house!" "I know, dear mother," this village maiden did unto her mother quickly reply, "that it is quite improper, but it is so orful-

An instance of distinction without a difference was offered by the Irishman who. having legs of different sizes, ordered his boots to be made accordingly. His direc-tions were obeyed, but as he tried the smallest boot on his largest leg, he exclaimed, petulently, "Confound the fellow! I ordered him to make one larger than the other; and instead of that, he has made one smaller than the other."

A Frenchman, writing a letter in English to a friend, and looking in the dictionary for the word "preserve," and finding it meant to pickle, wrote as follows:—
"May you and all your family be pickled to all sternire." to all eternity."

There is troable among the Mormons. Joe Smith's son disputes Brigham Young's authority as chief pricet and ruler. [From the Philadelphia Sunday Mercury.] THE DYING REBEL BOY.

On the right of Col. Chapman Biddle's brigade, and near to the headquarters of Gen. Rowley at Gettysburg, was a temporary hospital. It was not a hospital in the common acceptation of the term, for there was neither building or tent about it—no shelter, save from the large branches of the trees of the grove in which it was. Here our own and the enemy's wounded were carried, and lad upon the ground to await the surgeor's examination and attention. Beyond and around it all was activity, energy and life. Corps and divisions were preparing to advance; straggling bands of soldiers were washing their clothing at a brook near at hand; some were busy preparing a supply of rations for what promised to be an extended march; others were busy at various employments in this

houseless, moveable city.

On the edge of this grove lay a little boy, fair and fragile looking; he had been mor-tally wounded; his brown chesnut curls lay matted upon a forehead of pearly whiteness and his tiny fingers were clutched convulsively in pain. Near him lay other wounded, and around stood brave men who iad passed through the fight unharmed. The boy was scarcely in his teens, and was of delicate build and girlish features. He had been wounded late in the fight, and had been examined by one of our surgeons, PHANT. who pronounced his case fatal. He had been informed that all hope was gone, and

county, on last Sunday morning, the 7th rade surroundings. Raising his large at once be known and recognized throughinst, at 7.51 o'clock A. M. Hannibal was brown eyes in a temporary moment of reout the future as pure, wise, and eminently given during the past four years, has so in-attached to the combined menageric and lief from pain, he gazed beseechingly upon creased the demand that I have been compelled circus which exhibited here on last Friday. those about him, and asked to have his He displayed evidences of indisposition and head raised. A dozen pair of arms were feebleness several days previously at Mc-outstretched to give the desired relief. Connellsburg, and it required great lator. His little blanket was doubled for him, and perseverance-to get him across the mountains to Bloody Run. On Friday he was very ill, having steadily refused food en him. A canteen was placed to his hips, for several days. He left here on Saturday morning with a very unsteady step for Centrovite, where he died on Sabbath morning. Hannibal was the largest animal ever my hands, please—they cramp so." His exhibited on this continent. His height they hands were rubbed, and he was asked was 11 feet 8 inches, and his weight was as-

> of the year at the time of his death. For 36 Opening his eyes wide, so as to take a years he traversed this continent, at an average of 3,000 miles per year, the greatest him, he cast upon each a look of grateful curiosity ever exhibited to the wondering recognition, conveying, without the inter-millions. pretation of words, his thanks for their

as if faintly sleeping. His proprietors were picture as strange as it is affecting.

telegraphed from Cumberland, who gave He sleeps at Gettysburg, where hundreds orders that he should be interred without of his companions repose in death. No loud cheers of victory greet him now. His ears are hushed to the call of duty. No sound will again wake them until the last

grand and final trumpet, which proclaims to those who sleep, "I am the resurrection and the life." SAMBO'S IDEAS OF FREEDOM.

[From the Petersburg Express, May 11.] Rather an amusing incident occurred in

evident marks of pleasure. Sitting upon a Coroner Carey was notified, the mother gate post, upon one of these farms, was a sharp little darkey just entering his teens, who, when he was told of his freedom, clapped his hands and shouted for joy. "I'se free, I'se free!" he exclaimed in ecstacy to his mamma, "I aint gwipe to rock de cradle! no more, 'case I'se free.''

Running to a younger sister, he imparted his newly obtained intelligence, saying:—
"You is free—don't pick up no more chips." And spying a cat lazily stretching her limbs in the unshine, he reached the climix by screaming out: "And you're free, pussy, don't ketch no more rats." Whether the delighted fellow wenton addressing the fowls, the cattle, the hogs, we do not know, but the above is related as an actual occurrence. Such freedom as he would have the cat enjoy would cost her her life, but freedom, in his mind, was the joy par excellence of his life.

NEW SCHOOL LAW.

An exchange says that the Legislature of this State, at the late session, enacted the following law:

be a school month, and that two Saturdays drew that of Judge Douglas, in obedience tive vote of a majority of all the members He had never heard of a "dead lock" in of the Board of Directors, or Controllers, be the Convention or anything like it, until appropriated to institutes for the improvement of the teachers of said district; Provided, That in districts where the schools held as before directed."

When General Halleck learned that General Howard was intending to march the right wing of Sherman's army through Richmond, he telegraphed to Howard that he would not permit it, and his guards Black said which a would be instructed to forbid their passage any such mistake. of the pontoons. This was in retaliation for Sherman's refusal to allow Halleck to

The cemetery at Richmond is said to contain sixty thousand new graves.

Love your neighbors, particularly the female ones.

A LETTER FROM EX-PRESIDENT

BUCHANAN. [From the Lancaster Intelligencer.] Since this war begun, no man in the whole country has been so much vilified, lied upon, and abused as ex-President James Buchanan. The most baseless charges have been constantly made against him, and the most unlikely untruths reported until no doubt some honest people believed them. It seemed to be useless for Demo-cratic newspapers to refute any charge which might be made against any member of the apt to plant itself on high pretensions and soldiers shall have an equal change with party while the excitement attendant upon extreme claims. In our domestic affairs, these loyal cormorants, who have thus far the war was raging. The administration press refused, in very many instances, to do the common justice in correcting any wrong statement they had made, no matter how clearly its fakity was proved.

There is not one of the calumnies against Mr. Buchanan with which the Abolition newspapers have delighted to fill their columns, which cannot be as fully and completely refuted as the above baseless charge. This will yet be done to the entire satisfac-tion of candid men of all parties. Impartial history will vindicate his fame, and set his public career in such a light that it shall patriotic: To the Editor of the New York Post:

the Convention should reassemore, in the Convention of the individual citizen, no matter by whom the assault was made. Every mind whom the assault was made. immediately after the nomination.
ding to it: "A silence ensued for a According to it : few moments, as if the Convention was anticipating something prepared, when Judge Black of Pennsylvania, (afterward Attorney General under Buchanan,) rose in his place/ and made a set speech, in which he pro-ceeded to denounce "Abolitionism" and

tained lest in his dying agonies some one might be hurt, but all precaution was unnecessary. Hannibal at the time above the tail length and ted stretched himself at full length and died without a struggle, without a quiver, leaves with emotion, as he contemplates a died without a struggle, without a quiver, between the strength and leaves with emotion, as he contemplates a legged to have been made, and through the strength and whom the evident purpose now is to fasten it upon Mr. Bughanan, was not a delegate to the Cincinnati Convention, nor was he within 500 miles of Cincipnati, during its session. Instead

> secession, until that of his own message of December, 1860, and indeed ever since, no public min has more steadfastly and uniformily opposed these dangerous and suici-dal heresies than Mr. Buchanan. Had any person, in or out of the Convention, dared to make a pledge in his behalf, on this or any other subject, such an act would have been condemned a few days thereafter by that with the subsidence of passion the the terms of his letter accepting the nomination. In this, after expressing his thanks for the honor conferred, he says that, "Deeply sensible of the vast and varied responsibility attached to the station, especially at the present crisis in our affairs, I have carefully refrained from seeking the nomina-tion, either by word or deed;" and this statement

is emphatically true.

A few words in regard to the alleged "dead lock" in the Cincinnati Convention at the time of its adjournment, on the evening of the 5th of June, after fourteen bal lots had been taken for a candidate. It appears from its proceedings, as officially published, that on each of these ballotings, Mr. Buchanan received a plurality, and on ar. Buchanan received a plurality, and on the sixth attained a majority of all the votes of the Convention, but not the required two-thirds. On the fourteenth and last ballot of that evening, the vote stood 152½ for Buchanan; 75 for Pierce; 63 for Dou-glas; and 5½ for Cass. This being the state of the case when the Convention assets of the case, when the Convention assembled the next morning the New Hampshire delegation withdrew the name of General "That twenty two days shall be held to Pierce and the Illinois delegation within each month, as the proper Board shall to the instructions from home by telegraph designate, (which two Saturdays shall be on the day bafore the balletings had comheld to be a part of the School month,) menced. After this the nomination of Mr. may, at the discretion, and by the affirma. Buchanan seemed to be a matter of course, tive vote of a majority of all the members. He had never heard of a "dead lock" in

ment of the teachers of said district; Provided, That in districts where the schools are or shall be kept open and in operation the maximum term now allowed by least the concentration of the concent the maximum term now allowed by law, and the teachers employed by the year, the foregoing clause as to number of days in a speech from him, immediately after the the school month shall not apply any fur-nomination was announced. To these he ther than the reports and statistics of the briefly responded in an able and enthusiasschools shall be kept in accordance there tic manner. From the identity of their surwith, and that district institutes may be names, had this response, reported with the proceedings, contained the infamous pledge attributed to Judge Black, or anything like it, we might in charity have in-ferred that the author of the article had merely mistaken the one name for the other. But there is nothing in what Col. Black said which affords the least color for

Col. Black afterwards sealed his hostility to Secession with his blood. At an early review. Howard flanked Gen. Halleck stage of the war, he fell mortally wounded by removing his guards and substituting on the field of battle, while gallantly lead-

on the field of battle, while gallantly leading on his regiment against the rebels.

I doubt not you will cheerfully do me justice by publishing this letter; and I would thank you for a copy of the paper containing it. Yours very respectfully, JAMES BUCHANAN.

Wheatland, near Luncaster, M-y 11. 185.

Wheatland, near Luncaster, May 1.1.

its elf clearly, fervently, we may say, indeed, fiercely, on every question involving the preservation, or the enlargement, or the honor and glory of the country. In our great controversies with England, with the land titles made under such sales are worth. other nations, it was always the party most

wrong statement they had made, no matter how clearly its fakity was proven. We hope the time is speedily coming, when the most mendacious members of the Aco-lition press may be shamed into at least a show of decency and self-respect.

Below will be found a letter over the signature of Mr. Bucharan, completely expensing the entire falsity of a malicious attack of the rest course of the Democratic party. Below will be found a letter over the signature of Mr. Buchanan, completely exposing the entire falsity of a malicious attack made upon him more than a year ago, and refuted at the time by the Pittsburg Post and other democratic newspapers, but revived again only a few days since by the New York Post. The letter first appeared in the New York Tribune of Wednesday.

There is not one of the adjumning against that not even its bitterest opponents fair that not even its bitterest opponents can successfully attack it. Such is the re-cord of the Democratic party in the past. It is historic now written where it can nov-er be effaced, indelibly impressed upon the minds of this nation through many years of a rule that was always happy, peaceful and prosperous. The past four years have burned this truth in upon the minds of the Mr. Buel

people as if in letters of fire.
Under the administration of the Democratic party the country was so wisely ruled, that we could say we were the best governthat we could say we were the best governSignature of the New York Tribure of yesterJuly I read, with no little surprise, an exJuly I read, with no little surprise of the Government of our vast material wealth,

and the power of the power of the power of the Government

without making it/in the least oppressive,

and the plot failing of its main object of

destroying the new pout faither of the force was great import that in the meartime arrangements were made to secure his nomination as soon as which no other nation in the world could-

the article in The Post, was openly arowed by Judge Black on the floor of the Conventor whom the assault was made. Every man was scours in every right that could attach to person and property. To defend these rights, all and each of them, it considered to be its bounden duty. While it was in power they were all secure, even to the humblest citizen. Since the war which fa-naticism brought upon the country begun, the Democratic party has been almost the sole champion of individual rights. While ceeded to denounce "Abolitionism and sole champion of individual rights. White Black Republicanism" very freely, and to argue that the States possessed, under the Constitution, the right of secession. He went further, and told the Convention that went further, and told the Convention that WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER & PLATED

WARE, constantly on hand,
SUITABLE FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS!

He got on his knees on all fours, and remained in that position halt an hour.—

When it became apparent that his end was approaching, a crowd of persons assembled approaching, a crowd of persons assembled to see this ponderous and trephendously

Fiano Fortes.

Warelery, Silver & Plated

The was tied. Sometime before his death he got on his knees on all fours, and remained in that position halt an hour.—
When it became apparent that his end was approaching, a crowd of persons assembled as his one one will be found ambitious to interfere with his legacy of mercy. They are
ple, or to impair the right of destroy the liberties of the pertype was tied. Sometime before his death he got on his knees on all fours, and remained in that position halt an hour.—
When it became apparent that his end was approaching, a crowd of persons assembled as the mained in that position that if the nominee was elected, and a Black weet further, and told the Convention that if the nominee was elected, as his success, of ar as it was able, every weet for the person one will be found ambitious to interfere with his legacy of mercy. They are
for the interphendously among the chief offenders. There is only
one above them. With Stephens, Hunter
and Campbell spared, the sacred rights of the citizon to the
pledge was ample, and was accepted by the
supposed in the other one will be one one will be one one will be found ambitious to interphendously among the chief offenders.
There is grasp of arbitrary power, without pronouncing its protest and doing all it could to of this, he was at the time performing his high official duties as a Judge of the Superme Court of Pennsylvania.

It may be added that from the date of General Jackson's message of January, 18-33, against South Carolina nuli fication and segession, until that of his own message of to sake? It was heavise it chose to suffer to method they are ready to dip their handkerchief in his blood, to beg locks of his hair, and to perpetuate for a hundred years the sentiment of vengeance. Unless we present them this grievance, in five years he will be secession, until that of his own message of to ask? It was because it chose to suffer shame, and outrage even, for the time being, rather than complicate the difficulties under which the nation was struggling. In this, as in all else, it was moved by deep-seated devotion to the best interests of the people. It waited patiently and hopefully for the return of calmer times, being sure

people would hear the words of wisdom, and no longer turn a deaf ear to the counsels of reason Thank God, the mists of passion and delusion are being rapidly scattered, the po-litical sky is clearing, the night of terror is passing away, we hope never to return again. The people will now hear words of truth and soberness, they will listen to them, they will cherish them, they will act upon them. Jealousy of their civil rights will again speedily become the distinguishing characteristic of the American citizen.
They will not allow a single one of those rights to be touched by the hand of arbitra-ry power. The sooner those in authority recognize the awakening of this spirit the better for them. The day for arbitrary ar-

The film of passion and delusion which has darkened the vision of many good men is dispersing, and the day is not far distant when the wise and just principles of the Democratic party will be in the ascendent our exchange papers a few days ago. It is and the helm of the ship of State once more in its hands. Then will the new era of peace and harmony be permanently established, and our country will enter upon a career of law imposing \$50 fine for making discrimi-prosperity which will blot out the ravages nation on account of color in any inn, place were instrumental in bringing it about .-Lanc. Intelligencer.

The New York Tribune is down on the mail arrangements, and calls upon the government to get out of the way and let the People supply ther own facilities. It are obliged to eat, sit, sleep and ride by the results of t says:

"It might be preferable to buy the government off, once for all, by caying a round sum for taking he hands off the Mails, and letting them be managed by men of average capacity and fitness."

And again: "We have lost not less than

Five Thousand subscribers within the last six months from mail failures." It is a standing remark throughout the country, that the mail system is a humbug. There is not so much, however, of condemnation due the system as to the class of persons who have been placed in charge of Montg that branch of the public service. The State. main fault lies in having worthless officials

The supply of cents at the Philadelphia Mint now exceeds the demand.

to manage it.

Dogs over twenty-one years of age do not make good sausage.

CONFISCATED ESTATES---LOYALTY PAYS.

There have been some very pay triotic people brought to the surface by this war, and quite a large army whose loyalty paid well. The government contractors and shoddy speculators lined their pockets well with greenbacks. They built up an overwhening aristocracy in the land, which for the time awaren everything before it. But weening aristocracy in the land, which for the time sweep everything before it. But recently a new phase of this mushroom ar-istocracy has been presented. It is now as-certained that the Government sales of con-fiscated estates in the South have been managed by a set of greedy Abolitionists to their perfect delight.

"The Port Royal New South says that at the Government sale of abandoned planta-tions on and new Cooper Hiver, Col. Sea-

tions on and near Cooper River, Col. Sea-brook's plantation of 700 acres was bought by Simon Cameron, B. F. Wade, and James N. Doolittle, for \$2,700. The United States became proprietor of several

"In this connection it must be remembered that persons cannot visit the places where these sales occur without special per-mits, which are almost exclusively granted No. 88. THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

"The life and strength of the old Democratic party was its national spirit. From its earliest history this never failed to assert itself clearly, fervently, we may say indeed to an earliest history this never failed to assert itself clearly, fervently, we may say indeed to an earliest history this never failed to assert itself clearly, fervently, we may say indeed to a fair to the form and the solution of the control of the control of the question. The 700 neres alluded to are probably well worth \$25,000, and the solutions who have secured it to the Government can get it, we have no doubt he nearling the form of the form and the form and

We are opposed to confiscation from principle and policy. We do not believe the France, with Mexico, it was peculiarly the land titles made under such sales are worth war party. In every minor dispute with a picayune. But if the Government means to amuse itself in this way, we ask that the soldiers shall have an equal change with it was the party that always labored most earnestly to put coun sectional discord, and to strength in the bonds of the Union."

The above extract is from a late number of the New York Times, as bitter a partisan plantations, and concluded that it was rather a dangerous experiment to possess themselves of them while the able bodied owners were prowling about with arms in their hands.—Somerset Democrat.

> THE ATREMPT TO MURDER MR. BU-/CHANAN.

The recent sad and terrible occurrence it Washington recalls to mind the circumtances connected with what was popularly known as the "National Hotel Mystery : the murder by poison that was attempted upon Mr. Buchanan, at the National Hotel in Washington, the week previous to his inauguration as President of the United lyates. Poison was placed in the food, and for many months Mr. Buchanan suffered from its effects. Many persons who stopped at that hotel partook of the poison, which was undoubtedly intended to destroy Mr. Buelianan's life, let the consequence be what it might, and twelve or more persons died from its effects-some after. a long and lingering illness for years. This subtle an dastardly crime roused public ataudacious crime of Booth, was evidently not the work of a party, or of any very considerable number of a party, nor did the
Democrats charge the crime upon their political opponents at the time. It is probable that some political monomania aprinkled the poison, or procured it to be done, and hid all the evidences of the act forever within his own breast. .

THE HANGING POLICY.

The Springfield (Mass.) Republican says :-There are three men of whom we don't see how they can be lung under any circumstances. The three negotiators whom President Lincoln met at Fortress Monroe and talked with for hours, fully and frank-ly, he at any rate never could have hung. "King's face brings grace." And we imag-ine no one will be found ambitious to inter-

Do we wish to finish the rebellion, to turn out its very ashes? Then make no ty. Abused, reviled, threatened—seeing blood are what keep animosities alive. At this moment there are a million of women and detained or released as the caprices of at the South who would give all they have those in power dictated—it still protested to save Jeff. Davis' life, who would conduct boldly and fearlessly. It contented itself and sheeter him as Flora McDonald the

merablo woes.

MILITARY DESPOTISM. Mr. Johnson pledges himself to be true to his record. We hope so. Read the fol-lowing, from a speech made in 1858, against the organization of a new regiment to oper-

ate against the Mormons:

O to the governments that have rises and fallen before us, and what has been the cause of the downfall and decline? It has resulted from the influence of armies and navies. Standing armies and navies, su-tained by money drawn from the people, are the two arteries that have bled the na-tions before us to death. I tell the States to beware, for their sovereignty is at an end if you persist in your career. If we do not commence the work and arrest the expen ditures of this government, the time will come when this government will be overthrown, the time will come when the sound from the hoof of the cavalry horse will announce to the Sovereign States the approach of the usurper; the legions of the government in advancing columns an-nounce a despotism; when the goddess which presides in the Temple of Liberty rests and for substituting military tribunals which presides in the Temple of Liberty for courts of justice is past. The sooner will descend, and the last expiring hope of all concerned recognize this for a fact the free government go staggering from our land through carnage and through blood !"

> LOOK AT THIS! We clipped the following from one of

a proof of the fanaticism which exists in Massachusetts:-"The Massachusetts Senate has passed a

of four years of war, while it hurries into of amusement, public conveyance, or public merited oblivion the names of all those who meeting." We suppose the next step of the Massa-chusetts Legislature will be, to impose a fine of Fifty Dollars upon every white gen-

side of negroes under a penalty, we don't see why they should not as well be fined for refusing to marry them. Major John A. Haddock, late As-

sistant Provost Marshal General for the Western Division of New York, is in close confinement at Elmira, charged with aiding bounty brokers, and defrauding the Government in many different ways. Had-dock is a hooked fish at last, and has got himself into a broil. He was formerly Provost Marshal of the District comprising Montgomery and Lebigh counties, in this

The New York Tribune says :- "Le not the victory of the republic be stained by a single act of vengeance, by one wanten infliction of pain. Let not the national ensign he atsined by one drop of blood, alsest punish rather than to save." Ameri to baura