The Compiler.

OUR FLAG!

H. J. STABLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

SATURDAY MORNING, OCT. 8, 1864.

GRAND DEMOCRATIC MASS MEETING!

RALLY, FREEMEN! FOR McCLELLAN & PENDLETON!

ONE EFFORT MORE FOR THE UNION & THE CONSTITUTION!

The People of Adams and adjoining counties, who desire to see the Union perpetuated, the Constitution maintained, and the Government restored to the principles of Right, Justice, Honesty and Economy, upon which it was founded, are invited to meet in MASS MEETING, in

GETTYSBURG,

On Monday Next, Oct. 10th,

AT 1 O'CLOCK, P. M.

Hon. JEREMIAH S. BLACK,
Hon. FRANCIS M. KIMMELL,
J. McDOWELL SHARPE, Esq.,
JOHN GIBSON, Esq.,
and others, will address the Meeting. Earnest efforts are also being made to secure the presence of

Hon. FERNANDO WOOD, of New York.

Let there be a grand outpouring of the Patriotic Masses—such as will teach the enemies of the National Interests that the People have made up their minds to have a CHANGE!

Come in Delegations! Come by the Railroad! Come in your Wagons! Come in your Carriages and Buggies! Come on Horseback! Come on Foot!

Come with Banners, Music and Emblems!

Bring your Wives and Children with you. Every one can afford to spend a day for his Country! Let no one stay at home who is able to ride or walk! The emergencies of the Nation demand of all that they shall spare no effort for the success of our Glorious Old Cause!

☞ German Speaking may also be expected.

Excursion trains will run from Hanover and Littlestown to the meeting. Round-trip Fare: Littlestown 75 cents, Hanover 50 cents, Oxford 40 cents, Gulden's and Granite 25 cents.

JACOB BRINKERHOFF,
Chairman Dem. Co. Com.

Oct. 8, 1864.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS TICKETS!

Democrats, be on your guard against the TRICKS of the enemy! They are desperate, and will stop at nothing in order to retain the Offices. Spurious Tickets will be circulated by them—Tickets purporting to be Democratic, but which will have the names of Abolition candidates scattered, here and there, among the names of Democrats.—In some cases probably the name of only one Abolitionist will be found on the ticket—in others two or three. By this TRICK the opposition expect to cheat the unsuspecting. Let THE PEOPLE be on the look out. Democrats, be vigilant! See that the Tickets voted are ALL RIGHT—that they contain the names of all the Democratic candidates, AND EVERY CANDIDATE'S NAME IN THE RIGHT PLACE! Again we say, GUARD AGAINST SPURIOUS or COUNTERFEIT TICKETS!

The genuine Democratic Ticket is;

CONGRESS,
ALEXANDER H. COFFROTH.

ASSEMBLY,
JAMES H. MARSHALL.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
ABRAHAM KRISE, of P.

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
JOHN N. GRAFT.

COUNTY AUDITORS,
JOSEPH BURKEE, 3 years,
JACOB HULL, 2 years.

DEMOCRATS!

ARE YOU READY! TUESDAY NEXT is the election day. GO TO THE POLLS EARLY. Vote for COFFROTH for Congress. He is a friend of the Constitution, the Union, and the Rights of the People. See that you are faithfully represented in Congress, and that your interests are protected.

Vote for the whole COUNTY TICKET. Every vote for the excellent men who compose it, is a vote for Gen. McClellan.

See to it that Adams county gives the largest Democratic majority she has ever given. Vote yourselves and see that your neighbors vote, and all will be well.

FREMONTERS COMING TOO!

Col. JAMES M. MOSS, of Missouri, the leading spirit of the Cleveland Convention which nominated Fremont, is out for McCLELLAN.

☞ Don't forget to Vote. ☜

THE REIGN OF TAXES!

AN INFALLIBLE REMEDY FOR THE CORRUPTION NOW RIOTING ON THE *LIFE-BLOOD OF LABOR!*

Under the present Abolition rule, says the *Patriot & Union*, everything the poor man and his family EAT, WEAR and USE is *taxed*—and heavily taxed. His meat (if he can afford to buy any) is taxed, his coffee is taxed, his sugar is taxed; every household convenience and essential is taxed—down to the puny block of matches; his medicines are taxed—and, whether sick or well, he must pay heavy taxes. Taxes meet our people at every turn, and stare them in the face from *nearly four thousand different articles of manufacture!*

If you want to borrow you must pay a tax; if you desire to lend you are taxed; if you sell you are taxed; if you buy you are taxed; to get married requires the payment of tax; and even to be buried requires a tax—yes, even the very dead are taxed.

But you are told that all these burdensome taxes must be paid patriotically, without murmur or grumbling, *because they are for the support of the Government.* How much of them go to the support of *the Government?* (unless, as may be the inference intended, by "the Government" is meant Abraham Lincoln and his favorites.) The history of the past four years shows, *beyond question or denial*, THAT MILLIONS OF THE MONEY PAID IN TAXES BY THE PEOPLE ARE STOLEN BY PUBLIC OFFICES UNDER ABRAHAM LINCOLN, and dispensed as favors to relatives and friends of the President and his chief officers! Millions are also spent in "the secret service fund" to *buy up the apostate dregs of other parties*, AND TO CARRY ELECTIONS AGAINST THE PEOPLE!

"Support the Government," indeed!—Why, the great bulk of the taxes which the people are paying are directly applied to such purposes and objects as bring Governments to their downfall. Where did a Government long continue to exist when corruption ran riot in every branch of the public service, and the life of labor was ground out by an unbearable load of taxes? *There must be a reform*, or this way of "supporting the Government" (unless old Abe is the Government) will kill it!—After the army of Revenue Tax assessors, collectors, &c., are paid, and after the immense gang of court favorites have drawn their fill, what shall remain for the support of the Government? NOTHING!

The immense debt of the nation shows it. NEARLY FOUR THOUSAND MILLIONS OF DOLLARS OF DEBT ACCUMULATED IN FOUR YEARS; and yet the taxes so heavy that they are grinding out the life-blood of labor, INCONTESTIBLY PROVE IT! If all these taxes, or the larger portion, had gone to the legitimate support of Government, *would the debt be as large as it is?* Of course not?

Freemen! Voters! Look at these things and reason upon the matter! *It is high time to commence to think!* If you do not think and reason and determine on measures of reform, in the name of God, what do you expect will become of your country? Will you burden your declining years with an incubus of debt and bequeath to your children an inheritance of fruitless toil and privation? We hope not.

A ticket is presented to you that is essentially reformatory. It is headed by General George B. McClellan. *Vote it.*—Commence at the head and vote it *down to the lowest of the county officers!* Especially attend to your vote for *Representatives in Congress and the Legislature*, for there is where good men are now most urgently needed. The Democracy have presented for these positions, without exception, men of rare ability, purity of character, and of patriotic resolves. Vote for them—work for them—nor lose a moment of time!

TAX-PAYERS OF ADAMS COUNTY,
Then go to the election
ON TUESDAY NEXT,
and vote the entire Democratic and Conservative ticket, headed by
ALEXANDER H. COFFROTH,
and thus aid in saving our beloved Country from irretrievable ruin. It is not too late to avert this great calamity. The matter is in your hands. Do not neglect this great duty as you love your Country, your children and their posterity.

DO YOU WANT A CHANGE?

We wish to say an honest and earnest word to the conservative, real "no party" men of Adams county—the men who have never actively participated in politics.—You have tried the Republican party for four dreary and eventful years—you have given them all the money and all the men they asked—and yet, we submit to you, in all candor, that the country is no nearer saved to-day than it was when they first took hold of the reins of power.

Now, why have they failed? *Because their principles are radically wrong.* And they will continue to fail as long as they adhere to those principles. We ask you, then, for once, to try the Democracy. *They cannot do worse than those you have been trying;* and we sincerely believe they will save the country; at any rate, they intend to make one honest effort to do so. Do not say you will give these men in power another trial, and if they still fail, you will then try the Democrats. *Try them now*, for your own judgments must tell you that if affairs are conducted as they have been during the past four years, by the time another chance for trial comes, *we will have no country to save!*

REMEMBER,

That in voting for Alexander H. Coffroth, James H. Marshall, Abraham Krise, John N. Graft, Joseph Burkee and Jacob Hull, you vote for a restoration of the Union, for no more war, no more conscription, and no more killing of white men to free the negroes of the South.

Remember, that in voting for these gentlemen, you vote for a return of peace—a speedy, honorable and permanent peace, with all its blessings; for low taxes, gold and silver currency, and the good old times when everybody was happy, prosperous and contented.

☞ At Hartford, February 11, 1862, Wendell Phillips made use of the following language: "*I have labored for twenty years to break up the Union, and I glory in the fact.*"—Mr. Phillips is now an enthusiastic supporter of Abraham Lincoln, and the chosen orator of the Abolitionists.

NEW OXFORD!

Democratic Mass Meeting.

GREAT OUTPOURING of the PEOPLE!

ENTHUSIASM UNBOUNDED!

SPEAKING AT TWO STANDS!

Procession, Banners, Flags, Music, &c.

The McClellan and Pendleton meeting at New Oxford on Monday evening, was a most extraordinary success. Notwithstanding the unfavorable and threatening character of the weather, there were from 1,4000 to 1,600 persons present—making it probably the largest night meeting ever held in the county. The railroad trains brought more than 400 people, whilst all the lower townships rallied in their strength, many of them coming in delegations, with music, flags, banners, wreaths, &c. We have neither time nor space for an adequate description of the turn out.

Upon the arrival of the train from Gettysburg, a procession was formed, which reached from one end of the town to the other. After marching through the principal street, it halted in front of Noel's hotel, where an organization was had, as follows:

STAND NO. 1.

President, HENRY MYERS, Esq.

Vice Presidents, Thomas N. Dicks, Jacob Sheaffer, John Klinepeter, Philip Hann, H. D. Wattles, Jacob Lott, Henry J. Kuhn, Joseph Dellone, George Swope, Francis J. Wilson, James Dick, Francis Marshall, Peter Mackley, Jacob Miller, George Strubinger, John Bowman, George W. Rowe, Wm. Dutters, John L. Noel, Samuel Shirk, Thomas R. Bowers, Capt. Jacob Miller, Abraham Plank, Richard Fitzgerald, Levi Golden, Valentine Reiling, Adam Robert, James Devine, W. S. Hildebrand, John Ruff, Martin Steffy, Jno. Martin, H. J. Myers.

Secretaries, F. C. Heltzell, Thomas G. Neely, Elias Keilenberger, Solomon Miller, Francis Smith, Joseph Wolf, Michael B. Miller, George F. Eckenrode, George B. Yantis, Daniel Lawrence, Samuel Lentz, Isaac Hereter, Wm. L. Thomas.

J. C. Neely, Esq., John W. Bittenger, Esq., (of York,) and Wm. A. Duncan, Esq., were the speakers at this stand, all making argumentative, able and telling speeches, which were received with frequent and lively demonstrations of applause. Cheer upon cheer rang out upon almost every mention of the names of the gallant standard bearers of THE PEOPLE!

After organizing at Noel's, it was found that the crowd was too great to enable all to hear the speaking. It was therefore necessary to organize another meeting—to have speaking at another stand—in order to accommodate the vast assemblage. This was done at Shane's hotel, where a meeting of goodly numbers was soon had, and the following persons chosen officers:

STAND NO. 2.

President, Dr. E. F. SHORB.

Vice Presidents, Daniel Heltzel, George Shane, Emanuel Neidich, Robert M. Dicks, Samuel Mackley, James C. Dutters, J. J. Fink, John Albert, Henry Colehour, J. E. Smith, Wm. Wolf, Wm. Solliday, I. D. W. Stonesifer, Eli Slagle, Geo. W. Stover, Jacob Caufman, Joseph Jacobs, Reuben Golden, Cornelius Daugherty, John Eicholtz.

Secretaries, Henry Bream, F. N. W. Bowers, Robert C. Lott, Capt. W. J. Martin, J. M. Walter, Henry L. Hemler, W. E. Myers, Amos Rex, Geo. A Codori.

At this stand speeches were made by Dr. J. A. Swope, Dr. D. S. Peffer, M. B. Miller, H. J. Stahle, Dr. E. F. Shorb, Geo. A. Codori, Mr. Peffer, of Indiana, and Jno. W. Bittenger, Esq. At the conclusion of the speaking at both stands, immense cheers were given for McClellan and Pendleton.—Everybody was delighted with the demonstration, and went home in the finest spirits. If such meetings will not convince Lincoln's office holders that THE PEOPLE have determined on a CHANGE, they need only wait for confirmation at the ballot box.

ARENDTSVILLE.

A splendid Democratic meeting was had at Arendtsville, in Franklin township, on Tuesday evening. The speaking took place at Capt. Jacob H. Plank's residence, which was brilliantly illuminated, and in front of which a very beautiful stand was erected, eliciting the admiration of all present. It was overhung with evergreens and flowers, a fine likeness of Little Mac in the centre, encircled with a wreath of flowers, and lights tastefully disposed all over. The Democratic ladies of the place deserve great credit for their work, and we are happy to know that it was appreciated. The many cheers for the ladies told *that* unmistakably. An organization was had, as follows:

President, JACOB SCHLOSSER.

Vice Presidents, Henry Hartman, George Lady, Samuel Bucher, Samuel Wolf, Esq., Burkhart Wert, Abraham Hoffman, Philip Cutshall, Jacob Lentz, Abraham Fisher, Samuel A. Swope, James Russell, Esq., George A. Corwell, Andrew Cluck, John Lentz, Lewis Hanes, Thomas F. Grammer, James E. Ross, Henry J. Brinkerhoff, Samuel Eicholtz, John Funt, Henry Wildesin.

Secretaries, Capt. J. H. Plank, John Raffensperger, Peter Boblitz, Michael Rice, Samuel Hart, Joseph Wolf, W. C. Lott, Elias Spangler, George L. Kime, Lewis Carbaugh, David Deardorff, Jacob Eicholtz, John H. Stahle, David Hartman, Joseph Fleck, Samuel H. Eicholtz, Amos Rex, C. M. Swope.

The meeting was addressed by H. J. Stahle, Wm. McClean, Esq., W. A. Duncan, Esq., Jacob Lott and Dr. J. A. Swope—their remarks having been received with much enthusiasm. At the conclusion, a Democratic song was sung with fine effect by Mr. Manoah Hartman, when the meeting adjourned with many cheers for "Mac and Pen, the People's Men."

SLONAKER'S HOTEL.

The Cumberland and Highland Club met at Slonaker's hotel, on the Chambersburg pike, on Wednesday evening. There was a fine turn out, and excellent speeches were made by J. C. Neely and J. Harvey White, Esqs. The people are waking up everywhere.

☞ A spirited McClellan meeting was held at Wank's School-house, in Menallen township, on Thursday evening, at which J. C. Neely, Esq., and Dr. J. A. Swope made speeches. Meetings last night at Fairfield, Hunterstown, Middletown and Willow Grove School-house.

☞ A vote taken among the students rooming in Pennsylvania College, the other day, resulted—McClellan 34, Lincoln 28.—This is an extraordinary result for that institution.

☞ Philadelphia has expended, of borrowed money, for bounty since the war commenced, over *seven* millions of dollars. A comfortable sum for tax-payers to contemplate.

DEMOCRATS OF ADAMS,

BE ON YOUR GUARD! Lincoln's office holders will leave nothing undone to defeat us, at the October as well as at the November election. They no doubt have their committees in every township, to operate quietly, by fair means or foul. Democrats, keep your eyes about you—watch the enemy's movements—and when discovered, lose no time in thwarting them. Our prospects in the county (as elsewhere) are bright. Let us not be caught napping, but WATCH AND WORK, EVERY DAY, ALL THE TIME, for the success of our candidates. All we hold dear is at stake. We must regard no sacrifice as too great to keep our dear old country from sinking into utter ruin.

McCLELLAN MEETINGS TO COME OFF.

Don't forget the Democratic Mass Meeting to take place in GETTYSBURG, on MONDAY NEXT, Oct. 10th, at 1 o'clock, P. M. A great turn out is expected. Let every district in the county rally in its might. YOUR COUNTRY CALLS—give another day to its service. See the call in another column.

A meeting of the Democracy of the Lower End will come off at MOUNT ROCK, in Mountpleasant township, THIS (SATURDAY) EVENING. Several speakers will be present. Come to the meeting! come!

The Franklin Club will hold a meeting at the SEVEN STARS, on the Chambersburg pike, THIS (SATURDAY) EVENING. Two or three speakers will be present, and a large turn out is looked for.

On MONDAY EVENING NEXT, (Oct. 10th,) a McClellan and Pendleton meeting will be held at CORWELL'S, on the Chambersburg pike. Speakers from Chambersburg and Gettysburg will be there, as well as the Democracy of the Upper End generally.

THE PROSPECT.

We can say to our Democratic brethren, in all honesty, that there were never surer indications of a complete and glorious victory than there are now. From every township and county in the state, we hear of honest, reflecting, patriotic men, who are coming out from among the Republican party, and uniting with the Democratic host. These are men who have hitherto opposed the Democratic party, but who are now disgusted with the violated promises, the frightful usurpations and the ruinous tendencies of Abolitionism. Let them come and welcome. They will swell the hosts of conservatism, until, "more terrible than an army with banners," we will march on, "conquering and to conquer," and rescue a violated constitution and an imperiled and bleeding country from the jaws of death.

GENERAL LEWIS CASS.

Those who are gullible enough to suppose that Gen. Cass is for Lincoln, had better read the following letter:

"DETROIT, FIRST WARD, Sept. 28, 1864.

"DEAR SIR: The state of my health has confined me to the house for some months, and prevents me from accepting your invitation to attend the meeting this evening at the McClellan Club of the First Ward.—But I avail myself of this opportunity to say that *I approve the nomination of General McClellan*, and shall vote for him at the next presidential election, if able to attend the polls.

"Wishing that success may reward your exertions, I am dear sir,

"Respectfully yours,
LEW. CASS.

"W. S. Biddle, Esq."

WHICH?

Voters of Pennsylvania, which will you have, a great nation among the nations of the world, under President McClellan, or civil war, bankruptcy, a divided and impoverished people, heavy taxation, with almshouses crowded with poor, asylums filled with the widows and orphans of the brave soldiers who have died upon the battle-field, and your State over-run with brutal negroes freed from their Southern masters, who will enter into competition with the free white laborers of the North, under the Abolition rule of Abraham Lincoln?

With a depleted Treasury;
No money for Pensions;
No money for Widows;
No money for Orphans;
And no money for the plundered and outraged people of the border counties whom Stanton has left at the mercy of the rebel marauders. Voters of Pennsylvania, which? Voters of Adams county, which?

LOOK OUT FOR ROORBACKS!

The Shoddyites, driven to desperation by the almost certainty of their defeat at the coming election, will resort to all kinds of fabrications to bolster up the sinking hopes of their followers.

We would caution Democrats to beware of Roorbacks; particularly reports of military successes gotten up for the purpose of influencing the elections and having no foundation in fact.

We have no doubt that many fabricated accounts of victories signed E. M. Stanton will be flashed over the telegraphic wires for the purpose above indicated. A little incredulity as regards all such dispatches will do no harm at the present time.

☞ McPherson has charged Gen. Coffroth with falsehood in stating that in the House all the Republican members from Pennsylvania, except Thad. Stevens, voted for the recommitment of a Claim Bill to the Committee.

"The Daily Globe," the Official Paper of Congress, of March 4, 1864, shows that on the previous day, Bill 66, with Gov. Thomas' important Amendments, providing the means of obtaining compensation for damages, was then killed by a recommitment to the Judiciary Committee, every Republican member from Pennsylvania voting for the recommitment, except Thad. Stevens, exactly and to the letter as Mr. Coffroth stated.

☞ On the Hanover Branch train which took the York delegation to the Lincoln meeting to Hanover, on Saturday evening, a vote was proposed by the "Blacksmith," and much to his mortification it resulted, 16 for Lincoln to 19 for McClellan!

☞ A Black Eagle, measuring 7 feet 2 inches across the wings, and 2 feet 10 inches from head to tail, was shot by Mr. George Bream, in Huntington township, on the 26th ult.

☞ The Fremont papers West refuse to support Lincoln.

MORE GOOD NEWS!

President OSBURN, of the Illinois Central Railroad, whose influence was so potential in the election of Mr. LINCOLN, has declared his intention of voting for General McCLELLAN. Illinois was certain for the Chicago nominees before, but this makes assurance doubly sure.

Thirteen prominent Republicans in Ohio have declared for General McCLELLAN, among them FRANKLIN T. BACKUS, delegate to the Peace Congress in 1861; and SHERLOCK J. ANDREWS, of Cleveland, an ex-member of Congress and one of the leading men of Northern Ohio. So too has General EDWARD BUELL, of Zanesville, ex-Congressman, and Lincoln elector in 1860; Col. A. S. MOORE, the present Comptroller; J. H. RILEY, and Hon. JOHN H. ANDREWS, of Columbus. The influence of these gentlemen is very great, and, with the soldiers' vote, will help to redeem even Ohio.

Gen. JOHN A. McCLERNAND, of Illinois, who has fought on nearly all of the battle-fields of the West during this war, has written a letter in which he declares that he shall support McCLELLAN, and that Gen. LOGAN will do the same thing.

Major General SCHOFIELD is passing a few days at his home in Freeport, Ill., and has announced his intention of supporting McCLELLAN.

W. A. SHANNON, Esq., for the past twelve years the Deputy U. S. Treasurer at New York, has tendered his resignation, assigning as a reason, that he purposes taking an active part in favor of Gen. McCLELLAN's election.

Judge MAYNARD, who ran for President Judge in the Northumberland (Pa.) district on the Republican ticket in 1861, is ardently for Little Mac.

JOSEPH CAKE, Esq., of Pottsville, the most influential Republican in that region, is out for McClellan. He promises 3,000 majority for Schuylkill.

Major General WILLIAM T. SHERMAN, the hero of Atlanta; SAMUEL B. F. MORSE, the inventor of the electric telegraph; and CYRUS H. McCORMICK, the inventor of the reaping machine, are among the millions of freemen who are now enthusiastically supporting McClellan, Pendleton, and the Union!

Hon. MARTIN GROVER, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of New York, was one of the founders of the Republican party. He is now supporting General McClellan. In a conversation a short time ago, he said: "The Democrats four years ago wondered were all the Lincoln votes came from. This year they will wonder from what source they get all their votes."

Hon. BRUTUS J. CLAY, of the old Kentucky Whig stock, is actively supporting General McClellan.

Col. OSCAR F. MOORE, of Portsmouth, Ohio, who served three years in the army and was always an uncompromising Republican, is now supporting General McClellan.

Col. D. K. WARDELL, who led one of the Massachusetts regiments throughout the war, is now supporting Gen. McClellan.

Col. O. A. BREWSTER, of Boston, who supported Mr. Lincoln in 1860, is now earnestly advocating the election of Gen. McClellan.

A. W. STETSON, of Boston, writes: "I am an anti-slavery man, but I am not willing to fight for the abandonment of slavery unless such abandonment is required by the Constitution." He too is with McCLELLAN, for "the Union at all hazards."

In Maine, Hon. LADER LONG has written a letter repudiating LINCOLN and declaring for McCLELLAN.

We ask the honest, loyal, and patriotic Republicans, in whom love of the Union, the Constitution, and the laws should be superior to party ties, to observe how the ablest and most upright men of that party all over the North are declaring their intention to vote for General McCLELLAN as the only hope of saving the Union and of restoring an honorable and early peace.

☞ Thaddeus Stevens, the Abolition Chairman of the committee of Ways and Means, in Congress, said on the floor of the House of Representatives: "*This talk of restoring the Union as it was, under the Constitution as it is, is one of the absurdities which I have heard repeated till I have become about sick of it. This Union never shall, with my consent, be restored under the Constitution as it is.*" Mr. Stevens, of course, is handsomely supporting Mr. Lincoln, and is using all his energies to re-elect the man who unites with him in approving the above "loyal" sentiment.

☞ Will the *Tribune* inform us, as a matter of constitutional law, whether, if Mr. Lincoln is re-elected and sends a bill to the Secretary of the Interior for *two cows*, the Secretary of the Interior should held his tongue and pay the bill, or compel the President to pay for his milk himself out of his own salary, as his predecessors did?

When the *Tribune* has answered this question, will it then kindly inform us whether "servants' hire" and "hauling manure" are fair substitutes in an appropriation bill for the price of two cows?—*World.*

☞ The Republican candidate is dubbed "honest" Old Abe. Will the *Tribune* inform us whether the sending of discarded but valuable articles of furniture, curtains, etc., from the White House to Springfield, Illinois, which are required to be sold at public auction, is a proof of Old Abe's honesty?—*World.*

A Bad Split in the Democratic Party.—It seems that the Democratic party is at present divided into four factions, as follows:

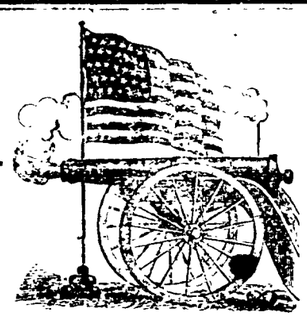
1. Those who hope to defeat LINCOLN.
2. Those who hope to elect McCLELLAN.
3. Those who are bound to defeat LINCOLN.
4. Those who are bound to elect McCLELLAN.

☞ Lincoln is the rebel candidate. The Richmond *Enquirer* declares its preference for him, because he will sooner let the South go with slavery than let the South come back with slavery.

McClellan is the Union candidate. The Richmond *Enquirer* admits that if "reconstruction were possible, it would be more probable under McClellan than under Lincoln," McClellan being a "sincere Unionist," who will sooner let the South come back with slavery than let the South go with slavery.

Lincoln's motto is, "the Union if we can, abolition any way." McClellan's motto is, "the Union first, the Union last; the Union any way!"—*World.*

☞ Every man in favor of Peace, of Union and low taxes, will vote the Democratic Ticket.



THE BALL STARTED!

A Voice from Connecticut.

NORWICH, Conn., Oct. 3.—Straws are going down the wind at such a rate that no one has any doubt which way the wind is blowing.

Norwich has just had her election for town officers, and the result shows a Democratic gain of two hundred and sixty-four over last spring's vote.

In the adjoining town of Preston, the shoddy people dare not run a ticket.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Oct. 3.—In the election for city officers to-day, a large vote was polled. The Democrats elect the Mayor by 116 majority, and their whole ticket by over 100 majority, a gain from last year of over 200.

DANBURY, Conn., Oct. 3.—In the town election to day the Union ticket was elected by an average majority of 175.

This is a Democratic gain since last year.

LATER.—Large Democratic gains all over the State. Connecticut is good for Little Mac. HUZZAH!

Delaware Too!

The election in Delaware, on Tuesday, for Judges and Inspectors, resulted in the grandest triumph ever achieved by the Democracy of that State. Three cheers and a tiger!

☞ Lincoln's office-holders are in a "bad fix" in regard to James H. Marshall. His character is so pure, and his course in the last Legislature so unexceptionable, as to leave them no flaw at which to pick. They have nothing to base any valid objection to him upon. They *know* that he was faithful in all things, and they *know*, too, that the people of Adams county owe him a special debt of gratitude for his earnest efforts towards securing damages for that large class of our citizens who suffered by rebel raids and the battle here—efforts which would have succeeded *but for the opposition of the Republican members.*

The *only* point upon they have the face to say a word, is the pay voted to members for the extra session. The National Tax Assessor, of the *Sentinel*, is playing upon this string. Considering the pay which he gets for staying at home, it seems to us cool in him to talk about what other people get. The bill under which Mr. Marshall drew his pay was reported by a *Republican* committee, passed by a *Republican* House and Senate, and the amount drawn by every Republican member of the body. To find fault with Mr. Marshall on such a pretext, is the sheerest demagoguism, and can only be accounted for on the supposition that the writer thinks the people fools.

For the Compiler.

FAITH AND WORKS.

Mr. STABLE:—Dear Sir—If you see proper, please give the following a place in your excellent paper. As I awoke this morning, after a sweet night's rest, my mind roved abroad, first to the wounded soldier without shelter, then to the camp, then, to the innocent imprisoned in the camp dungeon, and then to the fatherless, the widow and parent, mourning for those lost in battle—and knowing all this, some professors of religion can stand aloof, too conscientious to attend election and vote for a man who will readily restore peace and Union. We hear the reverent complain that the gospel dare not be preached in its purity for fear of being arrested. Let every man turn out that hath a peaceful heart, and cast his ballot for the Democratic ticket. This we can do with less effort than Christ when he drove the money changers from the Temple. Let us all come with a rush as Moses came from the mount when the Israelites worshipped the golden calf. This is not only our privilege—it is *our highest duty.* Faith without works is dead. Faith won't alone suffice. Blessed are the peace-makers, for they shall be called the children of God. This blessing we can only get by making use of the means.

J. A. V.

PEOPLE OF PENNSYLVANIA, REMEMBER!

1. That had General McClellan's plans been followed no rebel army would ever have got north of the Potomac river.

2. That it is to Abraham Lincoln they are indebted for every invasion of their state—for the burning of Chambersburg—for the frequent alarms along the border—for the heavy expense of the repeated calls for militia, and for the humiliation of a just state pride to which they have been subject by rebel armies across their borders.

3. That no general in our army could have saved Pennsylvania and the Union at Antietam, as Lincoln and Halleck acknowledged, but George B. McClellan.

It is but a few weeks since the *Post, Tribune*, and other administration papers, were actually abusing the people of Pennsylvania because they allowed the rebels to burn Chambersburg. Let the voters of that state reply to these taunts at the coming election.—*N. Y. World.*

MORE TAXES!

The *Journal* seeks to pacify the tax-ridden people by assuring them that the tax law, which requires clergymen, farmers, male and female teachers, clerks, reporters and mechanics, to buy a license for the privilege of earning their bread under the benign rule of "Abraham, the joker," will not be enforced until May, 1865. This is merely a trick, and the people understand it. It means simply that, like the five per cent. extra income tax, they are afraid to enforce it until after the election.—*N. Y. Argus.*

☞ Dr. Crawford Adams, of St. Joseph, Mo., offers to wager $5,000 in gold that George B. McClellan will be the next President of the United States, the whole amount to be appropriated by the winner for the benefit of widows and orphans made by this war.

☞ A report is prevalent in army circles that Gen. Sherman has written a private letter in which he says: "I believe that ninety-nine out of every hundred soldiers in this army would vote for McClellan, whether with or without my consent; but if my influence can suffice to make the hundredth man cast his vote the same way, it shall not be wanting."

☞ A vote taken on a car on the North Pennsylvania Railroad, on last Monday resulted as follows: McClellan 60; Lincoln 23. The ladies then proposed voting, and voted as follows: McClellan 30; Lincoln 12:

☞ We issue this number of the *Compiler* on Saturday, instead of Monday, in order that it may reach our readers before election day.

☞ Lincoln is meddling with the armies again. *Disaster is sure to follow.*

THE WAR.

[From the Age of Tuesday.]

We are able to give General Grant's history down to Sunday evening. On the north bank of the James, General Butler captured the outer line of Confederate works; attacked the second; was repulsed, afterwards evacuated the greater portion of the outer line, and is now encamped eight miles from Richmond, with a strong force of the enemy in front of him. He has done nothing since Friday night. On the Weldon Railroad, General Meade advanced two miles westward; captured some Confederate rifle-pits; was attacked and forced to abandon them; retreated a short distance and threw up intrenchments, and is now encamped behind them, ten miles southeast of the Southside Railroad. The enemy are in strong force in front of him. He has done nothing since Friday night.

The rebels have invaded Missouri, and are overrunning the State. Business is suspended at St. Louis, and the fortifications around the city have been manned. Gen. Rosecrans, it is reported, is to be removed for not stemming the invasion.

We have official news from Sheridan, to nine o'clock on Saturday evening. He was still at Harrisonburg, and had made no further movement. He gives some details of the destruction of the Confederate property and railroad, by the Federal cavalry raid to Staunton. General Stevenson has succeeded Neal Dow in command at Martinsburg.

[From the Age of Wednesday.]

On Saturday and Sunday a heavy rain fell at Petersburg, which made the mud thick around the camps of the contending armies. Birney and Weitzel remained in their intrenched camp on the Newmarket road eight miles from Richmond, and two miles east of the James. The enemy's gunboats on the river, kept up a continual shelling, which prevented any approach of the Federal troops to the river bank. The reconnoissance made by Kautz's cavalry on Friday, was supported by two brigades of infantry. They marched east to the Charles City road, and then north along it to a point two miles from Richmond. The enemy were found in force, and the reconnoissance returned, having lost thirty men.

Warren and Wilcox, under Meade, are still in their intrenched camp, two miles west of the Weldon Railroad, and near the Vaughan road. On Saturday and Sunday the heavy rain almost put a stop to operations. A dash of Confederate cavalry upon Meade's works on Saturday, and its repulse, was the only movement. The Federal loss was about a hundred. No prisoners were captured. It is now reported that in Friday's battle Meade lost two thousand men, instead of six hundred—one thousand being prisoners.

Huntsville, Alabama, was summoned to surrender on Saturday last, but the garrison held out and after a short contest the Confederates retreated. It is reported that Forrest is besieging Dalton, south of Chattanooga. Sherman's railroad is cut south of Chattanooga and we have no news from Atlanta.

LET THE FARMERS WAKE UP.

The eyes of many farmers have been shut against the true state of the country, by the high prices they have been getting for wheat, rye, corn, &c. They will get them opened before long. The storm is not far off. Its rumblings are heard already.—Four has tumbled down several dollars per barrel in the eastern markets, and of course, grain has followed. Another year will put them far lower, at the same time that the taxes will go far higher if Lincoln should be re-elected. With grain at a low price, and the land it is raised on mortgaged to pay Lincoln's debts, our farmers will have to struggle hard to keep their heads above water.

☞ The violent abuse with which the whole pack of Abolition hound—editors orators and office holders—are assailing McCLELLAN, is the surest evidence we can have that they fear his popularity. If he were indeed so weak a candidate as they profess to consider him, they could afford to let him alone; or at least to treat him to only a moderate share of their abuse. But the bitter and almost fiendish malignity with which they pursue him, tells too plainly that they dread the rapid advance he is making into the ranks of the masses of the people; and that they see in him the "coming man" who is to drive them from the power they have so criminally misused. Every Abolition slander against McCLELLAN is a tribute to his strength.

☞ One of our government officials just returned from Peru, tells us that among the first and most frequent inquiries made of him there about our public men was, whether he knew or had ever seen the celebrated American Chemist, Dr. J. C. Ayer of Lowell. His remedies are found in every village from the elevated slopes of the Andes down to the coast, and their remarkable cures seem to attract even more attention there than in this country. The sentiment of wonder at their effects, takes a far deeper hold on a half civilized and superstitious people than it does with us where the rationale of medical problems is so much more generally understood. No other American has made himself so familiarly known to the masses of the people in foreign countries or excited in them so lively an interest in himself as the Doctor has by his skillfull application of chemical science to the treatment of disease.

That must be a dull man who does not feel some pride of country when he finds among distant nations that he is already known and welcome there, through the labors of our Statesmen, Merchants and Scholars, whose renown has become national property, and consequently in some measure his own. Whether Dr. Ayer's remedies do actually cure more than others or not, they have secured the reputation of being a God-send to those afflicted with disease, and where great numbers in any community believe that they owe their health and lives to one's skill, they are sure to feel an interest in him which will find expression when they meet his countrymen.—*National Era*, Washington, D. C.

☞ The taxes which are forced upon us by the Abolition rule, speak loudly to every tax-payer, warning him to steer wide of the party which has so grievously burdened him. It is their declared purpose to spare neither money nor blood in the furtherance of their schemes, and experience teaches us that it is not the money and blood of those who raise the cry which will be taken; but ours, the result of the labor of the hard working farmer and mechanic. Shall we continue in power the party which is robbing us of all we have and all we hold dear on earth? Let our votes on Tuesday answer.—*Bellefonte Watchman.*

☞ A citizen of Washington having contributed one hundred dollars as a reward to the first man of our army who will unfurl the stars and stripes in the city of Richmond the money has been sent to Lieutenant General Grant for that purpose.—*Shoddy Ex.*

It is a pity that this patriotic individual should have been arrested the other day for selling clothing to soldiers to enable them to desert. He was, however, and only got his release by paying a large sum into the treasury of the "loyal" league to help elect Old Abe. A very poor old man—with a wife and five children—arrested at the same time for a similar offence, was not so fortunate—he was sent to one of the forts.

☞ James S. Pike, of Wisconsin, not long ago uttered the following "loyal" sentiment: "*I have no doubt the free and slave States ought to separate. The Union is not worth supporting in connection with the South.*" After the avowal of the above beautiful specimen of Abolition "loyalty," Mr. Lincoln appointed Mr. Pike, Minister to Holland!

☞ It is a singular circumstance that no account has yet been furnished of the killed and wounded in the late brilliant fights of Sheridan in the Shenandoah valley.