THE COMPILER.

D. S. STABLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

MONDAY MORNING, NOV. 12, 1860.

The Result in the County.

The election of Tuesday last was probably attended with less excitement in this county than any previous Presidential election. The result we annex, officially:

	Reading Ticket.	Lincoln & Hamlin.	Straight Douglas.	Bell and Everett.
Gettysburg,	315	393	4	10
Littlestown,	160	114		13
Oxford,	143	100		1
York Springs,	164	439	1	1
Millerstown,	221	278	6	4
Berlin,	163	88		
Menallen,	70	216		1
Huntersteown,	181	135		1
Franklin,	204	186		1
Cumbo,	124	41		1
Heidlersburg,	72	104		
Mountjoy,	107	114		
Mountpleasant,	242	68		
Reading,	152	108		
Berwick bor.,	30	52		1
Freedom,	45	60		2
Union,	134	53		
Butler,	94	139		2
Berwick tp.,	65	41		
	2676	2724	13	38

Lincoln's maj. over Reading ticket, 48.
Majority for Democratic and Bell tickets over Lincoln, 3.

It will be seen that whilst the Republican vote is only about 50 less than at the October election, the Democratic vote falls off about 200. This was caused by the depression existing among Democrats on account of having two candidates in the field and the heavy Opposition majority at the Governor's election. Many justified themselves in remaining away from the polls upon the plea that there was no use in going—the election was lost anyhow,—and others because they could not vote directly for one or other of the Democratic candidates. Take it all in all, however, the Democrats did as well in this as in any other county of the Commonwealth, and we congratulate them on the rally they made under the unfavorable circumstances. With but one Democratic candidate, Lincoln's Abolitionism would have been rebuked "to the tune" of at least 300.

The figures given above we take from the result as arrived at by the Return Judges on Friday last. Whilst the Black Republican electoral ticket was voted "clean," the Reading ticket was considerably "cut," in some cases Breckinridge and in others Douglas electors being erased. Because of this, the aggregate vote for the Reading ticket is less than the number of Democrats who voted it; but how much no one can tell, and therefore the result cannot be taken as any test of party strength, even throwing out of view the depression in our ranks already alluded to. The Opposition were confident of carrying the county by from three to four hundred—some of their estimates were even more extravagant. But they were disappointed—and they will be more so a year hence. Democrats, keep in line! The reign of Black Republicanism in the country will be short—and it will be a glorious privilege to assist in wiping it out, with all its nefarious principles.

A Word in Season.

The elections over, we shall be able again to present in the *Compiler* a general variety of reading matter, calculated to please whilst it may instruct. We shall endeavor to make all its departments satisfactory, and expecially to the home circle, that it may be a welcome visitor at every fireside in the county.

We had hoped to present the *Compiler* to-day in an improved dress, having purchased a very beautiful font of type for that purpose; but, owing to the neglect of a forwarding house at Philadelphia, they failed to reach us in time. They are now on hand, however, and will be used in our next issue.

We have another announcement to make—of much moment to us individually—and that is: *we must have money.* Our expenses are at all times heavy, whilst our receipts are often, for months, light. To enable us to make both meet, delinquent patrons, and "their name is legion," must pay up. We cannot afford to supply subscribers year after year with our paper, without receiving something from them, towards keeping up the labor, type, paper, ink, &c., which the office constantly requires. Every reasonable man will concede that whilst our issues are prompt and regular, payments on the part of our patrons should be ditto. These remarks, of course, do not apply to such as "remember the printer" yearly, for to them many thanks are due. We can well say of each of them, "a friend in need is a friend indeed."

A large majority of our distant subscribers are tardy. This should not be so. They have, nineteen-twentieths of them, the means to pay promptly, and the mails are safe. May we not hope that they will respond to this call immediately. Money may be mailed in registered letters at our risk.

To subscribers in the county, the holding of the Court here next week, will afford many opportunities to remit us money. Let such as may not come themselves, send with their neighbors. The demands upon us are at this time unusually heavy. Friends, give us a CODE LIFT.

☞ Our campaign subscribers will receive one more number. We should like to retain them all as permanent patrons, and especially as we are about incurring considerable expense in the purchase of new type, &c.—Friends, continue your names.

Negro Suffrage to be tested in Congress.—In the Sixteenth Congressional District of Ohio, Cutler, Republican, was elected by sixty four majority over Jewett, Democrat. In a large number of precints negroes voted the Republican ticket, and in consequence the Democratic candidate was defeated. The Republican Republicans intimate that the election will be contested.

[illegible]'s Counterfeit Detector" [illegible] "lives" on the West[illegible] of Philadelphia. Over five thousand [illegible] notes of this description have [illegible] and well engraved, and [illegible] in circulation.

[illegible] the spoils will now commence—and such a fight as it will be, of the kind, the world has never yet seen.

Effect of Lincoln's Election.

Threatening State of Affairs at the South.

The South Carolina Legislature is in session, debating measures for secession from the Union, because of the (sectional) triumph of Lincoln. A despatch from Columbia, the capital of the State, says:

A State Convention will be called and secession is certain. The election of delegates will probably be ordered on the 4th of December, and the convention will meet on the 17th. Messrs. Boyce, Bonham and Keitt urged the call of a convention and immediate action.

Charleston, Nov. 6.—James Conner, U. S. District Attorney, has resigned; Mr. Colcock, collector of the port, and Mr. Jacobs, deputy collector, have notified the President of their resignations. All the federal officers declare their intention to resign on the inauguration of Lincoln.

Charleston, Nov. 8.—The bark James Gray owned by the Messrs. Cushing, of Boston, now lying at our wharves, to-day, under instructions from the owners, hoisted the "Palmetto flag," firing at the same time a salute of fifteen guns.

Columbia, Nov. 8.—The Speaker of the House last night received a dispatch from Virginia, tendering the service of a volunteer corps to South Carolina in the event of her seceding.

Governor Brown has convened the Georgia Legislature. In his message he says:

"For the purpose of putting the State in a defensive condition as fast as possible, and preparing for an emergency which must be met sooner or later, I recommend that the sum of *one million dollars* be immediately appropriated as a military fund for the ensuing year, and that prompt provision be made for raising such a portion of the money as may not be in the treasury as fast as the public expenditures require. Millions for defence—not one cent for tribute, should be the future motto of the Southern States!

To every demand for a further concession or compromise of our rights, we should reply:—'The argument is exhausted, and we now stand on our arms'."

It is said that Mississippi, Alabama and Louisiana will also secede. Men of all parties favor it. So much for the triumph of a Northern sectional party.

Charleston, Nov. 8.—The State Rights flag was raised at the Mercury office at noon yesterday, with tremendous cheers from thousands who had congregated in the vicinity of that office.

Mr. Pressly, the sub treasurer here, has resigned. Judge McGrath, of the United States Court, who resigned yesterday, was serenaded last evening. About five thousand persons were present.

Several "lone stars" flags were raised in various places to-day. Mr. Spratt is now addressing a crowd of several thousand at the Charleston Hotel. One hundred guns were fired at Columbus, Georgia, on the reception of the news of the resignation of the Charleston federal officers.

Norfolk, Nov. 8.—Over six hundred Minute Men have been enrolled in this city and Portsmouth already. The number will soon reach one thousand.

Ex-Gov. Wise has been elected commander in chief of a large body of Minute Men in Princess Anne.

☞ The triumph of Abolitionism, in the election of Lincoln, has, probably, nowhere been hailed with more delight by that party than here. They were on Wednesday really *frantic* with joy, especially several of the Post-office expectants. It was their time to crow, and they *did*—as, of course, *they* had a right to.

In the evening their kettle of bliss boiled over. Messrs. C. X. Martin, D. McConaughy & Co., led fifteen or twenty Wide Awakes, or Wade Awikes, around town, and treated our citizens to numerous funny exhibitions of their deep gratification, including a variety of noises—plain and mingled—harmonious and otherwise, the "otherwise" rather preponderating. They had a high time of it around the pump in front of our office. At this point they did their best.—They marched around it—around and around,—as though determined to force the pump to wilt, "dry up," by their yells and thumps. But to no purpose. The pump maintained its position with all imaginable gravity, as though it did not know that Lincoln was elected and the Wade Awikes were enacting a high fandango in its presence. In the end, the pump, by merely maintaining its indifference, triumphed. The enemy became fatigued and retired—leaving the pump erect and unscathed. The next night another party, if possible more rowdyish than the other, made a second onslaught, but with no better effect. The pump "still lives!"—and promises to withstand a thousand such attacks.

"So far as the *Star* is concerned, it has been our purpose throughout both contests to deal justly with all men, and unhesitatingly to uphold the truth when the country and our principles were at stake. Aside from these we had no other object to effect, and if we have given offence to any in striving for the good of our country by the triumph of our principles, it was an offence growing out of the sensitiveness of those whom we opposed, and not from an intention on our part to wound the feelings of any man."—*Star.*

☞ We make this extract from the last *Star* simply to show, for the hundredth time, how unblushingly impudent the managers of that concern are. The country would be hunted over in vain to find a more outrageously unfair and abusive sheet than the *Star*, and yet its editors, with Pharisaical brazen-faceness, pretend that they "deal justly with all men." After publishing all manner of slanders against Democratic candidates and hunting them down with hound-like ferocity—after meanly parading the private affairs of private individuals in their columns, for no other reason than that they are Democrats—the managers, fearing that the effects of their high-handed course may recoil upon themselves, now that the election is over cautingly declare they "did n't mean it!" The hypocrisy of the *Star* is as reprehensible as its abusiveness.

We advise Democrats to preserve late copies of the *Star* until the next election. They may serve a good purpose when Opposition candidates approach Democrats for their votes. Stick the insults in the *Star* at them!

☞ The election here on Tuesday passed off very quietly—no excitement or confusion. Several hours after the closing of the polls, a fracas occurred at Henich's lager beer house, among several Germans, resulting in rather severe wounds—but all of which would have been avoided, Germans on both sides say, had it not been for the rushing in of a number of Repoblicans not Germans. The *Star's* insinuation that it was caused by "Democratic bullies" has not a particle of foundation in truth. Another evidence of the unparalleled meanness of that sheet.

Garrison Sees the End.—The Abolitionist Garrison has sent a letter congratulating the Anti-Slavery Society on the auspicious signs of the times, and closing with these words of encouragement: "But all this is the sign that *the end is rapidly approaching.* Peacefully or by a bloody process, the oppressed will eventually obtain their freedom, and nothing can prevent it."

Democratic Meetings.

MOUNT VERNON.—The Democrats of Mountpleasant met in large numbers at Mount Vernon School-house, on Friday evening week. The meeting was organized as follows:

President, W. H. LOTT, Esq.

Vice Presidents, F. M. Buddy, Capt. A. Little, Alovsius Eckenrode, David Sneeringer, Joseph Kuhn, David Nary, John McMaster, John Felix.

Secretaries, B. F. Hagarman, Peter K. Smith, Joseph Spangler, Alfred F. Slonaker, Joseph Hemler, Jr.

Speeches were made by Hon. MOSES McCLEAN and H. J. STABLE, when the meeting adjourned in fine spirits, with hearty cheers.

HEIDLERSBURG.—On Saturday evening following, a Democratic meeting was had at Heidlersburg, at the house of John Eckenrode. Notwithstanding the bad weather and worse roads, the turn-out was excellent. A large delegation from Hampton attended, with martial music and flags. They were received with great enthusiasm. The following gentlemen were chosen officers:

President, JAMES N. PITTENTURF, Esq.

Vice Presidents, Jacob B. Miller, Robert M. Dicks, Samuel Delap, John Lynch, Levi Raffensperger, Jacob Bowers, Emanuel Neidich, Samuel Thomas, Daniel S. Diehl, Frederick Pillard, Jeremiah Slaybaugh, Jno. McMaster, George Starry.

Secretaries, Solomon Miller, J. Peter Miller, Samuel Weigle, Jacob C. Pittenturf, Robert Elliot, Wm. Trimmer, Isaac Slaybaugh, Stephen Heinard, Jacob Kennedy.

J. C. NEELY, Esq., and H. J. STABLE addressed the meeting at some length—after which, adjourned, with "three times three" for the "good old cause," warmly given.

HAMPTON.—A grand rally came off at Hampton on Monday evening. Reading, Hamilton, Straban, Oxford, the Berwicks, and other districts, were represented, some of them largely. Delegations, with music, flags, and wreaths, came in from all quarters.—Dicks's hotel was splendidly illuminated, each of the fifteen front windows containing six tapers, and each taper encircled by a wreath. Mr. Chronister's residence was also beautifully illuminated, whilst across Carlisle street floated a large flag, with a number of splendid wreaths. The decorations were creditable to the ladies and all others concerned in getting them up. The officers of the meeting were:

President, JOHN RUPP.

Vice Presidents, John Henry Myers, John Lynch, Col. J. J. Kuhn, Samuel Miller, John Laydom, Thomas N. Dicks, Samuel Heinerd, Wm. N. Sanders, Dr. D. M. C. White, Abraham Chronister, George Slyder, Solomon Chronister, Frederick Wolf, A. K. Stoner, Lewis Kuhn, Joseph H. Shireman.

Secretaries, Levi Chronister, Henry Albert, Stephen Heinerd, Philip A. Myers, H. Bitner, James Dicks, Samuel Warner, John Delone, Samuel Brown, Jeremiah Slaybaugh, Charles E. Kuhn, Hamilton W. Kinz, Daniel Thomas, Nathan Miller, Francis Orndorff, Emanuel Neidich, Jacob Philips.

Speeches were made by Dr. D. S. PEFFER, A. DELONE, Esq., Hon. MOSES MCCLEAN, and Mr. J. DELONE, all of which were well received, eliciting frequent applause. Adjourned with cheers.

CORWELL'S.—On the same evening, a large and enthusiastic Democratic meeting was had at Geo. A. Corwell's, in Franklin township. Organized as follows:

President, SAMUEL GINGAMAN.

Vice Presidents, John Lippincott, Silas McClure, Wm. Kane, Conrad Thomas, Wesley J. Lott, George Andrew, Thomas Ball, John McKenrick.

Secretaries, George Guy, Wm. Shingledecker, David Deardorff, Lewis Carbaugh, John Ball, Uriah Powell, Isaac Lauver.

W. A. DUNCAN, Esq., Dr. W. C. STEM and H. J. STABLE made speeches, after which, adjourned, with shouts for the cause and the ticket.

A Democratic meeting was also held at Will's hotel, in this Borough—Capt. ROBERT MCCURDY presiding. E. B. BUEHLER and J. C. NEELY, Esqs., addressed the meeting at some length. J. J. HERRON, Esq., also made a few remarks.

COMMUNICATED.

EDITOR COMPILER:—I noticed in the last *Star*, that a number of meetings were held, and one at Hunter's School House, by the Black Republicans, on Tuesday evening last. Well, that is so, but not in respectable numbers, as the *Star* has it; for the whole crowd amounted to 13 Republicans and 5 Democrats, all told. It was in Liberty township, and the people "took liberty," for their President, Mr. Christian Overholtzer, after taking his seat, wished to be excused for a few moments, so out he popped and made tracks for home, declaring that he felt ashamed, and never returned to the meeting. After waiting for some time for his return, the first speaker, D. A. Buehler, proceeded to address the empty chair and a few people, the number given above. Then followed Mr. Cover, and a third who had fallen asleep, suddenly arose, rubbing his eyes, and bellowing out, "*guess it is time that we take a drink,*" and that ended the performance for the evening. These are facts, for I have them from several present, and from the President himself.—Such, no doubt, was the result with other meetings. I could name better things of meetings that previously met, but as the election is over, I will say nothing more at present, but remain, Yours truly,

Nov. 5, 1860. LIBERT

☞ Those benevolent individuals, the vendors of Lottery Tickets, are at present engaged in distributing their *confidential* circulars, with a liberal hand. We hope none of our readers will be verdant enough to allow themselves to be victimized by these land-sharks. Do you think, asked one gentleman of another the other day, after perusing one of these circulars, do you think I would stand any chance of drawing a prize in case I gave this a trial? About as much chance, was the reply, as you do of being struck by lightning between now and the first of next March. The gentleman had probably taken a sly peep at the elephant, and spoke from experience.

Col. Curtin's Inauguration.—It is contemplated to have a grand Wide-Awake parade at the Capital of the State on the occasion of Col. Curtin's inauguration as Governor, to be participated in by all the cubs in the State. —*Carlisle American.*

The inauguration is "to be participated in by all the *cubs* in the State," eh? And these "cubs," no doubt, will nearly all be in a state of famishment, and will yelp vociferously for a suck at the "public teat." But, Col. CURTIN is good at killing dogs, and no doubt he will be equally expert in despatching *cubs.* —*Volunteer.*

The Status of a Dead Man in Litigation.—The Supreme Court of Connecticut has a novel question to decide, arising in New London county. It is whether a man of one quarter African blood is white or colored.—If he is white he can vote, if he is colored he cannot be taxed. As the individual particularly concerned in this case is dead, we presume he don't care which privilege is adjudged to him, but the decision is of great importance to many, both North and South.

The Next Congress.

The next Congress, which will commence with the Lincoln Administration, is sure to contain a majority against the Republican party. The gains already made render this certain. The Democrats and Union men of New York have elected ten members certain and possibly eleven. In the present Congress there are but four reliable Democrats from New York. This gain is of itself enough to up-set the Republican majority in the present House; but we have already gained several members in Pennsylvania and Ohio.—BURLINGAME in Massachusetts and Mr. Speaker PENNINGTON in New Jersey, are also beaten—both Republican losses. The Republicans may have gained several members in the Western States—but our gains are more than sufficient to cover any possible losses in that quarter. The anti-Republican majority in the next House will range somewhere between ten and twenty votes.

The shelving of Burlingame in Massachusetts is a severe blow to the Republicans—and equally unexpected. Burlingame was so confident of his election that he wandered off into this State to make stump speeches for CURTIN. He returned to his own district too late to retrieve his failing fortunes. Col. CURTIN very magnanimously made a pilgrimage to Boston, where he spoke in behalf of Burlingame; but it would not do. The fighting man of the Republican party could not fight his own way through.

The loss of Pennington in New Jersey is another sore calamity to the triumphant Republican party. The very Captain of Congress is struck down in the seat it cost so much patient endurance to obtain.

Not only will Mr. Lincoln go into office with both branches of Congress against him, but Mr. John W. Forney will be compelled to vacate the Clerkship, which he obtained as the reward of apostacy. The race of bogus Democratic Congressmen is about extinct and with them all Forney's political stock in trade.—*Patriot & Union.*

The Result in Pennsylvania.

The majority for LINCOLN in this State will probably foot up some 70,000—although no one cares about searching for particulars.—There was a great falling off in the aggregate vote for President, compared with the State election, when nearly 500,000 votes were polled. We would not be surprised if the total vote on the 6th inst. did not exceed 450,000. This falling off was principally upon the Democratic side. The large majority against FOSTER at the State election was generally regarded as settling the contest as far as Pennsylvania was concerned, and hence the apathy and indifference among Democrats. The mass of the Democratic vote of the State was cast for the Reading electoral ticket; but the Straight-out Douglas ticket was supported to a considerable extent by Douglas men. As there was no attempt at Democratic organization after the State election, and as the discussions in the party made a united rally impossible, it is not surprising that Lincoln carried the State by a huge majority.—*Patriot & Union.*

The Result.

The Washington *Constitution*, of Wednesday, says: From the returns which have reached us we are forced to the lamentable conclusion that Abraham Lincoln has been elected President of the United States from the 4th of next March.

We declare this opinion as to the eventful result of yesterday with sorrow which has no source in party defeat. The people of the Northern States, by an apparently overwhelming majority, have rendered their verdict on an issue fully made up, and after full deliberation, and that verdict says that they deny that fifteen States of the Union are entitled to equality in the Union; and that the future policy of the Federal Government shall be based on active deadly hostility to the South and her institutions. What the effect of that verdict, immediate or ultimate, will be, we do not intend to prophecy. We see in the immediate future gloom and storm, and much to chill the heart of every patriot in the land. We can understand the effect that will be produced in every Southern mind when he reads the news this morning—that he is now called on to decide for himself, his children, and his children's children whether he will submit tamely to the rule of one elected on account of his hostility to him and his, or whether he will make a struggle to defend his rights, his inheritance, and his honor.

The "Irrepressible Conflict" in New York.

Shocking Murder.—It is stated that intense excitement prevails throughout Orange county, N. Y., in consequence of the heartless and deliberate murder of Phineas T. Wood, Esq., a highly respectable resident of Goshen, by a black demon in human form, on Saturday evening week, for no other reason than that the unfortunate man was a union or fusion man, and therefore opposed to the hypocritical republican pretence of negro equality.—The N. York Express says:

A union meeting was held in the town on Saturday evening, and after the adjourment, most of the people having gone home, a gang of black ruffians, some fourteen or fifteen in number, made a furious attack upon a handful who remained in the public house where the meeting was held. The negroes being all stalwart, ferocious fellows, and outnumbering the whites, succeeded in dispersing the latter, leaving their marks on them in many a wound—the negroes remaining masters of the field. The news of the outrage spreading, the white men returned with fresh recruits and administered to the negroes a severe chastisement, after which everything was quiet.—This took place on Thursday evening. On Friday, one of the negroes, thirsting for revenge, paraded the streets of Goshen, with a rifle in his hand, saying he "was going to shoot a damned white democrat," and bawling out that "every democrat ought to have his throat cut." People thought he was not in earnest and did not mind his threats. The negro then, with his gun loaded to the muzzle, proceeded to his home, about three miles out of the village. At this time Mr. Wood happened to be coming along on his way to Goshen, seeing whom, the negro came out and deliberately leveled his gun at him. The gun missed fire, whereupon some words passd between Mr. Wood and his assailant, after which the latter, unheeding the remonstrances of the unhappy man, reprimed his gun, and shot Mr. Wood dead on the spot, the ball taking effect in the back of his head. The miscreant was subsequently arrested by the authorities and conveyed to prison.

Minute Men in the South.—We have received a printed copy of the constitution and by-laws adopted by the Minute Men of Edgefield, S. C., and which is the model generally adopted throughout the South. The main objects of the association are set forth in the preamble, as follows:

We, the undersigned, citizens of South Carolina, in view of the impending crisis necessarily incident upon the election of a Black republican to the presidency of these United States, and in view of our duties to our section, ourselves and our dearest interests, which must fall in the event of the triumph of northern fanaticism, hereby form ourselves into an association, under the name and style of "Minute Men," and do further solemnly pledge "our lives, our fortunes and our sacred honor," to sustain southern constitutional equality in the Union, or, failing that, to establish our independence out of it.

Sudden Death of an Old Defender.—Mr. Henry Koons, an old and respectable citizen of York, Pa., died suddenly on Saturday week. The Press says he had been complaining for some days, of a pain in the breast, and on Saturday evening visited Brant's saloon, where he suddenly fell to the floor and immediately expired. The immediate cause of his death is not known, but it is generally believed to be disease of the heart. Mr. Koons was a member of Capt. Michael H. Spangler's company, that marched in defence of Baltimore in the war of 1813.

☞ Why should potatoes grow better than any other vegetable? Because they have eyes to see what they are doing.

The General Result.

The following statement shows at a glance how the several States have cast their electoral votes.

The returns leave no doubt of the election of Abraham Lincoln, of Illinois, as President, and Hannibal Hamlin, of Maine, as Vice-President of the United States. The States named have cast their electoral votes as follows:

FOR LINCOLN.

Maine,	8
New Hampshire,	5
New York,	35
Massachusetts,	13
Rhode Island,	4
Connecticut,	6
Vermont,	5
Pennsylvania,	27
Ohio,	23
Indiana,	13
Michigan,	6
Illinois,	11
Wisconsin,	5
Iowa,	4
Minnesota,	4
	169

Only 152 votes are required to elect.

FOR BRECKINRIDGE.

Georgia,	10
North Carolina,	10
South Carolina,	8
Delaware,	3
Louisiana,	6
New Jersey, (fusion,)	2
Alabama,	9
Mississippi, (probably,)	6
Maryland,	8
Florida,	3
	65

FOR BELL.

Kentucky,	12
New Jersey, (fusion,)	2
	14

FOR DOUGLAS.

Missouri, (probably,)	9
New Jersey, (fusion,)	3
	12

DOUBTFUL.

Virginia,	15
Tennessee, (probably,)	12

NOT HEARD FROM.

Texas 6, California 4, Oregon 3, Arkansas 3.

The Oldest Railroad Conductor in the United States.

Mr. William D Scott, formerly of the Northern Central, now running upon the Pittsburg, Columbus and Cincinnati railroad, between Columbus and Steubenville, is believed to be the oldest conductor now running in the United States. Referring to this fact the Cincinnati Commercial remarks:

Mr. S. commenced his career as a conductor upon the Baltimore and Susquehanna railroad in the year 1831, before the use of steam upon that road, and has been running ever since, except about 18 months devoted to the care of his brother, who was made a cripple for life by the dreadful collision of July 4th, 1854, near Baltimore. Mr. Scott has had many hairbreadth escapes during his long career as a railroad conductor. Upon one occasion, when managing a crowded train of 16 cars, not being able to make his way through the passengers, in order to communicate with the engineer as quickly as he desired, he mounted the roof in order to pass over the top of the cars, when his forehead came in contact with the timbers of a bridge, felling him senseless upon the roof of a car, where he lay unobserved, until the blood trickling down one of the windows gave notice to those within of the dreadful accident to their conductor. The train was stopped and he was removed to a farm house, supposed to be fatally injured. He lay for a long time in a precarious condition, but upon his recovery immediately resumed his place upon the road. Mr. Scott is in every way a model conductor, prompt and energetic in the discharge of his duties.

Railroad Meeting.—A meeting of the Directors of the Reading and Cumberlain Railroad was held last week in Lancaster. The immediate location of the road was ordered, and is now probably in progress.

☞ The Supreme Court of the State of New York have issued a perpetual injunction against Eaton and Jenkins for counterfeiting Ayer's Cathartic Pills, holding them responsible for the cruel imposition in what they have done and restraining them from further like injury to the public. If any class of our people more than another needs the interposition of law to shield them from imposture, it is the sick and suffering who are unable to protect themselves. A remedy so universally employed as Ayer's Pills by all classes, both to cure and prevent disease, should as it does, have every security the law can afford it, from counterfeit and imitation.—*Cabinet, Schenectady.*

A Double Shot.—A young man named Reisinger, one day last week, shot a black snake and a hen hawk, a short distance from Wrightsville, at a single discharge of his gun. The hawk had swooped down and fastened its talons into his snakeship, but was quickly made a prisoner in the coils of the snake, when a novel battle commenced for the mastery, which, however, was speedily terminated by Mr. R. killing the twain.

☞ A car built wholly of iron is now in use between Pittsburg and Cleveland. It will be much safer for passengers in case of a collision, as the material resists crushing, and will be entirely free from splinters. The manufacturers intend to run it over various roads, for the inspection of the public.

☞ Do you suffer after eating, or from acidity of the stomach, heart burn, water brash, wind, burning sensation, or indigestion? Immediate relief can be obtained by using the Oxygenated Bitters.

Cure for Burns.—The "Gazette Medicale" of France says that, by an accident, charcoal has been discovered to be a cure for burns. By laying a piece of cold charcoal upon a burn, the pain subsides immediately. By leaving the charcoal on one hour, the wound is healed, as has been demonstrated on several occasions. The remedy is cheap and simple, and certainly deserves a trial.

Equine Sagacity.—A pair of valuable, well-broken horses, belonging to Mr. Russell Ward, of Holyoke, Mass., coming down the mountain with a load of wood, a few days since, he fell under the wheels, and was unable to move, and the horses held the load without stirring for several hours, when he was discovered and rescued. They had pawed deep holes in the ground, and braced themselves to the load. Had they moved, Mr. W. would have been killed.

Copper Coin.—Adams & Co.'s Express.—We learn from a circular before us that the old copper cents of the United States will be received at the mint in exchange for cents of the new issues. And, further, that the director of the mint, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, has arranged with the Adams Express Company for the transportation, free of cost, of the old copper cents in sums of $20 and upwards to the mint, and of the new cents in return to all points in the Atlantic States, accessible by railroad and steamboat, and all other places which can be reached by means of conveyance not incurring unreasonable expense.

☞ The largest hotel in the world—so they claim, is now projected by St. Louis, and is nearly completed. It is to be called the "Lindell Hotel." It is seven stories above the basement; 112 feet above the sidewalk; fronts 272 feet on Washington avenue, 227 on Green street, and will accommodate 1,000 guests. The Lelands, now of the Metropolitan, New York city, are to manage it.

LOCAL MATTERS.

COMMISSIONER.—On Thursday week, Wm. B. GARDNER, Esq., was sworn in as County Commissioner. JACOB RAFFENSPERGER, Esq., retired, his term of three years having ended. The out-going Commissioner was a most correct, conscientious and accommodating officer, having in all his actions the interests and the desires of the tax-payers in view. That we may predict the same praiseworthy characteristics in Mr. Gardner, all who know him will readily concede. The affairs of the county never were better or more economically managed than they have been for the last half dozen years, and they are in equally safe hands still.

The Board now consists of Messrs. Daniel Geiselman, James H. Marshall, and Wm. B. Gardner—the former being President. J. M. Walter has been re-appointed Clerk and E. B. Buehler, Esq., Counsel.

DIRECTORS.—On Monday last, Messrs. JACOB MILLER and ISAAC PROUTZ took their seats in the Board of Directors of the Poor—the former in place of Mr. Andrew White, (than whom a more correct and upright Director never was had,) whose term has expired, and the latter in place of Mr. Christian Musselman, resigned after less than a year's service on account of failing health. These gentlemen are among our best farmers, and are good business men. The care of that institution has again been judiciously entrusted. The Board now consists of Messrs. Abraham Spangler, Isaac Pfoutz and Jacob Miller—the former President.

At a meeting of the Directors, on Saturday last, the following appointments for the coming year were unanimously made: Steward, Jacob Culp; Physician, Dr. A. W. Dorsey; Clerk, D. C. Brinkerhoff; Treasurer, J. B. Danner; Counsel, Wm. McClean.

NOW IS THE TIME.—As the long winter evenings are fast approaching, we would invite all who wish a cheerful fire-side companion to subscribe at once for the *Compiler.* What can be more pleasant than on a cold winter evening, to gather your family around a warm stove, and read to them the contents of a good paper. How the little ones will laugh at the funny anecdotes, whilst the larger ones will treasure up in their minds the useful knowledge gleaned from its well-filled columns, and the love stories will put the old lady in mind of "Auld Lang Syne," and she will trip up stairs to bed as brisk as a lass of sixteen summers. All ye who want pleasant wives, smiling babies and happiness generally, subscribe at once for the *Compiler.*

PROPERTY SALES.—The mansion farm of Wm. Galbraith, deceased, in Butler township, was recently sold, to Henry Galbraith—124 acres, at $38 87.

Another farm, adjoining, to Joseph Lerew—157 acres, at $31 12½.

A tract of 108 acres, without buildings, to Eliza Galbraith, for $1,500.

Mr. Samuel Wolf, of Mountpleasant township, has purchased a tract of land of Mr. Adam Marshall, at Mount Rock, at the high figure of $1,000—and has since been offered $300 for his bargain. There is a fine body of limestone upon it.

Mr. J. Scott Wilson has purchased the farm of Joseph Greeger, deceased, in Freedom township—17¾ acres for $2651 25.

Mr. S. A. Cobean has sold his farm in Cumberland township—containing 145 acres—to Mr. Daniel Sandoe, for $5,000.

Mr. Wm. Wisotzky has sold the two-story brick house, adjoining his residence, in Washington street, to Mr. Frederick Frensel, for $700, cash.

LEAP YEAR.—For the benefit of young ladies, we would just mention that a few more weeks will wind up leap year, and then if they have not made good use of the time, their *legal* period to do the courting in will have passed away; and before leap year comes again they will have become old maids, an institution which is now-a-days properly dreaded. Girls, make good use of the coming few weeks in the present year. Rig up yourselves, trim your sails and go out into the streets and captivate whom ye can.

N. B. Needn't come around here.

THANKSGIVING.—The Governor has appointed Thursday, the 29th of November instant, as a day of Thanksgiving—and, of course, our friends will not fail to remember that "the printer" should have his "roast" as well as other people, especially when he acknowledges a decided "hankering" after it.

☞ We are indebted to Mrs. ELIJAH ECKENRODE, of Mounjoy township, for a mammoth head of cabbage, measuring in circumference 2 feet 6 inches, and several turnips, also of the big sort. They were among the finest we have seen this season. Mrs. Eckenrode has our thanks.

☞ Mr. George Settle, of Franklin township, has placed us under obligations for a "mess" of very nice turnips—one of them a mammoth, weighing five or six pounds.

☞ We were shown, at Dr. Stem's, in Cashtown, a few days since, a monster turnip—the weight of which was 11 lbs. 1 oz., and the circumference 28 inches. It was grown by Mr. Levi Irwin, in Buchanan Valley, upon first-rate Democratic soil.

☞ Mr. George Morrison, of Reading township, raised half a bushel from one potato, the past season. This may be set down as a big yield.

☞ One thousand forty-one and a half bushels of buckwheat were grown the past season upon a field belonging to the heirs of Wm. Galbraith, deceased, in Butler township. York county must look to its laurels.

☞ The season of gayety is rapidly approaching. Soon we shall be in the midst of the holidays—Thanksgiving, Christmas, New Year, &c. May they be to all, the poor as well as the rich, occasions of joy and happiness.

☞ Attention is directed to an advertisement of the Directors of the Poor, in another column. A considerable saving will no doubt result from it.

☞ When the "Wide Awakes" were Know Nothings, and consequently not 'wide awake,' they had a famous motto, which read that "the office should seek the man, not the man the office." As an evidence of the progress of political disinterestedness we record the fact, now that Old Abe is elected President, that there are already some twelve to fifteen persons whose patriotism has grown so strong, that they have concluded to sacrifice their peace and happiness, and serve the country as Post Master in our borough. Here is disinterested patriotism for you!

☞ As the Opposition have now elected Curtin, it is desired to know where "the plenty of work this fall," the "free homes for the homeless," and the "lands for the landless," may be found. Who has the giving of them—and where are they? echo answers "where?"

☞ The New York correspondent of the Boston Post says that the author of Rockingham is Miss Harriet Lane, the niece of President Buchanan.

A Little Boy Rewarded for his Humanity.—The track of the Wilmington and Atlanta (Ga.) railroad was washed away by rain in the night not long ago, and a little boy, discovering the damage, walked up the track and stopped a coming train in time to prevent a dreadful catastrophe. The little fellow is to be sent to the Georgia Military Institute at the expense of the State.

☞ The Pekin Visitor says: "Coming home a few mornings since, we met a man attempting to walk on both sides of the street. By a skillful manœuvre we passed between him."

Special Notices.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.—Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough, Quinsy, and the numerous as well as dangerous diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs, prevail, in our changeable climate, at all seasons of the year; few are fortunate enough to escape their baneful influence. How important then to have at hand a certain antidote to all these complaints. Experience proves that this exists in Wistar's Balsam to an extent not found in any other remedy; however severe the suffering, the application of this soothing, healing and wonderful Balsam at once vanquishes the disease and restores the sufferer to wonted health.

FROM GEORGE W. ETTER, ESQ., LUMBER MERCHANT.

MIDDLETOWN, DAUPHIN CO., PA., Apr. 24, '60.

Messrs. S. W. Fowle & Co.,—

About seven months since I was severely afflicted with Whooping Cough, and had almost given up the hope of recovery. It was a most violent attack of this destructive and dangerous disease. I had tried every remedy which I had heard recommended, but they all failed entirely, until a trial of DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY was commenced, the use of which gave immediate relief. Under similar circumstances, rather than be without the Balsam I would pay fifty dollars for a bottle of it, believing that it is the only certain antidote for the disease. I most cheerfully recommend this invaluable remedy to the public.

GEORGE W. ETTER.

FROM DAVID SLIFER, ESQ.

LEWISBURG, PA., May 7, 1860.

Seth W. Fowle & Co.,

Gentlemen: I have used Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, and believe it to be an excellent remedy for Coughs, Colds, and Inflammation of the Lungs, and I recommend it most cheerfully. DAVID SLIFER.

☞ *Caution to Purchasers.*—The only *genuine Wistar's Balsam* has the *written* signature of "I. BUTTS" and the printed one of the Proprietors on the outer wrapper; all other is vile and worthless.

☞ Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & CO., Boston, and for sale by A. D. Buehler, Gettysburg; E. Hiteshew, York Springs; Wm. Wolf, East Berlin; Solomon Chronister, Hampton; Jacob Fulweiler, Mummasburg; D. E. Hollinger, Abbottstown; M. Staater, New Oxford; John Miller, Littlestown; and by dealers everywhere.

Nov. 12, 1860. 4w

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.—SIR JAMES CLARKE'S CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.—Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.—This invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excess and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on. To Married Ladies