

FROM THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

A Threatened Demonstration in the Vicinity of Old Church—Sharp Artillery Firing in Front of Gen. Sumner.

McClellan's Headquarters, June 14.—The movements of the enemy to-day have been very quiet, and as yet no invasion in any direction has been observed.

The Compiler.



OUR FLAG! The Union of lakes—the union of lands—The Union of States—union would sever—The Union of hearts—the union of hands—And the Flag of our Union forever!

U. J. STABLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. GETTYSBURG, PA. MONDAY MORNING, JUNE 23, 1862.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

In accordance with a resolution of the Democratic State Executive Committee, the DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION will meet in STATE CONVENTION, at HARRISBURG, on Friday, the 4th day of July, 1862, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to nominate candidates for Auditor General and SERVEYOR GENERAL, and to adopt such measures as may be deemed necessary for the welfare of the Democratic party and the country.

THE LIBERTY OF THE NEGRO INCOMPATIBLE WITH THAT OF THE WHITE RACE.

In his speech on the abolition of slavery, in the District of Columbia, in the Senate, Thursday, February 9, 1839, Henry Clay said: "I am, Mr. President, no friend of slavery. The Scourge of all hearts knows that every pulsation of mine beats high and strong in the cause of civil liberty. Wherever it is safe and practicable, I desire to see every portion of the human family in the enjoyment of it. But I prefer the liberty of my own to that of any other race. The liberty of the descendant of Africa in the United States is incompatible with the safety and liberty of the European descendants. Their slavery forms an exception, resulting from a stern and inexorable necessity, to the general liberty in the United States. We did not originate nor are we responsible for, this necessity. Their liberty, if it were possible, could only be established by violating the incontestable powers of the States, and in subverting the Union. And beneath the ruins of the Union would be buried, sooner or later, the liberty of both races."

MORE TESTIMONY.

Captain John J. Robinson, of Tuscarora county, now a Captain in the Eightieth Ohio Regiment, near Corinth, thus writes to the *Richmond County Times*: "about the damaging effects of the Abolition emancipation projects that are being passed by the present Congress:

HEAVY ROBBERY.

Mr. Joseph Dellone, merchant, of Hanover, York county, a member of the late Legislature, met with a very serious loss yesterday—having been robbed of a pocket book containing nearly a thousand dollars in money, and a draft and certificates of deposit to the amount of nearly fifteen hundred dollars more. Of course the thief cannot make the evidences of indebtedness available. The money consisted of eight one hundred bills, a hundred dollars in Treasury notes, a twenty dollar bill on the York Bank, and other notes not recollecting.

A BOOMERANG.

On Monday last a lot of sick and wounded soldiers arrived in this place from Harper's Ferry, and as soon as they reached the depot, they were surrounded by a mob of curious crowd eager to hear the news. To a question asked one of the soldiers, he replied, "Gentlemen, I can tell you how you can put an end to this very soon."

WE BID YOU WELCOME.

The editor of the St. Joseph (Mo.) "Daily Gazette," in the course of an article on "Democracy" says: "Having hitherto battled against the old party, believing that it did not fully carry out the wishes of the friends of the Republic, we are convinced now that we did it injustice. Since the inauguration of this regime, Floyd's penitentials sink into insignificance before the mighty frauds daily perpetrated on the public eye."

OUR FARMERS ARE MAKING HAY.

Our farmers are making hay.

THE CONTRAST.

Many of our Pennsylvania volunteers have been disabled by wounds and debilitating fevers. Not being any longer efficient in the ranks, they receive an honorable discharge and transportation to the capital of Pennsylvania. They arrive in our midst without a cent in their pockets. They ask for their pay—they learn there is no officer here authorized to pay them! They ask for rations to protect them from starvation—they are answered that there is no authority to issue rations to them! They ask for transportation to their homes—they are informed the United States Quartermaster cannot give them transportation! They beg their bread of our citizens; they beg their transportation of railroad companies.

EMANCIPATION AND ABOLITION.

The Emancipators all speak of the abolition of slavery as if it were to be a mission of the South. We firmly believe that the two races would live together with a greater "pulsation" to the North.—*Exchange.*

COST OF THE NEGROES.

The President and the Congress of the United States have solemnly pledged the American people to buy their own slaves. They will sell them, the four millions of slaves now held in bondage in the South. This emancipation policy is now part and parcel of the policy and financial programme of the present Administration. Under the influence of that policy the slaves of the District of Columbia have already cost one million of dollars, for which appropriation has been made by Congress.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

HOSPITAL AT YORK.

The Government has made arrangements for the accommodation of a number of sick and wounded soldiers at York, and in view thereof the Secretary of the "Soldiers' Aid Society" of that place, J. D. Durkee, has addressed a letter to the Ladies of Gettysburg, asking their co-operation and assistance in providing articles for the Hospital.

CHURCH CONSECRATION.

The German Reformed Church at New Oxford, Adams county, (Rev. E. H. Hoffmann, Pastor) will be consecrated, the Lord willing, on Sunday, the 29th inst. The services will commence on Friday evening previous. Several ministers from abroad are expected to be present. The attendance of friends generally is respectfully requested.

COMMENCEMENT.

The Annual Commencement—conferring of degrees, distribution of premiums, &c.—at Mt. St. Mary's College, near Emmitsburg, will be held on Wednesday next, (June 25th), to begin at 8 o'clock in the morning. The exercises are expected to be more than usually interesting.

DESTRUCTIVE HAIL STORM.

The hail storm of Saturday evening did little if any damage in this immediate vicinity, but we regret to learn that in a portion of Franklin township it was destructive. Capt. Frederick Diehl's wheat crop was almost entirely ruined, about six acres being left worth nothing.

THE TRUE POLICY.

The Boston Post says, with great truth and significance, that "as far as we are concerned to the enemy's country, the words of the New York Tribune, of Senator Sumner, of Loyalty of Wickham and Wade, and of Abolition meetings in Boston, follow in our footsteps. Where the power of a federal soldier has made a friend to the Union, those men of the North turn his heart to gall again. They see that a large party here is working with might and main to coerce the President into emancipation at the head of the army; they see that this party would make this a war for the abolition of slavery, therefore they see a lie in our professions to sustain the laws only, and will not adhere to our standard. This makes the Union sentiment of the Border States waver and to fro—it makes them half open enemies, and complicates and embarrasses the war."

DEMOCRACY MUST DO IT.

If the Union is ever restored, the Democratic party must do it. We hear the people talking about "Union party." The Abolitionists in the North call themselves the "Union party," and are, in reality, managing the war. Unionism means one thing in Massachusetts and another thing in Kentucky; East, no West, but keeping its eye fixed firmly upon the Constitution as it was written by the Fathers of the Republic, will give no ground; they can hold to it and contemptible faction.

THE MAN WHO CANNOT HOLD HIS POLITICAL ABOLITIONISM IN ABEYANCE.

The man who cannot hold his political Abolitionism in abeyance, in a time like the present, when he knows that it can only add to the bitterness of the strife, and when he knows that emancipation doctrines cannot be pushed further without infringing on Constitutional limits, is neither a Christian nor a patriot.—*Carlisle Volunteer.*

THE PUBLIC DEBT.

In a speech made in the House of Representatives on Thursday week, Mr. D. M. Wilson, of this State, presented a statement of the particulars of the National debt of the 20th of May, 1862, which amounts to the whole amount of \$1,418,941,111.

THE NATIONAL POOR HOUSE.

From the report of the Committee appointed by Gen. Wool, to inquire into the condition of the vagrants or contrabands, we learn that during the past five months the cost to the Government of this new class of *contrabands* has been over \$200,000. And these are only that portion who are in the neighborhood of Fortress Mifflin. Think of that, we say, \$200,000 of money gone in five months to keep in idleness a class of vagrant negroes—how would it be if 1,000,000 of this class were to be kept in idleness?

PATRIOTISM.

The Black Republican Abolition Governor of Massachusetts wrote in answer to the last call of the President for troops, that the State of Massachusetts could not furnish any more patriots in the war.

COLDS, INFLUENZA.

The great and sudden changes of our climate, are fruitful sources of *fever and influenza*, and other ailments, often accompanied by certain remedies in the early stage of disease, recourse should at once be had to *Brown's Bronchial Trochiscs*, or Lozenges, for the relief, which, as by this precaution a more serious attack may be effectually ward off.

NEW WHEAT.

The first lot of this year's crop of wheat, received at St. Louis on the 15th, was from South Illinois, and was sold at \$1.25 a bushel. Samples of new wheat grown in Ohio were exhibited at Cincinnati on Monday.

JOSEPH G. PROTZMAN.

Joseph G. Protzman, an old and respectable citizen of Hagerstown, Md., died last week.

HORSE THIEVES.

Horde thieves are said to be doing a large business at present, in Washington county, Md., and Berkeley county, Va.

ON SUNDAY 400 CONFEDERATE PRISONERS.

On Sunday 400 Confederate prisoners, captured in Western Virginia, arrived at Camp Curtin, near Harrisburg, Pa.

THE COMPILER.

OUR FLAG! The Union of lakes—the union of lands—The Union of States—union would sever—The Union of hearts—the union of hands—And the Flag of our Union forever!

U. J. STABLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. GETTYSBURG, PA. MONDAY MORNING, JUNE 23, 1862.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

In accordance with a resolution of the Democratic State Executive Committee, the DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION will meet in STATE CONVENTION, at HARRISBURG, on Friday, the 4th day of July, 1862, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to nominate candidates for Auditor General and SERVEYOR GENERAL, and to adopt such measures as may be deemed necessary for the welfare of the Democratic party and the country.

THE LIBERTY OF THE NEGRO INCOMPATIBLE WITH THAT OF THE WHITE RACE.

In his speech on the abolition of slavery, in the District of Columbia, in the Senate, Thursday, February 9, 1839, Henry Clay said: "I am, Mr. President, no friend of slavery. The Scourge of all hearts knows that every pulsation of mine beats high and strong in the cause of civil liberty. Wherever it is safe and practicable, I desire to see every portion of the human family in the enjoyment of it. But I prefer the liberty of my own to that of any other race. The liberty of the descendant of Africa in the United States is incompatible with the safety and liberty of the European descendants. Their slavery forms an exception, resulting from a stern and inexorable necessity, to the general liberty in the United States. We did not originate nor are we responsible for, this necessity. Their liberty, if it were possible, could only be established by violating the incontestable powers of the States, and in subverting the Union. And beneath the ruins of the Union would be buried, sooner or later, the liberty of both races."

MORE TESTIMONY.

Captain John J. Robinson, of Tuscarora county, now a Captain in the Eightieth Ohio Regiment, near Corinth, thus writes to the *Richmond County Times*: "about the damaging effects of the Abolition emancipation projects that are being passed by the present Congress:

HEAVY ROBBERY.

Mr. Joseph Dellone, merchant, of Hanover, York county, a member of the late Legislature, met with a very serious loss yesterday—having been robbed of a pocket book containing nearly a thousand dollars in money, and a draft and certificates of deposit to the amount of nearly fifteen hundred dollars more. Of course the thief cannot make the evidences of indebtedness available. The money consisted of eight one hundred bills, a hundred dollars in Treasury notes, a twenty dollar bill on the York Bank, and other notes not recollecting.

A BOOMERANG.

On Monday last a lot of sick and wounded soldiers arrived in this place from Harper's Ferry, and as soon as they reached the depot, they were surrounded by a mob of curious crowd eager to hear the news. To a question asked one of the soldiers, he replied, "Gentlemen, I can tell you how you can put an end to this very soon."

WE BID YOU WELCOME.

The editor of the St. Joseph (Mo.) "Daily Gazette," in the course of an article on "Democracy" says: "Having hitherto battled against the old party, believing that it did not fully carry out the wishes of the friends of the Republic, we are convinced now that we did it injustice. Since the inauguration of this regime, Floyd's penitentials sink into insignificance before the mighty frauds daily perpetrated on the public eye."

OUR FARMERS ARE MAKING HAY.

Our farmers are making hay.

THE CONTRAST.

Many of our Pennsylvania volunteers have been disabled by wounds and debilitating fevers. Not being any longer efficient in the ranks, they receive an honorable discharge and transportation to the capital of Pennsylvania. They arrive in our midst without a cent in their pockets. They ask for their pay—they learn there is no officer here authorized to pay them! They ask for rations to protect them from starvation—they are answered that there is no authority to issue rations to them! They ask for transportation to their homes—they are informed the United States Quartermaster cannot give them transportation! They beg their bread of our citizens; they beg their transportation of railroad companies.

EMANCIPATION AND ABOLITION.

The Emancipators all speak of the abolition of slavery as if it were to be a mission of the South. We firmly believe that the two races would live together with a greater "pulsation" to the North.—*Exchange.*

COST OF THE NEGROES.

The President and the Congress of the United States have solemnly pledged the American people to buy their own slaves. They will sell them, the four millions of slaves now held in bondage in the South. This emancipation policy is now part and parcel of the policy and financial programme of the present Administration. Under the influence of that policy the slaves of the District of Columbia have already cost one million of dollars, for which appropriation has been made by Congress.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

HOSPITAL AT YORK.

The Government has made arrangements for the accommodation of a number of sick and wounded soldiers at York, and in view thereof the Secretary of the "Soldiers' Aid Society" of that place, J. D. Durkee, has addressed a letter to the Ladies of Gettysburg, asking their co-operation and assistance in providing articles for the Hospital.

CHURCH CONSECRATION.

The German Reformed Church at New Oxford, Adams county, (Rev. E. H. Hoffmann, Pastor) will be consecrated, the Lord willing, on Sunday, the 29th inst. The services will commence on Friday evening previous. Several ministers from abroad are expected to be present. The attendance of friends generally is respectfully requested.

COMMENCEMENT.

The Annual Commencement—conferring of degrees, distribution of premiums, &c.—at Mt. St. Mary's College, near Emmitsburg, will be held on Wednesday next, (June 25th), to begin at 8 o'clock in the morning. The exercises are expected to be more than usually interesting.

DESTRUCTIVE HAIL STORM.

The hail storm of Saturday evening did little if any damage in this immediate vicinity, but we regret to learn that in a portion of Franklin township it was destructive. Capt. Frederick Diehl's wheat crop was almost entirely ruined, about six acres being left worth nothing.

THE TRUE POLICY.

The Boston Post says, with great truth and significance, that "as far as we are concerned to the enemy's country, the words of the New York Tribune, of Senator Sumner, of Loyalty of Wickham and Wade, and of Abolition meetings in Boston, follow in our footsteps. Where the power of a federal soldier has made a friend to the Union, those men of the North turn his heart to gall again. They see that a large party here is working with might and main to coerce the President into emancipation at the head of the army; they see that this party would make this a war for the abolition of slavery, therefore they see a lie in our professions to sustain the laws only, and will not adhere to our standard. This makes the Union sentiment of the Border States waver and to fro—it makes them half open enemies, and complicates and embarrasses the war."

DEMOCRACY MUST DO IT.

If the Union is ever restored, the Democratic party must do it. We hear the people talking about "Union party." The Abolitionists in the North call themselves the "Union party," and are, in reality, managing the war. Unionism means one thing in Massachusetts and another thing in Kentucky; East, no West, but keeping its eye fixed firmly upon the Constitution as it was written by the Fathers of the Republic, will give no ground; they can hold to it and contemptible faction.

THE MAN WHO CANNOT HOLD HIS POLITICAL ABOLITIONISM IN ABEYANCE.

The man who cannot hold his political Abolitionism in abeyance, in a time like the present, when he knows that it can only add to the bitterness of the strife, and when he knows that emancipation doctrines cannot be pushed further without infringing on Constitutional limits, is neither a Christian nor a patriot.—*Carlisle Volunteer.*

THE COMPILER.

OUR FLAG! The Union of lakes—the union of lands—The Union of States—union would sever—The Union of hearts—the union of hands—And the Flag of our Union forever!

U. J. STABLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. GETTYSBURG, PA. MONDAY MORNING, JUNE 23, 1862.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

In accordance with a resolution of the Democratic State Executive Committee, the DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION will meet in STATE CONVENTION, at HARRISBURG, on Friday, the 4th day of July, 1862, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to nominate candidates for Auditor General and SERVEYOR GENERAL, and to adopt such measures as may be deemed necessary for the welfare of the Democratic party and the country.

THE LIBERTY OF THE NEGRO INCOMPATIBLE WITH THAT OF THE WHITE RACE.

In his speech on the abolition of slavery, in the District of Columbia, in the Senate, Thursday, February 9, 1839, Henry Clay said: "I am, Mr. President, no friend of slavery. The Scourge of all hearts knows that every pulsation of mine beats high and strong in the cause of civil liberty. Wherever it is safe and practicable, I desire to see every portion of the human family in the enjoyment of it. But I prefer the liberty of my own to that of any other race. The liberty of the descendant of Africa in the United States is incompatible with the safety and liberty of the European descendants. Their slavery forms an exception, resulting from a stern and inexorable necessity, to the general liberty in the United States. We did not originate nor are we responsible for, this necessity. Their liberty, if it were possible, could only be established by violating the incontestable powers of the States, and in subverting the Union. And beneath the ruins of the Union would be buried, sooner or later, the liberty of both races."

MORE TESTIMONY.

Captain John J. Robinson, of Tuscarora county, now a Captain in the Eightieth Ohio Regiment, near Corinth, thus writes to the *Richmond County Times*: "about the damaging effects of the Abolition emancipation projects that are being passed by the present Congress:

HEAVY ROBBERY.

Mr. Joseph Dellone, merchant, of Hanover, York county, a member of the late Legislature, met with a very serious loss yesterday—having been robbed of a pocket book containing nearly a thousand dollars in money, and a draft and certificates of deposit to the amount of nearly fifteen hundred dollars more. Of course the thief cannot make the evidences of indebtedness available. The money consisted of eight one hundred bills, a hundred dollars in Treasury notes, a twenty dollar bill on the York Bank, and other notes not recollecting.

A BOOMERANG.

On Monday last a lot of sick and wounded soldiers arrived in this place from Harper's Ferry, and as soon as they reached the depot, they were surrounded by a mob of curious crowd eager to hear the news. To a question asked one of the soldiers, he replied, "Gentlemen, I can tell you how you can put an end to this very soon."

WE BID YOU WELCOME.

The editor of the St. Joseph (Mo.) "Daily Gazette," in the course of an article on "Democracy" says: "Having hitherto battled against the old party, believing that it did not fully carry out the wishes of the friends of the Republic, we are convinced now that we did it injustice. Since the inauguration of this regime, Floyd's penitentials sink into insignificance before the mighty frauds daily perpetrated on the public eye."

OUR FARMERS ARE MAKING HAY.

Our farmers are making hay.

THE COMPILER.

OUR FLAG! The Union of lakes—the union of lands—The Union of States—union would sever—The Union of hearts—the union of hands—And the Flag of our Union forever!

U. J. STABLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. GETTYSBURG, PA. MONDAY MORNING, JUNE 23, 1862.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

In accordance with a resolution of the Democratic State Executive Committee, the DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION will meet in STATE CONVENTION, at HARRISBURG, on Friday, the 4th day of July, 1862, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to nominate candidates for Auditor General and SERVEYOR GENERAL, and to adopt such measures as may be deemed necessary for the welfare of the Democratic party and the country.

THE LIBERTY OF THE NEGRO INCOMPATIBLE WITH THAT OF THE WHITE RACE.

In his speech on the abolition of slavery, in the District of Columbia, in the Senate, Thursday, February 9, 1839, Henry Clay said: "I am, Mr. President, no friend of slavery. The Scourge of all hearts knows that every pulsation of mine beats high and strong in the cause of civil liberty. Wherever it is safe and practicable, I desire to see every portion of the human family in the enjoyment of it. But I prefer the liberty of my own to that of any other race. The liberty of the descendant of Africa in the United States is incompatible with the safety and liberty of the European descendants. Their slavery forms an exception, resulting from a stern and inexorable necessity, to the general liberty in the United States. We did not originate nor are we responsible for, this necessity. Their liberty, if it were possible, could only be established by violating the incontestable powers of the States, and in subverting the Union. And beneath the ruins of the Union would be buried, sooner or later, the liberty of both races."

MORE TESTIMONY.

Captain John J. Robinson, of Tuscarora county, now a Captain in the Eightieth Ohio Regiment, near Corinth, thus writes to the *Richmond County Times*: "about the damaging effects of the Abolition emancipation projects that are being passed by the present Congress:

HEAVY ROBBERY.

Mr. Joseph Dellone, merchant, of Hanover, York county, a member of the late Legislature, met with a very serious loss yesterday—having been robbed of a pocket book containing nearly a thousand dollars in money, and a draft and certificates of deposit to the amount of nearly fifteen hundred dollars more. Of course the thief cannot make the evidences of indebtedness available. The money consisted of eight one hundred bills, a hundred dollars in Treasury notes, a twenty dollar bill on the York Bank, and other notes not recollecting.

A BOOMERANG.

On Monday last a lot of sick and wounded soldiers arrived in this place from Harper's Ferry, and as soon as they reached the depot, they were surrounded by a mob of curious crowd eager to hear the news. To a question asked one of the soldiers, he replied, "Gentlemen, I can tell you how you can put an end to this very soon."

WE BID YOU WELCOME.

The editor of the St. Joseph (Mo.) "Daily Gazette," in the course of an article on "Democracy" says: "Having hitherto battled against the old party, believing that it did not fully carry out the wishes of the friends of the Republic, we are convinced now that we did it injustice. Since the inauguration of this regime, Floyd's penitentials sink into insignificance before the mighty frauds daily perpetrated on the public eye."

OUR FARMERS ARE MAKING HAY.

Our farmers are making hay.