for me to discuss those matters of adminis- be necessary for these objects there will be rightful authority of the people over the tration about which there is no special anx- no invasion, no using of force against or whole subject, to be exercised in either of

of him who now addresses you.

one State under the laws thereof escaping tal one. But such is not our case. All the there he any object to hurry any of you in into another, shall, in consequence of any tall rights of minorities and of individuals hot haste to a step which you would never away or regulation therein, he discharged are object to hurry any of you in the consequence of any tall rights of minorities and of individuals hot haste to a step which you would never whether the New Administration will pursue the new and plant and plant the consequence of labor, but shall be done of the consequence of th

sion as much as to any other.

rence of opinion whether this clause should minority will not acquiesce, the majority being yourselves the aggressors. You have toration of peace and harmony and union thing wrong," although Lincoln declared philosophers. the enforced by National or State authority, must, or the government must cease.

Ny whole very particular and the state of particular and union thing wrong," although Lincoln declared philosophers. no oath registered in heaven to destroy the between all the States.

there was not, and that "nobody was hurt!" but surely that difference is not a very

Again, in any law upon this subject ought such a minority. For instance, why may ing heart and hearth-tone all over this: "There is no mitigation of Lincoln's fa-ed. The Crittenden Compromise, which not all the safeguards of liberty known in not any portion of a new confederacy a year broad land, will yet swell the chorus of the naticism in this inaugural address, and would have settled all our national troubles, civilized and humane jurisprudence to be or two hence, arbitr rily sec de again, pre- Union, when again touched, as surely as painful as it may be to the American people, introduced so that a freeman may not be in cis. It as portions of the present Union now, they will be the better angels of our nature. They might as well open their eyes to the introduced so that a freeman may not be in cis. ly as portions of the present Union now they will be the better angels of our nature. any case surrendered as a slave. And claim to eccede from it. All who cherish might it not be well at the same time to disunion sentiments are now being enucated provide by law for the enforcement of that, to the exact temper of doing this. Is there clause in the Constitution which guarantees such perfect identity of intere-ts among the that the citizens of each State shall be enti- States to compose a new Union as to produce

by any hypercritical rules, and while I do limitations and always changing easily with on Monday morning. The whole session of der States. not chose now to specify particular acts of the deliberate changes of popular opinions twelve hours was consumed in an exciting THE ATTITUDE OF VIRGINIA-HOW THE INAUGU-Congress as proper to be enforced, I do and sentiments is the only true sovereign of suggest that it will be much safer for all, a free people. Whoever rejects it, does of both in official and private stations, to con-incressity is marchy or to despotism.— ing the House amendment (Corwin's) to the form to and abide by all those acts which Unanimity is impossible. The rule of a mi- Constitution. This was finally passed by a from stand unrepealed, than to violate any of nority as a permanent arrangement is whol- two-thirds vote, yeas 24, nays 12, as follows: them trusting to find impunity in having ly inadmissible. So that rejecting the mathem held to be unconstitutional.

auguration of a President under our Nation-get the position assumed by some that conal Constitution; during that period fifteen stituti nal questions are to be decided by different and greatly distinguished citizens the Supreme Court, nor do I deny that

quire all to lawfully resoind it?

faith of all the then thirteen States express—people abide by the dry legal obligations in Nays—Messrs. Anthony, Bingham, Chandly plighted and engaged that it should be both cases, and a few break over in each: ler, Clark, Dixon, Doolittle, Durkee, Fee

And finally, in 1787 one of the declared separation of the sections than before, ly possible, the Union is less than before the would not be surrendered at all by the oth-

senseless time, the laws of the Union be aliens make treaties easier than friends can make laws? Can treaties be more faithful make laws? The Hon. J. J. Crittenden addressed friends? Suppose you go to war, you can not fight always, and when, after much loss of the U. S. Senate for the last time on Monor of the provision of the requisite on both sides and no either, you our national troubles. He is succeeded in the "Compiler." Something must "hurt" made to Mr. Lincoln which the amount of bodily suffering which he endures. By the use of the U. S. Senate for the last time on Monor of the Tonnage Tax.

The Albany Argus calls the alleged friends? Suppose you go to war, you can not fight always, and when, after much loss of the Union of the Tonnage Tax.

The Albany Argus calls the alleged friends? Suppose you go to war, you can not fight always, and when, after much loss of the Union of the Tonnage Tax.

The Albany Argus calls the alleged friends? Suppose you go to war, you can not fight always, and when, after much loss of the U. S. Senate for the last time on Monor of the U. S. Senate for the last time on Monor of the U. S. Senate for the last time on Monor of the U. S. Senate for the last time on Monor of the U. S. Senate for the U. S. Senat

rect the contrary. I trust this will not be upon you. This country, with its institutions or THE UNITED STATES:— purpose of Union; that it will constitution— Whenever they grow weary of the existing government, they can exercise their constitutions with a custom as old as the ally defend and maintain itself in doing government, they can exercise their constitutions with a custom as old as the ally defend and maintain itself in doing government, they can exercise their constitutions with a custom as old as the constitution will not be upon you. This country, with its institutions, belongs to the people who inhabit it. Whenever they grow weary of the existing government, they can exercise their constitutions will not be upon you. This country, with its institutions, belongs to the people who inhabit it. Whenever they grow weary of the existing government, they can exercise their constitutions and there shall be none unless it be forced lutionary right to dismember or overthrow and there shall be none unless it be forced lutionary right to dismember or overthrow and there shall be none unless it be forced lutionary right to dismember or overthrow and there shall be none unless it be forced lutionary right to dismember or overthrow and there shall be none unless it be forced lutionary right to dismember or overthrow and there shall be none unless it be forced lutionary right to dismember or overthrow and the property of the existing government, they can exercise their constitutions. the cath prescribed by the Con-upon the National authority. The power it. I cannot be ignorant of the fact that taking of the United States to be taken confided to me will be used to hold, occupy many worthy and patriotic citizens are descossion of a Republican administration federal offices, there will be no attempt to upon it.

their property and their peace and personal force obnoxious stangers among the people I will venture to add that, to me, the Consecurity are to be endangered. There has for that object; while the strict legal right may vention mode seems preferable, insannich

en any reasonable cause for such exist in the government to enforce the ex- as it allows the amendment to originate with apprehension. Indeed the most ample ever croise of these offices, the attempt to do so the people themselves, instead of permittience to the contrary has all the while ex- would be so irritating and so nearly impracting them to take or reject a projection oristed, and been open to their inspection; it ticable withal that I deem it better to ignated by others not especially chosen for is found in nearly all the published speeches forego for a time, the uses of such offices.— the purpose, and which might not be precise-. The mails, unless repelled, will continue to by such as they would not wish to either ac-I do but quote from one of those speeches be furnished in all parts of the Union, so cept or refuse.

when I declare that I have no purpose distance as possible. The people everywhere I understand a proposed amendment, rectly or indirectly to interfere with the install have that sense of perfect security however. I have not seen, has passed Constant of the Constan stitution of slavery in the States where it ex- which is most favorably to calm thoughts gress to the effect that the Federal Governlets. I believe I have no lawful right to do and reflection. The correct here indicated ment shall never interfere with domestic so, and I have no inclination to do so .- will be followed unless current events and institutions of the States, including that of Those who nominated and elected me did experience shall show a modification or persons held to service. To avoid a misconso with the full knowledge that I had made change to be proper, and in every case and struction of what I have said, I depart from this and many similar declarations and had exigency my best discretion will be exerci- my purpose not to speak of particular never recanted them, and more than this, sed according to circumstances actually ex- amendments, as far as to say that holding

right of each State to order and control its all events, and are glad of any pretext to do, aration of the States. The people themown domestic institutions according to its it, I will neither affirm or deny; but if there selves can do this also if they chose, but the tion to every American citizen. own judgment exclusively, is essential to be such, I need address no word. To those, Executive, as such, has nothing to do with it; that balance of power on which the perfec- however, who really love the Umon, may I his duty is to administer the present governtion and endurance of our political fabric not speak. Before entering upon so grave a ment as it came to his hands and to transdepend, and we denounce the lawless inva-matter as the destruction of our national mit it unimpared by him to his successor. sion, by an armed force, of the soil of any State or territory, no matter under what pretext, as among the gravest of crimes.

I now reiterate these sentiments, and in doing so I only press upon the public attention the most conclusive evidence of which the case is susceptible that the property, you fly to are greater than all the real ones truth and justice be on your side of the North Secretary of State, Mr. Charles Senate for confination. They were all the real ones truth and justice be on your side of the North Secretary of State, Mr. Charles Secretary of War, Mr. Charles Secretary of peace and security of no section are to be in you fly from; will you risk the commission or on yours of the South, that truth and say wise endangered by the now incoming of so fearful a mistake? All profess to be that justice will surely prevail by the judg-content in the Union if all constitutional ment of this great tribunal, the American content in the Union if all constitutional ment of this great tribunal, the American I add; too, that all the protection which rights can be maintained. Is it true, then, people, by the frame of the Government unconsistently with the constitution and the that any right plainly written in the Conder which we live; this same people have stitution has been denied? I think not.— wisely given their servants but little power. Will the States, when lawfully demanded, Happily the human mind is so constitution as to another.

The Inaugural Address of President Lindon whitever cause, as cheerfully to one section as to another.

The Inaugural Address of President Lindon whitever cause, as cheerfully to one section as to another.

The Inaugural Address of President Lindon provided for the return of that little to their columns to-day.

As we expected it would be, it is suscepti-

from such service or labor, but shall be de- and negations, guarantees and prohibitions thated by taking time, but no good object the policy of coercion or of conciliation; livered upon claim of the party to whom in the Constitution, that controversies never can be frustrated by it. Such of you as are and must wait its development in its measurement such service or labor may be due."

Time only can show whether a wise It is scarcely questioned that this provision was intended by those who made
carry applicable to every question which may
let's scarcely questioned that this provision was intended by those who made
carry applicable to every question which may
let's carry a staves, and the intention of the lawgiver is sight can anticipate, nor any document of diate power, if it would, to change either, war."

the law.

All members of Congress swear their supions for all possible questions. Shall fugi- i-field hold the right side in the dispute, "T port to the whole Constitution; to this provi-tives from labor be surrendered by national there still is no single good reason for come within the terms of this slavery in the territories? The Constitution has never for sken this favored land, are a more agreeable form; it reads like a chalclause and shall be delivered up, their oaths does not expressly say. Must Congress still competent to adjust, in the best way, lenge under the code, in which an invitaare unanimous. Now, if they would make protect slavery in the territories? The Conall our present difficulties. the effort in good temper, could they not stitution does not expressly say. From In your hands, my dissatisfied country- satisfactory syllables."

merely unsubstantial controversy as to how ity of their own will secede from them when-it shall be kept.?

The Wilmington (N. C.) Hera tied to sail the provisions and immunities of harmony of the prevent renewed secession: Plainly the central idea of secession. I take the official oath to-day, with no is the essence of anarchy; a majority held hem held to be unconstitutional. jority principle, anarchy and despotism in Bright, Crittenden, Dixon, Douglas, Foster, It is seventy-two years since the first insome form, is all that is left. I do not for- Grimes, Gwinn, Harlan, Hunter, Johnson,

have, in succession, administered the Exec- such decisions must be binding in any case utive branch of the Government. They upon the parties to a suit as to the object of Doolittle, Durkee, Foot, King, Sumner, have conducted it through many perils and that suit, while they are also entitled to very generally with great success, yet with all high respect and consideration in all paralthis scope for precedent I now enter upon lel c.ses by all other Departments of the the same task for the brief constitutional government, and while it is obviously possiterm of four years under great and peculiar ble that such decision may be erroneous in jection. If three-fourths approve, it be expressed that the first acts of the Administration of the Police of t difficulty. A disruption of the Federal any given case, still the evil effect following comes a part of the Constitution. This is

Union, heretofore only menaced, is now forit, being limited to that particular case, with midably attempted. I hold that by contemthe chance that it may be over-ruled and plation of universal law and of the Consti- never become a precedent for others, had sitions and plans of compromise proposed, unsatisfactory, and in that respect, expresses tution, the Union of these States is perpetu- better be borne than could the evils of a that finally received the sanction of both the voice of the Union men, in all that The election worked by the rule of conal; perpetuity is implied if not expressed different practice. At the same time the Houses of Congress, and this of itself part of Virginia. in the fundamental law of all national govern- candid citizen must confess that if the pol- will not satisfy. The following is the give an opinion about the Message, but is It is safe to assert that government proper affecting the whole people is to be irrevoca- amendment of Mr. Corwin, as it passed: never had a provision in its organic law bly fixed by decisions of the Supreme Court | "No amendment shall be made to the for its own termination. Continue to ex- the instant they are made in ordinary liti- Constitution which will authorize or give ecuie all the express provisions of our gation, between parties in personal actions, to Congress the power to abolish or inter- is unparalleled. Even the Philadelphia by serve the country and save the Union is National Constitution and the Union will the people will have ceased to be their own indure forever, it being impossible to destroy rulers, having to that extent practically re- institutions thereof, including that of per- feels itself forced to issue a rebuke in the It except by some action not provided for in signed their government into the hands of sons held to labor or service by the laws of the instrument itself. Again, if the United that eminent tribunal: nor is there in this said State." States be not a government proper, but an view any assault upon the Court or the During the consideration of the above association of States in the nature of con-Judges; it is a duty from which they may amendment by the Senate, Mr. Johnson tract merely, can it as a contract be peacea- not shrink to decide cases properly brought bly unmade by less than all the parties who before them, and it is no fault of theirs if moved as an amendment the propositions made it? One party to a confract may violate others seek to turn their decisions to politi- of the Peace Conference, though, as he has no peace, morning, noon or night." it, break it so to speak, but does it not re- cal purposes. One section of our country said, he did not like them. Lost-yeas 3. believes slavery is right, and ought to be nays 34. Mr. Foot, Nicholson and Pugh Descending from these general principles extended; while the other believes it is we find the proposition that in legal contem- wrong, and ought not to be extended. This plation the Union is perpetual, confirmed is the only substantial dispute; the fugitive by the history of the Union itself. The slave clause of the Constitution and the law, but lost, by the following vote: nion is much older than the Constitution. for the suppression of the foreign slave trade It was formed in fact by the Articles of As- are each as well e forced perhaps as any Crittenden, Douglas, Gwinn, Hunter, Johnsociation in 1774. It was matured and con- law can ever be in a community where the son (Tenn.,) Kennedy, Lane, Latham, Matinued by the Declaration of Independence moral sense of the people imperfectly supson, Nicholson, Polk, Pugh, Rice, Sebastian, It was further matured and the ports the law itself: the great body of the Thomson, and Wigfall-19.

phiects for ordaining and establishing the The foreign slave trade, now imperfectly Constitution was to form a more perfect suppressed, would be ultimately revived Talon, but if destruction of the Union by without restriction in one section, while fume or by a part only of the States be a wful-grive slaves now only partially surrendered the adjustment of the country's troubles. stitution, having lost the vital element, er. Physically speaking, we cannot separof perpetuity; it follows from these riews ate, we cannot remove our respective sec- ed and signed before the adjournment of State upon its own mere motion tions from each other, nor build an impasscan lawfully get out of the Union; that re-able wall between them. A husband and solves and ordinances to that effect are le wife may be divorced and go out of the in the fog. The force bill of Mr. Bingham gally void; and that acts of violence within presence and beyond the reach of each other for the collection of the revenue, and that was commuted from twenty to three years. any State against the anthority of the United er, but the different parts of our country of Mr. Stanton for the calling out of the and the fine imposed was not remitted. States are insurrectionary or revolutionary cannot do this; they cannot but remain face to face and an intercourse either am-L therefore consider that in view of the icable or hostile must continue between action and laws, the Union is unbrothem. Is it possible then to make that in-the act for the suspension of postal facilities, day week, denounced Senator Schindel and gentleman travels, but in view of Mr. Lington to the extent of my ability shall tercourse more advantageous or more satisno bill was passed with special reference to Representative Filesberger for roting for to the extent of my ability shall tercourse more advantageous or more satisno bill was passed with special reference to
Representative Eilenberger for voting for
very much like sacrificing his dignity to
the Suphyse and Frie bill and for the recolins on me, the laws of the Union be sliens make treaties canier than friends can

y the President before he enters on the and possess the property and places belon-sircus of having the National Constitution ging to the Government, and to collect amended. While I make no recommendation and imposts, but beyond what may tions of amendments, I fully recognize the among people anywhere. Where hostility the modes prescribed in the instrument it to the United States in any interior locality self, and I should under existing circum-Apprehension seems to exist among the shall be so great and universal as to prevent stances, favor rather than oppose a fair oppeople of the Southern States that by the competent resident citizens from holding portunity being afforded the people to act

There is much controversy about the delivering of fugitives from service or labor.

The clause I dow read is as plainly written in the Constitution as any other of its pro
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## CLOSE OF CONGRESS. .

teresting and exciting. The Senate, after unyielding resistance of a united South."

CLEVELAND, Ohio, March 5.—The Repubcontinuing in session on Saturday until lican pressure highly pleased with the inaugdebate, the subject under consideration being the House amendment (Corwin's) to the xiety and interest centres in the accounts sary to preserve the Union. Yeas-Messrs. Anthony, Baker, Bigler, Tenn., Kennedy, Latham, Mason, Morrill. Nicholson, Polk, Pugh, Rice, Subastian, Ten omson—24

Nava-Messra, Bingham, Chandler, Clark. Trumbull, Wade, Wilkin-on and Wilson-12. The amendment now goes to the Legisla- Pounds it.

The Inen

voting in the affirmative.

The Crittenden plan was also proposed, Yeas-Messrs, Bayard, Bigler, Bright,

Nays-Messrs. Anthony, Bingham, Chandrpetnal by the articles of confederation in this I think cannot be perfectly cured, and senden, Foot, Foster, Harlan, King, Morrill, President Lincoln "hang them as traitors,"
it would be worse in both cases after the Sumner, Ten Eyck, Trumbull, Wade, Wilas Republican editors advised Mr. Buchankinson, and Wilson-20.

Both Houses adjourned sine die at noon on sioners? Menday, without adopting any measure for

All the appropriation bills were per Congress. The Pacific railroad bill was lost militia of the States, were both abandoned

## Compiler.



H. J. STABLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

GETTYSBURG, PA:

MONDAY MORNING, MAR. 11, 1861.

The Inauguration.

a suggestive fact, affording food for reflec-

The Cabinet. On Tuesday, President Lismoln sent his Attorney General, Edw. Bates, Missouri.

President Lincoln's Inaugural.

"We cannot determine from the Address, and at no distant day the meed of praise

The New York News says : "The inaugural is not satisfactory: it is am-

The New York Journal Commerce thinks

ced by Astronau or State authority, must, or the government must cease.

There is no other alternative for continuity for continuity for the slave is to be surrenting the government but acquiescence on solemn one to preserve, protect and defend of the radical Republicans, regards the industry.

The Alterny (N. Y.) State-man, the organ, for the fluinting phrases, "no comprosing the government but acquiescence on solemn one to preserve, protect and defend of the radical Republicans, regards the industry. done, and should any one in any case be quiesce, they make a precedent which in Though passion may have strained it must coin affirms his devotion to all the tenets of content that his oath shall be unkept on a turn will divide or thin them, for a minor not break our bonds of affection. The myst that platform of principles upon which he The Wilmington (N. C.) Herald save

> solemn fact that war is inevitable. The Richmond Whig declare "that the policy indicated therein towards the sece-The closing scenes of Congress were in- dang States will meet with the stern and

> > Virginia, Mr. Lincoln's policy can hardly fail, under all the attendant circumtion of the Convention will advocate a con sultation with Kentucky, Tennessee, and the view of bringing in Pennsylvania. New Jersey, Ohio, Illinois and Indiana, -and such parts of New York as will construe the

The Inaugural does not satisfy the border tures of the States for confirmation or re-Slave States, and the opinion is everywhere The Alexandria, Va., Gazette (a strong the only portion, of all the various propo- Union journal,) regards the Inaugural as

inclined to think it is conciliatory.

fere, within any State, with the domestic North American, a leading Republican paper, in its death. premises. It says:

> "We find him (Lincoln) surrounded by noisy and impatient declaimers and trading politicians, who care not one jot or tittle for the country, so they may get office! We say that this is a sorry sight. Apart from the serious damage to our best-nay,

even to our commonest interests at this crisis, there is something inexpressibly sad in conplaces displayed a more othous character than it understanding of things at the present. now does, for it shows to what point the ferocity of selfishness has attained."

Messrs. Crawford, Forsythe, and Roman, the Commissioners from the Southern Confederacy, are in Washington. Will Dr. was a man of talent and energy. an to do with the South Carolina Commis- Montgomery county, Pa., last week, while

It was stated a few days ago that President Buehanan had pardoned Judge mee, convicted of murdering his wife, has Vondersmith, the land warrant forger, of been sent to the penitentiary for twelve YEATS. Lancaster. A later despatch says:

Philadelphia, March 5.-Full pardon was not granted to Judge Vondersmith, as at ton correspondent of the Baltimore Ston first understood. His term of imprisonment writes that it is now ascertained that Mr. The Democrate of Northampton

by the Republicans in the House. Except county, at a meeting held at Easton on Pri- Of course, it is only a matter of taste how a the Sunbury and Erie bill and for the re-

Spring Elections.

On Friday next, the elections for Borough and Township Officers will take place,-These elections, always important, are peculiarly so now. Let good men be put forward, and let there be a full turn out to elect them. Should the true friends of the them, the coming month, in a musical way. country fail to do this, the regicals of the We are really to have a first-class concert Opposition may construe it as an endorse in Gettysburg, on the 4th of April next, the ment of their destructive policy. No rebuke is so terrible to fanaticism as that of fact that Mrs. Mozart, whose reputation is the polls. Democrats, rally to your borough world-wide, has positively promised to be here. and township elections!

## Democratic Reaction.

held in the State last week indicate decided and the success which promises to attend it, gains for the Democracy. Montgomery is surprising. We have not time for parcoursy elects 7 Democratic and 3 Republiticulars, but will refer to the matter again. The inauguration of Abraham Livcoln, as can Supervisors; last year 3 Democrats and The number of tickets issued will be limit-President of the United States, took place 7 Republicans. Chemung county, 5 Demo-ed to the capacity of the church edifice in Washington, on Monday. He was at- crats and 5 Republicans. The Democratic (College Church) in which it will be heldtended from his lodgings at Willard's Hogain in these ten towns is about 500 votes. so that those who may secure tickets may tel to the Capitol by ex-President Buchanan, Steuben county, 10 Democrats and 1 Re- be sure of being made comfortable. The LAUGHLIN-both of this place. and by a large concourse of military and publican; last year, 11 Republicans. These surplus fund is to be given to the Church. citizens. The oath of office was administer- all towns last year gave 778 Republican maed by Chief Justice Taxxy, and everything jority. Fulton county, 5 Democrats and 5 "the printer," as well as for other people. passed off without accident and to the satis- Republicans same as last year. Broome We have a (to us) heavy payment to make craft, knows what is due the "dignity of the faction of all who witnessed the proceedings. county elects 6 Democratic Supervisors. In on the coming "moving day," and the fact For the first time, a President of the Binghamton the average Democratic ma-that our purse is yet far, far short of the rettance upon one wedged me, not usunting that the partnership will be mutually agreeable bey placed in the platform for my acceptance, as a law to themselves and to me, the clear and emphatic resolution which I now and affections.

Chief Magistrate derives all his authority and affections.

Chief Magistrate derives all his authority and affections.

See accoung to the new implied as contained under isting, and with a view and a hope of a such a provision to be new implied as contained under isting, and with a view and a hope of a such a provision to be new implied as contained under isting, and with a view and a hope of a such a provision to be new implied as contained under isting, and with a view and a hope of a such a provision to be new implied as contained under isting, and with a view and a hope of a such a provision to be new implied as contained under isting, and with a view and a hope of a such a provision to be new implied as contained under jority is 115. In Middletown the Demo-paceful solution of the National troubles, stitutional law, I have no objection to its.

United States has been inaugurated under jority is 115. In Middletown the Demo-paceful solution of the National troubles, stitutional law, I have no objection to its.

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United States has been inaugurated under jority is 115. In Middletown the Demo-paceful solution of the National troubles, stitutional law, I have no objection to its.

United States has been inaugurated

this State, carried the day, on the 28th ult., electing their entire ticket, except in three thing towns to meet the demands township, to Miss CATHARINE E. SHRODER, had 183 majority.

Wheatland on Wednesday last. He, with single instance in which a plainly written the people retain their virtue and vigilance ble of different constructions. Some think provision of the Constitution has ever been no administration by any extreme of wickit means peace, whilst others with equal, if anytons to do honor to an old nublic ser-logignated.

> will be accorded him by all good men. ed" the (bmpiler by publishing Lincoln's Mr. Finner, of Milton, to become their

The fools are not all dead yet. Lincoln's specches have "annoyed" nobody so much as his own political friends—one of them biguous; and we fear the Republicans, even even so greatly "annoying" the Abolitionon a much as to any other.

To the proposition then that slaves, and a firm reliance on Him who tions. Coercion could not have been put in publishing it. Though it was delivered at publishing it. Though it was delivered at the capital of the great Republican State of My 1 5 13 12 12 is a county in Iowa. tion to the field is veiled under the most Ohio to thousands, and has elicited more general comment than any other of his with nearly equal unanimity frame and questions of this class spring all our Consti- men, and not in mine, is the momentous is—
The New York Journal Commerce thinks "efforts," the Star has thus far been religious a law by means of which to keep good futional controversies, and we divide upon sue of civil war; the government will not the address will fail to accomplish that that unanimous oath. There is some different must be "some assail you; you can have no conflict without great with of every patriotic heart—the res-

dered it can be of but of little consequence the one side or the other. If a minori- it. I am loth to close. We are not enemies gural as indicative of the determination mise," "no concession to traitors," has been My 8.7.5 is something used on railfounds. to him or to others, by which authority it is by in such case will secode rather than ac- but friends. We must not be enemies.— to enforce the laws. It says that Mr. Lin- removed from the head of the editorial columns of the New York Tribune; and of course its followers, far and near, follow suit. The mischief, however, is accomplish "There is no mitigation of Lincoln's fa-ed. The Crittenden Compromise, which has been defeated by the leaders-not the masses of the Republican party.

The Albany Argus says: The oppo- 1848. nents of conciliation at the North-the "no compromise, no concession" Republicans of the Tribune (and we add, of the Nur) midnight, met again on Sunday evening, ural, while the Democratic papers consider school—now stand on the same platform purpose to constructhe Constitution or laws in restraint by constitutional checks and and continued in session until seven o'clock it certain to cause the secession of the bor- with the secessionists of the South. The extremes meet. Both resolutely resist the concessions of opinion, the modification of WASHINGTON, March 5.—The greatest an-ultra views, the spirit of conciliation, neces-

An Irrepressible Conflict.—A portion of the stances, to precipitate secession; but a por-Republicans at Chicago, favorable to concession and compromise, undertook to hold North Carolina, in regard to the forms- a meeting one night last week, to rebuke tion of a Central State Confederacy, with the Chicago Tribune for its abuse of Mr. Seward and others, but the friends of the paper rallied and broke up the meeting .--Constitution as the Supreme Court ex. This internal conflict in the Republican 3 times 10, or 30 years. A's. age 30 and party grows more bitter daily.

The Louisville Courier remarks that the Philadelphia manufacturers who, be fore the election, discharged all those workmen who refused to vote for Lincoln, are discharging all those who did vote for him.

The Albany Argus thinks the Republican party has shown itself unequal to

The pressure upon Lincoln for office the emergency and the only way it can rea'-

Wigfall contended that it does. We trust every one of our readers

will peruse the "Chapter of History," on our first page, taken from the Pennsylvanian. It is sometimes necessary to recur to the "But now !- NEVER has the seeking after history of the past, in order to get a correct

ing week, of hemorrhage of the lungs. The

deranged. At Norristown, Pa., Bernard McNa-

The Flight of Mr. Lincoln.- The Washing-Lincoln did not arrive in Beltimore in the passenger train from Philadelphia but that he traveled either in the freight train or in the freight car of Adams & Co.'s Express.senseless timidity.

Focal Items.

WHAT ENTERPRISE CAN DO .- It gives us pleasure to be able to inform our the youngest an infant, dying last, readers, that there is a rich treat in store for character of which may be inferred from the The "Quaver Club"—an amateur associa- such Bank, so beware of them. tion of our town—has this affair under their As far as heard from the town elections charge. The enterprise is commendable.

instances, where they were defeated by the upon me and processing the state of Straban township.

At Wareham's Hotel, on the 4th inst., by the running of volunteers. Last fall Lincoln before resorting to any other. Those in arrears would do us a special favor by paying Miss HANNAH A. SHEELY, both of the vicini-Ex-President Buchanan returned to up before the first of April. Those at a disty of Petersburg, Adams county.

On the 9th of Jan., by the Rev. A. L. Guss,

a large escort, was conveyed by a special FIRE IN THE COUNTRY.—The large train, on Tuesday afternoon, to Beltimore, Saidle Tree and Plating Shop of John where eight or ten thousand persons had Carss, Eq., about 21 miles east of this place, assembled, at the depot, to greet him. He consumed by fire on Tuesday morning, remained in the city over night, and in the consumed by fire on Tuesday morning, The fire broke out up about 8 o'clock. The fire broke out up a second of John Saidler, near Knox-ville, Adams county.—At the residence of J. L. Sadler, near Knox-ville, Ill., at 8 o'clock, A. M., on Thursday, Feb. 21st, 1801, by the Rev. O. W. Falland, Mr. WM. T. ROBINSON, one of the Knoxville Republican, to Mass MARTHA I. B. SADLER, formerly of York Springs, Adams morning took another special train for York, about 8 o'clock. The fire broke out up county, Pa. escorted by the Baltimore City Guards and stairs, whilst some of the hands were enAt the same time and place, by the same, Mr.
a number of civilians, the whole filling four gaved at work below. His loss is about GEO, F. SMITH to Miss CLEMENTINE M. SADa number of civilians, the whole filling four gaged at work below. His loss is about LER, formerly of York Springs, Adams county, cars. At York, and then at Lancaster, he \$900—three hundred of which is govered by and all now of Knox ville, Knox county, Ill. was received by large civic and military insurance in the Adams County Insurance By the flev. E. Hoffheins, on the 14th of Feb.,

His public acts will stand the test of time, We have no particulars.

At a Congregational meeting of the county, to Miss AGNES J. SNYDER, of Heid-Prosbyterian Church in this place, on Monday lersburg. The Sur declares that it has "annoy- last, a unanimous call was extended to Rev. Postor.

> A beautiful Tame Deer will be shot for, in this place, on Saturday next. For the Compiler.

GEOGRAPHICAL ENIGMA. I am composed of 14 letters. 10 3 2 10 is a town in Pennsylvania 4 3 13 14 is a mountain in Missouri.

8 7 5 5 is a county in Illinois. 2 10 11 6 is one of the United States. 1 7 9 6 is a town in Arabia. My whole was the greatest of English G. L. H. U.

For the Compiler. AN ENIGMA-composed of 12 characters. 3 6 5 is a nuisance.

12 10 11 1 2 is a State of the Union. 7 3 4 is well-known to card players. 1 6 5 4 is what physicians are expected, 29 4 is a luxury in August. 1 2 3 4 5 12 is the name of a great

philosopher and statesman of Rome. 5 20 4 is an article of food. My whole is the name of a notorious Ronan revolutionist in the troublous times of

cal Problems in last week's Compiler: No. 1: State thus-15: 100::3: 20 ans.

(5x3)=10 the number broken.

No. 3: Mental Problem Analytically three times B's. age now, x 10 years, will sever. A's., and once B's., now x 10 years will=B's; but A's, age at that time is twice B's; hence 2 times (B's, now x 10) which is twice B's.x 20-3 times B's. x 10, therefore 3 times B's... now.-2 B's., now which is B's, at present time, equals 20-710, or 10 years, and A's. is B's. 10 years, respectively. No. 4: 618

Each way 15. Apswer to last week's Enigma Order is heaven's first law."

Faithful Ministers of Health .- In examining the vessels at the various wharves we find among the curiosities of our commerce the brig Miranda, just in from Truxillo with a cargo of Honduras Sarsaparilla for Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., of Lowell. So particular are this firm as to the articles used in compounding their various remedies, that they have ULIVER FRANKLIN, aged 13 years 5 months In the United States Senate, the this drug, like some others they consume, and 7 days; and on the 1st of March, GEORGE other day, Mr. Douglas expressed the opinion that President Lincoln's Inaugural does their own in the tropical regions of its growth. lin township.

"Sweet spirits! if your siry sleep other day, Mr. Douglas expressed the opin-gathered for them by a skillful agent of of this plant, but two of which are really valuable in medicine; the qualities of these are also affected by the time of gathering, mode of curing, etc., operations which in that region of unreliable workmen imposes a heavy labor upon him. One of the inert varieties of Sarsaparılla grows wild in our own forests, while several others, nearly Dr. Diffenbach, President of the Ir. worthless, abound in Central and South Amring College, at Manchester, Carroll county, erica. The intelligent agent assures us that Md., died very suddenly on Saturday morn- the virtues of this drug had never been fully told, and that the reason of the low esteem in which many hold it is mainly due Rev. A. Hoffman, of the German to the importation of such immense quanti-Reformed Church, committed suicide in ties of the worthless varieties. His accounts OF GOODS remaining in handle of Assignee, Montgomery county, Pa., last week, while of his trips to Honduras and his business consisting of Satinets, Tweeds, Jeans, Checks, deranged. excursions along the Gulf of Dulce and the Remnants of Muslin, Calico, &s.
rivers of Montagua and Santiago and among LAST NOTICE is also hereby given to all the adjacent mountains were of intense inhis employers for the faithfulness and ener-will be added. W. A. DUNCAR, gy with which they execute their trust as ministers to the public health, and we suspect that this course is at least one of the reasons why their medicines are held in such extraordinary favor throughout the civilized world.—New York City News.

> Life has few charnis for the Dyspeptic, which is not to be wondered at, when we take into account the amount of bodily suf-

Seven Deaths in a Family.- A family namd Pate, residing in Spotsylvania county, Va., near the Orange county line, has lost seven children by diptheria within the last three weeks. The father and mother have thus been bereft of their entire offspring,

A new counterfeit, of a dangerous character, is in circulation. It is on the Wyoming Bank of Wilkesbarre, of the de-

nomination of \$10. A large amount of bills, purporting to be of the Beverly Bank, Beverly, New Jersey, are now in circulation. There is no

Lincoln's Soliloguy at Harrisbury .-He who speaks and runs away.

Will live to speak another day. Lieut. Col. G. W. Lay, of Virginia, Aid-de-Camp to Gen. Scott, has resigned.

## MARRIED.

On Tuesday last, by the Rev. J. R. Warner, Col. CHARLES X. MARTIN to Miss MARY H.

We acknowledge "the dollar" from the happy couple, which accompanied the marriage notice. The groom having been one of the

Mr. JOHN A. MILLER, of Cleversburg, to Miss

James' Chirch, by the Rev. J. R. Keiser, Mr. DAVID BLUEBAUGH, of Scot'and, Franklin

DIED.

At East Berlin, on Saturday week, Mr. D \\ ID HOLLINGER, age 1 68 years.
At Bechanictown, Md., on the 3d inst., Mr.
HENRY HERR, formerly of this place, aged 28
years and 9 days. His remains were interred in that place on Tuesday. The funeral wasone of the largest ever had there. The Odd fellows, of which Order he was a member, turned out in full regulis on the occasion. Peace to

On the 4th inst., Mr. JOHN S. BOYER, of Butler township, aged 27 years 3 months and On the 26th ult., in Hamilton township, at the residence of her sou-in-law, George Jacobs, of Samuel, Mrs. CATHARINE ALTLAND, con sort of Jacob Altlanu, aged 82 years 10 months

and 27 days.
On the 10th of January last, in Buchanan Valley, Mrs. EMILY DILLON, wife of Peter Dillon, and daughter of George Black, deceased, aged 20 years 8 months and 7 days. In Hilltown, on the 27th ult., GEORGE SENTMAN, son of Martin M. Miller, aged 18

years I mouth and I day. On the 7th inst., in SEPHINE CECELIA, daugnter of Jeremiah Tawney, aged 10 years 6 months and 5 days.

Communicated.
On the 4th inst., HANNAH MARGARET. eldest daughter of John G. and Rose Auna Gilbert, of Straban township, aged 13 years 6 mouths and 20 days. Dear Hannah Margaret was a beloved daughter. She loved her na-Answers and Solutions to Mathemati- her friends and associates. She was the joy of her parents' hearts, but how transitory are all earthly joys. Her death has left a vacuum in the little mully circle of which she was an in-No. 2: 60x\$0.03x\$1.80, had none been teresting member, and the clods of the valley broken. \$1.80-\$1.00=\$0.80 then \$0.80 :- now cover her remains. Sweet dear, thou art gone and left this troublesome world. We mourn not without hope; our loss is thy eternal gain. We think of thee as having gone solved-by the first condition of the problem, on before to that happy home to which we are 3 times B's, age-A's, age, and, in 10 years, hastening; that in a few days or years at the farthest, we shall be requited, never more to

> DEATH OF A SCHOLAR.
> The following lines were written in coffmemoration of the death of HANNAH MARGARET GILBERT, who was one of my scholars. She was indeed a lovely child: In our pleasant little circle.

There is now a vacant seat; One young heart that throbbed in gladness Now for mye has ceased to beat. She was peaceful and lovely, Gentle as an evening mild, But from earth to scenes of glory God removed his ransomed child. On her little angel forchead, Is the coronet of love, While her harp and tongue are trilling Sings to swell the choir above. Though we miss you in our circle. Though our hearts are sad and sore,

When the storms of life are o'er. Hunterstown, March, 1861. Communicated. On the 23d of Jan., JOHN CALVIN, aged 6 years 6 months and 7 days; on the 22d of Feb. WASHINGTON, aged 8 years 8 months and 12 days-sons of Wm. and Anna Hahn, of Frank-

Though you've left us, we will greet thee,

See not our tears, nor hear our sighs,

Oh! we will weep, in sorrow weep, Till the last heart's-drop fills our eyes. The beam of morn was on the stream; But sullen clouds the day deform Ye were, indeed, that morning beam

And death, sias ! that sullen storm. Ye were not formed for living-here, For ye were kindred with the sky; But still we held you all so dear, We thought ye were not formed to die."

Anction ND NOTICE.—The Assignee of Jacon A REININGER'S estate will sell at Public

Auction, at Reininger's Tailor-shop, in Gettysburg, on Saturday Evening, March 13, the STOCK Jacob Reininger will, at the same and place, dispose of the residue of Tanay NADE CLOTHING, retained by him which the

Exemption Law. [March 11, 1961. Assignee's Notice,

THE undersigned, having been appointed As-signee, under a deed of trust fouthe beneat of creditors, of GRORGE HAGARMAN WAS WEEK, nt of creditors, of GROGE MARKER 1988 WORD, of Mountpleasant township, Adams bounty, notice is hereby given to all persons knowing themselves indebted to said Assigners to make immediate population to the understigned, spriding in the same township, and those hering claims assign the same to immediate than

ting in the mane toward, the claims against the same to properly antiquelicated for attlement.

GROUNDER, HACOMMAN.